

Main Street Capital CORP  
Form 10-K  
March 01, 2019

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**UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION**  
Washington, D.C. 20549

**Form 10-K**

(Mark One)

**ANNUAL REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES  
EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**

**For the fiscal year ended December 31, 2018**

**OR**

**TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES  
EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**

**For the transition period from** \_\_\_\_\_ **to** \_\_\_\_\_  
**Commission File Number: 001-33723**

**Main Street Capital Corporation**

*(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)*

**Maryland**

*(State or other jurisdiction  
of incorporation or organization)*

**41-2230745**

*(I.R.S. Employer  
Identification No.)*

**1300 Post Oak Boulevard, 8th Floor  
Houston, TX**

*(Address of principal executive offices)*

**77056**

*(Zip Code)*

**(713) 350-6000**

*(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)*

**Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:**

<b>Title of Each Class</b>	<b>Name of Each Exchange on Which Registered</b>
Common Stock, par value \$0.01 per share	New York Stock Exchange

**Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(g) of the Act:**

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None

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is a well-known seasoned issuer, as defined in Rule 405 of the Securities Act. Yes  No

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is not required to file reports pursuant to Section 13 or Section 15(d) of the Act. Yes  No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes  No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically every Interactive Data File required to be submitted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit such files). Yes  No

Indicate by check mark if disclosure of delinquent filers pursuant to Item 405 of Regulation S-K is not contained herein, and will not be contained, to the best of registrant's knowledge, in definitive proxy or information statements incorporated by reference in Part III of this Form 10-K or any amendment to this Form 10-K.

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer or a smaller reporting company or an emerging growth company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," "smaller reporting company" and "emerging growth company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer

Accelerated filer

Non-accelerated filer

Smaller reporting company

Emerging growth company

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act.

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes  No

The aggregate market value of the registrant's common stock held by non-affiliates of the registrant as of June 30, 2018, was approximately \$2,178.0 million based upon the last sale price for the registrant's common stock on that date.

The number of outstanding common shares of the registrant as of February 28, 2019 was 61,847,438.

### DOCUMENTS INCORPORATED BY REFERENCE

Portions of the registrants' definitive Proxy Statement for its 2019 Annual Meeting of Stockholders, to be filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission, are incorporated by reference in this Annual Report on Form 10-K in response to Part III.

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**CAUTIONARY STATEMENT CONCERNING FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS**

*This Annual Report on Form 10-K contains forward-looking statements regarding the plans and objectives of management for future operations. Any such forward-looking statements may involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors which may cause our actual results, performance or achievements to be materially different from future results, performance or achievements expressed or implied by any forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements, which involve assumptions and describe our future plans, strategies and expectations, are generally identifiable by use of the words "may," "will," "should," "expect," "anticipate," "estimate," "believe," "intend" or "project" or the negative of these words or other variations on these words or comparable terminology. These forward-looking statements are based on assumptions that may be incorrect, and we cannot assure you that the projections included in these forward-looking statements will come to pass. Our actual results could differ materially from those expressed or implied by the forward-looking statements as a result of various factors, including the factors discussed in Item 1A entitled "Risk Factors" in Part I of this Annual Report on Form 10-K and elsewhere in this Annual Report on Form 10-K. Other factors that could cause actual results to differ materially include changes in the economy and future changes in laws or regulations and conditions in our operating areas.*

*We have based the forward-looking statements included in this Annual Report on Form 10-K on information available to us on the date of this Annual Report on Form 10-K, and we assume no obligation to update any such forward-looking statements, unless we are required to do so by applicable law. However, you are advised to refer to any additional disclosures that we may make directly to you or through reports that we in the future may file with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC"), including subsequent annual reports on Form 10-K, quarterly reports on Form 10-Q and current reports on Form 8-K.*

**PART I**

**Item 1. Business**

**ORGANIZATION**

Main Street Capital Corporation ("MSCC") is a principal investment firm primarily focused on providing customized debt and equity financing to lower middle market ("LMM") companies and debt capital to middle market ("Middle Market") companies. The portfolio investments of MSCC and its consolidated subsidiaries are typically made to support management buyouts, recapitalizations, growth financings, refinancings and acquisitions of companies that operate in a variety of industry sectors. MSCC seeks to partner with entrepreneurs, business owners and management teams and generally provides "one stop" financing alternatives within its LMM portfolio. MSCC and its consolidated subsidiaries invest primarily in secured debt investments, equity investments, warrants and other securities of LMM companies based in the United States and in secured debt investments of Middle Market companies generally headquartered in the United States.

MSCC was formed in March 2007 to operate as an internally managed business development company ("BDC") under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended (the "1940 Act"). MSCC wholly owns several investment funds, including Main Street Mezzanine Fund, LP ("MSMF"), Main Street Capital II, LP ("MSC II") and Main Street Capital III, LP ("MSC III" and, collectively with MSMF and MSC II, the "Funds"), and each of their general partners. The Funds are each licensed as a Small Business Investment Company ("SBIC") by the United States Small Business Administration ("SBA"). Because MSCC is internally managed, all of the executive officers and other employees are employed by MSCC. Therefore, MSCC does not pay any external investment advisory fees, but instead directly incurs the operating costs associated with employing investment and portfolio management professionals.

MSC Adviser I, LLC (the "External Investment Manager") was formed in November 2013 as a wholly owned subsidiary of MSCC to provide investment management and other services to parties other than MSCC and its subsidiaries or their portfolio companies ("External Parties") and receives fee income for such services. MSCC has been granted no-action relief by the SEC to allow the External Investment Manager to

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register as a registered investment adviser under the Investment Advisers Act of 1940, as amended (the "Advisers Act"). Since the External Investment Manager conducts all of its investment management activities for External Parties, it is accounted for as a portfolio investment of MSCC and is not included as a consolidated subsidiary of MSCC in MSCC's consolidated financial statements.

MSCC has elected to be treated for U.S. federal income tax purposes as a regulated investment company ("RIC") under Subchapter M of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code"). As a result, MSCC generally will not pay corporate-level U.S. federal income taxes on any net ordinary taxable income or capital gains that it distributes to its stockholders.

MSCC has certain direct and indirect wholly owned subsidiaries that have elected to be taxable entities (the "Taxable Subsidiaries"). The primary purpose of the Taxable Subsidiaries is to permit MSCC to hold equity investments in portfolio companies which are "pass-through" entities for tax purposes.

Unless otherwise noted or the context otherwise indicates, the terms "we," "us," "our," the "Company" and "Main Street" refer to MSCC and its consolidated subsidiaries, which include the Funds and the Taxable Subsidiaries.

The following diagram depicts our organizational structure:

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\* Other Holding Companies includes the Taxable Subsidiaries and other entities formed for operational purposes. Each of these companies is directly or indirectly wholly owned by MSCC.

\*\* The External Investment Manager is accounted for as a portfolio investment at fair value, as opposed to a consolidated subsidiary, and is indirectly wholly owned by MSCC.

## **CORPORATE INFORMATION**

Our principal executive offices are located at 1300 Post Oak Boulevard, 8<sup>th</sup> Floor, Houston, Texas 77056. We maintain a Web site on the Internet at [www.mainstcapital.com](http://www.mainstcapital.com). We make available free of charge on our Web site our annual reports on Form 10-K, quarterly reports on Form 10-Q, current reports on Form 8-K, and all amendments to those reports as soon as reasonably practicable after such material is electronically filed with or furnished to the SEC. Information contained on our Web site is not incorporated by reference into this Annual Report on Form 10-K, and you should not consider that information to be part of this Annual Report on Form 10-K. Our annual reports on Form 10-K, quarterly reports on Form 10-Q, current reports on Form 8-K, and all amendments to those reports and other public filings are also available free of charge on the EDGAR Database on the SEC's Web site at [www.sec.gov](http://www.sec.gov).

## **OVERVIEW OF OUR BUSINESS**

Our principal investment objective is to maximize our portfolio's total return by generating current income from our debt investments and capital appreciation from our equity and equity-related investments,



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including warrants, convertible securities and other rights to acquire equity securities in a portfolio company. Our LMM companies generally have annual revenues between \$10 million and \$150 million, and our LMM portfolio investments generally range in size from \$5 million to \$50 million. Our Middle Market investments are made in businesses that are generally larger in size than our LMM portfolio companies, with annual revenues typically between \$150 million and \$1.5 billion, and our Middle Market investments generally range in size from \$3 million to \$20 million. Our private loan ("Private Loan") portfolio investments are primarily debt securities in privately held companies which have been originated through strategic relationships with other investment funds on a collaborative basis. Private Loan investments are typically similar in size, structure, terms and conditions to investments we hold in our LMM portfolio and Middle Market portfolio.

We seek to fill the financing gap for LMM businesses, which, historically, have had limited access to financing from commercial banks and other traditional sources. The underserved nature of the LMM creates the opportunity for us to meet the financing needs of LMM companies while also negotiating favorable transaction terms and equity participations. Our ability to invest across a company's capital structure, from secured loans to equity securities, allows us to offer portfolio companies a comprehensive suite of financing options, or a "one stop" financing solution. Providing customized, "one stop" financing solutions is important to LMM portfolio companies. We generally seek to partner directly with entrepreneurs, management teams and business owners in making our investments. Our LMM portfolio debt investments are generally secured by a first lien on the assets of the portfolio company and typically have a term of between five and seven years from the original investment date.

Our Middle Market portfolio investments primarily consist of direct investments in or secondary purchases of interest-bearing debt securities in privately held companies that are generally larger in size than the companies included in our LMM portfolio. Our Middle Market portfolio debt investments are generally secured by either a first or second priority lien on the assets of the portfolio company and typically have an expected duration of between three and seven years from the original investment date.

Our Private Loan portfolio investments are primarily debt securities in privately held companies which have been originated through strategic relationships with other investment funds on a collaborative basis, and are often referred to in the debt markets as "club deals." Private Loan investments are typically similar in size, structure, terms and conditions to investments we hold in our LMM portfolio and Middle Market portfolio. Our Private Loan portfolio debt investments are generally secured by either a first or second priority lien on the assets of the portfolio company and typically have a term of between three and seven years from the original investment date.

Our other portfolio ("Other Portfolio") investments primarily consist of investments which are not consistent with the typical profiles for our LMM, Middle Market or Private Loan portfolio investments, including investments which may be managed by third parties. In our Other Portfolio, we may incur indirect fees and expenses in connection with investments managed by third parties, such as investments in other investment companies or private funds.

Our external asset management business is conducted through the External Investment Manager. The External Investment Manager earns management fees based on the assets of the funds under management and may earn incentive fees, or a carried interest, based on the performance of the funds managed. We have entered into an agreement with the External Investment Manager to share employees in connection with its asset management business generally, and specifically for its relationship with HMS Income Fund, Inc. ("HMS Income"). Through this agreement, we share employees with the External Investment Manager, including their related infrastructure, business relationships, management expertise and capital raising capabilities.

Our portfolio investments are generally made through MSCC and the Funds. MSCC and the Funds share the same investment strategies and criteria, although they are subject to different regulatory regimes (see "Regulation"). An investor's return in MSCC will depend, in part, on the Funds' investment returns as they are wholly owned subsidiaries of MSCC.

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The level of new portfolio investment activity will fluctuate from period to period based upon our view of the current economic fundamentals, our ability to identify new investment opportunities that meet our investment criteria, and our ability to consummate the identified opportunities. The level of new investment activity, and associated interest and fee income, will directly impact future investment income. In addition, the level of dividends paid by portfolio companies and the portion of our portfolio debt investments on non-accrual status will directly impact future investment income. While we intend to grow our portfolio and our investment income over the long term, our growth and our operating results may be more limited during depressed economic periods. However, we intend to appropriately manage our cost structure and liquidity position based on applicable economic conditions and our investment outlook. The level of realized gains or losses and unrealized appreciation or depreciation on our investments will also fluctuate depending upon portfolio activity, economic conditions and the performance of our individual portfolio companies. The changes in realized gains and losses and unrealized appreciation or depreciation could have a material impact on our operating results.

Because we are internally managed, we do not pay any external investment advisory fees, but instead directly incur the operating costs associated with employing investment and portfolio management professionals. We believe that our internally managed structure provides us with a beneficial operating expense structure when compared to other publicly traded and privately held investment firms which are externally managed, and our internally managed structure allows us the opportunity to leverage our non-interest operating expenses as we grow our Investment Portfolio.

During May 2012, we entered into an investment sub-advisory agreement with HMS Adviser, LP ("HMS Adviser"), which is the investment advisor to HMS Income, a non-listed BDC, to provide certain investment advisory services to HMS Adviser. In December 2013, after obtaining required no-action relief from the SEC to allow us to own a registered investment adviser, we assigned the sub-advisory agreement to the External Investment Manager since the fees received from such arrangement could otherwise have negative consequences on our ability to meet the source-of-income requirement necessary for us to maintain our RIC tax treatment. Under the investment sub-advisory agreement, the External Investment Manager is entitled to 50% of the base management fee and the incentive fees earned by HMS Adviser under its advisory agreement with HMS Income.

During April 2014, we received an exemptive order from the SEC permitting co-investments by us and HMS Income in certain negotiated transactions where co-investing would otherwise be prohibited under the 1940 Act. We have made, and in the future intend to continue to make, such co-investments with HMS Income in accordance with the conditions of the order. The order requires, among other things, that we and the External Investment Manager consider whether each such investment opportunity is appropriate for HMS Income and, if it is appropriate, to propose an allocation of the investment opportunity between us and HMS Income. Because the External Investment Manager may receive performance-based fee compensation from HMS Income, this may provide it an incentive to allocate opportunities to HMS Income instead of us. However, both we and the External Investment Manager have policies and procedures in place to manage this conflict.

**RECENT DEVELOPMENTS**

In January 2019, we led a new portfolio investment to facilitate the minority recapitalization of Centre Technologies, Inc. ("Centre"), a premier provider of IT hardware, software and service solutions. We, along with our co-investors, partnered with Centre's founder and Chief Executive Officer and management team to facilitate the transaction, with us funding \$18.1 million in a combination of first-lien, senior secured term debt and a direct equity investment. Headquartered in Houston, Texas, and founded in 2006, Centre has established itself as a mission critical IT solutions provider offering a full suite of solutions including managed and hosted services, value-added sourcing and integration, and project services.

In January 2019, we led a new portfolio investment to facilitate the management buyout of CompareNetworks Inc. ("CompareNetworks"), a leading provider of media, marketing and technology



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solutions that drive revenue for life science and healthcare product manufacturers. We, along with our co-investors, partnered with CompareNetworks' founders and management team to facilitate the transaction, with us funding \$10.7 million in a combination of first-lien, senior secured term debt and a direct equity investment. Headquartered in South San Francisco, California, and founded in 2000, CompareNetworks provides life scientists, researchers, lab-based professionals, pharmaceutical professionals and healthcare professionals with digital tools and information resources to research, identify and determine which products and technologies to use.

In January 2019, we fully exited our equity investment in Boss Industries, LLC ("Boss"). Boss markets, designs and manufacturers vehicle-mounted, and portable air compressor and generator systems utilized in municipal and utility services, energy product and industrial services. We realized a gain of approximately \$4.0 million on the exit of our equity investment in Boss.

During February 2019, we declared regular monthly dividends of \$0.200 per share for each month of April, May and June 2019. These regular monthly dividends equal a total of \$0.600 per share for the second quarter of 2019 and represent a 5.3% increase from the dividends declared for the second quarter of 2018. Including the dividends declared for the second quarter of 2019, we will have paid \$25.420 per share in cumulative dividends since our October 2007 initial public offering.

**BUSINESS STRATEGIES**

Our principal investment objective is to maximize our portfolio's total return by generating current income from our debt investments and capital appreciation from our equity and equity-related investments, including warrants, convertible securities and other rights to acquire equity securities in a portfolio company. We have adopted the following business strategies to achieve our investment objective:

*Deliver Customized Financing Solutions in the Lower Middle Market.* We offer LMM portfolio companies customized debt and equity financing solutions that are tailored to the facts and circumstances of each situation. We believe our ability to provide a broad range of customized financing solutions to LMM companies sets us apart from other capital providers that focus on providing a limited number of financing solutions. Our ability to invest across a company's capital structure, from senior secured loans to subordinated debt to equity securities, allows us to offer LMM portfolio companies a comprehensive suite of financing options, or a "one stop" financing solution.

*Focus on Established Companies.* We generally invest in companies with established market positions, experienced management teams and proven revenue streams. We believe that those companies generally possess better risk-adjusted return profiles than newer companies that are building their management teams or are in the early stages of building a revenue base. We also believe that established companies in our targeted size range also generally provide opportunities for capital appreciation.

*Leverage the Skills and Experience of Our Investment Team.* Our investment team has significant experience in lending to and investing in LMM and Middle Market companies. The members of our investment team have broad investment backgrounds, with prior experience at private investment funds, investment banks and other financial services companies and currently include seven certified public accountants and three Chartered Financial Analyst® charter holders. The expertise of our investment team in analyzing, valuing, structuring, negotiating and closing transactions should provide us with competitive advantages by allowing us to consider customized financing solutions and non-traditional or complex structures for our portfolio companies. Also, the reputation of our investment team has and should continue to enable us to generate additional revenue in the form of management and incentive fees in connection with us providing advisory services to other investment funds.

*Invest Across Multiple Companies, Industries, Regions and End Markets.* We seek to maintain a portfolio of investments that is appropriately balanced among various companies, industries, geographic regions and end markets. This portfolio balance is intended to mitigate the potential effects of negative economic events for particular companies, regions, industries and end markets.

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*Capitalize on Strong Transaction Sourcing Network.* Our investment team seeks to leverage its extensive network of referral sources for portfolio company investments. We have developed a reputation in our marketplace as a responsive, efficient and reliable source of financing, which has created a growing stream of proprietary deal flow for us.

*Benefit from Lower, Fixed, Long-Term Cost of Capital.* The SBIC licenses held by the Funds have allowed them to issue SBA-guaranteed debentures. SBA-guaranteed debentures carry long-term fixed interest rates that are generally lower than interest rates on comparable bank loans and other debt. Because lower-cost SBA leverage is, and will continue to be, a significant part of our capital base through the Funds, our relative cost of debt capital should be lower than many of our competitors. In addition, the SBIC leverage that we receive through the Funds represents a stable, long-term component of our capital structure with proper matching of duration and cost compared to our LMM portfolio investments. We also maintain an investment grade rating from Standard & Poor's Ratings Services which provides us the opportunity and flexibility to obtain additional, attractive long-term financing options to supplement our capital structure, including the unsecured notes with fixed interest rates we issued in 2014 and 2017.

**INVESTMENT CRITERIA**

Our investment team has identified the following investment criteria that it believes are important in evaluating prospective portfolio companies. Our investment team uses these criteria in evaluating investment opportunities. However, not all of these criteria have been, or will be, met in connection with each of our investments:

*Proven Management Team with Meaningful Equity Stake.* We look for operationally-oriented management with direct industry experience and a successful track record. In addition, we expect the management team of each LMM portfolio company to have meaningful equity ownership in the portfolio company to better align our respective economic interests. We believe management teams with these attributes are more likely to manage the companies in a manner that both protects our debt investment and enhances the value of our equity investment.

*Established Companies with Positive Cash Flow.* We seek to invest in established companies with sound historical financial performance. We typically focus on LMM companies that have historically generated EBITDA of \$3 million to \$20 million and commensurate levels of free cash flow. We also pursue investments in debt securities of Middle Market companies that are generally established companies with sound historical financial performance that are generally larger in size than LMM companies. We generally do not invest in start-up companies or companies with speculative business plans.

*Defensible Competitive Advantages/Favorable Industry Position.* We primarily focus on companies having competitive advantages in their respective markets and/or operating in industries with barriers to entry, which may help to protect their market position and profitability.

*Exit Alternatives.* We exit our debt investments primarily through the repayment of our investment from internally generated cash flow of the portfolio company and/or a refinancing. In addition, we seek to invest in companies whose business models and expected future cash flows may provide alternate methods of repaying our investment, such as through a strategic acquisition by other industry participants or a recapitalization.

**INVESTMENT PORTFOLIO**

The Investment Portfolio, as used herein, refers to all of our investments in LMM portfolio companies, investments in Middle Market portfolio companies, Private Loan portfolio investments, Other Portfolio investments, and the investment in the External Investment Manager. Our LMM portfolio investments primarily consist of secured debt, equity warrants and direct equity investments in privately held, LMM



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companies based in the United States. Our Middle Market portfolio investments primarily consist of direct investments in or secondary purchases of interest-bearing debt securities in privately held companies based in the United States that are generally larger in size than the companies included in our LMM portfolio. Our Private Loan portfolio investments primarily consist of investments in interest-bearing debt securities in companies that are consistent with the size of companies in our LMM portfolio or our Middle Market portfolio, but are investments that we originate on a collaborative basis with other investment funds, and are often referred to in the debt markets as "club deals." Our Other Portfolio investments primarily consist of investments which are not consistent with the typical profiles for our LMM, Middle Market and Private Loan portfolio investments, including investments which may be managed by third parties. In our Other Portfolio, we may incur indirect fees and expenses in connection with investments managed by third parties, such as investments in other investment companies or private funds.

***Debt Investments***

Historically, we have made LMM debt investments principally in the form of single tranche debt. Single tranche debt financing involves issuing one debt security that blends the risk and return profiles of both first lien secured and subordinated debt. We believe that single tranche debt is more appropriate for many LMM companies given their size in order to reduce structural complexity and potential conflicts among creditors.

Our LMM debt investments generally have a term of five to seven years from the original investment date, with limited required amortization prior to maturity, and provide for monthly or quarterly payment of interest at interest rates generally between 10% and 14% per annum, payable currently in cash. Interest rate terms can include either fixed or floating rate terms. In addition, certain LMM debt investments may have a form of interest that is not paid currently but is accrued and added to the loan balance and paid at maturity. We refer to this form of interest as payment-in-kind, or PIK, interest. We typically structure our LMM debt investments with the maximum seniority and collateral that we can reasonably obtain while seeking to achieve our total return target. In most cases, our LMM debt investment will be collateralized by a first priority lien on substantially all the assets of the portfolio company. In addition to seeking a senior lien position in the capital structure of our LMM portfolio companies, we seek to limit the downside potential of our LMM debt investments by negotiating covenants that are designed to protect our LMM debt investments while affording our portfolio companies as much flexibility in managing their businesses as is reasonable. Such restrictions may include affirmative and negative covenants, default penalties, lien protection, change of control or change of management provisions, key-man life insurance, guarantees, equity pledges, personal guaranties, where appropriate, and put rights. In addition, we typically seek board representation or observation rights in all of our LMM portfolio companies. Interest rate terms can include either fixed or floating rate terms.

While we will continue to focus our LMM debt investments primarily on single tranche debt investments, we also anticipate structuring some of our debt investments as mezzanine loans. We anticipate that these mezzanine loans will be primarily junior secured or unsecured, subordinated loans that provide for relatively high interest rates payable currently in cash that will provide us with significant interest income plus the additional opportunity for income and gains through PIK interest and equity warrants and other similar equity instruments issued in conjunction with these mezzanine loans. These loans typically will have interest-only payments in the early years, with amortization of principal deferred to the later years of the mezzanine loan term. Typically, our mezzanine loans will have maturities of three to five years. We will generally target interest rates of 12% to 14%, payable currently in cash for our mezzanine loan investments with higher targeted total returns from equity warrants or PIK interest.

We also pursue debt investments in Middle Market companies. Our Middle Market portfolio investments primarily consist of direct investments or secondary purchases of interest-bearing debt securities in privately held companies based in the United States that are generally larger in size than the companies included in our LMM portfolio. Our Middle Market portfolio debt investments are generally secured by either a first or second priority lien on the assets of the portfolio company and typically have a term of between three and seven years from the original investment date. The debt investments in our Middle Market portfolio have rights and protections that are similar to those in our LMM debt investments, which may include affirmative

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and negative covenants, default penalties, lien protection, change of control provisions, guarantees and equity pledges. The Middle Market debt investments generally have floating interest rates at the London Interbank Offered Rate ("LIBOR") plus a margin, and are typically subject to LIBOR floors.

Our Private Loan portfolio investments primarily consist of investments in interest-bearing debt securities in companies that are consistent with the size of companies in our LMM portfolio or our Middle Market portfolio, but are investments which have been originated through strategic relationships with other investment funds on a collaborative basis. Our Private Loan portfolio debt investments are generally secured by either a first or second priority lien and typically have a term of between three and seven years from the original investment date.

*Warrants*

In connection with our debt investments, we occasionally receive equity warrants to establish or increase our equity interest in the portfolio company. Warrants we receive in connection with a debt investment typically require only a nominal cost to exercise, and thus, as a portfolio company appreciates in value, we may achieve additional investment return from this equity interest. We typically structure the warrants to provide provisions protecting our rights as a minority-interest holder, as well as secured or unsecured put rights, or rights to sell such securities back to the portfolio company, upon the occurrence of specified events. In certain cases, we also may obtain registration rights in connection with these equity interests, which may include demand and "piggyback" registration rights.

*Direct Equity Investments*

We also will seek to make direct equity investments in situations where it is appropriate to align our interests with key management and stockholders of our LMM portfolio companies, and to allow for participation in the appreciation in the equity values of our LMM portfolio companies. We usually make our direct equity investments in connection with debt investments in our LMM portfolio companies. In addition, we may have both equity warrants and direct equity positions in some of our LMM portfolio companies. We seek to maintain fully diluted equity positions in our LMM portfolio companies of 5% to 50%, and may have controlling equity interests in some instances. We have a value orientation toward our direct equity investments and have traditionally been able to purchase our equity investments at reasonable valuations.

**INVESTMENT PROCESS**

Our management team's investment committee is responsible for all aspects of our LMM investment process. The current members of our investment committee are Dwayne L. Hyzak, our Chief Executive Officer and Senior Managing Director, David Magdol, our President, Chief Investment Officer and Senior Managing Director, Vincent D. Foster, our Executive Chairman, and Curtis L. Hartman, our Vice-Chairman, Chief Credit Officer and Senior Managing Director.

Our management team's credit committee is responsible for all aspects of our Middle Market portfolio investment process. The current members of our credit committee are Messrs. Hyzak, Foster, Hartman and Nicholas T. Meserve, Managing Director of our Middle Market investment team.

Investment process responsibility for each Private Loan portfolio investment is delegated to either the investment committee or the credit committee based upon the nature of the investment and the manner in which it was originated. Similarly, the investment processes for each Private Loan portfolio investment, from origination to close and to eventual exit, will follow the processes for our LMM portfolio investments or our Middle Market portfolio investments as outlined below, or a combination thereof.

Our investment strategy involves a "team" approach, whereby potential transactions are screened by several members of our investment team before being presented to the investment committee or the credit

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committee, as applicable. Our investment committee and credit committee each meet on an as needed basis depending on transaction volume. We generally categorize our investment process into seven distinct stages:

#### ***Deal Generation/Origination***

Deal generation and origination is maximized through long-standing and extensive relationships with industry contacts, brokers, commercial and investment bankers, entrepreneurs, service providers such as lawyers, financial advisors and accountants, and current and former portfolio companies and investors. Our investment team has focused its deal generation and origination efforts on LMM and Middle Market companies, and we have developed a reputation as a knowledgeable, reliable and active source of capital and assistance in these markets.

#### ***Screening***

During the screening process, if a transaction initially meets our investment criteria, we will perform preliminary due diligence, taking into consideration some or all of the following information:

a comprehensive financial model based on quantitative analysis of historical financial performance, projections and pro forma adjustments to determine the estimated internal rate of return;

a brief industry and market analysis;

direct industry expertise imported from other portfolio companies or investors;

preliminary qualitative analysis of the management team's competencies and backgrounds;

potential investment structures and pricing terms; and

regulatory compliance.

Upon successful screening of a proposed LMM transaction, the investment team makes a recommendation to our investment committee. If our investment committee concurs with moving forward on the proposed LMM transaction, we typically issue a non-binding term sheet to the company. For Middle Market portfolio investments, the initial term sheet is typically issued by the borrower, through the syndicating bank, and is screened by the investment team which makes a recommendation to our credit committee.

#### ***Term Sheet***

For proposed LMM transactions, the non-binding term sheet will include the key economic terms based upon our analysis performed during the screening process as well as a proposed timeline and our qualitative expectation for the transaction. While the term sheet for LMM investments is non-binding, we typically receive an expense deposit in order to move the transaction to the due diligence phase. Upon execution of a term sheet, we begin our formal due diligence process.

For proposed Middle Market transactions, the initial term sheet will include key economic terms and other conditions proposed by the borrower and its representatives and the proposed timeline for the investment, which are reviewed by our investment team to determine if such terms and conditions are in agreement with our investment objectives.

#### ***Due Diligence***

Due diligence on a proposed LMM investment is performed by a minimum of two of our investment professionals, whom we refer to collectively as the investment team, and certain external resources, who together conduct due diligence to understand the relationships among the prospective portfolio company's



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business plan, operations and financial performance. Our LMM due diligence review includes some or all of the following:

site visits with management and key personnel;

detailed review of historical and projected financial statements;

operational reviews and analysis;

interviews with customers and suppliers;

detailed evaluation of company management, including background checks;

review of material contracts;

in-depth industry, market and strategy analysis;

regulatory compliance analysis; and

review by legal, environmental or other consultants, if applicable.

Due diligence on a proposed Middle Market investment is generally performed on materials and information obtained from certain external resources and assessed internally by a minimum of two of our investment professionals, who work to understand the relationships among the prospective portfolio company's business plan, operations and financial performance using the accumulated due diligence information. Our Middle Market due diligence review includes some or all of the following:

detailed review of historical and projected financial statements;

in-depth industry, market, operational and strategy analysis;

regulatory compliance analysis; and

detailed review of the company's management team and their capabilities.

During the due diligence process, significant attention is given to sensitivity analyses and how the company might be expected to perform given downside, base-case and upside scenarios. In certain cases, we may decide not to make an investment based on the results of the diligence process.

### ***Document and Close***

Upon completion of a satisfactory due diligence review of a proposed LMM portfolio investment, the investment team presents the findings and a recommendation to our investment committee. The presentation contains information which can include, but is not limited to, the following:



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company history and overview;

transaction overview, history and rationale, including an analysis of transaction strengths and risks;

analysis of key customers and suppliers and key contracts;

a working capital analysis;

an analysis of the company's business strategy;

a management and key equity investor background check and assessment;

third-party accounting, legal, environmental or other due diligence findings;

investment structure and expected returns;

anticipated sources of repayment and potential exit strategies;

pro forma capitalization and ownership;

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an analysis of historical financial results and key financial ratios;

sensitivities to management's financial projections;

regulatory compliance analysis findings; and

detailed reconciliations of historical to pro forma results.

Upon completion of a satisfactory due diligence review of a proposed Middle Market portfolio investment, the investment team presents the findings and a recommendation to our credit committee. The presentation contains information which can include, but is not limited to, the following:

company history and overview;

transaction overview, history and rationale, including an analysis of transaction strengths and risks;

analysis of key customers and suppliers;

an analysis of the company's business strategy;

investment structure and expected returns;

anticipated sources of repayment and potential exit strategies;

pro forma capitalization and ownership;

regulatory compliance analysis findings; and

an analysis of historical financial results and key financial ratios.

If any adjustments to the transaction terms or structures are proposed by the investment committee or credit committee, as applicable, such changes are made and applicable analyses are updated prior to approval of the transaction. Approval for the transaction must be made by the affirmative vote from a majority of the members of the investment committee or credit committee, as applicable, with the committee member managing the transaction, if any, abstaining from the vote. Upon receipt of transaction approval, the investment team will re-confirm regulatory compliance, process and finalize all required legal documents, and fund the investment.

### ***Post-Investment***

We continuously monitor the status and progress of the portfolio companies. We generally offer managerial assistance to our portfolio companies, giving them access to our investment experience, direct industry expertise and contacts. The same investment team that was involved in the investment process will continue its involvement in the portfolio company post-investment. This provides for continuity of knowledge and allows the investment team to maintain a strong business relationship with key management of our portfolio companies for post-investment assistance and monitoring purposes.

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As part of the monitoring process of LMM portfolio investments, the investment team will analyze monthly and quarterly financial statements versus the previous periods and year, review financial projections, meet and discuss issues or opportunities with management, attend board meetings and review all compliance certificates and covenants. While we maintain limited involvement in the ordinary course operations of our LMM portfolio companies, we maintain a higher level of involvement in non-ordinary course financing or strategic activities and any non-performing scenarios. We also monitor the performance of our Middle Market portfolio investments; however, due to the larger size and higher sophistication level of these Middle Market companies in comparison to our LMM portfolio companies, it is not necessary or practical to have as much direct management interface.

We utilize an internally developed investment rating system to rate the performance of each LMM portfolio company and to monitor our expected level of returns on each of our LMM investments in relation to our expectations for the portfolio company. The investment rating system takes into consideration various factors, including, but not limited to, each investment's expected level of returns, the collectability of our debt investments and the ability to receive a return of the invested capital in our equity investments, comparisons to competitors and other industry participants, the portfolio company's future outlook and other factors that are deemed to be significant to the portfolio company.

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*Exit Strategies/Refinancing*

While we generally exit most investments through the refinancing or repayment of our debt and redemption or sale of our equity positions, we typically assist our LMM portfolio companies in developing and planning exit opportunities, including any sale or merger of our portfolio companies. We may also assist in the structure, timing, execution and transition of the exit strategy. The refinancing or repayment of Middle Market debt investments typically does not require our assistance due to the additional resources available to these larger, Middle Market companies.

**DETERMINATION OF NET ASSET VALUE AND INVESTMENT PORTFOLIO VALUATION PROCESS**

We determine the net asset value per share of our common stock on a quarterly basis. The net asset value per share is equal to our total assets minus total liabilities divided by the total number of shares of common stock outstanding.

We are required to report our investments at fair value. As a result, the most significant determination inherent in the preparation of our consolidated financial statements is the valuation of our Investment Portfolio and the related amounts of unrealized appreciation and depreciation. We follow the provisions of the Financial Accounting Standards Board Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") 820, *Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures* ("ASC 820"). ASC 820 defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value, establishes a fair value hierarchy based on the quality of inputs used to measure fair value and enhances disclosure requirements for fair value measurements. ASC 820 requires us to assume that the portfolio investment is to be sold in the principal market to independent market participants, which may be a hypothetical market. Market participants are defined as buyers and sellers in the principal market that are independent, knowledgeable and willing and able to transact.

We determine in good faith the fair value of our Investment Portfolio pursuant to a valuation policy in accordance with ASC 820 and a valuation process approved by our Board of Directors and in accordance with the 1940 Act. Our valuation policies and processes are intended to provide a consistent basis for determining the fair value of our Investment Portfolio. See "Note B.1. Valuation of the Investment Portfolio" in the notes to consolidated financial statements for a detailed discussion of our investment portfolio valuation process and procedures.

Due to the inherent uncertainty in the valuation process, our determination of fair value for our Investment Portfolio may differ materially from the values that would have been determined had a ready market for the securities existed. In addition, changes in the market environment, portfolio company performance and other events that may occur over the lives of the investments may cause the gains or losses ultimately realized on these investments to be materially different than the valuations currently assigned. We determine the fair value of each individual investment and record changes in fair value as unrealized appreciation or depreciation.

As described below, we undertake a multi-step valuation process each quarter in connection with determining the fair value of our investments, with our Board of Directors having final responsibility for overseeing, reviewing and approving, in good faith, our determination of the fair value for our Investment Portfolio and our valuation procedures, consistent with 1940 Act requirements. In addition, the Audit Committee of our Board of Directors periodically evaluates the performance and methodologies of the financial advisory services firm that we consult in connection with valuing our LMM and Private Loan portfolio company investments.

Our quarterly valuation process begins with each LMM and Private Loan portfolio company investment being initially valued by the investment team responsible for monitoring the portfolio investment;

The fair value determination for our Middle Market and Other Portfolio debt and equity investments and our investment in the External Investment Manager consists of unobservable and observable inputs

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which are initially reviewed by the investment professionals responsible for monitoring the portfolio investment;

Preliminary valuation conclusions are then reviewed by and discussed with senior management, and the investment team considers and assesses, as appropriate, any changes that may be required to the preliminary valuations to address any comments provided by senior management;

A nationally recognized independent financial advisory services firm analyzes and provides observations, recommendations and an assurance certification regarding the Company's determinations of the fair value for its LMM and Private Loan portfolio companies;

The Audit Committee of our Board of Directors reviews management's valuations, and the investment team and senior management consider and assess, as appropriate, any changes that may be required to management's valuations to address any comments provided by the Audit Committee; and

The Board of Directors assesses the valuations and ultimately approves the fair value of each investment in our portfolio in good faith.

Determination of fair value involves subjective judgments and estimates. The notes to our consolidated financial statements refer to the uncertainty with respect to the possible effect of such valuations, and any change in such valuations, on our financial results and financial condition.

**COMPETITION**

We compete for investments with a number of investment funds (including private equity funds, mezzanine funds, BDCs, and SBICs), as well as traditional financial services companies such as commercial banks and other sources of financing. Many of the entities that compete with us are larger and have more resources available to them. We believe we are able to be competitive with these entities primarily on the basis of our focus toward the underserved LMM, the experience and contacts of our management team, our responsive and efficient investment analysis and decision-making processes, our comprehensive suite of customized financing solutions and the investment terms we offer.

We believe that some of our competitors make senior secured loans, junior secured loans and subordinated debt investments with interest rates and returns that are comparable to or lower than the rates and returns that we target. Therefore, we do not seek to compete primarily on the interest rates and returns that we offer to potential portfolio companies. For additional information concerning the competitive risks we face, see "Risk Factors Risks Relating to Our Business and Structure We may face increasing competition for investment opportunities."

**EMPLOYEES**

As of December 31, 2018, we had 66 employees. These employees include investment and portfolio management professionals, operations professionals and administrative staff. As necessary, we will hire additional investment professionals and administrative personnel. All of our employees are located in our Houston, Texas office.

**REGULATION**

*Regulation as a Business Development Company*

We have elected to be regulated as a BDC under the 1940 Act. The 1940 Act contains prohibitions and restrictions relating to transactions between BDCs and their affiliates, principal underwriters and affiliates of those affiliates or underwriters. The 1940 Act requires that a majority of the members of the board of directors of a BDC be persons other than "interested persons," as that term is defined in the 1940 Act. In addition, the 1940 Act provides that we may not change the nature of our business so as to cease to be, or to withdraw our election as, a BDC unless approved by a majority of our outstanding voting securities.

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The 1940 Act defines "a majority of the outstanding voting securities" as the lesser of (i) 67% or more of the voting securities present at a meeting if the holders of more than 50% of our outstanding voting securities are present or represented by proxy or (ii) more than 50% of our outstanding voting securities.

#### *Qualifying Assets*

Under the 1940 Act, a BDC may not acquire any asset other than assets of the type listed in Section 55(a) of the 1940 Act, which are referred to as qualifying assets, unless, at the time the acquisition is made, qualifying assets represent at least 70% of the company's total assets. The principal categories of qualifying assets relevant to our business are any of the following:

- (1) Securities purchased in transactions not involving any public offering from the issuer of such securities, which issuer (subject to certain limited exceptions) is an eligible portfolio company (as defined below), or from any person who is, or has been during the preceding 13 months, an affiliated person of an eligible portfolio company, or from any other person, subject to such rules as may be prescribed by the SEC.
- (2) Securities of any eligible portfolio company that we control.
- (3) Securities purchased in a private transaction from a U.S. issuer that is not an investment company or from an affiliated person of the issuer, or in transactions incident thereto, if the issuer is in bankruptcy and subject to reorganization or if the issuer, immediately prior to the purchase of its securities was unable to meet its obligations as they came due without material assistance other than conventional lending or financing arrangements.
- (4) Securities of an eligible portfolio company purchased from any person in a private transaction if there is no ready market for such securities and we already own 60% of the outstanding equity of the eligible portfolio company.
- (5) Securities received in exchange for or distributed on or with respect to securities described in (1) through (4) above, or pursuant to the exercise of warrants or rights relating to such securities.
- (6) Cash, cash equivalents, U.S. government securities or high-quality debt securities maturing in one year or less from the time of investment.

In addition, a BDC must have been organized and have its principal place of business in the United States and must be operated for the purpose of making investments in the types of securities described in (1), (2) or (3) above.

An eligible portfolio company is defined in the 1940 Act as any issuer which:

- (a) is organized under the laws of, and has its principal place of business in, the United States;
- (b) is not an investment company (other than a small business investment company wholly owned by the BDC) or a company that would be an investment company but for certain exclusions under the 1940 Act; and
- (c) satisfies any of the following:
  - (i) does not have any class of securities that is traded on a national securities exchange or has a class of securities listed on a national securities exchange but has an aggregate market value of outstanding voting and non-voting common equity of less than \$250 million;
  - (ii)

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is controlled by a BDC or a group of companies including a BDC and the BDC has an affiliated person who is a director of the eligible portfolio company; or

(iii)

is a small and solvent company having total assets of not more than \$4 million and capital and surplus of not less than \$2 million.

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*Managerial Assistance to Portfolio Companies*

As noted above, a BDC must be operated for the purpose of making investments in the type of securities described in (1), (2) or (3) above under the heading entitled "Qualifying Assets." In addition, BDCs must generally offer to make available to such issuer of the securities (other than small and solvent companies described above) significant managerial assistance; except that, where we purchase such securities in conjunction with one or more other persons acting together, one of the other persons in the group may make available such managerial assistance. Making available managerial assistance means, among other things, any arrangement whereby the BDC, through its directors, officers or employees, offers to provide, and, if accepted, does so provide, significant guidance and counsel concerning the management, operations or business objectives and policies of a portfolio company.

*Temporary Investments*

Pending investment in "qualifying assets," as described above, our investments may consist of cash, cash equivalents, U.S. government securities and high-quality debt securities maturing in one year or less from time of investment therein, so that 70% of our assets are qualifying assets.

*Senior Securities*

Under the provisions of the 1940 Act, we are permitted, as a BDC, to issue senior securities only in amounts such that our asset coverage, as defined in the 1940 Act, equals at least 200% of all debt and/or senior stock immediately after each such issuance. However, recent legislation has modified the 1940 Act by allowing a BDC to increase the maximum amount of leverage it may incur from an asset coverage ratio of 200% to an asset coverage ratio of 150%, if certain requirements are met. We are permitted to increase our leverage capacity if stockholders representing at least a majority of the votes cast, when quorum is met, approve a proposal to do so. If we receive such stockholder approval, we would be permitted to increase our leverage capacity on the first day after such approval. Alternatively, we may increase the maximum amount of leverage we may incur to an asset coverage ratio of 150% if the "required majority" of our independent directors as defined in Section 57(o) of the 1940 Act approve such increase with such approval becoming effective after one year. In either case, we would be required to make certain disclosures on our website and in SEC filings regarding, among other things, the receipt of approval to increase our leverage, our leverage capacity and usage, and risks related to leverage. In addition, while any senior securities remain outstanding (other than senior securities representing indebtedness issued in consideration of a privately arranged loan which is not intended to be publicly distributed), we must make provisions to prohibit any distribution to our stockholders or the repurchase of such securities or shares unless we meet the applicable asset coverage ratios at the time of the distribution or repurchase. We may also borrow amounts up to 5% of the value of our total assets for temporary or emergency purposes without regard to asset coverage. For a discussion of the risks associated with leverage, see "Risk Factors Risks Relating to Our Business and Structure," including, without limitation, "Because we borrow money, the potential for gain or loss on amounts invested in us is magnified and may increase the risk of investing in us."

We have previously received an exemptive order from the SEC to exclude debt securities issued by MSMF and any other wholly owned subsidiaries of ours which operate as SBICs from the asset coverage requirements of the 1940 Act as applicable to Main Street. The exemptive order provides for the exclusion of all debt securities issued by the Funds, including the \$345.8 million of outstanding debt as of December 31, 2018, issued pursuant to the SBIC program. This exemptive order provides us with expanded capacity and flexibility in obtaining future sources of capital for our investment and operational objectives.

*Common Stock*

We are not generally able to issue and sell our common stock at a price below net asset value per share. We may, however, sell our common stock, warrants, options or rights to acquire our common stock, at a price below the current net asset value of the common stock if our Board of Directors determines that such sale is



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in our best interests and that of our stockholders, and our stockholders approve such sale. In any such case, the price at which our securities are to be issued and sold may not be less than a price which, in the determination of our Board of Directors, closely approximates the market value of such securities (less any distributing commission or discount). We did not seek stockholder authorization to sell shares of our common stock below the then current net asset value per share of our common stock at our 2018 annual meeting of stockholders because our common stock price had been trading significantly above the net asset value per share of our common stock since 2011. Our stockholders have previously approved a proposal that authorizes us to issue securities to subscribe to, convert to, or purchase shares of our common stock in one or more offerings. We may also make rights offerings to our stockholders at prices per share less than the net asset value per share, subject to applicable requirements of the 1940 Act. See "Risk Factors Risks Relating to Our Business and Structure Stockholders may incur dilution if we sell shares of our common stock in one or more offerings at prices below the then current net asset value per share of our common stock or issue securities to subscribe to, convert to or purchase shares of our common stock."

*Code of Ethics*

We have adopted a code of ethics pursuant to Rule 17j-1 under the 1940 Act that establishes procedures for personal investments and restricts certain personal securities transactions. Personnel subject to the code may invest in securities for their personal investment accounts, including securities that may be purchased or held by us, so long as such investments are made in accordance with the code's requirements. In addition, the code of ethics is available on the EDGAR Database on the SEC's Web site at <http://www.sec.gov>.

*Proxy Voting Policies and Procedures*

We vote proxies relating to our portfolio securities in a manner in which we believe is consistent with the best interest of our stockholders. We review on a case-by-case basis each proposal submitted to a stockholder vote to determine its impact on the portfolio securities held by us. Although we generally vote against proposals that we expect would have a negative impact on our portfolio securities, we may vote for such a proposal if there exists compelling long-term reasons to do so.

Our proxy voting decisions are made by the investment team which is responsible for monitoring each of our investments. To ensure that our vote is not the product of a conflict of interest, we require that anyone involved in the decision-making process discloses to our chief compliance officer any potential conflict regarding a proxy vote of which he or she is aware.

Stockholders may obtain information, without charge, regarding how we voted proxies with respect to our portfolio securities by making a written request for proxy voting information to: Chief Compliance Officer, 1300 Post Oak Boulevard, 8th Floor, Houston, Texas 77056.

*Other 1940 Act Regulations*

We are also prohibited under the 1940 Act from knowingly participating in certain transactions with our affiliates without the prior approval of our Board of Directors who are not interested persons and, in some cases, prior approval by the SEC.

We are required to provide and maintain a bond issued by a reputable fidelity insurance company to protect us against larceny and embezzlement. Furthermore, as a BDC, we are prohibited from protecting any director or officer against any liability to us or our stockholders arising from willful misfeasance, bad faith, gross negligence or reckless disregard of the duties involved in the conduct of such person's office.

We are required to adopt and implement written policies and procedures reasonably designed to prevent violation of the federal securities laws, review these policies and procedures no less frequently than annually for their adequacy and the effectiveness of their implementation, and to designate a chief compliance officer to be responsible for administering the policies and procedures.

We may be periodically examined by the SEC for compliance with the 1940 Act.

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***Small Business Investment Company Regulations***

Each of the Funds is licensed by the SBA to operate as a SBIC under Section 301(c) of the Small Business Investment Act of 1958. MSMF obtained its SBIC license in 2002, MSC II obtained its license in 2006 and MSC III obtained its license in 2016.

SBICs are designed to stimulate the flow of private capital to eligible small businesses. Under SBIC regulations, SBICs may make loans to eligible small businesses, invest in the equity securities of such businesses and provide them with consulting and advisory services. Each of the Funds has typically invested in secured debt, acquired warrants and/or made equity investments in qualifying small businesses.

The Funds are subject to regulation and oversight by the SBA, including requirements with respect to reporting financial information, such as the extent of capital impairment if applicable, on a regular basis and annual examinations conducted by the SBA. The SBA, as a creditor, will have a superior claim to the Funds' assets over our securities holders in the event the Funds are liquidated or the SBA exercises its remedies under the SBA-guaranteed debentures issued by the Funds upon an event of default.

We have received exemptive relief from the SEC to permit us to exclude the SBA-guaranteed debentures of the Funds from our 200% asset coverage test under the 1940 Act. As such, our ratio of total consolidated assets to outstanding indebtedness may be less than 200%. This provides us with increased investment flexibility but also increases our risks related to leverage. See "Risk Factors Risks Relating to Our Business and Structure Because we borrow money, the potential for gain or loss on amounts invested in us is magnified and may increase the risk of investing in us."

Under present SBIC regulations, eligible small businesses generally include businesses that (together with their affiliates) have a tangible net worth not exceeding \$19.5 million or have average annual net income after U.S. federal income taxes not exceeding \$6.5 million (average net income to be computed without benefit of any carryover loss) for the two most recent fiscal years. In addition, an SBIC must devote 25% of its investment activity to "smaller" enterprises as defined by the SBA. A smaller enterprise generally includes businesses that have a tangible net worth not exceeding \$6 million and have average annual net income after U.S. federal income taxes not exceeding \$2 million (average net income to be computed without benefit of any net carryover loss) for the two most recent fiscal years. SBIC regulations also provide alternative size standard criteria to determine eligibility for designation as an eligible small business or smaller enterprise, which criteria depend on the primary industry in which the business is engaged and are based on such factors as the number of employees and gross revenue. However, once an SBIC has invested in a company, it generally may continue to make follow-on investments in the company, regardless of the size of the portfolio company at the time of the follow-on investment, up to the time of the portfolio company's initial public offering.

The SBA prohibits an SBIC from providing funds to small businesses for certain purposes, such as relending and investment outside the United States, to businesses engaged in certain prohibited industries, and to certain "passive" (non-operating) companies. In addition, without prior SBA approval, an SBIC may not invest an amount equal to more than approximately 30% of the SBIC's regulatory capital, as defined by the SBA, in any one portfolio company and its affiliates.

The SBA places certain limitations on the financing terms of investments by SBICs in portfolio companies (such as limiting the permissible interest rate on debt securities held by an SBIC in a portfolio company). Included in such limitations are SBA regulations which allow an SBIC to exercise control over a small business for a period of seven years from the date on which the SBIC initially acquires its control position. This control period may be extended for an additional period of time with the SBA's prior written approval.

The SBA restricts the ability of an SBIC to lend money to any of its officers, directors and employees or to invest in affiliates thereof. The SBA also prohibits, without prior SBA approval, a "change of control" of an SBIC or transfers that would result in any person (or a group of persons acting in concert) owning 10% or more of a class of equity of a licensed SBIC. A "change of control" is any event which would result in the

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transfer of the power, direct or indirect, to direct the management and policies of an SBIC, whether through ownership, contractual arrangements or otherwise.

The SBIC licenses allow the Funds to incur leverage by issuing SBA-guaranteed debentures, subject to the issuance of a capital commitment and certain approvals by the SBA and customary procedures. SBA-guaranteed debentures carry long-term fixed rates that are generally lower than rates on comparable bank and other debt. Under applicable regulations, an SBIC may generally have outstanding debentures guaranteed by the SBA in amounts up to twice the amount of the privately raised funds of the SBIC. Debentures guaranteed by the SBA have a maturity of ten years, require semiannual payments of interest, do not require any principal payments prior to maturity, and are not subject to prepayment penalties. As of December 31, 2018, we, through the Funds, had \$345.8 million of outstanding SBA-guaranteed debentures, which had an annual weighted-average interest rate of approximately 3.7%.

SBICs must invest idle funds that are not being used to make loans in investments permitted under SBIC regulations in the following limited types of securities: (i) direct obligations of, or obligations guaranteed as to principal and interest by, the United States government, which mature within 15 months from the date of the investment; (ii) repurchase agreements with federally insured institutions with a maturity of seven days or less (and the securities underlying the repurchase obligations must be direct obligations of or guaranteed by the federal government); (iii) certificates of deposit with a maturity of one year or less, issued by a federally insured institution; (iv) a deposit account in a federally insured institution that is subject to a withdrawal restriction of one year or less; (v) a checking account in a federally insured institution; or (vi) a reasonable petty cash fund.

SBICs are periodically examined and audited by the SBA's staff to determine their compliance with SBIC regulations and are periodically required to file certain financial information and other documents with the SBA.

Neither the SBA nor the U.S. government or any of its agencies or officers has approved any ownership interest to be issued by us or any obligation that we or any of our subsidiaries may incur.

***Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Sarbanes-Oxley Act Compliance***

We are subject to the reporting and disclosure requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (the "Exchange Act"), including the filing of quarterly, annual and current reports, proxy statements and other required items. In addition, we are subject to the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, which imposes a wide variety of regulatory requirements on publicly-held companies and their insiders. For example:

pursuant to Rule 13a-14 of the Exchange Act, our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer are required to certify the accuracy of the consolidated financial statements contained in our periodic reports;

pursuant to Item 307 of Regulation S-K, our periodic reports are required to disclose our conclusions about the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures;

pursuant to Rule 13a-15 of the Exchange Act, our management is required to prepare a report regarding its assessment of our internal control over financial reporting, and our independent registered public accounting firm separately audits our internal control over financial reporting; and

pursuant to Item 308 of Regulation S-K and Rule 13a-15 of the Exchange Act, our periodic reports must disclose whether there were significant changes in our internal control over financial reporting or in other factors that could significantly affect these controls subsequent to the date of their evaluation, including any corrective actions with regard to significant deficiencies and material weaknesses.

***The New York Stock Exchange Corporate Governance Regulations***

The New York Stock Exchange ("NYSE") has adopted corporate governance regulations that listed companies must comply with. We believe we are in compliance with such corporate governance listing

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standards. We intend to monitor our compliance with all future listing standards and to take all necessary actions to ensure that we stay in compliance.

***Investment Adviser Regulations***

The External Investment Manager, which is wholly owned by us, is subject to regulation under the Advisers Act. The Advisers Act establishes, among other things, recordkeeping and reporting requirements, disclosure requirements, limitations on transactions between the adviser's account and an advisory client's account, limitations on transactions between the accounts of advisory clients, and general anti-fraud prohibitions. The External Investment Manager may be examined by the SEC from time to time for compliance with the Advisers Act.

***Taxation as a Regulated Investment Company***

MSCC has elected to be treated for U.S. federal income tax purposes as a RIC under Subchapter M of the Code. MSCC's taxable income includes the taxable income generated by MSCC and certain of its subsidiaries, including the Funds, which are treated as disregarded entities for tax purposes. As a RIC, we generally will not pay corporate-level U.S. federal income taxes on any income that we distribute to our stockholders as dividends. To qualify as a RIC, we must, among other things, meet certain source-of-income and asset diversification requirements (as described below). In addition, in order to obtain RIC tax treatment, we must distribute to our stockholders, for each taxable year, at least 90% of our "investment company taxable income," which is generally our net ordinary taxable income plus the excess of realized net short-term capital gains over realized net long-term capital losses, and 90% of our tax-exempt income (the "Annual Distribution Requirement"). As part of maintaining RIC status, undistributed taxable income (subject to a 4% non-deductible U.S. federal excise tax) pertaining to a given fiscal year may be distributed up to 12 months subsequent to the end of that fiscal year, provided such dividends are declared on or prior to the later of (i) filing of the U.S. federal income tax return for the applicable fiscal year or (ii) the fifteenth day of the ninth month following the close of the year in which such taxable income was generated.

For any taxable year in which we qualify as a RIC and satisfy the Annual Distribution Requirement, we will not be subject to U.S. federal income tax on the portion of our income or capital gains we distribute (or are deemed to distribute) to stockholders. We will be subject to U.S. federal income tax at the regular corporate rates on any income or capital gains not distributed (or deemed distributed) to our stockholders.

We are subject to a 4% non-deductible U.S. federal excise tax on certain undistributed income unless we distribute in a timely manner an amount at least equal to the sum of (1) 98% of our net ordinary taxable income for each calendar year, (2) 98.2% of our capital gain net income for the one-year period ending December 31 in that calendar year and (3) any taxable income recognized, but not distributed, in preceding years on which we paid no U.S. federal income tax (the "Excise Tax Avoidance Requirement"). Dividends declared and paid by us in a year will generally differ from taxable income for that year as such dividends may include the distribution of current year taxable income, exclude amounts carried over into the following year, and include the distribution of prior year taxable income carried over into and distributed in the current year. For amounts we carry over into the following year, we will be required to pay the 4% U.S. federal excise tax on the excess of 98% of our annual investment company taxable income and 98.2% of our capital gain net income over our distributions for the year.

In order to qualify as a RIC for U.S. federal income tax purposes, we must, among other things:

continue to qualify as a BDC under the 1940 Act at all times during each taxable year;

derive in each taxable year at least 90% of our gross income from dividends, interest, payments with respect to certain securities, loans, gains from the sale of stock or other securities, net income from certain "qualified publicly traded partnerships," or other income derived with respect to our business of investing in such stock or securities (the "90% Income Test"); and

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diversify our holdings so that at the end of each quarter of the taxable year:

at least 50% of the value of our assets consists of cash, cash equivalents, U.S. government securities, securities of other RICs, and other securities if such other securities of any one issuer do not represent more than 5% of the value of our assets or more than 10% of the outstanding voting securities of the issuer; and

no more than 25% of the value of our assets is invested in the securities, other than U.S. government securities or securities of other RICs, (i) of one issuer, (ii) of two or more issuers that are controlled, as determined under applicable Code rules, by us and that are engaged in the same or similar or related trades or businesses or (iii) of certain "qualified publicly traded partnerships" (collectively, the "Diversification Tests").

In order to comply with the 90% Income Test, we formed the Taxable Subsidiaries as wholly owned taxable subsidiaries for the primary purpose of permitting us to own equity interests in portfolio companies which are "pass-through" entities for tax purposes. Absent the taxable status of the Taxable Subsidiaries, a portion of the gross income from such portfolio companies would flow directly to us for purposes of the 90% Income Test. To the extent such income did not consist of income derived from securities, such as dividends and interest, it could jeopardize our ability to qualify as a RIC and, therefore, cause us to incur significant U.S. federal income taxes. The Taxable Subsidiaries are consolidated with Main Street for generally accepted accounting principles in the United States of America ("U.S. GAAP") purposes and are included in our consolidated financial statements, and the portfolio investments held by the Taxable Subsidiaries are included in our consolidated financial statements. The Taxable Subsidiaries are not consolidated with Main Street for income tax purposes and may generate income tax expense, or benefit, as a result of their ownership of the portfolio investments. The income tax expense, or benefit, if any, and any related tax assets and liabilities, are reflected in our consolidated financial statements.

The External Investment Manager is accounted for as a portfolio investment for U.S. GAAP purposes and is an indirect wholly owned subsidiary of MSCC, owned through a Taxable Subsidiary. The External Investment Manager is owned by a Taxable Subsidiary in order to comply with the 90% Income Test, since the External Investment Manager's income would likely not consist of income derived from securities, such as dividends and interest, and as result, it could jeopardize our ability to qualify as a RIC and, therefore, cause us to incur significant U.S. federal income taxes. As a result of its ownership by a Taxable Subsidiary, the External Investment Manager is a disregarded entity for tax purposes. The External Investment Manager has also entered into a tax sharing agreement with its Taxable Subsidiary owner. Since the External Investment Manager is accounted for as a portfolio investment of MSCC and is not included as a consolidated subsidiary of MSCC in MSCC's consolidated financial statements, and as a result of the tax sharing agreement with its Taxable Subsidiary owner, for its stand-alone financial reporting purposes the External Investment Manager is treated as if it is taxed at normal corporate tax rates based on its taxable income and, as a result of its activities, may generate income tax expense or benefit. The income tax expense, or benefit, if any, and the related tax assets and liabilities, of the External Investment Manager are reflected in the External Investment Manager's separate financial statements.

We may be required to recognize taxable income in circumstances in which we do not receive cash. For example, if we hold debt obligations that are treated under applicable tax rules as having original issue discount (such as debt instruments issued with warrants and debt securities invested in at a discount to par), we must include in income each year a portion of the original issue discount that accrues over the life of the obligation, regardless of whether cash representing such income is received by us in the same taxable year. We may also have to include in income other amounts that we have not yet received in cash such as PIK interest, cumulative dividends or amounts that are received in non-cash compensation such as warrants or stock. Because any original issue discount or other amounts accrued will be included in our investment company taxable income for the year of accrual, we may be required to make a distribution to our stockholders in order to satisfy the Annual Distribution Requirement, even though we will not have received any corresponding cash amount.

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Although we do not presently expect to do so, we are authorized to borrow funds and to sell assets in order to satisfy distribution requirements. However, under the 1940 Act, we are not permitted to make distributions to our stockholders in certain circumstances while our debt obligations and other senior securities are outstanding unless certain "asset coverage" tests are met. See "Regulation Regulation as a Business Development Company Senior Securities." Moreover, our ability to dispose of assets to meet our distribution requirements may be limited by (1) the illiquid nature of our portfolio and/or (2) other requirements relating to our status as a RIC, including the Diversification Tests. If we dispose of assets in order to meet the Annual Distribution Requirement or the Excise Tax Avoidance Requirement, we may make such dispositions at times that, from an investment standpoint, are not advantageous.

We may distribute taxable dividends that are payable in part in our stock. Under certain applicable provisions of the Code and the U.S. Department of the Treasury ("Treasury") regulations, distributions payable by us in cash or in shares of stock (at the stockholders election) would satisfy the Annual Distribution Requirement. The Internal Revenue Service has issued guidance indicating that this rule will apply even where the total amount of cash that may be distributed is limited to no more than 20% of the total distribution. According to this guidance, if too many stockholders elect to receive their distributions in cash, each such stockholder would receive a pro rata share of the total cash to be distributed and would receive the remainder of their distribution in shares of stock. Taxable stockholders receiving such dividends will be required to include the full amount of the dividend (whether received in cash, our stock, or a combination thereof) as (i) ordinary income (including any qualified dividend income that, in the case of a noncorporate stockholder, may be eligible for the same reduced maximum tax rate applicable to long-term capital gains to the extent such distribution is properly reported by us as qualified dividend income and such stockholder satisfies certain minimum holding period requirements with respect to our stock) or (ii) long-term capital gain (to the extent such distribution is properly reported as a capital gain dividend), to the extent of our current and accumulated earnings and profits for U.S. federal income tax purposes. As a result, a U.S. stockholder may be required to pay tax with respect to such dividends in excess of any cash received. If a U.S. stockholder sells the stock it receives in order to pay this tax, the sales proceeds may be less than the amount included in income with respect to the dividend, depending on the market price of our stock at the time of the sale. Furthermore, with respect to non-U.S. stockholders, we may be required to withhold U.S. tax with respect to such dividends, including in respect of all or a portion of such dividend that is payable in stock. In addition, if a significant number of our stockholders determine to sell shares of our stock in order to pay taxes owed on dividends, it may put downward pressure on the trading price of our stock.

***Failure to Qualify as a RIC***

If we fail to satisfy the 90% Income Test or the Diversification Tests for any taxable year, we may nevertheless continue to qualify as a RIC for such year if certain relief provisions are applicable (which may, among other things, require us to pay certain corporate-level U.S. federal taxes or to dispose of certain assets).

If we were unable to qualify for treatment as a RIC and the foregoing relief provisions are not applicable, we would be subject to tax on all of our taxable income at regular corporate rates. We would not be able to deduct distributions to stockholders, nor would they be required to be made. If we were subject to tax on all of our taxable income at regular corporate rates, then distributions we make after being subject to such tax would be taxable to our stockholders and, provided certain holding period and other requirements were met, could qualify for treatment as "qualified dividend income" eligible for the maximum 20% rate (plus a 3.8% Medicare surtax, if applicable) applicable to qualified dividends to the extent of our current and accumulated earnings and profits. Subject to certain limitations under the Code, corporate taxpayers would be eligible for a dividends-received deduction on distributions they receive. Distributions in excess of our current and accumulated earnings and profits would be treated first as a return of capital to the extent of the stockholder's tax basis, and any remaining distributions would be treated as a capital gain. To requalify as a RIC in a subsequent taxable year, we would be required to satisfy the RIC qualification requirements for that year and dispose of any earnings and profits from any year in which we failed to qualify as a RIC. Subject to a

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limited exception applicable to RICs that qualified as such under Subchapter M of the Code for at least one year prior to disqualification and that requalify as a RIC no later than the second year following the nonqualifying year, we could be subject to tax on any unrealized net built-in gains in the assets held by us during the period in which we failed to qualify as a RIC that are recognized within the subsequent five years, unless we made a special election to pay corporate-level U.S. federal income tax on such built-in gain at the time of our requalification as a RIC.

**Item 1A. Risk Factors**

*Investing in our securities involves a number of significant risks. In addition to the other information contained in this Annual Report on Form 10-K, you should consider carefully the following information before making an investment in our securities. The risks set out below are not the only risks we face. Additional risks and uncertainties not presently known to us or not presently deemed material by us might also impair our operations and performance. If any of the following events occur, our business, financial condition and results of operations could be materially and adversely affected. In such case, our net asset value, the trading price of our common stock and the value of our other securities could decline, and you may lose all or part of your investment.*

**RISKS RELATING TO ECONOMIC CONDITIONS**

***Deterioration in the economy and financial markets increases the likelihood of adverse effects on our financial position and results of operations. Such economic adversity could impair our portfolio companies' financial positions and operating results and affect the industries in which we invest, which could, in turn, harm our operating results.***

The broader fundamentals of the United States economy remain mixed. In the event that the United States economy contracts, it is likely that the financial results of small to mid-sized companies, like those in which we invest, could experience deterioration or limited growth from current levels, which could ultimately lead to difficulty in meeting their debt service requirements and an increase in defaults. In addition, a decline in oil and natural gas prices would adversely affect the credit quality of our debt investments and the underlying operating performance of our equity investments in energy-related businesses. Consequently, we can provide no assurance that the performance of certain portfolio companies will not be negatively impacted by economic cycles, industry cycles or other conditions, which could also have a negative impact on our future results.

Although we have been able to secure access to additional liquidity, including through our multi-year revolving credit facility (the "Credit Facility"), public debt issuances, leverage available through the SBIC program and equity offerings, the potential for volatility in the debt and equity capital markets provides no assurance that debt or equity capital will be available to us in the future on favorable terms, or at all. Further, if the price of our common stock falls below our net asset value per share, we will be limited in our ability to sell new shares if we do not have stockholder authorization to sell shares at a price below net asset value per share. We did not seek stockholder authorization to sell shares of our common stock below the then current net asset value per share of our common stock at our 2018 annual meeting of stockholders because our common stock price had been trading significantly above the net asset value per share of our common stock since 2011.

***Global capital markets could enter a period of severe disruption and instability. These conditions have historically affected and could again materially and adversely affect debt and equity capital markets in the United States, which could have a materially negative impact on our business, financial condition and results of operations.***

The U.S. and global capital markets have, from time to time, experienced periods of disruption characterized by the freezing of available credit, a lack of liquidity in the debt capital markets, significant losses in the principal value of investments, the re-pricing of credit risk in the broadly syndicated credit

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market, the failure of major financial institutions and general volatility in the financial markets. During these periods of disruption, general economic conditions deteriorated with material and adverse consequences for the broader financial and credit markets, and the availability of debt and equity capital for the market as a whole, and financial services firms in particular, was reduced significantly. These conditions may reoccur for a prolonged period of time or materially worsen in the future. In addition, continuing uncertainty arising from the United Kingdom's decision to leave the European Union (the so called "Brexit") could lead to further market disruptions and currency volatility, potentially weakening consumer, corporate and financial confidence and resulting in lower economic growth for companies that rely significantly on Europe for their business activities and revenues. We may in the future have difficulty accessing debt and equity capital markets, and a severe disruption in the global financial markets, deterioration in credit and financing conditions or uncertainty regarding U.S. government spending and deficit levels, Brexit or other global economic conditions could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations.

**RISKS RELATING TO OUR BUSINESS AND STRUCTURE**

*Our Investment Portfolio is and will continue to be recorded at fair value, with our Board of Directors having final responsibility for overseeing, reviewing and approving, in good faith, our determination of fair value and, as a result, there is and will continue to be uncertainty as to the value of our portfolio investments.*

Under the 1940 Act, we are required to carry our portfolio investments at market value or, if there is no readily available market value, at fair value as determined by us with our Board of Directors having final responsibility for overseeing, reviewing and approving, in good faith, our determination of fair value and our valuation procedures. Typically, there is not a public market for the securities of the privately held LMM or Private Loan companies in which we have invested and will generally continue to invest. As a result, we value these securities quarterly at fair value based on inputs from management, a nationally recognized independent financial advisory services firm (on a rotational basis) and our audit committee with the oversight, review and approval of our Board of Directors. In addition, the market for investments in Middle Market companies is generally not a liquid market, and therefore, we primarily use a combination of observable inputs in non-active markets for which sufficient observable inputs were not available to determine the fair value of these investments and unobservable inputs, which are reviewed by our audit committee with the oversight, review and approval of our Board of Directors. See "Note B.1. Valuation of the Investment Portfolio" in the notes to consolidated financial statements for a more detailed description of our investment portfolio valuation process and procedures.

The determination of fair value and consequently, the amount of unrealized gains and losses in our portfolio, are to a certain degree, subjective and dependent on a valuation process approved by our Board of Directors. Certain factors that may be considered in determining the fair value of our investments include external events, such as private mergers, sales and acquisitions involving comparable companies. Because such valuations, and particularly valuations of securities in privately held companies, are inherently uncertain, may fluctuate over short periods of time and may be based on estimates, our determinations of fair value may differ materially from the values that would have been used if a ready market for these securities existed. Due to this uncertainty, our fair value determinations may cause our net asset value on a given date to materially understate or overstate the value that we may ultimately realize on one or more of our investments. As a result, investors purchasing our securities based on an overstated net asset value would pay a higher price than the value of our investments might warrant. Conversely, investors selling our securities during a period in which the net asset value understates the value of our investments may receive a lower price for their securities than the value of our investments might warrant.



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***Our financial condition and results of operations depends on our ability to effectively manage and deploy capital.***

Our ability to achieve our investment objective of maximizing our portfolio's total return by generating current income from our debt investments and capital appreciation from our equity and equity-related investments, including warrants, convertible securities and other rights to acquire equity securities in a portfolio company, depends on our ability to effectively manage and deploy capital, which depends, in turn, on our investment team's ability to identify, evaluate and monitor, and our ability to finance and invest in, companies that meet our investment criteria.

Accomplishing our investment objective on a cost-effective basis is largely a function of our investment team's handling of the investment process, its ability to provide competent, attentive and efficient services and our access to investments offering acceptable terms. In addition to monitoring the performance of our existing investments, members of our investment team are also called upon, from time to time, to provide managerial assistance to some of our portfolio companies. These demands on their time may distract them or slow the rate of investment.

Even if we are able to grow and build upon our investment operations, any failure to manage our growth effectively could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, results of operations and prospects. The results of our operations will depend on many factors, including the availability of opportunities for investment, readily accessible short and long-term funding alternatives in the financial markets and economic conditions. Furthermore, if we cannot successfully operate our business or implement our investment policies and strategies as described herein, it could negatively impact our ability to pay dividends.

***We may face increasing competition for investment opportunities.***

We compete for investments with other investment funds (including private equity funds, debt funds, mezzanine funds, collateralized loan obligation funds, or CLOs, BDCs, and SBICs), as well as traditional financial services companies such as commercial banks and other sources of funding. Many of our competitors are substantially larger and have considerably greater financial, technical and marketing resources than we do. For example, some competitors may have a lower cost of capital and access to funding sources that are not available to us. In addition, some of our competitors may have higher risk tolerances or different risk assessments than we have. These characteristics could allow our competitors to consider a wider variety of investments, establish more relationships and offer better pricing and more flexible structuring than we are able to do. We may lose investment opportunities if we do not match our competitors' pricing, terms and structure. If we are forced to match our competitors' pricing, terms and structure, we may not be able to achieve acceptable returns on our investments or may bear substantial risk of capital loss. A significant part of our competitive advantage stems from the fact that the market for investments in LMM companies is underserved by traditional commercial banks and other financing sources. A significant increase in the number and/or the size of our competitors in this target market could force us to accept less attractive investment terms. Furthermore, many of our competitors are not subject to the regulatory restrictions that the 1940 Act imposes on us as a BDC.

***We are dependent upon our key investment personnel for our future success.***

We depend on the members of our investment team, particularly Dwayne L. Hyzak, David L. Magdol, Vincent D. Foster, Curtis L. Hartman, K. Colton Braud, III, Nicholas T. Meserve, Samuel A. Cashiola and Watt R. Matthews, for the identification, review, final selection, structuring, closing and monitoring of our investments. These employees have significant investment expertise and relationships that we rely on to implement our business plan. Although we have entered into a non-compete agreement with Mr. Foster and non-compete arrangements with all of our executive officers and other key employees in connection with their restricted stock grants, we have no guarantee that he or any other employees will remain employed with us. If

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we lose the services of these individuals, we may not be able to operate our business as we expect, and our ability to compete could be harmed, which could cause our operating results to suffer.

***Our success depends on attracting and retaining qualified personnel in a competitive environment.***

Our growth will require that we retain new investment and administrative personnel in a competitive market. Our ability to attract and retain personnel with the requisite credentials, experience and skills depends on several factors including, but not limited to, our ability to offer competitive wages, benefits and professional growth opportunities. Many of the entities, including investment funds (such as private equity funds, debt funds and mezzanine funds) and traditional financial services companies, with which we compete for experienced personnel have greater resources than we have.

The competitive environment for qualified personnel may require us to take certain measures to ensure that we are able to attract and retain experienced personnel. Such measures may include increasing the attractiveness of our overall compensation packages, altering the structure of our compensation packages through the use of additional forms of compensation, or other steps. The inability to attract and retain experienced personnel would have a material adverse effect on our business.

***Our business model depends to a significant extent upon strong referral relationships, and our inability to maintain or develop these relationships, as well as the failure of these relationships to generate investment opportunities, could adversely affect our business.***

We expect that members of our management team will maintain their relationships with intermediaries, financial institutions, investment bankers, commercial bankers, financial advisors, attorneys, accountants, consultants and other individuals within our network, and we will rely to a significant extent upon these relationships to provide us with potential investment opportunities. If our management team fails to maintain its existing relationships or develop new relationships with sources of investment opportunities, we will not be able to grow our Investment Portfolio. In addition, individuals with whom members of our management team have relationships are not obligated to provide us with investment opportunities, and, therefore, there is no assurance that such relationships will generate investment opportunities for us.

***Our executive officers and employees, through the External Investment Manager, may manage other investment funds, including HMS Income, that operate in the same or a related line of business as we do, which may result in significant conflicts of interest.***

Our executive officers and employees, through the External Investment Manager, may manage other investment funds that operate in the same or a related line of business as we do. Accordingly, they may have obligations to such other entities, the fulfillment of which obligations may not be in the best interests of us or our stockholders. During May 2012, we entered into an investment sub-advisory agreement with HMS Adviser, which is the investment advisor to HMS Income, a non-listed BDC, to provide certain investment advisory services to HMS Adviser. In December 2013, after obtaining required no-action relief from the SEC to allow us to own a registered investment adviser, we assigned the sub-advisory agreement to the External Investment Manager since the fees received from such arrangement could otherwise have negative consequences on our ability to meet the source-of-income requirement necessary for us to maintain our RIC tax treatment. Under the investment sub-advisory agreement, the External Investment Manager is entitled to 50% of the base management fee and the incentive fees earned by HMS Adviser under its advisory agreement with HMS Income. The sub-advisory relationship requires us to commit resources to achieving HMS Income's investment objective, while such resources were previously solely devoted to achieving our investment objective. Our investment objective and investment strategies are very similar to those of HMS Income and it is likely that an investment appropriate for us or HMS Income would be appropriate for the other entity. As a result, we and HMS Income requested an exemptive order from the SEC permitting co-investments by us and HMS Income in certain negotiated transactions where our co-investing would otherwise be prohibited under the 1940 Act. The SEC granted the exemptive order in April 2014, and we have made, and in the future intend to continue to make, such co-investments with HMS Income in

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accordance with the conditions of the order. The order requires, among other things, that we and the External Investment Manager consider whether each such investment opportunity is appropriate for HMS Income and, if it is appropriate, to propose an allocation of the investment opportunity between us and HMS Income. As a consequence, it may be more difficult for us to maintain or increase the size of our Investment Portfolio in the future. Although we will endeavor to allocate investment opportunities in a fair and equitable manner, including in accordance with the conditions set forth in the exemptive order issued by the SEC when relying on such order, we may face conflicts in allocating investment opportunities between us and HMS Income. Because the External Investment Manager may receive performance-based fee compensation from HMS Income, this may provide an incentive to allocate opportunities to HMS Income instead of us. We have implemented an allocation policy to ensure the equitable distribution of investment opportunities and, as a result, may be unable to participate in certain investments based upon such allocation policy.

***We, through the External Investment Manager, derive revenues from managing third party funds pursuant to management agreements that may be terminated pursuant to the terms of such agreements or requirements under the 1940 Act.***

The External Investment Manager earns management fees based on the assets of the funds under management and may earn incentive fees, or a carried interest, based on the performance of the funds managed, including HMS Income. The terms of fund investment management agreements generally give the manager of the fund and the fund itself the right to terminate the management agreement in certain circumstances. With respect to funds that are not exempt from regulation under the 1940 Act, the fund's investment management agreement must be approved annually by (a) such fund's board of directors or by the vote of a majority of such fund's stockholders and (b) the majority of the independent members of such fund's board of directors and, in certain cases, by its stockholders, as required by law. The funds' investment management agreements can also be terminated by the majority of such fund's stockholders. Termination of any such management agreements would reduce the fees we earn from the relevant funds through the External Investment Manager, which could have a material adverse effect on our results of operations. Currently, HMS Income, an investment company that has elected to be regulated as a business development company under the 1940 Act, is subject to these provisions of the 1940 Act.

***Regulations governing our operation as a BDC will affect our ability to, and the way in which we, raise additional capital.***

Our business will require capital to operate and grow. We may acquire such additional capital from the following sources:

*Senior Securities.* We may issue debt securities or preferred stock and/or borrow money from banks or other financial institutions, which we refer to collectively as senior securities. As a result of issuing senior securities, we will be exposed to additional risks, including the following:

Under the provisions of the 1940 Act, we are permitted, as a BDC, to issue senior securities only in amounts such that our asset coverage, as defined in the 1940 Act, equals at least 200% (or 150% if certain requirements are met) immediately after each issuance of senior securities. We have received exemptive relief from the SEC to permit us to exclude the SBA-guaranteed debentures of the Funds from our asset coverage test under the 1940 Act. If the value of our assets declines, we may be unable to satisfy this test. If that happens, we will be prohibited from issuing debt securities or preferred stock and/or borrowing money from banks or other financial institutions and may not be permitted to declare a dividend or make any distribution to stockholders or repurchase shares until such time as we satisfy this test.

Any amounts that we use to service our debt or make payments on preferred stock will not be available for dividends to our common stockholders.

It is likely that any senior securities or other indebtedness we issue will be governed by an indenture or other instrument containing covenants restricting our operating flexibility.

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Additionally, some of these securities or other indebtedness may be rated by rating agencies, and in obtaining a rating for such securities and other indebtedness, we may be required to abide by operating and investment guidelines that further restrict operating and financial flexibility.

We and, indirectly, our stockholders will bear the cost of issuing and servicing such securities and other indebtedness.

Preferred stock or any convertible or exchangeable securities that we issue in the future may have rights, preferences and privileges more favorable than those of our common stock, including separate voting rights and could delay or prevent a transaction or a change in control to the detriment of the holders of our common stock.

Any unsecured debt issued by us would rank (i) *pari passu* with our current and future unsecured indebtedness and effectively subordinated to all of our existing and future secured indebtedness, to the extent of the value of the assets securing such indebtedness, and (ii) structurally subordinated to all existing and future indebtedness and other obligations of any of our subsidiaries, including the SBA-guaranteed debentures issued by the Funds.

*Additional Common Stock.* The 1940 Act prohibits us from selling shares of our common stock at a price below the current net asset value per share of such stock, with certain exceptions. One such exception is prior stockholder approval of issuances below current net asset value per share provided that our Board of Directors makes certain determinations. We did not seek stockholder authorization to sell shares of our common stock below the then current net asset value per share of our common stock at our 2018 annual meeting of stockholders because our common stock price had been trading significantly above the net asset value per share of our common stock since 2011. We may, however, sell our common stock, warrants, options or rights to acquire our common stock, at a price below the current net asset value of the common stock if our Board of Directors determines that such sale is in the best interests of our stockholders, and our stockholders approve such sale. See "Stockholders may incur dilution if we sell shares of our common stock in one or more offerings at prices below the then current net asset value per share of our common stock or issue securities to subscribe to, convert to or purchase shares of our common stock" for a discussion of the risks related to us issuing shares of our common stock below net asset value. Our stockholders have authorized us to issue warrants, options or rights to subscribe for, convert to, or purchase shares of our common stock at a price per share below the net asset value per share, subject to the applicable requirements of the 1940 Act. There is no expiration date on our ability to issue such warrants, options, rights or convertible securities based on this stockholder approval. If we raise additional funds by issuing more common stock or senior securities convertible into, or exchangeable for, our common stock, the percentage ownership of our stockholders at that time would decrease, and they may experience dilution. Moreover, we can offer no assurance that we will be able to issue and sell additional equity securities in the future, on favorable terms or at all.

***The Funds are licensed by the SBA, and therefore subject to SBA regulations.***

The Funds, our wholly owned subsidiaries, are licensed to act as SBICs and are regulated by the SBA. The SBA also places certain limitations on the financing terms of investments by SBICs in portfolio companies and prohibits SBICs from providing funds for certain purposes or to businesses in a few prohibited industries. Compliance with SBA requirements may cause the Funds to forego attractive investment opportunities that are not permitted under SBA regulations.

Further, the SBA regulations require, among other things, that a licensed SBIC be periodically examined by the SBA and audited by an independent auditor, in each case to determine the SBIC's compliance with the relevant SBA regulations. The SBA prohibits, without prior SBA approval, a "change of control" of an SBIC or transfers that would result in any person (or a group of persons acting in concert) owning 10% or more of a class of capital stock of a licensed SBIC. If the Funds fail to comply with applicable SBIC regulations, the SBA could, depending on the severity of the violation, limit or prohibit their use of SBIC debentures, declare outstanding SBIC debentures immediately due and payable, and/or limit them from making new investments.

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In addition, the SBA can revoke or suspend a license for willful or repeated violation of, or willful or repeated failure to observe, any provision of the Small Business Investment Act of 1958 or any rule or regulation promulgated thereunder. Such actions by the SBA would, in turn, negatively affect us.

***Because we borrow money, the potential for gain or loss on amounts invested in us is magnified and may increase the risk of investing in us.***

Borrowings, also known as leverage, magnify the potential for loss on investments in our indebtedness and gain or loss on investments in our equity capital. As we use leverage to partially finance our investments, you will experience increased risks of investing in our securities. We, through the Funds, issue debt securities guaranteed by the SBA and sold in the capital markets. As a result of its guarantee of the debt securities, the SBA has fixed dollar claims on the assets of the Funds that are superior to the claims of our securities holders. We may also borrow from banks and other lenders, including under our Credit Facility, and may issue debt securities or enter into other types of borrowing arrangements in the future. See "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations – Liquidity and Capital Resources Capital Resources" for a discussion regarding our outstanding indebtedness. If the value of our assets decreases, leveraging would cause net asset value to decline more sharply than it otherwise would have had we not leveraged our business. Similarly, any decrease in our income would cause net investment income to decline more sharply than it would have had we not leveraged our business. Such a decline could negatively affect our ability to pay common stock dividends, scheduled debt payments or other payments related to our securities. Use of leverage is generally considered a speculative investment technique.

As of December 31, 2018, we, through the Funds, had \$345.8 million of outstanding indebtedness guaranteed by the SBA, which had a weighted-average annualized interest cost of approximately 3.7%. The debentures guaranteed by the SBA have a maturity of ten years, with a current weighted-average remaining maturity of 5.6 years as of December 31, 2018, and require semiannual payments of interest. We will need to generate sufficient cash flow to make required interest payments on the debentures. If we are unable to meet the financial obligations under the debentures, the SBA, as a creditor, will have a superior claim to the assets of the Funds over our securities holders in the event we liquidate or the SBA exercises its remedies under such debentures as the result of a default by us.

In addition, as of December 31, 2018, we had \$301.0 million outstanding under our Credit Facility. Borrowings under the Credit Facility bear interest, subject to our election, on a per annum basis at a rate equal to the applicable LIBOR rate (2.5% as of December 31, 2018) plus (i) 1.875% (or the applicable base rate (Prime Rate of 5.5% as of December 31, 2018) plus 0.875%), as long as we meet certain agreed upon excess collateral and maximum leverage requirements or (ii) 2.0% (or the applicable base rate plus 1.0%) otherwise. We pay unused commitment fees of 0.25% per annum on the unused lender commitments under the Credit Facility. If we are unable to meet the financial obligations under the Credit Facility, the Credit Facility lending group will have a superior claim to the assets of MSCC and its subsidiaries (excluding the assets of the Funds) over our stockholders in the event we liquidate or the lending group exercises its remedies under the Credit Facility as the result of a default by us.

In April 2013, we issued \$92.0 million, including the underwriters' full exercise of their over-allotment option, in aggregate principal amount of the 6.125% Notes (the "6.125% Notes"). The 6.125% Notes bore interest at a rate of 6.125% per year payable quarterly on January 1, April 1, July 1 and October 1 of each year. The total net proceeds to us from the 6.125% Notes, after underwriting discounts and estimated offering expenses payable, were approximately \$89.0 million. On April 2, 2018, we redeemed the entire principal amount of the issued and outstanding 6.125% Notes effective April 1, 2018 (the "Redemption Date"). The 6.125% Notes were redeemed at par value, plus the accrued and unpaid interest thereon from January 1, 2018, through, but excluding, the Redemption Date. As part of the redemption, we recognized a realized loss on extinguishment of debt of \$1.5 million in the second quarter of 2018 related to the write-off of the related unamortized deferred financing costs.

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In November 2014, we issued \$175.0 million in aggregate principal amount of 4.50% unsecured notes due 2019 (the "4.50% Notes due 2019") at an issue price of 99.53%. As of December 31, 2018, the outstanding balance of the 4.50% Notes due 2019 was \$175.0 million. The 4.50% Notes due 2019 are unsecured obligations and rank pari passu with our current and future unsecured indebtedness; senior to any of our future indebtedness that expressly provides it is subordinated to the 4.50% Notes due 2019; effectively subordinated to all of our existing and future secured indebtedness, to the extent of the value of the assets securing such indebtedness, including borrowings under our Credit Facility; and structurally subordinated to all existing and future indebtedness and other obligations of any of our subsidiaries, including without limitation, the indebtedness of the Funds. The 4.50% Notes due 2019 mature on December 1, 2019, and may be redeemed in whole or in part at any time at our option subject to certain make-whole provisions.

In November 2017, we issued \$185.0 million in aggregate principal amount of 4.50% unsecured notes due 2022 (the "4.50% Notes due 2022," together with the 4.50% Notes due 2019, the "Notes") at an issue price of 99.16%. As of December 31, 2018, the outstanding balance of the 4.50% Notes due 2022 was \$185.0 million. The 4.50% Notes due 2022 are unsecured obligations and rank pari passu with our current and future unsecured indebtedness; senior to any of our future indebtedness that expressly provides it is subordinated to the 4.50% Notes due 2022; effectively subordinated to all of our existing and future secured indebtedness, to the extent of the value of the assets securing such indebtedness, including borrowings under our Credit Facility; and structurally subordinated to all existing and future indebtedness and other obligations of any of our subsidiaries, including without limitation, the indebtedness of the Funds. The 4.50% Notes due 2022 mature on December 1, 2022, and may be redeemed in whole or in part at any time at our option subject to certain make-whole provisions.

*Illustration.* The following table illustrates the effect of leverage on returns from an investment in our common stock assuming various annual returns, net of expenses. The calculations in the table below are hypothetical and actual returns may be higher or lower than those appearing below.

#### Assumed Return on Our Portfolio(1) (net of expenses)

	(10.0)%	(5.0)%	0.0%	5.0%	10.0%
Corresponding net return to common stockholder(2)	(20.2)%	(11.5)%	(2.9)%	5.8%	14.4%

- (1) Assumes \$2,553.4 million in total assets, \$1,006.8 million in debt outstanding, \$1,476.0 million in net assets, and a weighted-average interest rate of 4.2%. Actual interest payments may be different.
- (2) In order for us to cover our annual interest payments on indebtedness, we must achieve annual returns on our December 31, 2018 total assets of at least 1.7%.

Our ability to achieve our investment objective may depend in part on our ability to access additional leverage on favorable terms by issuing debentures guaranteed by the SBA through the Funds, by borrowing from banks or insurance companies or by issuing other debt securities and there can be no assurance that such additional leverage can in fact be achieved.

***All of our assets are subject to security interests under our secured Credit Facility or subject to a superior claim over our stockholders by the SBA and if we default on our obligations under the Credit Facility or with respect to our SBA-guaranteed debentures, we may suffer adverse consequences, including foreclosure on our assets.***

Substantially all of our assets are currently pledged as collateral under our Credit Facility or are subject to a superior claim over our stockholders by the SBA. If we default on our obligations under the Credit Facility or our SBA-guaranteed debentures, the lenders and/or the SBA may have the right to foreclose upon and sell, or otherwise transfer, the collateral subject to their security interests or their superior claim. In such event, we may be forced to sell our investments to raise funds to repay our outstanding borrowings in order to

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avoid foreclosure and these forced sales may be at times and at prices we would not consider advantageous. Moreover, such deleveraging of our company could significantly impair our ability to effectively operate our business in the manner in which we have historically operated. As a result, we could be forced to curtail or cease new investment activities and lower or eliminate the dividends that we have historically paid to our stockholders. In addition, if the lenders exercise their right to sell the assets pledged under our Credit Facility, such sales may be completed at distressed sale prices, thereby diminishing or potentially eliminating the amount of cash available to us after repayment of the amounts outstanding under the Credit Facility.

***Recent legislation may allow us to incur additional leverage.***

The 1940 Act generally prohibits us from incurring indebtedness unless immediately after such borrowing we have an asset coverage for total borrowings of at least 200% (i.e., the amount of debt may not exceed 50% of the value of our assets). However, legislation passed in March 2018 has modified the 1940 Act by allowing a BDC to increase the maximum amount of leverage it may incur by lowering the required asset coverage ratio of 200% to an asset coverage ratio of 150% (i.e., the amount of debt may not exceed 66<sup>2</sup>/<sub>3</sub>% of the value of our assets), if certain requirements are met. Under the legislation, we are allowed to increase our leverage capacity if stockholders representing at least a majority of the votes cast, when a quorum is met, approve a proposal to do so. If we receive stockholder approval, we would be allowed to increase our leverage capacity on the first day after such approval. Alternatively, the legislation allows a "required majority" (as defined in Section 57(o) of the 1940 Act) of the members of our board of directors to approve an increase in our leverage capacity, and such approval would become effective after one year from the date of approval. In either case, we would be required to make certain disclosures on our website and in SEC filings regarding, among other things, the receipt of approval to increase our leverage, our leverage capacity and usage, and risks related to leverage. As a result of this legislation, we may be able to increase our leverage up to an amount that reduces our asset coverage ratio from 200% to 150% (i.e., the amount of debt may not exceed 66<sup>2</sup>/<sub>3</sub>% of the value of our assets). See "Risk Factors – Risks Relating to Our Business and Structure – Because we borrow money, the potential for gain or loss on amounts invested in us is magnified and may increase the risk of investing in us" for a discussion of the risks associated with leverage.

***Further downgrades of the U.S. credit rating, automatic spending cuts or another government shutdown could negatively impact our liquidity, financial condition and earnings.***

Recent U.S. debt ceiling and budget deficit concerns have increased the possibility of additional credit-rating downgrades and economic slowdowns, or a recession in the U.S. Although U.S. lawmakers passed legislation to raise the federal debt ceiling on multiple occasions, ratings agencies have lowered or threatened to lower the long-term sovereign credit rating on the United States. The impact of this or any further downgrades to the U.S. government's sovereign credit rating or its perceived creditworthiness could adversely affect the U.S. and global financial markets and economic conditions. Absent further quantitative easing by the Federal Reserve, these developments could cause interest rates and borrowing costs to rise, which may negatively impact our ability to access the debt markets on favorable terms. In addition, disagreement over the federal budget has caused the U.S. federal government to shut down for periods of time. Continued adverse political and economic conditions could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations.

***The interest rates of our floating-rate loans to our portfolio companies that extend beyond 2021 might be subject to change based on recent regulatory changes***

LIBOR is the basic rate of interest used in lending transactions between banks on the London interbank market and is widely used as a reference for setting the interest rate on loans globally. We typically use LIBOR as a reference rate in floating-rate loans we extend to portfolio companies such that the interest due to us pursuant to a term loan extended to a portfolio company is calculated using LIBOR. The terms of our debt investments generally include minimum interest rate floors which are calculated based on LIBOR.

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On July 27, 2017, the United Kingdom's Financial Conduct Authority, which regulates LIBOR, announced that it intends to phase out LIBOR by the end of 2021. It is unclear if at that time whether LIBOR will cease to exist or if new methods of calculating LIBOR will be established such that it continues to exist after 2021. As such, the potential effect of any such event on our net investment income cannot yet be determined. The U.S. Federal Reserve, in conjunction with the Alternative Reference Rates Committee, a steering committee comprised of large U.S. financial institutions, is considering replacing U.S. dollar LIBOR with a new index calculated by short term repurchase agreements, backed by Treasury securities. If LIBOR ceases to exist, we may need to renegotiate the credit agreements extending beyond 2021 with our portfolio companies that utilize LIBOR as a factor in determining the interest rate to replace LIBOR with the new standard that is established. In addition, any further changes or reforms to the determination or supervision of LIBOR may result in a sudden or prolonged increase or decrease in reported LIBOR, which could have an adverse impact on the market value for or value of any LIBOR-linked securities, loans and other financial obligations or extensions of credit held by or due to us and could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations.

***We may experience fluctuations in our operating results.***

We could experience fluctuations in our operating results due to a number of factors, including our ability or inability to make investments in companies that meet our investment criteria, the interest rate payable on the debt securities we acquire, the level of portfolio dividend and fee income, the level of our expenses, variations in and the timing of the recognition of realized and unrealized gains or losses, the degree to which we encounter competition in our markets and general economic conditions. As a result of these factors, operating results for any period should not be relied upon as being indicative of performance in future periods.

***Our Board of Directors may change our operating policies and strategies without prior notice or stockholder approval, the effects of which may be adverse.***

Our Board of Directors has the authority to modify or waive our current operating policies, investment criteria and strategies without prior notice and without stockholder approval. We cannot predict the effect any changes to our current operating policies, investment criteria and strategies would have on our business, net asset value, operating results and value of our stock. However, the effects might be adverse, which could negatively impact our ability to pay interest and principal payments to holders of our debt instruments and dividends to our stockholders and cause our investors to lose all or part of their investment in us.

***We will be subject to corporate-level U.S. federal income tax if we are unable to qualify as a RIC under Subchapter M of the Code.***

To maintain RIC tax treatment under the Code, we must meet the following annual distribution, income source and asset diversification requirements:

The Annual Distribution Requirement for a RIC will be satisfied if we distribute to our stockholders on an annual basis at least 90% of our net ordinary taxable income and realized net short-term capital gains in excess of realized net long-term capital losses, if any. Depending on the level of taxable income earned in a tax year, we may choose to carry forward taxable income in excess of current year distributions into the next tax year and pay a 4% U.S. federal excise tax on such income. Any such carryover taxable income must be distributed through a dividend declared prior to filing the final tax return related to the year which generated such taxable income. For more information regarding tax treatment, see "Business Regulation Taxation as a Regulated Investment Company." Because we use debt financing, we are subject to certain asset coverage ratio requirements under the 1940 Act and are (and may in the future become) subject to certain financial covenants under loan and credit agreements that could, under certain circumstances, restrict us from making distributions necessary to satisfy the distribution requirement. In addition, because we receive non-cash sources of income such as PIK interest which involves us recognizing taxable income without receiving the cash representing



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such income, we may have difficulty meeting the distribution requirement. If we are unable to obtain cash from other sources, we could fail to qualify for RIC tax treatment and thus become subject to corporate-level U.S. federal income tax.

The source-of-income requirement will be satisfied if we obtain at least 90% of our gross income for each year from distributions, interest, gains from the sale of stock or securities or similar sources.

The asset diversification requirement will be satisfied if we meet certain asset diversification requirements at the end of each quarter of our taxable year. To satisfy this requirement, at least 50% of the value of our assets must consist of cash, cash equivalents, U.S. government securities, securities of other RICs, and other acceptable securities; and no more than 25% of the value of our assets can be invested in the securities, other than U.S. government securities or securities of other RICs, (i) of one issuer, (ii) of two or more issuers that are controlled, as determined under applicable Code rules, by us and that are engaged in the same or similar or related trades or businesses or (iii) of certain "qualified publicly traded partnerships."

Failure to meet these requirements may result in our having to dispose of certain investments quickly in order to prevent the loss of RIC status. Because most of our investments are in privately held companies, and therefore illiquid, any such dispositions could be made at disadvantageous prices and could result in substantial losses. Moreover, if we fail to maintain RIC tax treatment for any reason and are subject to corporate income tax, the resulting corporate taxes could substantially reduce our net assets, the amount of income available for distribution and the amount of our distributions.

***We may not be able to pay distributions to our stockholders, our distributions may not grow over time, and a portion of distributions paid to our stockholders may be a return of capital, which is a distribution of the stockholders' invested capital.***

We intend to pay distributions to our stockholders out of assets legally available for distribution. We cannot assure you that we will achieve investment results that will allow us to pay a specified level of cash distributions, previously projected distributions for future periods, or year-to-year increases in cash distributions. Our ability to pay distributions might be adversely affected by, among other things, the impact of one or more of the risk factors described herein. In addition, the inability to satisfy the asset coverage test applicable to us as a BDC could limit our ability to pay distributions. All distributions will be paid at the discretion of our Board of Directors and will depend on our earnings, our financial condition, maintenance of our RIC status, compliance with applicable BDC regulations, compliance with our debt covenants, each of the Funds' compliance with applicable SBIC regulations and such other factors as our Board of Directors may deem relevant from time to time. We cannot assure you that we will pay distributions to our stockholders in the future.

When we make distributions, we will be required to determine the extent to which such distributions are paid out of current or accumulated taxable earnings, recognized capital gains or capital. To the extent there is a return of capital, investors will be required to reduce their basis in our stock for U.S. federal income tax purposes, which may result in higher tax liability when the shares are sold, even if they have not increased in value or have lost value. In addition, any return of capital will be net of any sales load and offering expenses associated with sales of shares of our common stock. In the future, our distributions may include a return of capital.

***We may have difficulty paying the distributions required to maintain RIC tax treatment under the Code if we recognize income before or without receiving cash representing such income.***

We will include in income certain amounts that we have not yet received in cash, such as: (i) amortization of original issue discount, which may arise if we receive warrants in connection with the origination of a loan such that ascribing a value to the warrants creates original issue discount in the debt instrument, if we invest in a debt investment at a discount to the par value of the debt security or possibly in other circumstances; (ii) contractual payment-in-kind, or PIK, interest, which represents contractual interest

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added to the loan balance and due at the end of the loan term; (iii) contractual preferred dividends, which represents contractual dividends added to the preferred stock and due at the end of the preferred stock term, subject to adequate profitability at the portfolio company; or (iv) amortization of market discount, which is associated with loans purchased in the secondary market at a discount to par value. Such amortization of original issue discounts, increases in loan balances as a result of contractual PIK arrangements, cumulative preferred dividends, or amortization of market discount will be included in income before we receive the corresponding cash payments. We also may be required to include in income certain other amounts before we receive such amounts in cash. Investments structured with these features may represent a higher level of credit risk compared to investments generating income which must be paid in cash on a current basis. For the year ended December 31, 2018, (i) approximately 1.0% of our total investment income was attributable to PIK income not paid currently in cash, (ii) approximately 0.5% of our total investment income was attributable to amortization of original issue discount, (iii) approximately 1.0% of our total investment income was attributable to cumulative dividend income not paid currently in cash, and (iv) approximately 2.5% of our total investment income was attributable to amortization of market discount on loans purchased in the secondary market at a discount.

Since, in certain cases, we may recognize taxable income before or without receiving cash representing such income, we may have difficulty meeting the Annual Distribution Requirement necessary to maintain RIC tax treatment under the Code. Accordingly, we may have to sell some of our investments at times and/or at prices we would not consider advantageous, raise additional debt or equity capital or forgo new investment opportunities for this purpose. If we are not able to obtain cash from other sources, we may fail to qualify for RIC tax treatment and thus become subject to corporate-level U.S. federal income tax. For additional discussion regarding the tax implications of a RIC, please see "Business Regulation Taxation as a Regulated Investment Company."

***We may in the future choose to pay dividends in our own stock, in which case you may be required to pay tax in excess of the cash you receive.***

We may distribute taxable dividends that are payable in part in our stock. Under certain applicable provisions of the Code and the Treasury regulations, distributions payable by us in cash or in shares of stock (at the stockholders election) would satisfy the Annual Distribution Requirement. The Internal Revenue Service has issued guidance providing that a dividend payable in stock or in cash at the election of the stockholders will be treated as a taxable dividend eligible for the dividends paid deduction provided that at least 20% of the total dividend is payable in cash and certain other requirements are satisfied. Taxable stockholders receiving such dividends will be required to include the full amount of the dividend as ordinary income (or as long-term capital gain to the extent such dividend is properly reported as a capital gain dividend) to the extent of our current and accumulated earnings and profits for U.S. federal income tax purposes. As a result, a U.S. stockholder may be required to pay tax with respect to such dividends in excess of any cash received. If a U.S. stockholder sells the stock it receives as a dividend in order to pay this tax, the sales proceeds may be less than the amount included in income with respect to the dividend, depending on the market price of our stock at the time of the sale. Furthermore, with respect to non-U.S. stockholders, we may be required to withhold U.S. tax with respect to such dividends, including in respect of all or a portion of such dividend that is payable in stock. In addition, if a significant number of our stockholders determine to sell shares of our stock in order to pay taxes owed on dividends, it may put downward pressure on the trading price of our stock.

***Each of the Funds, as an SBIC, may be unable to make distributions to us that will enable us to meet or maintain RIC status, which could result in the imposition of an entity-level tax.***

In order for us to continue to qualify for RIC tax treatment and to minimize corporate-level U.S. federal taxes, we will be required to distribute substantially all of our net ordinary taxable income and net capital gain income, including taxable income from certain of our subsidiaries, which includes the income from the Funds. We will be partially dependent on the Funds for cash distributions to enable us to meet the RIC

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distribution requirements. The Funds may be limited by SBIC regulations from making certain distributions to us that may be necessary to enable us to maintain our status as a RIC. We may have to request a waiver of the SBA's restrictions for the Funds to make certain distributions to maintain our eligibility for RIC status. We cannot assure you that the SBA will grant such waiver and if the Funds are unable to obtain a waiver, compliance with the SBIC regulations may result in loss of RIC tax treatment and a consequent imposition of an entity-level tax on us.

***Because we intend to distribute substantially all of our taxable income to our stockholders to maintain our status as a RIC, we will continue to need additional capital to finance our growth, and regulations governing our operation as a BDC will affect our ability to, and the way in which we, raise additional capital and make distributions.***

In order to satisfy the requirements applicable to a RIC and to minimize corporate-level U.S. federal taxes, we intend to distribute to our stockholders substantially all of our net ordinary taxable income and net capital gain income. We may carry forward excess undistributed taxable income into the next year, net of the 4% U.S. federal excise tax. Any such carryover taxable income must be distributed through a dividend declared prior to filing the final tax return related to the year which generated such taxable income. As a BDC, we generally are required to meet an asset coverage ratio, as defined in the 1940 Act, of at least 200% (or 150% if certain requirements are met) immediately after each issuance of senior securities. This requirement limits the amount that we may borrow and may prohibit us from making distributions. Because we will continue to need capital to grow our Investment Portfolio, this limitation may prevent us from incurring debt and require us to raise additional equity at a time when it may be disadvantageous to do so.

While we expect to be able to borrow and to issue additional debt and equity securities, we cannot assure you that debt and equity financing will be available to us on favorable terms, or at all. In addition, as a BDC, we generally are not permitted to issue equity securities priced below net asset value without stockholder approval. If additional funds are not available to us, we could be forced to curtail or cease new investment activities, and our net asset value could decline.

***Stockholders may incur dilution if we sell shares of our common stock in one or more offerings at prices below the then current net asset value per share of our common stock or issue securities to subscribe to, convert to or purchase shares of our common stock.***

The 1940 Act prohibits us from selling shares of our common stock at a price below the current net asset value per share of such stock, with certain exceptions. One such exception is prior stockholder approval of issuances below net asset value provided that our Board of Directors makes certain determinations. We did not seek stockholder authorization to sell shares of our common stock below the then current net asset value per share of our common stock at our 2018 annual meeting of stockholders because our common stock price per share had been trading significantly above the net asset value per share of our common stock. We may, however, seek such authorization at future annual or special meetings of stockholders. Our stockholders have previously approved a proposal to authorize us to issue securities to subscribe to, convert to, or purchase shares of our common stock in one or more offerings. Any decision to sell shares of our common stock below the then current net asset value per share of our common stock or securities to subscribe to, convert to, or purchase shares of our common stock would be subject to the determination by our Board of Directors that such issuance is in our and our stockholders' best interests.

If we were to sell shares of our common stock below net asset value per share, such sales would result in an immediate dilution to the net asset value per share. This dilution would occur as a result of the sale of shares at a price below the then current net asset value per share of our common stock and a proportionately greater decrease in a stockholder's interest in our earnings and assets and voting interest in us than the increase in our assets resulting from such issuance. In addition, if we issue securities to subscribe to, convert to or purchase shares of common stock, the exercise or conversion of such securities would increase the number of outstanding shares of our common stock. Any such exercise would be dilutive on the voting power

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of existing stockholders, and could be dilutive with regard to dividends and our net asset value, and other economic aspects of the common stock.

Because the number of shares of common stock that could be so issued and the timing of any issuance is not currently known, the actual dilutive effect cannot be predicted; however, the example below illustrates the effect of dilution to existing stockholders resulting from the sale of common stock at prices below the net asset value of such shares.

*Illustration: Example of Dilutive Effect of the Issuance of Shares Below Net Asset Value.* Assume that Company XYZ has 1,000,000 total shares outstanding, \$15,000,000 in total assets and \$5,000,000 in total liabilities. The net asset value per share of the common stock of Company XYZ is \$10.00. The following table illustrates the reduction to net asset value, or NAV, and the dilution experienced by Stockholder A following the sale of 40,000 shares of the common stock of Company XYZ at \$9.50 per share, a price below its NAV per share.

	Prior to Sale Below NAV	Following Sale Below NAV	Percentage Change
<b><i>Reduction to NAV</i></b>			
Total Shares Outstanding	1,000,000	1,040,000	4.0%
NAV per share	\$ 10.00	\$ 9.98	(0.2)%
<b><i>Dilution to Existing Stockholder</i></b>			
Shares Held by Stockholder A	10,000	10,000(1)	0.0%
Percentage Held by Stockholder A	1.00%	0.96%	(3.8)%
Total Interest of Stockholder A in NAV	\$ 100,000	\$ 99,808	(0.2)%

(1)

Assumes that Stockholder A does not purchase additional shares in the sale of shares below NAV.

***Changes in laws or regulations governing our operations may adversely affect our business or cause us to alter our business strategy.***

We, the Funds, and our portfolio companies are subject to applicable local, state and federal laws and regulations. New legislation may be enacted or new interpretations, rulings or regulations could be adopted, including those governing the types of investments we are permitted to make, any of which could harm us and our stockholders, potentially with retroactive effect. In addition, any change to the SBA's current debenture SBIC program could have a significant impact on our ability to obtain lower-cost leverage through the Funds, and therefore, our ability to compete with other finance companies.

Additionally, any changes to the laws and regulations governing our operations relating to permitted investments may cause us to alter our investment strategy in order to avail ourselves of new or different opportunities. Such changes could result in material differences to the strategies and plans set forth herein and may result in our investment focus shifting from the areas of expertise of our investment team to other types of investments in which our investment team may have less expertise or little or no experience. Thus, any such changes, if they occur, could have a material adverse effect on our results of operations and the value of your investment.

***The Tax Cuts and Jobs Act could have a negative effect on us, our subsidiaries, our portfolio companies and the holders of our securities.***

On December 20, 2017, the U.S. House of Representatives and the U.S. Senate each voted to approve H.R. 1 (the "Tax Cuts and Jobs Act") and, on December 22, 2017, President Trump signed the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act into law. The Tax Cuts and Jobs Act made significant changes to the U.S. federal income tax rules applicable to both individuals and entities, including corporations. The Tax Cuts and Jobs Act includes provisions that, among other things, reduce the U.S. corporate tax rate, introduce a capital investment deduction, limit the interest deduction, limit the use of net operating losses to offset future taxable income

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and make extensive changes to the U.S. international tax system. Treasury and the Internal Revenue Service continue to release guidance in the form of regulations providing rules for implementation and interpretation of the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act provisions. Uncertainty remains regarding significant provisions of the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act while some of the Treasury regulations and guidance remain in proposed form. Accordingly, we cannot predict any additional future impact the enactment of such legislation will have on us, our subsidiaries, our portfolio companies and the holders of our securities.

***Terrorist attacks, acts of war or natural disasters may affect any market for our securities, impact the businesses in which we invest and harm our business, operating results and financial condition.***

Terrorist acts, acts of war or natural disasters may disrupt our operations, as well as the operations of the businesses in which we invest. Such acts have created, and continue to create, economic and political uncertainties and have contributed to global economic instability. Future terrorist activities, military or security operations, or natural disasters could further weaken the domestic/global economies and create additional uncertainties, which may negatively impact the businesses in which we invest directly or indirectly and, in turn, could have a material adverse impact on our business, operating results and financial condition. Losses from terrorist attacks and natural disasters are generally uninsurable.

***We are highly dependent on information systems and systems failures could significantly disrupt our business, which may, in turn, negatively affect the market price of our common stock and our ability to pay dividends.***

Our business is highly dependent on our and third parties' communications and information systems. Any failure or interruption of those systems, including as a result of the termination of an agreement with any third-party service providers, could cause delays or other problems in our activities. Our financial, accounting, data processing, backup or other operating systems and facilities may fail to operate properly or become disabled or damaged as a result of a number of factors including events that are wholly or partially beyond our control and adversely affect our business. There could be:

sudden electrical or telecommunications outages;

natural disasters such as earthquakes, tornadoes and hurricanes;

events arising from local or larger scale political or social matters, including terrorist acts; and

cyber attacks.

***The failure in cyber security systems, as well as the occurrence of events unanticipated in our disaster recovery systems and management continuity planning could impair our ability to conduct business effectively.***

The occurrence of a disaster such as a cyber-attack, a natural catastrophe, an industrial accident, a terrorist attack or war, events unanticipated in our disaster recovery systems, or a support failure from external providers, could have an adverse effect on our ability to conduct business and on our results of operations and financial condition, particularly if those events affect our computer-based data processing, transmission, storage, and retrieval systems or destroy data. If a significant number of our managers were unavailable in the event of a disaster, our ability to effectively conduct our business could be severely compromised.

We depend heavily upon computer systems to perform necessary business functions. Despite our implementation of a variety of security measures, our computer systems could be subject to cyber-attacks and unauthorized access, such as physical and electronic break-ins or unauthorized tampering. Like other companies, we may experience threats to our data and systems, including malware and computer virus attacks, unauthorized access, system failures and disruptions. If one or more of these events occurs, it could potentially jeopardize the confidential, proprietary and other information processed and stored in, and transmitted through, our computer systems and networks, or otherwise cause interruptions or malfunctions in

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our operations, which could result in damage to our reputation, financial losses, litigation, increased costs, regulatory penalties and/or customer dissatisfaction or loss.

**RISKS RELATED TO OUR INVESTMENTS**

*Our investments in portfolio companies involve higher levels of risk, and we could lose all or part of our investment.*

Investing in our portfolio companies exposes us indirectly to a number of significant risks. Among other things, these companies:

may have limited financial resources and may be unable to meet their obligations under their debt instruments that we hold, which may be accompanied by a deterioration in the value of any collateral and a reduction in the likelihood of us realizing any guarantees from subsidiaries or affiliates of our portfolio companies that we may have obtained in connection with our investment, as well as a corresponding decrease in the value of the equity components of our investments;

may have shorter operating histories, narrower product lines, smaller market shares and/or significant customer concentrations than larger businesses, which tend to render them more vulnerable to competitors' actions and market conditions, as well as general economic downturns;

are more likely to depend on the management talents and efforts of a small group of persons; therefore, the death, disability, resignation, termination or significant under-performance of one or more of these persons could have a material adverse impact on our portfolio company and, in turn, on us;

generally have less predictable operating results, may from time to time be parties to litigation, may be engaged in rapidly changing businesses with products subject to a substantial risk of obsolescence, and may require substantial additional capital to support their operations, finance expansion or maintain their competitive position; and

generally have less publicly available information about their businesses, operations and financial condition. We are required to rely on the ability of our management team and investment professionals to obtain adequate information to evaluate the potential returns from investing in these companies. If we are unable to uncover all material information about these companies, we may not make a fully informed investment decision, and may lose all or part of our investment.

In addition, in the course of providing significant managerial assistance to certain of our portfolio companies, certain of our officers and directors may serve as directors on the boards of such companies. To the extent that litigation arises out of our investments in these companies, our officers and directors may be named as defendants in such litigation, which could result in an expenditure of funds (through our indemnification of such officers and directors) and the diversion of management time and resources.

*A decline in oil and natural gas prices could have a material adverse effect on us.*

A decline in oil and natural gas prices could adversely affect (i) the credit quality of our debt investments and (ii) the underlying operating performance of our equity investments in energy-related businesses and in portfolio companies located in geographic areas which are more sensitive to the health of the oil and gas industries. A decrease in credit quality and the operating performance would, in turn, negatively affect the fair value of these investments, which would consequently negatively affect our net asset value. Should a decline in oil and natural gas prices persist for an extended period of time, it is likely that the ability of these investments to satisfy financial or operating covenants imposed by us or other lenders will be adversely affected, thereby negatively impacting their financial condition and their ability to satisfy their debt service and other obligations to us. Likewise, should a decline in oil and natural gas prices persist, it is likely that our energy-related portfolio companies' and other affected companies' cash flow and profit generating

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capacities would also be adversely affected thereby negatively impacting their ability to pay us dividends or distributions on our equity investments.

***We may be exposed to higher risks with respect to our investments that include original issue discount or PIK interest.***

Our investments may include original issue discount and contractual PIK interest, which represents contractual interest added to a loan balance and due at the end of such loan's term. To the extent original issue discount or PIK interest constitute a portion of our income, we are exposed to typical risks associated with such income being required to be included in taxable and accounting income prior to receipt of cash, including the following:

original issue discount and PIK instruments may have higher yields, which reflect the payment deferral and credit risk associated with these instruments;

for accounting purposes, cash distributions to investors representing original issue discount income are not derived from paid in capital, although they may be effectively paid from any offering proceeds during any given period; thus, although the source for the cash used to pay a distribution of original issue discount income may come from the cash invested by investors, the 1940 Act does not require that investors be given notice of this fact;

original issue discount and PIK instruments may have unreliable valuations because their continuing accruals require continuing judgments about the collectability of the deferred payments and the value of the collateral; and

original issue discount and PIK instruments may represent a higher credit risk than coupon loans; even if the conditions for income accrual under generally accepted accounting principles in the United States of America are satisfied, a borrower could still default when actual payment is due upon the maturity of such loan.

***The lack of liquidity in our investments may adversely affect our business.***

We invest in companies whose securities are not publicly traded, and whose securities will be subject to legal and other restrictions on resale or will otherwise be less liquid than publicly traded securities. The illiquidity of these investments may make it difficult for us to sell these investments when desired. In addition, if we are required to liquidate all or a portion of our portfolio quickly, we may realize significantly less than the value at which we had previously recorded these investments. As a result, we do not expect to achieve liquidity in our investments in the near-term. Our investments are usually subject to contractual or legal restrictions on resale or are otherwise illiquid because there is usually no established trading market for such investments. The illiquidity of most of our investments may make it difficult for us to dispose of them at a favorable price, and, as a result, we may suffer losses.

***We may not have the funds or ability to make additional investments in our portfolio companies.***

We may not have the funds or ability to make additional investments in our portfolio companies. After our initial investment in a portfolio company, we may be called upon from time to time to provide additional funds to such company or have the opportunity to increase our investment through the extension of additional loans, the exercise of a warrant to purchase equity securities, or the funding of additional equity investments. There is no assurance that we will make, or will have sufficient funds to make, follow-on investments. Any decisions not to make a follow-on investment or any inability on our part to make such an investment may have a negative impact on a portfolio company in need of such an investment, may result in a missed opportunity for us to increase our participation in a successful operation, may reduce our ability to protect an existing investment or may reduce the expected yield on the investment.

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***Our portfolio companies may incur debt that ranks equally with, or senior to, our investments in such companies.***

We invest primarily in the secured term debt of LMM, Private Loan and Middle Market companies and equity issued by LMM companies. Our portfolio companies may have, or may be permitted to incur, other debt that ranks equally with, or senior to, the debt in which we invest. By their terms, such debt instruments may entitle the holders to receive payment of interest or principal on or before the dates on which we are entitled to receive payments with respect to the debt instruments in which we invest. Also, in the event of insolvency, liquidation, dissolution, reorganization or bankruptcy of a portfolio company, holders of debt instruments ranking senior to our investment in that portfolio company would typically be entitled to receive payment in full before we receive any distribution. After repaying such senior creditors, such portfolio company may not have any remaining assets to use for repaying its obligation to us. In the case of debt ranking equally with debt instruments in which we invest, we would have to share on an equal basis any distributions with other creditors holding such debt in the event of an insolvency, liquidation, dissolution, reorganization or bankruptcy of the relevant portfolio company.

***There may be circumstances where our debt investments could be subordinated to claims of other creditors or we could be subject to lender liability claims.***

Even though we may have structured certain of our investments as secured loans, if one of our portfolio companies were to go bankrupt, depending on the facts and circumstances, and based upon principles of equitable subordination as defined by existing case law, a bankruptcy court could subordinate all or a portion of our claim to that of other creditors and transfer any lien securing such subordinated claim to the bankruptcy estate. The principles of equitable subordination defined by case law have generally indicated that a claim may be subordinated only if its holder is guilty of misconduct or where the senior loan is re-characterized as an equity investment and the senior lender has actually provided significant managerial assistance to the bankrupt debtor. We may also be subject to lender liability claims for actions taken by us with respect to a borrower's business or instances where we exercise control over the borrower. It is possible that we could become subject to a lender liability claim, including as a result of actions taken in rendering significant managerial assistance or actions to compel and collect payments from the borrower outside the ordinary course of business.

***Second priority liens on collateral securing loans that we make to our portfolio companies may be subject to control by senior creditors with first priority liens. If there is a default, the value of the collateral may not be sufficient to repay in full both the first priority creditors and us.***

Certain loans that we make are secured by a second priority security interest in the same collateral pledged by a portfolio company to secure senior debt owed by the portfolio company to commercial banks or other traditional lenders. Often the senior lender has procured covenants from the portfolio company prohibiting the incurrence of additional secured debt without the senior lender's consent. Prior to and as a condition of permitting the portfolio company to borrow money from us secured by the same collateral pledged to the senior lender, the senior lender will require assurances that it will control the disposition of any collateral in the event of bankruptcy or other default. In many such cases, the senior lender will require us to enter into an "intercreditor agreement" prior to permitting the portfolio company to borrow from us. Typically the intercreditor agreements we are requested to execute expressly subordinate our debt instruments to those held by the senior lender and further provide that the senior lender shall control: (1) the commencement of foreclosure or other proceedings to liquidate and collect on the collateral; (2) the nature, timing and conduct of foreclosure or other collection proceedings; (3) the amendment of any collateral document; (4) the release of the security interests in respect of any collateral; and (5) the waiver of defaults under any security agreement. Because of the control we may cede to senior lenders under intercreditor agreements we may enter, we may be unable to realize the proceeds of any collateral securing some of our loans.



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Finally, the value of the collateral securing our debt investment will ultimately depend on market and economic conditions, the availability of buyers and other factors. Therefore, there can be no assurance that the proceeds, if any, from the sale or sales of all of the collateral would be sufficient to satisfy the loan obligations secured by our first or second priority liens. There is also a risk that such collateral securing our investments will decrease in value over time, will be difficult to sell in a timely manner, will be difficult to appraise and will fluctuate in value based upon the success of the portfolio company and market conditions. If such proceeds are not sufficient to repay amounts outstanding under the loan obligations secured by our second priority liens, then we, to the extent not repaid from the proceeds of the sale of the collateral, will only have an unsecured claim against the company's remaining assets, if any.

***We are a non-diversified investment company within the meaning of the 1940 Act, and therefore we are not limited with respect to the proportion of our assets that may be invested in securities of a single issuer.***

We are classified as a non-diversified investment company within the meaning of the 1940 Act, which means that we are not limited by the 1940 Act with respect to the proportion of our assets that we may invest in securities of a single issuer. To the extent that we assume large positions in the securities of a small number of issuers, our net asset value may fluctuate to a greater extent than that of a diversified investment company as a result of changes in the financial condition or the market's assessment of the issuer. We may also be more susceptible to any single economic or regulatory occurrence than a diversified investment company. Beyond our RIC asset diversification requirements, we do not have fixed guidelines for diversification, and our investments could be concentrated in relatively few portfolio companies. See "Risk Factors – Risks Relating to Our Business and Structure – We will be subject to corporate-level U.S. federal income tax if we are unable to qualify as a RIC under Subchapter M of the Code."

***We generally will not control our portfolio companies.***

We do not, and do not expect to, control the decision making in many of our portfolio companies, even though we may have board representation or board observation rights, and our debt agreements may contain certain restrictive covenants. As a result, we are subject to the risk that a portfolio company in which we invest will make business decisions with which we disagree and the management of such company will take risks or otherwise act in ways that do not serve our interests as debt investors or minority equity holders. Due to the lack of liquidity for our investments in non-traded companies, we may not be able to dispose of our interests in our portfolio companies as readily as we would like or at an appropriate valuation. As a result, a portfolio company may make decisions that would decrease the value of our portfolio holdings.

***Defaults by our portfolio companies will harm our operating results.***

A portfolio company's failure to satisfy financial or operating covenants imposed by us or other lenders could lead to non-payment of interest and other defaults and, potentially, termination of its loans and foreclosure on its secured assets, which could trigger cross-defaults under other agreements and jeopardize a portfolio company's ability to meet its obligations under the debt or equity securities that we hold. We may incur expenses to the extent necessary to seek recovery upon default or to negotiate new terms, which may include the waiver of certain financial covenants, with a defaulting portfolio company.

***Any unrealized depreciation we experience in our portfolio may be an indication of future realized losses, which could reduce our income and gains available for distribution.***

As a BDC, we are required to carry our investments at market value or, if no market value is ascertainable, at the fair value as determined in good faith by our Board of Directors. Decreases in the market values or fair values of our investments will be recorded as unrealized depreciation. Any unrealized depreciation in our portfolio could be an indication of a portfolio company's inability to meet its repayment obligations to us with respect to affected loans or a potential impairment of the value of affected equity investments. This could result in realized losses in the future and ultimately in reductions of our income and gains available for distribution in future periods.

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***Prepayments of our debt investments by our portfolio companies could adversely impact our results of operations and reduce our return on equity.***

We are subject to the risk that the investments we make in our portfolio companies may be repaid prior to maturity. When this occurs, we will generally reinvest these proceeds in temporary investments, pending their future investment in new portfolio companies. These temporary investments will typically have substantially lower yields than the debt being prepaid and we could experience significant delays in reinvesting these amounts. Any future investment in a new portfolio company may also be at lower yields than the debt that was repaid. As a result, our results of operations could be materially adversely affected if one or more of our portfolio companies elect to prepay amounts owed to us. Additionally, prepayments could negatively impact our return on equity, which could result in a decline in the market price of our securities.

***Changes in interest rates may affect our cost of capital, net investment income and value of our investments.***

Some of our debt investments will bear interest at variable rates and may be negatively affected by changes in market interest rates. An increase in market interest rates would increase the interest costs and reduce the cash flows of our portfolio companies that have variable rate debt instruments, a situation which could reduce the value of the investment. The value of our investments could also be reduced from an increase in market interest rates as rates available to investors could make an investment in our securities less attractive than alternative investments. In addition, an increase in interest rates would make it more expensive for us to use debt to finance our investments. As a result, a significant increase in market interest rates could increase our cost of capital, which would reduce our net investment income. Conversely, decreases in market interest rates could negatively impact the interest income from our variable rate debt investments. A decrease in market interest rates may also have an adverse impact on our returns by requiring us to accept lower yields on our debt investments and by increasing the risk that our portfolio companies will prepay our debt investments, resulting in the need to redeploy capital at potentially lower rates. See further discussion and analysis at "Item 7A. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk".

***We may not realize gains from our equity investments.***

Certain investments that we have made in the past and may make in the future include warrants or other equity securities. Investments in equity securities involve a number of significant risks, including the risk of further dilution as a result of additional issuances, inability to access additional capital and failure to pay current distributions. Investments in preferred securities involve special risks, such as the risk of deferred distributions, credit risk, illiquidity and limited voting rights. In addition, we may from time to time make non-control, equity investments in portfolio companies. Our goal is ultimately to realize gains upon our disposition of such equity interests. However, the equity interests we receive may not appreciate in value and, in fact, may decline in value. Accordingly, we may not be able to realize gains from our equity interests, and any gains that we do realize on the disposition of any equity interests may not be sufficient to offset any other losses we experience. We also may be unable to realize any value if a portfolio company does not have a liquidity event, such as a sale of the business, recapitalization or public offering, which would allow us to sell the underlying equity interests. We often seek puts or similar rights to give us the right to sell our equity securities back to the portfolio company issuer; however, we may be unable to exercise these put rights for the consideration provided in our investment documents if the issuer is in financial distress.

***Our investments in foreign securities may involve significant risks in addition to the risks inherent in U.S. investments.***

Our investment strategy contemplates potential investments in debt securities of foreign companies. Investing in foreign companies may expose us to additional risks not typically associated with investing in securities of U.S. companies. These risks include changes in exchange control regulations, political and social instability, expropriation, imposition of foreign taxes, less liquid markets and less available information than is generally the case in the U.S., higher transaction costs, less government supervision of exchanges, brokers and

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issuers, less developed bankruptcy laws, difficulty in enforcing contractual obligations, lack of uniform accounting and auditing standards and greater price volatility.

Although most of our investments will be U.S. dollar denominated, any investments denominated in a foreign currency will be subject to the risk that the value of a particular currency will change in relation to one or more other currencies. Among the factors that may affect currency values are trade balances, the level of short-term interest rates, differences in relative values of similar assets in different currencies, long-term opportunities for investment and capital appreciation, and political developments.

**RISKS RELATING TO OUR SECURITIES**

***Shares of closed-end investment companies, including BDCs, may trade at a discount to their net asset value.***

Shares of closed-end investment companies, including BDCs, may trade at a discount to net asset value. This characteristic of closed-end investment companies and BDCs is separate and distinct from the risk that our net asset value per share may decline. We cannot predict whether our common stock will trade at, above or below net asset value. In addition, if our common stock trades below our net asset value per share, we will generally not be able to issue additional common stock at the market price unless our stockholders approve such a sale and our Board of Directors makes certain determinations. See "Risk Factors Risks Relating to Our Business and Structure Stockholders may incur dilution if we sell shares of our common stock in one or more offerings at prices below the then current net asset value per share of our common stock or issue securities to subscribe to, convert to or purchase shares of our common stock" for a discussion related to us issuing shares of our common stock below net asset value.

***We may be unable to invest a significant portion of the net proceeds from an offering or from exiting an investment or other capital on acceptable terms, which could harm our financial condition and operating results.***

Delays in investing the net proceeds raised in an offering or other capital raised or proceeds resulting from exiting an investment may cause our performance to be worse than that of other fully invested BDCs or other lenders or investors pursuing comparable investment strategies. We cannot assure you that we will be able to identify any investments that meet our investment objective or that any investment that we make will produce a positive return. We may be unable to invest the net proceeds of any offering or other capital raised or proceeds resulting from exiting an investment on acceptable terms within the time period that we anticipate or at all, which could harm our financial condition and operating results.

We anticipate that, depending on market conditions and the amount of the capital, it may take us a substantial period of time to invest substantially all the capital in securities meeting our investment objective. During this period, we may invest the capital primarily in marketable securities and idle funds investments, which generally consist of debt investments, independently rated debt investments, certificates of deposit with financial institutions, diversified bond funds and publicly traded debt and equity investments and may produce returns that are significantly lower than the returns which we expect to achieve when our portfolio is fully invested in securities meeting our investment objective. Most of the debt investments that meet our investment criteria are, or would be if rated, below investment grade quality. Indebtedness of below investment grade quality, which is often referred to as "junk," is regarded as having predominantly speculative characteristics with respect to the issuer's capacity to pay interest and repay principal. As a result, any distributions that we pay during such period may be substantially lower than the distributions that we may be able to pay when our portfolio is fully invested in securities meeting our investment objective. In addition, until such time as the net proceeds of any offering or from exiting an investment or other capital are invested in new securities meeting our investment objective, the market price for our securities may decline. Thus, the initial return on your investment may be lower than when, if ever, our portfolio is fully invested in securities meeting our investment objective.

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#### ***Investing in our securities may involve a high degree of risk.***

The investments we make in accordance with our investment objective may result in a higher amount of risk than alternative investment options and a higher risk of volatility or loss of principal. Our investments in portfolio companies involve higher levels of risk, and therefore, an investment in our securities may not be suitable for someone with lower risk tolerance.

#### ***The market price of our securities may be volatile and fluctuate significantly.***

Fluctuations in the trading prices of our securities may adversely affect the liquidity of the trading market for our securities and, if we seek to raise capital through future securities offerings, our ability to raise such capital. The market price and liquidity of the market for our securities may be significantly affected by numerous factors, some of which are beyond our control and may not be directly related to our operating performance. These factors include:

significant volatility in the market price and trading volume of securities of BDCs or other companies in our sector, which are not necessarily related to the operating performance of these companies;

changes in regulatory policies, accounting pronouncements or tax guidelines, particularly with respect to RICs, BDCs or SBICs;

the exclusion of BDC common stock from certain market indices, such as what happened with respect to the Russell indices and the Standard and Poor's indices, could reduce the ability of certain investment funds to own our common stock and limit the number of owners of our common stock and otherwise negatively impact the market price of our common stock;

inability to obtain any exemptive relief that may be required by us in the future from the SEC;

loss of our BDC or RIC status or any of the Funds' status as an SBIC;

changes in our earnings or variations in our operating results;

changes in the value of our portfolio of investments;

any shortfall in our investment income or net investment income or any increase in losses from levels expected by investors or securities analysts;

loss of a major funding source;

fluctuations in interest rates;

the operating performance of companies comparable to us;

departure of our key personnel;

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proposed, or completed, offerings of our securities, including classes other than our common stock;

global or national credit market changes; and

general economic trends and other external factors.

***Provisions of the Maryland General Corporation Law and our articles of incorporation and bylaws could deter takeover attempts and have an adverse impact on the price of our common stock.***

The Maryland General Corporation Law and our articles of incorporation and bylaws contain provisions that may have the effect of discouraging, delaying or making difficult a change in control of our company or the removal of our incumbent directors. The existence of these provisions, among others, may have a negative impact on the price of our common stock and may discourage third-party bids for ownership of our company. These provisions may prevent any premiums being offered to you for our common stock.

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***The Notes are unsecured and therefore effectively subordinated to any current or future secured indebtedness, including indebtedness under the Credit Facility.***

The Notes are not secured by any of our assets or any of the assets of our subsidiaries and rank equally in right of payment with all of our existing and future unsubordinated, unsecured indebtedness. As a result, the Notes are effectively subordinated to any secured indebtedness we or our subsidiaries have currently incurred and may incur in the future (or any indebtedness that is initially unsecured to which we subsequently grant security) to the extent of the value of the assets securing such indebtedness. In any liquidation, dissolution, bankruptcy or other similar proceeding, the holders of any of our existing or future secured indebtedness and the secured indebtedness of our subsidiaries may assert rights against the assets pledged to secure that indebtedness in order to receive full payment of their indebtedness before the assets may be used to pay other creditors, including the holders of the Notes. As of December 31, 2018, we had \$301.0 million outstanding under the Credit Facility out of \$705.0 million in commitments. The indebtedness under the Credit Facility is senior to the Notes to the extent of the value of the assets securing such indebtedness.

***The Notes are structurally subordinated to the indebtedness and other liabilities of our subsidiaries.***

The Notes are obligations exclusively of Main Street Capital Corporation and not of any of our subsidiaries. None of our subsidiaries is a guarantor of the Notes, and the Notes are not required to be guaranteed by any subsidiaries we may acquire or create in the future. In addition, several of our subsidiaries, specifically the Funds, maintain significant indebtedness and as a result the Notes are structurally subordinated to the indebtedness of these subsidiaries. For example, as of December 31, 2018, the Funds had collectively issued \$345.8 million of the current regulatory maximum of \$350.0 million of SBA-guaranteed debentures, which are included in our consolidated financial statements. The assets of such subsidiaries are not directly available to satisfy the claims of our creditors, including holders of the Notes. See "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations – Liquidity and Capital Resources" for more detail on the SBA-guaranteed debentures.

Except to the extent we are a creditor with recognized claims against our subsidiaries, all claims of other creditors of our subsidiaries have priority over our equity interests in such subsidiaries (and therefore the claims of our creditors, including holders of the Notes) with respect to the assets of such subsidiaries. Even if we are recognized as a creditor of one or more of our subsidiaries, our claims would still be effectively subordinated to any security interests in the assets of any such subsidiary and to any indebtedness or other liabilities of any such subsidiary senior to our claims. Consequently, the Notes are structurally subordinated to all indebtedness, including the SBA-guaranteed debentures, and other liabilities of any of our subsidiaries and any subsidiaries that we may in the future acquire or establish. In addition, our subsidiaries may incur substantial additional indebtedness in the future, all of which would be structurally senior to the Notes.

***The Notes may or may not have an established trading market. If a trading market in the Notes is developed, it may not be maintained.***

The Notes may or may not have an established trading market. If a trading market in the Notes is developed, it may not be maintained. If the Notes are traded, they may trade at a discount to their initial offering price depending on prevailing interest rates, the market for similar securities, our credit ratings, our financial condition or other relevant factors. Accordingly, we cannot assure you that a liquid trading market has been or will develop for the Notes, that you will be able to sell your Notes at a particular time or that the price you receive when you sell will be favorable. To the extent an active trading market does not develop or is not maintained, the liquidity and trading price for the Notes may be harmed. Accordingly, you may be required to bear the financial risk of an investment in the Notes for an indefinite period of time.

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***A downgrade, suspension or withdrawal of the credit rating assigned by a rating agency to us or the Notes, if any, or change in the debt markets could cause the liquidity or market value of the Notes to decline significantly.***

Our credit ratings are an assessment by rating agencies of our ability to pay our debts when due. Consequently, real or anticipated changes in our credit ratings will generally affect the market value of the Notes. These credit ratings may not reflect the potential impact of risks relating to the structure or marketing of the Notes. Credit ratings are not a recommendation to buy, sell or hold any security, and may be revised or withdrawn at any time by the issuing organization in its sole discretion. We undertake no obligation to maintain our credit ratings or to advise holders of Notes of any changes in our credit ratings. The Notes are currently rated by Standard & Poor's Ratings Services. There can be no assurance that our credit ratings will remain for any given period of time or that such credit ratings will not be lowered or withdrawn entirely by the rating agency if in their judgment future circumstances relating to the basis of the credit ratings, such as adverse changes in our company, so warrant. The conditions of the financial markets and prevailing interest rates have fluctuated in the past and are likely to fluctuate in the future, which could have an adverse effect on the market prices of the Notes.

***The indentures under which the Notes were issued contain limited protection for holders of the Notes.***

The indentures under which the Notes were issued offer limited protection to holders of the Notes. The terms of the indentures and the Notes do not restrict our or any of our subsidiaries' ability to engage in, or otherwise be a party to, a variety of corporate transactions, circumstances or events that could have an adverse impact on investments in the Notes. In particular, the terms of the indentures and the Notes do not place any restrictions on our or our subsidiaries' ability to:

issue securities or otherwise incur additional indebtedness or other obligations, including (1) any indebtedness or other obligations that would be equal in right of payment to the Notes, (2) any indebtedness or other obligations that would be secured and therefore rank effectively senior in right of payment to the Notes to the extent of the values of the assets securing such debt, (3) indebtedness of ours that is guaranteed by one or more of our subsidiaries and which therefore is structurally senior to the Notes and (4) securities, indebtedness or obligations issued or incurred by our subsidiaries that would be senior to our equity interests in our subsidiaries and therefore rank structurally senior to the Notes with respect to the assets of our subsidiaries, in each case other than an incurrence of indebtedness or other obligation that would cause a violation of Section 18(a)(1)(A) as modified by Section 61(a)(1) of the 1940 Act or any successor provisions, but giving effect, in each case, to any exemptive relief granted to us by the SEC (currently, this provision generally prohibits us from making additional borrowings, including through the issuance of additional debt or the sale of additional debt securities, unless our asset coverage, as defined in the 1940 Act, equals at least 200% (or 150% if certain requirements are met) after such borrowings);

pay dividends on, or purchase or redeem or make any payments in respect of, capital stock or other securities ranking junior in right of payment to the Notes, including subordinated indebtedness;

sell assets (other than certain limited restrictions on our ability to consolidate, merge or sell all or substantially all of our assets);

enter into transactions with affiliates;

create liens (including liens on the shares of our subsidiaries) or enter into sale and leaseback transactions;

make investments; or

create restrictions on the payment of dividends or other amounts to us from our subsidiaries.

Furthermore, the terms of the indentures and the Notes do not protect holders of the Notes in the event that we experience changes (including significant adverse changes) in our financial condition, results of operations or credit ratings, if any, as they do not require that we or

our subsidiaries adhere to any financial tests or ratios or specified levels of net worth, revenues, income, cash flow or liquidity.



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Our ability to recapitalize, incur additional debt and take a number of other actions that are not limited by the terms of the Notes may have important consequences for you as a holder of the Notes, including making it more difficult for us to satisfy our obligations with respect to the Notes or negatively affecting the trading value of the Notes.

Other debt we issue or incur in the future could contain more protections for its holders than the indentures and the Notes, including additional covenants and events of default. For example, the indentures under which the Notes are issued do not contain cross-default provisions that are contained in the Credit Facility. The issuance or incurrence of any such debt with incremental protections could affect the market for and trading levels and prices of the Notes.

***The optional redemption provision may materially adversely affect your return on the Notes.***

The Notes are redeemable in whole or in part upon certain conditions at any time or from time to time at our option. We may choose to redeem the Notes at times when prevailing interest rates are lower than the interest rate paid on the Notes. In this circumstance, you may not be able to reinvest the redemption proceeds in a comparable security at an effective interest rate as high as the Notes being redeemed.

***We may not be able to repurchase the Notes upon a Change of Control Repurchase Event.***

We may not be able to repurchase the Notes upon certain change in control events described in the indentures under which the Notes were issued (each, a "Change of Control Repurchase Event") because we may not have sufficient funds. Upon a Change of Control Repurchase Event, holders of the Notes may require us to repurchase for cash some or all of the Notes at a repurchase price equal to 100% of the aggregate principal amount of the Notes being repurchased, plus accrued and unpaid interest to, but not including, the repurchase date. The terms of our Credit Facility provide that certain change of control events will constitute an event of default thereunder entitling the lenders to accelerate any indebtedness outstanding under our Credit Facility at that time and to terminate the Credit Facility. In addition, the occurrence of a Change of Control Repurchase Event enabling the holders of the Notes to require the mandatory purchase of the Notes would constitute an event of default under our Credit Facility entitling the lenders to accelerate any indebtedness outstanding under our Credit Facility at that time and to terminate the Credit Facility. Our and our subsidiaries' future financing facilities may contain similar restrictions and provisions. Our failure to purchase such tendered Notes upon the occurrence of such Change of Control Repurchase Event would cause an event of default under the indentures governing the Notes and a cross-default under the agreements governing certain of our other indebtedness, which may result in the acceleration of such indebtedness requiring us to repay that indebtedness immediately. If a Change of Control Repurchase Event were to occur, we may not have sufficient funds to repay any such accelerated indebtedness.

***If we default on our obligations to pay our other indebtedness, we may not be able to make payments on the Notes.***

As of December 31, 2018, we had approximately \$1,006.8 million of principal indebtedness, including \$301.0 million outstanding under the Credit Facility, \$345.8 million outstanding from SBA-guaranteed debentures, \$175.0 million of the 4.50% Notes due 2019 and \$185.0 million of the 4.50% Notes due 2022 outstanding. Any default under the agreements governing our indebtedness, including a default under the Credit Facility, under the Notes or under other indebtedness to which we may be a party that is not waived by the required lenders or debt holders, and the remedies sought by the holders of such indebtedness could make us unable to pay principal, premium, if any, and interest on the Notes and substantially decrease the market value of the Notes. If we are unable to generate sufficient cash flow and are otherwise unable to obtain funds necessary to meet required payments of principal, premium, if any, and interest on our indebtedness, or if we otherwise fail to comply with the various covenants, including financial and operating covenants, in the instruments governing our indebtedness, we could be in default under the terms of the agreements governing such indebtedness. In the event of such default, the holders of such indebtedness could elect to declare all the funds borrowed thereunder to be due and payable, together with accrued and unpaid interest, the lenders

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under the Credit Facility or other debt we may incur in the future could elect to terminate their commitments, cease making further loans and institute foreclosure proceedings against our assets, and we could be forced into bankruptcy or liquidation. Our ability to generate sufficient cash flow in the future is, to some extent, subject to general economic, financial, competitive, legislative and regulatory factors as well as other factors that are beyond our control. We cannot assure you that our business will generate cash flow from operations, or that future borrowings will be available to us under the Credit Facility or otherwise, in an amount sufficient to enable us to meet our payment obligations under the Notes and our other debt and to fund other liquidity needs.

If our operating performance declines and we are not able to generate sufficient cash flow to service our debt obligations, we may in the future need to refinance or restructure our debt, including the Notes, sell assets, reduce or delay capital investments, seek to raise additional capital or seek to obtain waivers from the required lenders under the Credit Facility or the required holders of the Notes or other debt that we may incur in the future to avoid being in default. If we are unable to implement one or more of these alternatives, we may not be able to meet our payment obligations under the Notes and our other debt. If we breach our covenants under the Credit Facility, the Notes or other debt and seek a waiver, we may not be able to obtain a waiver from the required lenders or debt holders. If this occurs, we would be in default under the Credit Facility, the Notes or other debt, the lenders or debt holders could exercise their rights as described above, and we could be forced into bankruptcy or liquidation. If we are unable to repay debt, lenders having secured obligations could proceed against the collateral securing the debt. Because the Credit Facility has, and any future credit facilities will likely have, customary cross-default provisions, if the indebtedness under the Notes, the Credit Facility or under any future credit facility is accelerated, we may be unable to repay or finance the amounts due.

*We may in the future determine to issue preferred stock, which could adversely affect the market value of our common stock.*

The issuance of shares of preferred stock with dividend or conversion rights, liquidation preferences or other economic terms favorable to the holders of preferred stock could adversely affect the market price for our common stock by making an investment in the common stock less attractive. In addition, the dividends on any preferred stock we issue must be cumulative. Payment of dividends and repayment of the liquidation preference of preferred stock must take preference over any dividends or other payments to our common stockholders, and holders of preferred stock are not subject to any of our expenses or losses and are not entitled to participate in any income or appreciation in excess of their stated preference (other than convertible preferred stock that converts into common stock). In addition, under the 1940 Act, preferred stock constitutes a "senior security" for purposes of the asset coverage test.

**Item 1B. *Unresolved Staff Comments***

None.

**Item 2. *Properties***

We do not own any real estate or other physical properties materially important to our operations. Currently, we lease office space in Houston, Texas for our corporate headquarters.

**Item 3. *Legal Proceedings***

We may, from time to time, be involved in litigation arising out of our operations in the normal course of business or otherwise. Furthermore, third parties may seek to impose liability on us in connection with the activities of our portfolio companies. While the outcome of any current legal proceedings cannot at this time be predicted with certainty, we do not expect any current matters will materially affect our financial condition or results of operations; however, there can be no assurance whether any pending legal proceedings will have a material adverse effect on our financial condition or results of operations in any future reporting period.

**Item 4. *Mine Safety Disclosures***

Not applicable.

Table of Contents**PART II****Item 5. Market for Registrant's Common Equity, Related Stockholder Matters and Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities****COMMON STOCK, HOLDERS AND DISTRIBUTIONS**

Our common stock is traded on the New York Stock Exchange ("NYSE") under the symbol "MAIN." Prior to October 14, 2010, our common stock was traded on the NASDAQ Global Select Market under the same symbol "MAIN." Our common stock began trading on the NASDAQ Global Select Market on October 5, 2007. Prior to that date, there was no established public trading market for our common stock.

On February 27, 2019, there were approximately 346 holders of record of the common stock which did not include stockholders for whom shares are held in "nominee" or "street name."

Shares of BDCs may trade at a market price that is less than the value of the net assets attributable to those shares. The possibility that our shares of common stock will trade at a discount from net asset value per share or at premiums that are unsustainable over the long term are separate and distinct from the risk that our net asset value per share will decrease. It is not possible to predict whether our common stock will trade at, above, or below net asset value per share. Since our IPO in October 2007, our shares of common stock have traded at prices both less than and exceeding our net asset value per share.

We currently pay regular monthly dividends and semiannual supplemental dividends to our stockholders. Our monthly dividends, if any, will be determined by our Board of Directors on a quarterly basis. Our semiannual supplemental dividends, if any, will also be determined by our Board of Directors on a periodic basis. During 2018, we paid supplemental dividends of \$0.275 per share in each of June and December 2018, regular monthly dividends of \$0.190 per share for each month of January through September 2018, regular monthly dividends of \$0.195 per share for each month of October through December 2018, with such dividends totaling \$2.845 per share. The 2018 regular monthly dividends of \$2.295 per share, represent a 2.7% increase from the regular monthly dividends paid per share for the year ended 2017. For tax purposes, the 2018 dividends, which included the effects of dividends on an accrual basis, total \$2.85 per share and were comprised of (i) ordinary income totaling approximately \$2.270 per share, (ii) long term capital gain totaling approximately \$0.375 per share, and (iii) qualified dividend income totaling approximately \$0.205 per share. As we have previously discussed, it is our current intention to fully absorb our semi-annual supplemental dividends into our regular monthly dividends, and in the process maintain and grow our total combined dividends, by gradually reducing our semi-annual supplemental dividends while increasing our regular monthly dividends over multiple years beginning in 2019.

In accordance with the IRC sections 871(k) and 881(e), the following percentages represent the portion of our dividends that constitute interest related dividends and short-term capital gains dividends for non-U.S. residents and foreign corporations. Including the long-term capital gains discussed above, the following percentages represent the total dividends which are exempt from U.S. withholding tax.

Payment Dates	Interest-Related Dividends and Short-Term Capital Gain Dividend	Distributions Exempt from U.S. Withholding Tax(1)
2/15/2018	78.48%	78.73%
From 3/15/2018 to 6/26/2018	61.51%	61.51%
7/16/2018	0.00%	100.00%
8/15/2018	0.00%	97.20%
9/14/2018	16.04%	16.04%
From 10/15/2018 to 1/15/2019	55.00%	55.00%

- (1) The percentage for each period represents the portion of the taxable ordinary income dividends eligible for exemption from United States withholding tax for non-U.S. residents and foreign corporations.

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To the extent non-U.S. resident taxes were withheld on ordinary dividends distributed, this information may be considered in connection with any claims for refund of such taxes to be filed by the non-U.S. resident stockholder with the Internal Revenue Service.

To obtain and maintain RIC tax treatment, we must, among other things, distribute at least 90% of our net ordinary taxable income and realized net short-term capital gains in excess of realized net long-term capital losses, if any. We will be subject to a 4% non-deductible U.S. federal excise tax on certain undistributed taxable income unless we distribute in a timely manner an amount at least equal to the sum of (1) 98% of our net ordinary taxable income for each calendar year, (2) 98.2% of our capital gain net income for the one-year period ending December 31 in that calendar year and (3) any taxable income recognized, but not distributed, in preceding years on which we paid no U.S. federal income tax. Dividends declared and paid by us in a year will generally differ from taxable income for that year, as such dividends may include the distribution of current year taxable income, less amounts carried over into the following year, and the distribution of prior year taxable income carried over into and distributed in the current year. For amounts we carry over into the following year, we will be required to pay the 4% U.S. federal excise tax on the excess of 98% of our annual investment company taxable income and 98.2% of our capital gain net income over our distributions for the year. We may retain for investment some or all of our net capital gains (i.e., realized net long-term capital gains in excess of realized net short-term capital losses) and treat such amounts as deemed distributions to our stockholders. If we do this, our stockholders will be treated as if they had received actual distributions of the capital gains we retained and then reinvested the net after-tax proceeds in our common stock. In general, our stockholders also would be eligible to claim a tax credit (or, in certain circumstances, a tax refund) equal to their allocable shares of the tax we paid on the capital gains deemed distributed to them. We can offer no assurance that we will achieve results that will permit the payment of any cash distributions and, if we issue senior securities, we may be prohibited from making distributions if doing so causes us to fail to maintain the asset coverage ratios stipulated by the 1940 Act or if distributions are limited by the terms of any of our borrowings.

We may distribute taxable dividends that are payable in part in our stock. Under certain applicable provisions of the Code and the Treasury regulations, distributions payable by us in cash or in shares of stock (at the stockholders election) would satisfy the Annual Distribution Requirement. The Internal Revenue Service has issued guidance providing that a dividend payable in stock or in cash at the election of the stockholders will be treated as a taxable dividend eligible for the dividends paid deduction provided that at least 20% of the total dividend is payable in cash and certain other requirements are satisfied. Taxable stockholders receiving such dividends will be required to include the full amount of the dividend as ordinary income (or as long-term capital gain to the extent such dividend is properly reported as a capital gain dividend), to the extent of our current and accumulated earnings and profits for U.S. federal income tax purposes. As a result, a U.S. stockholder may be required to pay tax with respect to such dividends in excess of any cash received. If a U.S. stockholder sells the stock it receives as a dividend in order to pay this tax, the sales proceeds may be less than the amount included in income with respect to the dividend, depending on the market price of our stock at the time of the sale. Furthermore, with respect to non-U.S. stockholders, we may be required to withhold U.S. tax with respect to such dividends, including in respect of all or a portion of such dividend that is payable in stock. In addition, if a significant number of our stockholders determine to sell shares of our stock in order to pay taxes owed on dividends, it may put downward pressure on the trading price of our stock.

We have adopted a dividend reinvestment plan ("DRIP") that provides for the reinvestment of dividends on behalf of our stockholders, unless a stockholder has elected to receive dividends in cash. As a result, if we declare a cash dividend, our stockholders who have not "opted out" of the DRIP by the dividend record date will have their cash dividend automatically reinvested into additional shares of MSCC common stock. The share requirements of the DRIP may be satisfied through the issuance of new shares of common stock or through open market purchases of common stock by the DRIP plan administrator. Newly issued shares will be valued based upon the final closing price of MSCC's common stock on a valuation date determined for each dividend by our Board of Directors. Shares purchased in the open market to satisfy the DRIP

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requirements will be valued based upon the average price of the applicable shares purchased by the DRIP plan administrator, before any associated brokerage or other costs. Our DRIP is administered by its transfer agent on behalf of our record holders and participating brokerage firms. Brokerage firms and other financial intermediaries may decide not to participate in our DRIP but may provide a similar dividend reinvestment plan for their clients.

**SALES OF UNREGISTERED SECURITIES**

During the year ended December 31, 2018, we issued a total of 394,403 shares of our common stock under the DRIP. These issuances were not subject to the registration requirements of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended. The aggregate value of the shares of our common stock issued under the DRIP during 2018 was approximately \$14.9 million.

**PURCHASES OF EQUITY SECURITIES**

None.

**STOCK PERFORMANCE GRAPH**

The following graph compares the stockholder return on our common stock from October 5, 2007 to December 31, 2018 with the S&P 500 Index, the Russell 2000 Index, the KBW Regional Bank Index and the Main Street Peer Group (as defined below). This comparison assumes \$100.00 was invested on October 5, 2007 (the date our common stock began to trade in connection with our initial public offering) in our common stock and in the comparison groups and assumes the reinvestment of all cash dividends prior to any tax effect. The comparisons in the graph below are based on historical data and are not intended to forecast the possible future performance of our common stock.

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**COMPARISON OF STOCKHOLDER RETURN(1)  
Among Main Street Capital Corporation, the S&P 500 Index, the Russell 2000 Index, the KBW  
Regional Bank Index, and the Main Street Peer Group(2)  
(For the Period October 5, 2007 to December 31, 2018)**

**TOTAL RETURN PERFORMANCE SINCE IPO**

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(1) Total return includes reinvestment of dividends through December 31, 2018.

(2) The Main Street Peer Group is composed of Apollo Investment Corporation, Ares Capital Corporation, BlackRock Capital Investment Corporation, Blackrock TCP Capital Corp., Capitala Finance Corp., Fidus Investment Corporation, FS KKR Capital Corp., Gladstone Investment Corporation, Goldman Sachs BDC, Inc., Golub Capital BDC, Inc., Hercules Capital, Inc., Medley Capital Corporation, Monroe Capital Corporation, New Mountain Finance Corporation, Newtek Business Services Corp., Oaktree Specialty Lending Corporation, Oaktree Strategic Income Corporation, PennantPark Floating Rate Capital Ltd., PennantPark Investment Corporation, Prospect Capital Corporation, Solar Capital Ltd., Solar Senior Capital Ltd., THL Credit, Inc., TPG Specialty Lending, Inc. and TriplePoint Venture Growth BDC Corp.

Table of Contents**Item 6. Selected Financial Data**

The selected financial and other data as of and for the years ended December 31, 2018, 2017, 2016, 2015 and 2014 have been derived from consolidated financial statements that have been audited by Grant Thornton LLP, an independent registered public accounting firm. You should read this selected financial and other data in conjunction with our "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" and the consolidated financial statements and related notes included in this Annual Report on Form 10-K.

	Twelve Months Ended December 31,				
	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
	(dollars in thousands, except per share amounts)				
<b>Statement of operations data:</b>					
Investment income:					
Total interest, fee and dividend income	\$ 233,355	\$ 205,741	\$ 178,165	\$ 163,603	\$ 139,939
Interest from idle funds and other			174	986	824
<b>Total investment income</b>	<b>233,355</b>	<b>205,741</b>	<b>178,339</b>	<b>164,589</b>	<b>140,763</b>
Expenses:					
Interest	(43,493)	(36,479)	(33,630)	(32,115)	(23,589)
Compensation	(18,966)	(18,560)	(16,408)	(14,852)	(12,337)
General and administrative	(11,868)	(11,674)	(9,284)	(8,621)	(7,134)
Share-based compensation	(9,151)	(10,027)	(8,304)	(6,262)	(4,215)
Expenses allocated to the External Investment Manager	6,768	6,370	5,089	4,335	2,048
<b>Total expenses</b>	<b>(76,710)</b>	<b>(70,370)</b>	<b>(62,537)</b>	<b>(57,515)</b>	<b>(45,227)</b>
<b>Net investment income</b>	<b>156,645</b>	<b>135,371</b>	<b>115,802</b>	<b>107,074</b>	<b>95,536</b>
Total net realized gain (loss) from investments	1,341	16,182	29,389	(21,316)	23,206
Realized loss on extinguishment of debt	(2,896)	(5,217)			
Total net unrealized appreciation (depreciation) from investments	17,981	42,545	(6,576)	10,871	(776)
Total net unrealized appreciation (depreciation) from SBIC debentures	1,294	6,212	(943)	(879)	(10,931)
Income tax benefit (provision)	(6,152)	(24,471)	1,227	8,687	(6,287)
<b>Net increase in net assets resulting from operations attributable to common stock</b>	<b>\$ 168,213</b>	<b>\$ 170,622</b>	<b>\$ 138,899</b>	<b>\$ 104,437</b>	<b>\$ 100,748</b>
<b>Net investment income per share basic and diluted</b>	<b>\$ 2.60</b>	<b>\$ 2.39</b>	<b>\$ 2.23</b>	<b>\$ 2.18</b>	<b>\$ 2.20</b>
<b>Net increase in net assets resulting from operations attributable to common stock per share basic and diluted</b>	<b>\$ 2.80</b>	<b>\$ 3.01</b>	<b>\$ 2.67</b>	<b>\$ 2.13</b>	<b>\$ 2.31</b>
<b>Weighted-average shares outstanding basic and diluted</b>	<b>60,176,843</b>	<b>56,691,913</b>	<b>52,025,002</b>	<b>49,071,492</b>	<b>43,522,397</b>

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	As of December 31,				
	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
	(dollars in thousands)				
<b>Balance sheet data:</b>					
Assets:					
Total portfolio investments at fair value	\$ 2,453,909	\$ 2,171,305	\$ 1,996,906	\$ 1,799,996	\$ 1,563,330
Marketable securities and idle funds investments				3,693	9,067
Cash and cash equivalents	54,181	51,528	24,480	20,331	60,432
Interest receivable and other assets	40,875	38,725	37,123	37,638	46,406
Deferred financing costs, net of accumulated amortization	4,461	3,837	12,645	13,267	14,550
Deferred tax asset, net			9,125	4,003	
<b>Total assets</b>	<b>\$ 2,553,426</b>	<b>\$ 2,265,395</b>	<b>\$ 2,080,279</b>	<b>\$ 1,878,928</b>	<b>\$ 1,693,785</b>
Liabilities and net assets:					
Credit facility	\$ 301,000	\$ 64,000	\$ 343,000	\$ 291,000	\$ 218,000
SBIC debentures at fair value(1)	338,186	288,483	239,603	223,660	222,781
4.50% Notes due 2022	182,622	182,015			
4.50% Notes due 2019	174,338	173,616	175,000	175,000	175,000
6.125% Notes		89,057	90,655	90,738	90,823
Accounts payable and other liabilities	17,962	20,168	14,205	12,292	10,701
Payable for securities purchased	28,254	40,716	2,184	2,311	14,773
Interest payable	6,041	5,273	4,103	3,959	4,848
Dividend payable	11,948	11,146	10,048	9,074	7,663
Deferred tax liability, net	17,026	10,553			9,214
<b>Total liabilities</b>	<b>1,077,377</b>	<b>885,027</b>	<b>878,798</b>	<b>808,034</b>	<b>753,803</b>
<b>Total net asset value</b>	<b>1,476,049</b>	<b>1,380,368</b>	<b>1,201,481</b>	<b>1,070,894</b>	<b>939,982</b>
<b>Total liabilities and net assets</b>	<b>\$ 2,553,426</b>	<b>\$ 2,265,395</b>	<b>\$ 2,080,279</b>	<b>\$ 1,878,928</b>	<b>\$ 1,693,785</b>
<b>Other data:</b>					
Weighted-average effective yield on LMM debt investments(2),(3)	12.3%	12.0%	12.5%	12.2%	13.2%
Number of LMM portfolio companies	69	70	73	71	66
Weighted-average effective yield on Middle Market debt investments(2),(3)	9.6%	9.0%	8.5%	8.0%	7.8%
Number of Middle Market portfolio companies	56	62	78	86	86
Weighted-average effective yield on Private Loan debt investments(2),(3)	10.4%	9.2%	9.6%	9.5%	10.1%
Number of Private Loan portfolio companies	59	54	46	40	31
Expense ratios (as percentage of average net assets):					
Total expenses, including income tax expense	5.7%	7.4%	5.5%	4.6%	5.8%
Operating expenses	5.3%	5.5%	5.6%	5.5%	5.1%
Operating expenses, excluding interest expense	2.3%	2.6%	2.6%	2.4%	2.4%
Total investment return(4)	8.3%	16.0%	37.4%	8.5%	3.1%
Total return based on change in NAV(5)	12.2%	14.2%	13.0%	11.1%	12.7%

(1) SBIC debentures for December 31, 2018, 2017, 2016, 2015 and 2014 are \$345,800, \$295,800, \$240,000, \$225,000 and \$225,000 at par, respectively.



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- (2) Weighted-average effective yield is calculated based on our debt investments at the end of each period and includes amortization of deferred debt origination fees and accretion of original issue discount, but excludes liquidation fees payable upon repayment and any debt investments on non-accrual status. The weighted-average annual effective yield is higher than what an investor in shares of our common stock will realize on its investment because it does not reflect any debt investments on non-accrual status, our expenses or any sales load paid by an investor. For information on our investments on non-accrual status, see "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations – Portfolio Asset Quality".
- (3) Including investments on non-accrual status, the weighted-average effective yield for LMM, Middle Market, and Private Loan debt investments was 11.3%, 9.5%, and 9.8%, respectively, as of December 31, 2018.
- (4) Total investment return is based on the purchase of stock at the current market price on the first day and a sale at the current market price on the last day of each period reported on the table and assumes reinvestment of dividends at prices obtained by our dividend reinvestment plan during the period. The return does not reflect any sales load that may be paid by an investor.
- (5) Total return is based on change in net asset value and was calculated using the sum of ending net asset value plus dividends to stockholders and other non-operating changes during the period, as divided by the beginning net asset value. Non-operating changes include any items that affect net asset value other than the net increase in net assets resulting from operations, such as the effects of stock offerings, shares issued under the DRIP and equity incentive plans and other miscellaneous items.

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**Item 7. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations**

*The following discussion should be read in conjunction with our consolidated financial statements and the notes thereto included elsewhere in this Annual Report on Form 10-K.*

*Statements we make in the following discussion which express a belief, expectation or intention, as well as those that are not historical fact, are forward-looking statements that are subject to risks, uncertainties and assumptions. Our actual results, performance or achievements, or industry results, could differ materially from those we express in the following discussion as a result of a variety of factors, including the risks and uncertainties we have referred to under the headings "Cautionary Statement Concerning Forward-Looking Statements" and "Risk Factors" in Part I of this report.*

**ORGANIZATION**

Main Street Capital Corporation ("MSCC") is a principal investment firm primarily focused on providing customized debt and equity financing to lower middle market ("LMM") companies and debt capital to middle market ("Middle Market") companies. The portfolio investments of MSCC and its consolidated subsidiaries are typically made to support management buyouts, recapitalizations, growth financings, refinancings and acquisitions of companies that operate in a variety of industry sectors. MSCC seeks to partner with entrepreneurs, business owners and management teams and generally provides "one stop" financing alternatives within its LMM portfolio. MSCC and its consolidated subsidiaries invest primarily in secured debt investments, equity investments, warrants and other securities of LMM companies based in the United States and in secured debt investments of Middle Market companies generally headquartered in the United States.

MSCC was formed in March 2007 to operate as an internally managed business development company ("BDC") under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended (the "1940 Act"). MSCC wholly owns several investment funds, including Main Street Mezzanine Fund, LP ("MSMF"), Main Street Capital II, LP ("MSC II") and Main Street Capital III, LP ("MSC III" and, collectively with MSMF and MSC II, the "Funds"), and each of their general partners. The Funds are each licensed as a Small Business Investment Company ("SBIC") by the United States Small Business Administration ("SBA"). Because MSCC is internally managed, all of the executive officers and other employees are employed by MSCC. Therefore, MSCC does not pay any external investment advisory fees, but instead directly incurs the operating costs associated with employing investment and portfolio management professionals.

MSC Adviser I, LLC (the "External Investment Manager") was formed in November 2013 as a wholly owned subsidiary of MSCC to provide investment management and other services to parties other than MSCC and its subsidiaries or their portfolio companies ("External Parties") and receives fee income for such services. MSCC has been granted no-action relief by the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") to allow the External Investment Manager to register as a registered investment adviser under the Investment Advisers Act of 1940, as amended. Since the External Investment Manager conducts all of its investment management activities for External Parties, it is accounted for as a portfolio investment of MSCC and is not included as a consolidated subsidiary of MSCC in MSCC's consolidated financial statements.

MSCC has elected to be treated for U.S. federal income tax purposes as a regulated investment company ("RIC") under Subchapter M of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code"). As a result, MSCC generally will not pay corporate-level U.S. federal income taxes on any net ordinary taxable income or capital gains that it distributes to its stockholders.

MSCC has certain direct and indirect wholly owned subsidiaries that have elected to be taxable entities (the "Taxable Subsidiaries"). The primary purpose of the Taxable Subsidiaries is to permit MSCC to hold equity investments in portfolio companies which are "pass-through" entities for tax purposes.

Unless otherwise noted or the context otherwise indicates, the terms "we," "us," "our," the "Company" and "Main Street" refer to MSCC and its consolidated subsidiaries, which include the Funds and the Taxable Subsidiaries.

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**OVERVIEW**

Our principal investment objective is to maximize our portfolio's total return by generating current income from our debt investments and capital appreciation from our equity and equity-related investments, including warrants, convertible securities and other rights to acquire equity securities in a portfolio company. Our LMM companies generally have annual revenues between \$10 million and \$150 million, and our LMM portfolio investments generally range in size from \$5 million to \$50 million. Our Middle Market investments are made in businesses that are generally larger in size than our LMM portfolio companies, with annual revenues typically between \$150 million and \$1.5 billion, and our Middle Market investments generally range in size from \$3 million to \$20 million. Our private loan ("Private Loan") portfolio investments are primarily debt securities in privately held companies which have been originated through strategic relationships with other investment funds on a collaborative basis. Private Loan investments are typically similar in size, structure, terms and conditions to investments we hold in our LMM portfolio and Middle Market portfolio.

We seek to fill the financing gap for LMM businesses, which, historically, have had limited access to financing from commercial banks and other traditional sources. The underserved nature of the LMM creates the opportunity for us to meet the financing needs of LMM companies while also negotiating favorable transaction terms and equity participations. Our ability to invest across a company's capital structure, from secured loans to equity securities, allows us to offer portfolio companies a comprehensive suite of financing options, or a "one stop" financing solution. Providing customized, "one stop" financing solutions is important to LMM portfolio companies. We generally seek to partner directly with entrepreneurs, management teams and business owners in making our investments. Our LMM portfolio debt investments are generally secured by a first lien on the assets of the portfolio company and typically have a term of between five and seven years from the original investment date.

Our Middle Market portfolio investments primarily consist of direct investments in or secondary purchases of interest-bearing debt securities in privately held companies that are generally larger in size than the companies included in our LMM portfolio. Our Middle Market portfolio debt investments are generally secured by either a first or second priority lien on the assets of the portfolio company and typically have an expected duration of between three and seven years from the original investment date.

Our Private Loan portfolio investments are primarily debt securities in privately held companies which have been originated through strategic relationships with other investment funds on a collaborative basis, and are often referred to in the debt markets as "club deals." Private Loan investments are typically similar in size, structure, terms and conditions to investments we hold in our LMM portfolio and Middle Market portfolio. Our Private Loan portfolio debt investments are generally secured by either a first or second priority lien on the assets of the portfolio company and typically have a term of between three and seven years from the original investment date.

Our other portfolio ("Other Portfolio") investments primarily consist of investments which are not consistent with the typical profiles for our LMM, Middle Market or Private Loan portfolio investments, including investments which may be managed by third parties. In our Other Portfolio, we may incur indirect fees and expenses in connection with investments managed by third parties, such as investments in other investment companies or private funds.

Our external asset management business is conducted through the External Investment Manager. The External Investment Manager earns management fees based on the assets of the funds under management and may earn incentive fees, or a carried interest, based on the performance of the funds managed. We have entered into an agreement with the External Investment Manager to share employees in connection with its asset management business generally, and specifically for its relationship with HMS Income Fund, Inc. ("HMS Income"). Through this agreement, we share employees with the External Investment Manager, including their related infrastructure, business relationships, management expertise and capital raising capabilities.

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The following tables provide a summary of our investments in the LMM, Middle Market and Private Loan portfolios as of December 31, 2018 and 2017 (this information excludes the Other Portfolio investments and the External Investment Manager which are discussed further below):

	<b>As of December 31, 2018</b>		
	<b>LMM(a)</b>	<b>Middle Market</b>	<b>Private Loan</b>
	<b>(dollars in millions)</b>		
Number of portfolio companies	69	56	59
Fair value	\$ 1,195.0	\$ 576.9	\$ 507.9
Cost	\$ 990.9	\$ 608.8	\$ 553.3
% of portfolio at cost debt	68.7%	96.3%	93.0%
% of portfolio at cost equity	31.3%	3.7%	7.0%
% of debt investments at cost secured by first priority lien	98.5%	87.9%	92.0%
Weighted-average annual effective yield(b)	12.3%	9.6%	10.4%
Average EBITDA(c)	\$ 4.7	\$ 99.1	\$ 46.1

- (a) At December 31, 2018, we had equity ownership in approximately 99% of our LMM portfolio companies, and the average fully diluted equity ownership in those portfolio companies was approximately 40%.
- (b) The weighted average annual effective yields were computed using the effective interest rates for all debt investments at cost as of December 31, 2018, including amortization of deferred debt origination fees and accretion of original issue discount but excluding fees payable upon repayment of the debt instruments and any debt investments on non-accrual status. Weighted average annual effective yield is higher than what an investor in shares of our common stock will realize on its investment because it does not reflect our expenses or any sales load paid by an investor.
- (c) The average EBITDA is calculated using a simple average for the LMM portfolio and a weighted-average for the Middle Market and Private Loan portfolios. These calculations exclude certain portfolio companies, including two LMM portfolio companies, one Middle Market portfolio company and four Private Loan portfolio companies, as EBITDA is not a meaningful valuation metric for our investments in these portfolio companies, and those portfolio companies whose primary purpose is to own real estate.

	<b>As of December 31, 2017</b>		
	<b>LMM(a)</b>	<b>Middle Market</b>	<b>Private Loan</b>
	<b>(dollars in millions)</b>		
Number of portfolio companies	70	62	54
Fair value	\$ 948.2	\$ 609.3	\$ 467.5
Cost	\$ 776.5	\$ 629.7	\$ 489.2
% of portfolio at cost debt	67.1%	97.3%	93.6%
% of portfolio at cost equity	32.9%	2.7%	6.4%
% of debt investments at cost secured by first priority lien	98.1%	90.5%	94.5%
Weighted-average annual effective yield(b)	12.0%	9.0%	9.2%
Average EBITDA(c)	\$ 4.4	\$ 78.3	\$ 39.6

- (a) At December 31, 2017, we had equity ownership in approximately 97% of our LMM portfolio companies, and the average fully diluted equity ownership in those portfolio companies was approximately 39%.
- (b) The weighted-average annual effective yields were computed using the effective interest rates for all debt investments at cost as of December 31, 2017, including amortization of deferred debt origination fees and accretion of original issue discount but excluding fees payable upon repayment of the debt instruments and any debt investments on non-accrual status. Weighted-average annual



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effective yield is higher than what an investor in shares of our common stock will realize on its investment because it does not reflect our expenses or any sales load paid by an investor.

- (c) The average EBITDA is calculated using a simple average for the LMM portfolio and a weighted-average for the Middle Market and Private Loan portfolios. These calculations exclude certain portfolio companies, including six LMM portfolio companies, one Middle Market portfolio company and three Private Loan portfolio companies, as EBITDA is not a meaningful valuation metric for our investments in these portfolio companies, and those portfolio companies whose primary purpose is to own real estate.

As of December 31, 2018, we had Other Portfolio investments in eleven companies, collectively totaling approximately \$108.3 million in fair value and approximately \$116.0 million in cost basis and which comprised approximately 4.4% of our Investment Portfolio (as defined in "Critical Accounting Policies – Basis of Presentation" below) at fair value. As of December 31, 2017, we had Other Portfolio investments in eleven companies, collectively totaling approximately \$104.6 million in fair value and approximately \$109.4 million in cost basis and which comprised approximately 4.8% of our Investment Portfolio at fair value.

As previously discussed, the External Investment Manager is a wholly owned subsidiary that is treated as a portfolio investment. As of December 31, 2018, there was no cost basis in this investment and the investment had a fair value of approximately \$65.7 million, which comprised approximately 2.7% of our Investment Portfolio at fair value. As of December 31, 2017, there was no cost basis in this investment and the investment had a fair value of approximately \$41.8 million, which comprised approximately 1.9% of our Investment Portfolio at fair value.

Our portfolio investments are generally made through MSCC and the Funds. MSCC and the Funds share the same investment strategies and criteria, although they are subject to different regulatory regimes. An investor's return in MSCC will depend, in part, on the Funds' investment returns as they are wholly owned subsidiaries of MSCC.

The level of new portfolio investment activity will fluctuate from period to period based upon our view of the current economic fundamentals, our ability to identify new investment opportunities that meet our investment criteria, and our ability to consummate the identified opportunities. The level of new investment activity, and associated interest and fee income, will directly impact future investment income. In addition, the level of dividends paid by portfolio companies and the portion of our portfolio debt investments on non-accrual status will directly impact future investment income. While we intend to grow our portfolio and our investment income over the long term, our growth and our operating results may be more limited during depressed economic periods. However, we intend to appropriately manage our cost structure and liquidity position based on applicable economic conditions and our investment outlook. The level of realized gains or losses and unrealized appreciation or depreciation on our investments will also fluctuate depending upon portfolio activity, economic conditions and the performance of our individual portfolio companies. The changes in realized gains and losses and unrealized appreciation or depreciation could have a material impact on our operating results.

Because we are internally managed, we do not pay any external investment advisory fees, but instead directly incur the operating costs associated with employing investment and portfolio management professionals. We believe that our internally managed structure provides us with a beneficial operating expense structure when compared to other publicly traded and privately held investment firms which are externally managed, and our internally managed structure allows us the opportunity to leverage our non-interest operating expenses as we grow our Investment Portfolio. For the years ended December 31, 2018 and 2017, the ratio of our total operating expenses, excluding interest expense, as a percentage of our quarterly average total assets was 1.4% and 1.6%, respectively.

During May 2012, we entered into an investment sub-advisory agreement with HMS Adviser, LP ("HMS Adviser"), which is the investment advisor to HMS Income, a non-listed BDC, to provide certain investment

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advisory services to HMS Adviser. In December 2013, after obtaining required no-action relief from the SEC to allow us to own a registered investment adviser, we assigned the sub-advisory agreement to the External Investment Manager since the fees received from such arrangement could otherwise have negative consequences on our ability to meet the source-of-income requirement necessary for us to maintain our RIC tax treatment. Under the investment sub-advisory agreement, the External Investment Manager is entitled to 50% of the base management fee and the incentive fees earned by HMS Adviser under its advisory agreement with HMS Income. The External Investment Manager has conditionally agreed to waive the historical incentive fees otherwise earned. During the years ended December 31, 2018, 2017 and 2016, the External Investment Manager earned \$11.6 million, \$10.9 million and \$9.5 million, respectively, of management fees (net of fees waived, if any) under the sub-advisory agreement with HMS Adviser.

During April 2014, we received an exemptive order from the SEC permitting co-investments by us and HMS Income in certain negotiated transactions where co-investing would otherwise be prohibited under the 1940 Act. We have made, and in the future intend to continue to make, such co-investments with HMS Income in accordance with the conditions of the order. The order requires, among other things, that we and the External Investment Manager consider whether each such investment opportunity is appropriate for HMS Income and, if it is appropriate, to propose an allocation of the investment opportunity between us and HMS Income. Because the External Investment Manager may receive performance-based fee compensation from HMS Income, this may provide it an incentive to allocate opportunities to HMS Income instead of us. However, both we and the External Investment Manager have policies and procedures in place to manage this conflict.

**CRITICAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

*Basis of Presentation*

Our consolidated financial statements are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States of America ("U.S. GAAP"). For each of the periods presented herein, our consolidated financial statements include the accounts of MSCC and its consolidated subsidiaries. The Investment Portfolio, as used herein, refers to all of our investments in LMM portfolio companies, investments in Middle Market portfolio companies, Private Loan portfolio investments, Other Portfolio investments, and the investment in the External Investment Manager. Our results of operations and cash flows for the years ended December 31, 2018, 2017 and 2016 and financial position as of December 31, 2018 and 2017, are presented on a consolidated basis. The effects of all intercompany transactions between us and our consolidated subsidiaries have been eliminated in consolidation. Certain reclassifications have been made to prior period balances to conform with the current presentation.

We are an investment company following the accounting and reporting guidance in Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") 946, *Financial Services - Investment Companies* ("ASC 946"). Under ASC 946, we are precluded from consolidating other entities in which we have equity investments, including those in which we have a controlling interest, unless the other entity is another investment company. An exception to this general principle in ASC 946 occurs if we hold a controlling interest in an operating company that provides all or substantially all of its services directly to us or to any of our portfolio companies. Accordingly, as noted above, our consolidated financial statements include the financial position and operating results for the Funds and the Taxable Subsidiaries. We have determined that all of our portfolio investments do not qualify for this exception, including the investment in the External Investment Manager. Therefore, our Investment Portfolio is carried on the consolidated balance sheet at fair value with any adjustments to fair value recognized as "Net Unrealized Appreciation (Depreciation)" on the consolidated statements of operations until the investment is realized, usually upon exit, resulting in any gain or loss being recognized as a "Net Realized Gain (Loss)."

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***Investment Portfolio Valuation***

The most significant determination inherent in the preparation of our consolidated financial statements is the valuation of our Investment Portfolio and the related amounts of unrealized appreciation and depreciation. As of both December 31, 2018 and 2017, our Investment Portfolio valued at fair value represented approximately 96% of our total assets. We are required to report our investments at fair value. We follow the provisions of FASB ASC 820, *Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures* ("ASC 820"). ASC 820 defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value, establishes a fair value hierarchy based on the quality of inputs used to measure fair value and enhances disclosure requirements for fair value measurements. ASC 820 requires us to assume that the portfolio investment is to be sold in the principal market to independent market participants, which may be a hypothetical market. Market participants are defined as buyers and sellers in the principal market that are independent, knowledgeable and willing and able to transact. See "Note B.1. Valuation of the Investment Portfolio" in the notes to consolidated financial statements for a detailed discussion of our investment portfolio valuation process and procedures.

Due to the inherent uncertainty in the valuation process, our determination of fair value for our Investment Portfolio may differ materially from the values that would have been determined had a ready market for the securities existed. In addition, changes in the market environment, portfolio company performance and other events that may occur over the lives of the investments may cause the gains or losses ultimately realized on these investments to be materially different than the valuations currently assigned. We determine the fair value of each individual investment and record changes in fair value as unrealized appreciation or depreciation.

Our Board of Directors has the final responsibility for overseeing, reviewing and approving, in good faith, our determination of the fair value for our Investment Portfolio and our valuation procedures, consistent with 1940 Act requirements. We believe our Investment Portfolio as of December 31, 2018 and 2017 approximates fair value as of those dates based on the markets in which we operate and other conditions in existence on those reporting dates.

***Revenue Recognition***

***Interest and Dividend Income***

We record interest and dividend income on the accrual basis to the extent amounts are expected to be collected. Dividend income is recorded as dividends are declared by the portfolio company or at the point an obligation exists for the portfolio company to make a distribution. In accordance with our valuation policies, we evaluate accrued interest and dividend income periodically for collectability. When a loan or debt security becomes 90 days or more past due, and if we otherwise do not expect the debtor to be able to service all of its debt or other obligations, we will generally place the loan or debt security on non-accrual status and cease recognizing interest income on that loan or debt security until the borrower has demonstrated the ability and intent to pay contractual amounts due. If a loan or debt security's status significantly improves regarding the debtor's ability to service the debt or other obligations, or if a loan or debt security is sold or written off, we remove it from non-accrual status.

***Fee Income***

We may periodically provide services, including structuring and advisory services, to our portfolio companies or other third parties. For services that are separately identifiable and evidence exists to substantiate fair value, fee income is recognized as earned, which is generally when the investment or other applicable transaction closes. Fees received in connection with debt financing transactions for services that do not meet these criteria are treated as debt origination fees and are deferred and accreted into income over the life of the financing.



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*Payment-in-Kind ("PIK") Interest and Cumulative Dividends*

We hold certain debt and preferred equity instruments in our Investment Portfolio that contain PIK interest and cumulative dividend provisions. The PIK interest, computed at the contractual rate specified in each debt agreement, is periodically added to the principal balance of the debt and is recorded as interest income. Thus, the actual collection of this interest may be deferred until the time of debt principal repayment. Cumulative dividends are recorded as dividend income, and any dividends in arrears are added to the balance of the preferred equity investment. The actual collection of these dividends in arrears may be deferred until such time as the preferred equity is redeemed or sold. To maintain RIC tax treatment (as discussed below), these non-cash sources of income may need to be paid out to stockholders in the form of distributions, even though we may not have collected the PIK interest and cumulative dividends in cash. We stop accruing PIK interest and cumulative dividends and write off any accrued and uncollected interest and dividends in arrears when we determine that such PIK interest and dividends in arrears are no longer collectible. For the years ended December 31, 2018, 2017 and 2016, (i) approximately 1.0%, 2.4%, and 3.6%, respectively, of our total investment income was attributable to PIK interest income not paid currently in cash and (ii) approximately 1.0%, 1.6%, and 1.2%, respectively, of our total investment income was attributable to cumulative dividend income not paid currently in cash.

*Share-Based Compensation*

We account for our share-based compensation plans using the fair value method, as prescribed by ASC 718, *Compensation - Stock Compensation*. Accordingly, for restricted stock awards, we measure the grant date fair value based upon the market price of our common stock on the date of the grant and amortize the fair value of the awards as share-based compensation expense over the requisite service period, which is generally the vesting term.

We have also adopted Accounting Standards Update ("ASU") 2016-09, *Compensation - Stock Compensation: Improvements to Employee Share-Based Payment Accounting*, which requires that all excess tax benefits and tax deficiencies (including tax benefits of dividends on share-based payment awards) be recognized as income tax expense or benefit in the income statement and not delay recognition of a tax benefit until the tax benefit is realized through a reduction to taxes payable. The tax effects of exercised or vested awards should be treated as discrete items in the reporting period in which they occur. Additionally, we have elected to account for forfeitures as they occur.

*Income Taxes*

MSCC has elected to be treated for U.S. federal income tax purposes as a RIC. MSCC's taxable income includes the taxable income generated by MSCC and certain of its subsidiaries, including the Funds, which are treated as disregarded entities for tax purposes. As a RIC, MSCC generally will not pay corporate-level U.S. federal income taxes on any net ordinary taxable income or capital gains that MSCC distributes to its stockholders. MSCC must generally distribute at least 90% of its "investment company taxable income" (which is generally its net ordinary taxable income and realized net short-term capital gains in excess of realized net long-term capital losses) and 90% of its tax-exempt income to maintain its RIC status (pass-through tax treatment for amounts distributed). As part of maintaining RIC status, undistributed taxable income (subject to a 4% non-deductible U.S. federal excise tax) pertaining to a given fiscal year may be distributed up to 12 months subsequent to the end of that fiscal year, provided such dividends are declared on or prior to the later of (i) filing of the U.S. federal income tax return for the applicable fiscal year or (ii) the fifteenth day of the ninth month following the close of the year in which such taxable income was generated.

The Taxable Subsidiaries primarily hold certain portfolio investments for us. The Taxable Subsidiaries permit us to hold equity investments in portfolio companies which are "pass-through" entities for tax purposes and to continue to comply with the "source-of-income" requirements contained in the RIC tax provisions of the Code. The Taxable Subsidiaries are consolidated with us for U.S. GAAP financial reporting purposes, and the portfolio investments held by the Taxable Subsidiaries are included in our consolidated

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financial statements as portfolio investments and recorded at fair value. The Taxable Subsidiaries are not consolidated with MSCC for income tax purposes and may generate income tax expense, or benefit, and tax assets and liabilities, as a result of their ownership of certain portfolio investments. The taxable income, or loss, of the Taxable Subsidiaries may differ from their book income, or loss, due to temporary book and tax timing differences and permanent differences. The Taxable Subsidiaries are each taxed at their normal corporate tax rates based on their taxable income. The income tax expense, or benefit, if any, and the related tax assets and liabilities, of the Taxable Subsidiaries are reflected in our consolidated financial statements.

The External Investment Manager is an indirect wholly owned subsidiary of MSCC owned through a Taxable Subsidiary and is a disregarded entity for tax purposes. The External Investment Manager has entered into a tax sharing agreement with its Taxable Subsidiary owner. Since the External Investment Manager is accounted for as a portfolio investment of MSCC and is not included as a consolidated subsidiary of MSCC in MSCC's consolidated financial statements, and as a result of the tax sharing agreement with its Taxable Subsidiary owner, for its stand-alone financial reporting purposes the External Investment Manager is treated as if it is taxed at normal corporate tax rates based on its taxable income and, as a result of its activities, may generate income tax expense or benefit. The income tax expense, or benefit, if any, and the related tax assets and liabilities, of the External Investment Manager are reflected in the External Investment Manager's separate financial statements.

In December 2017, the "Tax Cuts and Jobs Act" legislation was enacted. The Tax Cuts and Jobs Act includes significant changes to the U.S. corporate tax system, including a U.S. federal corporate income tax rate reduction from 35% to 21% and other changes. ASC 740, *Income Taxes*, requires the effects of changes in tax rates and laws on deferred tax balances to be recognized in the period in which the legislation was enacted. As such, we have accounted for the tax effects as a result of the enactment of the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act beginning with the period ended December 31, 2017.

The Taxable Subsidiaries and the External Investment Manager use the liability method in accounting for income taxes. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are recorded for temporary differences between the tax basis of assets and liabilities and their reported amounts in the consolidated financial statements, using statutory tax rates in effect for the year in which the temporary differences are expected to reverse. A valuation allowance is provided, if necessary, against deferred tax assets when it is more likely than not that some portion or all of the deferred tax asset will not be realized.

Taxable income generally differs from net income for financial reporting purposes due to temporary and permanent differences in the recognition of income and expenses. Taxable income generally excludes net unrealized appreciation or depreciation, as investment gains or losses are not included in taxable income until they are realized.

**INVESTMENT PORTFOLIO COMPOSITION**

Our LMM portfolio investments primarily consist of secured debt, equity warrants and direct equity investments in privately held, LMM companies based in the United States. Our LMM portfolio companies generally have annual revenues between \$10 million and \$150 million, and our LMM investments generally range in size from \$5 million to \$50 million. The LMM debt investments are typically secured by either a first or second priority lien on the assets of the portfolio company, can include either fixed or floating rate terms and generally have a term of between five and seven years from the original investment date. In most LMM portfolio investments, we receive nominally priced equity warrants and/or make direct equity investments in connection with a debt investment.

Our Middle Market portfolio investments primarily consist of direct investments in or secondary purchases of interest-bearing debt securities in privately held companies based in the United States that are generally larger in size than the companies included in our LMM portfolio. Our Middle Market portfolio companies generally have annual revenues between \$150 million and \$1.5 billion, and our Middle Market investments generally range in size from \$3 million to \$20 million. Our Middle Market portfolio debt

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investments are generally secured by either a first or second priority lien on the assets of the portfolio company and typically have a term of between three and seven years from the original investment date.

Our Private Loan portfolio investments are primarily debt securities in privately held companies which have been originated through strategic relationships with other investment funds on a collaborative basis, and are often referred to in the debt markets as "club deals." Private Loan investments are typically similar in size, structure, terms and conditions to investments we hold in our LMM portfolio and Middle Market portfolio. Our Private Loan portfolio debt investments are generally secured by either a first or second priority lien on the assets of the portfolio company and typically have a term of between three and seven years from the original investment date.

Our Other Portfolio investments primarily consist of investments which are not consistent with the typical profiles for LMM, Middle Market and Private Loan portfolio investments, including investments which may be managed by third parties. In the Other Portfolio, we may incur indirect fees and expenses in connection with investments managed by third parties, such as investments in other investment companies or private funds.

Our external asset management business is conducted through the External Investment Manager. The External Investment Manager earns management fees based on the assets of the funds under management and may earn incentive fees, or a carried interest, based on the performance of the funds managed. We have entered into an agreement with the External Investment Manager to share employees in connection with its asset management business generally, and specifically for its relationship with HMS Income. Through this agreement, we share employees with the External Investment Manager, including their related infrastructure, business relationships, management expertise and capital raising capabilities, and we allocate the related expenses to the External Investment Manager pursuant to the sharing agreement. Our total expenses for the years ended December 31, 2018, 2017 and 2016 are net of expenses allocated to the External Investment Manager of \$6.8 million, \$6.4 million and \$5.1 million, respectively. The External Investment Manager earns management fees based on the assets of the funds under management and may earn incentive fees, or a carried interest, based on the performance of the funds managed. The total contribution of the External Investment Manager to our net investment income consists of the combination of the expenses allocated to the External Investment Manager and the dividend income received from the External Investment Manager. For the years ended December 31, 2018, 2017 and 2016, the total contribution to our net investment income was \$10.6 million, \$9.4 million and \$7.9 million, respectively.

The following tables summarize the composition of our total combined LMM portfolio investments, Middle Market portfolio investments and Private Loan portfolio investments at cost and fair value by type of investment as a percentage of the total combined LMM portfolio investments, Middle Market portfolio investments and Private Loan portfolio investments as of December 31, 2018 and 2017 (this information excludes the Other Portfolio investments and the External Investment Manager).

<b>Cost:</b>	<b>December 31, 2018</b>	<b>December 31, 2017</b>
First lien debt	77.1%	79.0%
Equity	16.6%	15.3%
Second lien debt	5.3%	4.5%
Equity warrants	0.6%	0.7%
Other	0.4%	0.5%
	100.0%	100.0%

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<b>Fair Value:</b>	<b>December 31, 2018</b>	<b>December 31, 2017</b>
First lien debt	69.0%	70.5%
Equity	25.5%	24.4%
Second lien debt	4.6%	4.1%
Equity warrants	0.5%	0.6%
Other	0.4%	0.4%
	100.0%	100.0%

Our LMM portfolio investments, Middle Market portfolio investments and Private Loan portfolio investments carry a number of risks including: (1) investing in companies which may have limited operating histories and financial resources; (2) holding investments that generally are not publicly traded and which may be subject to legal and other restrictions on resale; and (3) other risks common to investing in below investment grade debt and equity investments in our Investment Portfolio. Please see "Risk Factors - Risks Related to Our Investments" for a more complete discussion of the risks involved with investing in our Investment Portfolio.

**PORTFOLIO ASSET QUALITY**

We utilize an internally developed investment rating system to rate the performance of each LMM portfolio company and to monitor our expected level of returns on each of our LMM investments in relation to our expectations for the portfolio company. The investment rating system takes into consideration various factors, including each investment's expected level of returns, the collectability of our debt investments and the ability to receive a return of the invested capital in our equity investments, comparisons to competitors and other industry participants, the portfolio company's future outlook and other factors that are deemed to be significant to the portfolio company.

As of December 31, 2018, our total Investment Portfolio had six investments on non-accrual status, which comprised approximately 1.3% of its fair value and 3.9% of its cost. As of December 31, 2017, our total Investment Portfolio had five investments on non-accrual status, which comprised approximately 0.2% of its fair value and 2.3% of its cost.

The operating results of our portfolio companies are impacted by changes in the broader fundamentals of the United States economy. In the event that the United States economy contracts, it is likely that the financial results of small to mid-sized companies, like those in which we invest, could experience deterioration or limited growth from current levels, which could ultimately lead to difficulty in meeting their debt service requirements, to an increase in defaults on our debt investments or in realized losses on our investments and to difficulty in maintaining historical dividend payment rates and unrealized appreciation on our equity investments. Consequently, we can provide no assurance that the performance of certain portfolio companies will not be negatively impacted by economic cycles or other conditions, which could also have a negative impact on our future results.

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	Twelve Months Ended December 31,		Net Change	
	2018	2017	Amount	%
	(dollars in thousands)			
Total investment income	\$ 233,355	\$ 205,741	\$ 27,614	13%
Total expenses	(76,710)	(70,370)	(6,340)	9%
Net investment income	156,645	135,371	21,274	16%
Net realized gain from investments	1,341	16,182	(14,841)	
Net realized loss on extinguishment of debt	(2,896)	(5,217)	2,321	
Net unrealized appreciation from:				
Portfolio investments	17,981	42,545	(24,564)	
SBIC debentures	1,294	6,212	(4,918)	
Total net unrealized appreciation	19,275	48,757	(29,482)	
Income tax provision	(6,152)	(24,471)	18,319	
Net increase in net assets resulting from operations	\$ 168,213	\$ 170,622	\$ (2,409)	(1)%

	Twelve Months Ended December 31,		Net Change	
	2018	2017	Amount	%
	(dollars in thousands, except per share amounts)			
Net investment income	\$ 156,645	\$ 135,371	\$ 21,274	16%
Share-based compensation expense	9,151	10,027	(876)	(9)%
Distributable net investment income(a)	\$ 165,796	\$ 145,398	\$ 20,398	14%
Net investment income per share Basic and diluted	\$ 2.60	\$ 2.39	\$ 0.21	9%
Distributable net investment income per share Basic and diluted(a)	\$ 2.76	\$ 2.56	\$ 0.20	8%

(a)

Distributable net investment income is net investment income as determined in accordance with U.S. GAAP, excluding the impact of share-based compensation expense which is non-cash in nature. We believe presenting distributable net investment income and related per share amounts is useful and appropriate supplemental disclosure of information for analyzing our financial performance since

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share-based compensation does not require settlement in cash. However, distributable net investment income is a non-U.S. GAAP measure and should not be considered as a replacement to net investment income and other earnings measures presented in accordance with U.S. GAAP. Instead, distributable net investment income should be reviewed only in connection with such U.S. GAAP measures in analyzing our financial performance. A reconciliation of net investment income in accordance with U.S. GAAP to distributable net investment income is presented in the table above.

### *Investment Income*

For the year ended December 31, 2018, total investment income was \$233.4 million, a 13% increase over the \$205.7 million of total investment income for the corresponding period of 2017. This comparable period increase was principally attributable to (i) a \$15.2 million net increase in interest income primarily related to higher average levels of Investment Portfolio debt investments and an increase in their average effective

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yields, partially offset by decreases in interest income associated with activity from portfolio companies that is considered to be less consistent on a recurring basis or non-recurring and prepayment, repricing and other activities involving existing Investment Portfolio debt investments, (ii) a \$11.8 million increase in dividend income from Investment Portfolio equity investments and (iii) a \$0.7 million increase in fee income. The \$27.6 million increase in total investment income in the year ended December 31, 2018 includes \$6.3 million related to elevated dividend income activity from certain Investment Portfolio equity investments that is considered to be less consistent on a recurring basis or non-recurring, partially offset by (i) a decrease of \$2.7 million related to interest income activity from portfolio companies that is considered to be less consistent on a recurring basis or non-recurring and (ii) a decrease of \$2.5 million related to lower accelerated prepayment, repricing and other activity for certain Investment Portfolio debt investments, in each case when compared to the same period in 2017.

*Expenses*

For the year ended December 31, 2018, total expenses increased to \$76.7 million from \$70.4 million for the corresponding period of 2017. This comparable period increase in operating expenses was principally attributable to (i) a \$7.0 million increase in interest expense, primarily due to an \$8.0 million increase as a result of the issuance of our 4.50% Notes due 2022 in November 2017, with the remainder of the difference from prior year due to the higher average balance of SBIC debentures outstanding and an increase in both the average balance outstanding and the interest rate on our multi-year revolving credit facility (the "Credit Facility"), with these increases partially offset by a decrease from the redemption of the 6.125% Notes effective April 1, 2018, and (ii) a \$0.4 million increase in compensation expense related to increases in the number of personnel, base compensation levels and incentive compensation accruals, with these increases partially offset by (i) a \$0.9 million decrease in share-based compensation expense, (ii) a decrease of \$0.9 million related to an additional decrease in incentive compensation accruals and (iii) a \$0.4 million increase in the expenses allocated to the External Investment Manager as a result of elevated non-recurring strategic activities at the External Investment Manager during the year ended December 31, 2018. The \$0.4 million increase in compensation expense is after (i) a \$1.5 million decrease that is considered to be a one-time non-recurring benefit due to the conversion of a cash bonus to an expected non-cash restricted stock grant for an executive that will be amortized as non-cash, share-based compensation expense over the future service period and (ii) a \$0.4 million decrease as a result of the decrease in the fair value of our deferred compensation plan assets. The ratio of our total operating expenses, excluding interest expense, as a percentage of our quarterly average total assets for the year ended December 31, 2018 was 1.4% on an annualized basis compared to 1.6% for the year ended December 31, 2017.

*Net Investment Income*

Net investment income for the year ended December 31, 2018 was \$156.6 million, or a 16% increase, compared to net investment income of \$135.4 million for the corresponding period of 2017. The increase in net investment income was principally attributable to the increase in total investment income, partially offset by higher operating expenses both as discussed above.

*Distributable Net Investment Income*

For the year ended December 31, 2018, distributable net investment income increased 14% to \$165.8 million, or \$2.76 per share, compared with \$145.4 million, or \$2.56 per share, in the corresponding period of 2017. The increase in distributable net investment income was primarily due to the higher level of total investment income, partially offset by higher operating expenses both as discussed above. Distributable net investment income on a per share basis for the year ended December 31, 2018 reflects (i) a consistent level of income per share from the comparable period in 2017 attributable to the net effect of the elevated dividend income activity, offset by the decreases in interest income associated with the comparable levels of activity from portfolio companies that is considered to be less consistent on a recurring basis or non-recurring and accelerated prepayment, repricing and other income activity considered non-recurring, as discussed above,

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(ii) an increase of \$0.03 per share due to the non-recurring benefit to compensation expense and the decrease in the fair value of the deferred compensation plan assets, both as discussed above, and (iii) a greater number of average shares outstanding compared to the corresponding period in 2017 primarily due to shares issued through the ATM Program (as defined in "Liquidity and Capital Resources" Capital Resources" below), shares issued pursuant to our equity incentive plans and shares issued pursuant to our dividend reinvestment plan.

#### *Net Increase in Net Assets Resulting from Operations*

The net increase in net assets resulting from operations during the year ended December 31, 2018 was \$168.2 million, or \$2.80 per share, compared with \$170.6 million, or \$3.01 per share, during the year ended December 31, 2017. This \$2.4 million decrease from the prior year was primarily the result of (i) a \$29.5 million decrease in net unrealized appreciation from portfolio investments and SBIC debentures, including the impact of accounting reversals relating to realized gains/income (losses), and (ii) a \$14.8 million decrease in the net realized gain from investments, with these decreases partially offset by (i) a \$21.3 million increase in net investment income as discussed above, (ii) a \$18.3 million decrease in the income tax provision and (iii) a \$2.3 million improvement in the net realized loss on extinguishment of debt. The net realized gain from investments of \$1.3 million for the year ended December 31, 2018 was primarily the result of (i) the net realized gain of \$13.7 million resulting from the net effect of gains on the exits of six LMM investments, partially offset by losses on the exits of four LMM investments and other activity in the LMM portfolio, (ii) the realized gains of \$6.1 million due to activity in our Other Portfolio and (iii) the realized gains of \$2.5 million in our Private Loan portfolio, with the effect of these net realized gains partially offset by the net realized loss of \$20.9 million in our Middle Market portfolio, which is primarily the result of (i) the realized losses of \$17.6 million on the restructures of two Middle Market investments and (ii) the realized losses of \$4.4 million on the exits of two Middle Market investments.

The following table provides a summary of the total net unrealized appreciation of \$19.3 million for the year ended December 31, 2018:

	Twelve Months Ended December 31, 2018				
	LMM(a)	Middle Market	Private Loan	Other	Total
	(dollars in millions)				
Accounting reversals of net unrealized (appreciation) depreciation recognized in prior periods due to net realized (gains / income) losses recognized during the current period	\$ (22.2)	\$ 19.6	\$ (4.4)	\$ (2.6)	\$ (9.6)
Net unrealized appreciation (depreciation) relating to portfolio investments	54.5	(31.3)	(19.3)	23.7(b)	27.6
<b>Total net unrealized appreciation (depreciation) relating to portfolio investments</b>	<b>\$ 32.3</b>	<b>\$ (11.7)</b>	<b>\$ (23.7)</b>	<b>\$ 21.1</b>	<b>\$ 18.0</b>
Unrealized appreciation relating to SBIC debentures(c)					1.3
<b>Total net unrealized appreciation</b>					<b>\$ 19.3</b>

(a) LMM includes unrealized appreciation on 39 LMM portfolio investments and unrealized depreciation on 19 LMM portfolio investments.

(b) Other includes \$24.0 million of unrealized appreciation relating to the External Investment Manager and \$0.3 million of net unrealized depreciation relating to the Other Portfolio.

(c) Primarily relates to unrealized appreciation on the SBIC debentures held by MSC II which are accounted for on a fair value basis and includes \$1.4 million of accounting reversals of previously recognized unrealized depreciation recorded since the date of acquisition of MSC II on the debentures repaid due to fair value adjustments since such date.





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The income tax provision for the year ended December 31, 2018 of \$6.2 million principally consisted of a deferred tax provision of \$5.8 million, which is primarily the result of the net activity relating to our portfolio investments held in our Taxable Subsidiaries, including changes in loss carryforwards, changes in net unrealized appreciation/depreciation and other temporary book-tax differences, and other current tax expense of \$0.4 million.

### *Comparison of the years ended December 31, 2017 and 2016*

	Twelve Months Ended December 31,		Net Change	
	2017	2016	Amount	%
	(dollars in thousands)			
Total investment income	\$ 205,741	\$ 178,339	\$ 27,402	15%
Total expenses	(70,370)	(62,537)	(7,833)	13%
Net investment income	135,371	115,802	19,569	17%
Net realized gain from investments	16,182	29,389	(13,207)	
Net realized loss from SBIC debentures	(5,217)		(5,217)	
Net unrealized appreciation (depreciation) from:				
Portfolio investments	42,545	(8,305)	50,850	
SBIC debentures and marketable securities and idle funds	6,212	786	5,426	
Total net unrealized appreciation (depreciation)	48,757	(7,519)	56,276	
Income tax benefit (provision)	(24,471)	1,227	(25,698)	
Net increase in net assets resulting from operations	\$ 170,622	\$ 138,899	\$ 31,723	23%

	Twelve Months Ended December 31,		Net Change	
	2017	2016	Amount	%
	(dollars in thousands, except per share amounts)			
Net investment income	\$ 135,371	\$ 115,802	\$ 19,569	17%
Share-based compensation expense	10,027	8,304	1,723	21%
Distributable net investment income(a)	\$ 145,398	\$ 124,106	\$ 21,292	17%
Net investment income per share Basic and diluted	\$ 2.39	\$ 2.23	\$ 0.16	7%
Distributable net investment income per share Basic and diluted(a)	\$ 2.56	\$ 2.39	\$ 0.17	7%

(a)

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Distributable net investment income is net investment income as determined in accordance with U.S. GAAP, excluding the impact of share-based compensation expense which is non-cash in nature. We believe presenting distributable net investment income and related per share amounts is useful and appropriate supplemental disclosure of information for analyzing our financial performance since share-based compensation does not require settlement in cash. However, distributable net investment income is a non-U.S. GAAP measure and should not be considered as a replacement to net investment income and other earnings measures presented in accordance with U.S. GAAP. Instead, distributable net investment income should be reviewed only in connection with such U.S. GAAP measures in analyzing our financial performance. A reconciliation of net investment income in accordance with U.S. GAAP to distributable net investment income is presented in the table above.

Table of Contents*Investment Income*

For the year ended December 31, 2017, total investment income was \$205.7 million, a 15% increase over the \$178.3 million of total investment income for the corresponding period of 2016. This comparable period increase was principally attributable to (i) a \$23.2 million increase in interest income primarily related to higher average levels of portfolio debt investments and increased activities involving existing Investment Portfolio debt investments, (ii) a \$2.5 million increase in dividend income from Investment Portfolio equity investments and (iii) a \$1.8 million increase in fee income. The \$27.4 million increase in total investment income in the year ended December 31, 2017 includes (i) an increase of \$6.7 million related to higher accelerated prepayment, repricing and other activity for certain portfolio debt investments when compared to the same period in 2016, (ii) an increase of \$2.7 million related to interest income activity from portfolio companies that is considered to be less consistent on a recurring basis or non-recurring during the period when compared to the same period in 2016 and (iii) includes \$1.7 million related to dividend income activity from portfolio companies that is considered to be less consistent on a recurring basis or non-recurring which is consistent with the amount from such dividend income activity in the same period in 2016.

*Expenses*

For the year ended December 31, 2017, total expenses increased to \$70.4 million from \$62.5 million for the corresponding period of 2016. This comparable period increase in operating expenses was principally attributable to (i) a \$2.8 million increase in interest expense, primarily due to (a) a \$1.4 million increase on the Credit Facility due to the higher average interest rate during 2017, (b) a \$0.9 million increase due to the issuance of our 4.50% Notes due 2022 in November 2017 and (c) a \$0.5 million increase due to the higher average balance of SBIC debentures outstanding, (ii) a \$2.4 million increase in general and administrative expenses, including approximately \$0.6 million related to non-recurring professional fees and other expenses incurred on certain potential new portfolio investment opportunities which were terminated during the due diligence and legal documentation processes, (iii) a \$2.2 million increase in compensation expense related to increases in the number of personnel, base compensation levels and incentive compensation accruals and (iv) a \$1.7 million increase in share-based compensation expense, with these increases partially offset by a \$1.3 million increase in the expenses allocated to the External Investment Manager, in each case when compared to the same period in the prior year. For the years ended December 31, 2017 and 2016, the ratio of our total operating expenses, excluding interest expense and the non-recurring professional fees and other expenses discussed above as a percentage of our quarterly average total assets was 1.5%. Including the effect of the non-recurring expenses, the ratio for the year ended December 31, 2017 was 1.6%.

*Net Investment Income*

Net investment income for the year ended December 31, 2017 was \$135.4 million, or a 17% increase, compared to net investment income of \$115.8 million for the corresponding period of 2016. The increase in net investment income was principally attributable to the increase in total investment income, partially offset by higher operating expenses both as discussed above.

*Distributable Net Investment Income*

For the year ended December 31, 2017, distributable net investment income increased 17% to \$145.4 million, or \$2.56 per share, compared with \$124.1 million, or \$2.39 per share in 2016. The increase in distributable net investment income was primarily due to the higher level of total investment income, partially offset by higher operating expenses both as discussed above. Distributable net investment income on a per share basis for the year ended December 31, 2017 reflects an (i) increase of approximately \$0.16 per share from the comparable period in 2016 attributable to the net increase in the comparable levels of accelerated prepayment, repricing and other, unusual activity for certain Investment Portfolio debt investments and (ii) a greater number of average shares outstanding compared to the corresponding period in 2016 primarily due to shares issued through the ATM Program (as defined in "Liquidity and Capital Resources - Capital Resources" below), shares issued pursuant to our equity incentive plans and shares issued pursuant to our dividend reinvestment plan.

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*Net Increase in Net Assets Resulting from Operations*

The net increase in net assets resulting from operations during the year ended December 31, 2017 was \$170.6 million, or \$3.01 per share, compared with \$138.9 million, or \$2.67 per share, during the year ended December 31, 2016. This \$31.7 million increase from the prior year was primarily the result of (i) a \$56.3 million improvement in net unrealized appreciation (depreciation) from portfolio investments and SBIC debentures, including the impact of accounting reversals relating to realized gains/income (losses), from net unrealized depreciation of \$7.5 million for the year ended December 31, 2016 to net unrealized appreciation of \$48.8 million for the year ended December 31, 2017, which includes the impact of approximately \$15.0 million of unrealized appreciation in the LMM equity portfolio related to the enactment of the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act (see further discussion above in "Critical Accounting Policies - Income Taxes") and (ii) a \$19.6 million increase in net investment income as discussed above, with these increases partially offset by (i) a \$25.7 million change in the income tax benefit (provision) from an income tax benefit of \$1.2 million for the year ended December 31, 2016 to an income tax provision of \$24.5 million for the year ended December 31, 2017, (ii) a \$13.2 million decrease in the net realized gain from investments to a total net realized gain from investments of \$16.2 million for the year ended December 31, 2017 and (iii) a \$5.2 million realized loss on the repayment of SBIC debentures outstanding at MSC II which had previously been accounted for on the fair value method of accounting. The net realized gain from investments of \$16.2 million for the year ended December 31, 2017 was primarily the result of (i) the net realized gain of \$11.8 million resulting from gains on the exits of five LMM investments and losses on the exits of four LMM investments, (ii) realized gains of \$9.3 million due to activity in our Other Portfolio, (iii) net realized gains of \$3.0 million in our Private Loan portfolio resulting from gains on the exits of two Private Loan investments and a loss on the restructure of a Private Loan investment, (iv) realized gains of \$2.1 million related to other activity in the LMM portfolio and (v) the net realized loss of \$9.8 million in our Middle Market portfolio, which is primarily the result of (a) realized losses of \$7.9 million on the exits of two Middle Market investments and (b) the realized loss of \$3.5 million on the restructure of a Middle Market investment, with these changes partially offset by \$1.5 million of net realized gains on other activity in our Middle Market portfolio. The realized loss of \$5.2 million on the repayment of SBIC debentures is related to the previously recognized bargain purchase gain resulting from recording the MSC II debentures at fair value on the date of the acquisition of the majority of the equity interests of MSC II in 2010. The effect of the realized loss is offset by the reversal of all previously recognized unrealized depreciation on these SBIC debentures due to fair value adjustments since the date of the acquisition.

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The following table provides a summary of the total net unrealized appreciation of \$48.8 million for the year ended December 31, 2017:

	Twelve Months Ended December 31, 2017					Total
	LMM(a)	Middle Market	Private Loan	Other(b)		
	(dollars in millions)					
Accounting reversals of net unrealized (appreciation) depreciation recognized in prior periods due to net realized (gains)/(income) losses recognized during the current period	\$ (11.1)	\$ 5.6	\$ (3.1)	\$ (8.1)	\$ (16.7)	
Net unrealized appreciation (depreciation) relating to portfolio investments	50.6	(9.6)	(3.1)	21.4	59.3	
<b>Total net unrealized appreciation (depreciation) relating to portfolio investments</b>	<b>\$ 39.5</b>	<b>\$ (4.0)</b>	<b>\$ (6.2)</b>	<b>\$ 13.3</b>	<b>\$ 42.6</b>	
Unrealized appreciation relating to SBIC debentures(c)						6.2
<b>Total net unrealized appreciation</b>						<b>\$ 48.8</b>

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- (a) LMM includes unrealized appreciation on 39 LMM portfolio investments and unrealized depreciation on 25 LMM portfolio investments.
- (b) Other includes \$11.2 million of unrealized appreciation relating to the External Investment Manager and \$10.2 million of net unrealized appreciation relating to the Other Portfolio.
- (c) Relates to unrealized appreciation on the SBIC debentures held by MSC II which are accounted for on a fair value basis and includes \$6.0 million of accounting reversals resulting from the reversal of previously recognized unrealized depreciation recorded since the date of acquisition of MSC II on the debentures repaid due to fair value adjustments since such date and \$0.2 million of current period unrealized appreciation on the remaining SBIC debentures.

The income tax provision for the year ended December 31, 2017 of \$24.5 million principally consisted of a deferred tax provision of \$19.3 million, which is primarily the result of the net activity relating to our portfolio investments held in our Taxable Subsidiaries, including changes in loss carryforwards, changes in net unrealized appreciation/depreciation and other temporary book-tax differences, and other current tax expense of \$5.2 million related to (i) a \$1.9 million accrual for excise tax on our estimated undistributed taxable income and (ii) current tax expense of \$3.3 million related to accruals for U.S. federal and state income taxes.

### *Liquidity and Capital Resources*

#### *Cash Flows*

For the year ended December 31, 2018, we experienced a net increase in cash and cash equivalents in the amount of approximately \$2.7 million, which is the net result of approximately \$109.1 million of cash used in our operating activities and approximately \$111.7 million of cash provided by our financing activities.

During the year ended December 31, 2018, \$109.1 million of cash was used in our operating activities, which resulted primarily from (i) cash flows we generated from the operating profits earned through our operating activities totaling \$149.8 million, which is our \$165.8 million of distributable net investment income, excluding the non-cash effects of the accretion of unearned income of \$14.7 million, payment-in-kind interest income of \$2.3 million, cumulative dividends of \$2.3 million and the amortization expense for deferred financing costs

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of \$3.3 million, and (ii) cash uses totaling \$963.4 million, which principally consisted of \$962.5 million for the funding of new portfolio company investments and settlement of accruals

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for portfolio investments existing as of December 31, 2017 and \$0.9 million related to decreases in payables and accruals and (iii) cash proceeds totaling \$704.6 million from \$703.2 million in cash proceeds from the sales and repayments of debt investments and sales of and return on capital of equity investments and \$1.4 million related to decreases in other assets.

During the year ended December 31, 2018, \$111.7 million in cash was provided by financing activities, which principally consisted of (i) \$237.0 million in net cash proceeds from the Credit Facility (ii) \$78.4 million in net cash proceeds from the ATM Program (described below), and (iii) \$54.0 million in cash proceeds from issuance of SBIC debentures, partially offset by (i) \$156.0 million in cash dividends paid to stockholders, (ii) \$90.7 million in redemption of 6.125% Notes, (iii) \$4.0 million in repayment of SBIC debentures, (iv) \$4.1 million for purchases of vested restricted stock from employees to satisfy their tax withholding requirements upon the vesting of such restricted stock and (v) \$2.9 million for payment of deferred debt issuance costs, SBIC debenture fees and other costs.

For the year ended December 31, 2017, we experienced a net increase in cash and cash equivalents in the amount of approximately \$27.0 million, which is the result of approximately \$72.9 million of cash provided by our operating activities and approximately \$45.9 million of cash used in financing activities.

During the year ended December 31, 2017, \$72.9 million of cash was provided by our operating activities, which resulted primarily from (i) cash flows we generated from the operating profits earned through our operating activities totaling \$123.1 million, which is our \$145.4 million of distributable net investment income, excluding the non-cash effects of the accretion of unearned income of \$17.0 million, payment-in-kind interest income of \$4.9 million, cumulative dividends of \$3.2 million and the amortization expense for deferred financing costs of \$2.8 million, (ii) cash uses totaling \$876.7 million for the funding of new portfolio company investments and settlement of accruals for portfolio investments existing as of December 31, 2016, and (iii) cash proceeds totaling \$826.5 million from (a) \$819.4 million in cash proceeds from the sales and repayments of debt investments and sales of and return on capital of equity investments, (b) \$4.5 million related to decreases in other assets and (c) \$2.6 million related to increases in payables and accruals.

During the year ended December 31, 2017, \$45.9 million in cash was used in financing activities, which principally consisted of (i) \$150.9 million in net cash proceeds from the ATM Program (described below), (ii) \$185.0 million in cash proceeds from the issuance of 4.50% Notes due 2022 in November 2017 and (iii) \$81.0 million in cash proceeds from issuance of SBIC debentures, partially offset by (i) \$279.0 million in net repayments on the Credit Facility and (ii) \$148.4 million in cash dividends paid to stockholders, (iii) \$25.2 million in repayment of SBIC debentures, (iii) \$4.4 million for purchases of vested restricted stock from employees to satisfy their tax withholding requirements upon the vesting of such restricted stock and (iv) \$5.9 million for payment of deferred debt issuance costs, SBIC debenture fees and other costs.

*Capital Resources*

As of December 31, 2018, we had \$54.2 million in cash and cash equivalents and \$404.0 million of unused capacity under the Credit Facility, which we maintain to support our investment and operating activities. As of December 31, 2018, our net asset value totaled \$1,476.0 million, or \$24.09 per share.

The Credit Facility, which provides additional liquidity to support our investment and operational activities, was amended and restated during 2018 to provide for an increase in total commitments from \$585.0 million to \$705.0 million and to increase the diversified group of lenders to eighteen, eliminate interest rate adjustments previously subject to our maintenance of an investment grade rating and extend the final maturity by two years to September 2023. The amended Credit Facility also contains an upsized accordion feature which allows us to increase the total commitments under the facility to up to \$800.0 million from new and existing lenders on the same terms and conditions as the existing commitments.

Borrowings under the Credit Facility bear interest, subject to our election, on a per annum basis at a rate equal to the applicable LIBOR rate (2.5% as of December 31, 2018) plus (i) 1.875% (or the applicable base



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rate (Prime Rate of 5.5% as of December 31, 2018) plus 0.875%) as long as we meet certain agreed upon excess collateral and maximum leverage requirements or (ii) 2.0% (or the applicable base rate plus 1.0%) otherwise. We pay unused commitment fees of 0.25% per annum on the unused lender commitments under the Credit Facility. The Credit Facility is secured by a first lien on the assets of MSCC and its subsidiaries, excluding the equity ownership or assets of the Funds and the External Investment Manager. The Credit Facility contains certain affirmative and negative covenants, including but not limited to: (i) maintaining a minimum availability of at least 10% of the borrowing base, (ii) maintaining an interest coverage ratio of at least 2.0 to 1.0, (iii) maintaining an asset coverage ratio (tangible net worth to Credit Facility borrowings) of at least 1.5 to 1.0 and (iv) maintaining a minimum tangible net worth. The Credit Facility is provided on a revolving basis through its final maturity date in September 2023, and contains two, one-year extension options which could extend the final maturity by up to two years, subject to certain conditions, including lender approval. As of December 31, 2018, we had \$301.0 million in borrowings outstanding under the Credit Facility, the interest rate on the Credit Facility was 4.2% and we were in compliance with all financial covenants of the Credit Facility.

Through the Funds, we have the ability to issue SBIC debentures guaranteed by the SBA at favorable interest rates and favorable terms and conditions. Under existing SBA regulations, SBA approved SBICs under common control have the ability to issue debentures guaranteed by the SBA up to a regulatory maximum amount of \$350.0 million. Through the Funds, we have an effective maximum amount of \$346.0 million following the prepayment of \$4.0 million of existing SBIC debentures as discussed below. During the year ended December 31, 2018, we issued \$54.0 million of SBIC debentures and opportunistically prepaid \$4.0 million of our existing SBIC debentures as part of an effort to manage the maturity dates of our oldest SBIC debentures. Debentures guaranteed by the SBA have fixed interest rates that equal prevailing 10-year Treasury Note rates plus a market spread and have a maturity of ten years with interest payable semiannually. The principal amount of the debentures is not required to be paid before maturity, but may be pre-paid at any time with no prepayment penalty. We expect to issue new SBIC debentures under the SBIC program in the future in an amount up to the regulatory maximum amount for affiliated SBIC funds. As of December 31, 2018, through our three wholly owned SBICs, we had \$345.8 million of outstanding SBIC debentures guaranteed by the SBA, which bear a weighted-average annual fixed interest rate of approximately 3.7%, paid semiannually, and mature ten years from issuance. The first maturity related to our SBIC debentures occurs in 2019, and the weighted-average remaining duration is approximately 5.6 years as of December 31, 2018.

In April 2013, we issued \$92.0 million, including the underwriters' full exercise of their over-allotment option, in aggregate principal amount of the 6.125% Notes (the "6.125% Notes"). The 6.125% Notes bore interest at a rate of 6.125% per year payable quarterly on January 1, April 1, July 1 and October 1 of each year. The total net proceeds to us from the 6.125% Notes, after underwriting discounts and estimated offering expenses payable, were approximately \$89.0 million. On April 2, 2018, we redeemed the entire principal amount of the issued and outstanding 6.125% Notes effective April 1, 2018 (the "Redemption Date"). The 6.125% Notes were redeemed at par value, plus the accrued and unpaid interest thereon from January 1, 2018, through, but excluding, the Redemption Date. As part of the redemption, we recognized a realized loss on extinguishment of debt of \$1.5 million in the second quarter of 2018 related to the write-off of the related unamortized deferred financing costs.

In November 2014, we issued \$175.0 million in aggregate principal amount of 4.50% unsecured notes due 2019 (the "4.50% Notes due 2019") at an issue price of 99.53%. The 4.50% Notes due 2019 are unsecured obligations and rank pari passu with our current and future unsecured indebtedness; senior to any of our future indebtedness that expressly provides it is subordinated to the 4.50% Notes due 2019; effectively subordinated to all of our existing and future secured indebtedness, to the extent of the value of the assets securing such indebtedness, including borrowings under our Credit Facility; and structurally subordinated to all existing and future indebtedness and other obligations of any of our subsidiaries, including without limitation, the indebtedness of the Funds. The 4.50% Notes due 2019 mature on December 1, 2019, and may be redeemed in whole or in part at any time at our option subject to certain make-whole provisions. The

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4.50% Notes due 2019 bear interest at a rate of 4.50% per year payable semiannually on June 1 and December 1 of each year. We may from time to time repurchase 4.50% Notes due 2019 in accordance with the 1940 Act and the rules promulgated thereunder. As of December 31, 2018, the outstanding balance of the 4.50% Notes due 2019 was \$175.0 million.

The indenture governing the 4.50% Notes due 2019 (the "4.50% Notes due 2019 Indenture") contains certain covenants, including covenants requiring our compliance with (regardless of whether we are subject to) the asset coverage requirements set forth in Section 18(a)(1)(A) as modified by Section 61(a)(1) of the 1940 Act, as well as covenants requiring us to provide financial information to the holders of the 4.50% Notes due 2019 and the Trustee if we cease to be subject to the reporting requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act"). These covenants are subject to limitations and exceptions that are described in the 4.50% Notes due 2019 Indenture.

In November 2017, we issued \$185.0 million in aggregate principal amount of 4.50% unsecured notes due 2022 (the "4.50% Notes due 2022") at an issue price of 99.16%. The 4.50% Notes due 2022 are unsecured obligations and rank pari passu with our current and future unsecured indebtedness; senior to any of our future indebtedness that expressly provides it is subordinated to the 4.50% Notes due 2022; effectively subordinated to all of our existing and future secured indebtedness, to the extent of the value of the assets securing such indebtedness, including borrowings under our Credit Facility; and structurally subordinated to all existing and future indebtedness and other obligations of any of our subsidiaries, including without limitation, the indebtedness of the Funds. The 4.50% Notes due 2022 mature on December 1, 2022, and may be redeemed in whole or in part at any time at our option subject to certain make-whole provisions. The 4.50% Notes due 2022 bear interest at a rate of 4.50% per year payable semiannually on June 1 and December 1 of each year. We may from time to time repurchase 4.50% Notes due 2022 in accordance with the 1940 Act and the rules promulgated thereunder. As of December 31, 2018, the outstanding balance of the 4.50% Notes due 2022 was \$185.0 million.

The indenture governing the 4.50% Notes due 2022 (the "4.50% Notes due 2022 Indenture") contains certain covenants, including covenants requiring our compliance with (regardless of whether we are subject to) the asset coverage requirements set forth in Section 18(a)(1)(A) as modified by Section 61(a)(1) of the 1940 Act, as well as covenants requiring us to provide financial information to the holders of the 4.50% Notes due 2022 and the Trustee if we cease to be subject to the reporting requirements of the Exchange Act. These covenants are subject to limitations and exceptions that are described in the 4.50% Notes due 2022 Indenture.

We maintain a program with certain selling agents through which we can sell shares of our common stock by means of at-the-market offerings from time to time (the "ATM Program").

During the year ended December 31, 2016, we sold 3,324,646 shares of our common stock at a weighted-average price of \$34.17 per share and raised \$113.6 million of gross proceeds under the ATM Program. Net proceeds were \$112.0 million after commissions to the selling agents on shares sold and offering costs.

During the year ended December 31, 2017, we sold 3,944,972 shares of our common stock at a weighted-average price of \$38.72 per share and raised \$152.8 million of gross proceeds under the ATM Program. Net proceeds were \$150.9 million after commissions to the selling agents on shares sold and offering costs.

During the year ended December 31, 2018, we sold 2,060,019 shares of our common stock at a weighted-average price of \$38.48 per share and raised \$79.3 million of gross proceeds under the ATM Program. Net proceeds were \$78.0 million after commissions to the selling agents on shares sold and offering costs. As of December 31, 2018, 2,994,469 shares remained available for sale under the ATM Program.

We anticipate that we will continue to fund our investment activities through existing cash and cash equivalents, cash flows generated through our ongoing operating activities, utilization of available borrowings under our Credit Facility, and a combination of future issuances of debt and equity capital. Our primary uses

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of funds will be investments in portfolio companies, operating expenses and cash distributions to holders of our common stock.

We periodically invest excess cash balances into marketable securities and idle funds investments. The primary investment objective of marketable securities and idle funds investments is to generate incremental cash returns on excess cash balances prior to utilizing those funds for investment in our LMM, Middle Market and Private Loan portfolio investments. Marketable securities and idle funds investments generally consist of debt investments, independently rated debt investments, certificates of deposit with financial institutions, diversified bond funds and publicly traded debt and equity investments.

If our common stock trades below our net asset value per share, we will generally not be able to issue additional common stock at the market price unless our stockholders approve such a sale and our Board of Directors makes certain determinations. We did not seek stockholder authorization to sell shares of our common stock below the then current net asset value per share of our common stock at our 2018 annual meeting of stockholders because our common stock price per share had been trading significantly above the net asset value per share of our common stock since 2011. We would therefore need future approval from our stockholders to issue shares below the then current net asset value per share.

In order to satisfy the Code requirements applicable to a RIC, we intend to distribute to our stockholders, after consideration and application of our ability under the Code to carry forward certain excess undistributed taxable income from one tax year into the next tax year, substantially all of our taxable income. In addition, as a BDC, we generally are required to meet a coverage ratio of total assets to total senior securities, which include borrowings and any preferred stock we may issue in the future, of at least 200% (or 150% if certain requirements are met). This requirement limits the amount that we may borrow. In January 2008, we received an exemptive order from the SEC to exclude SBA-guaranteed debt securities issued by MSMF and any other wholly owned subsidiaries of ours which operate as SBICs from the asset coverage requirements of the 1940 Act as applicable to us, which, in turn, enables us to fund more investments with debt capital.

Although we have been able to secure access to additional liquidity, including through the Credit Facility, public debt issuances, leverage available through the SBIC program and equity offerings, there is no assurance that debt or equity capital will be available to us in the future on favorable terms, or at all.

### ***Recently Issued or Adopted Accounting Standards***

In May 2014, the FASB issued Accounting Standards Update ("ASU") 2014-09, *Revenue from Contracts with Customers* (Topic 606). ASU 2014-09 supersedes the revenue recognition requirements under ASC 605, *Revenue Recognition*, and most industry-specific guidance throughout the Industry Topics of the ASC. The core principle of the guidance is that an entity should recognize revenue to depict the transfer of promised goods or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration to which an entity expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services. Under the guidance, an entity is required to perform the following five steps: (1) identify the contract(s) with a customer; (2) identify the performance obligations in the contract; (3) determine the transaction price; (4) allocate the transaction price to the performance obligations in the contract; and (5) recognize revenue when (or as) the entity satisfies a performance obligation. The guidance will significantly enhance comparability of revenue recognition practices across entities, industries, jurisdictions and capital markets. Additionally, the guidance requires improved disclosures as to the nature, amount, timing and uncertainty of revenue that is recognized. In March 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-08, *Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606): Principal versus Agent Considerations (Reporting Revenue Gross versus Net)*, which clarified the implementation guidance on principal versus agent considerations. In April 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-10, *Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606): Identifying Performance Obligations and Licensing*, which clarified the implementation guidance regarding performance obligations and licensing arrangements. In May 2016, the FASB issued ASU No. 2016-12, *Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606) Narrow-Scope Improvements and Practical Expedients*, which clarified guidance on assessing collectability, presenting sales tax, measuring noncash consideration, and certain transition matters. In December 2016, the FASB issued

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ASU No. 2016-20, *Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606) Technical Corrections and Improvements*, which provided disclosure relief, and clarified the scope and application of the new revenue standard and related cost guidance. The guidance is effective for the annual reporting period beginning after December 15, 2017, including interim periods within that reporting period. Substantially all of our income is not within the scope of ASU 2014-09. For those income items that are within the scope (primarily fee income), we have similar performance obligations as compared with deliverables and separate units of account previously identified. As a result, our timing of income recognition remains the same and the adoption of the standard was not material.

In February 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-02, *Leases*, which requires lessees to recognize on the balance sheet a right-of-use asset, representing its right to use the underlying asset for the lease term, and a lease liability for all leases with terms greater than 12 months. The guidance also requires qualitative and quantitative disclosures designed to assess the amount, timing, and uncertainty of cash flows arising from leases. The standard requires the use of a modified retrospective transition approach, which includes a number of optional practical expedients that entities may elect to apply. The guidance is effective for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2018, and interim periods therein. Early application is permitted. While we continue to assess the effect of adoption, we currently believe the most significant change relates to the recognition of a new right-of-use asset and lease liability on our consolidated balance sheet for our office space operating lease. We currently have one operating lease for office space and do not expect a significant change in our leasing activity between now and adoption. See further discussion of our operating lease obligation in "Note K Commitments and Contingences" in the notes to the consolidated financial statements.

In August 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-15, *Statement of Cash Flows (Topic 230)*, which is intended to reduce the existing diversity in practice in how certain cash receipts and cash payments are presented and classified in the statement of cash flows. The guidance is effective for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2017, and interim periods therein. We have adopted ASU 2016-15. The impact of the adoption of this accounting standard on our consolidated financial statements was not material.

In August 2018, the FASB issued ASU 2018-13, *Fair Value Measurement (Topic 820)*, which is intended to improve fair value and defined benefit disclosure requirements by removing disclosures that are not cost-beneficial, clarifying disclosures' specific requirements, and adding relevant disclosure requirements. The amendments take effect for all organizations for fiscal years, and interim periods within those fiscal years, beginning after December 15, 2019. Early adoption is permitted. We have elected to early adopt ASU 2018-13 in the current annual period. No significant changes were made to our fair value disclosures in the notes to the consolidated financial statements in order to comply with ASU 2018-13.

In August 2018, the SEC adopted rules (the "SEC Release") amending certain disclosure requirements intended to eliminate redundant, duplicative, overlapping, outdated, or superseded, in light of other SEC disclosure requirements, US GAAP requirements, or changes in the information environment. In part, the SEC Release requires an investment company to present distributable earnings in total on the consolidated balance sheet and consolidated statement of changes in net assets, rather than showing the three components of distributable earnings as previously shown. We adopted this part of the SEC Release in the current annual period and the changes in presentation have been retrospectively applied to the consolidated balance sheet as of December 31, 2017 and to the consolidated statements of changes in net assets for the years ended December 31, 2017 and 2016. The impact of the adoption of these rules on our consolidated financial statements was not material. Additionally, the SEC Release requires disclosure of changes in net assets within a registrant's Form 10-Q filing on a quarter-to-date and year-to-date basis for both the current year and prior year comparative periods. We expect to adopt the new requirement to present changes in shareholders' equity in interim financial statements within Form 10-Q filings starting with the quarter ending March 31, 2019. The compliance date for the SEC Release was for all filings, as applicable, on or after November 5, 2018. The adoption of these additional rules will not have a material impact on the consolidated financial statements.

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From time to time, new accounting pronouncements are issued by the FASB or other standards setting bodies that are adopted by us as of the specified effective date. We believe that the impact of recently issued standards and any that are not yet effective will not have a material impact on our consolidated financial statements upon adoption.

#### ***Inflation***

Inflation has not had a significant effect on our results of operations in any of the reporting periods presented herein. However, our portfolio companies have experienced, and may in the future experience, the impacts of inflation on their operating results, including periodic escalations in their costs for labor, raw materials and third-party services and required energy consumption.

#### ***Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements***

We may be a party to financial instruments with off-balance sheet risk in the normal course of business to meet the financial needs of our portfolio companies. These instruments include commitments to extend credit and fund equity capital and involve, to varying degrees, elements of liquidity and credit risk in excess of the amount recognized in the balance sheet. At December 31, 2018, we had a total of \$136.9 million in outstanding commitments comprised of (i) 33 investments with commitments to fund revolving loans that had not been fully drawn or term loans with additional commitments not yet funded and (ii) 11 investments with equity capital commitments that had not been fully called.

#### ***Contractual Obligations***

As of December 31, 2018, the future fixed commitments for cash payments in connection with our SBIC debentures, the 4.50% Notes due 2019, the 4.50% Notes due 2022 and rent obligations under our office lease for each of the next five years and thereafter are as follows:

	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	Thereafter	Total
SBIC debentures	\$ 16,000	\$ 55,000	\$ 40,000	\$ 5,000	\$ 16,000	\$ 213,800	\$ 345,800
Interest due on SBIC debentures	12,738	11,819	9,260	8,248	7,868	23,317	73,250
4.50% Notes due 2019	175,000						175,000
Interest due on 4.50% Notes due 2019	7,875						7,875
4.50% Notes due 2022				185,000			185,000
Interest due on 4.50% Notes due 2022	8,325	8,325	8,325	8,325			33,300
Operating Lease Obligation(1)	748	762	776	790	804	3,429	7,309
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$ 220,686</b>	<b>\$ 75,906</b>	<b>\$ 58,361</b>	<b>\$ 207,363</b>	<b>\$ 24,672</b>	<b>\$ 240,546</b>	<b>\$ 827,534</b>

(1) Operating Lease Obligation means a rent payment obligation under a lease classified as an operating lease and disclosed pursuant to FASB ASC 840, as may be modified or supplemented.

As of December 31, 2018, we had \$301.0 million in borrowings outstanding under our Credit Facility, and the Credit Facility is currently scheduled to mature in September 2023. The Credit Facility contains two, one-year extension options which could extend the maturity to September 2025, subject to lender approval. See further discussion of the Credit Facility terms in "Liquidity and Capital Resources - Capital Resources."

#### ***Related Party Transactions***

As discussed further above, the External Investment Manager is treated as a wholly owned portfolio company of MSCC and is included as part of our Investment Portfolio. At December 31, 2018, we had a receivable of approximately \$2.9 million due from the External Investment Manager which included approximately \$1.8 million primarily related to operating expenses incurred by us as required to support the



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External Investment Manager's business and amounts due from the External Investment Manager to Main Street under a tax sharing agreement (see further discussion above in "Critical Accounting Policies - Income Taxes") and approximately \$1.2 million of dividends declared but not paid by the External Investment Manager.

In November 2015, our Board of Directors approved and adopted the Main Street Capital Corporation Deferred Compensation Plan (the "2015 Deferred Compensation Plan"). The 2015 Deferred Compensation Plan became effective on January 1, 2016 and replaced the Deferred Compensation Plan for Non-Employee Directors previously adopted by the Board of Directors in June 2013 (the "2013 Deferred Compensation Plan"). Under the 2015 Deferred Compensation Plan, non-employee directors and certain key employees may defer receipt of some or all of their cash compensation and directors' fees, subject to certain limitations. Individuals participating in the 2015 Deferred Compensation Plan receive distributions of their respective balances based on predetermined payout schedules or other events as defined by the plan and are also able to direct investments made on their behalf among investment alternatives permitted from time to time under the plan, including phantom Main Street stock units. As of December 31, 2018, \$6.1 million of compensation and directors' fees had been deferred under the 2015 Deferred Compensation Plan (including amounts previously deferred under the 2013 Deferred Compensation Plan). Of this amount, \$3.3 million was deferred into phantom Main Street stock units, representing 97,344 shares of our common stock. Including phantom stock units issued through dividend reinvestment and net of any shares distributed, the phantom stock units outstanding as of December 31, 2018 represented 119,639 shares of our common stock. Any amounts deferred under the plan represented by phantom Main Street stock units will not be issued or included as outstanding on the consolidated statements of changes in net assets until such shares are actually distributed to the participant in accordance with the plan, but are included in operating expenses and weighted-average shares outstanding in our consolidated statements of operations as earned.

***Recent Developments***

In January 2019, we led a new portfolio investment to facilitate the minority recapitalization of Centre Technologies, Inc. ("Centre"), a premier provider of IT hardware, software and service solutions. We, along with our co-investors, partnered with Centre's founder and Chief Executive Officer and management team to facilitate the transaction, with us funding \$18.1 million in a combination of first-lien, senior secured term debt and a direct equity investment. Headquartered in Houston, Texas, and founded in 2006, Centre has established itself as a mission critical IT solutions provider offering a full suite of solutions including managed and hosted services, value-added sourcing and integration, and project services.

In January 2019, we led a new portfolio investment to facilitate the management buyout of CompareNetworks Inc. ("CompareNetworks"), a leading provider of media, marketing and technology solutions that drive revenue for life science and healthcare product manufacturers. We, along with our co-investors, partnered with CompareNetworks' founders and management team to facilitate the transaction, with us funding \$10.7 million in a combination of first-lien, senior secured term debt and a direct equity investment. Headquartered in South San Francisco, California, and founded in 2000, CompareNetworks provides life scientists, researchers, lab-based professionals, pharmaceutical professionals and healthcare professionals with digital tools and information resources to research, identify and determine which products and technologies to use.

In January 2019, we fully exited our equity investment in Boss Industries, LLC ("Boss"). Boss markets, designs and manufacturers vehicle-mounted, and portable air compressor and generator systems utilized in municipal and utility services, energy product and industrial services. We realized a gain of approximately \$4.0 million on the exit of our equity investment in Boss.

During February 2019, we declared regular monthly dividends of \$0.200 per share for each month of April, May and June 2019. These regular monthly dividends equal a total of \$0.600 per share for the second quarter of 2019 and represent a 5.3% increase from the dividends declared for the second quarter of 2018.

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Including the dividends declared for the second quarter of 2019, we will have paid \$25.420 per share in cumulative dividends since our October 2007 initial public offering.

**Item 7A. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk**

We are subject to financial market risks, including changes in interest rates. Changes in interest rates may affect both our cost of funding and our interest income from portfolio investments. Our risk management systems and procedures are designed to identify and analyze our risk, to set appropriate policies and limits and to continually monitor these risks. Our investment income will be affected by changes in various interest rates, including LIBOR and prime rates, to the extent that any debt investments include floating interest rates. The majority of our debt investments are made with either fixed interest rates or floating-rates that are subject to contractual minimum interest rates for the term of the investment. As of December 31, 2018, approximately 72% of our debt investment portfolio (at cost) bore interest at floating rates, 90% of which were subject to contractual minimum interest rates. Our interest expense will be affected by changes in the published LIBOR rate in connection with our Credit Facility; however, the interest rates on our outstanding SBIC debentures, 4.50% Notes due 2019 and 4.50% Notes due 2022, which comprise the majority of our outstanding debt, are fixed for the life of such debt. As of December 31, 2018, we had not entered into any interest rate hedging arrangements. The following table shows the approximate annualized increase or decrease in the components of net investment income due to hypothetical base rate changes in interest rates, assuming no changes in our investments and borrowings as of December 31, 2018.

Basis Point Change	Increase (Decrease) in Interest Income	(Increase) Decrease in Interest Expense	Increase (Decrease) in Net Investment Income	Increase (Decrease) in Net Investment Income per Share
	(dollars in thousands)			
(50)	\$ (6,479)	\$ 1,505	\$ (4,974)	\$ (0.08)
(25)	(3,240)	752	(2,488)	(0.04)
25	3,240	(752)	2,488	0.04
50	6,479	(1,505)	4,974	0.08
100	12,958	(3,010)	9,948	0.16
200	25,917	(6,020)	19,897	0.32
300	38,875	(9,030)	29,845	0.49
400	51,833	(12,040)	39,793	0.65

The hypothetical results would also be impacted by the changes in the amount of debt outstanding under our Credit Facility (with an increase (decrease) in the debt outstanding under the Credit Facility resulting in an (increase) decrease in the hypothetical interest expense).



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**Item 8. Consolidated Financial Statements and Supplementary Data**

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**Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm**

Board of Directors and Stockholders'  
Main Street Capital Corporation

Opinion on the financial statements

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of Main Street Capital Corporation (a Maryland corporation) and subsidiaries (the "Company"), including the consolidated schedule of investments, as of December 31, 2018 and 2017, the related consolidated statements of operations, changes in net assets, and cash flows for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2018, and the related notes, schedules and financial highlights (collectively referred to as the "financial statements"). In our opinion, the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Company as of December 31, 2018 and 2017, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2018, and the financial highlights for each of the five years in the period ended December 31, 2018, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

We also have audited, in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States) ("PCAOB"), the Company's internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2018, based on criteria established in the 2013 *Internal Control Integrated Framework* issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission ("COSO"), and our report dated March 1, 2019 expressed an unqualified opinion.

Basis for opinion

These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's financial statements based on our audits. We are a public accounting firm registered with the PCAOB and are required to be independent with respect to the Company in accordance with the U.S. federal securities laws and the applicable rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission and the PCAOB.

We conducted our audits in accordance with the standards of the PCAOB. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement, whether due to error or fraud. Our audits included performing procedures to assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to error or fraud, and performing procedures that respond to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. Our audits also included evaluating the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements. Our procedures included verification by confirmation of securities as of December 31, 2018 and 2017, by correspondence with the portfolio companies and custodians, or by other appropriate auditing procedures where replies were not received. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

/s/ GRANT THORNTON LLP

We have served as the Company's auditor since 2007.  
Houston, Texas  
March 1, 2019

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**Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm**

Board of Directors and Stockholders'  
Main Street Capital Corporation

Opinion on internal control over financial reporting

We have audited the internal control over financial reporting of Main Street Capital Corporation (a Maryland corporation) and subsidiaries (the "Company") as of December 31, 2018, based on criteria established in the 2013 *Internal Control Integrated Framework* issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (COSO). In our opinion, the Company maintained, in all material respects, effective internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2018, based on criteria established in the 2013 *Internal Control Integrated Framework* issued by COSO.

We also have audited, in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States) ("PCAOB"), the consolidated financial statements of the Company, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2018 and our report dated March 1, 2019, expressed an unqualified opinion on those financial statements.

Basis for opinion

The Company's management is responsible for maintaining effective internal control over financial reporting and for its assessment of the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting, included in the accompanying Management's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal control over financial reporting based on our audit. We are a public accounting firm registered with the PCAOB and are required to be independent with respect to the Company in accordance with the U.S. federal securities laws and the applicable rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission and the PCAOB.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the standards of the PCAOB. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether effective internal control over financial reporting was maintained in all material respects. Our audit included obtaining an understanding of internal control over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk, and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

Definition and limitations of internal control over financial reporting

A company's internal control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Because of its inherent limitations, internal control over financial reporting may not prevent or detect misstatements. Also, projections of any evaluation of effectiveness to future periods are subject to the risk that controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

/s/ GRANT THORNTON LLP

Houston, Texas  
March 1, 2019

Table of Contents**MAIN STREET CAPITAL CORPORATION****Consolidated Balance Sheets****(dollars in thousands, except shares and per share amounts)**

	<b>December 31, 2018</b>	<b>December 31, 2017</b>
<b>ASSETS</b>		
Investments at fair value:		
Control investments (cost: \$750,618 and \$530,034 as of December 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017, respectively)	\$ 1,004,993	\$ 750,706
Affiliate investments (cost: \$381,307 and \$367,317 as of December 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017, respectively)	359,890	338,854
Non-Control/Non-Affiliate investments (cost: \$1,137,108 and \$1,107,447 as of December 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017, respectively)	1,089,026	1,081,745
Total investments (cost: \$2,269,033 and \$2,004,798 as of December 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017, respectively)	2,453,909	2,171,305
Cash and cash equivalents	54,181	51,528
Interest receivable and other assets	39,674	36,343
Receivable for securities sold	1,201	2,382
Deferred financing costs (net of accumulated amortization of \$6,562 and \$5,600 as of December 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017, respectively)	4,461	3,837
<b>Total assets</b>	<b>\$ 2,553,426</b>	<b>\$ 2,265,395</b>
<b>LIABILITIES</b>		
Credit facility	\$ 301,000	\$ 64,000
SBIC debentures (par: \$345,800 (\$16,000 due within one year) and \$295,800 as of December 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017, respectively)	338,186	288,483
4.50% Notes due 2022 (par: \$185,000 as of both December 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017)	182,622	182,015
4.50% Notes due 2019 (par: \$175,000 as of both December 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017)	174,338	173,616
6.125% Notes (par: \$90,655 as of December 31, 2017)		89,057
Accounts payable and other liabilities	17,962	20,168
Payable for securities purchased	28,254	40,716
Interest payable	6,041	5,273
Dividend payable	11,948	11,146
Deferred tax liability, net	17,026	10,553
<b>Total liabilities</b>	<b>1,077,377</b>	<b>885,027</b>
Commitments and contingencies (Note K)		
<b>NET ASSETS</b>		
Common stock, \$0.01 par value per share (150,000,000 shares authorized; 61,264,861 and 58,660,680 shares issued and outstanding as of December 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017, respectively)	613	586
Additional paid-in capital	1,409,945	1,310,780
Total distributable earnings (loss)	\$ 65,491	\$ 69,002
<b>Total net assets</b>	<b>1,476,049</b>	<b>1,380,368</b>

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Total liabilities and net assets \$ 2,553,426 \$ 2,265,395

**NET ASSET VALUE PER SHARE** \$ 24.09 \$ 23.53

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements

Table of Contents**MAIN STREET CAPITAL CORPORATION****Consolidated Statements of Operations****(dollars in thousands, except shares and per share amounts)**

	<b>Twelve Months Ended December 31,</b>		
	<b>2018</b>	<b>2017</b>	<b>2016</b>
<b>INVESTMENT INCOME:</b>			
Interest, fee and dividend income:			
Control investments	\$ 85,853	\$ 62,762	\$ 52,221
Affiliate investments	36,800	37,509	37,702
Non-Control/Non-Affiliate investments	110,702	105,470	88,242
Interest, fee and dividend income	233,355	205,741	178,165
Interest, fee and dividend income from marketable securities and idle funds investments			174
Total investment income	233,355	205,741	178,339
<b>EXPENSES:</b>			
Interest	(43,493)	(36,479)	(33,630)
Compensation	(18,966)	(18,560)	(16,408)
General and administrative	(11,868)	(11,674)	(9,284)
Share-based compensation	(9,151)	(10,027)	(8,304)
Expenses allocated to the External Investment Manager	6,768	6,370	5,089
Total expenses	(76,710)	(70,370)	(62,537)
<b>NET INVESTMENT INCOME</b>	<b>156,645</b>	<b>135,371</b>	<b>115,802</b>
<b>NET REALIZED GAIN (LOSS):</b>			
Control investments	4,681	259	32,220
Affiliate investments	20	8,044	25,167
Non-Control/Non-Affiliate investments	(3,360)	7,879	(26,317)
Marketable securities and idle funds investments			(1,681)
Realized loss on extinguishment of debt	(2,896)	(5,217)	
Total net realized gain (loss)	(1,555)	10,965	29,389
<b>NET UNREALIZED APPRECIATION (DEPRECIATION):</b>			
Control investments	37,826	63,627	(12,674)
Affiliate investments	12,062	(11,330)	(35,540)
Non-Control/Non-Affiliate investments	(31,907)	(9,752)	39,909
Marketable securities and idle funds investments			1,729
SBIC debentures	1,294	6,212	(943)
Total net unrealized appreciation (depreciation)	19,275	48,757	(7,519)
<b>INCOME TAXES:</b>			
Federal and state income, excise and other taxes	(319)	(5,206)	(2,089)
Deferred taxes	(5,833)	(19,265)	3,316
Income tax benefit (provision)	(6,152)	(24,471)	1,227
<b>NET INCREASE IN NET ASSETS RESULTING FROM OPERATIONS</b>	<b>\$ 168,213</b>	<b>\$ 170,622</b>	<b>\$ 138,899</b>

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<b>NET INVESTMENT INCOME PER SHARE BASIC AND DILUTED</b>	\$	2.60	\$	2.39	\$	2.23
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<b>NET INCREASE IN NET ASSETS RESULTING FROM OPERATIONS PER SHARE BASIC AND DILUTED</b>	\$	2.80	\$	3.01	\$	2.67
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<b>WEIGHTED AVERAGE SHARES OUTSTANDING BASIC AND DILUTED</b>	60,176,843	56,691,913	52,025,002
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The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements

Table of Contents**MAIN STREET CAPITAL CORPORATION****Consolidated Statements of Changes in Net Assets**

(dollars in thousands, except shares)

	Common Stock			Total	Total Net
	Number of Shares	Par Value	Additional Paid-In Capital	Distributable Earnings (Loss)	Asset Value
<b>Balances at December 31, 2015</b>	50,413,744	\$ 504	\$ 1,011,467	\$ 58,923	\$ 1,070,894
Public offering of common stock, net of offering costs	3,324,646	33	112,006		112,039
Share-based compensation			8,304		8,304
Purchase of vested stock for employee payroll tax withholding	(80,750)	(1)	(2,592)		(2,593)
Dividend reinvestment	434,631	4	14,073		14,077
Amortization of directors' deferred compensation			628		628
Issuance of restricted stock, net of forfeited shares	262,586	3	(3)		
Dividends to stockholders (\$2.725 dividends per share comprised of \$2.175 regular monthly dividends and \$0.550 supplemental dividends)				(142,573)	(142,573)
Cumulative-effect to retained earnings for excess tax benefit				1,806	1,806
Net increase resulting from operations				138,899	138,899
<b>Balances at December 31, 2016</b>	54,354,857	\$ 543	\$ 1,143,883	\$ 57,055	\$ 1,201,481
Public offering of common stock, net of offering costs	3,947,165	40	150,946		150,986
Share-based compensation			10,027		10,027
Purchase of vested stock for employee payroll tax withholding	(113,371)	(1)	(4,350)		(4,351)
Investment through issuance of unregistered shares	11,464		442		442
Dividend reinvestment	234,513	2	9,154		9,156
Amortization of directors' deferred compensation			680		680
Issuance of restricted stock, net of forfeited shares	226,052	2	(2)		
Dividends to stockholders (\$2.785 dividends per share comprised of \$2.235 regular monthly dividends and \$0.550 supplemental dividends)				(158,675)	(158,675)
Net increase resulting from operations				170,622	170,622
<b>Balances at December 31, 2017</b>	58,660,680	\$ 586	\$ 1,310,780	\$ 69,002	\$ 1,380,368
Public offering of common stock, net of offering costs	2,069,103	21	78,373		78,394
Share-based compensation			9,151		9,151
Purchase of vested stock for employee payroll tax withholding	(109,693)	(1)	(4,076)		(4,077)
Dividend reinvestment	394,403	4	14,870		14,874
Amortization of directors' deferred compensation			850		850
Issuance of restricted stock, net of forfeited shares	250,368	3	(3)		
Dividends to stockholders (\$2.845 dividends per share comprised of \$2.295 regular monthly dividends and \$0.550 supplemental dividends)				(171,724)	(171,724)
Net increase resulting from operations				168,213	168,213
<b>Balances at December 31, 2018</b>	61,264,861	\$ 613	\$ 1,409,945	\$ 65,491	\$ 1,476,049



The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements

Table of Contents**MAIN STREET CAPITAL CORPORATION****Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows****(dollars in thousands)**

	<b>Twelve Months Ended December 31,</b>		
	<b>2018</b>	<b>2017</b>	<b>2016</b>
<b>CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES</b>			
Net increase in net assets resulting from operations	\$ 168,213	\$ 170,622	\$ 138,899
Adjustments to reconcile net increase in net assets resulting from operations to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:			
Investments in portfolio companies	(962,456)	(876,744)	(641,197)
Proceeds from sales and repayments of debt investments in portfolio companies	626,059	737,297	409,542
Proceeds from sales and return of capital of equity investments in portfolio companies	77,103	82,128	76,731
Investments in marketable securities and idle funds investments			(523)
Proceeds from sales and repayments of marketable securities and idle funds investments			4,316
Net unrealized (appreciation) depreciation	(19,275)	(48,757)	7,519
Net realized (gain) loss	1,555	(10,965)	(29,389)
Accretion of unearned income	(14,724)	(17,008)	(10,211)
Payment-in-kind interest	(2,304)	(4,884)	(6,497)
Cumulative dividends	(2,301)	(3,226)	(2,200)
Share-based compensation expense	9,151	10,027	8,304
Amortization of deferred financing costs	3,299	2,784	2,582
Deferred tax provision	5,833	19,265	(3,316)
Changes in other assets and liabilities:			
Interest receivable and other assets	(2,276)	2,080	(2,564)
Interest payable	768	1,170	144
Accounts payable and other liabilities	(1,356)	6,643	2,541
Deferred fees and other	3,645	2,470	2,589
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	(109,066)	72,902	(42,730)
<b>CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES</b>			
Proceeds from public offering of common stock, net of offering costs	78,394	150,986	112,039
Proceeds from public offering of 4.50% Notes due 2022		185,000	
Dividends paid	(156,048)	(148,421)	(127,522)
Proceeds from issuance of SBIC debentures	54,000	81,000	15,000
Repayments of SBIC debentures	(4,000)	(25,200)	
Redemption of 6.125% Notes	(90,655)		(83)
Proceeds from credit facility	632,000	448,000	390,000
Repayments on credit facility	(395,000)	(727,000)	(338,000)
Payment of deferred issuance costs and SBIC debenture fees	(2,895)	(5,868)	(1,962)
Purchases of vested stock for employee payroll tax withholding	(4,077)	(4,351)	(2,593)
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	111,719	(45,854)	46,879
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	2,653	27,048	4,149
<b>CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT BEGINNING OF PERIOD</b>	<b>51,528</b>	<b>24,480</b>	<b>20,331</b>
<b>CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF PERIOD</b>	<b>\$ 54,181</b>	<b>\$ 51,528</b>	<b>\$ 24,480</b>

**Supplemental cash flow disclosures:**

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Interest paid	\$	39,300	\$	32,411	\$	30,756
Taxes paid	\$	5,112	\$	2,398	\$	1,495
<b>Non-cash financing activities:</b>						
Shares issued pursuant to the DRIP	\$	14,874	\$	9,156	\$	14,077

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements

Table of Contents**MAIN STREET CAPITAL CORPORATION****Consolidated Schedule of Investments****December 31, 2018**  
**(dollars in thousands)****(unaudited)**

<b>Portfolio Company(1)(20)</b>	<b>Investment Date(26)</b>	<b>Business Description</b>	<b>Type of Investment(2)(3)(25)</b>	<b>Principal(4)</b>	<b>Cost(4)</b>	<b>Fair Value(18)</b>
<b><u>Control Investments(5)</u></b>						
<b>Access Media Holdings, LLC(10)</b>	July 22, 2015	Private Cable Operator	10% PIK Secured Debt (Maturity July 22, 2020)(14)(19) Preferred Member Units (9,481,500 units)(27) Member Units (45 units)	\$ 23,828	\$ 23,828 9,375 1 33,204	\$ 8,558 (284) 8,274
<b>ASC Interests, LLC</b>	August 1, 2013	Recreational and Educational Shooting Facility	11% Secured Debt (Maturity July 31, 2020) Member Units (1,500 units)	1,650	1,622 1,500 3,122	1,622 1,370 2,992
<b>ATS Workholding, LLC(10)</b>	March 10, 2014	Manufacturer of Machine Cutting Tools and Accessories	5% Secured Debt (Maturity November 16, 2021) Preferred Member Units (3,725,862 units)	4,877	4,507 3,726 8,233	4,390 3,726 8,116
<b>Bond-Coat, Inc.</b>	December 28, 2012	Casing and Tubing Coating Services	12% Secured Debt (Maturity December 28, 2020) Common Stock (57,508 shares)	11,596	11,367 6,350 17,717	11,596 9,370 20,966
<b>Brewer Crane Holdings, LLC</b>	January 9, 2018	Provider of Crane Rental and Operating Services	LIBOR Plus 10.00% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 12.35%, Secured Debt (Maturity January 9,	9,548	9,467	9,467

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			2023)(9)			
			Preferred Member Units			
			(2,950 units)(8)	4,280		4,280
				13,747		13,747
<b>Café Brazil, LLC</b>	April 20, 2004	Casual Restaurant Group				
			Member Units (1,233 units)(8)	1,742		4,780
<b>California Splendor Holdings LLC</b>	March 30, 2018	Processor of Frozen Fruits				
			LIBOR Plus 8.00% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 10.50%, Secured Debt (Maturity March 30, 2023)(9)	11,091	10,928	10,928
			LIBOR Plus 10.00% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 12.50%, Secured Debt (Maturity March 30, 2023)(9)	28,000	27,755	27,755
			Preferred Member Units (6,157 units)(8)		10,775	9,745
				49,458		48,428

Table of Contents**MAIN STREET CAPITAL CORPORATION****Consolidated Schedule of Investments****December 31, 2018**  
**(dollars in thousands)****(unaudited)**

<b>Portfolio Company(1)(20)</b>	<b>Investment Date(26)</b>	<b>Business Description</b>	<b>Type of Investment(2)(3)(25)</b>	<b>Principal(4)</b>	<b>Cost(4)</b>	<b>Fair Value(18)</b>
<b>CBT Nuggets, LLC</b>	June 1, 2006	Produces and Sells IT Training Certification Videos	Member Units (416 units)(8)		1,300	61,610
<b>Chamberlin Holding LLC</b>	February 26, 2018	Roofing and Waterproofing Specialty Contractor	LIBOR Plus 10.00% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 12.75%, Secured Debt (Maturity February 26, 2023)(9) Member Units (4,347 units)(8) Member Units (Chamberlin Langfield Real Estate, LLC) (732,160 units)	20,203	20,028 11,440 732	20,028 18,940 732
					32,200	39,700
<b>Charps, LLC</b>	February 3, 2017	Pipeline Maintenance and Construction	12% Secured Debt (Maturity February 3, 2022) Preferred Member Units (1,600 units)(8)	11,900	11,805 400	11,888 2,270
					12,205	14,158
<b>Clad-Rex Steel, LLC</b>	December 20, 2016	Specialty Manufacturer of Vinyl-Clad Metal	LIBOR Plus 9.00% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 11.35%, Secured Debt (Maturity December 20, 2021)(9) Member Units (717 units)(8) 10% Secured Debt (Clad-Rex Steel RE Investor, LLC) (Maturity December 20, 2036) Member Units (Clad-Rex Steel RE Investor, LLC) (800 units)	12,080 1,161	12,001 7,280 1,150 210	12,080 10,610 1,161 350

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<b>CMS Minerals Investments</b>	January 30, 2015	Oil & Gas Exploration & Production	Member Units (CMS Minerals II, LLC) (100 units)(8)	2,707	2,580
<b>Copper Trail Fund Investments(12)(13)</b>	July 17, 2017	Investment Partnership	LP Interests (CTMH, LP) (Fully diluted 38.8%)	872	872
			LP Interests (Copper Trail Energy Fund I, LP) (Fully diluted 30.1%)(8)	3,495	4,170
				4,367	5,042

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**(dollars in thousands)****(unaudited)**

<b>Portfolio Company(1)(20)</b>	<b>Investment Date(26)</b>	<b>Business Description</b>	<b>Type of Investment(2)(3)(25)</b>	<b>Principal(4)</b>	<b>Cost(4)</b>	<b>Fair Value(18)</b>
<b>Datacom, LLC</b>	May 30, 2014	Technology and Telecommunications Provider	8% Secured Debt (Maturity May 30, 2019)(14)	1,800	1,800	1,690
			10.50% PIK Secured Debt (Maturity May 30, 2019)(14)(19)	12,511	12,479	9,786
			Class A Preferred Member Units		1,294	
			Class B Preferred Member Units (6,453 units)		6,030	
					21,603	11,476
<b>Digital Products Holdings LLC</b>	April 1, 2018	Designer and Distributor of Consumer Electronics	LIBOR Plus 10.00% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 12.38%, Secured Debt (Maturity April 1, 2023)(9)	25,740	25,511	25,511
			Preferred Member Units (3,451 shares)(8)		8,466	8,466
					33,977	33,977
<b>Direct Marketing Solutions, Inc.</b>	February 13, 2018	Provider of Omni-Channel Direct Marketing Services	LIBOR Plus 11.00% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 13.38%, Secured Debt (Maturity February 13, 2023)(9)	18,017	17,848	17,848
			Preferred Stock (8,400 shares)		8,400	14,900
					26,248	32,748
<b>Gamber-Johnson Holdings, LLC</b>	June 24, 2016	Manufacturer of Ruggedized Computer Mounting Systems	LIBOR Plus 7.50% (Floor 2.00%), Current Coupon 9.85%, Secured Debt (Maturity June 24, 2021)(9)	21,486	21,356	21,486
			Member Units (8,619 units)(8)		14,844	45,460



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				36,200	66,946
<b>Garreco, LLC</b>	July 15, 2013	Manufacturer and Supplier of Dental Products			
			LIBOR Plus 8.00% (Floor 1.00%, Ceiling 1.50%), Current Coupon 9.50%, Secured Debt (Maturity March 31, 2020)(9)	5,121	5,099
			Member Units (1,200 units)		2,590
				6,299	7,689
<b>GRT Rubber Technologies LLC</b>	December 19, 2014	Manufacturer of Engineered Rubber Products			
			LIBOR Plus 7.00%, Current Coupon 9.35%, Secured Debt (Maturity December 31, 2023)(9)	9,740	9,716
			Member Units (5,879 units)(8)		39,060
				22,781	48,800

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**(dollars in thousands)****(unaudited)**

<b>Portfolio Company(1)(20)</b>	<b>Investment Date(26)</b>	<b>Business Description</b>	<b>Type of Investment(2)(3)(25)</b>	<b>Principal(4)</b>	<b>Cost(4)</b>	<b>Fair Value(18)</b>
<b>Guerdon Modular Holdings, Inc.</b>	August 13, 2014	Multi-Family and Commercial Modular Construction Company	13% Secured Debt (Maturity March 1, 2019) Preferred Stock (404,998 shares) Common Stock (212,033 shares) Warrants (6,208,877 equivalent shares; Expiration April 25, 2028; Strike price \$0.01 per unit)	12,588	12,572 1,140 2,983	12,002
					16,695	12,002
<b>Gulf Manufacturing, LLC</b>	August 31, 2007	Manufacturer of Specialty Fabricated Industrial Piping Products	Member Units (438 units)(8)		2,980	11,690
<b>Gulf Publishing Holdings, LLC</b>	April 29, 2016	Energy Industry Focused Media and Publishing	12.5% Secured Debt (Maturity April 29, 2021) Member Units (3,681 units)	12,666	12,594 3,681	12,594 4,120
					16,275	16,714
<b>Harborside Holdings, LLC</b>	March 20, 2017	Real Estate Holding Company	Member units (100 units)		6,306	9,500
<b>Harris Preston Fund Investments(12)(13)</b>	October 1, 2017	Investment Partnership	LP Interests (2717 MH, L.P.) (Fully diluted 49.3%)		1,040	1,133
<b>Harrison Hydra-Gen, Ltd.</b>	June 4, 2010	Manufacturer of Hydraulic Generators	Common Stock (107,456 shares)(8)		718	8,070
<b>HW Temps LLC</b>	July 2, 2015					

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		Temporary Staffing Solutions	LIBOR Plus 13.00% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 15.35%, Secured Debt (Maturity July 2, 2020)(9)	9,976	9,938	9,938
			Preferred Member Units (3,200 units)(8)		3,942	3,942
					13,880	13,880
<b>IDX Broker, LLC</b>	November 15, 2013	Provider of Marketing and CRM Tools for the Real Estate Industry	11.5% Secured Debt (Maturity November 15, 2020)	14,350	14,262	14,350
			Preferred Member Units (5,607 units)(8)		5,952	13,520
					20,214	27,870
<b>Jensen Jewelers of Idaho, LLC</b>	November 14, 2006	Retail Jewelry Store	Prime Plus 6.75% (Floor 2.00%), Current Coupon 12.00%, Secured Debt (Maturity November 14, 2019)(9)	3,355	3,337	3,355
			Member Units (627 units)(8)		811	5,090
					4,148	8,445

Table of Contents**MAIN STREET CAPITAL CORPORATION****Consolidated Schedule of Investments**

**December 31, 2018**  
**(dollars in thousands)**

**(unaudited)**

<b>Portfolio Company(1)(20)</b>	<b>Investment Date(26)</b>	<b>Business Description</b>	<b>Type of Investment(2)(3)(25)</b>	<b>Principal(4)</b>	<b>Cost(4)</b>	<b>Fair Value(18)</b>
<b>KBK Industries, LLC</b>	January 23, 2006	Manufacturer of Specialty Oilfield and Industrial Products	Member Units (325 units)(8)		783	8,610
<b>Kickhaefer Manufacturing Company, LLC</b>	October 31, 2018	Precision Metal Parts Manufacturing	11.5% Secured Debt (Maturity October 31, 2020)	1,064	1,045	1,045
			11.5% Secured Debt (Maturity October 31, 2023)	28,000	27,730	27,730
			Member Units (581 units)		12,240	12,240
			9.0% Secured Debt (Maturity October 31, 2048)	4,006	3,970	3,970
			Member Units (KMC RE Investor, LLC) (800 units)		992	992
					45,977	45,977
<b>Lamb Ventures, LLC</b>	May 30, 2008	Aftermarket Automotive Services Chain	11% Secured Debt (Maturity July 1, 2022)	8,339	8,306	8,339
			Preferred Stock (non-voting)		400	400
			Member Units (742 units)		5,273	7,440
			9.5% Secured Debt (Lamb's Real Estate Investment I, LLC) (Maturity March 31, 2027)	432	428	432
			Member Units (Lamb's Real Estate Investment I, LLC) (1,000 units)(8)		625	630
					15,032	17,241
<b>Market Force Information, LLC</b>	July 28, 2017	Provider of Customer Experience Management Services	LIBOR Plus 7.00% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 9.74%, Secured Debt (Maturity July 28, 2022)(9)	200	200	200
			LIBOR Plus 11.00% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 13.74%, Secured Debt (Maturity July 28, 2022)(9)	22,800	22,624	22,624

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			Member Units (657,113 units)	14,700	13,100
				37,524	35,924
<b>MH Corbin Holding LLC</b>	August 31, 2015	Manufacturer and Distributor of Traffic Safety Products			
			10% Current / 3% PIK Secured Debt (Maturity August 31, 2020)(14)(19) Preferred Member Units (4,000 shares)	12,263	11,733
				6,000	1,000
				18,121	12,733

Table of Contents**MAIN STREET CAPITAL CORPORATION****Consolidated Schedule of Investments****December 31, 2018**  
**(dollars in thousands)****(unaudited)**

<b>Portfolio Company(1)(20)</b>	<b>Investment Date(26)</b>	<b>Business Description</b>	<b>Type of Investment(2)(3)(25)</b>	<b>Principal(4)</b>	<b>Cost(4)</b>	<b>Fair Value(18)</b>
<b>Mid-Columbia Lumber Products, LLC</b>	December 18, 2006	Manufacturer of Finger-Jointed Lumber Products	10% Secured Debt (Maturity January 15, 2020)	1,750	1,746	1,746
			12% Secured Debt (Maturity January 15, 2020)	3,900	3,880	3,880
			Member Units (7,874 units)		3,001	3,860
			9.5% Secured Debt (Mid-Columbia Real Estate, LLC) (Maturity May 13, 2025)	746	746	746
			Member Units (Mid-Columbia Real Estate, LLC) (500 units)(8)		790	1,470
					10,163	11,702
<b>MSC Adviser I, LLC(16)</b>	November 22, 2013	Third Party Investment Advisory Services	Member Units (Fully diluted 100.0%)(8)			65,748
<b>Mystic Logistics Holdings, LLC</b>	August 18, 2014	Logistics and Distribution Services Provider for Large Volume Mailers	12% Secured Debt (Maturity August 15, 2019)	7,536	7,506	7,506
			Common Stock (5,873 shares)		2,720	210
					10,226	7,716
<b>NAPCO Precast, LLC</b>	January 31, 2008	Precast Concrete Manufacturing	LIBOR Plus 8.50%, Current Coupon 11.24%, Secured Debt (Maturity May 31, 2019)	11,475	11,464	11,475
			Member Units (2,955 units)(8)		2,975	13,990
					14,439	25,465
<b>NexRev LLC</b>	February 28, 2018	Provider of Energy Efficiency Products &				

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		Services				
			11% Secured Debt (Maturity February 28, 2023)	17,440	17,288	17,288
			Preferred Member Units (86,400,000 units)(8)		6,880	7,890
					24,168	25,178
<b>NRI Clinical Research, LLC</b>	September 8, 2011	Clinical Research Service Provider				
			14% Secured Debt (Maturity June 8, 2022)	6,685	6,545	6,685
			Warrants (251,723 equivalent units; Expiration June 8, 2027; Strike price \$0.01 per unit)		252	660
			Member Units (1,454,167 units)		765	2,478
					7,562	9,823
<b>NRP Jones, LLC</b>	December 22, 2011	Manufacturer of Hoses, Fittings and Assemblies				
			12% Secured Debt (Maturity March 20, 2023)	6,376	6,376	6,376
			Member Units (65,962 units)		3,717	5,960
					10,093	12,336

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**(dollars in thousands)****(unaudited)**

<b>Portfolio Company(1)(20)</b>	<b>Investment Date(26)</b>	<b>Business Description</b>	<b>Type of Investment(2)(3)(25)</b>	<b>Principal(4)</b>	<b>Cost(4)</b>	<b>Fair Value(18)</b>
<b>NuStep, LLC</b>	January 31, 2017	Designer, Manufacturer and Distributor of Fitness Equipment	12% Secured Debt (Maturity January 31, 2022) Preferred Member Units (406 units)	20,600	20,458 10,200 30,658	20,458 10,200 30,658
<b>OMi Holdings, Inc.</b>	April 1, 2008	Manufacturer of Overhead Cranes	Common Stock (1,500 shares)(8)		1,080	16,020
<b>Pegasus Research Group, LLC</b>	January 6, 2011	Provider of Telemarketing and Data Services	Member Units (460 units)		1,290	7,680
<b>PPL RVs, Inc.</b>	June 10, 2010	Recreational Vehicle Dealer	LIBOR Plus 7.00% (Floor 0.50%), Current Coupon 9.40%, Secured Debt (Maturity November 15, 2021)(9) Common Stock (1,962 shares)(8)	15,100	15,006 2,150 17,156	15,100 10,380 25,480
<b>Principle Environmental, LLC (d/b/a TruHorizon Environmental Solutions)</b>	February 1, 2011	Noise Abatement Service Provider	13% Secured Debt (Maturity April 30, 2020) Preferred Member Units (19,631 units)(8) Warrants (1,018 equivalent units; Expiration January 31, 2021; Strike price \$0.01 per unit)	7,477	7,398 4,600 1,200 13,198	7,477 13,090 780 21,347
<b>Quality Lease Service, LLC</b>	June 8, 2015	Provider of Rigsite Accommodation				



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			Unit Rentals and Related Services			
			Zero Coupon Secured Debt (Maturity June 8, 2021)	7,341	7,341	6,450
			Member Units (1,000 units)		4,043	3,809
					11,384	10,259
<b>River Aggregates, LLC</b>	March 30, 2011	Processor of Construction Aggregates	Zero Coupon Secured Debt (Maturity June 30, 2018)(17)	750	750	722
			Member Units (1,150 units)		1,150	4,610
			Member Units (RA Properties, LLC) (1,500 units)		369	2,930
					2,269	8,262

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<b>Tedder Industries, LLC</b>	August 31, 2018	Manufacturer of Firearm Holsters and Accessories	12% Secured Debt (Maturity August 31, 2020)	480	480	480
			12% Secured Debt (Maturity August 31, 2023)	16,400	16,246	16,246
			Preferred Member Units (440 units)		7,476	7,476
					24,202	24,202
<b>The MPI Group, LLC</b>	October 2, 2007	Manufacturer of Custom Hollow Metal Doors, Frames and Accessories	9% Secured Debt (Maturity October 2, 2019)	2,924	2,924	2,582
			Series A Preferred Units (2,500 units)		2,500	440
			Warrants (1,424 equivalent units; Expiration July 1, 2024; Strike price \$0.01 per unit)		1,096	
			Member Units (MPI Real Estate Holdings, LLC) (100 units)(8)		2,300	2,479
					8,820	5,501
<b>Vision Interests, Inc.</b>	June 5, 2007	Manufacturer / Installer of Commercial Signage	13% Secured Debt (Maturity December 23, 2018)(17)	2,153	2,153	2,153
			Series A Preferred Stock (3,000,000 shares)		3,000	3,740
			Common Stock (1,126,242 shares)		3,706	280
					8,859	6,173
<b>Ziegler's NYPD, LLC</b>	October 1, 2008	Casual Restaurant Group	6.5% Secured Debt (Maturity October 1, 2019)	1,000	998	1,000
			12% Secured Debt (Maturity October 1, 2019)	425	425	425

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14% Secured Debt (Maturity October 1, 2019)	2,750	2,750	2,750
Warrants (587 equivalent units; Expiration October 1, 2019; Strike price \$0.01 per unit)		600	
Preferred Member Units (10,072 units)		2,834	1,249
		7,607	5,424
<b>Subtotal Control Investments (68.1% of net assets at fair value)</b>		<b>\$ 750,618</b>	<b>\$ 1,004,993</b>

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<b><u>Affiliate Investments(6)</u></b>						
<b>AFG Capital Group, LLC</b>	November 7, 2014	Provider of Rent-to-Own Financing Solutions and Services	Warrants (42 equivalent units; Expiration November 7, 2024; Strike price \$0.01 per unit) Preferred Member Units (186 units)(8)		\$ 259 1,200 1,459	\$ 950 3,980 4,930
<b>Barfly Ventures, LLC(10)</b>	August 31, 2015	Casual Restaurant Group	12% Secured Debt (Maturity August 31, 2020) Options (3 equivalent units) Warrant (1 equivalent unit; Expiration August 31, 2025; Strike price \$1.00 per unit)	10,185	10,039 607 473 11,119	10,018 940 410 11,368
<b>BBB Tank Services, LLC</b>	April 8, 2016	Maintenance, Repair and Construction Services to the Above-Ground Storage Tank Market	LIBOR Plus 11.00% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 13.35%, (Maturity April 8, 2021)(9) Preferred Stock (non-voting) Member Units (800,000 units)	4,000	3,833 113 800 4,746	3,833 113 230 4,176
<b>Bocella Precast Products LLC</b>	June 30, 2017	Manufacturer of Precast Hollow Core Concrete	LIBOR Plus 10.00% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 12.40%, Secured Debt (Maturity June 30, 2022)(9)	15,724	15,512	15,724

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			Member Units (2,160,000 units)(8)	2,160	5,080
				17,672	20,804
<b>Boss Industries, LLC</b>	July 1, 2014	Manufacturer and Distributor of Air, Power and Other Industrial Equipment	Preferred Member Units (2,242 units)(8)	2,246	6,176
<b>Bridge Capital Solutions Corporation</b>	April 18, 2012	Financial Services and Cash Flow Solutions Provider	13% Secured Debt (Maturity July 25, 2021) Warrants (82 equivalent shares; Expiration July 25, 2026; Strike price \$0.01 per share)	7,500	6,221
			13% Secured Debt (Mercury Service Group, LLC) (Maturity July 25, 2021) Preferred Member Units (Mercury Service Group, LLC) (17,742 units)(8)	1,000	994
				1,000	1,000
				10,347	12,241

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<b>Buca C, LLC</b>	June 30, 2015	Casual Restaurant Group	LIBOR Plus 9.25% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 11.63%, Secured Debt (Maturity June 30, 2020)(9)	19,104	19,038	19,038
			Preferred Member Units (6 units; 6% cumulative)(8)(19)		4,431	4,431
					23,469	23,469
<b>CAI Software LLC</b>	October 10, 2014	Provider of Specialized Enterprise Resource Planning Software	12% Secured Debt (Maturity December 7, 2023)	10,880	10,763	10,880
			Member Units (66,968 units)(8)		751	2,717
					11,514	13,597
<b>Chandler Signs Holdings, LLC(10)</b>	January 4, 2016	Sign Manufacturer	12% Current / 1% PIK Secured Deb (Maturity July 4, 2021)(19)	4,546	4,522	4,546
			Class A Units (1,500,000 units)(8)		1,500	2,120
					6,022	6,666
<b>Charlotte Russe, Inc(11)</b>	May 28, 2013	Fast-Fashion Retailer to Young Women	8.50% Secured Debt (Maturity February 2, 2023)	7,932	7,932	3,930
			Common Stock (19,041 shares)		3,141	
					11,073	3,930
<b>Condit Exhibits, LLC</b>	July 1, 2008	Tradeshaw Exhibits / Custom Displays Provider	Member Units (3,936 units)(8)		100	1,950

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<b>Congruent Credit Opportunities Funds(12)(13)</b>	January 24, 2012	Investment Partnership	LP Interests (Congruent Credit Opportunities Fund II, LP) (Fully diluted 19.8%)	5,210	855
			LP Interests (Congruent Credit Opportunities Fund III, LP) (Fully diluted 17.4%)(8)	16,959	17,468
				22,169	18,323
<b>Dos Rios Partners(12)(13)</b>	April 25, 2013	Investment Partnership	LP Interests (Dos Rios Partners, LP) (Fully diluted 20.2%)	5,846	7,153
			LP Interests (Dos Rios Partners A, LP) (Fully diluted 6.4%)	1,856	2,271
				7,702	9,424
<b>East Teak Fine Hardwoods, Inc.</b>	April 13, 2006	Distributor of Hardwood Products	Common Stock (6,250 shares)(8)	480	560
<b>EIG Fund Investments(12)(13)</b>	November 6, 2015	Investment Partnership	LP Interests (EIG Global Private Debt Fund-A, L.P.) (Fully diluted 11.1%)(8)	553	505

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<b>Freeport Financial Funds(12)(13)</b>	June 13, 2013	Investment Partnership	LP Interests (Freeport Financial SBIC Fund LP) (Fully diluted 9.3%)(8)		5,974	5,399
			LP Interests (Freeport First Lien Loan Fund III LP) (Fully diluted 6.0%)(8)		11,155	10,980
					17,129	16,379
<b>Harris Preston Fund Investments(12)(13)</b>	August 9, 2017	Investment Partnership	LP Interests (HPEP 3, L.P.) (Fully diluted 8.2%)		1,733	1,733
<b>Hawk Ridge Systems, LLC(13)</b>	December 2, 2016	Value-Added Reseller of Engineering Design and Manufacturing Solutions	10.5% Secured Debt (Maturity December 2, 2021)	14,300	14,201	14,300
			Preferred Member Units (226 units)(8)		2,850	7,260
			Preferred Member Units (HRS Services, ULC) (226 units)		150	380
					17,201	21,940
<b>Houston Plating and Coatings, LLC</b>	January 8, 2003	Provider of Plating and Industrial Coating Services	8% Unsecured Convertible Debt (Maturity May 1, 2022) Member Units (318,462 units)(8)	3,000	3,000	3,720
					2,236	8,330
					5,236	12,050
<b>I-45 SLF LLC(12)(13)</b>	October 20, 2015	Investment Partnership	Member Units (Fully diluted 20.0%; 24.4% profits interest)(8)		16,200	15,627
<b>L.F. Manufacturing Holdings, LLC(10)</b>	December 23, 2013	Manufacturer of Fiberglass Products	Member Units (2,179,001 units)		2,019	2,060



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<b>Meisler Operating LLC</b>	June 7, 2017	Provider of Short-term Trailer and Container Rental	LIBOR Plus 8.50% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 10.90%, Secured Debt (Maturity June 7, 2022)(9)	20,480	20,312	20,312
			Member Units (Milton Meisler Holdings LLC) (48,555 units)		4,855	5,780
					25,167	26,092
<b>OnAsset Intelligence, Inc.</b>	April 18, 2011	Provider of Transportation Monitoring / Tracking Products and Services	12% PIK Secured Debt (Maturity June 30, 2021)(19)	5,743	5,743	5,743
			10% PIK Unsecured Debt (Maturity June 30, 2021)(19)	53	53	53
			Preferred Stock (912 shares)		1,981	
			Warrants (5,333 equivalent shares; Expiration April 18, 2021; Strike price \$0.01 per share)		1,919	
					9,696	5,796

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<b>PCI Holding Company, Inc.</b>	December 18, 2012	Manufacturer of Industrial Gas Generating Systems	12% Current / 3% PIK Secured Debt (Maturity March 31, 2019)(19)	11,919	11,908	11,908
			Preferred Stock (1,740,000 shares) (non-voting)		1,740	3,480
			Preferred Stock (1,500,000 shares)		3,927	340
					17,575	15,728
<b>Rocacea, LLC (Quality Lease and Rental Holdings, LLC)</b>	January 8, 2013	Provider of Rigsite Accommodation Unit Rentals and Related Services	12% Secured Debt (Maturity January 8, 2018)(14)(15) Preferred Member Units (250 units)	30,785	30,281	250
					2,500	
					32,781	250
<b>Salado Stone Holdings, LLC(10)</b>	June 27, 2016	Limestone and Sandstone Dimension Cut Stone Mining Quarries	Class A Preferred Units (Salado Acquisition, LLC) (2,000,000 units)(8)		2,000	1,040
<b>SI East, LLC</b>	August 31, 2018	Rigid Industrial Packaging Manufacturing	10.25% Current, Secured Debt (Maturity August 31, 2023) Preferred Member Units (157 units)	35,250	34,885	34,885
					6,000	6,000
					40,885	40,885
<b>Slick Innovations, LLC</b>	September 13, 2018	Text Message Marketing Platform	14% Current, Secured Debt (Maturity September 13, 2023) Member Units (70,000 units)	7,200	6,959	6,959
					700	700
					181	181

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			Warrants (18,084 equivalent units; Expiration September 13, 2028; Strike price \$0.01 per unit)		7,840	7,840
<b>UniTek Global Services, Inc.(11)</b>	April 15, 2011	Provider of Outsourced Infrastructure Services	LIBOR Plus 5.50% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 8.01%, Secured Debt (Maturity August 20, 2024)(9)	2,993	2,969	2,969
			Preferred Stock (1,521,122 shares; 19% cumulative)(8)(19)		1,637	1,637
			Preferred Stock (2,281,682 shares; 19% cumulative)(8)(19)		3,038	3,038
			Preferred Stock (4,336,866 shares; 13.5% cumulative)(8)(19)		7,413	7,413
			Common Stock (945,507 shares)			1,420
					15,057	16,477

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<b>Universal Wellhead Services Holdings, LLC(10)</b>	October 30, 2014	Provider of Wellhead Equipment, Designs, and Personnel to the Oil & Gas Industry	Preferred Member Units (UWS Investments, LLC) (716,949 units; 14% cumulative)(8)(19)		837	950
			Member Units (UWS Investments, LLC) (4,000,000 units)		4,000	2,330
					4,837	3,280
<b>Volusion, LLC</b>	January 26, 2015	Provider of Online Software-as-a-Service eCommerce Solutions	11.5% Secured Debt (Maturity January 26, 2020)	19,272	18,407	18,407
			8% Unsecured Convertible Debt (Maturity November 16, 2023)	297	297	297
			Preferred Member Units (4,876,670 units)		14,000	14,000
			Warrants (1,831,355 equivalent units; Expiration January 26, 2025; Strike price \$0.01 per unit)		2,576	1,890
					35,280	34,594
<b>Subtotal Affiliate Investments (24.4% of net assets at fair value)</b>					<b>\$ 381,307</b>	<b>\$ 359,890</b>

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<b><u>Non-Control/Non-Affiliate Investments(7)</u></b>						
AAC Holdings, Inc.(11)	June 30, 2017	Substance Abuse Treatment Service Provider	LIBOR Plus 6.75% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 9.28%, Secured Debt (Maturity June 30, 2023)(9)	\$ 14,500	\$ 14,245	\$ 14,246
Adams Publishing Group, LLC(10)	November 19, 2015	Local Newspaper Operator	Prime Plus 4.00% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 9.50%, Secured Debt (Maturity July 3, 2023)(9)	4,250	4,160	4,160
			LIBOR Plus 7.00% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 9.93%, Secured Debt (Maturity July 3, 2023)(9)	8,108	7,956	7,956
					12,116	12,116
ADS Tactical, Inc.(10)	March 7, 2017	Value-Added Logistics and Supply Chain Provider to the Defense Industry	LIBOR Plus 6.25% (Floor 0.75%), Current Coupon 8.77%, Secured Debt (Maturity July 26, 2023)(9)	16,416	16,263	15,306
Aethon United BR LP(10)	September 8, 2017	Oil & Gas Exploration & Production	LIBOR Plus 6.75% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 9.14%, Secured Debt (Maturity September 8, 2023)(9)	4,063	4,011	3,817
Allen Media, LLC.(11)	September 18, 2018	Operator of Cable Television Networks	LIBOR Plus 6.50% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 9.21%, Secured Debt (Maturity August 30, 2023)(9)	17,143	16,670	16,800
	July 18, 2013					

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<b>Allflex Holdings III Inc.(11)</b>		Manufacturer of Livestock Identification Products	LIBOR Plus 7.00% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 9.48%, Secured Debt (Maturity July 19, 2021)(9)	13,120	13,077	13,013
<b>American Nuts, LLC(10)</b>	April 10, 2018	Roaster, Mixer and Packager of Bulk Nuts and Seeds	LIBOR Plus 8.50% (Floor 1.00%) PIK, 9.50% PIK Secured Debt, (Maturity April 10, 2023)(9)(19)	1,127	1,115	1,115
			LIBOR Plus 8.50% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 10.90%, Secured Debt (Maturity April 10, 2023)(9)	11,194	11,000	10,475
					12,115	11,590

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<b>American Scaffold Holdings, Inc.(10)</b>	June 14, 2016	Marine Scaffolding Service Provider	LIBOR Plus 6.50% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 9.30%, Secured Debt (Maturity March 31, 2022)(9)	6,656	6,592	6,623
<b>American Teleconferencing Services, Ltd.(11)</b>	May 19, 2016	Provider of Audio Conferencing and Video Collaboration Solutions	LIBOR Plus 6.50% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 9.09%, Secured Debt (Maturity December 8, 2021)(9)	15,940	15,186	13,310
<b>Apex Linen Service, Inc.</b>	October 30, 2015	Industrial Launderers	LIBOR Plus 9.00% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 11.35%, Secured Debt (Maturity October 30, 2022)(9) 16% Secured Debt (Maturity October 30, 2022)	2,400 14,416	2,400 14,357	2,400 14,357 16,757
<b>APTIM Corp.(11)</b>	August 17, 2018	Engineering, Construction & Procurement	7.75% Secured Debt (Maturity June 15, 2025)	12,452	10,633	9,464
<b>Arcus Hunting LLC(10)</b>	January 6, 2015	Manufacturer of Bowhunting and Archery Products and Accessories	LIBOR Plus 7.00% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 9.40%, Secured Debt (Maturity November 13, 2019)(9)	15,394	15,351	15,394
<b>Arise Holdings, Inc.(10)</b>	March 12, 2018	Tech-Enabled Business Process Outsourcing	Preferred Stock (1,000,000 shares)		1,000	1,704

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<b>ASC Ortho Management Company, LLC(10)</b>	August 31, 2018	Provider of Orthopedic Services	LIBOR Plus 7.50% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 9.90%, Secured Debt (Maturity August 31, 2023)(9)	4,660	4,559	4,559
			13.25% PIK Secured Debt (Maturity December 1, 2023)(19)	1,624	1,587	1,587
					6,146	6,146
<b>ATI Investment Sub, Inc.(11)</b>	July 11, 2016	Manufacturer of Solar Tracking Systems	LIBOR Plus 7.25% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 9.76%, Secured Debt (Maturity June 22, 2021)(9)	4,385	4,346	3,943



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<b>ATX Networks Corp.(11)(13)(21)</b>	June 30, 2015	Provider of Radio Frequency Management Equipment	LIBOR Plus 6.00% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 8.39% / 1.00% PIK, Current Coupon Plus PIK 9.39%, Secured Debt (Maturity June 11, 2021)(9)(19)	14,121	13,844	13,415
<b>Berry Aviation, Inc.(10)</b>	July 6, 2018	Charter Airline Services	10.50% Current / 1.5% PIK, Secured Debt (Maturity January 6, 2024)(19) Preferred Member Units (Berry Acquisition, LLC) (1,548,387 units; 8% cumulative)(8)(19)	4,485	4,443 1,609 6,052	4,443 1,609 6,052
<b>BigName Commerce, LLC(10)</b>	May 11, 2017	Provider of Envelopes and Complimentary Stationery Products	LIBOR Plus 7.25% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 9.65%, Secured Debt (Maturity May 11, 2022)(9)	2,462	2,440	2,369
<b>Binswanger Enterprises, LLC(10)</b>	March 10, 2017	Glass Repair and Installation Service Provider	LIBOR Plus 8.00% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 10.74%, Secured Debt (Maturity March 9, 2022)(9) Member Units (1,050,000 units)	14,368	14,169 1,050 15,219	13,743 1,330 15,073
<b>Bluestem Brands, Inc.(11)</b>	December 19, 2013	Multi-Channel Retailer of General Merchandise	LIBOR Plus 7.50% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 10.02%, Secured Debt (Maturity November 6,	11,375	11,262	7,356

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			2020(9)			
<b>Brainworks Software, LLC(10)</b>	August 12, 2014	Advertising Sales and Newspaper Circulation Software	Prime Plus 9.25% (Floor 3.25%), Current Coupon 14.70%, Secured Debt (Maturity July 22, 2019)(9)	6,733	6,723	6,590
<b>Brightwood Capital Fund Investments(12)(13)</b>	July 21, 2014	Investment Partnership	LP Interests (Brightwood Capital Fund III, LP) (Fully diluted 1.6%)(8)		12,000	10,264
			LP Interests (Brightwood Capital Fund IV, LP) (Fully diluted 0.6%)(8)		2,000	2,063
					14,000	12,327
<b>Cadence Aerospace LLC(10)</b>	November 14, 2017	Aerostructure Manufacturing	LIBOR Plus 6.50% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 9.06%, Secured Debt (Maturity November 14, 2023)(9)	19,470	19,301	18,244

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<b>California Pizza Kitchen, Inc.(11)</b>	August 29, 2016	Casual Restaurant Group	LIBOR Plus 6.00% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 8.53%, Secured Debt (Maturity August 23, 2022)(9)	12,739	12,707	12,389
<b>Central Security Group, Inc.(11)</b>	December 4, 2017	Security Alarm Monitoring Service Provider	LIBOR Plus 5.63% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 8.15%, Secured Debt (Maturity October 6, 2021)(9)	13,884	13,821	13,867
<b>Cenveo Corporation(11)</b>	September 4, 2015	Provider of Digital Marketing Agency Services	Libor Plus 9.00% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 11.54%, Secured Debt (Maturity June 7, 2023)(9) Common Stock (177,130 shares)	6,370	6,128 5,309	6,048 2,746
					11,437	8,794
<b>Clarius BIGS, LLC(10)</b>	September 23, 2014	Prints & Advertising Film Financing	15% PIK Secured Debt (Maturity January 5, 2015)(14)(17)	2,908	2,908	44
<b>Clickbooth.com, LLC(10)</b>	December 5, 2017	Provider of Digital Advertising Performance Marketing Solutions	LIBOR Plus 8.50% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 10.90%, Secured Debt (Maturity December 5, 2022)(9)	2,925	2,876	2,750
<b>Construction Supply Investments, LLC(10)</b>	December 29, 2016	Distribution Platform of Specialty Construction Materials to				

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		Professional Concrete and Masonry Contractors	LIBOR Plus 6.00% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 8.62%, Secured Debt (Maturity June 30, 2023)(9)	15,423	15,355	15,384
			Member Units (42,207 units)		4,221	4,290
					19,576	19,674
<b>CTVSH, PLLC(10)</b>	August 3, 2017	Emergency Care and Specialty Service Animal Hospital	LIBOR Plus 8.00% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 10.74%, Secured Debt (Maturity August 3, 2022)(9)	11,250	11,163	10,939

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<b>Darr Equipment LP(10)</b>	April 15, 2014	Heavy Equipment Dealer	11.5% Current / 1% PIK Secured Debt (Maturity - June 22, 2023)(19) Warrants (915,734 equivalent units; Expiration December 23, 2023; Strike price \$1.50 per unit)	5,839	5,839	5,723
					474	60
					6,313	5,783
<b>Digital River, Inc.(11)</b>	February 24, 2015	Provider of Outsourced e-Commerce Solutions and Services	LIBOR Plus 6.00% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 8.78%, Secured Debt (Maturity February 12, 2021)(9)	10,146	10,074	10,044
<b>DTE Enterprises, LLC(10)</b>	April 13, 2018	Industrial Powertrain Repair and Services	LIBOR Plus 7.50% (Floor 1.50%), Current Coupon 10.12%, Secured Debt (Maturity April 13, 2023)(9) Class AA Preferred Member Units (non-voting; 10% cumulative)(8)(19) Class A Preferred Member Units (776,316 units)(8)	12,492	12,260	11,580
					778	778
					776	1,300
					13,814	13,658
<b>Dynamic Communities, LLC(10)</b>	July 17, 2018	Developer of Business Events and Online Community Groups	LIBOR Plus 8.00% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 10.80%, Secured Debt (Maturity July 17, 2023)(9)	5,600	5,495	5,495
<b>Elite SEM INC.(10)</b>	August 31, 2018	Provider of Digital Marketing Agency Services				

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LIBOR Plus 8.50% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 11.27%, Secured Debt (Maturity February 1, 2022)(9)(23) 6,875 6,750 6,750

EnCap Energy Fund Investments(12)(13)	December 28, 2010	Investment Partnership			
		LP Interests (EnCap Energy Capital Fund VIII, L.P.) (Fully diluted 0.1%)(8)		3,661	2,003
		LP Interests (EnCap Energy Capital Fund VIII Co-Investors, L.P.) (Fully diluted 0.4%)(8)		2,103	1,153
		LP Interests (EnCap Energy Capital Fund IX, L.P.) (Fully diluted 0.1%)(8)		4,430	3,784
		LP Interests (EnCap Energy Capital Fund X, L.P.) (Fully diluted 0.1%)(8)		7,629	7,692
		LP Interests (EnCap Flatrock Midstream Fund II, L.P.) (Fully diluted 0.8%)(8)		5,881	4,538
		LP Interests (EnCap Flatrock Midstream Fund III, L.P.) (Fully diluted 0.2%)(8)		5,423	5,051
				29,127	24,221

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<b>Encino Acquisition Partners Holdings, Inc.(11)</b>	November 16, 2018	Oil & Gas Exploration & Production	LIBOR Plus 6.75% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 9.27%, Secured Debt (Maturity October 29, 2025)(9)	9,000	8,911	8,595
<b>EPIC Y-Grade Services, LP(11)</b>	June 22, 2018	NGL Transportation & Storage	LIBOR Plus 5.50%, Current Coupon 8.02%, Secured Debt (Maturity June 13, 2024)	17,500	17,175	16,625
<b>Evergreen Skills Lux S.á r.l. (d/b/a Skillsoft)(11)(13)</b>	May 5, 2014	Technology-based Performance Support Solutions	LIBOR Plus 8.25% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 10.77%, Secured Debt (Maturity April 28, 2022)(9)	6,999	6,901	3,931
<b>Extreme Reach, Inc.(11)</b>	March 31, 2015	Integrated TV and Video Advertising Platform	LIBOR Plus 6.25% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 8.78%, Secured Debt (Maturity February 7, 2020)(9)	16,460	16,451	16,371
<b>Felix Investments Holdings II(10)</b>	August 9, 2017	Oil & Gas Exploration & Production	LIBOR Plus 6.50% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 9.10%, Secured Debt (Maturity August 9, 2022)(9)	3,333	3,279	3,141
<b>Flavors Holdings Inc.(11)</b>	October 15, 2014	Global Provider of Flavoring and Sweetening Products	LIBOR Plus 5.75% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 8.55%, Secured Debt (Maturity April 3, 2020)(9)	12,295	12,044	11,434

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<b>GeoStabilization International (GSI)(11)</b>	December 31, 2018	Geohazard Engineering Services & Maintenance	LIBOR Plus 5.50%, Current Coupon 8.09%, Secured Debt (Maturity December 19, 2025)	16,500	16,335	16,418
<b>GI KBS Merger Sub LLC(11)</b>	November 10, 2014	Outsourced Janitorial Service Provider	LIBOR Plus 4.75% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 7.43%, Secured Debt (Maturity October 29, 2021)(9)	9,195	9,139	9,207
			LIBOR Plus 8.50% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 11.02%, Secured Debt (Maturity April 29, 2022)(9)	3,915	3,797	3,949
					12,936	13,156



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<b>Good Source Solutions, Inc.(10)</b>	October 23, 2018	Specialized Food Distributor	LIBOR Plus 8.34% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 11.14%, Secured Debt (Maturity June 29, 2023)(9)(23)	5,000	4,952	4,952
<b>GoWireless Holdings, Inc.(11)</b>	December 31, 2017	Provider of Wireless Telecommunications Carrier Services	LIBOR Plus 6.50% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 9.02%, Secured Debt (Maturity December 22, 2024)(9)	17,325	17,170	16,856
<b>Grupo Hima San Pablo, Inc.(11)</b>	March 7, 2013	Tertiary Care Hospitals	LIBOR Plus 7.00% (Floor 1.50%), Current Coupon 9.52%, Secured Debt (Maturity January 31, 2019)(9) 13.75% Secured Debt (Maturity October 15, 2018)(17)	4,688	4,688	3,629
				2,055	2,040	226
					6,728	3,855
<b>HDC/HW Intermediate Holdings(10)</b>	December 21, 2018	Managed Services and Hosting Provider	LIBOR Plus 7.50% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 10.29%, Secured Debt (Maturity December 21, 2023)(9)	3,201	3,132	3,132
<b>Hoover Group, Inc.(10)(13)</b>	October 21, 2016	Provider of Storage Tanks and Related Products to the Energy and Petrochemical Markets	LIBOR Plus 6.00%, Current Coupon 8.71%, Secured Debt (Maturity January 28, 2020) LIBOR Plus 7.25% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 9.90%, Secured Debt (Maturity January 28,	5,250	4,803	4,771
				9,395	9,053	8,831

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2021)(9)

13,856 13,602

<b>Hunter Defense Technologies, Inc.(10)</b>	March 29, 2018	Provider of Military and Commercial Shelters and Systems	LIBOR Plus 7.00% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 9.80%, Secured Debt (Maturity March 29, 2023)(9)	16,080	15,757	15,077
<b>Hydrofarm Holdings LLC(10)</b>	May 18, 2017	Wholesaler of Horticultural Products	LIBOR Plus 10.00%, Current Coupon 3.69% / 8.61% PIK, Current Coupon Plus PIK 12.30% Secured Debt (Maturity May 12, 2022)(19)	7,235	7,139	5,660
<b>iEnergizer Limited(11)(13)(21)</b>	May 8, 2013	Provider of Business Outsourcing Solutions	LIBOR Plus 6.00% (Floor 1.25%), Current Coupon 8.53%, Secured Debt (Maturity May 1, 2019)(9)	14,100	14,052	14,117

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<b>Implus Footcare, LLC(10)</b>	June 1, 2017	Provider of Footwear and Related Accessories	LIBOR Plus 6.75% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 9.55%, Secured Debt (Maturity April 30, 2021)(9)	18,819	18,629	18,390
<b>Independent Pet Partners Intermediate Holdings, LLC(10)</b>	November 20, 2018	Omnichannel Retailer of Specialty Pet Products	LIBOR Plus 9.00% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 11.90%, Secured Debt (Maturity November 19, 2023)(9) Member Units (1,558,333 units)	2,078	2,037 1,558 3,595	2,037 1,558 3,595
<b>Industrial Services Acquisition, LLC(10)</b>	June 17, 2016	Industrial Cleaning Services	6% Current / 7% PIK Unsecured Debt (Maturity December 17, 2022)(19) Preferred Member Units (Industrial Services Investments, LLC) (144 units; 10% cumulative)(8)(19) Member Units (Industrial Services Investments, LLC) (900 units)	4,885	4,822 94 900 5,816	4,470 94 210 4,774
<b>Inn of the Mountain Gods Resort and Casino(11)</b>	October 30, 2013	Hotel & Casino Owner & Operator	9.25% Secured Debt (Maturity November 30, 2020)	7,832	7,479	7,480
<b>Intermedia Holdings, Inc.(11)</b>	August 3, 2018	Unified Communications as a Service	LIBOR Plus 6.00% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 8.52%, Secured Debt (Maturity July 19, 2025)(9)	11,571	11,461	11,557

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<b>irth Solutions, LLC</b>	December 29, 2010	Provider of Damage Prevention Information Technology Services	Member Units (27,893 units)		1,441	2,830
<b>Isagenix International, LLC(11)</b>	June 21, 2018	Direct Marketer of Health & Wellness Products	LIBOR Plus 5.75% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 8.55%, Secured Debt (Maturity June 14, 2025)(9)	6,268	6,208	6,095
<b>JAB Wireless, Inc.(10)</b>	May 2, 2018	Fixed Wireless Broadband Provider	LIBOR Plus 8.00% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 10.39%, Secured Debt (Maturity May 2, 2023)(9)	14,888	14,754	13,987

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<b>Jacent Strategic Merchandising, LLC(10)</b>	September 16, 2015	General Merchandise Distribution	LIBOR Plus 7.50% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 10.27%, Secured Debt (Maturity September 16, 2020)(9)	10,740	10,705	10,740
<b>Jackmont Hospitality, Inc.(10)</b>	May 26, 2015	Franchisee of Casual Dining Restaurants	LIBOR Plus 6.75% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 9.26%, Secured Debt (Maturity May 26, 2021)(9)	4,165	4,157	4,165
<b>Jacuzzi Brands LLC(11)</b>	June 30, 2017	Manufacturer of Bath and Spa Products	LIBOR Plus 7.00% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 9.52%, Secured Debt (Maturity June 28, 2023)(9)	3,850	3,788	3,831
<b>Joerns Healthcare, LLC(11)</b>	April 3, 2013	Manufacturer and Distributor of Health Care Equipment & Supplies	LIBOR Plus 6.00% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 8.71% Secured Debt (Maturity May 9, 2020)(9)	13,387	13,335	11,998
<b>Kore Wireless Group Inc.(11)</b>	December 31, 2018	Mission Critical Software Platform	LIBOR Plus 5.50%, Current Coupon 8.29%, Secured Debt (Maturity December 20, 2024)	6,667	6,600	6,631
<b>Larchmont Resources, LLC(11)</b>	August 13, 2013	Oil & Gas Exploration & Production	LIBOR Plus 9.00% (Floor 1.00%) PIK, 11.77% PIK Secured Debt, (Maturity August 7, 2020)(9)(19) Member Units (Larchmont Intermediate Holdco, LLC) (2,828 units)	2,312	2,312 353	2,266 707

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				2,665	2,973
<b>LKCM Headwater Investments I, L.P.(12)(13)</b>	January 25, 2013	Investment Partnership	LP Interests (Fully diluted 2.3%)(8)	1,780	3,501
<b>Logix Acquisition Company, LLC(10)</b>	June 24, 2016	Competitive Local Exchange Carrier	LIBOR Plus 5.75% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 8.27%, Secured Debt (Maturity December 22, 2024)(9)	12,927	12,725
				12,797	

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<b>Looking Glass Investments, LLC(12)(13)</b>	July 1, 2015	Specialty Consumer Finance	Member Units (2.5 units)		125	57
			Member Units (LGI Predictive Analytics LLC) (190,712 units)(8)		49	33
					174	90
<b>LSF9 Atlantis Holdings, LLC(11)</b>	May 17, 2017	Provider of Wireless Telecommunications Carrier Services	LIBOR Plus 6.00% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 8.38%, Secured Debt (Maturity May 1, 2023)(9)	9,710	9,694	9,269
<b>Lulu's Fashion Lounge, LLC(10)</b>	August 31, 2017	Fast Fashion E-Commerce Retailer	LIBOR Plus 7.00% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 9.52%, Secured Debt (Maturity August 28, 2022)(9)	12,358	12,060	11,987
<b>MHVC Acquisition Corp.(11)</b>	May 8, 2017	Provider of differentiated information solutions, systems engineering, and analytics	LIBOR Plus 5.25% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 8.06%, Secured Debt (Maturity April 29, 2024)(9)	15,475	15,442	15,088
<b>Mills Fleet Farm Group, LLC(10)</b>	October 24, 2018	Omnichannel Retailer of Work, Farm and Lifestyle Merchandise	LIBOR Plus 6.25% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 8.77%, Secured Debt (Maturity October 24, 2024)(9)	15,000	14,707	15,000
<b>Mobileum(10)</b>	October 23, 2018	Provider of big data analytics to telecom service providers	LIBOR Plus 10.25% (Floor 0.75%), Current Coupon 13.06%, Secured Debt	7,500	7,429	7,429

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		(Maturity May 1, 2022)(9)				
<b>NBG Acquisition Inc(11)</b>	April 28, 2017	Wholesaler of Home Décor Products	LIBOR Plus 5.50% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 8.09%, Secured Debt (Maturity April 26, 2024)(9)	4,292	4,235	4,184
<b>New Era Technology, Inc.(10)</b>	June 30, 2018	Managed Services and Hosting Provider	LIBOR Plus 6.50% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 8.99%, Secured Debt (Maturity June 22, 2023)(9)	7,654	7,526	7,616



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<b>New Media Holdings II LLC(11)(13)</b>	June 10, 2014	Local Newspaper Operator	LIBOR Plus 6.25% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 8.77%, Secured Debt (Maturity July 14, 2022)(9)	21,125	20,797	20,967
<b>NNE Partners, LLC(10)</b>	March 2, 2017	Oil & Gas Exploration & Production	LIBOR Plus 8.00%, Current Coupon 10.74%, Secured Debt (Maturity March 2, 2022)	20,417	20,260	19,572
<b>North American Lifting Holdings, Inc.(11)</b>	February 26, 2015	Crane Service Provider	LIBOR Plus 4.50% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 7.30%, Secured Debt (Maturity November 27, 2020)(9)	7,664	7,093	6,997
<b>Novetta Solutions, LLC(11)</b>	June 21, 2017	Provider of Advanced Analytics Solutions for Defense Agencies	LIBOR Plus 5.00% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 7.53%, Secured Debt (Maturity October 17, 2022)(9)	15,478	15,091	15,091
<b>NTM Acquisition Corp.(11)</b>	July 12, 2016	Provider of B2B Travel Information Content	LIBOR Plus 6.25% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 8.96%, Secured Debt (Maturity June 7, 2022)(9)	4,419	4,396	4,375
<b>Ospemifene Royalty Sub LLC (QuatRx)(10)</b>	July 8, 2013	Estrogen-Deficiency Drug Manufacturer and Distributor	11.5% Secured Debt (Maturity November 15, 2026)(14)	4,975	4,975	937
<b>Permian Holdco 2, Inc.(11)</b>	February 12, 2013	Storage Tank Manufacturer	14% PIK Unsecured Debt (Maturity October 15, 2021)(19)	396	396	396

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			Preferred Stock (Permian Holdco 1, Inc.) (154,558 units)		799	920
					1,195	1,316
<b>Pernix Therapeutics Holdings, Inc.(10)</b>	August 18, 2014	Pharmaceutical Royalty	12% Secured Debt (Maturity August 1, 2020)	3,031	3,031	2,037
<b>Pier 1 Imports, Inc.(11)</b>	February 20, 2018	Decorative Home Furnishings Retailer	LIBOR Plus 3.50% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 6.38%, Secured Debt (Maturity April 30, 2021)(9)	9,736	9,152	6,998

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<b>Point.360(10)</b>	July 8, 2015	Fully Integrated Provider of Digital Media Services	Warrants (65,463 equivalent shares; Expiration July 7, 2020; Strike price \$0.75 per share)		69	
			Common Stock (163,658 shares)		273	5
					342	5
<b>PricewaterhouseCoopers Public Sector LLP(11)</b>	May 24, 2018	Provider of Consulting Services to Governments	LIBOR Plus 7.50%, Current Coupon 9.74%, Secured Debt (Maturity May 1, 2026)	8,000	7,962	8,040
<b>Prowler Acquisition Corp.(11)</b>	February 11, 2014	Specialty Distributor to the Energy Sector	LIBOR Plus 4.50% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 7.30%, Secured Debt (Maturity January 28, 2020)(9)	20,028	19,122	19,727
<b>PT Network, LLC(10)</b>	November 1, 2013	Provider of Outpatient Physical Therapy and Sports Medicine Services	LIBOR Plus 5.50% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 7.99%, Secured Debt (Maturity November 30, 2021)(9)	8,732	8,732	8,619
<b>Research Now Group, Inc. and Survey Sampling International, LLC(11)</b>	December 31, 2017	Provider of Outsourced Online Surveying	LIBOR Plus 5.50% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 8.02%, Secured Debt (Maturity December 20, 2024)(9)	15,360	14,757	15,110
<b>Resolute Industrial, LLC(10)</b>	July 26, 2017	HVAC Equipment Rental and Remanufacturing	Member Units (601 units)		750	920

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<b>RM Bidder, LLC(10)</b>	November 12, 2015	Scripted and Unscripted TV and Digital Programming Provider	Warrants (327,532 equivalent units; Expiration October 20, 2025; Strike price \$14.28 per unit)	425	
			Member Units (2,779 units)	46	11
				471	11
<b>SAFETY Investment Holdings, LLC</b>	April 29, 2016	Provider of Intelligent Driver Record Monitoring Software and Services	Member Units (2,000,000 units)	2,000	1,820

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<b>Salient Partners L.P.(11)</b>	June 25, 2015	Provider of Asset Management Services	LIBOR Plus 5.75% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 8.27%, Secured Debt (Maturity June 9, 2021)(9)	7,313	7,280	7,280
<b>SiTV, LLC(11)</b>	September 26, 2017	Cable Networks Operator	10.375% Secured Debt (Maturity July 1, 2019)	10,429	7,196	3,911
<b>SMART Modular Technologies, Inc.(10)(13)</b>	August 18, 2017	Provider of Specialty Memory Solutions	LIBOR Plus 6.25% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 8.86%, Secured Debt (Maturity August 9, 2022)(9)	19,000	18,793	19,095
<b>Sorenson Communications, Inc.(11)</b>	June 7, 2016	Manufacturer of Communication Products for Hearing Impaired	LIBOR Plus 5.75% (Floor 2.25%), Current Coupon 8.56%, Secured Debt (Maturity April 30, 2020)(9)	13,097	13,059	13,048
<b>Staples Canada ULC(10)(13)(21)</b>	September 14, 2017	Office Supplies Retailer	LIBOR Plus 7.00% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 9.26%, Secured Debt (Maturity September 12, 2023)(9)(22)	16,867	16,589	14,026
<b>STL Parent Corp.(10)</b>	December 14, 2018	Manufacturer and Servicer of Tank and Hopper Railcars	LIBOR Plus 7.00%, Current Coupon 9.52%, Secured Debt (Maturity December 5, 2022)	15,000	14,475	14,475
<b>Strike, LLC(11)</b>	December 12, 2016	Pipeline Construction and Maintenance Services				

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			LIBOR Plus 8.00% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 10.59%, Secured Debt (Maturity November 30, 2022)(9)	9,000	8,797	9,011
<b>TE Holdings, LLC(11)</b>	December 5, 2013	Oil & Gas Exploration & Production	Member Units (97,048 units)		970	66
<b>Tectonic Holdings, LLC</b>	May 15, 2017	Financial Services Organization	Member Units (200,000 units)(8)		2,000	2,420
<b>TeleGuam Holdings, LLC(11)</b>	June 26, 2013	Cable and Telecom Services Provider	LIBOR Plus 8.50% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 11.02%, Secured Debt (Maturity April 12, 2024)(9)	7,750	7,620	7,798

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<b>TGP Holdings III LLC(11)</b>	September 30, 2017	Outdoor Cooking & Accessories	LIBOR Plus 8.50% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 11.30%, Secured Debt (Maturity September 25, 2025)(9)	5,500	5,433	5,335
<b>The Pasha Group(11)</b>	February 2, 2018	Diversified Logistics and Transportation Provided	LIBOR Plus 7.50% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 10.06%, Secured Debt (Maturity January 26, 2023)(9)	10,938	10,655	11,006
<b>TMC Merger Sub Corp.(11)</b>	December 22, 2016	Refractory & Maintenance Services Provider	LIBOR Plus 6.75% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 9.31%, Secured Debt (Maturity October 31, 2022)(9)(24)	17,207	17,014	17,121
<b>TOMS Shoes, LLC(11)</b>	November 13, 2014	Global Designer, Distributor, and Retailer of Casual Footwear	LIBOR Plus 5.50% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 8.30%, Secured Debt (Maturity October 30, 2020)(9)	4,813	4,635	3,798
<b>Turning Point Brands, Inc.(10)(13)</b>	February 17, 2017	Marketer/Distributor of Tobacco Products	LIBOR Plus 7.00%, Current Coupon 9.46%, Secured Debt (Maturity March 7, 2024)	8,500	8,424	8,585
<b>TVG-I-E CMN ACQUISITION, LLC(10)</b>	November 3, 2016	Organic Lead Generation for Online Postsecondary Schools	LIBOR Plus 6.00% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 8.52%, Secured Debt (Maturity November 3, 2021)(9)	19,503	19,191	19,454

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<b>U.S. TelePacific Corp.(11)</b>	September 14, 2016	Provider of Communications and Managed Services	LIBOR Plus 5.00% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 7.80%, Secured Debt (Maturity May 2, 2023)(9)	18,491	18,344	17,363
<b>VIP Cinema Holdings, Inc.(11)</b>	March 9, 2017	Supplier of Luxury Seating to the Cinema Industry	LIBOR Plus 6.00% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 8.53%, Secured Debt (Maturity March 1, 2023)(9)	10,494	10,451	10,304



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**(unaudited)**

Portfolio Company(1)(20)	Investment Date(26)	Business Description	Type of Investment(2)(3)(25)	Principal(4)	Cost(4)	Fair Value(18)
<b>Vistar Media, Inc.(10)</b>	February 17, 2017	Operator of Digital Out-of-Home Advertising Platform	LIBOR Plus 10.00% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 12.74%, Secured Debt (Maturity February 16, 2022)(9)	3,263	3,048	2,987
			Warrants (70,207 equivalent shares; Expiration February 17, 2027; Strike price \$0.01 per share)		331	790
					3,379	3,777
<b>Wireless Vision Holdings, LLC(10)</b>	September 29, 2017	Provider of Wireless Telecommunications Carrier Services	LIBOR Plus 8.91% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 11.41%, Secured Debt (Maturity September 29, 2022)(9)(28)	14,279	14,055	13,414
<b>YS Garments, LLC(11)</b>	August 22, 2018	Designer and Provider of Branded Activewear	LIBOR Plus 6.00% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 8.42% Secured Debt (Maturity August 9, 2024)(9)	14,906	14,764	14,756
<b>Zilliant Incorporated</b>	June 15, 2012	Price Optimization and Margin Management Solutions	Preferred Stock (186,777 shares)		154	260
			Warrants (952,500 equivalent shares; Expiration June 15, 2022; Strike price \$0.001 per share)		1,071	1,189
					1,225	1,449
<b>Subtotal Non-Control/Non-Affiliate Investments (73.8% of net assets at fair value)</b>					\$ 1,137,108	\$ 1,089,026
<b>Total Portfolio Investments, December 31, 2018</b>					\$ 2,269,033	\$ 2,453,909

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- (1) **All investments are Lower Middle Market portfolio investments, unless otherwise noted. See Note B for a description of Lower Middle Market portfolio investments. All of the Company's investments, unless otherwise noted, are encumbered either as security for the Company's Credit Agreement or in support of the SBA-guaranteed debentures issued by the Funds.**
  - (2) **Debt investments are income producing, unless otherwise noted. Equity and warrants are non-income producing, unless otherwise noted.**
  - (3) **See Note C for a summary of geographic location of portfolio companies.**
  - (4) **Principal is net of repayments. Cost is net of repayments and accumulated unearned income.**
  - (5) **Control investments are defined by the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended ("1940 Act") as investments in which more than 25% of the voting securities are owned or where the ability to nominate greater than 50% of the board representation is maintained.**
  - (6) **Affiliate investments are defined by the 1940 Act as investments in which between 5% and 25% of the voting securities are owned and the investments are not classified as Control investments.**
  - (7) **Non-Control/Non-Affiliate investments are defined by the 1940 Act as investments that are neither Control investments nor Affiliate investments.**
  - (8) **Income producing through dividends or distributions.**
  - (9) **Index based floating interest rate is subject to contractual minimum interest rate. A majority of the variable rate loans in the Company's investment portfolio bear interest at a rate that may be determined by reference to either LIBOR or an alternate Base Rate (commonly based on the Federal Funds Rate or the Prime Rate), which typically resets semi-annually, quarterly, or monthly at the borrower's option. The borrower may also elect to have multiple interest reset periods for each loan. For each such loan, the Company has provided the weighted average annual stated interest rate in effect at December 31, 2018. As noted in this schedule, 64% of the loans (based on the par amount) contain LIBOR floors which range between 0.50% and 2.00%, with a weighted-average LIBOR floor of approximately 1.03%.**
  - (10) **Private Loan portfolio investment. See Note B for a description of Private Loan portfolio investments.**

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**MAIN STREET CAPITAL CORPORATION**

**Consolidated Schedule of Investments (Continued)**

**December 31, 2018**  
**(dollars in thousands)**  
**(unaudited)**

- (11) Middle Market portfolio investment. See Note B for a description of Middle Market portfolio investments.
- (12) Other Portfolio investment. See Note B for a description of Other Portfolio investments.
- (13) Investment is not a qualifying asset as defined under Section 55(a) of the 1940 Act. Qualifying assets must represent at least 70% of total assets at the time of acquisition of any additional non-qualifying assets.
- (14) Non-accrual and non-income producing investment.
- (15) Portfolio company is in a bankruptcy process and, as such, the maturity date of our debt investments in this portfolio company will not be finally determined until such process is complete. As noted in footnote (14), our debt investments in this portfolio company are on non-accrual status.
- (16) External Investment Manager. Investment is not encumbered as security for the Company's Credit Agreement or in support of the SBA-guaranteed debentures issued by the Funds.
- (17) Maturity date is under on-going negotiations with the portfolio company and other lenders, if applicable.
- (18) Investment fair value was determined using significant unobservable inputs, unless otherwise noted. See Note C for further discussion.
- (19) PIK interest income and cumulative dividend income represent income not paid currently in cash.
- (20) All portfolio company headquarters are based in the United States, unless otherwise noted.
- (21) Portfolio company headquarters are located outside of the United States.
- (22) In connection with the Company's debt investment in Staples Canada ULC to help mitigate any potential adverse change in foreign exchange rates during the term of the Company's investment, the Company has a forward foreign currency contract with Cadence Bank to lend \$20.4 million Canadian Dollars and receive \$15.7 million U.S. Dollars with a settlement date of September 12, 2019. The unrealized appreciation on the forward foreign currency contract is \$0.6 million as of December 31, 2018.
- (23) The Company has entered into an intercreditor agreement that entitles the Company to the "last out" tranche of the first lien secured loans, whereby the "first out" tranche will receive priority as to the "last out" tranche with respect to payments of principal, interest, and any other amounts due thereunder. Therefore, the Company receives a higher interest rate than the contractual stated interest rate of LIBOR plus 6.00% (Floor 1.00%) per the Credit Agreement and the Consolidated Schedule of Investments above reflects such higher rate.
- (24) The Company has entered into an intercreditor agreement that entitles the Company to the "first out" tranche of the first lien secured loans, whereby the "first out" tranche will receive priority as to the "last out" tranche with respect to payments of principal, interest, and any other amounts due thereunder. Therefore, the Company receives a lower interest rate than the contractual stated interest rate of LIBOR plus 6.64% (Floor 1.00%) per the Credit Agreement and the Consolidated Schedule of Investments above reflects such lower rate.
- (25)

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All of the Company's portfolio investments are generally subject to restrictions on resale as "restricted securities."

- (26) **Investment date represents the date of initial investment in the portfolio company.**
- (27) **Investment has an unfunded commitment as of December 31, 2018 (see Note K). The fair value of the investment includes the impact of the fair value of any unfunded commitments**
- (28) **The Company has entered into an intercreditor agreement that entitles the Company to the "last out" tranche of the first lien secured loans, whereby the "first out" tranche will receive priority as to the "last out" tranche with respect to payments of principal, interest, and any other amounts due thereunder. Therefore, the Company receives a higher interest rate than the contractual stated interest rate of LIBOR plus 8.50% (Floor 1.00%) per the Credit Agreement and the Consolidated Schedule of Investments above reflects such higher rate.**

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## MAIN STREET CAPITAL CORPORATION

## Consolidated Schedule of Investments

December 31, 2017  
(dollars in thousands)

Portfolio Company(1)(20)	Investment Date(28)	Business Description	Type of Investment(2)(3)(27)	Principal(4)	Cost(4)	Fair Value(18)
<b>Control Investments(5)</b>						
<b>Access Media Holdings, LLC(10)</b>	July 22, 2015	Private Cable Operator	5% Current / 5% PIK Secured Debt (Maturity July 22, 2020)(19) Preferred Member Units (8,248,500 units) Member Units (45 units)	\$ 23,828	\$ 23,828 8,142 1	\$ 17,150
					31,971	17,150
<b>ASC Interests, LLC</b>	August 1, 2013	Recreational and Educational Shooting Facility	11% Secured Debt (Maturity July 31, 2018) Member Units (1,500 units)	1,800	1,795 1,500	1,795 1,530
					3,295	3,325
<b>ATS Workholding, LLC(10)</b>	March 10, 2014	Manufacturer of Machine Cutting Tools and Accessories	5% Secured Debt (Maturity November 16, 2021) Preferred Member Units (3,725,862 units)	3,726	3,249 3,726	3,249 3,726
					6,975	6,975
<b>Bond-Coat, Inc.</b>	December 28, 2012	Casing and Tubing Coating Services	12% Secured Debt (Maturity December 28, 2017)(17) Common Stock (57,508 shares)	11,596	11,596 6,350	11,596 9,370
					17,946	20,966
<b>Café Brazil, LLC</b>	April 20, 2004	Casual Restaurant Group	Member Units (1,233 units)(8)		1,742	4,900
<b>CBT Nuggets, LLC</b>	June 1, 2006	Produces and Sells IT Training Certification Videos	Member Units (416 units)(8)		1,300	89,560

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<b>Charps, LLC</b>	February 3, 2017	Pipeline Maintenance and Construction	12% Secured Debt (Maturity February 3, 2022)	18,400	18,225	18,225
			Preferred Member Units (1,600 units)		400	650
					18,625	18,875
<b>Clad-Rex Steel, LLC</b>	December 20, 2016	Specialty Manufacturer of Vinyl-Clad Metal	LIBOR Plus 9.50% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 10.86%, Secured Debt (Maturity December 20, 2021)(9)	13,280	13,168	13,280
			Member Units (717 units)(8)		7,280	9,500
			10% Secured Debt (Clad-Rex Steel RE Investor, LLC) (Maturity December 20, 2036)	1,183	1,171	1,183
			Member Units (Clad-Rex Steel RE Investor, LLC) (800 units)		210	280
			21,829	24,243		

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**December 31, 2017**  
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Portfolio Company(1)(20)	Investment Date(28)	Business Description	Type of Investment(2)(3)(27)	Principal(4)	Cost(4)	Fair Value(18)
<b>CMS Minerals Investments</b>	January 30, 2015	Oil & Gas Exploration & Production	Member Units (CMS Minerals II, LLC) (100 units)(8)		3,440	2,392
<b>Copper Trail Energy Fund I, LP(12)(13)</b>	July 17, 2017	Investment Partnership	LP Interests (Fully diluted 30.1%)		2,500	2,500
<b>Datacom, LLC</b>	May 30, 2014	Technology and Telecommunications Provider	8% Secured Debt (Maturity May 30, 2018)	1,575	1,575	1,575
			5.25% Current / 5.25% PIK Secured Debt (Maturity May 30, 2019)(19)	12,349	12,311	11,110
			Class A Preferred Member Units		1,181	730
			Class B Preferred Member Units (6,453 units)		6,030	
					21,097	13,415
<b>Gamber-Johnson Holdings, LLC</b>	June 24, 2016	Manufacturer of Ruggedized Computer Mounting Systems	LIBOR Plus 11.00% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 12.36%, Secured Debt (Maturity June 24, 2021)(9)	23,400	23,213	23,400
			Member Units (8,619 units)(8)		14,844	23,370
					38,057	46,770
<b>Garreco, LLC</b>	July 15, 2013	Manufacturer and Supplier of Dental Products	LIBOR Plus 10.00% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 11.34%, Secured Debt (Maturity March 31, 2020)(9)	5,483	5,443	5,443
			Member Units (1,200 units)		1,200	1,940
					6,643	7,383

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<b>GRT Rubber Technologies LLC</b>	December 19, 2014	Manufacturer of Engineered Rubber Products	LIBOR Plus 9.00% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 10.36%, Secured Debt (Maturity December 19, 2019)(9)	11,603	11,550	11,603
			Member Units (5,879 units)(8)		13,065	21,970
					24,615	33,573
<b>Gulf Manufacturing, LLC</b>	August 31, 2007	Manufacturer of Specialty Fabricated Industrial Piping Products	Member Units (438 units)(8)		2,980	10,060
<b>Gulf Publishing Holdings, LLC</b>	April 29, 2016	Energy Industry Focused Media and Publishing	LIBOR Plus 9.50% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 10.86%, Secured Debt (Maturity September 30, 2020)(9)	80	80	80
			12.5% Secured Debt (Maturity April 29, 2021)	12,800	12,703	12,703
			Member Units (3,681 units)		3,681	4,840
					16,464	17,623



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**December 31, 2017**  
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Portfolio Company(1)(20)	Investment Date(28)	Business Description	Type of Investment(2)(3)(27)	Principal(4)	Cost(4)	Fair Value(18)
<b>Harborside Holdings, LLC</b>	March 20, 2017	Real Estate Holding Company	Member units (100 units)		6,206	9,400
<b>Harris Preston Fund Investments(12)(13)</b>	October 1, 2017	Investment Partnership	LP Interests (2717 MH, L.P.) (Fully diluted 49.3%)		536	536
<b>Harrison Hydra-Gen, Ltd.</b>	June 4, 2010	Manufacturer of Hydraulic Generators	Common Stock (107,456 shares)		718	3,580
<b>HW Temps LLC</b>	July 2, 2015	Temporary Staffing Solutions	LIBOR Plus 11.00% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 12.36%, Secured Debt (Maturity July 2, 2020)(9) Preferred Member Units (3,200 units)	9,976	9,918 3,942	9,918 3,940 13,858
<b>Hydratec, Inc.</b>	November 1, 2007	Designer and Installer of Micro-Irrigation Systems	Common Stock (7,095 shares)(8)		7,095	15,000
<b>IDX Broker, LLC</b>	November 15, 2013	Provider of Marketing and CRM Tools for the Real Estate Industry	11.5% Secured Debt (Maturity November 15, 2020) Preferred Member Units (5,607 units)(8)	15,250	15,116 5,952	15,250 11,660 26,910
<b>Jensen Jewelers of Idaho, LLC</b>	November 14, 2006	Retail Jewelry Store	Prime Plus 6.75% (Floor 2.00%), Current Coupon 11.00%, Secured Debt (Maturity November 14, 2019)(9) Member Units (627 units)(8)	3,955	3,917 811	3,955 5,100

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				4,728	9,055
<b>KBK Industries, LLC</b>	January 23, 2006	Manufacturer of Specialty Oilfield and Industrial Products			
			10% Secured Debt (Maturity September 28, 2020)	375	372
			12.5% Secured Debt (Maturity September 28, 2020)	5,900	5,867
			Member Units (325 units)(8)		783
				7,022	10,695

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Portfolio Company(1)(20)	Investment Date(28)	Business Description	Type of Investment(2)(3)(27)	Principal(4)	Cost(4)	Fair Value(18)
<b>Lamb Ventures, LLC</b>	May 30, 2008	Aftermarket Automotive Services Chain	11% Secured Debt (Maturity July 1, 2022)	9,942	9,890	9,942
			Preferred Equity (non-voting) Member Units (742 units)(8)		400	400
			9.5% Secured Debt (Lamb's Real Estate Investment I, LLC) (Maturity March 31, 2027)	432	428	432
			Member Units (Lamb's Real Estate Investment I, LLC) (1,000 units)(8)		625	520
					16,616	18,084
<b>Marine Shelters Holdings, LLC</b>	December 28, 2012	Fabricator of Marine and Industrial Shelters	12% PIK Secured Debt (Maturity December 28, 2017)(14) Preferred Member Units (3,810 units)	3,131	3,078	5,352
					8,430	
<b>Market Force Information, LLC</b>	July 28, 2017	Provider of Customer Experience Management Services	LIBOR Plus 11.00% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 12.48%, Secured Debt (Maturity July 28, 2022)(9) Member Units (657,113 units)	23,360	23,143	23,143
					14,700	14,700
					37,843	37,843
<b>MH Corbin Holding LLC</b>	August 31, 2015	Manufacturer and Distributor of Traffic Safety Products	13% Secured Debt (Maturity August 31, 2020) Preferred Member Units (4,000 shares)	12,600	12,526	12,526
					6,000	6,000
					18,526	18,526

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<b>Mid-Columbia Lumber Products, LLC</b>	December 18, 2006	Manufacturer of Finger-Jointed Lumber Products	10% Secured Debt (Maturity January 15, 2020)	1,398	1,390	1,390
			12% Secured Debt (Maturity January 15, 2020)	3,900	3,863	3,863
			Member Units (5,714 units)		2,405	1,575
			9.5% Secured Debt (Mid-Columbia Real Estate, LLC) (Maturity May 13, 2025)	791	791	791
			Member Units (Mid-Columbia Real Estate, LLC) (500 units)(8)		790	1,290
					9,239	8,909
<b>MSC Adviser I, LLC(16)</b>	November 22, 2013	Third Party Investment Advisory Services	Member Units (Fully diluted 100.0%)(8)			41,768

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Portfolio Company(1)(20)	Investment Date(28)	Business Description	Type of Investment(2)(3)(27)	Principal(4)	Cost(4)	Fair Value(18)
<b>Mystic Logistics Holdings, LLC</b>	August 18, 2014	Logistics and Distribution Services Provider for Large Volume Mailers	12% Secured Debt (Maturity August 15, 2019)	7,768	7,696	7,696
			Common Stock (5,873 shares)		2,720	6,820
					10,416	14,516
<b>NAPCO Precast, LLC</b>	January 31, 2008	Precast Concrete Manufacturing	LIBOR Plus 8.50%, Current Coupon 9.98%, Secured Debt (Maturity May 31, 2019)	11,475	11,439	11,475
			Member Units (2,955 units)(8)		2,975	11,670
					14,414	23,145
<b>NRI Clinical Research, LLC</b>	September 8, 2011	Clinical Research Service Provider	LIBOR Plus 6.50% (Floor 1.50%), Current Coupon 8.00%, Secured Debt (Maturity January 15, 2018)(9)	400	400	400
			14% Secured Debt (Maturity January 15, 2018)	3,865	3,865	3,865
			Warrants (251,723 equivalent units; Expiration September 8, 2021; Strike price \$0.01 per unit)		252	500
			Member Units (1,454,167 units)		765	2,500
					5,282	7,265
<b>NRP Jones, LLC</b>	December 22, 2011	Manufacturer of Hoses, Fittings and Assemblies	12% Secured Debt (Maturity March 20, 2023)	6,376	6,376	6,376
			Member Units (65,208 units)(8)		3,717	3,250
					10,093	9,626
<b>NuStep, LLC</b>	January 31, 2017	Designer, Manufacturer and				

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		Distributor of Fitness Equipment	12% Secured Debt (Maturity January 31, 2022)	20,600	20,420	20,420
			Preferred Member Units (406 units)		10,200	10,200
					30,620	30,620
<b>OMi Holdings, Inc.</b>	April 1, 2008	Manufacturer of Overhead Cranes	Common Stock (1,500 shares)(8)		1,080	14,110
<b>Pegasus Research Group, LLC</b>	January 6, 2011	Provider of Telemarketing and Data Services	Member Units (460 units)(8)		1,290	10,310
<b>PPL RVs, Inc.</b>	June 10, 2010	Recreational Vehicle Dealer	LIBOR Plus 7.00% (Floor 0.50%), Current Coupon 8.34%, Secured Debt (Maturity November 15, 2021)(9)	16,100	15,972	16,100
			Common Stock (1,962 shares)(8)		2,150	12,440
					18,122	28,540

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Portfolio Company(1)(20)	Investment Date(28)	Business Description	Type of Investment(2)(3)(27)	Principal(4)	Cost(4)	Fair Value(18)
<b>Principle Environmental, LLC (d/b/a TruHorizon Environmental Solutions)</b>	February 1, 2011	Noise Abatement Service Provider	13% Secured Debt (Maturity April 30, 2020)	7,477	7,347	7,477
			Preferred Member Units (19,631 units)		4,600	11,490
			Warrants (1,018 equivalent units; Expiration January 31, 2021; Strike price \$0.01 per unit)		1,200	650
					13,147	19,617
<b>Quality Lease Service, LLC</b>	June 8, 2015	Provider of Rigsite Accommodation Unit Rentals and Related Services	Zero Coupon Secured Debt (Maturity June 8, 2020)	7,341	7,341	6,950
			Member Units (1,000 units)		2,868	4,938
					10,209	11,888
<b>River Aggregates, LLC</b>	March 30, 2011	Processor of Construction Aggregates	Zero Coupon Secured Debt (Maturity June 30, 2018)	750	707	707
			Member Units (1,150 units)		1,150	4,610
			Member Units (RA Properties, LLC) (1,500 units)		369	2,559
					2,226	7,876
<b>SoftTouch Medical Holdings LLC</b>	October 31, 2014	Provider of In-Home Pediatric Durable Medical Equipment	LIBOR Plus 9.00% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 10.36%, Secured Debt (Maturity October 31, 2019)(9)	7,140	7,110	7,140
			Member Units (4,450 units)(8)		4,930	10,089
					12,040	17,229
<b>The MPI Group, LLC</b>						

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	October 2, 2007	Manufacturer of Custom Hollow Metal Doors, Frames and Accessories	9% Secured Debt (Maturity October 2, 2018)	2,924	2,923	2,410
			Series A Preferred Units (2,500 units)		2,500	
			Warrants (1,424 equivalent units; Expiration July 1, 2024; Strike price \$0.01 per unit)		1,096	
			Member Units (MPI Real Estate Holdings, LLC) (100 units)(8)		2,300	2,389
					8,819	4,799
<b>Uvalco Supply, LLC</b>	January 2, 2008	Farm and Ranch Supply Store	9% Secured Debt (Maturity January 1, 2019)	348	348	348
			Member Units (1,867 units)(8)		3,579	3,880
					3,927	4,228



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**December 31, 2017**  
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<b>Portfolio Company(1)(20)</b>	<b>Investment Date(28)</b>	<b>Business Description</b>	<b>Type of Investment(2)(3)(27)</b>	<b>Principal(4)</b>	<b>Cost(4)</b>	<b>Fair Value(18)</b>
<b>Vision Interests, Inc.</b>	June 5, 2007	Manufacturer / Installer of Commercial Signage	13% Secured Debt (Maturity December 23, 2018)	2,814	2,797	2,797
			Series A Preferred Stock (3,000,000 shares)		3,000	3,000
			Common Stock (1,126,242 shares)		3,706	
					9,503	5,797
<b>Ziegler's NYPD, LLC</b>	October 1, 2008	Casual Restaurant Group	6.5% Secured Debt (Maturity October 1, 2019)	1,000	996	996
			12% Secured Debt (Maturity October 1, 2019)	300	300	300
			14% Secured Debt (Maturity October 1, 2019)	2,750	2,750	2,750
			Warrants (587 equivalent units; Expiration September 29, 2018; Strike price \$0.01 per unit)		600	
			Preferred Member Units (10,072 units)		2,834	3,220
					7,480	7,266
<b>Subtotal Control Investments (54.4% net assets at fair value)</b>					<b>\$ 530,034</b>	<b>\$ 750,706</b>

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## MAIN STREET CAPITAL CORPORATION

## Consolidated Schedule of Investments (Continued)

**December 31, 2017**  
(dollars in thousands)

Portfolio Company(1)(20)	Investment Date(28)	Business Description	Type of Investment(2)(3)(27)	Principal(4)	Cost(4)	Fair Value(18)
<b><u>Affiliate Investments(6)</u></b>						
<b>AFG Capital Group, LLC</b>	November 7, 2014	Provider of Rent-to-Own Financing Solutions and Services	Warrants (42 equivalent units; Expiration November 7, 2024; Strike price \$0.01 per unit)	\$ 259	\$ 860	
			Preferred Member Units (186 units)(8)	1,200	3,590	
				1,459	4,450	
<b>Barfly Ventures, LLC(10)</b>	August 31, 2015	Casual Restaurant Group	12% Secured Debt (Maturity August 31, 2020)	8,715	8,572	8,715
			Options (2 equivalent units)		397	920
			Warrant (1 equivalent unit; Expiration August 31, 2025; Strike price \$1.00 per unit)		473	520
				9,442	10,155	
<b>BBB Tank Services, LLC</b>	April 8, 2016	Maintenance, Repair and Construction Services to the Above-Ground Storage Tank Market	LIBOR Plus 8.00% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 9.36%, Secured Debt (Maturity April 8, 2021)(9)	800	778	778
			15% Secured Debt (Maturity April 8, 2021)	4,000	3,876	3,876
			Member Units (800,000 units)		800	500
				5,454	5,154	
<b>Boccella Precast Products LLC</b>	June 30, 2017	Manufacturer of Precast Hollow Core Concrete		16,400	16,230	16,400

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			LIBOR Plus 10.00% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 11.34%, Secured Debt (Maturity June 30, 2022)(9)		
			Member Units (2,160,000 units)	2,160	3,440
				18,390	19,840
<b>Boss Industries, LLC</b>	July 1, 2014	Manufacturer and Distributor of Air, Power and Other Industrial Equipment	Preferred Member Units (2,242 units)(8)	2,080	3,930

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**December 31, 2017**  
**(dollars in thousands)**

Portfolio Company(1)(20)	Investment Date(28)	Business Description	Type of Investment(2)(3)(27)	Principal(4)	Cost(4)	Fair Value(18)
<b>Bridge Capital Solutions Corporation</b>	April 18, 2012	Financial Services and Cash Flow Solutions Provider	13% Secured Debt (Maturity July 25, 2021)	7,500	5,884	5,884
			Warrants (63 equivalent shares; Expiration July 25, 2026; Strike price \$0.01 per share)		2,132	3,520
			13% Secured Debt (Mercury Service Group, LLC) (Maturity July 25, 2021)	1,000	992	1,000
			Preferred Member Units (Mercury Service Group, LLC) (17,742 units)(8)		1,000	1,000
					10,008	11,404
<b>Buca C, LLC</b>	June 30, 2015	Casual Restaurant Group	LIBOR Plus 7.25% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 8.63%, Secured Debt (Maturity June 30, 2020)(9)	20,304	20,193	20,193
			Preferred Member Units (6 units; 6% cumulative)(8)(19)		4,177	4,172
					24,370	24,365
<b>CAI Software LLC</b>	October 10, 2014	Provider of Specialized Enterprise Resource Planning Software	12% Secured Debt (Maturity October 10, 2019)	4,083	4,060	4,083
			Member Units (65,356 units)(8)		654	3,230
					4,714	7,313
<b>Chandler Signs Holdings, LLC(10)</b>	January 4, 2016	Sign Manufacturer	12% Secured Debt (Maturity July 4, 2021)	4,500	4,468	4,500
			Class A Units (1,500,000 units)(8)		1,500	2,650

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				5,968	7,150
<b>Condit Exhibits, LLC</b>	July 1, 2008	Tradeshow Exhibits / Custom Displays Provider	Member Units (3,936 units)(8)	100	1,950
<b>Congruent Credit Opportunities Funds(12)(13)</b>	January 24, 2012	Investment Partnership	LP Interests (Congruent Credit Opportunities Fund II, LP) (Fully diluted 19.8%)(8)	5,730	1,515
			LP Interests (Congruent Credit Opportunities Fund III, LP) (Fully diluted 17.4%)(8)	17,869	18,632
				23,599	20,147

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**December 31, 2017**  
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Portfolio Company(1)(20)	Investment Date(28)	Business Description	Type of Investment(2)(3)(27)	Principal(4)	Cost(4)	Fair Value(18)
<b>Dos Rios Partners(12)(13)</b>	April 25, 2013	Investment Partnership	LP Interests (Dos Rios Partners, LP) (Fully diluted 20.2%)		5,996	7,165
			LP Interests (Dos Rios Partners A, LP) (Fully diluted 6.4%)		1,904	1,889
					7,900	9,054
<b>Dos Rios Stone Products LLC(10)</b>	June 27, 2016	Limestone and Sandstone Dimension Cut Stone Mining Quarries	Class A Preferred Units (2,000,000 units)(8)		2,000	1,790
<b>East Teak Fine Hardwoods, Inc.</b>	April 13, 2006	Distributor of Hardwood Products	Common Stock (6,250 shares)(8)		480	630
<b>EIG Fund Investments(12)(13)</b>	November 6, 2015	Investment Partnership	LP Interests (EIG Global Private Debt Fund-A, L.P.) (Fully diluted 11.1%)(8)		1,103	1,055
<b>Freeport Financial Funds(12)(13)</b>	June 13, 2013	Investment Partnership	LP Interests (Freeport Financial SBIC Fund LP) (Fully diluted 9.3%)(8)		5,974	5,614
			LP Interests (Freeport First Lien Loan Fund III LP) (Fully diluted 6.0%)(8)		8,558	8,506
					14,532	14,120
<b>Gault Financial, LLC (RMB Capital, LLC)</b>	November 21, 2011	Purchases and Manages Collection of Healthcare and other Business Receivables	10.5% Secured Debt (Maturity January 1, 2019) Warrants (29,032 equivalent units;	12,483	12,483 400	11,532

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Expiration February 9,  
2022; Strike price \$0.01  
per unit)

				12,883	11,532
<b>Guerdon Modular Holdings, Inc.</b>	August 13, 2014	Multi-Family and Commercial Modular Construction Company			
			13% Secured Debt (Maturity August 13, 2019)	10,708	10,632
			Preferred Stock (404,998 shares)		1,140
			Common Stock (212,033 shares)		2,983
				14,755	10,632
<b>Harris Preston Fund Investments(12)(13)</b>	October 1, 2017	Investment Partnership			
			LP Interests (HPEP 3, L.P.) (Fully diluted 9.9%)		943
				943	943

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<b>Hawk Ridge Systems, LLC(13)</b>	December 2, 2016	Value-Added Reseller of Engineering Design and Manufacturing Solutions	11% Secured Debt (Maturity December 2, 2021)	14,300	14,175	14,300
			Preferred Member Units (226 units)(8)		2,850	3,800
			Preferred Member Units (HRS Services, ULC) (226 units)(8)		150	200
					17,175	18,300
<b>Houston Plating and Coatings, LLC</b>	January 8, 2003	Provider of Plating and Industrial Coating Services	8% Unsecured Convertible Debt (Maturity May 1, 2022)	3,000	3,000	3,200
			Member Units (315,756 units)		2,179	6,140
					5,179	9,340
<b>I-45 SLF LLC(12)(13)</b>	October 20, 2015	Investment Partnership	Member Units (Fully diluted 20.0%; 24.4% profits interest)(8)		16,200	16,841
<b>L.F. Manufacturing Holdings, LLC(10)</b>	December 23, 2013	Manufacturer of Fiberglass Products	Member Units (2,179,001 units)		2,019	2,000
<b>Meisler Operating LLC</b>	June 7, 2017	Provider of Short-term Trailer and Container Rental	LIBOR Plus 8.50% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 9.84%, Secured Debt (Maturity June 7, 2022)(9)	16,800	16,633	16,633
			Member Units (Milton Meisler Holdings LLC) (31,976 units)		3,200	3,390
					19,833	20,023



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<b>OnAsset Intelligence, Inc.</b>	April 18, 2011	Provider of Transportation Monitoring / Tracking Products and Services	12% PIK Secured Debt (Maturity June 30, 2021)(19)	5,094	5,094	5,094
			10% PIK Unsecured Debt (Maturity June 30, 2021)(19)	48	48	48
			Preferred Stock (912 shares)		1,981	
			Warrants (5,333 equivalent shares; Expiration April 18, 2021; Strike price \$0.01 per share)		1,919	
					9,042	5,142
<b>OPI International Ltd.(13)</b>	November 30, 2010	Provider of Man Camp and Industrial Storage Services	Common Stock (20,766,317 shares)		1,371	

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<b>PCI Holding Company, Inc.</b>	December 18, 2012	Manufacturer of Industrial Gas Generating Systems	12% Secured Debt (Maturity March 31, 2019)	12,650	12,593	12,593
			Preferred Stock (1,740,000 shares) (non-voting)		1,740	2,610
			Preferred Stock (1,500,000 shares; 20% cumulative)(8)(19)		3,927	890
					18,260	16,093
<b>Rocacea, LLC (Quality Lease and Rental Holdings, LLC)</b>	January 8, 2013	Provider of Rigsite Accommodation Unit Rentals and Related Services	12% Secured Debt (Maturity January 8, 2018)(14)(15)	30,785	30,281	250
			Preferred Member Units (250 units)		2,500	
					32,781	250
<b>Tin Roof Acquisition Company</b>	November 13, 2013	Casual Restaurant Group	12% Secured Debt (Maturity November 13, 2018)	12,783	12,722	12,722
			Class C Preferred Stock (Fully diluted 10.0%; 10% cumulative)(8)(19)		3,027	3,027
					15,749	15,749
<b>UniTek Global Services, Inc.(11)</b>	April 15, 2011	Provider of Outsourced Infrastructure Services	LIBOR Plus 8.50% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 10.20%, Secured Debt (Maturity January 13, 2019)(9)	8,535	8,529	8,535
			LIBOR Plus 7.50% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 9.20% / 1.00% PIK, Current Coupon Plus PIK 10.20%, Secured Debt (Maturity January 13, 2019)(9)(19)		137	137

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15% PIK Unsecured Debt (Maturity July 13, 2019)(19)	865	865	865
Preferred Stock (2,596,567 shares; 19% cumulative)(8)(19)		2,858	2,850
Preferred Stock (4,935,377 shares; 13.5% cumulative)(8)(19)		7,361	7,320
Common Stock (1,075,992 shares)			2,490
		19,750	22,197

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**December 31, 2017**  
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<b>Universal Wellhead Services Holdings, LLC(10)</b>	October 30, 2014	Provider of Wellhead Equipment, Designs, and Personnel to the Oil & Gas Industry	Preferred Member Units (UWS Investments, LLC) (716,949 units)		717	830	
			Member Units (UWS Investments, LLC) (4,000,000 units)		4,000	1,910	
						4,717	2,740
<b>Valley Healthcare Group, LLC</b>	December 29, 2015	Provider of Durable Medical Equipment	LIBOR Plus 12.50% (Floor 0.50%), Current Coupon 13.86%, Secured Debt (Maturity December 29, 2020)(9)	11,766	11,685	11,685	
			Preferred Member Units (Valley Healthcare Holding, LLC) (1,600 units)		1,600	1,600	
					13,285	13,285	
<b>Volusion, LLC</b>	January 26, 2015	Provider of Online Software-as-a-Service eCommerce Solutions	11.5% Secured Debt (Maturity January 26, 2020)	16,734	15,200	15,200	
			Preferred Member Units (4,876,670 units)		14,000	14,000	
			Warrants (1,831,355 equivalent units; Expiration January 26, 2025; Strike price \$0.01 per unit)		2,576	2,080	
					31,776	31,280	
<b>Subtotal Affiliate Investments (24.5% net assets at fair value)</b>					<b>\$ 367,317</b>	<b>\$ 338,854</b>	

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## Consolidated Schedule of Investments (Continued)

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<b><u>Non-Control/Non-Affiliate Investments(7)</u></b>						
AAC Holdings, Inc.(11)	June 30, 2017	Substance Abuse Treatment Service Provider	LIBOR Plus 6.75% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 8.13%, Secured Debt (Maturity June 30, 2023)(9)	\$ 11,751	\$ 11,475	\$ 11,810
Adams Publishing Group, LLC(10)	November 19, 2015	Local Newspaper Operator	LIBOR Plus 7.00% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 8.69%, Secured Debt (Maturity November 3, 2020)(9)	10,341	10,116	10,147
ADS Tactical, Inc.(10)	March 7, 2017	Value-Added Logistics and Supply Chain Provider to the Defense Industry	LIBOR Plus 7.50% (Floor 0.75%), Current Coupon 9.19%, Secured Debt (Maturity December 31, 2022)(9)	13,014	12,767	12,833
Aethon United BR LP(10)	September 8, 2017	Oil & Gas Exploration & Production	LIBOR Plus 6.75% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 8.15%, Secured Debt (Maturity September 8, 2023)(9)	3,438	3,388	3,388
Ahead, LLC(10)	November 13, 2015	IT Infrastructure Value Added Reseller	LIBOR Plus 6.50%, Current Coupon 8.20%, Secured Debt (Maturity November 2, 2020)	11,061	10,848	11,130
Allflex Holdings III Inc.(11)	July 18, 2013	Manufacturer of Livestock Identification Products	LIBOR Plus 7.00% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 8.36%, Secured Debt (Maturity July 19, 2021)(9)	13,846	13,781	13,955

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<b>American Scaffold Holdings, Inc.(10)</b>	June 14, 2016	Marine Scaffolding Service Provider	LIBOR Plus 6.50% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 8.19%, Secured Debt (Maturity March 31, 2022)(9)	7,031	6,947	6,996
<b>American Teleconferencing Services, Ltd.(11)</b>	May 19, 2016	Provider of Audio Conferencing and Video Collaboration Solutions	LIBOR Plus 6.50% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 7.90%, Secured Debt (Maturity December 8, 2021)(9)	10,582	9,934	10,443
			LIBOR Plus 9.50% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 10.85%, Secured Debt (Maturity June 6, 2022)(9)	3,714	3,589	3,507
					13,523	13,950

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Portfolio Company(1)(20)	Investment Date(28)	Business Description	Type of Investment(2)(3)(27)	Principal(4)	Cost(4)	Fair Value(18)
<b>Anchor Hocking, LLC(11)</b>	April 2, 2012	Household Products Manufacturer	LIBOR Plus 9.00% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 10.49%, Secured Debt (Maturity June 4, 2020)(9) Member Units (440,620 units)	2,254	2,211	2,248
					4,928	3,745
					7,139	5,993
<b>Apex Linen Service, Inc.</b>	October 30, 2015	Industrial Launderers	LIBOR Plus 9.00% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 10.36%, Secured Debt (Maturity October 30, 2022)(9) 16% Secured Debt (Maturity October 30, 2022)	2,400	2,400	2,400
				14,416	14,347	14,347
					16,747	16,747
<b>Arcus Hunting LLC.(10)</b>	January 6, 2015	Manufacturer of Bowhunting and Archery Products and Accessories	LIBOR Plus 7.00% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 8.34%, Secured Debt (Maturity November 13, 2019)(9)	15,391	15,294	15,391
<b>ATI Investment Sub, Inc.(11)</b>	July 11, 2016	Manufacturer of Solar Tracking Systems	LIBOR Plus 7.25% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 8.82%, Secured Debt (Maturity June 22, 2021)(9)	7,364	7,215	7,346
<b>ATX Networks Corp.(11)(13)(21)</b>	June 30, 2015	Provider of Radio Frequency Management Equipment	LIBOR Plus 6.00% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 7.33% / 1.00% PIK, Current Coupon Plus PIK 8.33%, Secured Debt (Maturity June 11, 2021)(9)(19)	9,567	9,454	9,507
<b>Berry Aviation, Inc.(10)</b>	January 30, 2015	Airline Charter Service Operator	13.75% Secured Debt (Maturity January 30, 2020) Common Stock (553 shares)	5,627	5,598	5,627
					400	1,010

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				5,998	6,637
<b>BigName</b> <b>Commerce, LLC(10)</b>	May 11, 2017	Provider of Envelopes and Complimentary Stationery Products	LIBOR Plus 7.25% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 8.59%, Secured Debt (Maturity May 11, 2022)(9)	2,488	2,461
					2,461
<b>Binswanger</b> <b>Enterprises, LLC(10)</b>	March 10, 2017	Glass Repair and Installation Service Provider	LIBOR Plus 8.00% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 9.69%, Secured Debt (Maturity March 9, 2022)(9)	15,325	15,060
			Member Units (1,050,000 units)		1,050
				16,110	16,192



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<b>Bluestem Brands, Inc.(11)</b>	December 19, 2013	Multi-Channel Retailer of General Merchandise	LIBOR Plus 7.50% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 9.07%, Secured Debt (Maturity November 6, 2020)(9)	12,127	11,955	8,540
<b>Brainworks Software, LLC(10)</b>	August 12, 2014	Advertising Sales and Newspaper Circulation Software	Prime Plus 9.25% (Floor 3.25%), Current Coupon 13.75%, Secured Debt (Maturity July 22, 2019)(9)	6,733	6,705	6,573
<b>Brightwood Capital Fund Investments(12)(13)</b>	July 21, 2014	Investment Partnership	LP Interests (Brightwood Capital Fund III, LP) (Fully diluted 1.6%)(8)		12,000	10,328
			LP Interests (Brightwood Capital Fund IV, LP) (Fully diluted 0.8%)(8)		1,000	1,063
					13,000	11,391
<b>Brundage-Bone Concrete Pumping, Inc.(11)</b>	August 18, 2014	Construction Services Provider	10.375% Secured Debt (Maturity September 1, 2023)	3,000	2,987	3,180
<b>Cadence Aerospace LLC(10)</b>	November 14, 2017	Aerostructure Manufacturing	LIBOR Plus 6.50% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 7.91%, Secured Debt (Maturity November 14, 2023)(9)	15,000	14,853	14,853
<b>CapFusion, LLC(13)</b>	March 25, 2016	Non-Bank Lender to Small Businesses	13% Secured Debt (Maturity March 25, 2021)(14)	6,705	5,645	1,871
<b>California Pizza Kitchen, Inc.(11)</b>	August 29, 2016	Casual Restaurant Group	LIBOR Plus 6.00% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 7.57%, Secured Debt	12,902	12,862	12,677

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(Maturity August 23,  
2022)(9)

<b>CDHA Management, LLC(10)</b>	December 5, 2016	Dental Services	LIBOR Plus 7.25% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 8.76%, Secured Debt (Maturity December 5, 2021)(9)	5,365	5,303	5,365
<b>Central Security Group, Inc.(11)</b>	December 4, 2017	Security Alarm Monitoring Service Provider	LIBOR Plus 5.63% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 7.19%, Secured Debt (Maturity October 6, 2021)(9)	7,481	7,462	7,518
<b>Cenveo Corporation(11)</b>	September 4, 2015	Provider of Commercial Printing, Envelopes, Labels, and Printed Office Products	6% Secured Debt (Maturity August 1, 2019)	19,130	17,126	13,582

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<b>Charlotte Russe, Inc(11)</b>	May 28, 2013	Fast-Fashion Retailer to Young Women	LIBOR Plus 5.50% (Floor 1.25%), Current Coupon 6.89%, Secured Debt (Maturity May 22, 2019)(9)	19,041	16,473	7,807
<b>Clarius BIGS, LLC(10)</b>	September 23, 2014	Prints & Advertising Film Financing	15% PIK Secured Debt (Maturity January 5, 2015)(14)(17)	2,924	2,924	85
<b>Clickbooth.com, LLC(10)</b>	December 5, 2017	Provider of Digital Advertising Performance Marketing Solutions	LIBOR Plus 8.50% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 10.01%, Secured Debt (Maturity December 5, 2022)(9)	3,000	2,941	2,941
<b>Construction Supply Investments, LLC(10)</b>	December 29, 2016	Distribution Platform of Specialty Construction Materials to Professional Concrete and Masonry Contractors	LIBOR Plus 6.00% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 7.57%, Secured Debt (Maturity June 30, 2023)(9) Member Units (28,000 units)	7,125	7,090 3,723 10,813	7,090 3,723 10,813
<b>CTVSH, PLLC(10)</b>	August 3, 2017	Emergency Care and Specialty Service Animal Hospital	LIBOR Plus 8.00% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 9.48%, Secured Debt (Maturity August 3, 2022)(9)	11,850	11,739	11,739

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<b>Darr Equipment LP(10)</b>	April 15, 2014	Heavy Equipment Dealer	11.5% Current / 1% PIK Secured Debt (Maturity - June 22, 2023)(19)	7,229	7,229	7,229
			Warrants (915,734 equivalent units; Expiration December 23, 2023; Strike price \$1.50 per unit)		474	10
					7,703	7,239
<b>Digital River, Inc.(11)</b>	February 24, 2015	Provider of Outsourced e-Commerce Solutions and Services	LIBOR Plus 6.50% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 8.08%, Secured Debt (Maturity February 12, 2021)(9)	9,313	9,266	9,337
<b>Drilling Info Holdings, Inc.</b>	November 20, 2009	Information Services for the Oil and Gas Industry	Common Stock (3,788,865 shares)(8)			8,610

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<b>EnCap Energy Fund Investments(12)(13)</b>	December 28, 2010	Investment Partnership	LP Interests (EnCap Energy Capital Fund VIII, L.P.) (Fully diluted 0.1%)(8)		3,906	2,202
			LP Interests (EnCap Energy Capital Fund VIII Co- Investors, L.P.) (Fully diluted 0.4%)		2,227	1,549
			LP Interests (EnCap Energy Capital Fund IX, L.P.) (Fully diluted 0.1%)(8)		4,305	3,720
			LP Interests (EnCap Energy Capital Fund X, L.P.) (Fully diluted 0.1%)(8)		6,277	6,225
			LP Interests (EnCap Flatrock Midstream Fund II, L.P.) (Fully diluted 0.8%)(8)		6,138	6,116
			LP Interests (EnCap Flatrock Midstream Fund III, L.P.) (Fully diluted 0.2%)		3,458	3,828
					26,311	23,640
<b>Evergreen Skills Lux S.á r.l. (d/b/a Skillsoft)(11)(13)</b>	May 5, 2014	Technology-based Performance Support Solutions	LIBOR Plus 8.25% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 9.82%, Secured Debt (Maturity April 28, 2022)(9)	6,999	6,878	6,244
<b>Extreme Reach, Inc.(11)</b>	March 31, 2015	Integrated TV and Video Advertising Platform	LIBOR Plus 6.25% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 7.95%, Secured Debt (Maturity February 7, 2020)(9)	10,411	10,397	10,398
<b>Felix Investments Holdings II(10)</b>	August 9, 2017	Oil & Gas Exploration & Production	LIBOR Plus 6.50% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 7.90%, Secured Debt (Maturity August 9, 2022)(9)	3,333	3,267	3,267

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<b>Flavors Holdings Inc.(11)</b>	October 15, 2014	Global Provider of Flavoring and Sweetening Products	LIBOR Plus 5.75% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 7.44%, Secured Debt (Maturity April 3, 2020)(9)	13,076	12,616	12,128
<b>GI KBS Merger Sub LLC(11)</b>	November 10, 2014	Outsourced Janitorial Services to Retail/Grocery Customers	LIBOR Plus 5.00% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 6.48%, Secured Debt (Maturity October 29, 2021)(9)	6,807	6,733	6,833
			LIBOR Plus 8.50% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 9.88%, Secured Debt (Maturity April 29, 2022)(9)	3,915	3,769	3,793
					10,502	10,626

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<b>GoWireless Holdings, Inc.(11)</b>	December 31, 2017	Provider of Wireless Telecommunications Carrier Services	LIBOR Plus 6.50% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 8.16%, Secured Debt (Maturity December 22, 2024)(9)	18,000	17,820	17,865
<b>Grace Hill, LLC(10)</b>	August 29, 2014	Online Training Tools for the Multi-Family Housing Industry	Prime Plus 5.25% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 9.75%, Secured Debt (Maturity August 15, 2019)(9)	1,215	1,208	1,215
			LIBOR Plus 6.25% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 7.58%, Secured Debt (Maturity August 15, 2019)(9)	11,407	11,356	11,407
					12,564	12,622
<b>Great Circle Family Foods, LLC(10)</b>	March 25, 2015	Quick Service Restaurant Franchise	LIBOR Plus 6.00% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 7.34%, Secured Debt (Maturity October 28, 2019)(9)	7,219	7,187	7,219
<b>Grupo Hima San Pablo, Inc.(11)</b>	March 7, 2013	Tertiary Care Hospitals	LIBOR Plus 7.00% (Floor 1.50%), Current Coupon 8.50%, Secured Debt (Maturity January 31, 2018)(9)	4,750	4,748	3,541
			13.75% Secured Debt (Maturity July 31, 2018)	2,055	2,040	226
					6,788	3,767
<b>GST Autoleather, Inc.(11)</b>	July 21, 2014	Automotive Leather Manufacturer	PRIME Plus 6.50% (Floor 2.25%), Current Coupon 11.00%, Secured Debt (Maturity April 5, 2018)(9)	7,578 15,619	7,500 15,120	7,500 11,813

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PRIME Plus 6.50% (Floor  
2.00%), Current Coupon  
11.00%, Secured Debt  
(Maturity July 10, 2020)(9)

22,620 19,313

<b>Guitar Center, Inc.(11)</b>	April 10, 2014	Musical Instruments Retailer	6.5% Secured Debt (Maturity April 15, 2019)	16,625	16,009	15,378
<b>Hojeij Branded Foods, LLC(10)</b>	July 28, 2015	Multi-Airport, Multi- Concept Restaurant Operator	LIBOR Plus 6.00% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 7.57%, Secured Debt (Maturity July 20, 2022)(9)	12,137	12,022	12,137



Table of Contents**MAIN STREET CAPITAL CORPORATION****Consolidated Schedule of Investments (Continued)**

**December 31, 2017**  
(dollars in thousands)

Portfolio Company(1)(20)	Investment Date(28)	Business Description	Type of Investment(2)(3)(27)	Principal(4)	Cost(4)	Fair Value(18)
<b>Hoover Group, Inc.(10)(13)</b>	October 21, 2016	Provider of Storage Tanks and Related Products to the Energy and Petrochemical Markets	LIBOR Plus 7.25% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 8.70%, Secured Debt (Maturity January 28, 2021)(9)	8,460	7,986	7,783
<b>Hostway Corporation(11)</b>	December 27, 2013	Managed Services and Hosting Provider	LIBOR Plus 6.75% (Floor 1.25%), Current Coupon 8.44%, Secured Debt (Maturity December 13, 2019)(9)	20,150	19,796	19,621
			LIBOR Plus 6.75% (Floor 1.25%), Current Coupon 8.44%, Secured Debt (Maturity December 13, 2018)(9)	12,406	11,575	11,692
					31,371	31,313
<b>Hunter Defense Technologies, Inc.(11)</b>	August 14, 2014	Provider of Military and Commercial Shelters and Systems	LIBOR Plus 6.00% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 7.70%, Secured Debt (Maturity August 5, 2019)(9)	20,224	19,851	19,997
<b>Hydrofarm Holdings LLC(10)</b>	May 18, 2017	Wholesaler of Horticultural Products	LIBOR Plus 7.00%, Current Coupon 8.49%, Secured Debt (Maturity May 12, 2022)	6,708	6,588	6,699
<b>iEnergizer Limited(11)(13)(21)</b>	May 8, 2013	Provider of Business Outsourcing Solutions	LIBOR Plus 6.00% (Floor 1.25%), Current Coupon 7.57%, Secured Debt	11,005	10,764	10,977

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			(Maturity	May 1, 2019)(9)			
<b>Implus Footcare, LLC(10)</b>	June 1, 2017	Provider of Footwear and Related Accessories	LIBOR Plus 6.75% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 8.44%, Secured Debt (Maturity April 30, 2021)(9)	19,372	19,115	19,243	
<b>Indivior Finance LLC(11)(13)</b>	March 20, 2015	Specialty Pharmaceutical Company Treating Opioid Dependence	LIBOR Plus 4.50% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 5.50%, Secured Debt (Maturity December 18, 2022)(9)	1,176	1,171	1,182	
<b>Industrial Services Acquisition, LLC(10)</b>	June 17, 2016	Industrial Cleaning Services	11.25% Current / 0.75% PIK Unsecured Debt (Maturity December 17, 2022)(19)	4,553	4,478	4,553	
			Member Units (Industrial Services Investments, LLC) (900,000 units)		900	810	
					5,378	5,363	

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**December 31, 2017**  
(dollars in thousands)

Portfolio Company(1)(20)	Investment Date(28)	Business Description	Type of Investment(2)(3)(27)	Principal(4)	Cost(4)	Fair Value(18)
<b>Inn of the Mountain Gods Resort and Casino(11)</b>	October 30, 2013	Hotel & Casino Owner & Operator	9.25% Secured Debt (Maturity November 30, 2020)	6,249	5,994	5,687
<b>iPayment, Inc.(11)</b>	June 25, 2015	Provider of Merchant Acquisition	LIBOR Plus 5.00% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 6.62%, Secured Debt (Maturity April 11, 2023)(9)	11,970	11,861	12,090
<b>iQor US Inc.(11)</b>	April 17, 2014	Business Process Outsourcing Services Provider	LIBOR Plus 5.00% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 6.69%, Secured Debt (Maturity April 1, 2021)(9)	990	983	986
<b>irth Solutions, LLC</b>	December 29, 2010	Provider of Damage Prevention Information Technology Services	Member Units (27,893 units)		1,441	1,920
<b>Jacent Strategic Merchandising, LLC(10)</b>	September 16, 2015	General Merchandise Distribution	LIBOR Plus 6.50% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 8.01%, Secured Debt (Maturity September 16, 2020)(9)	11,110	11,054	11,110
<b>Jackmont Hospitality, Inc.(10)</b>	May 26, 2015	Franchisee of Casual Dining Restaurants	LIBOR Plus 6.75% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 8.32%, Secured Debt (Maturity May 26, 2021)(9)	4,390	4,379	4,390
<b>Jacuzzi Brands LLC(11)</b>	June 30, 2017	Manufacturer of Bath and Spa Products	LIBOR Plus 7.00% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 8.69%, Secured Debt	3,950	3,876	3,980

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(Maturity June 28, 2023)(9)						
<b>Joerns Healthcare, LLC(11)</b>	April 3, 2013	Manufacturer and Distributor of Health Care Equipment & Supplies	LIBOR Plus 6.00% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 7.48% Secured Debt (Maturity May 9, 2020)(9)	13,387	13,299	12,472
<b>Keypoint Government Solutions, Inc.(10)</b>	April 17, 2017	Provider of Pre-Employment Screening Services	LIBOR Plus 6.00% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 7.35%, Secured Debt (Maturity April 18, 2024)(9)	12,031	11,921	12,031

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**December 31, 2017**  
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Portfolio Company(1)(20)	Investment Date(28)	Business Description	Type of Investment(2)(3)(27)	Principal(4)	Cost(4)	Fair Value(18)
<b>Larchmont Resources, LLC(11)</b>	August 13, 2013	Oil & Gas Exploration & Production	LIBOR Plus 9.00% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 10.53%, PIK Secured Debt (Maturity August 7, 2020)(9)(19)	2,418	2,418	2,394
			Member Units (Larchmont Intermediate Holdco, LLC) (2,828 units)		353	976
					2,771	3,370
<b>LKCM Headwater Investments I, L.P.(12)(13)</b>	January 25, 2013	Investment Partnership	LP Interests (Fully diluted 2.3%)		2,500	4,234
<b>Logix Acquisition Company, LLC(10)</b>	June 24, 2016	Competitive Local Exchange Carrier	LIBOR Plus 5.75% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 7.28%, Secured Debt (Maturity August 9, 2024)(9)	10,135	9,921	9,921
<b>Looking Glass Investments, LLC(12)(13)</b>	July 1, 2015	Specialty Consumer Finance	Member Units (2.5 units)		125	57
			Member Units (LGI Predictive Analytics LLC) (190,712 units)(8)		108	92
					233	149
<b>LSF9 Atlantis Holdings, LLC(11)</b>	May 17, 2017	Provider of Wireless Telecommunications Carrier Services	LIBOR Plus 6.00% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 7.57%, Secured Debt (Maturity May 1, 2023)(9)	2,963	2,931	2,978
<b>Lulu's Fashion Lounge, LLC(10)</b>	August 31, 2017	Fast Fashion E-Commerce Retailer	LIBOR Plus 7.00% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 8.57%, Secured Debt (Maturity August 28, 2022)(9)	13,381	12,993	13,531
<b>Messenger, LLC(10)</b>						

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	December 5, 2014	Supplier of Specialty Stationery and Related Products to the Funeral Industry	LIBOR Plus 7.25% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 8.74%, Secured Debt (Maturity September 9, 2020)(9)	17,331	17,249	17,331
<b>Minute Key, Inc.</b>	September 19, 2014	Operator of Automated Key Duplication Kiosks	Warrants (1,437,409 equivalent shares; Expiration May 20, 2025; Strike price \$0.01 per share)		280	1,170
<b>NBG Acquisition Inc(11)</b>	April 28, 2017	Wholesaler of Home Décor Products	LIBOR Plus 5.50% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 7.19%, Secured Debt (Maturity April 26, 2024)(9)	4,402	4,336	4,452

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**December 31, 2017**  
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Portfolio Company(1)(20)	Investment Date(28)	Business Description	Type of Investment(2)(3)(27)	Principal(4)	Cost(4)	Fair Value(18)
<b>New Media Holdings II LLC(11)(13)</b>	June 10, 2014	Local Newspaper Operator	LIBOR Plus 6.25% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 7.82%, Secured Debt (Maturity July 14, 2022)(9)	17,715	17,342	17,864
<b>NNE Partners, LLC(10)</b>	March 2, 2017	Oil & Gas Exploration & Production	LIBOR Plus 8.00%, Current Coupon 9.49%, Secured Debt (Maturity March 2, 2022)	11,958	11,854	11,854
<b>North American Lifting Holdings, Inc.(11)</b>	February 26, 2015	Crane Service Provider	LIBOR Plus 4.50% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 6.19%, Secured Debt (Maturity November 27, 2020)(9)	7,745	6,913	7,256
<b>Novetta Solutions, LLC(11)</b>	June 21, 2017	Provider of Advanced Analytics Solutions for Defense Agencies	LIBOR Plus 5.00% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 6.70%, Secured Debt (Maturity October 17, 2022)(9)	14,636	14,189	14,239
<b>NTM Acquisition Corp.(11)</b>	July 12, 2016	Provider of B2B Travel Information Content	LIBOR Plus 6.25% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 7.94%, Secured Debt (Maturity June 7, 2022)(9)	6,186	6,126	6,155
<b>Ospemifene Royalty Sub LLC (QuatRx)(10)</b>	July 8, 2013	Estrogen-Deficiency Drug Manufacturer and Distributor	11.5% Secured Debt (Maturity November 15, 2026)(14)	5,071	5,071	1,198
<b>P.F. Chang's China Bistro, Inc.(11)</b>	September 6, 2017	Casual Restaurant Group	LIBOR Plus 5.00% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 6.51%, Secured Debt (Maturity September 1,	4,988	4,846	4,715

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2022)(9)						
<b>Paris Presents Incorporated(11)</b>	February 5, 2015	Branded Cosmetic and Bath Accessories	LIBOR Plus 8.75% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 10.32%, Secured Debt (Maturity December 31, 2021)(9)	4,500	4,471	4,477
<b>Parq Holdings Limited Partnership(11)(13)(21)</b>	December 22, 2014	Hotel & Casino Operator	LIBOR Plus 7.50% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 9.19%, Secured Debt (Maturity December 17, 2020)(9)	7,481	7,399	7,528



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Portfolio Company(1)(20)	Investment Date(28)	Business Description	Type of Investment(2)(3)(27)	Principal(4)	Cost(4)	Fair Value(18)
<b>Permian Holdco 2, Inc.(11)</b>	February 12, 2013	Storage Tank Manufacturer	14% PIK Unsecured Debt (Maturity October 15, 2021)(19)	306	306	306
			Preferred Stock (Permian Holdco 1, Inc.) (154,558 units)		799	980
			Common Stock (Permian Holdco 1, Inc.) (154,558 units)			140
					1,105	1,426
<b>Pernix Therapeutics Holdings, Inc.(10)</b>	August 18, 2014	Pharmaceutical Royalty	12% Secured Debt (Maturity August 1, 2020)	3,129	3,129	1,971
<b>Point.360(10)</b>	July 8, 2015	Fully Integrated Provider of Digital Media Services	Warrants (65,463 equivalent shares; Expiration July 7, 2020; Strike price \$0.75 per share)		69	
			Common Stock (163,658 shares)		273	11
					342	11
<b>PPC/SHIFT LLC(10)</b>	December 22, 2016	Provider of Digital Solutions to Automotive Industry	LIBOR Plus 6.00% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 7.69%, Secured Debt (Maturity December 22, 2021)(9)	6,869	6,748	6,869
<b>Prowler Acquisition Corp.(11)</b>	February 11, 2014	Specialty Distributor to the Energy Sector	LIBOR Plus 4.50% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 6.19%, Secured Debt (Maturity January 28, 2020)(9)	12,830	11,332	12,253
<b>PT Network, LLC(10)</b>	November 1, 2013	Provider of Outpatient Physical Therapy and Sports				

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		Medicine Services	LIBOR Plus 5.50% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 6.86%, Secured Debt (Maturity November 30, 2021)(9)	8,553	8,553	8,553
<b>QBS Parent, Inc.(11)</b>	August 12, 2014	Provider of Software and Services to the Oil & Gas Industry	LIBOR Plus 4.75% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 6.13%, Secured Debt (Maturity August 7, 2021)(9)	14,272	14,114	14,165
<b>Research Now Group, Inc. and Survey Sampling International, LLC(11)</b>	December 31, 2017	Provider of Outsourced Online Surveying	LIBOR Plus 5.50% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 7.13%, Secured Debt (Maturity December 20, 2024)(9)	13,500	12,826	12,826

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**December 31, 2017**  
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Portfolio Company(1)(20)	Investment Date(28)	Business Description	Type of Investment(2)(3)(27)	Principal(4)	Cost(4)	Fair Value(18)
<b>Resolute Industrial, LLC(10)</b>	July 26, 2017	HVAC Equipment Rental and Remanufacturing	LIBOR Plus 7.62% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 8.95%, Secured Debt (Maturity July 26, 2022)(9)(25) Member Units (601 units)	17,088	16,770 750	16,770 750
					17,520	17,520
<b>RGL Reservoir Operations Inc.(11)(13)(21)</b>	August 25, 2014	Oil & Gas Equipment and Services	1% Current / 9% PIK Secured Debt (Maturity December 21, 2024)(19)	721	407	407
<b>RM Bidder, LLC(10)</b>	November 12, 2015	Scripted and Unscripted TV and Digital Programming Provider	Warrants (327,532 equivalent units; Expiration October 20, 2025; Strike price \$14.28 per unit) Member Units (2,779 units)		425 46	20
					471	20
<b>SAFETY Investment Holdings, LLC</b>	April 29, 2016	Provider of Intelligent Driver Record Monitoring Software and Services	Member Units (2,000,000 units)		2,000	1,670
<b>Salient Partners L.P.(11)</b>	June 25, 2015	Provider of Asset Management Services	LIBOR Plus 8.50% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 9.85%, Secured Debt (Maturity June 9, 2021)(9)	10,081	9,870	9,778
<b>SITV, LLC(11)</b>	September 26, 2017	Cable Networks Operator	10.375% Secured Debt (Maturity July 1, 2019)	10,429	7,006	7,040

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<b>SMART Modular Technologies, Inc.(10)(13)</b>	August 18, 2017	Provider of Specialty Memory Solutions	LIBOR Plus 6.25% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 7.66%, Secured Debt (Maturity August 9, 2022)(9)	14,625	14,351	14,552
<b>Sorenson Communications, Inc.(11)</b>	June 7, 2016	Manufacturer of Communication Products for Hearing Impaired	LIBOR Plus 5.75% (Floor 2.25%), Current Coupon 8.00%, Secured Debt (Maturity April 30, 2020)(9)	13,234	13,170	13,341
<b>Staples Canada ULC(10)(13)(21)</b>	September 14, 2017	Office Supplies Retailer	LIBOR Plus 7.00% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 8.43%, Secured Debt (Maturity September 12, 2023)(9)(22)	20,000	19,617	18,891

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Portfolio Company(1)(20)	Investment Date(28)	Business Description	Type of Investment(2)(3)(27)	Principal(4)	Cost(4)	Fair Value(18)
<b>Strike, LLC(11)</b>	December 12, 2016	Pipeline Construction and Maintenance Services	LIBOR Plus 8.00% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 9.50%, Secured Debt (Maturity November 30, 2022)(9)	9,500	9,250	9,643
			LIBOR Plus 8.00% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 9.45%, Secured Debt (Maturity May 30, 2019)(9)	2,500	2,479	2,513
					11,729	12,156
<b>Subsea Global Solutions, LLC(10)</b>	March 17, 2015	Underwater Maintenance and Repair Services	LIBOR Plus 6.00% (Floor 1.50%), Current Coupon 7.50%, Secured Debt (Maturity March 17, 2020)(9)	7,687	7,637	7,687
<b>Synagro Infrastructure Company, Inc(11)</b>	August 29, 2013	Waste Management Services	LIBOR Plus 5.50% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 7.19%, Secured Debt (Maturity August 22, 2020)(9)	9,161	8,933	8,608
<b>Tectonic Holdings, LLC</b>	May 15, 2017	Financial Services Organization	Member Units (200,000 units)(8)		2,000	2,320
<b>TE Holdings, LLC(11)</b>	December 5, 2013	Oil & Gas Exploration & Production	Member Units (97,048 units)		970	158
<b>TeleGuam Holdings, LLC(11)</b>	June 26, 2013	Cable and Telecom Services Provider	LIBOR Plus 8.50% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 10.07%, Secured Debt (Maturity April 12, 2024)(9)	7,750	7,602	7,808

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<b>TGP Holdings III LLC(11)</b>	September 30, 2017	Outdoor Cooking & Accessories	LIBOR Plus 5.00% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 6.69%, Secured Debt (Maturity September 25, 2024)(9)	6,898	6,820	6,969
			LIBOR Plus 8.50% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 10.19%, Secured Debt (Maturity September 25, 2025)(9)	5,000	4,927	5,075
					11,747	12,044
<b>The Container Store, Inc.(11)</b>	August 22, 2017	Operator of Stores Offering Storage and Organizational Products	LIBOR Plus 7.00% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 8.69%, Secured Debt (Maturity August 15, 2021)(9)	9,938	9,660	9,652
<b>TMC Merger Sub Corp.(11)</b>	December 22, 2016	Refractory & Maintenance Services Provider	LIBOR Plus 6.25% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 7.88%, Secured Debt (Maturity October 31, 2022)(9)(26)	17,653	17,516	17,741

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<b>Portfolio Company(1)(20)</b>	<b>Investment Date(28)</b>	<b>Business Description</b>	<b>Type of Investment(2)(3)(27)</b>	<b>Principal(4)</b>	<b>Cost(4)</b>	<b>Fair Value(18)</b>
<b>TOMS Shoes, LLC(11)</b>	November 13, 2014	Global Designer, Distributor, and Retailer of Casual Footwear	LIBOR Plus 5.50% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 6.98%, Secured Debt (Maturity October 30, 2020)(9)	4,875	4,610	2,901
<b>Turning Point Brands, Inc.(10)(13)</b>	February 17, 2017	Marketer/Distributor of Tobacco Products	LIBOR Plus 6.00% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 7.61%, Secured Debt (Maturity May 17, 2022)(9)(25)	8,436	8,364	8,605
<b>TVG-I-E CMN ACQUISITION, LLC(10)</b>	November 3, 2016	Organic Lead Generation for Online Postsecondary Schools	LIBOR Plus 6.00% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 7.56%, Secured Debt (Maturity November 3, 2021)(9)	8,170	8,031	8,170
<b>Tweddle Group, Inc.(11)</b>	November 15, 2016	Provider of Technical Information Services to Automotive OEMs	LIBOR Plus 6.00% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 7.38%, Secured Debt (Maturity October 21, 2022)(9)	6,114	6,011	6,023
<b>U.S. TelePacific Corp.(11)</b>	September 14, 2016	Provider of Communications and Managed Services	LIBOR Plus 5.00% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 6.69%, Secured Debt (Maturity May 2, 2023)(9)	20,703	20,507	19,862
<b>US Joiner Holding Company(11)</b>	April 23, 2014	Marine Interior Design and Installation	LIBOR Plus 6.00% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 7.70%, Secured Debt (Maturity April 16, 2020)(9)	13,465	13,366	13,398

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VIP Cinema  
Holdings, Inc.(11)

March 9, 2017 Supplier of Luxury  
Seating to the  
Cinema Industry

LIBOR Plus 6.00% (Floor  
1.00%), Current Coupon  
7.70%, Secured Debt  
(Maturity March 1,  
2023)(9)

7,700 7,666 7,777

Vistar Media, Inc.(10)

February 17,  
2017 Operator of Digital  
Out-of-Home  
Advertising Platform

LIBOR Plus 10.00% (Floor  
1.00%), Current Coupon  
11.69%, Secured Debt  
(Maturity February 16,  
2022)(9)  
Warrants (70,207  
equivalent shares;  
Expiration February 17,  
2027; Strike price \$0.01  
per share)

3,319 3,048 3,102  
  
331 499  
  
3,379 3,601



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Portfolio Company(1)(20)	Investment Date(28)	Business Description	Type of Investment(2)(3)(27)	Principal(4)	Cost(4)	Fair Value(18)
Wellnext, LLC(10)	May 23, 2016	Manufacturer of Supplements and Vitamins	LIBOR Plus 10.10% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 11.67%, Secured Debt (Maturity July 21, 2022)(9)(23)	9,930	9,857	9,930
Wireless Vision Holdings, LLC(10)	September 29, 2017	Provider of Wireless Telecommunications Carrier Services	LIBOR Plus 8.91% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 10.27%, Secured Debt (Maturity September 29, 2022)(9)(24)	12,932	12,654	12,654
Wirepath LLC(11)	August 16, 2017	E-Commerce Provider into Connected Home Market	LIBOR Plus 5.25% (Floor 1.00%), Current Coupon 6.87%, Secured Debt (Maturity August 5, 2024)(9)	4,988	4,964	5,055
Zilliant Incorporated	June 15, 2012	Price Optimization and Margin Management Solutions	Preferred Stock (186,777 shares) Warrants (952,500 equivalent shares; Expiration June 15, 2022; Strike price \$0.001 per share)		154 1,071 1,225	260 1,189 1,449
<b>Subtotal Non-Control/Non-Affiliate Investments (78.4% of net assets at fair value)</b>					<b>\$ 1,107,447</b>	<b>\$ 1,081,745</b>
<b>Total Portfolio Investments, December 31, 2017</b>					<b>\$ 2,004,798</b>	<b>\$ 2,171,305</b>

- 
- (1) All investments are Lower Middle Market portfolio investments, unless otherwise noted. See Note B for a description of Lower Middle Market portfolio investments. All of the Company's investments, unless otherwise noted, are encumbered either as security for the Company's Credit Agreement or in support of the SBA-guaranteed debentures issued by the Funds.
- (2) Debt investments are income producing, unless otherwise noted. Equity and warrants are non-income producing, unless otherwise noted.
- (3) See Note C for a summary of geographic location of portfolio companies.
- (4) Principal is net of repayments. Cost is net of repayments and accumulated unearned income.
- (5) Control investments are defined by the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended ("1940 Act") as investments in which more than 25% of the voting securities are owned or where the ability to nominate greater than 50% of the board representation is maintained.
- (6) Affiliate investments are defined by the 1940 Act as investments in which between 5% and 25% of the voting securities are owned and the investments are not classified as Control investments.
- (7) Non-Control/Non-Affiliate investments are defined by the 1940 Act as investments that are neither Control investments nor Affiliate investments.
- (8) Income producing through dividends or distributions.
- (9) Index based floating interest rate is subject to contractual minimum interest rate. A majority of the variable rate loans in the Company's investment portfolio bear interest at a rate that may be determined by reference to either LIBOR or an alternate Base Rate (commonly based on the Federal Funds Rate or the Prime Rate), which typically resets semi-annually, quarterly, or monthly at the borrower's option. The borrower may also elect to have multiple interest reset periods for each loan. For each such loan, the Company has provided the weighted average annual stated interest rate in effect at December 31, 2017. As noted in this schedule, 67% of the loans (based on the par amount) contain LIBOR floors which range between 0.50% and 2.25%, with a weighted-average LIBOR floor of approximately 1.02%.
- (10) Private Loan portfolio investment. See Note B for a description of Private Loan portfolio investments.

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- (11) Middle Market portfolio investment. See Note B for a description of Middle Market portfolio investments.
- (12) Other Portfolio investment. See Note B for a description of Other Portfolio investments.
- (13) Investment is not a qualifying asset as defined under Section 55(a) of the 1940 Act. Qualifying assets must represent at least 70% of total assets at the time of acquisition of any additional non-qualifying assets.
- (14) Non-accrual and non-income producing investment.
- (15) Portfolio company is in a bankruptcy process and, as such, the maturity date of our debt investments in this portfolio company will not be finally determined until such process is complete. As noted in footnote (14), our debt investments in this portfolio company are on non-accrual status.
- (16) External Investment Manager. Investment is not encumbered as security for the Company's Credit Agreement or in support of the SBA-guaranteed debentures issued by the Funds.
- (17) Maturity date is under on-going negotiations with the portfolio company and other lenders, if applicable.
- (18) Investment fair value was determined using significant unobservable inputs, unless otherwise noted. See Note C for further discussion.
- (19) PIK interest income and cumulative dividend income represent income not paid currently in cash.
- (20) All portfolio company headquarters are based in the United States, unless otherwise noted.
- (21) Portfolio company headquarters are located outside of the United States.
- (22) In connection with the Company's debt investment in Staples Canada ULC to help mitigate any potential adverse change in foreign exchange rates during the term of the Company's investment, the Company entered into a forward foreign currency contract with Cadence Bank to lend \$24.2 million Canadian Dollars and receive \$20.0 million U.S. Dollars with a settlement date of September 12, 2018. The unrealized appreciation on the forward foreign currency contract is \$0.7 million as of December 31, 2017. This unrealized appreciation is offset by the foreign currency translation depreciation on the investment.
- (23) The Company has entered into an intercreditor agreement that entitles the Company to the "last out" tranche of the first lien secured loans, whereby the "first out" tranche will receive priority as to the "last out" tranche with respect to payments of principal, interest, and any other amounts due thereunder. Therefore, the Company receives a higher interest rate than the contractual stated interest rate of LIBOR plus 7.50% (Floor 1.00%) per the Credit Agreement and the Consolidated Schedule of Investments above reflects such higher rate.
- (24) The Company has entered into an intercreditor agreement that entitles the Company to the "last out" tranche of the first lien secured loans, whereby the "first out" tranche will receive priority as to the "last out" tranche with respect to payments of principal, interest, and any other amounts due thereunder. Therefore, the Company receives a higher interest rate than the contractual stated interest rate of LIBOR plus 8.50% (Floor 1.00%) per the Credit Agreement and the Consolidated Schedule of Investments above reflects such higher rate.
- (25)

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As part of the credit agreement with the portfolio company, the Company is entitled to the "last out" tranche of the first lien secured loans, whereby the "first out" tranche receives priority over the "last out" tranche with respect to payments of principal, interest, and any other amounts due thereunder. The rate the Company receives per the Credit Agreement is the same as the rate reflected in the Consolidated Schedule of Investments above.

- (26) The Company has entered into an intercreditor agreement that entitles the Company to the "first out" tranche of the first lien secured loans, whereby the "first out" tranche will receive priority as to the "last out" tranche with respect to payments of principal, interest, and any other amounts due thereunder. Therefore, the Company receives a lower interest rate than the contractual stated interest rate of LIBOR plus 6.64% (Floor 1.00%) per the Credit Agreement and the Consolidated Schedule of Investments above reflects such lower rate.
- (27) All of the Company's portfolio investments are generally subject to restrictions on resale as "restricted securities."
- (28) Investment date represents the date of initial investment in the portfolio company.

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**MAIN STREET CAPITAL CORPORATION**

**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**NOTE A ORGANIZATION AND BASIS OF PRESENTATION**

**1. Organization**

Main Street Capital Corporation ("MSCC") is a principal investment firm primarily focused on providing customized debt and equity financing to lower middle market ("LMM") companies and debt capital to middle market ("Middle Market") companies. The portfolio investments of MSCC and its consolidated subsidiaries are typically made to support management buyouts, recapitalizations, growth financings, refinancings and acquisitions of companies that operate in a variety of industry sectors. MSCC seeks to partner with entrepreneurs, business owners and management teams and generally provides "one stop" financing alternatives within its LMM portfolio. MSCC and its consolidated subsidiaries invest primarily in secured debt investments, equity investments, warrants and other securities of LMM companies based in the United States and in secured debt investments of Middle Market companies generally headquartered in the United States.

MSCC was formed in March 2007 to operate as an internally managed business development company ("BDC") under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended (the "1940 Act"). MSCC wholly owns several investment funds, including Main Street Mezzanine Fund, LP ("MSMF"), Main Street Capital II, LP ("MSC II") and Main Street Capital III, LP ("MSC III" and, collectively with MSMF and MSC II, the "Funds"), and each of their general partners. The Funds are each licensed as a Small Business Investment Company ("SBIC") by the United States Small Business Administration ("SBA"). Because MSCC is internally managed, all of the executive officers and other employees are employed by MSCC. Therefore, MSCC does not pay any external investment advisory fees, but instead directly incurs the operating costs associated with employing investment and portfolio management professionals.

MSC Adviser I, LLC (the "External Investment Manager") was formed in November 2013 as a wholly owned subsidiary of MSCC to provide investment management and other services to parties other than MSCC and its subsidiaries or their portfolio companies ("External Parties") and receives fee income for such services. MSCC has been granted no-action relief by the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") to allow the External Investment Manager to register as a registered investment adviser under the Investment Advisers Act of 1940, as amended. Since the External Investment Manager conducts all of its investment management activities for External Parties, it is accounted for as a portfolio investment of MSCC and is not included as a consolidated subsidiary of MSCC in MSCC's consolidated financial statements.

MSCC has elected to be treated for U.S. federal income tax purposes as a regulated investment company ("RIC") under Subchapter M of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code"). As a result, MSCC generally will not pay corporate-level U.S. federal income taxes on any net ordinary taxable income or capital gains that it distributes to its stockholders.

MSCC has certain direct and indirect wholly owned subsidiaries that have elected to be taxable entities (the "Taxable Subsidiaries"). The primary purpose of the Taxable Subsidiaries is to permit MSCC to hold equity investments in portfolio companies which are "pass-through" entities for tax purposes.

Unless otherwise noted or the context otherwise indicates, the terms "we," "us," "our," the "Company" and "Main Street" refer to MSCC and its consolidated subsidiaries, which include the Funds and the Taxable Subsidiaries.

**2. Basis of Presentation**

Main Street's consolidated financial statements are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States of America ("U.S. GAAP"). The Company is an investment company following accounting and reporting guidance in Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB")

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Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") 946, *Financial Services - Investment Companies* ("ASC 946"). For each of the periods presented herein, Main Street's consolidated financial statements include the accounts of MSCC and its consolidated subsidiaries. The Investment Portfolio, as used herein, refers to all of Main Street's investments in LMM portfolio companies, investments in Middle Market portfolio companies, Private Loan portfolio investments, Other Portfolio investments and the investment in the External Investment Manager (see "Note C Fair Value Hierarchy for Investments and Debentures Portfolio Composition Investment Portfolio Composition" for additional discussion of Main Street's Investment Portfolio and definitions for the terms Private Loan and Other Portfolio). Main Street's results of operations and cash flows for the years ended December 31, 2018, 2017 and 2016 and financial position as of December 31, 2018 and 2017, are presented on a consolidated basis. The effects of all intercompany transactions between Main Street and its consolidated subsidiaries have been eliminated in consolidation. Certain reclassifications have been made to prior period balances to conform with the current presentation.

Under ASC 946, Main Street is precluded from consolidating other entities in which Main Street has equity investments, including those in which it has a controlling interest, unless the other entity is another investment company. An exception to this general principle in ASC 946 occurs if Main Street holds a controlling interest in an operating company that provides all or substantially all of its services directly to Main Street or to its portfolio companies. Accordingly, as noted above, MSCC's consolidated financial statements include the financial position and operating results for the Funds and the Taxable Subsidiaries. Main Street has determined that all of its portfolio investments do not qualify for this exception, including the investment in the External Investment Manager. Therefore, Main Street's Investment Portfolio is carried on the consolidated balance sheet at fair value, as discussed further in Note B.1., with any adjustments to fair value recognized as "Net Unrealized Appreciation (Depreciation)" on the consolidated statements of operations until the investment is realized, usually upon exit, resulting in any gain or loss being recognized as a "Net Realized Gain (Loss)."

***Portfolio Investment Classification***

Main Street classifies its Investment Portfolio in accordance with the requirements of the 1940 Act. Under the 1940 Act, (a) "Control Investments" are defined as investments in which Main Street owns more than 25% of the voting securities or has rights to maintain greater than 50% of the board representation, (b) "Affiliate Investments" are defined as investments in which Main Street owns between 5% and 25% of the voting securities and does not have rights to maintain greater than 50% of the board representation, and (c) "Non-Control/Non-Affiliate Investments" are defined as investments that are neither Control Investments nor Affiliate Investments.

**NOTE B SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES****1. Valuation of the Investment Portfolio**

Main Street accounts for its Investment Portfolio at fair value. As a result, Main Street follows the provisions of ASC 820, *Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures* ("ASC 820"). ASC 820 defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value, establishes a fair value hierarchy based on the quality of inputs used to measure fair value and enhances disclosure requirements for fair value measurements. ASC 820 requires Main Street to assume that the portfolio investment is to be sold in the principal market to independent market participants, which may be a hypothetical market. Market participants are defined as buyers and sellers in the principal market that are independent, knowledgeable and willing and able to transact.

Main Street's portfolio strategy calls for it to invest primarily in illiquid debt and equity securities issued by privately held, LMM companies and more liquid debt securities issued by Middle Market companies that

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**MAIN STREET CAPITAL CORPORATION**

**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)**

are generally larger in size than the LMM companies. Main Street categorizes some of its investments in LMM companies and Middle Market companies as Private Loan portfolio investments, which are primarily debt securities in privately held companies which have been originated through strategic relationships with other investment funds on a collaborative basis, and are often referred to in the debt markets as "club deals." Private Loan investments are typically similar in size, structure, terms and conditions to investments Main Street holds in its LMM portfolio and Middle Market portfolio. Main Street's portfolio also includes Other Portfolio investments which primarily consist of investments that are not consistent with the typical profiles for its LMM portfolio investments, Middle Market portfolio investments or Private Loan portfolio investments, including investments which may be managed by third parties. Main Street's portfolio investments may be subject to restrictions on resale.

LMM investments and Other Portfolio investments generally have no established trading market while Middle Market securities generally have established markets that are not active. Private Loan investments may include investments which have no established trading market or have established markets that are not active. Main Street determines in good faith the fair value of its Investment Portfolio pursuant to a valuation policy in accordance with ASC 820 and a valuation process approved by its Board of Directors and in accordance with the 1940 Act. Main Street's valuation policies and processes are intended to provide a consistent basis for determining the fair value of Main Street's Investment Portfolio.

For LMM portfolio investments, Main Street generally reviews external events, including private mergers, sales and acquisitions involving comparable companies, and includes these events in the valuation process by using an enterprise value waterfall methodology ("Waterfall") for its LMM equity investments and an income approach using a yield-to-maturity model ("Yield-to-Maturity") for its LMM debt investments. For Middle Market portfolio investments, Main Street primarily uses quoted prices in the valuation process. Main Street determines the appropriateness of the use of third-party broker quotes, if any, in determining fair value based on its understanding of the level of actual transactions used by the broker to develop the quote and whether the quote was an indicative price or binding offer, the depth and consistency of broker quotes and the correlation of changes in broker quotes with underlying performance of the portfolio company and other market indices. For Middle Market and Private Loan portfolio investments in debt securities for which it has determined that third-party quotes or other independent pricing are not available or appropriate, Main Street generally estimates the fair value based on the assumptions that it believes hypothetical market participants would use to value the investment in a current hypothetical sale using the Yield-to-Maturity valuation method. For its Other Portfolio equity investments, Main Street generally calculates the fair value of the investment primarily based on the net asset value ("NAV") of the fund and adjusts the fair value for other factors that would affect the fair value of the investment. All of the valuation approaches for Main Street's portfolio investments estimate the value of the investment as if Main Street were to sell, or exit, the investment as of the measurement date.

These valuation approaches consider the value associated with Main Street's ability to control the capital structure of the portfolio company, as well as the timing of a potential exit. For valuation purposes, "control" portfolio investments are composed of debt and equity securities in companies for which Main Street has a controlling interest in the equity ownership of the portfolio company or the ability to nominate a majority of the portfolio company's board of directors. For valuation purposes, "non-control" portfolio investments are generally composed of debt and equity securities in companies for which Main Street does not have a controlling interest in the equity ownership of the portfolio company or the ability to nominate a majority of the portfolio company's board of directors.

Under the Waterfall valuation method, Main Street estimates the enterprise value of a portfolio company using a combination of market and income approaches or other appropriate valuation methods, such as considering recent transactions in the equity securities of the portfolio company or third-party valuations of

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**MAIN STREET CAPITAL CORPORATION**

**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)**

the portfolio company, and then performs a waterfall calculation by allocating the enterprise value over the portfolio company's securities in order of their preference relative to one another. The enterprise value is the fair value at which an enterprise could be sold in a transaction between two willing parties, other than through a forced or liquidation sale. Typically, privately held companies are bought and sold based on multiples of earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization ("EBITDA"), cash flows, net income, revenues, or in limited cases, book value. There is no single methodology for estimating enterprise value. For any one portfolio company, enterprise value is generally described as a range of values from which a single estimate of enterprise value is derived. In estimating the enterprise value of a portfolio company, Main Street analyzes various factors including the portfolio company's historical and projected financial results. Due to SEC deadlines for Main Street's quarterly and annual financial reporting, the operating results of a portfolio company used in the current period valuation are generally the results from the period ended three months prior to such valuation date and may include unaudited, projected, budgeted or pro forma financial information and may require adjustments for non-recurring items or to normalize the operating results that may require significant judgment in its determination. In addition, projecting future financial results requires significant judgment regarding future growth assumptions. In evaluating the operating results, Main Street also analyzes the impact of exposure to litigation, loss of customers or other contingencies. After determining the appropriate enterprise value, Main Street allocates the enterprise value to investments in order of the legal priority of the various components of the portfolio company's capital structure. In applying the Waterfall valuation method, Main Street assumes the loans are paid off at the principal amount in a change in control transaction and are not assumed by the buyer, which Main Street believes is consistent with its past transaction history and standard industry practices.

Under the Yield-to-Maturity valuation method, Main Street also uses the income approach to determine the fair value of debt securities based on projections of the discounted future free cash flows that the debt security will likely generate, including analyzing the discounted cash flows of interest and principal amounts for the debt security, as set forth in the associated loan agreements, as well as the financial position and credit risk of the portfolio company. Main Street's estimate of the expected repayment date of its debt securities is generally the maturity date of the instrument, as Main Street generally intends to hold its loans and debt securities to maturity. The Yield-to-Maturity analysis also considers changes in leverage levels, credit quality, portfolio company performance and other factors. Main Street will generally use the value determined by the Yield-to-Maturity analysis as the fair value for that security; however, because of Main Street's general intent to hold its loans to maturity, the fair value will not exceed the principal amount of the debt security valued using the Yield-to-Maturity valuation method. A change in the assumptions that Main Street uses to estimate the fair value of its debt securities using the Yield-to-Maturity valuation method could have a material impact on the determination of fair value. If there is deterioration in credit quality or if a debt security is in workout status, Main Street may consider other factors in determining the fair value of the debt security, including the value attributable to the debt security from the enterprise value of the portfolio company or the proceeds that would most likely be received in a liquidation analysis.

Under the NAV valuation method, for an investment in an investment fund that does not have a readily determinable fair value, Main Street measures the fair value of the investment predominately based on the NAV of the investment fund as of the measurement date and adjusts the investment's fair value for factors known to Main Street that would affect that fund's NAV, including, but not limited to, fair values for individual investments held by the fund if Main Street holds the same investment or for a publicly traded investment. In addition, in determining the fair value of the investment, Main Street considers whether adjustments to the NAV are necessary in certain circumstances, based on the analysis of any restrictions on redemption of Main Street's investment as of the measurement date, recent actual sales or redemptions of interests in the investment fund, and expected future cash flows available to equity holders, including the rate of return on those cash flows compared to an implied market return on equity required by market



Table of Contents**MAIN STREET CAPITAL CORPORATION****NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)**

participants, or other uncertainties surrounding Main Street's ability to realize the full NAV of its interests in the investment fund.

Pursuant to its internal valuation process and the requirements under the 1940 Act, Main Street performs valuation procedures on each of its portfolio investments quarterly. In addition to its internal valuation process, in arriving at estimates of fair value for its investments in its LMM portfolio companies, Main Street, among other things, consults with a nationally recognized independent financial advisory services firm. The nationally recognized independent financial advisory services firm analyzes and provides observations, recommendations and an assurance certification regarding the Company's determinations of the fair value of its LMM portfolio company investments. The nationally recognized independent financial advisory services firm is generally consulted relative to Main Street's investments in each LMM portfolio company at least once every calendar year, and for Main Street's investments in new LMM portfolio companies, at least once in the twelve-month period subsequent to the initial investment. In certain instances, Main Street may determine that it is not cost-effective, and as a result is not in its stockholders' best interest, to consult with the nationally recognized independent financial advisory services firm on its investments in one or more LMM portfolio companies. Such instances include, but are not limited to, situations where the fair value of Main Street's investment in a LMM portfolio company is determined to be insignificant relative to the total Investment Portfolio. Main Street consulted with and received an assurance certification from its independent financial advisory services firm in arriving at Main Street's determination of fair value on its investments in a total of 54 LMM portfolio companies for the year ended December 31, 2018, representing approximately 87% of the total LMM portfolio at fair value as of December 31, 2018, and on a total of 53 LMM portfolio companies for the year ended December 31, 2017, representing approximately 91% of the total LMM portfolio at fair value as of December 31, 2017. Excluding its investments in new LMM portfolio companies which have not been in the Investment Portfolio for at least twelve months subsequent to the initial investment as of December 31, 2018 and 2017, as applicable, or whose primary purpose is to own real estate for which a third-party appraisal is obtained on at least an annual basis, the percentage of the LMM portfolio reviewed and certified by its independent financial advisory services firm for the years ended December 31, 2018 and 2017 was 98% and 97% of the total LMM portfolio at fair value as of December 31, 2018 and 2017, respectively.

For valuation purposes, all of Main Street's Middle Market portfolio investments are non-control investments. To the extent sufficient observable inputs are available to determine fair value, Main Street uses observable inputs to determine the fair value of these investments through obtaining third-party quotes or other independent pricing. For Middle Market portfolio investments for which it has determined that third-party quotes or other independent pricing are not available or appropriate, Main Street generally estimates the fair value based on the assumptions that it believes hypothetical market participants would use to value such Middle Market debt investments in a current hypothetical sale using the Yield-to-Maturity valuation method and such Middle Market equity investments in a current hypothetical sale using the Waterfall valuation method. Because the vast majority of the Middle Market portfolio investments are typically valued using third-party quotes or other independent pricing services (including 94% and 95% of the Middle Market portfolio investments as of December 31, 2018 and 2017, respectively), Main Street generally does not consult with any financial advisory services firms in connection with determining the fair value of its Middle Market investments.

For valuation purposes, all of Main Street's Private Loan portfolio investments are non-control investments. For Private Loan portfolio investments for which it has determined that third-party quotes or other independent pricing are not available or appropriate, Main Street generally estimates the fair value based on the assumptions that it believes hypothetical market participants would use to value such Private Loan debt investments in a current hypothetical sale using the Yield-to-Maturity valuation method and such Private Loan equity investments in a current hypothetical sale using the Waterfall valuation method.

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**MAIN STREET CAPITAL CORPORATION**

**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)**

In addition to its internal valuation process, in arriving at estimates of fair value for its investments in its Private Loan portfolio companies, Main Street, among other things, consults with a nationally recognized independent financial advisory services firm. The nationally recognized independent financial advisory services firm analyzes and provides observations and recommendations and an assurance certification regarding the Company's determinations of the fair value of its Private Loan portfolio company investments. The nationally recognized independent financial advisory services firm is generally consulted relative to Main Street's investments in each Private Loan portfolio company at least once every calendar year, and for Main Street's investments in new Private Loan portfolio companies, at least once in the twelve-month period subsequent to the initial investment. In certain instances, Main Street may determine that it is not cost-effective, and as a result is not in its stockholders' best interest, to consult with the nationally recognized independent financial advisory services firm on its investments in one or more Private Loan portfolio companies. Such instances include, but are not limited to, situations where the fair value of Main Street's investment in a Private Loan portfolio company is determined to be insignificant relative to the total Investment Portfolio. Main Street consulted with and received an assurance certification from its independent financial advisory services firm in arriving at its determination of fair value on its investments in a total of 27 Private Loan portfolio companies for the year ended December 31, 2018, representing approximately 57% of the total Private Loan portfolio at fair value as of December 31, 2018, and on a total of 26 Private Loan portfolio companies for the year ended December 31, 2017, representing approximately 57% of the total Private Loan portfolio at fair value as of December 31, 2017. Excluding its investments in new Private Loan portfolio companies which have not been in the Investment Portfolio for at least twelve months subsequent to the initial investment decision as of December 31, 2018 and 2017, as applicable, and its investments in its Private Loan portfolio companies that were not reviewed because the investment is valued based upon third-party quotes or other independent pricing, the percentage of the Private Loan portfolio reviewed and certified by its independent financial advisory services firm for the years ended December 31, 2018 and 2017 was 91% and 94% of the total Private Loan portfolio at fair value as of December 31, 2018 and 2017, respectively.

For valuation purposes, all of Main Street's Other Portfolio investments are non-control investments. Main Street's Other Portfolio investments comprised 4.4% and 4.8% of Main Street's Investment Portfolio at fair value as of December 31, 2018 and 2017, respectively. Similar to the LMM investment portfolio, market quotations for Other Portfolio equity investments are generally not readily available. For its Other Portfolio equity investments, Main Street generally determines the fair value of these investments using the NAV valuation method.

For valuation purposes, Main Street's investment in the External Investment Manager is a control investment. Market quotations are not readily available for this investment, and as a result, Main Street determines the fair value of the External Investment Manager using the Waterfall valuation method under the market approach. In estimating the enterprise value, Main Street analyzes various factors, including the entity's historical and projected financial results, as well as its size, marketability and performance relative to the population of market comparables. This valuation approach estimates the value of the investment as if Main Street were to sell, or exit, the investment. In addition, Main Street considers its ability to control the capital structure of the company, as well as the timing of a potential exit, in connection with determining the fair value of the External Investment Manager.

Due to the inherent uncertainty in the valuation process, Main Street's determination of fair value for its Investment Portfolio may differ materially from the values that would have been determined had a ready market for the securities existed. In addition, changes in the market environment, portfolio company performance and other events that may occur over the lives of the investments may cause the gains or losses ultimately realized on these investments to be materially different than the valuations currently assigned. Main

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**MAIN STREET CAPITAL CORPORATION**

**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)**

Street determines the fair value of each individual investment and records changes in fair value as unrealized appreciation or depreciation.

Main Street uses an internally developed portfolio investment rating system in connection with its investment oversight, portfolio management and analysis and investment valuation procedures for its LMM portfolio companies. This system takes into account both quantitative and qualitative factors of the LMM portfolio company and the investments held therein.

The Board of Directors of Main Street has the final responsibility for overseeing, reviewing and approving, in good faith, Main Street's determination of the fair value for its Investment Portfolio, as well as its valuation procedures, consistent with 1940 Act requirements. Main Street believes its Investment Portfolio as of December 31, 2018 and 2017 approximates fair value as of those dates based on the markets in which Main Street operates and other conditions in existence on those reporting dates.

**2. Use of Estimates**

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the period. Actual results may differ from these estimates under different conditions or assumptions. Additionally, as explained in Note B.1., the consolidated financial statements include investments in the Investment Portfolio whose values have been estimated by Main Street with the oversight, review and approval by Main Street's Board of Directors in the absence of readily ascertainable market values. Because of the inherent uncertainty of the Investment Portfolio valuations, those estimated values may differ materially from the values that would have been determined had a ready market for the securities existed.

**3. Cash and Cash Equivalents**

Cash and cash equivalents consist of cash and highly liquid investments with an original maturity of three months or less at the date of purchase. Cash and cash equivalents are carried at cost, which approximates fair value.

At December 31, 2018, cash balances totaling \$50.3 million exceeded Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation insurance protection levels, subjecting the Company to risk related to the uninsured balance. All of the Company's cash deposits are held at large established high credit quality financial institutions and management believes that the risk of loss associated with any uninsured balances is remote.

**4. Interest, Dividend and Fee Income**

Main Street records interest and dividend income on the accrual basis to the extent amounts are expected to be collected. Dividend income is recorded as dividends are declared by the portfolio company or at the point an obligation exists for the portfolio company to make a distribution. In accordance with Main Street's valuation policies, Main Street evaluates accrued interest and dividend income periodically for collectability. When a loan or debt security becomes 90 days or more past due, and if Main Street otherwise does not expect the debtor to be able to service all of its debt or other obligations, Main Street will generally place the loan or debt security on non-accrual status and cease recognizing interest income on that loan or debt security until the borrower has demonstrated the ability and intent to pay contractual amounts due. If a loan or debt security's status significantly improves regarding the debtor's ability to service the debt or other obligations, or if a loan or debt security is sold or written-off, Main Street removes it from non-accrual status.

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As of December 31, 2018, Main Street's total Investment Portfolio had six investments on non-accrual status, which comprised approximately 1.3% of its fair value and 3.9% of its cost. As of December 31, 2017, Main Street's total Investment Portfolio had five investments on non-accrual status, which comprised approximately 0.2% of its fair value and 2.3% of its cost.

Main Street holds certain debt and preferred equity instruments in its Investment Portfolio that contain payment-in-kind ("PIK") interest and cumulative dividend provisions. The PIK interest, computed at the contractual rate specified in each debt agreement, is periodically added to the principal balance of the debt and is recorded as interest income. Thus, the actual collection of this interest may be deferred until the time of debt principal repayment. Cumulative dividends are recorded as dividend income, and any dividends in arrears are added to the balance of the preferred equity investment. The actual collection of these dividends in arrears may be deferred until such time as the preferred equity is redeemed or sold. To maintain RIC tax treatment (as discussed in Note B.9. below), these non-cash sources of income may need to be paid out to stockholders in the form of distributions, even though Main Street may not have collected the PIK interest and cumulative dividends in cash. Main Street stops accruing PIK interest and cumulative dividends and writes off any accrued and uncollected interest and dividends in arrears when it determines that such PIK interest and dividends in arrears are no longer collectible. For the years ended December 31, 2018, 2017 and 2016, (i) approximately 1.0%, 2.4% and 3.6%, respectively, of Main Street's total investment income was attributable to PIK interest income not paid currently in cash and (ii) approximately 1.0%, 1.6% and 1.2%, respectively, of Main Street's total investment income was attributable to cumulative dividend income not paid currently in cash.

Main Street may periodically provide services, including structuring and advisory services, to its portfolio companies or other third parties. For services that are separately identifiable and evidence exists to substantiate fair value, fee income is recognized as earned, which is generally when the investment or other applicable transaction closes. Fees received in connection with debt financing transactions for services that do not meet these criteria are treated as debt origination fees and are deferred and accreted into income over the life of the financing.

A presentation of the investment income Main Street received from its Investment Portfolio in each of the periods presented is as follows:

	<b>Twelve Months Ended December 31,</b>		
	<b>2018</b>	<b>2017</b>	<b>2016</b>
	<b>(dollars in thousands)</b>		
<b>Interest, fee and dividend income:</b>			
Interest income	\$ 177,103	\$ 161,934	\$ 138,689
Dividend income	46,471	34,704	32,182
Fee income	9,781	9,103	7,294
<b>Total interest, fee and dividend income</b>	<b>\$ 233,355</b>	<b>\$ 205,741</b>	<b>\$ 178,165</b>

**5. Deferred Financing Costs**

Deferred financing costs include commitment fees and other costs related to Main Street's multi-year revolving credit facility (the "Credit Facility") and its notes, as well as the commitment fees and leverage fees (approximately 3.4% of the total commitment and draw amounts, as applicable) on the SBIC debentures which are not accounted for under the fair value option under ASC 825 (as discussed further in Note B.11.). See further discussion of Main Street's debt in Note E. Deferred financing costs in connection with the Credit Facility are capitalized as an asset. Deferred financing costs in connection with all other debt arrangements not using the fair value option are a direct deduction from the related debt liability.

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**MAIN STREET CAPITAL CORPORATION**

**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)**

**6. Equity Offering Costs**

The Company's offering costs are charged against the proceeds from equity offerings when the proceeds are received.

**7. Unearned Income Debt Origination Fees and Original Issue Discount and Discounts/Premiums to Par Value**

Main Street capitalizes debt origination fees received in connection with financings and reflects such fees as unearned income netted against the applicable debt investments. The unearned income from the fees is accreted into income based on the effective interest method over the life of the financing.

In connection with its portfolio debt investments, Main Street sometimes receives nominal cost warrants or warrants with an exercise price below the fair value of the underlying equity (together, "nominal cost equity") that are valued as part of the negotiation process with the particular portfolio company. When Main Street receives nominal cost equity, Main Street allocates its cost basis in its investment between its debt security and its nominal cost equity at the time of origination based on amounts negotiated with the particular portfolio company. The allocated amounts are based upon the fair value of the nominal cost equity, which is then used to determine the allocation of cost to the debt security. Any discount recorded on a debt investment resulting from this allocation is reflected as unearned income, which is netted against the applicable debt investment, and accreted into interest income based on the effective interest method over the life of the debt investment. The actual collection of this interest is deferred until the time of debt principal repayment.

Main Street may also purchase debt securities at a discount or at a premium to the par value of the debt security. In the case of a purchase at a discount, Main Street records the investment at the par value of the debt security net of the discount, and the discount is accreted into interest income based on the effective interest method over the life of the debt investment. In the case of a purchase at a premium, Main Street records the investment at the par value of the debt security plus the premium, and the premium is amortized as a reduction to interest income based on the effective interest method over the life of the debt investment.

To maintain RIC tax treatment (as discussed in Note B.9. below), these non-cash sources of income may need to be paid out to stockholders in the form of distributions, even though Main Street may not have collected the interest income. For the years ended December 31, 2018, 2017 and 2016, approximately 3.0%, 3.6% and 3.1%, respectively, of Main Street's total investment income was attributable to interest income from the accretion of discounts associated with debt investments, net of any premium reduction.

**8. Share-Based Compensation**

Main Street accounts for its share-based compensation plans using the fair value method, as prescribed by ASC 718, *Compensation Stock Compensation*. Accordingly, for restricted stock awards, Main Street measures the grant date fair value based upon the market price of its common stock on the date of the grant and amortizes the fair value of the awards as share-based compensation expense over the requisite service period, which is generally the vesting term.

Main Street has also adopted Accounting Standards Update ("ASU") 2016-09, *Compensation Stock Compensation: Improvements to Employee Share-Based Payment Accounting*, which requires that all excess tax benefits and tax deficiencies (including tax benefits of dividends on share-based payment awards) be recognized as income tax expense or benefit in the income statement and not delay recognition of a tax benefit until the tax benefit is realized through a reduction to taxes payable. The tax effects of exercised or vested awards should be treated as discrete items in the reporting period in which they occur. Additionally, Main Street has elected to account for forfeitures as they occur.

Table of Contents**MAIN STREET CAPITAL CORPORATION****NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)****9. Income Taxes**

MSCC has elected to be treated for U.S. federal income tax purposes as a RIC. MSCC's taxable income includes the taxable income generated by MSCC and certain of its subsidiaries, including the Funds, which are treated as disregarded entities for tax purposes. As a RIC, MSCC generally will not pay corporate-level U.S. federal income taxes on any net ordinary taxable income or capital gains that MSCC distributes to its stockholders. MSCC must generally distribute at least 90% of its "investment company taxable income" (which is generally its net ordinary taxable income and realized net short-term capital gains in excess of realized net long-term capital losses) and 90% of its tax-exempt income to maintain its RIC status (pass-through tax treatment for amounts distributed). As part of maintaining RIC status, undistributed taxable income (subject to a 4% non-deductible U.S. federal excise tax) pertaining to a given fiscal year may be distributed up to 12 months subsequent to the end of that fiscal year, provided such dividends are declared on or prior to the later of (i) the filing of the U.S. federal income tax return for the applicable fiscal year or (ii) the fifteenth day of the ninth month following the close of the year in which such taxable income was generated.

The Taxable Subsidiaries primarily hold certain portfolio investments for Main Street. The Taxable Subsidiaries permit Main Street to hold equity investments in portfolio companies which are "pass-through" entities for tax purposes and to continue to comply with the "source-of-income" requirements contained in the RIC tax provisions of the Code. The Taxable Subsidiaries are consolidated with Main Street for U.S. GAAP financial reporting purposes, and the portfolio investments held by the Taxable Subsidiaries are included in Main Street's consolidated financial statements as portfolio investments and recorded at fair value. The Taxable Subsidiaries are not consolidated with MSCC for income tax purposes and may generate income tax expense, or benefit, and tax assets and liabilities, as a result of their ownership of certain portfolio investments. The taxable income, or loss, of the Taxable Subsidiaries may differ from their book income, or loss, due to temporary book and tax timing differences and permanent differences. The Taxable Subsidiaries are each taxed at their normal corporate tax rates based on their taxable income. The income tax expense, or benefit, if any, and the related tax assets and liabilities, of the Taxable Subsidiaries are reflected in Main Street's consolidated financial statements.

The External Investment Manager is an indirect wholly owned subsidiary of MSCC owned through a Taxable Subsidiary and is a disregarded entity for tax purposes. The External Investment Manager has entered into a tax sharing agreement with its Taxable Subsidiary owner. Since the External Investment Manager is accounted for as a portfolio investment of MSCC and is not included as a consolidated subsidiary of MSCC in MSCC's consolidated financial statements, and as a result of the tax sharing agreement with its Taxable Subsidiary owner, for its stand-alone financial reporting purposes the External Investment Manager is treated as if it is taxed at normal corporate tax rates based on its taxable income and, as a result of its activities, may generate income tax expense or benefit. The income tax expense, or benefit, if any, and the related tax assets and liabilities, of the External Investment Manager are reflected in the External Investment Manager's separate financial statements.

In December 2017, the "Tax Cuts and Jobs Act" legislation was enacted. The Tax Cuts and Jobs Act includes significant changes to the U.S. corporate tax system, including a U.S. federal corporate income tax rate reduction from 35% to 21% and other changes. ASC 740, *Income Taxes*, requires the effects of changes in tax rates and laws on deferred tax balances to be recognized in the period in which the legislation was enacted. As such, Main Street has accounted for the tax effects as a result of the enactment of the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act beginning with the period ended December 31, 2017.

The Taxable Subsidiaries and the External Investment Manager use the liability method in accounting for income taxes. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are recorded for temporary differences between the tax basis of assets and liabilities and their reported amounts in the consolidated financial statements, using statutory tax

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**MAIN STREET CAPITAL CORPORATION**

**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)**

rates in effect for the year in which the temporary differences are expected to reverse. A valuation allowance is provided, if necessary, against deferred tax assets when it is more likely than not that some portion or all of the deferred tax asset will not be realized.

Taxable income generally differs from net income for financial reporting purposes due to temporary and permanent differences in the recognition of income and expenses. Taxable income generally excludes net unrealized appreciation or depreciation, as investment gains or losses are not included in taxable income until they are realized.

**10. Net Realized Gains or Losses and Net Unrealized Appreciation or Depreciation**

Realized gains or losses are measured by the difference between the net proceeds from the sale or redemption of an investment or a financial instrument and the cost basis of the investment or financial instrument, without regard to unrealized appreciation or depreciation previously recognized, and includes investments written-off during the period net of recoveries and realized gains or losses from in-kind redemptions. Net unrealized appreciation or depreciation reflects the net change in the fair value of the Investment Portfolio and financial instruments and the reclassification of any prior period unrealized appreciation or depreciation on exited investments and financial instruments to realized gains or losses.

**11. Fair Value of Financial Instruments**

Fair value estimates are made at discrete points in time based on relevant information. These estimates may be subjective in nature and involve uncertainties and matters of significant judgment and, therefore, cannot be determined with precision. Main Street believes that the carrying amounts of its financial instruments, consisting of cash and cash equivalents, receivables, payables and other liabilities approximate the fair values of such items due to the short-term nature of these instruments.

As part of Main Street's acquisition of the majority of the equity interests of MSC II in January 2010 (the "MSC II Acquisition"), Main Street elected the fair value option under ASC 825, *Financial Instruments* ("ASC 825"), relating to accounting for debt obligations at their fair value, for the MSC II SBIC debentures acquired as part of the acquisition accounting related to the MSC II Acquisition and values those obligations as discussed further in Note C. In order to provide for a more consistent basis of presentation, Main Street has continued to elect the fair value option for SBIC debentures issued by MSC II subsequent to the MSC II Acquisition. When the fair value option is elected for a given SBIC debenture, the deferred loan costs associated with the debenture are fully expensed in the current period to "Net Unrealized Appreciation (Depreciation) SBIC debentures" as part of the fair value adjustment. Interest incurred in connection with SBIC debentures which are valued at fair value is included in interest expense.

**12. Earnings per Share**

Basic and diluted per share calculations are computed utilizing the weighted-average number of shares of common stock outstanding for the period. In accordance with ASC 260, *Earnings Per Share*, the unvested shares of restricted stock awarded pursuant to Main Street's equity compensation plans are participating securities and, therefore, are included in the basic earnings per share calculation. As a result, for all periods presented, there is no difference between diluted earnings per share and basic earnings per share amounts.

**13. Recently Issued or Adopted Accounting Standards**

In May 2014, the FASB issued ASU 2014-09, *Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606)*. ASU 2014-09 supersedes the revenue recognition requirements under ASC 605, *Revenue Recognition*, and most industry-specific guidance throughout the Industry Topics of the ASC. The core principle of the

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guidance is that an entity should recognize revenue to depict the transfer of promised goods or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration to which an entity expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services. Under the guidance, an entity is required to perform the following five steps: (1) identify the contract(s) with a customer; (2) identify the performance obligations in the contract; (3) determine the transaction price; (4) allocate the transaction price to the performance obligations in the contract, and (5) recognize revenue when (or as) the entity satisfies a performance obligation. The guidance will significantly enhance comparability of revenue recognition practices across entities, industries, jurisdictions and capital markets. Additionally, the guidance requires improved disclosures as to the nature, amount, timing and uncertainty of revenue that is recognized. In March 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-08, *Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606): Principal versus Agent Considerations (Reporting Revenue Gross versus Net)*, which clarified the implementation guidance on principal versus agent considerations. In April 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-10, *Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606): Identifying Performance Obligations and Licensing*, which clarified the implementation guidance regarding performance obligations and licensing arrangements. In May 2016, the FASB issued ASU No. 2016-12, *Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606) Narrow-Scope Improvements and Practical Expedients*, which clarified guidance on assessing collectability, presenting sales tax, measuring noncash consideration, and certain transition matters. In December 2016, the FASB issued ASU No. 2016-20, *Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606) Technical Corrections and Improvements*, which provided disclosure relief, and clarified the scope and application of the new revenue standard and related cost guidance. The guidance is effective for the annual reporting period beginning after December 15, 2017, including interim periods within that reporting period. Substantially all of Main Street's income is not within the scope of ASU 2014-09. For those income items that are within the scope (primarily fee income), Main Street has similar performance obligations as compared with deliverables and separate units of account previously identified. As a result, Main Street's timing of its income recognition remains the same and the adoption of the standard was not material.

In February 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-02, *Leases*, which requires lessees to recognize on the balance sheet a right-of-use asset, representing its right to use the underlying asset for the lease term, and a lease liability for all leases with terms greater than 12 months. The guidance also requires qualitative and quantitative disclosures designed to assess the amount, timing, and uncertainty of cash flows arising from leases. The standard requires the use of a modified retrospective transition approach, which includes a number of optional practical expedients that entities may elect to apply. The guidance is effective for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2018, and interim periods therein. Early application is permitted. While Main Street continues to assess the effect of adoption, Main Street currently believes the most significant change relates to the recognition of a new right-of-use asset and lease liability on its consolidated balance sheet for its office space operating lease. Main Street currently has one operating lease for office space and does not expect a significant change in the leasing activity between now and adoption. See further discussion of the operating lease obligation in Note K.

In August 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-15, *Statement of Cash Flows (Topic 230)*, which is intended to reduce the existing diversity in practice in how certain cash receipts and cash payments are presented and classified in the statement of cash flows. The guidance is effective for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2017, and interim periods therein. Main Street has adopted ASU 2016-15 and the impact of the adoption of this accounting standard on Main Street's consolidated financial statements was not material.

In August 2018, the FASB issued ASU 2018-13, *Fair Value Measurement (Topic 820)*, which is intended to improve fair value and defined benefit disclosure requirements by removing disclosures that are not cost beneficial, clarifying disclosures' specific requirements, and adding relevant disclosure requirements. The amendments take effect for all organizations for fiscal years, and interim periods within those fiscal years, beginning after December 15, 2019. Early adoption is permitted. Main Street elected to early adopt ASU 2018-13 in the current annual period. No significant changes were made to the fair value disclosures in the notes to the consolidated financial statements in order to comply with ASU 2018-13.



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**MAIN STREET CAPITAL CORPORATION**

**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)**

In August 2018, the SEC adopted rules (the "SEC Release") amending certain disclosure requirements intended to eliminate redundant, duplicative, overlapping, outdated, or superseded, in light of other SEC disclosure requirements, US GAAP requirements, or changes in the information environment. In part, the SEC Release requires an investment company to present distributable earnings in total on the consolidated balance sheet and consolidated statement of changes in net assets, rather than showing the three components of distributable earnings as previously shown. Main Street adopted this part of the SEC Release in the current annual period and the changes in presentation have been retrospectively applied to the consolidated balance sheet as of December 31, 2017 and to the consolidated statements of changes in net assets for the years ended December 31, 2017 and 2016. The impact of the adoption of these rules on Main Street's consolidated financial statements was not material. Additionally, the SEC Release requires disclosure of changes in net assets within a registrant's Form 10-Q filing on a quarter-to-date and year-to-date basis for both the current year and prior year comparative periods. Main Street expects to adopt the new requirement to present changes in shareholders' equity in interim financial statements within Form 10-Q filings starting with the quarter ending March 31, 2019. The compliance date for the SEC Release was for all filings, as applicable, on or after November 5, 2018. The adoption of these rules will not have a material impact on the consolidated financial statements.

From time to time, new accounting pronouncements are issued by the FASB or other standards setting bodies that are adopted by Main Street as of the specified effective date. Main Street believes that the impact of recently issued standards and any that are not yet effective will not have a material impact on its consolidated financial statements upon adoption.

**NOTE C FAIR VALUE HIERARCHY FOR INVESTMENTS AND DEBENTURES PORTFOLIO COMPOSITION**

ASC 820 defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value, establishes a fair value hierarchy based on the quality of inputs used to measure fair value and enhances disclosure requirements for fair value measurements. Main Street accounts for its investments at fair value.

**Fair Value Hierarchy**

In accordance with ASC 820, Main Street has categorized its investments based on the priority of the inputs to the valuation technique into a three-level fair value hierarchy. The fair value hierarchy gives the highest priority to quoted prices in active markets for identical investments (Level 1) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3).

Investments recorded on Main Street's balance sheet are categorized based on the inputs to the valuation techniques as follows:

Level 1 Investments whose values are based on unadjusted quoted prices for identical assets in an active market that Main Street has the ability to access (examples include investments in active exchange-traded equity securities and investments in most U.S. government and agency securities).

Level 2 Investments whose values are based on quoted prices in markets that are not active or model inputs that are observable either directly or indirectly for substantially the full term of the investment. Level 2 inputs include the following:

Quoted prices for similar assets in active markets (for example, investments in restricted stock);

Quoted prices for identical or similar assets in non-active markets (for example, investments in thinly traded public companies);

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**MAIN STREET CAPITAL CORPORATION**

**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)**

Pricing models whose inputs are observable for substantially the full term of the investment (for example, market interest rate indices); and

Pricing models whose inputs are derived principally from, or corroborated by, observable market data through correlation or other means for substantially the full term of the investment.

Level 3 Investments whose values are based on prices or valuation techniques that require inputs that are both unobservable and significant to the overall fair value measurement (for example, investments in illiquid securities issued by privately held companies). These inputs reflect management's own assumptions about the assumptions a market participant would use in pricing the investment.

As required by ASC 820, when the inputs used to measure fair value fall within different levels of the hierarchy, the level within which the fair value measurement is categorized is based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement in its entirety. For example, a Level 3 fair value measurement may include inputs that are observable (Levels 1 and 2) and unobservable (Level 3). Therefore, unrealized appreciation and depreciation related to such investments categorized within the Level 3 tables below may include changes in fair value that are attributable to both observable inputs (Levels 1 and 2) and unobservable inputs (Level 3).

As of December 31, 2018 and 2017, all of Main Street's LMM portfolio investments consisted of illiquid securities issued by privately held companies. As a result, the fair value determination for all of Main Street's LMM portfolio investments primarily consisted of unobservable inputs. As a result, all of Main Street's LMM portfolio investments were categorized as Level 3 as of December 31, 2018 and 2017

As of December 31, 2018 and 2017, Main Street's Middle Market portfolio investments consisted primarily of investments in secured and unsecured debt investments and independently rated debt investments. The fair value determination for these investments consisted of a combination of observable inputs in non-active markets for which sufficient observable inputs were not available to determine the fair value of these investments and unobservable inputs. As a result, all of Main Street's Middle Market portfolio investments were categorized as Level 3 as of December 31, 2018 and 2017.

As of December 31, 2018 and 2017, Main Street's Private Loan portfolio investments primarily consisted of investments in interest-bearing secured debt investments. The fair value determination for these investments consisted of a combination of observable inputs in non-active markets for which sufficient observable inputs were not available to determine the fair value of these investments and unobservable inputs. As a result, all of Main Street's Private Loan portfolio investments were categorized as Level 3 as of December 31, 2018 and 2017.

As of December 31, 2018 and 2017, Main Street's Other Portfolio investments consisted of illiquid securities issued by privately held companies. The fair value determination for these investments primarily consisted of unobservable inputs. As a result, all of Main Street's Other Portfolio investments were categorized as Level 3 as of December 31, 2018 and 2017.

The fair value determination of each portfolio investment categorized as Level 3 required one or more of the following unobservable inputs:

Financial information obtained from each portfolio company, including unaudited statements of operations and balance sheets for the most recent period available as compared to budgeted numbers;

Current and projected financial condition of the portfolio company;

Current and projected ability of the portfolio company to service its debt obligations;

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**MAIN STREET CAPITAL CORPORATION**

**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)**

Type and amount of collateral, if any, underlying the investment;

Current financial ratios (e.g., fixed charge coverage ratio, interest coverage ratio and net debt/EBITDA ratio) applicable to the investment;

Current liquidity of the investment and related financial ratios (e.g., current ratio and quick ratio);

Pending debt or capital restructuring of the portfolio company;

Projected operating results of the portfolio company;

Current information regarding any offers to purchase the investment;

Current ability of the portfolio company to raise any additional financing as needed;

Changes in the economic environment which may have a material impact on the operating results of the portfolio company;

Internal occurrences that may have an impact (both positive and negative) on the operating performance of the portfolio company;

Qualitative assessment of key management;

Contractual rights, obligations or restrictions associated with the investment; and

Other factors deemed relevant.

The use of significant unobservable inputs creates uncertainty in the measurement of fair value as of the reporting date. The significant unobservable inputs used in the fair value measurement of Main Street's LMM equity securities, which are generally valued through an average of the discounted cash flow technique and the market comparable/enterprise value technique (unless one of these approaches is determined to not be appropriate), are (i) EBITDA multiples and (ii) the weighted-average cost of capital ("WACC"). Significant increases (decreases) in EBITDA multiple inputs in isolation would result in a significantly higher (lower) fair value measurement. On the contrary, significant increases (decreases) in WACC inputs in isolation would result in a significantly lower (higher) fair value measurement. The significant unobservable inputs used in the fair value measurement of Main Street's LMM, Middle Market and Private Loan securities are (i) risk adjusted discount rates used in the Yield-to-Maturity valuation technique (see "Note B.1. Valuation of the Investment Portfolio") and (ii) the percentage of expected principal recovery. Significant increases (decreases) in any of these discount rates in isolation would result in a significantly lower (higher) fair value measurement. Significant increases (decreases) in any of these expected principal recovery percentages in isolation would result in a significantly higher (lower) fair value measurement. However, due to the nature of certain investments, fair value measurements may be based on other criteria, such as third-party appraisals of collateral and fair values as determined by independent third parties, which are not presented in the tables below.



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### MAIN STREET CAPITAL CORPORATION

#### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

The following tables provide a summary of the significant unobservable inputs used to fair value Main Street's Level 3 portfolio investments as of December 31, 2018 and 2017:

Type of Investment	Fair Value as of December 31, 2018 (in thousands)	Valuation Technique	Significant Unobservable Inputs	Range(3)	Weighted Average(3)	Median(3)
Equity investments	\$ 767,156	Discounted cash flow Market comparable / Enterprise Value	WACC EBITDA multiple(1)	9.9% - 20.7% 4.7x - 8.0x(2)	13.7% 7.0x	14.3% 6.0x
Debt investments	\$ 1,039,453	Discounted cash flow	Risk adjusted discount factor Expected principal recovery percentage	8.5% - 17.0%(2) 1.5% - 100.0%	12.2% 99.3%	12.0% 100.0%
Debt investments	\$ 647,300	Market approach	Third-party quote	37.5 - 101.0	96.0	98.3
<b>Total Level 3 investments</b>	<b>\$ 2,453,909</b>					

(1) EBITDA may include proforma adjustments and/or other addbacks based on specific circumstances related to each investment.

(2) Range excludes outliers that are greater than one standard deviation from the mean. Including these outliers, the range for EBITDA multiple is 3.9x - 15.0x and the range for risk adjusted discount factor is 5.3% - 30.3%.

(3) Does not include investments for which the valuation technique does not include the use of the applicable fair value input.

Type of Investment	Fair Value as of December 31, 2017 (in thousands)	Valuation Technique	Significant Unobservable Inputs	Range(3)	Weighted Average(3)	Median(3)
Equity investments	\$ 653,008	Discounted cash flow Market comparable / Enterprise Value	WACC EBITDA multiple(1)	11.1% - 23.2% 4.3x - 8.5x(2)	13.7% 7.3x	14.0% 6.0x
Debt investments	\$ 858,816	Discounted cash flow	Risk adjusted discount factor Expected principal recovery percentage	6.7% - 16.1%(2) 2.9% - 100.0%	11.2% 99.8%	11.0% 100.0%
Debt investments	\$ 659,481	Market approach	Third-party quote	11.0 - 106.0	95.9%	99.4%
<b>Total Level 3 investments</b>	<b>\$ 2,171,305</b>					

(1) EBITDA may include proforma adjustments and/or other addbacks based on specific circumstances related to each investment.

(2) Range excludes outliers that are greater than one standard deviation from the mean. Including these outliers, the range for EBITDA multiple is 4.0x - 17.5x and the range for risk adjusted discount factor is 4.3% - 30.0%.

(3) Does not include investments for which the valuation technique does not include the use of the applicable fair value input.



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## MAIN STREET CAPITAL CORPORATION

## NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

The following tables provide a summary of changes in fair value of Main Street's Level 3 portfolio investments for the years ended December 31, 2018 and 2017 (amounts in thousands):

Type of Investment	Fair Value as of December 31, 2017	Transfers Into Level 3 Hierarchy	Redemptions/ Repayments	New Investments	Net Changes from Unrealized to Realized	Net Unrealized Appreciation (Depreciation)	Other(1)	Fair Value as of December 31, 2018
Debt	\$ 1,518,297	\$	\$ (653,200)	\$ 837,162	\$ 38,722	\$ (45,778)	\$ (8,450)	\$ 1,686,753
Equity	641,493		(48,585)	114,639	(33,971)	73,684	8,450	755,710
Equity	11,515		(680)	181	(720)	1,150		11,446
Warrant								
	\$ 2,171,305	\$	\$ (702,465)	\$ 951,982	\$ 4,031	\$ 29,056	\$	\$ 2,453,909

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- (1) Includes the impact of non-cash conversions. These transactions represent non-cash investing activities. See additional cash flow information at the consolidated statements of cash flows.

Type of Investment	Fair Value as of December 31, 2016	Transfers Into Level 3 Hierarchy	Redemptions/ Repayments	New Investments	Net Changes from Unrealized to Realized	Net Unrealized Appreciation (Depreciation)	Other(1)	Fair Value as of December 31, 2017
Debt	\$ 1,427,823	\$	\$ (753,240)	\$ 848,014	\$ 25,146	\$ (19,664)	\$ (9,782)	\$ 1,518,297
Equity	549,453		(44,773)	74,227	(25,596)	77,583	10,599	641,493
Equity	17,550		(4,697)	331	(549)	(303)	(817)	11,515
Warrant								
	\$ 1,994,826	\$	\$ (802,710)	\$ 922,572	\$ (999)	\$ 57,616	\$	\$ 2,171,305

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- (1) Includes the impact of non-cash conversions. These transactions represent non-cash investing activities. See additional cash flow information at the consolidated statements of cash flows.

As of December 31, 2018 and 2017, the fair value determination for the SBIC debentures recorded at fair value primarily consisted of unobservable inputs. As a result, the SBIC debentures which are recorded at fair value were categorized as Level 3. Main Street determines the fair value of these instruments primarily using a Yield-to-Maturity approach that analyzes the discounted cash flows of interest and principal for each SBIC debenture recorded at fair value based on estimated market interest rates for debt instruments of similar structure, terms, and maturity. Main Street's estimate of the expected repayment date of principal for each SBIC debenture recorded at fair value is the legal maturity date of the instrument. The significant unobservable inputs used in the fair value measurement of Main Street's SBIC debentures recorded at fair value are the estimated market interest rates used to fair value each debenture using the yield valuation technique described above. Significant increases (decreases) in the estimated market interest rates in isolation would result in a significantly lower (higher) fair value measurement.

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The following tables provide a summary of the significant unobservable inputs used to fair value Main Street's Level 3 SBIC debentures as of December 31, 2018 and 2017 (amounts in thousands):

Type of Instrument	Fair Value as of December 31, 2018	Valuation Technique	Significant Unobservable Inputs	Range	Weighted Average
SBIC debentures	\$ 44,688	Discounted cash flow	Estimated market interest rates	5.5% - 5.8%	5.6%

Type of Instrument	Fair Value as of December 31, 2017	Valuation Technique	Significant Unobservable Inputs	Range	Weighted Average
SBIC debentures	\$ 48,608	Discounted cash flow	Estimated market interest rates	4.9% - 5.5%	5.1%

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## MAIN STREET CAPITAL CORPORATION

## NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

The following tables provide a summary of changes for the Level 3 SBIC debentures recorded at fair value for the years ended December 31, 2018 and 2017 (amounts in thousands):

Type of Instrument	Fair Value as of December 31, 2017	Repayments	Net Realized Loss	New SBIC Debentures	Net Unrealized (Appreciation) Depreciation	Fair Value as of December 31, 2018
SBIC debentures at fair value	\$ 48,608	\$ (4,000)	\$ 1,374	\$	\$ (1,294)	\$ 44,688

Type of Instrument	Fair Value as of December 31, 2016	Repayments	Net Realized Loss	New SBIC Debentures	Net Unrealized (Appreciation) Depreciation	Fair Value as of December 31, 2017
SBIC debentures at fair value	\$ 74,803	\$ (25,200)	\$ 5,217	\$	\$ (6,212)	\$ 48,608

At December 31, 2018 and 2017, Main Street's investments and SBIC debentures at fair value were categorized as follows in the fair value hierarchy for ASC 820 purposes:

	Fair Value Measurements (in thousands)			
	Fair Value	Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)
<b>At December 31, 2018</b>				
LMM portfolio investments	\$ 1,195,035	\$	\$	\$ 1,195,035
Middle Market portfolio investments	576,929			576,929
Private Loan portfolio investments	507,892			507,892
Other Portfolio investments	108,305			108,305
External Investment Manager	65,748			65,748
Total investments	\$ 2,453,909	\$	\$	\$ 2,453,909
SBIC debentures at fair value	\$ 44,688	\$	\$	\$ 44,688

At December 31, 2017	Fair Value	Fair Value Measurements (in thousands)	

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		Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)
LMM portfolio investments	\$	948,196	\$	\$ 948,196
Middle Market portfolio investments		609,256		609,256
Private Loan portfolio investments		467,475		467,475
Other Portfolio investments		104,610		104,610
External Investment Manager		41,768		41,768
 Total investments	 \$	 2,171,305	 \$	 \$ 2,171,305
 SBIC debentures at fair value	 \$	 48,608	 \$	 \$ 48,608

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**MAIN STREET CAPITAL CORPORATION**

**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)**

**Investment Portfolio Composition**

Main Street's LMM portfolio investments primarily consist of secured debt, equity warrants and direct equity investments in privately held, LMM companies based in the United States. Main Street's LMM portfolio companies generally have annual revenues between \$10 million and \$150 million, and its LMM investments generally range in size from \$5 million to \$50 million. The LMM debt investments are typically secured by either a first or second priority lien on the assets of the portfolio company, can include either fixed or floating rate terms and generally have a term of between five and seven years from the original investment date. In most LMM portfolio investments, Main Street receives nominally priced equity warrants and/or makes direct equity investments in connection with a debt investment.

Main Street's Middle Market portfolio investments primarily consist of direct investments in or secondary purchases of interest-bearing debt securities in privately held companies based in the United States that are generally larger in size than the companies included in Main Street's LMM portfolio. Main Street's Middle Market portfolio companies generally have annual revenues between \$150 million and \$1.5 billion, and its Middle Market investments generally range in size from \$3 million to \$20 million. Main Street's Middle Market portfolio debt investments are generally secured by either a first or second priority lien on the assets of the portfolio company and typically have a term of between three and seven years from the original investment date.

Main Street's private loan ("Private Loan") portfolio investments are primarily debt securities in privately held companies which have been originated through strategic relationships with other investment funds on a collaborative basis, and are often referred to in the debt markets as "club deals." Private Loan investments are typically similar in size, structure, terms and conditions to investments Main Street holds in its LMM portfolio and Middle Market portfolio. Main Street's Private Loan portfolio debt investments are generally secured by either a first or second priority lien on the assets of the portfolio company and typically have a term of between three and seven years from the original investment date.

Main Street's other portfolio ("Other Portfolio") investments primarily consist of investments which are not consistent with the typical profiles for LMM, Middle Market and Private Loan portfolio investments, including investments which may be managed by third parties. In the Other Portfolio, Main Street may incur indirect fees and expenses in connection with investments managed by third parties, such as investments in other investment companies or private funds. For Other Portfolio investments, Main Street generally receives distributions related to the assets held by the portfolio company. Those assets are typically expected to be liquidated over a five to ten year period.

Main Street's external asset management business is conducted through its External Investment Manager. The External Investment Manager earns management fees based on the assets of the funds under management and may earn incentive fees, or a carried interest, based on the performance of the funds managed. Main Street entered into an agreement with the External Investment Manager to share employees in connection with its asset management business generally, and specifically for its relationship with HMS Income Fund, Inc. ("HMS Income"). Through this agreement, Main Street shares employees with the External Investment Manager, including their related infrastructure, business relationships, management expertise and capital raising capabilities. Main Street allocates the related expenses to the External Investment Manager pursuant to the sharing agreement. Main Street's total expenses for the years ended December 31, 2018, 2017 and 2016 are net of expenses allocated to the External Investment Manager of \$6.8 million, \$6.4 million and \$5.1 million, respectively.

Investment income, consisting of interest, dividends and fees, can fluctuate dramatically due to various factors, including the level of new investment activity, repayments of debt investments or sales of equity interests. Investment income in any given year could also be highly concentrated among several portfolio

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companies. For the years ended December 31, 2018, 2017 and 2016, Main Street did not record investment income from any single portfolio company in excess of 10% of total investment income.

The following tables provide a summary of Main Street's investments in the LMM, Middle Market and Private Loan portfolios as of December 31, 2018 and 2017 (this information excludes the Other Portfolio investments and the External Investment Manager which are discussed further below):

	As of December 31, 2018		
	LMM(a)	Middle Market	Private Loan
	(dollars in millions)		
Number of portfolio companies	69	56	59
Fair value	\$ 1,195.0	\$ 576.9	\$ 507.9
Cost	\$ 990.9	\$ 608.8	\$ 553.3
% of portfolio at cost debt	68.7%	96.3%	93.0%
% of portfolio at cost equity	31.3%	3.7%	7.0%
% of debt investments at cost secured by first priority lien	98.5%	87.9%	92.0%
Weighted-average annual effective yield(b)	12.3%	9.6%	10.4%
Average EBITDA(c)	\$ 4.7	\$ 99.1	\$ 46.1

- (a) At December 31, 2018, Main Street had equity ownership in approximately 99% of its LMM portfolio companies, and the average fully diluted equity ownership in those portfolio companies was approximately 40%.
- (b) The weighted-average annual effective yields were computed using the effective interest rates for all debt investments at cost as of December 31, 2018, including amortization of deferred debt origination fees and accretion of original issue discount but excluding fees payable upon repayment of the debt instruments and any debt investments on non-accrual status. The weighted-average annual effective yield is higher than what an investor in shares of Main Street's common stock will realize on its investment because it does not reflect Main Street's expenses or any sales load paid by an investor.
- (c) The average EBITDA is calculated using a simple average for the LMM portfolio and a weighted-average for the Middle Market and Private Loan portfolios. These calculations exclude certain portfolio companies, including two LMM portfolio companies, one Middle Market portfolio company and four Private Loan portfolio companies, as EBITDA is not a meaningful valuation metric for Main Street's

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investments in these portfolio companies, and those portfolio companies whose primary purpose is to own real estate.

	As of December 31, 2017		
	LMM(a)	Middle Market	Private Loan
	(dollars in millions)		
Number of portfolio companies	70	62	54
Fair value	\$ 948.2	\$ 609.3	\$ 467.5
Cost	\$ 776.5	\$ 629.7	\$ 489.2
% of portfolio at cost debt	67.1%	97.3%	93.6%
% of portfolio at cost equity	32.9%	2.7%	6.4%
% of debt investments at cost secured by first priority lien	98.1%	90.5%	94.5%
Weighted-average annual effective yield(b)	12.0%	9.0%	9.2%
Average EBITDA(c)	\$ 4.4	\$ 78.3	\$ 39.6

- (a) At December 31, 2017, Main Street had equity ownership in approximately 97% of its LMM portfolio companies, and the average fully diluted equity ownership in those portfolio companies was approximately 39%.
- (b) The weighted-average annual effective yields were computed using the effective interest rates for all debt investments at cost as of December 31, 2017, including amortization of deferred debt origination fees and accretion of original issue discount but excluding fees payable upon repayment of the debt instruments and any debt investments on non-accrual status. The weighted-average annual effective yield is higher than what an investor in shares of Main Street's common stock will realize on its investment because it does not reflect Main Street's expenses or any sales load paid by an investor.
- (c) The average EBITDA is calculated using a simple average for the LMM portfolio and a weighted-average for the Middle Market and Private Loan portfolios. These calculations exclude certain portfolio companies, including six LMM portfolio companies, one Middle Market portfolio company and three Private Loan portfolio companies, as EBITDA is not a meaningful valuation metric for Main Street's investments in these portfolio companies, and those portfolio companies whose primary purpose is to own real estate.

As of December 31, 2018, Main Street had Other Portfolio investments in eleven companies, collectively totaling approximately \$108.3 million in fair value and approximately \$116.0 million in cost basis and which comprised approximately 4.4% of Main Street's Investment Portfolio at fair value. As of December 31, 2017, Main Street had Other Portfolio investments in eleven companies, collectively totaling approximately \$104.6 million in fair value and approximately \$109.4 million in cost basis and which comprised approximately 4.8% of Main Street's Investment Portfolio at fair value.

As discussed further in Note A.1., Main Street holds an investment in the External Investment Manager, a wholly owned subsidiary that is treated as a portfolio investment. As of December 31, 2018, there was no cost basis in this investment and the investment had a fair value of approximately \$65.7 million, which comprised approximately 2.7% of Main Street's Investment Portfolio at fair value. As of December 31, 2017, there was no cost basis in this investment and the investment had a fair value of approximately \$41.8 million, which comprised approximately 1.9% of Main Street's Investment Portfolio at fair value.

The following tables summarize the composition of Main Street's total combined LMM portfolio investments, Middle Market portfolio investments and Private Loan portfolio investments at cost and fair value by type of investment as a percentage of the total combined LMM portfolio investments, Middle

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## MAIN STREET CAPITAL CORPORATION

## NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Market portfolio investments and Private Loan portfolio investments, as of December 31, 2018 and 2017 (this information excludes the Other Portfolio investments and the External Investment Manager).

<b>Cost:</b>	<b>December 31, 2018</b>	<b>December 31, 2017</b>
First lien debt	77.1%	79.0%
Equity	16.6%	15.3%
Second lien debt	5.3%	4.5%
Equity warrants	0.6%	0.7%
Other	0.4%	0.5%
	100.0%	100.0%

<b>Fair Value:</b>	<b>December 31, 2018</b>	<b>December 31, 2017</b>
First lien debt	69.0%	70.5%
Equity	25.5%	24.4%
Second lien debt	4.6%	4.1%
Equity warrants	0.5%	0.6%
Other	0.4%	0.4%
	100.0%	100.0%

The following tables summarize the composition of Main Street's total combined LMM portfolio investments, Middle Market portfolio investments and Private Loan portfolio investments by geographic region of the United States and other countries at cost and fair value as a percentage of the total combined LMM portfolio investments, Middle Market portfolio investments and Private Loan portfolio investments, as of December 31, 2018 and 2017 (this information excludes the Other Portfolio investments and the External Investment Manager). The geographic composition is determined by the location of the corporate headquarters of the portfolio company.

<b>Cost:</b>	<b>December 31, 2018</b>	<b>December 31, 2017</b>
West	27.2%	20.7%
Southwest	26.7%	26.1%
Midwest	19.4%	22.3%
Northeast	14.3%	15.2%
Southeast	10.0%	12.8%
Canada	1.4%	1.9%
Other Non-United States	1.0%	1.0%
	100.0%	100.0%

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## MAIN STREET CAPITAL CORPORATION

## NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Fair Value:	December 31, 2018	December 31, 2017
Southwest	28.4%	26.8%
West	28.2%	23.7%
Midwest	18.9%	20.3%
Northeast	13.4%	14.6%
Southeast	8.9%	11.9%
Canada	1.2%	1.8%
Other Non-United States	1.0%	0.9%
	100.0%	100.0%

Main Street's LMM portfolio investments, Middle Market portfolio investments and Private Loan portfolio investments are in companies conducting business in a variety of industries. The following tables summarize the composition of Main Street's total combined LMM portfolio investments, Middle Market portfolio investments and Private Loan portfolio investments by industry at cost and fair value as of

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## MAIN STREET CAPITAL CORPORATION

## NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

December 31, 2018 and 2017 (this information excludes the Other Portfolio investments and the External Investment Manager).

Cost:	December 31, 2018	December 31, 2017
Construction & Engineering	7.5%	6.4%
Media	6.5%	4.4%
Machinery	6.5%	5.2%
Energy Equipment & Services	6.4%	6.9%
Commercial Services & Supplies	4.9%	4.5%
Diversified Telecommunication Services	4.8%	4.1%
Specialty Retail	4.2%	5.3%
Internet Software & Services	4.1%	3.4%
Leisure Equipment & Products	3.9%	3.0%
IT Services	3.8%	3.9%
Aerospace & Defense	3.8%	3.3%
Food Products	3.8%	1.9%
Electronic Equipment, Instruments & Components	3.5%	3.4%
Hotels, Restaurants & Leisure	3.3%	6.2%
Oil, Gas & Consumable Fuels	3.0%	1.6%
Health Care Providers & Services	2.8%	2.9%
Professional Services	2.6%	3.7%
Computers & Peripherals	2.6%	2.8%
Software	2.6%	2.5%
Communications Equipment	2.5%	2.3%
Containers & Packaging	1.9%	0.0%
Construction Materials	1.8%	1.7%
Road & Rail	1.8%	1.0%
Distributors	1.7%	1.9%
Building Products	1.6%	1.9%
Internet & Catalog Retail	1.1%	1.3%
Diversified Financial Services	0.6%	1.6%
Health Care Equipment & Supplies	0.6%	2.0%
Diversified Consumer Services	0.4%	1.6%
Real Estate Management & Development	0.3%	1.0%
Auto Components	0.0%	1.9%
Other(1)	5.1%	6.4%
	100.0%	100.0%

(1)

Includes various industries with each industry individually less than 1.0% of the total combined LMM portfolio investments, Middle Market portfolio investments and Private Loan portfolio investments at each date.



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<b>Fair Value:</b>	<b>December 31, 2018</b>	<b>December 31, 2017</b>
Machinery	8.8%	6.4%
Construction & Engineering	7.9%	6.3%
Energy Equipment & Services	5.7%	6.2%
Media	5.4%	3.8%
Commercial Services & Supplies	4.4%	4.1%
Specialty Retail	4.2%	5.3%
Diversified Telecommunication Services	4.0%	3.4%
IT Services	3.9%	4.0%
Internet Software & Services	3.8%	3.2%
Computers & Peripherals	3.8%	3.0%
Leisure Equipment & Products	3.7%	2.9%
Aerospace & Defense	3.5%	3.1%
Food Products	3.5%	1.8%
Hotels, Restaurants & Leisure	3.2%	5.9%
Diversified Consumer Services	2.9%	5.9%
Software	2.9%	2.5%
Electronic Equipment, Instruments & Components	2.8%	2.8%
Health Care Providers & Services	2.7%	2.8%
Oil, Gas & Consumable Fuels	2.7%	1.5%
Professional Services	2.4%	3.5%
Communications Equipment	2.2%	2.2%
Construction Materials	2.1%	1.9%
Containers & Packaging	1.8%	0.0%
Road & Rail	1.8%	1.0%
Building Products	1.6%	1.8%
Distributors	1.5%	1.8%
Diversified Financial Services	0.9%	1.6%
Internet & Catalog Retail	0.8%	1.1%
Air Freight & Logistics	0.6%	1.0%
Health Care Equipment & Supplies	0.5%	2.1%
Real Estate Management & Development	0.4%	1.1%
Auto Components	0.0%	1.6%
Other(1)	3.6%	4.4%
	100.0%	100.0%

(1)

Includes various industries with each industry individually less than 1.0% of the total combined LMM portfolio investments, Middle Market portfolio investments and Private Loan portfolio investments at each date.

At December 31, 2018 and 2017, Main Street had no portfolio investment that was greater than 10% of the Investment Portfolio at fair value.

**Unconsolidated Significant Subsidiaries**

In accordance with Rules 3-09 and 4-08(g) of Regulation S-X, Main Street must determine which of its unconsolidated controlled portfolio companies, if any, are considered "significant subsidiaries." In evaluating these unconsolidated controlled portfolio companies, there are three

tests utilized to determine if any of Main

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Street's Control Investments (as defined in Note A, including those unconsolidated portfolio companies defined as Control Investments in which Main Street does not own greater than 50% of the voting securities) are considered significant subsidiaries: the investment test, the asset test and the income test. The income test is measured by dividing the absolute value of the combined total of total investment income, net realized gain (loss) and net unrealized appreciation (depreciation) from each Control Investment for the period being tested by the absolute value of Main Street's pre-tax income for the same period. Rule 3-09 of Regulation S-X, as interpreted by the SEC, requires Main Street to include separate audited financial statements of an unconsolidated majority-owned subsidiary (Control Investments in which Main Street owns greater than 50% of the voting securities) in an annual report if any of the three tests exceed 20% of Main Street's total investments at fair value, total assets or total income, respectively. Rule 4-08(g) of Regulation S-X requires summarized financial information of a Control Investment in an annual report if any of the three tests exceeds 10% of Main Street's annual total amounts and Rule 10-01(b)(1) of Regulation S-X requires summarized financial information in a quarterly report if any of the three tests exceeds 20% of Main Street's year-to-date total amounts.

As of December 31, 2018 and 2017, Main Street had no single investment that represented greater than 10% of its total Investment Portfolio at fair value and no single investment whose total assets represented greater than 10% of its total assets. After performing the income test for the year ended December 31, 2018, Main Street determined that its income from three of its Control Investments individually generated more than 10% of its total income, primarily due to the unrealized appreciation that was recognized on the investments. As such, Gamber Johnson Holdings, LLC ("GJH"), GRT Rubber Technologies LLC ("GRT") and the wholly owned External Investment Manager were each considered significant subsidiaries at the 10% income level (see further discussion and summarized financial information of the External Investment Manager in Note D). Additionally, after performing the income test for the years ended December 31, 2017 and 2016, Main Street determined that its income from one of its Control Investments individually generated more than 10% of its total income, primarily due to unrealized appreciation that was recognized on the investment. As such, CBT Nuggets, LLC ("CBT"), an unconsolidated portfolio company that was a Control Investment, but for which Main Street was not the majority owner and did not have rights to maintain greater than 50% of the board representation, was considered a significant subsidiary at the 10% level as of December 31, 2017 and 2016.

The following table shows the summarized financial information for CBT:

	<b>As of December 31,</b>		
	<b>2018</b>	<b>2017</b>	
	<b>(dollars in thousands)</b>		
<b>Balance Sheet Data</b>			
Current Assets	\$ 4,025	\$ 14,585	
Noncurrent Assets	11,372	11,769	
Current Liabilities	15,103	17,570	
Noncurrent Liabilities			
	<b>Twelve Months Ended December 31,</b>		
	<b>2018</b>	<b>2017</b>	<b>2016</b>
	<b>(dollars in thousands)</b>		
<b>Summary of Operations</b>			
Total Revenue	\$ 39,209	\$ 40,802	\$ 38,779
Gross Profit	35,160	35,837	33,661
Income from Operations	3,978	9,018	13,117
Net Income	4,868	18,379	12,819
			169

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## MAIN STREET CAPITAL CORPORATION

## NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

The following table shows the summarized financial information for GJH:

	As of December 31,	
	2018	2017
	(dollars in thousands)	
<b>Balance Sheet Data</b>		
Current Assets	\$ 17,113	\$ 13,473
Noncurrent Assets	38,038	37,177
Current Liabilities	6,825	5,769
Noncurrent Liabilities	26,857	27,959

	Twelve Months Ended December 31,		
	2018	2017	2016
	(dollars in thousands)		
<b>Summary of Operations</b>			
Total Revenue	\$ 53,715	\$ 42,429	\$ 31,581
Gross Profit	20,927	17,067	13,380
Income from Operations	5,374	3,149	3,712
Net Income	2,799	(486)	1,865

The following table shows the summarized financial information for GRT:

	As of December 31,	
	2018	2017
	(dollars in thousands)	
<b>Balance Sheet Data</b>		
Current Assets	\$ 8,399	\$ 8,375
Noncurrent Assets	24,242	28,121
Current Liabilities	2,870	3,577
Noncurrent Liabilities	14,445	15,876

	Twelve Months Ended December 31,		
	2018	2017	2016
	(dollars in thousands)		
<b>Summary of Operations</b>			
Total Revenue	\$ 37,821	\$ 31,165	\$ 26,140
Gross Profit	9,526	6,737	6,330
Income from Operations	4,934	2,329	2,181
Net Income	2,470	(103)	(270)

**NOTE D EXTERNAL INVESTMENT MANAGER**

As discussed further in Note A.1., the External Investment Manager provides investment management and other services to External Parties. The External Investment Manager is accounted for as a portfolio investment of MSCC since the External Investment Manager conducts all of its investment management activities for External Parties.

During May 2012, Main Street entered into an investment sub-advisory agreement with HMS Adviser, LP ("HMS Adviser"), which is the investment advisor to HMS Income, a non-listed BDC, to



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**MAIN STREET CAPITAL CORPORATION**

**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)**

provide certain investment advisory services to HMS Adviser. In December 2013, after obtaining required no-action relief from the SEC to allow it to own a registered investment adviser, Main Street assigned the sub-advisory agreement to the External Investment Manager since the fees received from such arrangement could otherwise have negative consequences on MSCC's ability to meet the source-of-income requirement necessary for it to maintain its RIC tax treatment. Under the investment sub-advisory agreement, the External Investment Manager is entitled to 50% of the base management fee and the incentive fees earned by HMS Adviser under its advisory agreement with HMS Income. The External Investment Manager has conditionally agreed to waive the historical incentive fees otherwise earned. During the years ended December 31, 2018, 2017 and 2016, the External Investment Manager earned \$11.6 million, \$10.9 million and \$9.5 million, respectively, of management fees (net of fees waived, if any) under the sub-advisory agreement with HMS Adviser.

The investment in the External Investment Manager is accounted for using fair value accounting, with the fair value determined by Main Street and approved, in good faith, by Main Street's Board of Directors. Main Street determines the fair value of the External Investment Manager using the Waterfall valuation method under the market approach (see further discussion in Note B.1.). Any change in fair value of the investment in the External Investment Manager is recognized on Main Street's consolidated statements of operations in "Net Unrealized Appreciation (Depreciation) Control investments."

The External Investment Manager is an indirect wholly owned subsidiary of MSCC owned through a Taxable Subsidiary and is a disregarded entity for tax purposes. The External Investment Manager has entered into a tax sharing agreement with its Taxable Subsidiary owner. Since the External Investment Manager is accounted for as a portfolio investment of MSCC and is not included as a consolidated subsidiary of MSCC in MSCC's consolidated financial statements, and as a result of the tax sharing agreement with its Taxable Subsidiary owner, for financial reporting purposes the External Investment Manager is treated as if it is taxed at normal corporate tax rates based on its taxable income and, as a result of its activities, may generate income tax expense or benefit. Main Street owns the External Investment Manager through the Taxable Subsidiary to allow MSCC to continue to comply with the "source-of-income" requirements contained in the RIC tax provisions of the Code. The taxable income, or loss, of the External Investment Manager may differ from its book income, or loss, due to temporary book and tax timing differences and permanent differences. As a result of the above described financial reporting and tax treatment, the External Investment Manager provides for any income tax expense, or benefit, and any tax assets or liabilities in its separate financial statements.

Main Street shares employees with the External Investment Manager and allocates costs related to such shared employees to the External Investment Manager generally based on a combination of the direct time spent, new investment origination activity and assets under management, depending on the nature of the expense. For the years ended December 31, 2018, 2017 and 2016, Main Street allocated \$6.8 million, \$6.4 million and \$5.1 million of total expenses, respectively, to the External Investment Manager. The total contribution of the External Investment Manager to Main Street's net investment income consists of the combination of the expenses allocated to the External Investment Manager and the dividend income received from the External Investment Manager. For the years ended December 31, 2018, 2017 and 2016, the total contribution to Main Street's net investment income was \$10.6 million, \$9.4 million and \$7.9 million, respectively.

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Summarized financial information from the separate financial statements of the External Investment Manager as of December 31, 2018 and 2017 and for the years ended December 31, 2018, 2017 and 2016 is as follows:

	As of December 31,	
	2018	2017
	(dollars in thousands)	
Cash	\$	\$
Accounts receivable HMS Income	2,947	2,863
<b>Total assets</b>	<b>\$ 2,947</b>	<b>\$ 2,863</b>
Accounts payable to MSCC and its subsidiaries	\$ 1,786	\$ 1,963
Dividend payable to MSCC and its subsidiaries	1,161	900
Equity		
<b>Total liabilities and equity</b>	<b>\$ 2,947</b>	<b>\$ 2,863</b>

	Year Ended December 31,		
	2018	2017	2016
	(dollars in thousands)		
Management fee income	\$ 11,592	\$ 10,946	\$ 9,540
Expenses allocated from MSCC or its subsidiaries:			
Salaries, share-based compensation and other personnel costs	(4,324)	(3,989)	(3,470)
Other G&A expenses	(2,444)	(2,381)	(1,619)
<b>Total allocated expenses</b>	<b>(6,768)</b>	<b>(6,370)</b>	<b>(5,089)</b>
Pre-tax income	4,824	4,576	4,451
Tax expense	(1,002)	(1,544)	(1,623)
<b>Net income</b>	<b>\$ 3,822</b>	<b>\$ 3,032</b>	<b>\$ 2,828</b>

**NOTE E DEBT****SBIC Debentures**

Under existing SBA regulations, SBA approved SBICs under common control have the ability to issue debentures guaranteed by the SBA up to a regulatory maximum amount of \$350.0 million. Main Street, through the Funds, has an effective maximum amount of \$346.0 million following the prepayment of \$4.0 million of existing SBIC debentures as discussed below. SBIC debentures payable were \$345.8 million and \$295.8 million at December 31, 2018 and 2017, respectively. SBIC debentures provide for interest to be paid semiannually, with principal due at the applicable 10-year maturity date of each debenture. During the year ended December 31, 2018, Main Street issued \$54.0 million of SBIC

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debentures and opportunistically prepaid \$4.0 million of existing SBIC debentures as part of an effort to manage the maturity dates of the oldest SBIC debentures. As a result of this prepayment, Main Street recognized a realized loss of \$1.4 million due to the previously recognized gain recorded as a result of recording the MSC II debentures at fair value on the date of the acquisition of the majority interests of MSC II. The effect of the realized loss is offset by the reversal of all previously recognized unrealized depreciation due to fair value adjustments since the date of the acquisition. Main Street expects to issue new SBIC debentures under the SBIC program in the future in an amount up to the regulatory maximum amount for affiliated SBIC funds. The weighted-average annual



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interest rate on the SBIC debentures was 3.7% and 3.6% as of December 31, 2018 and 2017, respectively. The first principal maturity due under the existing SBIC debentures is in 2019, and the weighted-average remaining duration as of December 31, 2018 was approximately 5.6 years. For the years ended December 31, 2018, 2017 and 2016, Main Street recognized interest expense, including the amortization of upfront leverage and other miscellaneous fees, attributable to the SBIC debentures of \$12.8 million, \$10.5 million and \$10.0 million, respectively. In accordance with SBA regulations, the Funds are precluded from incurring additional non-SBIC debt without the prior approval of the SBA.

As of December 31, 2018, the recorded value of the SBIC debentures was \$338.2 million which consisted of (i) \$44.7 million recorded at fair value, or \$1.3 million less than the \$46.0 million par value of the SBIC debentures issued in MSC II, (ii) \$149.8 million par value of SBIC debentures outstanding held in MSMF, with a recorded value of \$148.0 million that was net of unamortized debt issuance costs of \$1.8 million and (iii) \$150.0 million par value of SBIC debentures held in MSC III with a recorded value of \$145.5 million that was net of unamortized debt issuance costs of \$4.5 million. As of December 31, 2018, if Main Street had adopted the fair value option under ASC 825 for all of its SBIC debentures, Main Street estimates the fair value of its SBIC debentures would be approximately \$310.0 million, or \$35.8 million less than the \$345.8 million face value of the SBIC debentures.

The maturity dates and fixed interest rates for Main Street's SBIC Debentures as of December 31, 2018 and 2017 are summarized in the following table:

<b>Maturity Date</b>	<b>Fixed Interest Rate</b>	<b>December 31, 2018</b>	<b>December 31, 2017</b>
9/1/2019	4.95%	16,000,000	20,000,000
3/1/2020	4.51%	10,000,000	10,000,000
9/1/2020	3.50%	35,000,000	35,000,000
9/1/2020	3.93%	10,000,000	10,000,000
3/1/2021	4.37%	10,000,000	10,000,000
3/1/2021	4.60%	20,000,000	20,000,000
9/1/2021	3.39%	10,000,000	10,000,000
9/1/2022	2.53%	5,000,000	5,000,000
3/1/2023	3.16%	16,000,000	16,000,000
3/1/2024	3.95%	39,000,000	39,000,000
3/1/2024	3.55%	24,800,000	24,800,000
3/1/2027	3.52%	40,400,000	40,400,000
9/1/2027	3.19%	34,600,000	34,600,000
3/1/2028	3.41%	43,000,000	21,000,000
9/1/2028	3.55%	32,000,000	
Ending Balance		345,800,000	295,800,000

**Credit Facility**

Main Street maintains the Credit Facility to provide additional liquidity to support its investment and operational activities. The Credit Facility was amended and restated during 2018 to provide for an increase in total commitments from \$585.0 million to \$705.0 million and to increase the diversified group of lenders to eighteen, eliminate interest rate adjustments previously subject to Main Street's maintenance of an investment grade rating and extend the final maturity by two years to September 2023. The amended Credit Facility also contains an upsized accordion feature which allows Main Street to increase the total commitments under the

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facility to up to \$800.0 million from new and existing lenders on the same terms and conditions as the existing commitments.

Borrowings under the Credit Facility bear interest, subject to Main Street's election, on a per annum basis at a rate equal to the applicable LIBOR rate (2.5% as of December 31, 2018) plus (i) 1.875% (or the applicable base rate (Prime Rate of 5.5% as of December 31, 2018) plus 0.875%) as long as Main Street meets certain agreed upon excess collateral and maximum leverage requirements or (ii) 2.0% (or the applicable base rate plus 1.0%) otherwise. Main Street pays unused commitment fees of 0.25% per annum on the unused lender commitments under the Credit Facility. The Credit Facility is secured by a first lien on the assets of MSCC and its subsidiaries, excluding the equity ownership or assets of the Funds and the External Investment Manager. The Credit Facility contains certain affirmative and negative covenants, including but not limited to: (i) maintaining a minimum availability of at least 10% of the borrowing base, (ii) maintaining an interest coverage ratio of at least 2.0 to 1.0, (iii) maintaining an asset coverage ratio (tangible net worth to Credit Facility borrowings) of at least 1.5 to 1.0 and (iv) maintaining a minimum tangible net worth. The Credit Facility is provided on a revolving basis through its final maturity date in September 2023, and contains two, one-year extension options which could extend the final maturity by up to two years, subject to certain conditions, including lender approval.

At December 31, 2018, Main Street had \$301.0 million in borrowings outstanding under the Credit Facility. As of December 31, 2018, if Main Street had adopted the fair value option under ASC 825 for its Credit Facility, Main Street estimates its fair value would approximate its recorded value. Main Street recognized interest expense related to the Credit Facility, including unused commitment fees and amortization of deferred issuance costs, of \$11.7 million, \$10.6 million and \$9.2 million, respectively, for the years ended December 31, 2018, 2017 and 2016. As of December 31, 2018, the interest rate on the Credit Facility was 4.2% and the average interest rate for the year ended December 31, 2018 was 3.9%. As of December 31, 2018, Main Street was in compliance with all financial covenants of the Credit Facility.

**6.125% Notes**

In April 2013, Main Street issued \$92.0 million, including the underwriters' full exercise of their option to purchase additional principal amounts to cover over-allotments, in aggregate principal amount of 6.125% Notes due 2023 (the "6.125% Notes"). The 6.125% Notes bore interest at a rate of 6.125% per year payable quarterly on January 1, April 1, July 1 and October 1 of each year. The total net proceeds to Main Street from the 6.125% Notes, after underwriting discounts and estimated offering expenses payable, were approximately \$89.0 million. On April 2, 2018, Main Street redeemed the entire principal amount of the issued and outstanding 6.125% Notes effective April 1, 2018 (the "Redemption Date"). The 6.125% Notes were redeemed at par value, plus the accrued and unpaid interest thereon from January 1, 2018, through, but excluding, the Redemption Date. As part of the redemption, Main Street recognized a realized loss on extinguishment of debt of \$1.5 million in the second quarter of 2018 related to the write-off of the related unamortized deferred financing costs. Main Street recognized interest expense related to the 6.125% Notes, including amortization of unamortized deferred issuance costs, of \$1.5 million for the year ended December 31 2018 and \$5.9 million for each of the years ended December 31, 2017 and 2016.

**4.50% Notes due 2019**

In November 2014, Main Street issued \$175.0 million in aggregate principal amount of 4.50% unsecured notes due 2019 (the "4.50% Notes due 2019") at an issue price of 99.53%. The 4.50% Notes due 2019 are unsecured obligations and rank pari passu with Main Street's current and future unsecured indebtedness; senior to any of its future indebtedness that expressly provides it is subordinated to the 4.50% Notes due 2019; effectively subordinated to all of its existing and future secured indebtedness, to the extent of the value

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of the assets securing such indebtedness, including borrowings under the Credit Facility; and structurally subordinated to all existing and future indebtedness and other obligations of any of its subsidiaries, including without limitation, the indebtedness of the Funds. The 4.50% Notes due 2019 mature on December 1, 2019, and may be redeemed in whole or in part at any time at Main Street's option subject to certain make-whole provisions. The 4.50% Notes due 2019 bear interest at a rate of 4.50% per year payable semiannually on June 1 and December 1 of each year. The total net proceeds from the 4.50% Notes due 2019, resulting from the issue price and after underwriting discounts and estimated offering expenses payable, were approximately \$171.2 million. Main Street may from time to time repurchase the 4.50% Notes due 2019 in accordance with the 1940 Act and the rules promulgated thereunder. As of December 31, 2018, the outstanding balance of the 4.50% Notes due 2019 was \$175.0 million and the recorded value of \$174.3 million was net of unamortized debt issuance costs of \$0.7 million. As of December 31, 2018, if Main Street had adopted the fair value option under ASC 825 for the 4.50% Notes due 2019, Main Street estimates its fair value would be approximately \$175.0 million. Main Street recognized interest expense related to the 4.50% Notes due 2019, including amortization of unamortized deferred issuance costs, of \$8.6 million for each of the years ended December 31, 2018, 2017 and 2016.

The indenture governing the 4.50% Notes due 2019 (the "4.50% Notes due 2019 Indenture") contains certain covenants, including covenants requiring Main Street's compliance with (regardless of whether Main Street is subject to) the asset coverage requirements set forth in Section 18(a)(1)(A) as modified by Section 61(a)(1) of the 1940 Act, as well as covenants requiring Main Street to provide financial information to the holders of the 4.50% Notes due 2019 and the Trustee if Main Street ceases to be subject to the reporting requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act"). These covenants are subject to limitations and exceptions that are described in the 4.50% Notes due 2019 Indenture. As of December 31, 2018, Main Street was in compliance with these covenants.

**4.50% Notes due 2022**

In November 2017, Main Street issued \$185.0 million in aggregate principal amount of 4.50% unsecured notes due 2022 (the "4.50% Notes due 2022") at an issue price of 99.16%. The 4.50% Notes due 2022 are unsecured obligations and rank pari passu with Main Street's current and future unsecured indebtedness; senior to any of its future indebtedness that expressly provides it is subordinated to the 4.50% Notes due 2022; effectively subordinated to all of its existing and future secured indebtedness, to the extent of the value of the assets securing such indebtedness, including borrowings under its Credit Facility; and structurally subordinated to all existing and future indebtedness and other obligations of any of its subsidiaries, including without limitation, the indebtedness of the Funds. The 4.50% Notes due 2022 mature on December 1, 2022, and may be redeemed in whole or in part at any time at Main Street's option subject to certain make-whole provisions. The 4.50% Notes due 2022 bear interest at a rate of 4.50% per year payable semiannually on June 1 and December 1 of each year. The total net proceeds from the 4.50% Notes due 2022, resulting from the issue price and after underwriting discounts and estimated offering expenses payable, were approximately \$182.2 million. Main Street may from time to time repurchase the 4.50% Notes due 2022 in accordance with the 1940 Act and the rules promulgated thereunder. As of December 31, 2018, the outstanding balance of the 4.50% Notes due 2022 was \$185.0 million and the recorded value of \$182.6 million was net of unamortized debt issuance costs of \$2.4 million. As of December 31, 2018, if Main Street had adopted the fair value option under ASC 825 for the 4.50% Notes due 2022, Main Street estimates its fair value would be approximately \$186.2 million. Main Street recognized interest expense related to the 4.50% Notes due 2022, including amortization of unamortized deferred issuance costs, of \$9.0 million and \$0.9 million for the years ended December 31, 2018 and 2017, respectively.

The indenture governing the 4.50% Notes due 2022 (the "4.50% Notes due 2022 Indenture") contains certain covenants, including covenants requiring Main Street's compliance with (regardless of whether Main

Table of Contents**MAIN STREET CAPITAL CORPORATION****NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)**

Street is subject to the asset coverage requirements set forth in Section 18(a)(1)(A) as modified by Section 61(a)(1) of the 1940 Act, as well as covenants requiring Main Street to provide financial information to the holders of the 4.50% Notes due 2022 and the Trustee if Main Street ceases to be subject to the reporting requirements of the Exchange Act. These covenants are subject to limitations and exceptions that are described in the 4.50% Notes due 2022 Indenture. As of December 31, 2018, Main Street was in compliance with these covenants.

**Contractual Payment Obligations**

A summary of Main Street's contractual payment obligations for the repayment of outstanding indebtedness at December 31, 2018 is as follows:

	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	Thereafter	Total
SBIC debentures	\$ 16,000	\$ 55,000	\$ 40,000	\$ 5,000	\$ 16,000	\$ 213,800	\$ 345,800
4.50% Notes due 2019	175,000						175,000
4.50% Notes due 2022				185,000			185,000
Credit Facility					301,000		301,000
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$ 191,000</b>	<b>\$ 55,000</b>	<b>\$ 40,000</b>	<b>\$ 190,000</b>	<b>\$ 317,000</b>	<b>\$ 213,800</b>	<b>\$ 1,006,800</b>

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## MAIN STREET CAPITAL CORPORATION

## NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

## NOTE F FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Per Share Data:	Twelve Months Ended December 31,				
	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
NAV at the beginning of the period	\$ 23.53	\$ 22.10	\$ 21.24	\$ 20.85	\$ 19.89
Net investment income(1)	2.60	2.39	2.23	2.18	2.20
Net realized gain (loss)(1)(2)	(0.03)	0.19	0.56	(0.43)	0.53
Net unrealized appreciation (depreciation)(1)(2)	0.32	0.86	(0.14)	0.20	(0.27)
Income tax benefit (provision)(1)(2)	(0.09)	(0.43)	0.02	0.18	(0.15)
Net increase in net assets resulting from operations(1)	2.80	3.01	2.67	2.13	2.31
Dividends paid from net investment income	(2.69)	(2.47)	(1.99)	(2.49)	(2.17)
Distributions from capital gains	(0.16)	(0.32)	(0.74)	(0.16)	(0.38)
Total dividends paid	(2.85)	(2.79)	(2.73)	(2.65)	(2.55)
Impact of the net change in monthly dividends declared prior to the end of the period and paid in the subsequent period	(0.01)	(0.01)	(0.01)	(0.01)	(0.01)
Accretive effect of stock offerings (issuing shares above NAV per share)	0.47	1.07	0.76	0.74	1.07
Accretive effect of DRIP issuance (issuing shares above NAV per share)	0.09	0.06	0.08	0.12	0.12
Other(3)	0.06	0.09	0.09	0.06	0.02
NAV at the end of the period	\$ 24.09	\$ 23.53	\$ 22.10	\$ 21.24	\$ 20.85
Market value at the end of the period	\$ 33.81	\$ 39.73	\$ 36.77	\$ 29.08	\$ 29.24
Shares outstanding at the end of the period	61,264,861	58,660,680	54,354,857	50,413,744	45,079,150

(1) Based on weighted-average number of common shares outstanding for the period.

(2) Net realized gains or losses, net unrealized appreciation or depreciation, and income taxes can fluctuate significantly from period to period.

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- (3) Includes the impact of the different share amounts as a result of calculating certain per share data based on the weighted-average basic shares outstanding during the period and certain per share data based on the shares outstanding as of a period end or transaction date.

	Twelve Months Ended December 31,				
	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
	(dollars in thousands)				
NAV at end of period	\$ 1,476,049	\$ 1,380,368	\$ 1,201,481	\$ 1,070,894	\$ 939,982
Average NAV	\$ 1,441,163	\$ 1,287,639	\$ 1,118,567	\$ 1,055,313	\$ 885,568
Average outstanding debt	\$ 947,694	\$ 843,993	\$ 801,048	\$ 759,396	\$ 575,524
Ratio of total expenses, including income tax expense, to average NAV(1)	5.75%	7.37%	5.48%	4.63%	5.82%
Ratio of operating expenses to average NAV(2)	5.32%	5.47%	5.59%	5.45%	5.11%
Ratio of operating expenses, excluding interest expense, to average NAV(2)	2.30%	2.63%	2.58%	2.41%	2.44%
Ratio of net investment income to average NAV	10.87%	10.51%	10.35%	10.15%	10.79%
Portfolio turnover ratio	29.13%	38.18%	24.63%	25.37%	35.71%
Total investment return(3)	8.25%	16.02%	37.36%	8.49%	3.09%
Total return based on change in NAV(4)	12.19%	14.20%	12.97%	11.11%	12.71%

- (1) Total expenses are the sum of operating expenses and net income tax provision/benefit. Net income tax provision/benefit includes the accrual of net deferred tax provision/benefit relating to the net unrealized appreciation/depreciation on portfolio investments held in Taxable Subsidiaries and due to the change in the loss carryforwards, which are non-cash in nature and may vary significantly from period to period. Main Street is required to include net deferred tax provision/benefit in calculating its total expenses even though these net deferred taxes are not currently payable/receivable.
- (2) Unless otherwise noted, operating expenses include interest, compensation, general and administrative and share-based compensation expenses, net of expenses allocated to the External Investment Manager.
- (3) Total investment return is based on the purchase of stock at the current market price on the first day and a sale at the current market price on the last day of each period reported on the table and assumes reinvestment of dividends at prices obtained by Main Street's dividend reinvestment plan during the period. The return does not reflect any sales load that may be paid by an investor.
- (4) Total return is based on change in net asset value was calculated using the sum of ending net asset value plus dividends to stockholders and other non-operating changes during the period, as divided by the beginning net asset value. Non-operating changes include any items that affect net asset value other than the net increase in net assets resulting from operations, such as the effects of stock offerings, shares issued under the DRIP and equity incentive plans and other miscellaneous items.

**NOTE G DIVIDENDS, DISTRIBUTIONS AND TAXABLE INCOME**

During 2018, Main Street paid supplemental dividends of \$0.275 per share in each of June and December 2018, regular monthly dividends of \$0.190 per share for each month of January through September 2018, regular monthly dividends of \$0.195 per share for each month of October through December 2018, with such dividends totaling \$170.9 million, or \$2.845 per share. The 2018 regular monthly dividends, which total \$137.5 million, or \$2.295 per share, represent a 2.7% increase from the regular monthly dividends paid per share for the year ended 2017. For tax purposes, the 2018 dividends, which included the effects of dividends on an accrual basis, total \$2.85 per share and were comprised of (i) ordinary income totaling approximately \$2.270 per share, (ii) long term capital gain totaling approximately \$0.375 per share, and (iii) qualified dividend income totaling approximately \$0.205 per share. As of December 31, 2018, Main Street estimates that it has generated undistributed taxable income of approximately \$53.4 million, or \$0.87 per share, that will be carried forward toward distributions to be paid in

2019. For the years ended

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December 31, 2017 and 2016, Main Street paid total dividends of approximately \$157.6 million, or \$2.785 per share, and \$141.6 million, or \$2.725 per share, respectively.

MSCC has elected to be treated for U.S. federal income tax purposes as a RIC. MSCC's taxable income includes the taxable income generated by MSCC and certain of its subsidiaries, including the Funds, which are treated as disregarded entities for tax purposes. As a RIC, MSCC generally will not pay corporate-level U.S. federal income taxes on any net ordinary taxable income or capital gains that MSCC distributes to its stockholders. MSCC must generally distribute at least 90% of its "investment company taxable income" (which is generally its net ordinary taxable income and realized net short-term capital gains in excess of realized net long-term capital losses) and 90% of its tax-exempt income to maintain its RIC status (pass-through tax treatment for amounts distributed). As part of maintaining RIC status, undistributed taxable income (subject to a 4% non-deductible U.S. federal excise tax) pertaining to a given fiscal year may be distributed up to 12 months subsequent to the end of that fiscal year, provided such dividends are declared on or prior to the later of (i) filing of the U.S. federal income tax return for the applicable fiscal year or (ii) the fifteenth day of the ninth month following the close of the year in which such taxable income was generated.

Ordinary dividend distributions from a RIC do not qualify for the 20% maximum tax rate (plus a 3.8% Medicare surtax, if applicable) on dividend income from domestic corporations and qualified foreign corporations, except to the extent that the RIC received the income in the form of qualifying dividends from domestic corporations and qualified foreign corporations. The tax attributes for distributions will generally include both ordinary income and capital gains, but may also include qualified dividends or return of capital. The tax character of distributions paid for the years ended December 31, 2018, 2017 and 2016 was as follows:

	<b>Twelve Months Ended December 31,</b>		
	<b>2018</b>	<b>2017</b>	<b>2016</b>
	<b>(dollars in thousands)</b>		
Ordinary income(1)	\$ 136,934	\$ 126,540	\$ 100,059
Qualified dividends	12,277	4,656	2,992
Distributions of long term capital gains	22,513	27,479	39,522
Distributions on tax basis	\$ 171,724	\$ 158,675	\$ 142,573

- (1) The years ended December 31, 2018, 2017 and 2016 include \$1.4 million, \$1.5 million and \$1.6 million, respectively, that was reported as compensation for services for tax purposes in accordance with Section 83 of the Code.



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## MAIN STREET CAPITAL CORPORATION

## NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Listed below is a reconciliation of "Net increase in net assets resulting from operations" to taxable income and to total distributions declared to common stockholders for the years ended December 31, 2018, 2017 and 2016.

	Year Ended December 31,		
	2018	2017	2016
	(estimated, dollars in thousands)		
Net increase in net assets resulting from operations	\$ 168,213	\$ 170,622	\$ 138,899
Book-tax difference from share-based compensation expense	(1,430)	(867)	1,619
Net unrealized (appreciation) depreciation	(19,275)	(48,757)	7,519
Income tax provision (benefit)	6,152	24,471	(1,227)
Pre-tax book (income) loss not consolidated for tax purposes	(454)	2,357	15,742
Book income and tax income differences, including debt origination, structuring fees, dividends, realized gains and changes in estimates	17,649	10,844	(7,300)
Estimated taxable income(1)	170,855	158,670	155,252
Taxable income earned in prior year and carried forward for distribution in current year	42,357	42,362	29,683
Taxable income earned prior to period end and carried forward for distribution next period	(53,436)	(53,503)	(52,410)
Dividend payable as of period end and paid in the following period	11,948	11,146	10,048
Total distributions accrued or paid to common stockholders	\$ 171,724	\$ 158,675	\$ 142,573

(1)

Main Street's taxable income for each period is an estimate and will not be finally determined until the company files its tax return for each year. Therefore, the final taxable income, and the taxable income earned in each period and carried forward for distribution in the following period, may be different than this estimate.

The Taxable Subsidiaries primarily hold certain portfolio investments for Main Street. The Taxable Subsidiaries permit Main Street to hold equity investments in portfolio companies which are "pass-through" entities for tax purposes and to continue to comply with the "source-of-income" requirements contained in the RIC tax provisions of the Code. The Taxable Subsidiaries are consolidated with Main Street for U.S. GAAP financial reporting purposes, and the portfolio investments held by the Taxable Subsidiaries are included in Main Street's consolidated financial statements as portfolio investments and recorded at fair value. The Taxable Subsidiaries are not consolidated with MSCC for income tax purposes and may generate income tax expense, or benefit, and tax assets and liabilities, as a result of their ownership of certain portfolio investments. The taxable income, or loss, of the Taxable Subsidiaries may differ from their book income, or loss, due to temporary book and tax timing differences and permanent differences. The Taxable Subsidiaries are each taxed at their normal corporate tax rates based on their taxable income. The income tax expense, or benefit, if any, and the related tax assets and liabilities, of the Taxable Subsidiaries are reflected in Main Street's consolidated financial statements.

The income tax expense, or benefit, and the related tax assets and liabilities generated by the Taxable Subsidiaries, if any, are reflected in Main Street's consolidated statement of operations. Main Street's

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provision for income taxes was comprised of the following for the years ended December 31, 2018, 2017 and 2016 (amounts in thousands):

	Twelve Months Ended December 31,		
	2018	2017	2016
Current tax expense (benefit):			
Federal	\$ (2,398)	\$ 1,865	\$ 1
State	1,688	1,415	347
Total current tax expense (benefit)	(710)	3,280	348
Deferred tax expense (benefit):			
Federal	3,763	15,248	(5,359)
State	2,070	4,017	2,043
Total deferred tax expense (benefit)	5,833	19,265	(3,316)
Excise tax	1,029	1,926	1,741
Total income tax provision (benefit)	\$ 6,152	\$ 24,471	\$ (1,227)

MSCC operates in a manner to maintain its RIC status and to eliminate corporate-level U.S. federal income tax (other than the 4% excise tax) by distributing sufficient investment company taxable income and long-term capital gains. As a result, MSCC will have an effective tax rate equal to 0% before the excise tax and income taxes incurred by the Taxable Subsidiaries. As such, a reconciliation of the differences between Main Street's reported income tax expense and its tax expense at the federal statutory rate of 21% is not meaningful.

As of December 31, 2018, the cost of investments for U.S. federal income tax purposes was \$2,244.0 million, with such investments having a gross unrealized appreciation of \$385.6 million and gross unrealized depreciation of \$172.0 million.

The net deferred tax liability at December 31, 2018 was \$17.0 million compared to \$10.6 million at December 31, 2017, primarily related to loss carryforwards, timing differences in net unrealized appreciation or depreciation and other temporary book-tax differences relating to portfolio investments held by the Taxable Subsidiaries. The net deferred tax liability as of December 31, 2017 equal to \$10.6 million reflects a reduction of \$2.8 million resulting from the decrease in the U.S. federal corporate income tax rate from 35% to 21% as enacted by the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act (see further discussion in Note B.9.). For the year ended December 31, 2018, for U.S. federal income tax purposes, the Taxable Subsidiaries had capital loss carryforwards totaling approximately \$7.8 million which, if unused, will expire in taxable year 2021 and generated a capital loss carryforward of \$5.1 million which, if unused, will expire in taxable year 2023. At December 31, 2018, for U.S. federal income tax purposes, the Taxable Subsidiaries had a net operating loss carryforward from prior years which, if unused, will expire in various taxable years from 2028 through 2037. Under the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act, any net operating losses generated in 2018 and future periods will have an indefinite carryforward. The timing and manner in which Main Street will utilize any loss carryforwards generated before December 31, 2018 may be limited in the future under the provisions of the Code. Additionally, as a result of the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act, our Taxable Subsidiaries have an interest expense limitation carryforward which have an indefinite carryforward.

Management believes that the realization of the deferred tax assets is more likely than not based on expectations as to future taxable income and scheduled reversals of temporary differences. Accordingly, Main Street did not record a valuation allowance related to its deferred tax assets at December 31, 2018 and

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## MAIN STREET CAPITAL CORPORATION

## NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

2017. The following table sets forth the significant components of net deferred tax assets and liabilities as of December 31, 2018 and 2017 (amounts in thousands):

	Years Ended December 31,	
	2018	2017
<b>Deferred tax assets:</b>		
Net operating loss carryforwards	\$ 29,546	\$ 28,422
Interest Expense Carryforwards	5,199	
Capital loss carryforwards	2,795	1,011
Other	1,532	893
Total deferred tax assets	39,072	30,326
<b>Deferred tax liabilities:</b>		
Net unrealized appreciation of portfolio investments	(37,137)	(31,711)
Net basis differences in portfolio investments	(18,961)	(9,168)
Other		
Total deferred tax liabilities	(56,098)	(40,879)
Total deferred tax asset (liabilities), net	\$ (17,026)	\$ (10,553)

**NOTE H COMMON STOCK**

Main Street maintains a program with certain selling agents through which it can sell shares of its common stock by means of at-the-market offerings from time to time (the "ATM Program"). During the year ended December 31, 2018, Main Street sold 2,060,019 shares of its common stock at a weighted-average price of \$38.48 per share and raised \$79.3 million of gross proceeds under the ATM Program. Net proceeds were \$78.0 million after commissions to the selling agents on shares sold and offering costs. As of December 31, 2018, 2,994,469 shares remained available for sale under the ATM Program.

During the year ended December 31, 2017, Main Street sold 3,944,972 shares of its common stock at a weighted-average price of \$38.72 per share and raised \$152.8 million of gross proceeds under the ATM Program. Net proceeds were \$150.9 million after commissions to the selling agents on shares sold and offering costs.

During the year ended December 31, 2016, Main Street sold 3,324,646 shares of its common stock at a weighted-average price of \$34.17 per share and raised \$113.6 million of gross proceeds under the ATM Program. Net proceeds were \$112.0 million after commissions to the selling agents on shares sold and offering costs.

**NOTE I DIVIDEND REINVESTMENT PLAN ("DRIP")**

Main Street's DRIP provides for the reinvestment of dividends on behalf of its stockholders, unless a stockholder has elected to receive dividends in cash. As a result, if Main Street declares a cash dividend, its stockholders who have not "opted out" of the DRIP by the dividend record date will have their cash dividend automatically reinvested into additional shares of MSCC common stock. The share requirements of the DRIP may be satisfied through the issuance of shares of common stock or through open market purchases of common stock by the DRIP plan administrator. Newly issued shares will be valued based upon the final closing price of MSCC's common stock on the valuation date determined for each dividend by Main Street's Board of Directors. Shares purchased in the open market to satisfy the DRIP requirements will be valued based upon the average price of the applicable shares purchased, before any associated brokerage or other



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costs. Main Street's DRIP is administered by its transfer agent on behalf of Main Street's record holders and participating brokerage firms. Brokerage firms and other financial intermediaries may decide not to participate in Main Street's DRIP but may provide a similar dividend reinvestment plan for their clients.

For the year ended December 31, 2018, \$14.9 million of the total \$170.9 million in dividends paid to stockholders represented DRIP participation. During this period, the DRIP participation requirements were satisfied with the issuance of 394,403 newly issued shares. For the year ended December 31, 2017, \$9.2 million of the total \$157.6 million in dividends paid to stockholders represented DRIP participation. During this period, the DRIP participation requirements were satisfied with the issuance of 234,513 newly issued shares. For the year ended December 31, 2016, \$14.1 million of the total \$141.6 million in dividends paid to stockholders represented DRIP participation. During this period, the DRIP participation requirements were satisfied with the issuance of 434,631 newly issued shares. The shares disclosed above relate only to Main Street's DRIP and exclude any activity related to broker-managed dividend reinvestment plans.

**NOTE J SHARE-BASED COMPENSATION**

Main Street accounts for its share-based compensation plans using the fair value method, as prescribed by ASC 718, *Compensation - Stock Compensation*. Accordingly, for restricted stock awards, Main Street measured the grant date fair value based upon the market price of its common stock on the date of the grant and amortizes the fair value of the awards as share-based compensation expense over the requisite service period, which is generally the vesting term.

Main Street's Board of Directors approves the issuance of shares of restricted stock to Main Street employees pursuant to the Main Street Capital Corporation 2015 Equity and Incentive Plan (the "Equity and Incentive Plan"). These shares generally vest over a three-year period from the grant date. The fair value is expensed over the service period, starting on the grant date. The following table summarizes the restricted stock issuances approved by Main Street's Board of Directors under the Equity and Incentive Plan, net of shares forfeited, if any, and the remaining shares of restricted stock available for issuance as of December 31, 2018.

Restricted stock authorized under the plan	3,000,000
Less net restricted stock granted during:	
Year ended December 31, 2015	(900)
Year ended December 31, 2016	(260,514)
Year ended December 31, 2017	(223,812)
Year ended December 31, 2018	(243,779)
Restricted stock available for issuance as of December 31, 2018	2,270,995

As of December 31, 2018, the following table summarizes the restricted stock issued to Main Street's non-employee directors and the remaining shares of restricted stock available for issuance pursuant to the Main Street Capital Corporation 2015 Non-Employee Director Restricted Stock Plan. These shares are

Table of Contents**MAIN STREET CAPITAL CORPORATION****NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)**

granted upon appointment or election to the board and vest on the day immediately preceding the annual meeting of stockholders following the respective grant date and are expensed over such service period.

Restricted stock authorized under the plan	300,000
Less net restricted stock granted during:	
Year ended December 31, 2015	(6,806)
Year ended December 31, 2016	(6,748)
Year ended December 31, 2017	(5,948)
Year ended December 31, 2018	(6,376)
Restricted stock available for issuance as of December 31, 2018	274,122

For the years ended December 31, 2018, 2017 and 2016, Main Street recognized total share-based compensation expense of \$9.2 million, \$10.0 million and \$8.3 million, respectively, related to the restricted stock issued to Main Street employees and non-employee directors. As of December 31, 2018, there was \$10.8 million of total unrecognized compensation expense related to Main Street's non-vested restricted shares. This compensation expense is expected to be recognized over a remaining weighted-average period of approximately 1.8 years as of December 31, 2018.

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## MAIN STREET CAPITAL CORPORATION

## NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

## NOTE K COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

As of December 31, 2018, Main Street had the following outstanding commitments (in thousands):

	Amount
<u>Investments with equity capital commitments that have not yet funded:</u>	
<u>Congruent Credit Opportunities Funds</u>	
Congruent Credit Opportunities Fund II, LP	\$ 8,488
Congruent Credit Opportunities Fund III, LP	8,117
	\$ 16,605
<u>Encap Energy Fund Investments</u>	
EnCap Energy Capital Fund VIII, L.P.	\$ 240
EnCap Energy Capital Fund IX, L.P.	344
EnCap Energy Capital Fund X, L.P.	2,467
EnCap Flatrock Midstream Fund II, L.P.	6,311
EnCap Flatrock Midstream Fund III, L.P.	2,083
	\$ 11,445
<u>Brightwood Capital Fund Investments</u>	
Brightwood Capital Fund III, LP	\$ 3,000
Brightwood Capital Fund IV, LP	3,000
	\$ 6,000
<u>Freeport Fund Investments</u>	
Freeport Financial SBIC Fund LP	\$ 1,375
Freeport First Lien Loan Fund III LP	1,345
	\$ 2,720
<u>Harris Preston Fund Investments</u>	
HPEP 3, L.P.	\$ 3,267
EIG Fund Investments	\$ 4,668
LKCM Headwater Investments I, L.P.	\$ 2,500
<u>Dos Rios Partners</u>	
Dos Rios Partners, LP	\$ 1,594
Dos Rios Partners A, LP	506
	\$ 2,100
<u>Copper Trail Fund Investments</u>	
Copper Trail Energy Fund I, LP	\$ 1,232
I-45 SLF LLC	\$ 800
Access Media Holdings, LLC	\$ 284
Total equity commitments	\$ 51,621

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## MAIN STREET CAPITAL CORPORATION

## NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

	Amount
<i>Investments with commitments to fund revolving loans that have not been fully drawn or term loans with additional commitments not yet funded:</i>	
Independent Pet Partners Intermediate Holdings, LLC	\$ 29,089
GRT Rubber Technologies LLC	8,375
SI East, LLC	7,500
California Splendor Holdings LLC	7,409
NexRev LLC	4,000
PT Network, LLC	3,618
Hoover Group, Inc.	2,250
Boccella Precast Products LLC	2,000
Arcus Hunting LLC	1,807
Chamberlin Holding LLC	1,600
Direct Marketing Solutions, Inc.	1,600
Meisler Operating LLC	1,600
Lamb Ventures, LLC	1,500
Gamber-Johnson Holdings, LLC	1,200
Volusion, LLC	1,075
NRI Clinical Research, LLC	1,000
Aethon United BR LP	938
Kickhaefer Manufacturing Company, LLC	936
CTVSH, PLLC	800
BBB Tank Services, LLC	800
DTE Enterprises RLOC	750
ASC Ortho Management Company, LLC	750
Adams Publishing Group, LLC	750
Tedder Industries, LLC	720
HDC/HW Intermediate Holdings	640
Wireless Vision Holdings, LLC	592
Jensen Jewelers of Idaho, LLC	500
New Era Technology, Inc.	479
Barfly Ventures, LLC	368
American Nuts, LLC	280
Dynamic Communities, LLC	250
ATS Workholding, LLC	42
BigName Commerce, LLC	29
Total loan commitments	\$ 85,247
Total commitments	\$ 136,868

Main Street will fund its unfunded commitments from the same sources it uses to fund its investment commitments that are funded at the time they are made (which are typically through existing cash and cash equivalents and borrowings under the Credit Facility). Main Street follows a process to manage its liquidity and ensure that it has available capital to fund its unfunded commitments as necessary. The Company had total unrealized depreciation of \$0.3 million on the outstanding unfunded commitments as of December 31, 2018.



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## MAIN STREET CAPITAL CORPORATION

## NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Main Street has an operating lease for office space. Total rent expense incurred by Main Street for the years ended December 31 2018, 2017 and 2016 was \$0.7 million, \$0.7 million and \$0.6 million, respectively.

The following table shows future minimum payments under Main Street's operating lease as of December 31, 2018:

For the Years Ended December 31,	Amount
2019	\$ 748
2020	762
2021	776
2022	790
2023	804
Thereafter	3,429
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$ 7,309</b>

Main Street may, from time to time, be involved in litigation arising out of its operations in the normal course of business or otherwise. Furthermore, third parties may try to impose liability on Main Street in connection with the activities of its portfolio companies. While the outcome of any current legal proceedings cannot at this time be predicted with certainty, Main Street does not expect any current matters will materially affect its financial condition or results of operations; however, there can be no assurance whether any pending legal proceedings will have a material adverse effect on Main Street's financial condition or results of operations in any future reporting period.

**NOTE L SELECTED QUARTERLY DATA (UNAUDITED)**

	2018 (dollars in thousands, except per share amounts)			
	Qtr. 1	Qtr. 2	Qtr. 3	Qtr. 4
Total investment income	\$ 55,942	\$ 59,869	\$ 58,263	\$ 59,280
Net investment income	\$ 36,975	\$ 39,512	\$ 38,075	\$ 42,083
Net increase in net assets resulting from operations	\$ 34,517	\$ 55,451	\$ 68,740	\$ 9,505
Net investment income per share basic and diluted	\$ 0.63	\$ 0.66	\$ 0.63	\$ 0.69
Net increase in net assets resulting from operations per share basic and diluted	\$ 0.59	\$ 0.93	\$ 1.13	\$ 0.16

	2017 (dollars in thousands, except per share amounts)			
	Qtr. 1	Qtr. 2	Qtr. 3	Qtr. 4
Total investment income	\$ 47,889	\$ 50,271	\$ 51,786	\$ 55,795
Net investment income	\$ 31,166	\$ 32,693	\$ 34,029	\$ 37,483
Net increase in net assets resulting from operations	\$ 31,450	\$ 42,829	\$ 34,899	\$ 61,444
Net investment income per share basic and diluted	\$ 0.57	\$ 0.58	\$ 0.60	\$ 0.64
Net increase in net assets resulting from operations per share basic and diluted	\$ 0.57	\$ 0.76	\$ 0.61	\$ 1.05

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	2016 (dollars in thousands, except per share amounts)			
	Qtr. 1	Qtr. 2	Qtr. 3	Qtr. 4
Total investment income	\$ 42,006	\$ 42,902	\$ 46,599	\$ 46,830
Net investment income	\$ 27,164	\$ 27,648	\$ 30,557	\$ 30,432
Net increase in net assets resulting from operations	\$ 16,812	\$ 30,911	\$ 43,181	\$ 47,993
Net investment income per share basic and diluted	\$ 0.54	\$ 0.54	\$ 0.58	\$ 0.57
Net increase in net assets resulting from operations per share basic and diluted	\$ 0.33	\$ 0.60	\$ 0.82	\$ 0.90

**NOTE M RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS**

As discussed further in Note D, the External Investment Manager is treated as a wholly owned portfolio company of MSCC and is included as part of Main Street's Investment Portfolio. At December 31, 2018, Main Street had a receivable of approximately \$2.9 million due from the External Investment Manager which included (i) approximately \$1.8 million related primarily to operating expenses incurred by MSCC or its subsidiaries as required to support the External Investment Manager's business and amounts due from the External Investment Manager to Main Street under a tax sharing agreement (see further discussion in Note D) and (ii) approximately \$1.2 million of dividends declared but not paid by the External Investment Manager.

In November 2015, Main Street's Board of Directors approved and adopted the Main Street Capital Corporation Deferred Compensation Plan (the "2015 Deferred Compensation Plan"). The 2015 Deferred Compensation Plan became effective on January 1, 2016 and replaced the Deferred Compensation Plan for Non-Employee Directors previously adopted by the Board of Directors in June 2013 (the "2013 Deferred Compensation Plan"). Under the 2015 Deferred Compensation Plan, non-employee directors and certain key employees may defer receipt of some or all of their cash compensation and directors' fees, subject to certain limitations. Individuals participating in the 2015 Deferred Compensation Plan receive distributions of their respective balances based on predetermined payout schedules or other events as defined by the plan and are also able to direct investments made on their behalf among investment alternatives permitted from time to time under the plan, including phantom Main Street stock units. As of December 31, 2018, \$6.1 million of compensation and directors' fees had been deferred under the 2015 Deferred Compensation Plan (including amounts previously deferred under the 2013 Deferred Compensation Plan). Of this amount, \$3.3 million was deferred into phantom Main Street stock units, representing 97,344 shares of Main Street's common stock. Including phantom stock units issued through dividend reinvestment and net of any shares distributed, the phantom stock units outstanding as of December 31, 2018 represented 119,639 shares of Main Street's common stock. Any amounts deferred under the plan represented by phantom Main Street stock units will not be issued or included as outstanding on the consolidated statements of changes in net assets until such shares are actually distributed to the participant in accordance with the plan, but are included in operating expenses and weighted-average shares outstanding in Main Street's consolidated statements of operations as earned.

**NOTE N SUBSEQUENT EVENTS**

In January 2019, Main Street led a new portfolio investment to facilitate the minority recapitalization of Centre Technologies, Inc. ("Centre"), a premier provider of IT hardware, software and service solutions. Main Street, along with its co-investors, partnered with Centre's founder and Chief Executive Officer and management team to facilitate the transaction, with Main Street funding \$18.1 million in a combination of first-lien, senior secured term debt and a direct equity investment. Headquartered in Houston, Texas, and founded in 2006, Centre has established itself as a mission critical IT solutions provider offering a full suite

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**MAIN STREET CAPITAL CORPORATION**

**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)**

of solutions including managed and hosted services, value-added sourcing and integration, and project services.

In January 2019, Main Street led new portfolio investment to facilitate the management buyout of CompareNetworks Inc. ("CompareNetworks"), a leading provider of media, marketing and technology solutions that drive revenue for life science and healthcare product manufacturers. Main Street, along with its co-investors, partnered with CompareNetworks' founders and management team to facilitate the transaction, with Main Street funding \$10.7 million in a combination of first-lien, senior secured term debt and a direct equity investment. Headquartered in South San Francisco, California, and founded in 2000, CompareNetworks provides life scientists, researchers, lab-based professionals, pharmaceutical professionals and healthcare professionals with digital tools and information resources to research, identify and determine which products and technologies to use.

In January 2019, Main Street fully exited its equity investment in Boss Industries, LLC ("Boss"). Boss markets, designs and manufactures vehicle-mounted, and portable air compressor and generator systems utilized in municipal and utility services, energy product and industrial services. Main Street realized a gain of approximately \$4.0 million on the exit of its equity investment in Boss.

During February 2019, Main Street declared regular monthly dividends of \$0.200 per share for each month of April, May and June 2019. These regular monthly dividends equal a total of \$0.600 per share for the second quarter of 2019 and represent a 5.3% increase from the dividends declared for the second quarter of 2018. Including the dividends declared for the second quarter of 2019, Main Street will have paid \$25.420 per share in cumulative dividends since its October 2007 initial public offering.

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**Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm**

Board of Directors and Stockholders'  
Main Street Capital Corporation

Opinion on financial statement schedule

We have audited in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States) ("PCAOB") the consolidated financial statements of Main Street Capital Corporation and subsidiaries (the "Company") referred to in our report dated March 1, 2019, which is included in the annual report on Form 10-K. Our audits of the consolidated financial statements also included the audit of the financial statement schedule (listed in the index appearing under Item 15(2)). In our opinion, this financial statement schedule, when considered in relation to the consolidated financial statements as a whole, presents fairly, in all material respects, the information set forth therein.

Basis for opinion

This financial statement schedule is the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's financial statement schedule based on our audits. We are a public accounting firm registered with the PCAOB and are required to be independent with respect to the Company in accordance with the U.S. federal securities laws and the applicable rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission and the PCAOB.

/s/ GRANT THORNTON LLP

Houston, Texas  
March 1, 2019

## MAIN STREET CAPITAL CORPORATION

**Consolidated Schedule of Investments in and Advances to Affiliates  
December 31, 2018  
(dollars in thousands)**

Company	Investment(1)(10)(11)	Geography	Amount of Realized Gain/(Loss)	Amount of Unrealized Gain/(Loss)	Dividend Credited to Income(2)	December 31, 2017 Fair Value	Gross Additions(3)	Gross Reductions(4)	December 31, 2018 Fair Value
<b><u>Majority-owned investments</u></b>									
<b>Café Brazil, LLC</b>	Member Units	(8)	\$	\$ (120)	\$ 291	\$ 4,900	\$	\$ 120	\$ 4,780
<b>California Splendor Holdings LLC</b>	LIBOR Plus 8.00% (Floor 1.00%)	(9)			1,025		21,128	10,200	10,928
	LIBOR Plus 10.00% (Floor 1.00%)	(9)			2,990		27,755		27,755
	Preferred Member Units	(9)		(1,030)	178		12,500	2,755	9,745
<b>Clad-Rex Steel, LLC</b>	LIBOR Plus 9.50% (Floor 1.00%)	(5)		(33)	1,517	13,280	33	1,233	12,080
	Member Units	(5)		1,110	500	9,500	1,110		10,610
	10% Secured Debt	(5)			117	1,183		22	1,161
	Member Units	(5)		70		280	70		350
<b>CMS Minerals Investments</b>	Member Units	(9)		921	117	2,392	921	733	2,580
<b>Direct Marketing Solutions, Inc.</b>	LIBOR Plus 11.00% (Floor 1.00%)	(9)			2,502		18,631	783	17,848
	Preferred Stock	(9)		6,500			14,900		14,900
<b>Gamber-Johnson Holdings, LLC</b>	LIBOR Plus 7.50% (Floor 2.00%)	(5)		(57)	2,579	23,400	57	1,971	21,486
	Member Units	(5)		22,090	1,797	23,370	22,090		45,460
<b>GRT Rubber Technologies LLC</b>	LIBOR Plus 7.00%	(8)		(30)	1,199	11,603	30	1,893	9,740
	Member Units	(8)		17,090	2,876	21,970	17,090		39,060
<b>Harborside Holdings, LLC</b>	Member Units	(8)				9,400	100		9,500
<b>Harris Preston Fund Investments</b>	LP Interests (2717 MH, L.P.)	(8)		93		536	597		1,133
<b>Hydratec, Inc.</b>	Common Stock	(9)	7,922	(7,905)	332	15,000		15,000	
<b>IDX Broker, LLC</b>	11.5% Secured Debt	(9)		(47)	1,765	15,250	47	947	14,350
	Preferred Member Units	(9)		1,860	276	11,660	1,860		13,520
<b>Jensen Jewelers of Idaho, LLC</b>	Prime Plus 6.75% (Floor 2.00%)	(9)		(20)	450	3,955	20	620	3,355

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	Member Units	(9)	(10)	250	5,100		10	5,090
<b>Lamb Ventures, LLC</b>	11% Secured Debt	(8)	(18)	976	9,942	218	1,821	8,339
	Preferred Equity	(8)			400			400
	Member Units	(8)	650		6,790	650		7,440
	9.5% Secured Debt	(8)		42	432			432
	Member Units	(8)	110	53	520	110		630
<b>Mid-Columbia Lumber Products, LLC</b>	10% Secured Debt	(9)		182	1,390	356		1,746
	12% Secured Debt	(9)		491	3,863	17		3,880
	Member Units	(9)	1,689	6	1,575	2,285		3,860
	9.5% Secured Debt	(9)		74	791		45	746
	Member Units	(9)	180	57	1,290	180		1,470
<b>MSC Adviser I, LLC</b>	Member Units	(8)	23,980	3,822	41,768	23,980		65,748
<b>Mystic Logistics Holdings, LLC</b>	12% Secured Debt	(6)		969	7,696	42	232	7,506
	Common Stock	(6)	(6,610)		6,820		6,610	210
<b>NexRev LLC</b>	11% Secured Debt	(8)		1,829		17,288		17,288
	Preferred Member Units	(8)	1,010	60		7,890		7,890
<b>NRP Jones, LLC</b>	12% Secured Debt	(5)		776	6,376			6,376
	Member Units	(5)	2,710		3,250	2,710		5,960
<b>PPL RVs, Inc.</b>	LIBOR Plus 7.00% (Floor 0.50%)	(8)	(35)	1,487	16,100	35	1,035	15,100
	Common Stock	(8)	(2,060)	3	12,440		2,060	10,380
<b>Principle Environmental, LLC (d/b.a TruHorizon Environmental Solutions)</b>	13% Secured Debt	(8)	(51)	1,037	7,477	51	51	7,477
	Preferred Member Units	(8)	1,600	1,482	11,490	1,600		13,090
	Warrants	(8)	130		650	130		780
<b>Quality Lease Service, LLC</b>	Zero Coupon Secured Debt	(7)	(500)		6,950		500	6,450
	Member Units	(7)	(2,303)		4,938	1,174	2,303	3,809
<b>Tedder Industries, LLC</b>	12%, Secured Debt	(9)		20		480		480
	12%, Secured Debt	(9)		1,010		16,246		16,246
	Member Units	(9)				7,476		7,476
<b>The MPI Group, LLC</b>	9% Secured Debt	(7)	171	268	2,410	172		2,582
	Series A Preferred Units	(7)	440			440		440
	Warrants	(7)						
	Member Units	(7)	90	190	2,389	90		2,479
<b>Uvalco Supply, LLC</b>	9% Secured Debt	(8)		7	348		348	
	Member Units	(8)	301	(301)	898	3,880		3,880
<b>Vision Interests, Inc.</b>	13% Secured Debt	(9)		364	2,797	17	661	2,153
	Series A Preferred Stock	(9)	740		3,000	740		3,740
	Common Stock	(9)	280			280		280

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Company	Investment(1)(10)(11)	Geography	Amount of Realized Gain/(Loss)	Amount of Unrealized Gain/(Loss)	Amount of Dividend Credited to Income(2)	December 31, 2017		December 31, 2018	
						Fair Value	Gross Additions(3)	Gross Reductions(4)	Fair Value
<b>Ziegler's NYPD, LLC</b>	6.5% Secured Debt	(8)		2	68	996	4		1,000
	12% Secured Debt	(8)			47	300	125		425
	14% Secured Debt	(8)			390	2,750			2,750
	Warrants	(8)							
	Preferred Member Units	(8)		(1,970)		3,220		1,971	1,249
<b><u>Other controlled investments</u></b>									
<b>Access Media Holdings, LLC</b>	10% PIK Secured Debt	(5)		(8,592)	25	17,150		8,592	8,558
	Preferred Member Units(12)	(5)		(1,517)			1,233	1,517	(284)
	Member Units	(5)							
<b>ASC Interests, LLC</b>	11% Secured Debt	(8)			199	1,795		173	1,622
	Member Units	(8)		(160)		1,530		160	1,370
<b>ATS Workholding, LLC</b>	5% Secured Debt	(9)		(117)	334	3,249	1,258	117	4,390
	Preferred Member Units	(9)				3,726			3,726
<b>Bond-Coat, Inc.</b>	12% Secured Debt	(8)		229	1,482	11,596			11,596
	Common Stock	(8)				9,370			9,370
<b>Brewer Crane Holdings, LLC</b>	LIBOR Plus 10.00% (Floor 1.00%)	(9)			1,274		9,839	372	9,467
	Preferred Member Units	(9)			117		4,280		4,280
<b>CBT Nuggets, LLC</b>	Member Units	(9)		(27,950)	11,395	89,560		27,950	61,610
<b>Chamberlin Holding LLC</b>	LIBOR Plus 10.00% (Floor 1.00%)	(8)			2,645		21,425	1,397	20,028
	Member Units	(8)		7,500	2,349		18,940		18,940
	Member Units	(8)					732		732
<b>Charps, LLC</b>	LIBOR Plus 7.00% (Floor 1.00%)	(5)			45		1,600	1,600	
	12% Secured Debt	(5)		83	2,034	18,225	163	6,500	11,888
	Preferred Member Units	(5)		1,620	250	650	1,620		2,270
<b>Copper Trail Fund Investments</b>	LP Interests (CTMH, LP)	(9)			22		872		872
	LP Interests (Copper Trail Energy Fund I, LP)	(9)		675	57	2,500	1,944	274	4,170
<b>Datacom, LLC</b>	8% Secured Debt	(8)		(110)	33	1,575	225	110	1,690
	10.50% PIK Secured Debt	(8)		(1,493)	330	11,110	169	1,493	9,786
	Class A Preferred Member Units	(8)		(843)		730	113	843	
	Class B Preferred Member Units	(8)							
<b>Digital Products Holdings LLC</b>	LIBOR Plus 10.00% (Floor 1.00%)	(5)			2,713		26,171	660	25,511
	Preferred Member Units	(5)			150		8,800	334	8,466

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<b>Garreco, LLC</b>	LIBOR Plus 8.00% (Floor			642	5,443	18	362	5,099
	1.00%, Ceiling 1.50%)	(8)						
	Member Units	(8)	650		1,940	650		2,590
<b>Guerdon Modular Holdings, Inc.</b>	13% Secured Debt	(9)	(570)	1,312	10,632	2,340	970	12,002
	Preferred Stock	(9)						
	Common Stock	(9)						
	Warrants	(9)						
<b>Gulf Manufacturing, LLC</b>	Member Units	(8)	1,630	1,227	10,060	1,630		11,690
<b>Gulf Publishing Holdings, LLC</b>	LIBOR Plus 9.50% (Floor	(8)		11	80	160	240	
	1.00%)	(8)						
	12.5% Secured Debt	(8)		1,634	12,703	25	134	12,594
	Member Units	(8)	(720)		4,840		720	4,120
<b>Harrison Hydra-Gen, Ltd.</b>	Common Stock	(8)	4,490	180	3,580	4,490		8,070
<b>HW Temps LLC</b>	LIBOR Plus 13.00%	(6)		1,431	9,918	20		9,938
	(Floor 1.00%)	(6)						
	Preferred Member Units	(6)	2	170	3,940	2		3,942
<b>KBK Industries, LLC</b>	10% Secured Debt	(5)	(3)	9	375	3	378	
	12.5% Secured Debt	(5)	(33)	546	5,900	33	5,933	
	Member Units	(5)	4,190	842	4,420	4,190		8,610
<b>Kickhaefer Manufacturing Company, LLC</b>	11.5% Secured Debt	(5)		33		1,045		1,045
		(5)		1,125		27,730		27,730
	11.5% Secured Debt	(5)				12,240		12,240
	Member Units	(5)				3,970		3,970
	9.0% Secured Debt	(5)		63		992		992
	Member Units	(5)						
<b>Marine Shelters Holdings, LLC</b>	12% PIK Secured Debt	(8)	(3,361)	3,078		3,361	3,361	
	Preferred Member Units	(8)	(5,352)	5,352		5,352	5,352	
<b>Market Force Information, LLC</b>	LIBOR Plus 7.00% (Floor	(9)		26		680	480	200
	1.00%)	(9)						
	LIBOR Plus 11.00%	(9)		3,121	23,143	41	560	22,624
	(Floor 1.00%)	(9)					1,600	13,100
	Member Units	(9)	(1,600)		14,700			
<b>MH Corbin Holding LLC</b>	10% Current/3% PIK	(5)	(387)	1,187	12,526	119	912	11,733
	Secured Debt	(5)	(5,000)	140	6,000		5,000	1,000
	Preferred Member Units	(5)						
<b>NAPCO Precast, LLC</b>	LIBOR Plus 8.50%	(8)	(25)	1,277	11,475	25	25	11,475
	Member Units	(8)	2,320	1,862	11,670	2,320		13,990
<b>NRI Clinical Research, LLC</b>	14% Secured Debt	(9)	140	982	4,265	3,035	615	6,685
	Warrants	(9)	160		500	160		660
	Member Units	(9)	(22)		2,500	152	174	2,478
<b>NuStep, LLC</b>	12% Secured Debt	(5)		2,550	20,420	38		20,458
	Preferred Member Units	(5)			10,200			10,200
<b>OMi Holdings, Inc.</b>	Common Stock	(8)	1,910	1,608	14,110	1,910		16,020



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<b>Pegasus Research Group, LLC</b>	Member Units	(8)	(2,630)	10,310	2,630	7,680
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Company	Investment(1)(10)(11)	Geography	Amount		Amount of Interest, Fees or Dividends Credited to	December 31, 2017	Gross Additions(3)	Gross Reductions(4)	December 31, 2018
			Realized Gain/(Loss)	Unrealized Gain/(Loss)					
					Fair Value			Fair Value	
<b>River Aggregates, LLC</b>	Zero Coupon Secured Debt	(8)		(28)	43	707	43	28	722
	Member Units	(8)				4,610			4,610
	Member Units	(8)		370		2,559	371		2,930
<b>SoftTouch Medical Holdings LLC</b>	LIBOR Plus 9.00% (Floor 1.00%)	(7)		(30)	119	7,140	30	7,170	
	Member Units	(7)	5,171	(5,159)	865	10,089		10,089	
Other									
Amounts related to investments transferred to or from other 1940 Act classification during the period									
					25	(10,632)			
Total Control investments			\$ 4,681	\$ 37,826	\$ 85,853	\$ 750,706	\$ 400,284	\$ 156,629	\$ 1,004,993

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Company	Investment(1)(10)(11)	Geography	Amount of Realized Gain/(Loss)	Amount of Unrealized Gain/(Loss)	Amount of Interest, Fees or Dividend Credited to Income(2)	December 31, 2017 Fair Value	Gross Additions(3)	Gross Reductions(4)	December 31, 2018 Fair Value
<b><u>Affiliate Investments</u></b>									
<b>AFG Capital Group, LLC</b>	Warrants	(8)	\$	\$ 90	\$	\$ 860	\$ 90	\$	\$ 950
	Preferred Member Units	(8)		390	40	3,590	390		3,980
<b>Barfly Ventures, LLC</b>	12% Secured Debt	(5)		(164)	1,177	8,715	1,467	164	10,018
	Options	(5)		(190)	210	920	210	190	940
	Warrants	(5)		(110)		520		110	410
<b>BBB Tank Services, LLC</b>	LIBOR Plus 10% (Floor 1.00%)	(8)			83	778	434	1,212	
	LIBOR Plus 11% (Floor 1.00%)	(8)			693	3,876		43	3,833
	Preferred Member Units	(8)					113		113
	Member Units	(8)		(270)		500		270	230
<b>Boccella Precast Products LLC</b>	LIBOR Plus 10% (Floor 1.00%)	(6)		43	1,964	16,400	2,164	2,840	15,724
	Member Units	(6)		1,640	635	3,440	1,640		5,080
<b>Boss Industries, LLC</b>	Preferred Member Units	(5)		2,080	849	3,930	2,246		6,176
<b>Bridge Capital Solutions Corporation</b>	13% Secured Debt	(6)			1,351	5,884	337		6,221
	Warrants	(6)		500		3,520	500		4,020
	13% Secured Debt	(6)		(2)	134	1,000	2	2	1,000
	Preferred Member Units	(6)			108	1,000			1,000
<b>Buca C, LLC</b>	LIBOR Plus 9.25% (Floor 1.00%)	(7)			2,286	20,193	45	1,200	19,038
	Preferred Member Units	(7)		5	254	4,172	259		4,431
<b>CAI Software LLC</b>	12% Secured Debt	(6)		94	726	4,083	7,797	1,000	10,880
	Member Units	(6)		(610)	20	3,230	97	610	2,717
<b>Chandler Signs Holdings, LLC</b>	12% Secured Debt/1.00% PIK	(8)		(8)	604	4,500	54	8	4,546
	Class A Units	(8)		(530)	60	2,650		530	2,120
<b>Charlotte Russe, Inc</b>	8.50% Secured Debt	(9)		4,663	630	7,807	16,659	20,536	3,930
	Common Stock	(9)		(3,141)			3,141	3,141	
<b>Condit Exhibits, LLC</b>	Member Units	(9)			123	1,950			1,950
<b>Congruent Credit Opportunities Funds</b>	LP Interests (Fund II)	(8)		(140)		1,515		660	855
	LP Interests (Fund III)	(8)		(254)	2,017	18,632	4,014	5,178	17,468
<b>Dos Rios Partners</b>	LP Interests (Dos Rios Partners, LP)	(8)		138		7,165	138	150	7,153
	LP Interests (Dos Rios Partners A, LP)	(8)		430		1,889	430	48	2,271
	Common Stock	(7)		(70)	35	630		70	560

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<b>East Teak Fine Hardwoods, Inc.</b>								
<b>EIG Fund Investments</b>	LP Interests (EIG Global Private Debt fund-A, L.P.)	(8)		64	1,055	479	1,029	505
<b>Freeport Financial Funds</b>	LP Interests (Freeport Financial SBIC Fund LP)	(5)	(215)	102	5,614		215	5,399
	LP Interests (Freeport First Lien Loan Fund III LP)	(5)	(123)	902	8,506	2,597	123	10,980
<b>Gault Financial, LLC (RMB Capital, LLC)</b>	8% Secured Debt	(7)	(33)	950	815	11,532	950	12,482
	Warrants	(7)	(400)	400			400	400
<b>Harris Preston Fund Investments</b>	LP Interests (HPEP 3, L.P.)	(8)				943	790	1,733
<b>Hawk Ridge Systems, LLC</b>	10.5% Secured Debt	(9)	(26)	1,561	14,300	26	26	14,300
	Preferred Member Units	(9)		3,460	352	3,800	3,460	7,260
	Preferred Member Units	(9)		180		200	180	380
<b>Houston Plating and Coatings, LLC</b>	8% Unsecured Convertible Debt	(8)		520	243	3,200	520	3,720
	Member Units	(8)		2,133	289	6,140	2,190	8,330
<b>I-45 SLF LLC</b>	Member Units	(8)		(1,214)	2,945	16,841	1,214	15,627
<b>L.F. Manufacturing Holdings, LLC</b>	Member Units	(8)		60		2,000	60	2,060
<b>Meisler Operating LLC</b>	LIBOR Plus 8.50% (Floor 1.00%)	(5)			2,228	16,633	3,999	320
	Member Units	(5)		735		3,390	2,390	5,780
<b>OnAsset Intelligence, Inc.</b>	12% PIK Secured Debt	(8)			649	5,094	649	5,743
	10% PIK Secured Debt	(8)			5	48	5	53
	Preferred Stock	(8)						
	Warrants	(8)						
<b>OPI International Ltd.</b>	Common Stock	(8)	(1,371)	1,371			1,371	1,371
<b>PCI Holding Company, Inc.</b>	12% Current/3% PIK Secured Debt	(9)			2,105	12,593	615	1,300
	Preferred Stock	(9)		(550)		890		550
	Preferred Stock	(9)		870		2,610	870	3,480
<b>Rocacea, LLC (Quality Lease and Rental Holdings, LLC)</b>	12% Secured Debt	(8)				250		250
	Preferred Member Units	(8)						
<b>Salado Stone Holdings, LLC</b>	Class A Preferred Units	(8)		(750)	23	1,790		750
<b>SI East, LLC</b>	10.25% Current, Secured Debt	(7)			1,471		36,501	1,616
	Preferred Member Units	(7)					6,000	6,000
<b>Slick Innovations, LLC</b>	14.00% Current, Secured Debt	(6)			463		6,959	6,959
	Warrants	(6)					181	181
	Member Units	(6)					700	700

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<b>Tin Roof Acquisition Company</b>	12% Secured Debt	(7)	841	12,722	561	13,283
	Class C Preferred Stock	(7)	152	3,027	152	3,179

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Company	Investment(1)(10)(11)	Geography	Amount		Amount of Interest, Fees or Dividends Credited to Income(2)	December 31, 2017		December 31, 2018	
			Realized Gain/(Loss)	Unrealized Gain/(Loss)		Gross Additions(3)	Gross Reductions(4)	Fair Value	Fair Value
UniTek Global Services, Inc.	LIBOR Plus 5.50% (Floor 1.00%)	(6)		(6)	127		2,975	6	2,969
	LIBOR Plus 8.50% (Floor 1.00%)	(6)			819	8,535	6	8,541	
	LIBOR Plus 7.50% (Floor 1.00%)/1.00% PIK	(6)			7	137		137	
	15% PIK Unsecured Debt	(6)			122	865	87	952	
	Preferred Stock	(6)		41	1,038	7,320	1,080	987	7,413
	Preferred Stock	(6)			121		1,852	215	1,637
	Common Stock	(6)	399	(1,069)	580	2,850	587	399	3,038
						2,490		1,070	1,420
Universal Wellhead Services Holdings, LLC	Preferred Member Units	(8)			120	830	120		950
	Member Units	(8)		420		1,910	420		2,330
Valley Healthcare Group, LLC	LIBOR Plus 10.50% (Floor 0.50%)	(8)			1,400	11,685	81	11,766	
	Preferred Member Units	(8)	1,898		58	1,600		1,600	
Volusion, LLC	11.5% Secured Debt	(8)			2,818	15,200	3,207		18,407
	8% Unsecured Convertible Debt	(8)			15		297		297
	Preferred Member Units	(8)			1	14,000			14,000
	Warrants	(8)		(190)		2,080		190	1,890
Other									
Amounts related to investments transferred to or from other 1940 Act classification during the period									
			(473)	473	365	2,825			
Total Affiliate investments			\$ 20	\$ 12,062	\$ 36,800	\$ 338,854	\$ 125,544	\$ 101,683	\$ 359,890

- (1) The principal amount, the ownership detail for equity investments and if the investment is income producing is included in the consolidated schedule of investments.
- (2) Represents the total amount of interest, fees and dividends credited to income for the portion of the period for which an investment was included in Control or Affiliate categories, respectively. For investments transferred between Control and Affiliate categories during the period, any income or investment balances related to the time period it was in the category other than the one shown at period end is included in "Amounts from investments transferred from other 1940 Act classifications during the period."
- (3) Gross additions include increases in the cost basis of investments resulting from new portfolio investments, follow-on investments and accrued PIK interest, and the exchange of one or more existing securities for one or more new securities. Gross additions also include net increases in unrealized appreciation or net decreases in net unrealized depreciation as well as the movement of an existing portfolio company into this category and out of a different category.

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- (4) Gross reductions include decreases in the cost basis of investments resulting from principal repayments or sales and the exchange of one or more existing securities for one or more new securities. Gross reductions also include net increases in net unrealized depreciation or net decreases in unrealized appreciation as well as the movement of an existing portfolio company out of this category and into a different category.
- (5) Portfolio company located in the Midwest region as determined by location of the corporate headquarters. The fair value as of December 31, 2018 for control investments located in this region was \$257,870. This represented 17.5% of net assets as of December 31, 2018. The fair value as of December 31, 2018 for affiliate investments located in this region was \$60,015. This represented 4.1% of net assets as of December 31, 2018.
- (6) Portfolio company located in the Northeast region as determined by location of the corporate headquarters. The fair value as of December 31, 2018 for control investments located in this region was \$21,596. This represented 1.5% of net assets as of December 31, 2018. The fair value as of December 31, 2018 for affiliate investments located in this region was \$70,959. This represented 4.8% of net assets as of December 31, 2018.
- (7) Portfolio company located in the Southeast region as determined by location of the corporate headquarters. The fair value as of December 31, 2018 for control investments located in this region was \$15,760. This represented 1.1% of net assets as of December 31, 2018. The fair value as of December 31, 2018 for affiliate investments located in this region was \$64,914. This represented 4.4% of net assets as of December 31, 2018.
- (8) Portfolio company located in the Southwest region as determined by location of the corporate headquarters. The fair value as of December 31, 2018 for control investments located in this region was \$401,355. This represented 27.2% of net assets as of December 31, 2018. The fair value as of December 31, 2018 for affiliate investments located in this region was \$120,454. This represented 8.2% of net assets as of December 31, 2018.
- (9) Portfolio company located in the West region as determined by location of the corporate headquarters. The fair value as of December 31, 2018 for control investments located in this region was \$308,412. This represented 20.9% of net assets as of December 31, 2018. The fair value as of December 31, 2018 for affiliate investments located in this region was \$43,548. This represented 3.0% of net assets as of December 31, 2018.
- (10) All of the Company's portfolio investments are generally subject to restrictions on resale as "restricted securities," unless otherwise noted.
- (11) This schedule should be read in conjunction with the consolidated schedule of investments and notes to the consolidated financial statements. Supplemental information can be located within the schedule of investments including end of period interest rate, preferred dividend rate, maturity date, investments not paid currently in cash and investments whose value was determined using significant unobservable inputs.
- (12) Investment has an unfunded commitment as of December 31, 2018 (see Note K). The fair value of the investment includes the impact of the fair value of any unfunded commitments.

**MAIN STREET CAPITAL CORPORATION**  
**Consolidated Schedule of Investments in and Advances to Affiliates**  
**December 31, 2017**  
**(dollars in thousands)**

Company	Investment	(1)	(10)	(11)	Geography	Amount of Realized Gain/(Loss)	Amount of Unrealized Gain/(Loss)	Dividend Credited to Income(2)	December 31, 2016		December 31, 2017			
									Fair Value	Gross Additions(3)	Gross Reductions(4)	Fair Value		
<b>Majority-owned investments</b>														
<b>Café Brazil, LLC</b>	Member Units	(8)	\$	\$	(1,140)	\$	179	\$	6,040	\$	\$	1,140	\$	4,900
<b>Clad-Rex Steel, LLC</b>	LIBOR Plus 9.50% (Floor 1.00)	(5)				112	1,542		14,337		143	1,200		13,280
	Member Units	(5)				2,220	520		7,280		2,220			9,500
	10% Secured Debt	(5)				12	119		1,190		12	19		1,183
	Member Units	(5)				70			210		70			280
<b>CMS Minerals Investments</b>	Preferred Member Units	(8)			1,405	(1,578)	96		3,682			3,682		
	Member Units	(8)				(600)	212		3,381			989		2,392
<b>Gamber-Johnson Holdings, LLC</b>	LIBOR Plus 11.00% (Floor 1.00%)	(5)				187	2,988		23,846		235	681		23,400
	Member Units	(5)				4,450	592		18,920		4,450			23,370
<b>GRT Rubber Technologies LLC</b>	LIBOR Plus 9.00% (Floor 1.00%)	(8)				(34)	1,314		13,274		34	1,705		11,603
	Member Units	(8)				1,660	746		20,310		1,660			21,970
<b>Harborside Holdings, LLC</b>	Member Units	(8)				3,194					9,400			9,400
<b>Harris Preston Fund Investments</b>	LP Interests (2717 MH, L.P.)	(8)									536			536
<b>Hydratec, Inc.</b>	Common Stock	(9)				(640)	1,631		15,640			640		15,000
<b>IDX Broker, LLC</b>	11.5% Secured Debt	(9)				88	1,316		10,950		5,500	1,200		15,250
	Preferred Member Units	(9)				4,274	136		7,040		4,620			11,660
<b>Jensen Jewelers of Idaho, LLC</b>	Prime Plus 6.75% (Floor 2.00%)	(9)				(20)	451		4,055		520	620		3,955
	Member Units	(9)				640	207		4,460		640			5,100
<b>Lamb Ventures, LLC</b>	11% Secured Debt	(8)				52	994		7,657		2,850	565		9,942
	Preferred Equity	(8)							400					400
	Member Units	(8)				800	40		5,990		800			6,790
	9.5% Secured Debt	(8)				4	65		1,170		432	1,170		432
	Member Units	(8)				(820)	845		1,340			820		520
<b>Lighting Unlimited, LLC</b>	8% Secured Debt	(8)						29	1,514			1,514		



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Preferred Equity	(8)	(434)	24	410	24	434
Warrants	(8)	(54)	54		54	54
Member Units	(8)	(100)	100		100	100

<b>Mid-Columbia Lumber Products, LLC</b>	10% Secured Debt	(9)		176	1,750	593	953	1,390
	12% Secured Debt	(9)		477	3,900		37	3,863
	Member Units	(9)	(1,500)	6	2,480	595	1,500	1,575
	9.5% Secured Debt	(9)		78	836		45	791
	Member Units	(9)	150	72	600	690		1,290
<b>MSC Adviser I, LLC</b>	Member Units	(8)	11,151	3,032	30,617	11,151		41,768
<b>Mystic Logistics Holdings, LLC</b>	12% Secured Debt	(6)	(124)	1,073	9,176	52	1,532	7,696
	Common Stock	(6)	1,040		5,780	1,040		6,820
<b>NRP Jones, LLC</b>	12% Secured Debt	(5)		4,117	13,915	7,821	15,360	6,376
	Warrants	(5)	687		130	687	817	
	Member Units	(5)	2,023	18	410	2,840		3,250
<b>PPL RVs, Inc.</b>	LIBOR Plus 7.00% (Floor 0.50%)	(8)	128	1,473	17,826	174	1,900	16,100
	Common Stock	(8)	660	80	11,780	660		12,440
<b>Principle Environmental, LLC (d/b.a TruHorizon Environmental Solutions)</b>	13% Secured Debt	(8)	131	998	7,438	39		7,477
	Preferred Member Units	(8)	(63)	6,183	5,370	6,183	63	11,490
	Warrants	(8)	380		270	380		650
<b>Quality Lease Service, LLC</b>	Zero Coupon Secured Debt	(7)	(391)	273	7,068	273	391	6,950
	Member Units	(7)			3,188	1,750		4,938
<b>The MPI Group, LLC</b>	9% Secured Debt	(7)	(513)	268	2,922	1	513	2,410
	Series A Preferred Units	(7)						
	Warrants	(7)						
	Member Units	(7)	90	92	2,300	89		2,389
<b>Uvalco Supply, LLC</b>	9% Secured Debt	(8)		54	872		524	348
	Member Units	(8)	69	(496)	235	4,640	760	3,880
<b>Vision Interests, Inc.</b>	13% Secured Debt	(9)		382	2,814		17	2,797
	Series A Preferred Stock	(9)			3,000			3,000
	Common Stock	(9)						
<b>Ziegler's NYPD, LLC</b>	6.5% Secured Debt	(8)		68	994	2		996
	12% Secured Debt	(8)		37	300			300
	14% Secured Debt	(8)		390	2,750			2,750
	Warrants	(8)	(240)		240		240	
	Preferred Member Units	(8)	(880)		4,100		880	3,220

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Company	Investment(1)(10)(11)	Geography	Amount of Realized Gain/(Loss)	Amount of Unrealized Gain/(Loss)	Amount of Interest, Fees or Dividends Credited to Income(2)	December 31, 2016		December 31, 2017	
						Fair Value	Gross Additions(3)	Gross Reductions(4)	Fair Value
<b><u>Other controlled investments</u></b>									
<b>Access Media Holdings, LLC</b>	5% Current/5% PIK Secured Debt	(5)		(3,714)	2,379	19,700	1,164	3,714	17,150
	Preferred Member Units	(5)		(1,908)		240	1,668	1,908	
	Member Units	(5)							
<b>Ameritech College Operations, LLC</b>	13% Secured Debt	(9)			96	1,003		1,003	
	13% Secured Debt	(9)			285	3,025		3,025	
	Preferred Member Units	(9)	(3,321)		198	2,291	3,900	6,191	
<b>ASC Interests, LLC</b>	11% Secured Debt	(8)		(16)	232	2,100	11	316	1,795
	Member Units	(8)		(1,150)	(12)	2,680		1,150	1,530
<b>ATS Workholding, LLC</b>	5% Secured Debt	(9)			36		3,249		3,249
	Preferred Member Units	(9)					3,726		3,726
<b>Bond-Coat, Inc.</b>	12% Secured Debt	(8)		(40)	1,450	11,596	40	40	11,596
	Common Stock	(8)		2,710		6,660	2,710		9,370
<b>CBT Nuggets, LLC</b>	Member Units	(9)		34,080	9,439	55,480	34,080		89,560
<b>Charps, LLC</b>	12% Secured Debt	(5)			2,371		19,025	800	18,225
	Preferred Member Units	(5)		250			650		650
<b>Copper Trail Energy Fund I, LP</b>	LP Interests	(9)					2,500		2,500
<b>Datacom, LLC</b>	8% Secured Debt	(8)			101	900	945	270	1,575
	5.25% Current / 5.25% PIK Secured Debt	(8)		(599)	1,296	11,049	660	599	11,110
	Class A Preferred	(8)							
	Member Units	(8)		(638)		1,368		638	730
	Class B Preferred	(8)							
	Member Units	(8)		(1,529)		1,529		1,529	
<b>Garreco, LLC</b>	LIBOR Plus 10.00% (Floor 1.00%)	(8)			702	5,219	991	767	5,443
	Member Units	(8)		790		1,150	790		1,940
<b>Gulf Manufacturing, LLC</b>	9% PIK Secured Debt	(8)			51	777		777	
	Member Units	(8)		1,290	437	8,770	1,290		10,060
<b>Gulf Publishing Holdings, LLC</b>	LIBOR Plus 9.50% (Floor 1.00%)	(8)			5		80		80
	12.5% Secured Debt	(8)			1,557	9,911	2,792		12,703
	Member Units	(8)		1,159	40	3,124	1,716		4,840
<b>Harrison Hydra-Gen, Ltd.</b>	Common Stock	(8)		460		3,120	460		3,580

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<b>Hawthorne Customs and Dispatch Services, LLC</b>	Member Units	(8)	(159)	309		280	309	589
	Member Units	(8)	632	(825)	127	2,040		2,040
<b>HW Temps LLC</b>	LIBOR Plus 11.00% (Floor 1.00%)	(6)			1,430	10,500	18	600
	Preferred Member Units	(6)			140	3,940		3,940
<b>Indianapolis Aviation Partners, LLC</b>	15% Secured Debt	(8)			292	3,100		3,100
	Warrants	(8)	2,384	(1,520)		2,649		2,649
<b>KBK Industries, LLC</b>	10% Secured Debt	(5)		3	100	1,250	100	975
	12.5% Secured Debt	(5)		33	788	5,889	11	5,900
	Member Units	(5)		1,197	183	2,780	1,640	4,420
<b>Marine Shelters Holdings, LLC</b>	12% PIK Secured Debt	(8)		(2,551)		9,387		9,387
	Preferred Member Units	(8)	(100)				100	100
<b>Market Force Information, LLC</b>	LIBOR Plus 11.00% (Floor 1.00%)	(9)			1,541		23,815	672
	Member Units	(9)					14,700	14,700
<b>MH Corbin Holding LLC</b>	13% Secured Debt	(5)			2,030	13,197	29	700
	Preferred Member Units	(5)			140	6,000		6,000
<b>NAPCO Precast, LLC</b>	LIBOR Plus 8.50% Prime Plus 2.00% (Floor 7.00%)	(8)		36	917		11,475	11,475
		(8)		(20)	122	2,713	20	2,733
	18% Secured Debt	(8)		(30)	327	3,952	30	3,982
	Member Units	(8)		750	393	10,920	750	11,670
<b>NRI Clinical Research, LLC</b>	LIBOR Plus 6.50% (Floor 1.50%)	(9)			36	200	200	400
	14% Secured Debt	(9)		(33)	650	4,261	33	429
	Warrants	(9)		(180)		680		180
	Member Units	(9)		40		2,462	360	322
<b>NuStep, LLC</b>	12% Secured Debt	(5)			2,646		20,420	20,420
	Preferred Member Units	(5)					10,200	10,200
<b>OMi Holdings, Inc.</b>	Common Stock	(8)		1,030	1,081	13,080	1,030	14,110
<b>Pegasus Research Group, LLC</b>	Member Units	(8)		1,690	157	8,620	1,690	10,310
<b>River Aggregates, LLC</b>	Zero Coupon Secured Debt	(8)			80	627	80	707
	Member Units	(8)		10		4,600	10	4,610
	Member Units	(8)		50		2,510	49	2,559
<b>SoftTouch Medical Holdings LLC</b>	LIBOR Plus 9.00% (Floor 1.00%)	(7)		(15)	748	7,140	15	7,140
	Member Units	(7)		920	969	9,170	919	10,089
<b>Other</b>	Amounts related to investments transferred to or from other 1940 Act classification during the period				(219)	(9,919)		

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Total Control  
investments

\$ 259 \$ 63,627 \$ 62,762 \$ 594,282 \$ 239,770 \$ 93,265 \$ 750,706

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Company	Investment(1)(10)(11)	Geography	Amount		Dividend Credited to Income(2)	December 31, 2016		December 31, 2017	
			Realized Gain/(Loss)	Unrealized Gain/(Loss)		Fair Value	Gross Additions(3)	Gross Reductions(4)	Fair Value
<b>Affiliate Investments</b>									
<b>AFG Capital Group, LLC</b>	Warrants	(8)	\$	\$ 840	\$	\$ 670	\$ 190	\$	\$ 860
	Member Units	(8)		190	34	2,750	840		3,590
<b>Barfly Ventures, LLC</b>	12% Secured Debt	(5)		176	1,005	5,827	2,888		8,715
	Options	(5)		430		490	430		920
	Warrants	(5)		240		280	240		520
<b>BBB Tank Services, LLC</b>	LIBOR Plus 8.00% (Floor 1.00%)	(8)			84	797	861	880	778
	15% Secured Debt	(8)			623	3,991		115	3,876
	Member Units	(8)		(300)		800		300	500
<b>Bocella Precast Products LLC</b>	LIBOR Plus 10.0% (Floor 1.00%)	(6)		170	1,203		16,400		16,400
	Member Units	(6)		1,280	37		3,440		3,440
<b>Boss Industries, LLC</b>	Preferred Member Units	(5)		1,476	193	2,800	1,667	537	3,930
<b>Bridge Capital Solutions Corporation</b>	13% Secured Debt	(6)			1,262	5,610	274		5,884
	Warrants	(6)		151		3,370	150		3,520
	13% Secured Debt	(6)		(2)	133	1,000	2	2	1,000
	Preferred Member Units	(6)			100	1,000			1,000
<b>Buca C, LLC</b>	LIBOR Plus 7.25% (Floor 1.00%)	(7)		(167)	1,891	22,671	56	2,534	20,193
	Preferred Member Units	(7)		(728)	240	4,660	240	728	4,172
<b>CAI Software LLC</b>	12% Secured Debt	(6)			456	3,683	800	400	4,083
	Member Units	(6)		750	87	2,480	750		3,230
<b>Chandler Signs Holdings, LLC</b>	12% Secured Debt	(8)		(7)	555	4,500	7	7	4,500
	Class A Units	(8)		(590)	13	3,240		590	2,650
<b>Condit Exhibits, LLC</b>	Member Units	(9)		110	41	1,840	110		1,950
<b>Congruent Credit Opportunities Funds</b>	LP Interests (Fund II)	(8)		(3)	2	1,518		3	1,515
	LP Interests (Fund III)	(8)		336	1,555	16,181	2,451		18,632
<b>Daseke, Inc.</b>	12% Current / 2.5% PIK Secured Debt	(8)		(167)	676	21,799	255	22,054	
	Common Stock	(8)	22,859	(18,849)		24,063		24,063	
<b>Dos Rios Partners</b>	LP Interests (Dos Rios Partners, LP)	(8)		2,240		4,925	2,240		7,165
	LP Interests (Dos Rios Partners A, LP)	(8)		445		1,444	445		1,889
	Class A Units	(8)		(280)	23	2,070		280	1,790

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<b>Dos Rios Stone Products LLC</b>									
<b>East Teak Fine Hardwoods, Inc.</b>	Common Stock	(7)	(230)	66	860		230	630	
<b>East West Copolymer &amp; Rubber, LLC</b>									
	12% Current/2% PIK Secured Debt Warrants	(8)	(3,626)	961	8,630	961	9,591		
		(8)	(50)	50		50	50		
<b>EIG Fund Investments</b>									
	LP Interests (EIG Global Private Debt fund-A, L.P.)	(8)	71	(48)	90	2,804	1,160	2,909	1,055
	LP Interests (EIG Traverse Co-Investment, L.P.)	(8)		(100)	1,534	9,905		9,905	
<b>Freeport Financial Fund Investments</b>									
	LP Interests (Freeport Financial SBIC Fund LP)	(5)		(6)	408	5,620		6	5,614
	LP Interests (Freeport First Lien Loan Fund III LP)	(5)		(52)	688	4,763	3,795	52	8,506
<b>Gault Financial, LLC (RMB Capital, LLC)</b>									
	10.5% Current Secured Debt Warrants	(7)		1,016	1,302	11,079	1,016	563	11,532
		(7)							
<b>Glowpoint, Inc.</b>									
	12% Secured Debt	(6)	(6,450)	4,951	685	3,997	5,003	9,000	
	Common Stock	(6)	(3,974)	1,878		2,080	1,878	3,958	
<b>Guerdon Modular Holdings, Inc.</b>									
	13% Secured Debt	(9)			1,450	10,594	38		10,632
	Preferred Stock	(9)		(1,140)		1,140		1,140	
	Common Stock	(9)		(80)		80		80	
<b>Harris Preston Fund Investments</b>									
	LP Interests (HPEP 3, L.P.)	(8)					1,343	400	943
<b>Hawk Ridge Systems, LLC</b>									
	11% Secured Debt	(9)		125	1,229	9,901	4,899	500	14,300
	Preferred Member Units	(9)		950	320	2,850	950		3,800
	Preferred Member Units	(9)		50	6	150	50		200
<b>Houston Plating and Coatings, LLC</b>									
	8% Unsecured Convertible Debt	(8)		200	165		3,200		3,200
	Member Units	(8)		1,390	5	4,000	2,140		6,140
<b>I-45 SLF LLC</b>									
	Member Units	(8)		255	2,881	14,586	2,255		16,841
<b>Indianhead Pipeline Services, LLC</b>									
	12% Secured Debt	(5)			947	5,079	562	5,641	
	Preferred Member Units	(5)		(338)	514	2,677	514	3,191	
	Warrants	(5)	134	459			459	459	
	Member Units	(5)	272	1			1	1	
<b>L.F. Manufacturing Holdings, LLC</b>									
	Member Units	(8)		620		1,380	620		2,000
<b>Meisler Operating LLC</b>									
	LIBOR Plus 8.50% (Floor 1.00%)	(5)			1,249		16,633		16,633
	Member Units	(5)		190			3,390		3,390
	12% PIK Secured Debt	(8)	(29)		576	4,519	575		5,094

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**OnAsset  
Intelligence, Inc.**

10% PIK Secured Debt	(8)			3		48		48
Preferred Stock	(8)							
Warrants	(8)							

**OPI**

**International Ltd.**

10% Unsecured Debt	(8)	(86)	(473)	16	473		473
Common Stock	(8)		(1,600)		1,600		1,600

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Company	Investment(1)(10)(11)	Geography	Amount of Realized Gain/(Loss)	Amount of Unrealized Gain/(Loss)	Amount of Interest, Fee or Dividends Credited to Income(2)	December 31, 2016		December 31, 2017	
						Fair Value	Gross Additions(3)	Gross Reductions(4)	Fair Value
<b>PCI Holding Company, Inc.</b>	12% Secured Debt	(9)		(103)	1,922	13,000	345	752	12,593
	Preferred Stock	(9)		(5,028)	548	5,370	548	5,028	890
	Preferred Stock	(9)		870			2,610		2,610
<b>Rocacea, LLC (Quality Lease and Rental Holdings, LLC)</b>	12% Secured Debt	(8)				250			250
	Preferred Member Units	(8)							
<b>Tin Roof Acquisition Company</b>	12% Secured Debt	(7)			1,656	13,385	66	729	12,722
	Class C Preferred Stock	(7)			288	2,738	289		3,027
<b>UniTek Global Services, Inc.</b>	LIBOR Plus 8.50% (Floor 1.00%)	(6)		(5)	722	5,021	3,519	5	8,535
	LIBOR Plus 7.50% (Floor 1.00%)	(6)			9	824	3	690	137
	15% PIK Unsecured Debt	(6)			129	745	120		865
	Preferred Stock	(6)		(637)	1,547	6,410	1,547	637	7,320
	Preferred Stock	(6)		(8)	339		2,858	8	2,850
	Common Stock	(6)		(520)		3,010		520	2,490
<b>Universal Wellhead Services Holdings, LLC</b>	Preferred Member Units	(8)		109		720	110		830
	Member Units	(8)		1,300		610	1,300		1,910
<b>Valley Healthcare Group, LLC</b>	LIBOR Plus 12.50% (Floor 0.50%)	(8)			1,728	12,844	31	1,190	11,685
	Preferred Member Units	(8)				1,600			1,600
<b>Volusion, LLC</b>	11.5% Secured Debt	(8)			2,659	15,298	668	766	15,200
	Preferred Member Units	(8)				14,000			14,000
	Warrants	(8)		(496)		2,576		496	2,080
<b>Other</b>									
Amounts related to investments transferred to or from other 1940 Act classification during the period									
			(1,077)	(3,582)	1,615	24,321			
<b>Total Affiliate investments</b>			\$ 8,044	\$ (11,330)	\$ 37,509	\$ 375,948	\$ 100,290	\$ 113,063	\$ 338,854

(1) The principal amount, the ownership detail for equity investments and if the investment is income producing is included in the consolidated schedule of investments.



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- (2) Represents the total amount of interest, fees and dividends credited to income for the portion of the period for which an investment was included in Control or Affiliate categories, respectively. For investments transferred between Control and Affiliate categories during the period, any income or investment balances related to the time period it was in the category other than the one shown at period end is included in "Amounts from investments transferred from other 1940 Act classifications during the period."
- (3) Gross additions include increases in the cost basis of investments resulting from new portfolio investments, follow-on investments and accrued PIK interest, and the exchange of one or more existing securities for one or more new securities. Gross additions also include net increases in unrealized appreciation or net decreases in net unrealized depreciation as well as the movement of an existing portfolio company into this category and out of a different category.
- (4) Gross reductions include decreases in the cost basis of investments resulting from principal repayments or sales and the exchange of one or more existing securities for one or more new securities. Gross reductions also include net increases in net unrealized depreciation or net decreases in unrealized appreciation as well as the movement of an existing portfolio company out of this category and into a different category.
- (5) Portfolio company located in the Midwest region as determined by location of the corporate headquarters. The fair value as of December 31, 2017 for control investments located in this region was \$176,505. This represented 12.8% of net assets as of December 31, 2017. The fair value as of December 31, 2017 for affiliate investments located in this region was \$48,228. This represented 3.5% of net assets as of December 31, 2017.
- (6) Portfolio company located in the Northeast region as determined by location of the corporate headquarters. The fair value as of December 31, 2017 for control investments located in this region was \$28,374. This represented 2.1% of net assets as of December 31, 2017. The fair value as of December 31, 2017 for affiliate investments located in this region was \$60,754. This represented 4.4% of net assets as of December 31, 2017.
- (7) Portfolio company located in the Southeast region as determined by location of the corporate headquarters. The fair value as of December 31, 2017 for control investments located in this region was \$33,916. This represented 2.5% of net assets as of December 31, 2017. The fair value as of December 31, 2017 for affiliate investments located in this region was \$52,276. This represented 3.8% of net assets as of December 31, 2017.
- (8) Portfolio company located in the Southwest region as determined by location of the corporate headquarters. The fair value as of December 31, 2017 for control investments located in this region was \$302,097. This represented 21.9% of net assets as of December 31, 2017. The fair value as of December 31, 2017 for affiliate investments located in this region was \$130,621. This represented 9.5% of net assets as of December 31, 2017.
- (9) Portfolio company located in the West region as determined by location of the corporate headquarters. The fair value as of December 31, 2017 for control investments located in this region was \$209,814. This represented 15.2% of net assets as of December 31, 2017. The fair value as of December 31, 2017 for affiliate investments located in this region was \$46,975. This represented 3.4% of net assets as of December 31, 2017.
- (10) All Company's portfolio investments are generally subject to restrictions on resale as "restricted securities," unless otherwise noted.
- (11) This schedule should be read in conjunction with the consolidated schedule of investments and notes to the consolidated financial statements. Supplemental information can be located within the schedule of investments including end of period interest rate, preferred dividend rate, maturity date, investments not paid currently in cash and investments whose value was determined using significant unobservable inputs.

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**Item 9. *Changes in and Disagreements with Accountants on Accounting and Financial Disclosure***

Not applicable.

**Item 9A. *Controls and Procedures***

(a) *Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures.* As of the end of the period covered by this annual report on Form 10-K, our Chief Executive Officer, Chief Financial Officer, Chief Compliance Officer and Chief Accounting Officer conducted an evaluation of our disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rule 13a-15(e) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934). Based upon this evaluation, our Chief Executive Officer, Chief Financial Officer, Chief Compliance Officer and Chief Accounting Officer concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures are effective to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure of any material information relating to us that is required to be disclosed by us in the reports we file or submit under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.

(b) *Management's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting.* The management of Main Street Capital Corporation and its subsidiaries (the Company) is responsible for establishing and maintaining adequate internal control over financial reporting, as such term is defined in Exchange Act Rule 13a-15(f). Under the supervision and with the participation of management, including the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, the Company conducted an evaluation of the effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting based on the criteria established in Internal Control Integrated Framework issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (COSO). Based on the Company's evaluation under the framework in Internal Control Integrated Framework, management concluded that the Company's internal control over financial reporting was effective as of December 31, 2018. Grant Thornton LLP, the Company's independent registered public accounting firm, has issued an attestation report on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2018, as stated in its report which is included herein.

(c) *Attestation Report of the Registered Public Accounting Firm.* Our independent registered public accounting firm, Grant Thornton LLP, has issued an attestation report on the effectiveness of our internal control over financial reporting, which is set forth above under the heading "Reports of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm" in Item 8.

(d) *Changes in Internal Control over Financial Reporting.* There have been no changes in our internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Rule 13a-15(f) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934) that occurred during our most recently completed fiscal quarter, that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

**Item 9B. *Other Information***

None.

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The information required by this Item will be contained in the definitive proxy statement relating to our 2019 annual meeting of stockholders (the "Proxy Statement") under the headings "Election of Directors," "Corporate Governance," "Executive Officers" and "Section 16(a) Beneficial Ownership Reporting Compliance," to be filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on or prior to April 30, 2019, and is incorporated herein by reference.

We have adopted a code of business conduct and ethics that applies to directors, officers and employees of Main Street. This code of ethics is published on our Web site at [www.mainstcapital.com](http://www.mainstcapital.com). We intend to disclose any substantive amendments to, or waivers from, this code of conduct within four business days of the waiver or amendment through a Web site posting.

**Item 11. Executive Compensation**

The information required by this Item will be contained in the Proxy Statement under the headings "Compensation of Executive Officers," "Compensation of Directors," "Compensation Discussion and Analysis," "Compensation Committee Interlocks and Insider Participation" and "Compensation Committee Report," to be filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on or prior to April 30, 2019, and is incorporated herein by reference.

**Item 12. Security Ownership of Certain Beneficial Owners and Management and Related Stockholder Matters**

The following table provides information regarding our equity compensation plans as of December 31, 2018:

Plan Category	Number of Securities to be Issued Upon Exercise of Outstanding Options, Warrants and Rights	Weighted-Average Exercise Price of Outstanding Options, Warrants and Rights	Number of Securities Remaining Available for Future Issuance Under Equity Compensation Plans (Excluding Securities Reflected in Column)
Equity compensation plans approved by security holders(1)	\$	\$	\$ 2,545,117
Equity compensation plans not approved by security holders(2)	119,639		
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$ 119,639</b>	<b>\$</b>	<b>\$ 2,545,117</b>

(1) Consists of our Main Street Capital Corporation 2015 Equity and Incentive Plan and our Main Street Capital Corporation 2015 Non-Employee Director Restricted Stock Plan. As of December 31, 2018, we had issued 764,224 shares of restricted stock pursuant to these plans, of which 285,053 had vested and 9,128 shares were forfeited. Pursuant to each of these plans, if any award issued thereunder shall for any reason expire or otherwise terminate or be forfeited, in whole or in part, the shares of stock not acquired under such award shall revert to and again become available for issuance under such plan. For more information regarding these plans, see "Note J Share-Based Compensation" in the notes to the consolidated financial statements.

(2) Consists of our 2015 Deferred Compensation Plan. For more information regarding this plan, see "Note M Related Party Transactions" in the notes to the consolidated financial statements.

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The other information required by this Item will be contained in the Proxy Statement under the heading "Security Ownership of Certain Beneficial Owners and Management," to be filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on or prior to April 30, 2019, and is incorporated herein by reference.

**Item 13. *Certain Relationships and Related Transactions, and Director Independence***

The information required by this Item will be contained in the Proxy Statement under the headings "Certain Relationships and Related Party Transactions" and "Corporate Governance," to be filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on or prior to April 30, 2019, and is incorporated herein by reference.

**Item 14. *Principal Accountant Fees and Services***

The information required by this Item will be contained in the Proxy Statement under the heading "Ratification of Appointment of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm for Year Ending December 31, 2018," to be filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on or prior to April 30, 2019, and is incorporated herein by reference.

Table of Contents**PART IV****Item 15. Exhibits and Consolidated Financial Statement Schedules**

The following documents are filed or incorporated by reference as part of this Annual Report:

**1. Consolidated Financial Statements**

<u>Reports of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm</u>	<u>80</u>
<u>Consolidated Balance Sheets as of December 31, 2018 and 2017</u>	<u>82</u>
<u>Consolidated Statements of Operations for the Years Ended December 31, 2018, 2017 and 2016</u>	<u>83</u>
<u>Consolidated Statements of Changes in Net Assets for the Years Ended December 31, 2018, 2017 and 2016</u>	<u>84</u>
<u>Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for the Years Ended December 31, 2018, 2017 and 2016</u>	<u>85</u>
<u>Consolidated Schedules of Investments as of December 31, 2018 and 2017</u>	<u>86</u>
<u>Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements</u>	<u>144</u>

**2. Consolidated Financial Statement Schedule**

<u>Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm</u>	<u>190</u>
<u>Schedule of Investments in and Advances to Affiliates for the Years Ended December 31, 2018 and 2017</u>	<u>191</u>

**3. Exhibits**

The following exhibits are filed as part of this report or hereby incorporated by reference to exhibits previously filed with the SEC:

Exhibit Number	Description
3.1*	<u>Articles of Amendment and Restatement of Main Street Capital Corporation (previously filed as Exhibit (a) to Main Street Capital Corporation's Pre-Effective Amendment No. 2 to the Registration Statement on Form N-2 filed on August 15, 2007 (Reg. No. 333-142879))</u>
3.2*	<u>Amended and Restated Bylaws of Main Street Capital Corporation (previously filed as Exhibit 3.1 to Main Street Capital Corporation's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on March 6, 2013 (File No. 1-33723))</u>
4.1*	<u>Form of Common Stock Certificate (previously filed as Exhibit (d) to Main Street Capital Corporation's Pre-Effective Amendment No. 2 to the Registration Statement on Form N-2 filed on August 15, 2007 (Reg. No. 333-142879))</u>
4.2*	<u>Dividend Reinvestment and Direct Stock Purchase Plan dated July 18, 2017 (previously filed as Exhibit (e) to Main Street Capital Corporation's Post-Effective Amendment No. 12 to the Registration Statement on Form N-2 filed on July 18, 2017 (Reg. No. 333-203147))</u>
4.3*	<u>Main Street Mezzanine Fund, LP SBIC debentures guaranteed by the SBA (previously filed as Exhibit (f)(1) to Main Street Capital Corporation's Pre-Effective Amendment No. 1 to the Registration Statement on Form N-2 filed on June 22, 2007 (Reg. No. 333-142879))</u>
4.4*	<u>Main Street Capital II, LP SBIC debentures guaranteed by the SBA (see Exhibit (f)(1) to Main Street Capital Corporation's Pre-Effective Amendment No. 1 to the Registration Statement on Form N-2 filed on June 22, 2007 for a substantially identical copy of the form of debentures)</u>

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- 4.5\* Main Street Capital III, LP SBIC debentures guaranteed by the SBA (see Exhibit (f)(1) to Main Street Capital Corporation's Pre-Effective Amendment No. 1 to the Registration Statement on Form N-2 filed on June 22, 2007 for a substantially identical copy of the form of debentures)

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<b>Exhibit Number</b>	<b>Description</b>
4.6*	<u>Form of Indenture between Main Street Capital Corporation and The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, N.A. (previously filed as Exhibit (d)(6) to Main Street Capital Corporation's Post-Effective Amendment No. 2 to the Registration Statement on Form N-2 filed on March 28, 2013 (Reg. No. 333-183555))</u>
4.7*	<u>Form of Second Supplemental Indenture relating to the 4.50% Notes due 2019, between Main Street Capital Corporation and The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, N.A. (previously filed as Exhibit (d)(10) to Main Street Capital Corporation's Post-Effective Amendment No. 9 to the Registration Statement on Form N-2 filed on November 4, 2014 (Reg. No. 333-183555))</u>
4.8*	<u>Form of 4.50% Notes due 2019 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.7)</u>
4.9*	<u>Form of Third Supplemental Indenture relating to the 4.50% Notes due 2022, between Main Street Capital Corporation and The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, N.A. (previously filed as Exhibit (d)(12) to Main Street Capital Corporation's Post-Effective Amendment No. 14 to the Registration Statement on Form N-2 filed on November 17, 2017 (Reg. No. 333-203147))</u>
4.10*	<u>Form of 4.50% Notes due 2022 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.9)</u>
10.1*	<u>Third Amended and Restated Credit Agreement dated June 5, 2018 (previously filed as Exhibit 10.1 to Main Street Capital Corporation's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on June 6, 2018 (File No. 1-33723))</u>
10.2*	<u>Third Amended and Restated General Security Agreement dated June 5, 2018 (previously filed as Exhibit 10.2 to Main Street Capital Corporation's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on June 6, 2018 (File No. 1-33723))</u>
10.3*	<u>Third Amended and Restated Equity Pledge Agreement dated June 5, 2018 (previously filed as Exhibit 10.3 to Main Street Capital Corporation's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on June 6, 2018 (File No. 1-33723))</u>
10.4*	<u>Amended and Restated Custodial Agreement dated September 20, 2010 (previously filed as Exhibit 10.3 to Main Street Capital Corporation's Current Report on Form 8-K filed September 21, 2010 (File No. 1-33723))</u>
10.5*	<u>Third Amendment to Amended and Restated Credit Agreement and First Amendment to Amended and Restated Custodial Agreement dated November 21, 2011 (previously filed as Exhibit 10.1 to Main Street Capital Corporation's Current Report on Form 8-K filed November 22, 2011 (File No. 1-33723))</u>
10.6*	<u>Supplement Agreement dated July 19, 2018 (previously filed as Exhibit 10.1 to Main Street Capital Corporation's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on July 20, 2018 (File No. 1-33723))</u>
10.7*	<u>Supplement Agreement dated November 15, 2018 (previously filed as Exhibit 10.1 to Main Street Capital Corporation's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on November 15, 2018 (File No. 1-33723))</u>
10.8*	<u>Main Street Capital Corporation 2015 Equity and Incentive Plan (previously filed as Exhibit 4.4 to Main Street Capital Corporation's Registration Statement on Form S-8 filed on May 5, 2015 (Reg. No. 333-203893))</u>
10.9*	<u>Main Street Capital Corporation 2015 Non-Employee Director Restricted Stock Plan (previously filed as Exhibit 4.5 to Main Street Capital Corporation's Registration Statement on Form S-8 filed on May 5, 2015 (Reg. No. 333-203893))</u>
10.10*	<u>Form of Restricted Stock Agreement for Executive Officers Main Street Capital Corporation 2015 Equity and Incentive Plan (previously filed as Exhibit 4.6 to Main Street Capital Corporation's Registration Statement on Form S-8 filed on May 5, 2015 (Reg. No. 333-203893))</u>

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<b>Exhibit Number</b>	<b>Description</b>
10.11*	<u>Form of Restricted Stock Agreement for Non-Employee Directors Main Street Capital Corporation 2015 Non-Employee Director Restricted Stock Plan (previously filed as Exhibit 4.7 to Main Street Capital Corporation's Registration Statement on Form S-8 filed on May 5, 2015 (Reg. No. 333-203893))</u>
10.12*	<u>Custodian Agreement (previously filed as Exhibit (j) to Main Street Capital Corporation's Pre-Effective Amendment No. 3 to the Registration Statement on Form N-2 filed on September 21, 2007 (Reg. No. 333-142879))</u>
10.13*	<u>Form of Confidentiality and Non-Compete Agreement by and between Main Street Capital Corporation and Vincent D. Foster (previously filed as Exhibit (k)(12) to Main Street Capital Corporation's Pre-Effective Amendment No. 3 to the Registration Statement on Form N-2 filed on September 21, 2007 (Reg. No. 333-142879))</u>
10.14*	<u>Form of Indemnification Agreement by and between Main Street Capital Corporation and each executive officer and director (previously filed as Exhibit (k)(13) to Main Street Capital Corporation's Pre-Effective Amendment No. 3 to the Registration Statement on Form N-2 filed on September 21, 2007 (Reg. No. 333-142879))</u>
10.15*	<u>Investment Sub-Advisory Agreement dated May 31, 2012 by and among HMS Adviser, LP, Main Street Capital Partners, LLC, Main Street Capital Corporation and HMS Income Fund, Inc. (previously filed as Exhibit (g)(2) to HMS Income Fund, Inc.'s Pre-Effective Amendment No. 3 to the Registration Statement on Form N-2 filed on May 31, 2012 (Reg. No. 333-178548))</u>
10.16*	<u>Assignment and Assumption of Investment Sub-Advisory Agreement dated December 31, 2013 by and among MSC Adviser I, LLC, HMS Adviser, LP, Main Street Capital Partners, LLC, Main Street Capital Corporation and HMS Income Fund, Inc. (previously filed as Exhibit 10.14 to Main Street Capital Corporation's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2013 filed on February 28, 2014 (File No. 1-33723))</u>
10.17*	<u>Main Street Capital Corporation Deferred Compensation Plan Adoption Agreement and Plan Document (previously filed as Exhibit 4.1 to Main Street Capital Corporation's Registration Statement on Form S-8 filed on December 18, 2015 (File No. 333-208643))</u>
10.18*	<u>Form of Equity Distribution Agreement dated May 10, 2018 (previously filed as Exhibit (h)(3) to Main Street Capital Corporation's Post-Effective Amendment No. 1 to the Registration Statement on Form N-2 filed on May 10, 2018 (Reg. No. 333-223483))</u>
14.1*	<u>Code of Business Conduct and Ethics (previously filed as Exhibit 14.1 to Main Street Capital Corporation's Quarterly Report on Form 10-O for the quarter ended September 30, 2018 filed on November 2, 2018 (File No. 1-33723))</u>
21.1	<u>List of Subsidiaries</u>
23.1	<u>Consent of Grant Thornton LLP, independent registered public accounting firm</u>
31.1	<u>Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a) certification of Chief Executive Officer</u>
31.2	<u>Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a) certification of Chief Financial Officer</u>
32.1	<u>Section 1350 certification of Chief Executive Officer</u>
32.2	<u>Section 1350 certification of Chief Financial Officer</u>

\*

Exhibit previously filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission, as indicated, and incorporated herein by reference.

Management contract or compensatory plan or arrangement.





Table of Contents**SIGNATURES**

Pursuant to the requirements of Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

**MAIN STREET CAPITAL CORPORATION**

**By:** /s/ DWAYNE L. HYZAK

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**Dwayne L. Hyzak**  
**Chief Executive Officer and Director**

Date: March 1, 2019

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, this report has been signed below by the following persons on behalf of the registrant and in the capacities and on the dates indicated.

<b>Signature</b>	<b>Title</b>	<b>Date</b>
/s/ DWAYNE L. HYZAK <hr/> Dwayne L. Hyzak	Chief Executive Officer and Director (principal executive officer)	March 1, 2019
/s/ VINCENT D. FOSTER <hr/> Vincent D. Foster	Executive Chairman of the Board of Directors	March 1, 2019
/s/ BRENT D. SMITH <hr/> Brent D. Smith	Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer (principal financial officer)	March 1, 2019
/s/ SHANNON D. MARTIN <hr/> Shannon D. Martin	Vice President, Chief Accounting Officer (principal accounting officer)	March 1, 2019
/s/ JOSEPH E. CANON <hr/> Joseph E. Canon	Director	March 1, 2019
/s/ MICHAEL APPLING JR. <hr/> Michael Appling Jr.	Director	March 1, 2019
/s/ ARTHUR L. FRENCH <hr/> Arthur L. French	Director	March 1, 2019
/s/ J. KEVIN GRIFFIN <hr/> J. Kevin Griffin	Director	March 1, 2019
/s/ JOHN E. JACKSON <hr/> John E. Jackson	Director	March 1, 2019

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John E. Jackson

/s/ BRIAN E. LANE

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Brian E. Lane

Director

March 1, 2019

/s/ STEVEN B. SOLCHER

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Steven B. Solcher

Director

March 1, 2019

/s/ VALERIE L. BANNER

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Valerie L. Banner

Director

March 1, 2019