ENDOLOGIX INC /DE/ Form 10-Q May 02, 2014

UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, DC 20549	
FORM 10-Q	_
QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 1 OF 1934	3 OR 15(D) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT
For the quarterly period ended March 31, 2014 TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 1 OF 1934	3 OR 15(D) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT
For the transition period fromto Commission file number 000-28440	
ENDOLOGIX, INC. (Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)	
Delaware	
(State or other jurisdiction of	(I.R.S. Employer
incorporation or organization)	Identification Number)
11 Studebaker, Irvine, California 92618	
(Address of principal executive offices) (949) 595-7200	
(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)	
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed a Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 m required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such days. Yes x No o	onths (or for such shorter period that the registrant was
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (to submit and post such files). Yes x No o	d posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large account	e accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting
Large accelerated filer x	Accelerated filer o
Non-accelerated filer o (Do not check if a smaller r Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell com Act). Yes o No x	
On April 28, 2014, there were 64,013,757 shares outstanding	g of the registrant's only class of common stock.

ENDOLOGIX, INC. QUARTERLY REPORT ON FORM 10-Q FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2014

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Part I. Financial Information

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CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

(In thousands, except share and par value amounts)

(Unaudited)

(Onaudica)	March 31, 2014		December 3 2013	31,
ASSETS				
Current assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$42,179		\$95,152	
Marketable securities	77,418		31,313	
Accounts receivable, net allowance for doubtful accounts of \$195 and \$399,	25,448		24,972	
respectively. Other receivables	690		310	
Inventories	24,036		19,558	
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	2,537		2,328	
Total current assets	172,308		173,633	
Property and equipment, net	11,224		7,338	
Goodwill	29,101		29,103	
Intangibles, net	42,980		43,096	
	2,525		3,027	
Deposits and other assets Total assets	\$258,138		\$256,197	
Total assets	\$230,130		\$230,197	
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY				
Current liabilities:				
Accounts payable	\$11,232		\$6,265	
Accrued payroll	9,796		11,476	
Accrued expenses and other current liabilities	4,231		3,094	
Contingently issuable common stock	34,800		46,500	
Total current liabilities	60,059		67,335	
Deferred income tax	1,024		1,135	
Deferred rent	3,749		1,585	
Contingently issuable common stock	14,300		14,400	
Convertible notes	67,901		67,101	
Total liabilities	147,033		151,556	
Commitments and contingencies				
Stockholders' equity:				
Convertible preferred stock, \$0.001 par value; 5,000,000 shares authorized. No shares				
issued and outstanding.	_			
Common stock, \$0.001 par value; 75,000,000 shares authorized. 64,050,204 and				
63,866,392 shares issued, respectively. 64,004,986 and 63,866,392 shares outstanding, respectively.	64		64	
Treasury stock, at cost, 45,218 and 0 shares, respectively.	(644)		
Additional paid-in capital	323,615	,	321,756	
Accumulated deficit	(210,787)	(216,082)
Accumulated deficit Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(1,143)	(1,097)
Total stockholders' equity	111,105	J	104,641	,
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$258,138		\$256,197	
Total natifices and stockholders equity	Ψ430,130		Ψ430,197	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

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- ENDOLOGIX, INC.

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS AND COMPREHENSIVE INCOME/(LOSS) (In thousands, except per share amounts) (Unaudited)

	Three Mon	ths l	Ended Marcl	h
	31,			
	2014		2013	
Revenue	\$33,264		\$29,784	
Cost of goods sold	8,969		7,256	
Gross profit	24,295		22,528	
Operating expenses:				
Research and development	4,105		3,519	
Clinical and regulatory affairs	2,200		2,364	
Marketing and sales	16,143		15,249	
General and administrative	7,163		5,885	
Total operating expenses	29,611		27,017	
Loss from operations	(5,316)	(4,489)
Other income (expense):				
Interest income	59		10	
Interest expense	(1,390)		
Other income, net	358		684	
Change in fair value of contingent consideration related to acquisition	11,800		(5,200)
Total other income (expense)	10,827		(4,506)
Net income (loss) before income tax expense	\$5,511		\$(8,995)
Income tax expense	(216)	(339)
Net income (loss)	\$5,295		\$(9,334)
Other comprehensive (loss) income (foreign currency translation)	(46)	328	
Comprehensive income (loss)	\$5,249		\$(9,006)
Basic net income (loss) per share	\$0.08		\$(0.15)
Diluted net income (loss) per share	\$0.08		\$(0.15)
Shares used in computing basic net income (loss) per share	63,405		62,189	,
Shares used in computing diluted net income (loss) per share	66,017		62,189	
1 0	*		•	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

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ENDOLOGIX, INC.

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(In thousands)

(Unaudited)

(Unaudited)					
		Three Months I	Ξn	ded March 31,	
		2014		2013	
Cash flows	from operating activities:				
Net income		\$5,295		\$(9,334)
Adjustments	s to reconcile net income (loss) to net cash used in operating activities:				
Bad debt ex	pense	(12)	_	
Depreciation	n and amortization	602		484	
Stock-based	compensation	1,613		2,230	
Change in fa	air value of contingent consideration related to acquisition	(11,800)	5,200	
	f interest on convertible note	800		_	
Amortizatio	n of deferred financing costs	97		_	
Non-cash fo	reign exchange gain	(367)	_	
Changes in	operating assets and liabilities:				
Accounts re	ceivable and other receivables	(242)	(3,064)
Inventories		(4,360)	(436)
Prepaid exp	enses and other current assets	(147)	(103)
Accounts pa	yable	4,005		182	
Accrued pay	yroll	(1,654)	(7)
Accrued exp	penses and other liabilities	3,190		1,454	
Net cash use	ed in operating activities	\$(2,980)	\$(3,394)
Cash flows:	from investing activities:				
Purchases of	f marketable securities	(53,023)	_	
Maturities o	f marketable securities	6,918		_	
Purchases of	f property and equipment	(3,491)	(1,102)
Net cash use	ed in investing activities	\$(49,596)	\$(1,102)
Cash flows	from financing activities:				
Proceeds fro	om exercise of stock options	246		997	
Minimum ta	x withholding paid on behalf of employees for restricted stock units	(644)	_	
Net cash (us	sed in) provided by financing activities	\$(398)	\$997	
Effect of ex	change rate changes on cash and cash equivalents	1		410	
Net decrease	e in cash and cash equivalents	\$(52,973)	\$(3,089)
Cash and ca	sh equivalents, beginning of year	95,152		45,118	
Cash and ca	sh equivalents, end of year	\$42,179		\$42,029	
Supplement	al disclosure of cash flow information:				
Cash pa	aid for income taxes	\$129		\$ —	
Non-cash in	vesting and financing activities:				
Landlord fu	nded leasehold improvements	\$2,425		\$ —	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

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ENDOLOGIX, INC.

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (all tabular amounts presented in thousands, except per share, per unit, and number of years) (Unaudited)

1. Description of Business, Basis of Presentation, and Operating Segment

(a) Description of Business

Endologix, Inc. (the "Company", "we", "our" or "us") is a Delaware corporation with corporate headquarters and production facilities located in Irvine, California. The Company develops, manufactures, markets, and sells innovative medical devices for the treatment of aortic disorders. The Company's products are intended for the treatment of abdominal aortic aneurysms ("AAA"). The Company's AAA products are built on one of two platforms: (1) traditional minimally-invasive endovascular repair ("EVAR") or (2) endovascular sealing ("EVAS"), the Company's innovative solution for sealing the aneurysm sac while maintaining blood flow through two blood flow lumens. The Company's current EVAR products include the Endologix AFX Endovascular AAA System ("AFX") and the Endologix Intuitrak Endovascular AAA System ("Intuitrak"). The Company's current EVAS product is the Nellix Endovascular Aneurysm Sealing System ("Nellix EVAS System"). Sales of the Company's EVAR and EVAS platforms (including extensions and accessories) to hospitals in the U.S. and Europe, and to third-party international distributors, provide the sole source of the Company's reported revenue.

The Company's EVAR products consist of (i) a cobalt chromium alloy stent covered by polytetrafluoroethylene (commonly referred to as "ePTFE") graft material ("Stent Graft") and (ii) an accompanying delivery system. Once fixed in its proper position within the abdominal aorta, the Company's EVAR device provides a conduit for blood flow, thereby relieving pressure within the weakened or "aneurysmal" section of the vessel wall, which greatly reduces the potential for the AAA to rupture.

The Company's EVAS product consists of (i) bilateral covered stents with endobags, (ii) a biocompatible polymer injected into the endobags to seal the aneurysm and (iii) a delivery system and polymer dispenser. The Company's EVAS product seals the entire aneurysm sac effectively, excluding the aneurysm sac and reducing the likelihood of future aneurysm rupture. Additionally, it has the potential to reduce post procedural re-interventions.

(b) Basis of Presentation

The accompanying Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States of America ("GAAP") and the rules and regulations of the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC"). These financial statements include the financial position, results of operations, and cash flows of the Company, including its subsidiaries, all of which are wholly-owned. All inter-company accounts and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation. For the three months ended March 31, 2014 and 2013, there were no related party transactions.

The interim financial data as of March 31, 2014 is unaudited and is not necessarily indicative of the results for a full year. In the opinion of the Company's management, the interim data includes normal and recurring adjustments necessary for a fair presentation of the Company's financial results for the three months ended March 31, 2014. Certain information and footnote disclosures normally included in annual financial statements prepared in accordance with GAAP have been condensed or omitted pursuant to SEC rules and regulations relating to interim financial statements.

The accompanying Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements should be read in conjunction with the Company's audited Consolidated Financial Statements and Notes thereto included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2013, filed with the SEC on March 3, 2014.

(c) Operating Segment

The Company has one operating and reporting segment that is focused exclusively on the development, manufacture, marketing, and sale of EVAR and EVAS product for the treatment of aortic disorders. For the three months ended March 31, 2014, all of the Company's revenue and related expenses were solely attributable to these activities. Substantially all of the Company's long-lived assets are located in the U.S.

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ENDOLOGIX, INC.

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS—(Continued) (all tabular amounts presented in thousands, except per share, per unit, and number of years) (Unaudited)

2. Use of Estimates and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires the Company's management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, revenues and expenses, and related disclosure of contingent liabilities. On an on-going basis, the Company's management evaluates its estimates, including those related to (i) collectibility of customer accounts; (ii) whether the cost of inventories can be recovered; (iii) the value of goodwill and intangible assets; (iv) realization of tax assets and estimates of tax liabilities; (v) likelihood of payment and value of contingent liabilities; and (vi) potential outcome of litigation. Such estimates are based on management's judgment which takes into account historical experience and various assumptions. Nonetheless, actual results may differ from management's estimates.

For a complete summary of our significant accounting policies, please refer to Note 1, "Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, in Part II, Item 8 of our 2013 Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2013, filed March 3, 2014. There have been no material changes to our significant accounting policies during the three months ended March 31, 2014.

3. Balance Sheet Account Detail

(a) Property and Equipment

Property and equipment consisted of the following:

	March 31,	December 31,	
	2014	2013	
Production equipment, molds, and office furniture	\$8,254	\$8,033	
Computer hardware and software	3,402	3,290	
Leasehold improvements	3,055	3,058	
Construction in progress (software and related implementation, production equipment, and leasehold improvements)	6,632	2,594	
Property and equipment, at cost	\$21,343	\$16,975	
Accumulated depreciation	(10,119) (9,637	
Property and equipment, net	\$11,224	\$7,338	

Depreciation expense for property and equipment for the three months ended March 31, 2014, and 2013 was \$0.5 million, and \$0.4 million respectively.

(b) Inventories

Inventories consisted of the following:

	March 31,	December 31,
	2014	2013
Raw materials	\$4,080	\$3,793
Work-in-process	7,082	4,539
Finished goods	12,874	11,226

Inventories \$24,036 \$19,558

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ENDOLOGIX, INC.

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS—(Continued)

(all tabular amounts presented in thousands, except per share, per unit, and number of years) (Unaudited)

(c) Goodwill and Intangible Assets

The following table presents goodwill, indefinite lived intangible assets, finite lived intangible assets, and related accumulated amortization:

Goodwill (1)	March 31, 2014 \$29,101	December 31, 2013 \$29,103
Intangible assets: Indefinite lived intangibles Trademarks and trade names	2,708	2,708
Finite lived intangibles Developed technology (2) Accumulated amortization Developed technology, net	\$40,100 (105 \$39,995	\$40,100) (48 \$40,052
Patent Accumulated amortization Patent, net	\$100 (100 \$—	\$100) (95 \$5
License Accumulated amortization License, net	\$100 (49 \$51	\$100) (41 \$59
Customer relationships Accumulated amortization Customer relationships, net	\$543 (317 \$226	\$544) (272) \$272
Intangible assets (excluding goodwill), net	\$42,980	\$43,096

⁽¹⁾ Difference in goodwill value between these dates is solely due to a foreign currency translation adjustment.

Amortization expense for intangible assets for the three months ended March 31, 2014, and 2013 was \$0.1 million, and \$0.1 million respectively.

Estimated amortization expense for the five succeeding years and thereafter (which includes amortization of intangible assets which commenced in February 2013 with the commercial launch of the Nellix System in Europe) is as follows:

⁽²⁾ Was reclassified in the first quarter of 2013 from in- process research and development to finite lived intangibles, which coincided with the European commercial launch of the product (Nellix EVAS System) associated with this intangible asset. A significant portion of this intangible asset will not begin amortization until the U.S. launch of this product, currently scheduled for 2016.

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ENDOLOGIX, INC.

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS—(Continued)

(all tabular amounts presented in thousands, except per share, per unit, and number of years) (Unaudited)

	Amortization
	Expense
Remainder of 2014	\$331
2015	641
2016	953
2017	2,250
2018	3,866
2019	4,521
2020 & Thereafter	27,710
Total	\$40,272

(d) Marketable securities

Investments in held-to-maturity marketable securities, which all mature during 2014, consist of the following at March 31, 2014:

March 31, 2014			
Amortized Cost	Gross Unrealized	Gross Unrealized	Fair Value
Cost	Gain	Loss	
Corporate and other debt securities \$77,418	\$8	\$(12) \$77,414

At March 31, 2014, the Company's investments included 22 held-to-maturity debt securities in unrealized loss positions with a total unrealized loss of approximately \$12 thousand and a total fair market value of approximately \$77.4 million. All investments with gross unrealized losses have been in unrealized loss positions for less than 6 months. The unrealized losses were caused by interest rate fluctuations. There was no change in the credit risk of the securities. The Company does not intend to sell the securities and it is not likely that the Company will be required to sell the securities before the expected recovery of their amortized cost bases. There were no realized gains or losses on the investments for the three months ended March 31, 2014.

(e) Fair Value Measurements

The following fair value hierarchy table presents information about each major category of the Company's assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis as of March 31, 2014:

	Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets (Level 1)	Significant other observable inputs (Level 2)	Significant unobservable inputs (Level 3)	Total
At December 31, 2013 Cash and cash equivalents Contingently issuable common stock	\$95,152 \$—	\$— \$—	\$— \$60,900	\$95,152 \$60,900
At March 31, 2014 Cash and cash equivalents	\$42,179	\$ —	\$ —	\$42,179

Contingently issuable common stock \$— \$— \$49,100 \$49,100

There were no re-measurements to fair value during the three months ended March 31, 2014 of financial assets and liabilities that are not measured at fair value on a recurring basis. There were no transfers between Level 1, Level 2, or Level 3 securities during the three months ended March 31, 2014.

(f) Instruments Not Recorded at Fair Value on a Recurring Basis

We measure the fair value of our Senior Notes carried at amortized cost quarterly for disclosure purposes. The estimated fair value of the Senior Notes is determined by Level 2 inputs and is based primarily on quoted market prices for the same or similar

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NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS—(Continued)

(all tabular amounts presented in thousands, except per share, per unit, and number of years) (Unaudited)

issues. Based on the market prices, the fair value of our long-term debt was \$83.3 million as of March 31, 2014 and \$84.9 million as of December 31, 2013.

We measure the fair value of our held-to-maturity marketable securities carried at amortized cost quarterly for disclosure purposes. The fair value of certain marketable securities is determined by Level 2 inputs and is based primarily on quoted market prices for the same or similar instruments.

4. Stock-Based Compensation

The Company classifies stock-based compensation expense in the accompanying Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Loss, based on the department to which the recipient belongs. Stock-based compensation expense included in cost of goods sold and operating expenses during the three months ended March 31, 2014 and 2013, was as follows:

Three Months Ended		d
March 31,		
2014		2013
\$208		\$150
161		205
(103)	403
538		578
809		894
\$1,405		\$2,080
\$1,613		\$2,230
	March 31, 2014 \$208 161 (103 538 809 \$1,405	March 31, 2014 \$208 161 (103) 538 809 \$1,405

5. Net Income (Loss) Per Share

Basic net income (loss) per share was calculated by dividing net income (loss) by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding for the three ended March 31, 2014 and 2013. Diluted net income per share for the three months ended March 31, 2014, was calculated by adjusting outstanding shares for the dilutive effects of outstanding, but unexercised, stock options and unvested restricted stock, as calculated under the treasury stock method.

	Three Months Ended
	March 31,
	2014 2013
Net income (loss)	\$5,295 \$(9,334)
Weighted average shares- basic	63,405 62,189
Weighted average shares- diluted	66,017 62,189
Net income (loss) per share- basic	\$0.08 \$(0.15)
Net income (loss) per share- diluted	\$0.08 \$(0.15)

The following outstanding Company securities were included in the above calculations of net income per share because their impact was dilutive:

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ENDOLOGIX, INC.

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS—(Continued) (all tabular amounts presented in thousands, except per share, per unit, and number of years)

(Unaudited)

	Three Months Ended
	March 31,
	2014 2013
Common stock options	2,027 —
Restricted stock awards	152 —
Restricted stock units	433 —
Total	2,612 —

The following outstanding Company securities were excluded from the above calculations of net income (loss) per share because their impact would have been anti-dilutive:

	Three Months Ended	
	March 31,	
	2014 2013	
Common stock options	1,153 2,768	
Restricted stock awards		
Restricted stock units		
Total	1,153 3,717	

As discussed in Note 6, in December 2013, the Company issued \$86.3 million aggregate principal amount of 2.25% convertible senior notes due 2018 (the "Notes") in an underwritten public offering. Upon any conversion the Notes may be settled, at the Company's election, in cash, shares of the Company's common stock or a combination of cash and shares of the Company's common stock. For purposes of calculating the maximum dilutive impact, it is presumed that the Notes will be settled in common stock with the resulting potential common shares included in diluted earnings per share if the effect is more dilutive. The effect of the conversion of the Notes is excluded from the calculation of dilutive earnings per share because the impact of these securities would be anti-dilutive. The potential dilutive effect of these securities is shown in the chart below:

	Three Months	Three Months Ended March 31,		
	2014	2013		
Conversion of the Notes	3,588	_		

The effect of the contingently issuable common stock is excluded from the calculation of basic net income (loss) per share until all necessary conditions for issuance have been satisfied. Refer to Note 9 of the Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements for further discussion.

6. Credit Facilities

2.25% Convertible Senior Notes

On December 10, 2013, the Company issued \$86.3 million aggregate principal amount 2.25% Convertible Senior Notes (the "Notes"). The Notes mature on December 15, 2018 unless earlier repurchased by the Company or converted. The Company received net proceeds from the sale of the Notes of approximately \$82.6 million, after deducting underwriting discounts and commissions and offering expenses payable by the Company. Interest is payable on the Notes on June 15 and December 15 of each year, beginning June 15, 2014.

The Notes are governed by the terms of a base indenture (the "Base Indenture"), as supplemented by the first supplemental indenture relating to the Notes (the "First Supplemental Indenture," and together with the Base Indenture, the "Indenture"), between the Company and Wells Fargo Bank, National Association (the "Trustee"), each of which were entered into on December 10, 2013.

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NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS—(Continued) (all tabular amounts presented in thousands, except per share, per unit, and number of years) (Unaudited)

The Notes are senior unsecured obligations and are: (1) senior in right of payment to the Company's future indebtedness that is expressly subordinated in right of payment to the Notes; (2) equal in right of payment to the Company's existing and future unsecured indebtedness that is not so subordinated; (3) effectively junior to any of the Company's secured indebtedness to the extent of the value of the assets securing such indebtedness; (4) and structurally junior to all existing and future indebtedness (including trade payables) incurred by the Company's subsidiaries.

The Company may not redeem the Notes prior to December 15, 2016. On or after December 15, 2016, the Company may redeem for cash all or any portion of the Notes, at its option, but only if the closing sale price of the Company's common stock for at least 20 trading days (whether or not consecutive) during any 30 consecutive trading day period ending on, and including, the second trading day immediately preceding the date on which the Company provides notice of redemption, exceeds 130% of the conversion price on each applicable trading day. The redemption price will equal 100% of the principal amount of the Notes to be redeemed, plus accrued and unpaid interest to, but excluding, the redemption date. No sinking fund is provided for the Notes.

Holders may convert their Notes at any time prior to the close of business on the business day immediately preceding September 15, 2018 only under the following circumstances: (1) during any calendar quarter commencing after the calendar quarter ending on March 31, 2014, if the closing sale price of the Company's common stock, for at least 20 trading days (whether or not consecutive) in the period of 30 consecutive trading days ending on the last trading day of the calendar quarter immediately preceding the calendar quarter in which the conversion occurs, is more than 130% of the conversion price of the Notes in effect on each applicable trading day; (2) during the five consecutive business-day period following any five consecutive trading-day period in which the trading price for the Notes for each such trading day was less than 98% of the closing sale price of the Company's common stock on such date multiplied by the then-current conversion rate; (3) if the Company calls all or any portion of the notes for redemption, at any time prior to the close of business on the second scheduled trading day prior to the redemption date, or (4) upon the occurrence of specified corporate events. On or after September 15, 2018 until the close of business on the second scheduled trading day immediately preceding the stated maturity date, holders may surrender their Notes for conversion at any time, regardless of the foregoing circumstances.

Upon conversion, the Company will at its election pay or deliver, as the case may be, cash, shares of the Company's common stock or a combination of cash and shares of the Company's common stock.

The initial conversion rate will be 41.6051 shares of the Company's common stock for each \$1,000 principal amount of Notes, which represents an initial conversion price of approximately \$24.04 per share. Following certain corporate transactions that occur on or prior to the stated maturity date or the Company's delivery of a notice of redemption, the Company will increase the conversion rate for a holder that elects to convert its Notes in connection with such a corporate transaction.

If a fundamental change (as defined in the Indenture) occurs prior to the stated maturity date, holders may require the Company to purchase for cash all or any portion of their Notes at a fundamental change purchase price equal to 100% of the principal amount of the Notes to be purchased, plus accrued and unpaid interest to, but excluding, the fundamental change purchase date.

The Indenture contains customary terms and covenants and events of default with respect to the Notes. If an event of default (as defined in the Indenture) occurs and is continuing, either the Trustee or the holders of at least 25% in aggregate principal amount of the outstanding Notes may declare the principal amount of the Notes to be due and payable immediately by notice to the Company (with a copy to the Trustee). If an event of default arising out of certain events of bankruptcy, insolvency or reorganization involving the Company or a significant subsidiary (as set forth in the Indenture) occurs with respect to us, the principal amount of the Notes and accrued and unpaid interest, if any, will automatically become immediately due and payable.

The Company was not required to separate the conversion option in the Notes under ASC 815, "Derivatives and Hedging", and has the ability to settle the Notes in cash, common stock or a combination of cash and common stock, at its option. In accordance with cash conversion guidance contained in ASC 470-20, "Debt with Conversion and Other Options", the Company accounted for the Notes by allocating the issuance proceeds between the liability and the equity component. The equity component is classified in stockholders' equity and the resulting discount on the liability component is accreted such that interest expense equals the Company's nonconvertible debt borrowing rate. The separation was performed by first determining the fair value of a similar debt that does not have an associated equity component. That amount was then deducted from the initial proceeds of the Notes as a whole to arrive at a residual amount, which was allocated to the conversion feature that is classified as equity. The initial fair value of the indebtedness was \$66.9 million resulting in a \$19.3 million allocation to the embedded conversion option. The embedded conversion option was recorded in stockholders' equity and as debt discount, to be

<u>Table of Contents</u> ENDOLOGIX, INC.

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS—(Continued) (all tabular amounts presented in thousands, except per share, per unit, and number of years) (Unaudited)

subsequently accreted to interest expense over the term of the Notes. Underwriting discounts and commissions and offering expenses totaled \$3.7 million and were allocated between the liability and the equity component in proportion to the allocation of proceeds and accounted for as debt issuance costs and equity issuance costs, respectively. As a result, \$2.9 million attributable to the indebtedness was recorded as deferred financing costs in other assets, to be subsequently amortized as interest expense over the term of the Notes, and \$0.8 million attributable to the equity component was recorded a a reduction to additional paid-in-capital in stockholders' equity.

For the three months ended March 31, 2014, total interest expense related to the outstanding principal balance of the Notes was \$1.4 million of which \$0.8 million related to accretion of debt discount, \$0.5 million related to contractual coupon interest expense, and \$0.1 million related to the amortization of debt issuance costs at the effective interest rate of 9.0%. As of March 31, 2014, the Company had outstanding borrowings of \$67.9 million, and deferred financing costs of \$2.7 million, related to the Notes. There are no principal payments due during the term.

Annual interest expense on these notes will range from \$5.7 million to \$6.9 million through maturity.

Capped Call Transactions

On December 10, 2013 in connection with the pricing of the Notes and the exercise in full of their overallotment option by the underwriters, the Company entered into privately-negotiated capped call transactions (the "Capped Call Transactions") with Bank of America, N.A., an affiliate of Merrill Lynch, Pierce, Fenner & Smith Incorporated. The Capped Call Transactions initial conversion rate and number of options substantially corresponds to each \$1,000 principal amount of Notes. The Company used approximately \$7.4 million of the net proceeds from the Notes offering to pay for the cost of the Capped Call Transactions.

The Capped Call Transactions are separate transactions entered into by the Company with Bank of America, N.A., are not part of the terms of the Notes and will not change the holders' rights under the Notes. The Capped Call Transactions have anti-dilution adjustments substantially similar to those applicable to the Notes. The Capped Call Transactions are derivative instruments that qualify for classification within stockholders' equity because they meet an exemption from mark-to-market derivative accounting.

The Capped Call Transactions are expected generally to reduce the potential dilution and/or offset potential cash payments that the Company is required to make in excess of the principal amount upon conversion of the Notes in the event that the market price per share of the Company's common stock, as measured under the terms of the Capped Call Transactions, is greater than the strike price of the Capped Call Transactions, which initially corresponds to the \$24.04 conversion price of the Notes. If, however, the market price per share of the Company's common stock, as measured under the terms of the Capped Call Transactions, exceeds the initial cap price of \$29.02, there would nevertheless be dilution and/or there would not be an offset of such potential cash payments, in each case, to the extent that such market price exceeds the cap price of the Capped Call Transactions.

The Company will not be required to make any cash payments to Bank of America, N.A. or any of its affiliates upon the exercise of the options that are a part of the Capped Call Transactions, but will be entitled to receive from Bank of America, N.A. (or an affiliate thereof) a number of shares of the Company's common stock and/or an amount of cash generally based on the amount by which the market price per share of the Company's common stock, as

measured under the terms of the Capped Call Transactions, is greater than the strike price of the Capped Call Transactions during the relevant valuation period under the Capped Call Transactions. However, if the market price of the Company's common stock, as measured under the terms of the Capped Call Transactions, exceeds the cap price of the Capped Call Transactions during such valuation period under the Capped Call Transactions, the number of shares of common stock and/or the amount of cash the Company expects to receive upon exercise of the Capped Call Transactions will be capped based on the amount by which the cap price exceeds the strike price of the Capped Call Transactions.

For any conversions of Notes prior to the close of business on the 55th scheduled trading day immediately preceding the stated maturity date of the Notes, including without limitation upon an acquisition of the Company or similar business combination, a corresponding portion of the Capped Call Transactions will be terminated. Upon such termination, the portion of the Capped Call Transactions being terminated will be settled at fair value (subject to certain limitations), as determined by Bank of America, N.A., in its capacity as calculation agent under the Capped Call Transactions, which the Company expects to receive from Bank of America, N.A., and no payments will be due Bank of America, N.A. The capped call expires on December 13, 2018.

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ENDOLOGIX, INC.

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS—(Continued) (all tabular amounts presented in thousands, except per share, per unit, and number of years) (Unaudited)

Wells Fargo line of credit

In October 2009, the Company entered into a revolving credit facility with Wells Fargo Bank ("Wells"), which was last amended on March 31, 2014, whereby the Company may borrow up to \$20.0 million, subject to the calculation and limitation of a borrowing base (the "Wells Credit Facility"). All amounts owing under the Wells Credit Facility will become due and payable upon its expiration on November 15, 2014. A sub-feature in the line of credit allows for the issuance of up to \$7.5 million in letters of credit. As of March 31, 2014, the Company issued a total of \$6.4 million in letters of credit under the Wells Credit Facility. Any outstanding amounts under the Wells Credit Facility bear interest at a variable rate equal to the Wells prime rate, plus 1.0%, which is payable on a monthly basis. The Wells Credit Facility is collateralized by all of the Company's assets, except its intellectual property.

The Wells Credit Facility contains financial covenants requiring the Company to (i) maintain a minimum current ratio of 2.0, equal to the quotient of modified current assets to current liabilities, as defined in the Wells Credit Facility (the "Modified Quick Ratio Covenant"), and (ii) not to exceed pre-tax net loss (excluding non-cash contingent consideration associated with the acquisition of Nellix) of \$11.0 million for the three months ended March 31, 2014; 18.0 million for the six months ended June 30, 2014; \$22.0 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2014; and \$26.0 million for the year ended December 31, 2014 (the "Net Loss Covenant"). The Wells Credit Facility also included a negative covenant limiting 2013 capital expenditures to an aggregate of \$6.0 million and 2014 capital expenditures to an aggregate of \$13.0 million. The Company was in compliance with the financial covenants as of and for the three months ended March 31, 2014.

The Wells Credit Facility also contains a "material adverse change" clause ("MAC"). If the Company encounters difficulties that would qualify as a MAC in its (i) operations, (ii) condition (financial or otherwise), or (iii) ability to repay amounts outstanding under the Wells Credit Facility, it could be canceled at Wells' sole discretion. Wells could then elect to declare the indebtedness, together with accrued interest and other fees, to be immediately due and payable and proceed against any collateral securing such indebtedness. No borrowings were outstanding at March 31, 2014.

7. Revenue by Geographic Region

The Company's revenue by geographic region, was as follows:

	Three Months Ended March 31,			
	2014		2013	
United States	\$23,988	72.1%	\$24,727	83.0%
Europe	\$6,585	19.8%	\$3,347	11.2%
Rest of World ("ROW"):				
Latin America	\$918	2.8%	\$572	1.9%
Asia/Pacific	1,773	5.3%	1,138	3.9%
Total ROW	\$2,691	8.1%	\$1,710	5.8%

Revenue \$33,264 100.0% \$29,784 100.0%

8. Commitments and Contingencies

(a) Leases

The Company leases its administrative, research, and manufacturing facilities located in Irvine, California and an administrative office located in Den Bosch, The Netherlands. These facility lease agreements require the Company to pay operating costs, including property taxes, insurance, and maintenance. In addition, the Company has certain equipment under long-term agreements that are accounted for as operating leases.

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ENDOLOGIX, INC.

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS—(Continued)

(all tabular amounts presented in thousands, except per share, per unit, and number of years) (Unaudited)

Future minimum payments by year under non-cancelable leases with initial terms in excess of one year were as follows as of March 31, 2014:

Remainder of 2014	\$847
2015	2,026
2016	2,067
2017	2,123
2018	2,186
2019	2,251
2020 and thereafter	24,777
Total	\$36,277

Facilities rent expense for the three months ended March 31, 2014 and 2013 were \$0.7 million and \$0.1 million, respectively.

On June 12, 2013, the Company entered into a lease agreement for two adjacent office, research and development, and manufacturing facilities in Irvine, California. The premises consist of approximately 129,000 combined square feet. The lease has a 15-year term beginning January 1, 2014 and provides for one optional five year extension. The initial base rent under the lease is \$1.9 million per year, payable in monthly installments, and escalates by 3% per year for years 2015 through 2019, and 4% per year for years 2020 and beyond. The Company is entitled to rent abatement for the first nine months of the lease. These premises will replace the Company's existing Irvine facilities.

The terms of this lease agreement provide for \$6.8 million of landlord-funded improvements (and certain other allowances) to this facility, in order to best suit the Company's requirements. In June 2013, the Company had Wells Fargo issue the landlord two letters of credit in the aggregate amount of \$6.4 million under its Wells Credit Facility, representing financial collateral while these facility improvements are completed. The Company placed the same amount in a restricted cash account with Wells Fargo, in order to fully support these issued, but undrawn, letters of credit. In July 2013, this restricted cash account was fully released under the July 26, 2013 amendment to the Wells Fargo Credit Facility.

(b) Employment Agreements and Retention Plan

The Company has entered into employment agreements with its executive officers under which payment and benefits would become payable in the event of termination by the Company for any reason other than cause, death or disability or termination by the employee for good reason (collectively, an "Involuntary Termination") prior to, upon or following a change in control of the Company. The severance payment will generally be in a range of six to eighteen months of the employee's then current salary for an Involuntary Termination prior to a change in control of the Company, and will generally be in a range of eighteen to twenty-four months of the employee's then current salary for an Involuntary Termination upon or following a change in control of the Company.

(c) Legal Matters

We are from time to time involved in various claims and legal proceedings of a nature we believe are normal and incidental to a medical device business. These matters may include product liability, intellectual property, employment, and other general claims. Such cases and claims may raise complex factual and legal issues and are subject to many uncertainties, including, but not limited to, the facts and circumstances of each particular case or claim, the jurisdiction in which each suit is brought, and differences in applicable law. We accrue for contingent liabilities when it is probable that a liability has been incurred and the amount can be reasonably estimated. The

accruals are adjusted periodically as assessments change or as additional information becomes available.

LifePort Sciences LLC v. Endologix, Inc.

On December 28, 2012, LifePort Sciences, LLC ("LifePort") filed a complaint against us in the U.S. District Court, District of Delaware, alleging that certain of our products infringe U.S. Patent Nos. 5,489,295, 6,117,167, 6,302,906, 5,993,481 and 5,676,696, which are alleged to be owned by LifePort. LifePort is seeking an unspecified amount of monetary damages for sale of our products and injunctive relief. We do not believe that we infringe on any of these patents and we intend to vigorously

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ENDOLOGIX, INC.

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS—(Continued) (all tabular amounts presented in thousands, except per share, per unit, and number of years) (Unaudited)

defend against this matter. As of December 31, 2013 we have filed a motion to transfer the case from Delaware to California. The motion remains pending and we cannot predict when, or on what basis, this matter will be resolved. We do believe, however, that the outcome will not have a material adverse effect on our financial position, results of operations, or cash flow. However, in order to avoid further legal costs and diversion of management resources, it is reasonably possible that we may reach a settlement with LifePort, which could result in a liability. However, we cannot presently estimate the amount, or range, of reasonably possible losses due to the nature of this potential litigation settlement.

9. Contingently Issuable Common Stock

On December 10, 2010 (the "Nellix Closing Date"), the Company completed its acquisition of Nellix, Inc., a pre-revenue, AAA medical device company. The purchase price consisted of 3.2 million of the Company's common shares, issuable to the former Nellix stockholders as of the Nellix Closing Date, then representing a value of \$19.4 million. Additional payments, solely in the form of the Company's common shares (the "Contingent Payment"), will be made upon the achievement of a revenue milestone and a regulatory approval milestone (collectively, the "Nellix Milestones").

The ultimate value of the Contingent Payment will be determined on the date that each Nellix Milestone is achieved. The number of issuable shares will be established using an applicable per share price, which is subject to a ceiling and/or floor, resulting in a maximum of 10.2 million shares issuable upon the achievement of the Nellix Milestones.

As of the Closing Date, the fair value of the Contingent Payment was estimated to be \$28.2 million. As of March 31, 2014, the Company's stock price last closed at \$12.87 per share. Thus, had the Nellix Milestones been achieved on March 31, 2014, the Contingent Payment would have comprised 3.7 million shares, representing a value of \$47.6 million.

The value of the Contingent Payment is derived using a discounted income approach model, with a range of probabilities and assumptions related to the timing and likelihood of achievement of the Nellix Milestones (which include Level 3 inputs - see Note 2(f) and the Company's stock price (Level 1 input) as of the balance sheet date). These varying probabilities and assumptions and changes in the Company's stock price have required fair value adjustments of the Contingent Payment in periods subsequent to the Nellix Closing Date.

The per share price of the Company's common stock decreased by \$4.57, or (26.2)%, between December 31, 2013 and March 31, 2014. The decrease in the value of the Company's common stock was the primary driver affecting the decrease in the fair value of the Contingent Payment during the three months ended March 31, 2014.

The Contingent Payment fair value will continue to be evaluated on a quarterly basis until milestone achievement occurs, or until the expiration of the "earn-out period," as defined within the Nellix purchase agreement. Adjustments to the fair value of the Contingent Payment are recognized within other income (expense) in the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Loss.

Fair Value of Contingently
Issuable Common Stock
December 31, 2013 \$60,900
Fair value adjustment of Contingent Payment for three months ended March 31, 2014 (11,800)
March 31, 2014 \$49,100

As of March 31, 2014, \$34.8 million was presented in current liabilities due to the expected achievement of one of the Nellix Milestones during 2014.

10. Income Tax Expense

The Company applied an estimated annual effective tax rate ("ETR") approach for calculating a tax provision for interim periods. The Company recorded a provision for income taxes of \$0.2 million for the three months ended March 31, 2014. The Company's ETR was 3.9% for the three months ended March 31, 2014. The Company's ETR for the three months ended March 31, 2014 differs from the U.S. federal statutory tax rate of 34% primarily as a result of nondeductible expenses (including the Nellix Contingent Payment), state income taxes, foreign income taxes, and the impact of a full valuation allowance on its deferred tax assets.

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ENDOLOGIX, INC.

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS—(Continued) (all tabular amounts presented in thousands, except per share, per unit, and number of years) (Unaudited)

The Company has evaluated the available evidence supporting the realization of its deferred tax assets, including the amount and timing of future taxable income, and has determined that it is more likely than not that its net deferred tax assets will not be realized in the U.S. and certain foreign jurisdictions. Due to uncertainties surrounding the realization of the deferred tax assets, the Company maintains a full valuation allowance against substantially all deferred tax assets. If/when the Company determines that it will be able to realize some portion or all of its deferred tax assets, an adjustment to its valuation allowance on its deferred tax assets would have the effect of increasing net income in the period(s) such determination is made.

$^{\rm MANAGEMENT'S}$ DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Cautionary Note Concerning Forward-Looking Statements

In addition to historical information, this Quarterly Report on Form 10-O contains forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Securities Act"), and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act"). These forward looking statements are intended to qualify for the safe harbor from liability established by the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. You can identify forward-looking statements by the use of forward-looking terminology such as "anticipates," "can," "continue," "could," "estimates," "expects," "intends," "may," "plans," "potential," "predicts," "should" or "will" or the negative terms or other comparable terminology, or by discussions of strategies, opportunities, plans or intentions. In addition, any statements that refer to projections of our future financial performance, trends in our businesses, or other characterizations of future events or circumstances are forward-looking statements. We have based these forward-looking statements largely on our current expectations based on information currently available to us and projections about future events and trends affecting the financial condition of our business. Although we do not make forward-looking statements unless we believe we have a reasonable basis for doing so, we cannot guarantee their accuracy. These forward-looking statements are subject to risks, uncertainties and other factors that could cause actual results and the timing of certain events to differ materially from future results expressed or implied by such forwardlooking statements. Actual results could differ materially from those projected in forward-looking statements as a result of the following factors, among others:

continued market acceptance of our products;

continued growth in the number of patients qualifying for treatment of abdominal aortic aneurysms through our products;

our ability to effectively compete with the products offered by our competitors; the level and availability of third party payor reimbursement for our products;

our ability to successfully commercialize products which incorporate the technology obtained in our acquisition of Nellix, Inc. ("Nellix");

our ability to effectively develop new or complementary technologies; our ability to manufacture our endovascular systems to meet demand; changes to our international operations;

our ability to effectively manage our business and keep pace with our anticipated growth;

our ability to develop and retain a direct sales force in the United States and select European and other foreign countries;

the nature of and any changes to legislative, regulatory and other legal requirements that apply to us, our products, our suppliers and our competitors;

the timing of and our ability to obtain and maintain any required regulatory clearances and approvals; our ability to protect our intellectual property rights and proprietary technologies;

our ability to operate our business without infringing the intellectual property rights and proprietary technology of third parties;

product liability claims and litigation expenses; reputational damage to our products caused by mis-use or off-label use or government or voluntary product recalls; our utilization of a single source supplier for specialized components of our product lines;

our ability to attract, retain, and motivate qualified personnel; our ability to make future acquisitions and successfully integrate any such future-acquired businesses;

our ability to maintain adequate liquidity to fund our operational needs and research and developments expenses; and general macroeconomic and world-wide business conditions.

Our actual results, performance or achievements may differ materially from any future results, performance or achievements expressed or implied from such forward-looking statements. Important factors that could cause our

actual results, performance or achievements to differ materially from our expectations are disclosed in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2013, filed with the SEC on March 3, 2014, including but not limited to those factors discussed in "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations," "Risk Factors," "Consolidated Financial Statements" and "Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements." All subsequent written and oral forward-looking statements attributable to us or by persons acting on our behalf are expressly qualified in their entirety by these cautionary statements. We expressly disclaim any intent or obligation to update information contained in any forward-looking statement after the date thereof to conform such information to actual results or to changes in our opinions or expectations.

Our forward-looking statements speak only as of the date each such statement is made. We expressly disclaim any intent or obligation to update any forward-looking statements after the date hereof to conform such statements to actual results or to changes in our opinions or expectations, except as required by applicable law or the rules and regulations of the SEC and The NASDAQ Stock Market, LLC.

Overview

Our Business

Our corporate headquarters and manufacturing facility is located in Irvine, California. We develop, manufacture, market, and sell innovative medical devices for the treatment of aortic disorders. Our principal products are intended for the treatment of abdominal aortic aneurysms ("AAA"). Our AAA products are built on one of two platforms: (1) traditional minimally-invasive endovascular repair ("EVAR") or (2) endovascular sealing ("EVAS"), our innovate solution for sealing the aneurysm sac while maintaining blood flow through two blood flow lumens.

We sell our products through (i) our direct U.S. and European sales forces and (ii) third-party international distributors and agents in other parts of the world.

See Item 1. of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2013, entitled "Business," for a discussion of:

Market Overview and Opportunity

Our Products

Manufacturing and Supply

Marketing and Sales

Competition

Clinical Trials and Product Developments

Endologix®, AFX® and Nellix® are registered trademarks of Endologix, Inc., and Ventana TM and the respective product logos are trademarks of Endologix, Inc.

Recent Highlights of Our Product Development Initiatives and Regulatory Approvals

Nellix

In February 2013, our EVAS device, the Nellix EVAS System, commenced limited market introduction in Europe and a limited commercial release is currently underway. In December 2013, we received Investigational Device Exemption ("IDE") approval in the United States to begin a clinical trial which commenced in January 2014.

AFX

In February 2014, we launched a new proximal extension in the US, VELA, designed specifically for the treatment of proximal aortic neck anatomies. VELA features a circumferential graft line marker and controlled delivery system that enable predictable deployment and final positional adjustments. The VELA launch is expected in Europe in the second half of 2014.

Characteristics of Our Revenue and Expenses

Revenue

Revenue is derived from sales of our EVAR and EVAS products (including extensions and accessories) to hospitals upon completion of AAA repair procedure, or from sales to distributors upon title transfer (which is typically at shipment), provided our other revenue recognition criteria have been met.

Cost of Goods Sold

Cost of goods sold includes compensation (including stock-based compensation) and benefits of production personnel and production support personnel. Cost of goods sold also includes depreciation expense for production equipment, production materials and supplies expense, allocated facilities-related expenses, and certain direct costs such as shipping.

Research and Development

Research and development expenses consist of compensation (including stock-based compensation) and benefits for research and development personnel, materials and supplies, research and development consultants, outsourced and

licensed research and development costs, and allocated facilities-related costs. Our research and development activities primarily relate to the development and testing of new devices and methods to treat aortic disorders.

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Clinical and Regulatory

Clinical and regulatory expenses consist of compensation (including stock-based compensation) and benefits for clinical and regulatory personnel, regulatory and clinical payments related to studies, regulatory costs related to registration and approval activities, and allocated facilities-related costs. Our clinical and regulatory activities primarily relate to gaining regulatory approval for the commercialization of our devices.

Marketing and Sales

Marketing and Sales expenses primarily consist of compensation (including stock-based compensation) and benefits for our sales force, clinical specialist, internal sales support functions, and marketing personnel. It also includes costs attributable to marketing our products to our customers and prospective customers.

General and Administrative

General and administrative expenses primarily include compensation (including stock-based compensation) and benefits for personnel that support our general operations such as information technology, executive management, financial accounting, and human resources. General and administrative expenses also include bad debt expense, patent and legal fees, financial audit fees, insurance, recruiting fees, other professional services, the federal Medical Device Excise Tax, and allocated facilities-related expenses.

Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, and the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities as of the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the periods presented. While management believes these estimates are reasonable and consistent, they are by their very nature, estimates of amounts that will depend on future events. Accordingly, actual results could differ from these estimates. Our Audit Committee periodically reviews our significant accounting policies.

For a description of our critical accounting policies and estimates, please refer to the "Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates" section in Part II, Item 7, "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations", in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2013. There have been no material changes in any of our critical accounting policies and estimates during the three months ended March 31, 2014.

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Results of Operations

Operations Overview - Three Months Ended March 31, 2014 versus 2013

The following table presents our results of continuing operations and the related percentage of the period's revenue (in thousands):

	Three Months Ended March 31,			
	2014		2013	
Revenue	\$33,264	100.0%	\$29,784	100.0%
Cost of goods sold	8,969	27.0%	7,256	24.4%
Gross profit	24,295	73.0%	22,528	75.6%
Operating expenses:				
Research and development	4,105	12.4%	3,519	11.8%
Clinical and regulatory affairs	2,200	6.6%	2,364	7.9%
Marketing and sales	16,143	48.5%	15,249	51.2%
General and administrative	7,163	21.5%	5,885	19.8%
Total operating expenses	29,611	89.0%	27,017	90.7%
Loss from operations	(5,316)	(16.0)%	(4,489)	(15.1)%
Total other income (expense)	10,827	32.5%	(4,506)	(15.1)%
Net income (loss) before income tax expense	5,511	16.5%	(8,995)	(30.2)%
Income tax expense	(216)	(0.6)%	(339)	(1.1)%
Net income (loss)	\$5,295	15.9%	\$(9,334)	(31.3)%

Comparison of the Three Months Ended March 31, 2014 versus 2013

Revenue

Three Months Ended March 31,

	2014	2013	Variance	Percent Change
	(in thousands)			
Revenue	\$33,264	\$29,784	\$3,480	11.7%

Our 11.7% revenue increase of \$3.5 million over the prior year period primarily resulted from:

- (i) a \$3.2 million increase in European sales volume due to strong direct sales growth related to both Nellix and AFX;
- (ii) an increase in sales volume to Latin America and our Asia Pacific markets; and
- (iii) a decrease in U.S. sales procedures due to competitive pressures and a delay with the VELA FDA approval.

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Cost of Goods Sold, Gross Profit, and Gross Margin

	Three Months Ended March 31,					
	2014 2013		Variance	2013 Variance Perc Cha		
	(in thousands))				
Cost of goods sold	\$8,969	\$7,256	\$1,713	23.6	%	
Gross profit	24,295	22,528	1,767	7.8	%	
Gross margin percentage (gross profit as a percent of revenue)	73.0	% 75.6	%			

The \$1.7 million increase in cost of goods sold was driven by our revenue increase of \$3.5 million.

Gross margin for the three months ended March 31, 2014 decreased to 73.0% from 75.6% for the three months ended March 31, 2013. The increase in cost of goods sold, and corresponding decrease to gross margin is due to geography and product mix with a greater proportion of sales from international markets, which have lower average selling prices and a higher cost to produce Nellix compared to AFX.

Operating Expenses

	Three Months Ended March 31,			
	2014	2013	Variance	Percent Change
	(in thousands)			
Research and development	\$4,105	\$3,519	\$586	16.7%
Clinical and regulatory affairs	2,200	2,364	(164)	(6.9)%
Marketing and sales	16,143	15,249	894	5.9%
General and administrative	7,163	5,885	1,278	21.7%

Research and Development. The \$0.6 million increase in research and development expenses was primarily attributable to continued product development investments related to Nellix and AFX.

Clinical and Regulatory Affairs. The \$0.2 million decrease in clinical expenses is due to variable stock-based compensation expense, due to the stock price decrease in the first quarter of 2014.

Marketing and Sales. The \$0.9 million increase in marketing and sales expenses for the three months ended March 31, 2014, as compared to the prior year period, was primarily related to increased investments in our European sales force and marketing activities.

General and Administrative. The \$1.3 million increase in general and administrative expenses is primarily attributable to professional and audit fees and expense to support the continued growth in Europe.

Other income (expense), net

	Three Months Ended March 31,			
	2014	2013	Variance	Percent Change
	(in thousand	ls)		
Other income (expense), net	\$10,827	\$ (4,506) 15,333	>100%

Other Income (Expense), Net. Other Income for the three months ended March 31, 2014 includes a non-cash benefit of \$(11.8) million, which reflects a decrease in the fair value of the Nellix contingent consideration, which was almost entirely related to the decrease in Endologix's stock price during the quarter (see Note 9). Partially offsetting this fair value adjustment is interest expense associated with our convertible notes.

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Provision for Income Taxes

	Three Months Ended March 31,				
	2014 2013		Variance	e Percent Change	
	(in thousands	C			
Income tax expense	\$(216) \$(339) \$123	(36.3)%

Our income tax expense was \$0.2 million and our effective tax rate was 3.9% for the three months ended March 31, 2014. During the three months ended March 31, 2014 and 2013, we had operating legal entities in the U.S., Italy, New Zealand, Switzerland and the Netherlands (including registered sales branches in certain countries in Europe). We have certain minimum tax liabilities attributable to our operations in these countries and in the U.S (see Note 10).

Liquidity and Capital Resources

The chart provided below summarizes selected liquidity data and metrics as of March 31, 2014, December 31, 2013, and March 31, 2013:

March 31, 2014	December 31, 2013	March 31, 2013	
(in thousands, except financial metrics data)			
\$42,179	\$95,152	\$42,029	
77,418	31,313	_	
25,448	24,972	25,661	
172,308	173,633	88,180	
60,059	67,335	18,780	
112,249	106,298	69,400	
2.9	2.6	4.7	
69	65	78	
1.6	1.7	1.6	
	(in thousands, exce \$42,179 77,418 25,448 172,308 60,059 112,249 2.9	March 31, 2014 2013 (in thousands, except financial metrics \$42,179 77,418 31,313 25,448 24,972 172,308 173,633 60,059 67,335 112,249 106,298 2.9 2.6 69 65	

- (a) total current assets minus total current liabilities as of the corresponding balance sheet date.
- (b) total current assets divided by total current liabilities as of the corresponding balance sheet date.
- (c) net accounts receivable at period end divided by revenue for the current period multiplied by the number of days in the period.
- (d) cost of goods sold divided by the average inventory balance for the corresponding period.

Operating Activities

Cash used in operating activities was \$3.0 million for the three months ended March 31, 2014 as compared to cash used in operating activities of \$3.4 million in the prior year period. The cash used in operating activities primarily consisted of (i) a change in the fair value of the Nellix contingent consideration of \$11.8 million; (ii) inventory purchases of \$4.4 million; offset by a decrease in accounts payable of \$4.0 million.

During the three months ended March 31, 2014, and 2013 our cash collections from customers totaled \$33.2 million and \$27.4 million, respectively, representing 100% and 92.0% of reported revenue for the same periods.

Investing Activities

Cash used in investing activities for the three months ended March 31, 2014 was \$49.6 million, as compared to cash used in investing activities of \$1.1 million in the prior year period. The cash used in investing activities primarily consisted of \$3.5 million used for machinery and equipment purchases and \$53.0 million used to purchase marketable debt securities; offset by \$6.9 million in maturities of marketable securities.

Financing Activities

Cash used in financing activities was \$0.4 million for the three months ended March 31, 2014, as compared to cash provided by financing activities of \$1.0 million in the prior year period. Cash used in financing activities consisted of \$0.6 million used in minimum tax withholding paid on behalf of employees for restricted stock units; offset by proceeds of \$0.2 million from the exercise of stock options.

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Credit Arrangements

See Note 6 of the Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements. We were in compliance with all debt covenants as of March 31, 2014.

Credit Risk

The majority of our accounts receivable arise from product sales in the U.S. However, we also have significant receivable balances from customers within the European Union, Japan, Brazil, Argentina, and Mexico. Our accounts receivable in the U.S. are primarily due from public and private hospitals. Our accounts receivable outside of the U.S. are

primarily due from public and private hospitals and independent distributors. Our historical write-offs of accounts receivable have not been significant.

We monitor the financial performance and credit worthiness of our customers so that we can properly assess and respond to changes in their credit profile. Since our customers operate in certain countries such as Greece and Italy, where adverse economic conditions persist, it increases the risk of our inability to collect amounts due to us from them. To determine our allowance for doubtful accounts we consider these factors and other relevant considerations. Our allowance for doubtful accounts of \$0.2 million as of March 31, 2014, represents our best estimate of the amount of probable credit losses in our existing accounts receivable.

Future Capital Requirements

We believe that the future growth of our business will depend upon our ability to successfully develop new technologies for the treatment of aortic disorders and successfully bring these technologies to market. We expect to incur significant expenditures in completing product development and clinical trials for Ventana and the Nellix System.

The timing and amount of our future capital requirements will depend on many factors, including:

the need for working capital to support our sales growth;

the need for additional capital to fund future development programs;

the need for additional capital to fund our sales force expansion;

the need for additional capital to fund strategic acquisitions;

our requirements for additional facility space or manufacturing capacity;

 our requirements for additional information technology infrastructure and systems; and

adverse outcomes from potential litigation and the cost to defend such litigation.

We believe that our world-wide cash resources are adequate to operate our business. We presently have several operating subsidiaries and branches outside of the U.S. As of March 31, 2014, these subsidiaries and branches hold an aggregate \$7.0 million in foreign bank accounts to fund their local operations. A portion of these balances related to undistributed earnings, and are deemed by management to be permanently reinvested in the corresponding country in which our subsidiary operates. Management has no present or planned intention to repatriate foreign earnings into the U.S. However, in the event that we required additional funds in the U.S. and had to repatriate any foreign earnings to meet those needs, we would then need to accrue, and ultimately pay, incremental income tax expenses on such "deemed dividend," unless we then had sufficient net operating losses to offset this potential tax liability.

In the event we require additional financing in the future, it may not be available on commercially reasonable terms, if at all. Even if we are able to obtain financing, it may cause substantial dilution (in the case of an equity financing), or may contain burdensome restrictions on the operation of our business (in the case of debt financing). If we are not able to obtain required financing, we may need to curtail our operations and/or our planned product development.

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Contractual Obligations

Contractual obligation payments by year with initial terms in excess of one year were as follows as of March 31, 2014 (in thousands):

	Payments	due by perio	od					
Contractual Obligations	Total	Remainder of 2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020 and thereafter
Long-term debt obligations	\$86,250	\$ —	\$ —	\$	\$ —	\$86,250	\$ —	\$ —
Interest on debt obligations	9,732	1,968	1,941	1,941	1,941	1,941	_	
Operating lease obligations	36,277	847	2,026	2,067	2,123	2,186	2,251	24,777
Total	\$132,259	\$2,815	\$3,967	\$4,008	\$4,064	\$90,377	\$2,251	\$24,777

Refer to Note 6 of the Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements for a discussion of long-term debt obligations and Note 8 of the Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements for a discussion of operating lease obligations.

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

We have no off-balance sheet arrangements (except for operating leases) that provide financing, liquidity, market or credit risk support, or involve derivatives. In addition, we have no arrangements that may expose us to liability that are not expressly reflected in the accompanying Consolidated Financial Statements.

As of March 31, 2014, we did not have any relationships with unconsolidated entities or financial partnerships, often referred to as "structured finance" or "special purpose entities," established for the purpose of facilitating off-balance sheet arrangements or other contractually narrow or limited purposes. As such, we are not subject to any material financing, liquidity, market or credit risk that could arise if we had engaged in such relationships.

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Item 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK.

We do not believe that we currently have material exposure to interest rate, foreign currency exchange rate or other relevant market risks.

Interest Rate and Market Risk. We have investments in U.S. Government and agency securities, corporate bonds and other debt securities. As a result, we are exposed to potential loss from market risks that may occur as a result of changes in interest rates, changes in credit quality of the issuer or otherwise.

We generally place our marketable security investments in high quality credit instruments, as specified in our investment policy guidelines. A hypothetical 100 basis point decrease in interest rates would result in an approximate \$112,285 increase in the fair value of our investments as of March 31, 2014. We believe, however, that the conservative nature of our investments mitigates our interest rate exposure, and our investment policy limits the amount of our credit exposure to any one issue, issuer (with the exception of U.S. agency obligations) and type of instrument. We do not expect any material loss from our marketable security investments and therefore believe that our potential interest rate exposure is limited. We intend to hold the majority of our investments to maturity, in accordance with our business plans.

We do not use derivative financial instruments in our investment portfolio. We are averse to principal loss and try to ensure the safety and preservation of our invested funds by limiting default risk, market risk, and reinvestment risk. We attempt to mitigate default risk by investing in only high credit quality securities and by positioning our portfolio to appropriately respond to a significant reduction in the credit rating of any investment issuer or guarantor.

We are also exposed to market risk for changes in interest rates on the Wells Credit Facility. All outstanding amounts under the Wells Credit Facility bear interest at a variable rate equal to the Wells prime rate, plus 1.00%, which is payable on a monthly basis. As of March 31, 2014, we had no amounts outstanding under the Wells Credit Facility. However, if we draw down the Wells Credit Facility, we may be exposed to market risk due to changes in the rate at which interest accrues.

Our Senior Notes bear fixed interest rates, and therefore, would not be subject to interest rate risk. The capped call transactions are derivative instruments that qualify for classification within stockholders' equity because they meet an exemption from mark-to-market derivative accounting. The settlement amounts for the capped call transactions are each determined based upon the difference between a strike price and a traded price of the Company's common stock.

Foreign Currency Transaction Risk. While a majority of our business is denominated in the U.S. dollar, a portion of our revenues and expenses are denominated in foreign currencies. Fluctuations in the rate of exchange between the U.S. dollar and the Euro or the British Pound Sterling may affect our results of operations and the period-to-period comparisons of our operating results. Foreign currency transaction realized and unrealized gains and losses resulted in approximately \$0.4 million of gain during the three months ended March 31, 2014. During the three months ended March 31, 2014, our primary exposure to foreign currency rates related to our Europe operations.

Item 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES.

We carried out an evaluation, under the supervision and with the participation of our management, including our chief executive officer and chief financial officer, of the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures as of the end of the period covered by this report (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)). Based on that evaluation, our chief executive officer and chief financial officer have concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report, were effective to ensure that information we are

required to disclose in reports that we file or submit under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in SEC rules and to ensure that information required to be disclosed by us in the reports that we file or submit under the Exchange Act is accumulated and communicated to our management, including our chief executive officer and chief financial officer, or persons performing similar functions, as appropriate to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

There has been no change in our internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) during the first quarter of 2014 that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

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Part II. Other Information

Item 1. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS.

Refer to Note 8 of the Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements for discussion of legal proceedings.

Item 6. EXHIBIT INDEX.

101.SCH

The following exhibits are filed or furnished herewith:

The following of	exnic	oits are filed or furnished herewith:
Exhibit 10.1	(1)	Employment Agreement, dated February 1, 2014, by and between Endologix, Inc. and John McDermott (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to Endologix, Inc. Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on February 3, 2014).
Exhibit 10.2	(1)	Employment Agreement, dated February 1, 2014, by and between Endologix, Inc. and Shelly B. Thunen (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.2 to Endologix, Inc. Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on February 3, 2014).
Exhibit 10.3	(1)	Employment Agreement, dated February 1, 2014, by and between Endologix, Inc. and Robert D. Mitchell (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.3 to Endologix, Inc. Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on February 3, 2014).
Exhibit 10.4	(1)	Employment Agreement, dated February 1, 2014, by and between Endologix, Inc. and Dave Jennings.
Exhibit 10.5	(1)	Employment Agreement, dated February 1, 2014, by and between Endologix, Inc. and James Machek.
Exhibit 10.6	(1)	Form of Indemnification Agreement entered into with Endologix, Inc. officers and directors (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.6 to Endologix, Inc. Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on February 3, 2014).
Exhibit 31.1		Certification of Chief Executive Officer Pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.
Exhibit 31.2		Certification of Chief Financial Officer Pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.
Exhibit 32.1	(2)	Certification of Chief Executive Officer Pursuant to Rule 13a-14(b)/15d-14(b) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and 18 U.S.C. Section 1350.
Exhibit 32.2	(2)	Certification of Chief Financial Officer Pursuant to Rule 13a-14(b)/15d-14(b) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and 18 U.S.C. Section 1350.
Exhibit 101.INS		XBRL Instance Document
Exhibit 101.SCH		XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document

Exhibit XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Lin Base Document

101.CAL

Exhibit

XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Link Base Document 101.DEF

Exhibit

XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Link Base Document 101.LAB

Exhibit XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Link Base Document 101.PRE

These exhibits are identified as management contracts or compensatory plans or arrangements of

(1) Endologix.

(2) Furnished herewith and not "filed" for purposes of Section 18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended.

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SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

ENDOLOGIX, INC.

May 2, 2014 /s/ John McDermott

John McDermott

Chief Executive Officer and Chairman of the Board

(Principal Executive Officer)

May 2, 2014 /s/ Shelley B. Thunen

Chief Financial Officer (Principal Financial and

Accounting Officer)