LEGACY RESERVES LP Form S-4/A December 04, 2013 Table of Contents

As filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on December 4, 2013

Registration No. 333-191703

# UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

Amendment No. 1 to

# FORM S-4

REGISTRATION STATEMENT UNDER THE SECURITIES ACT OF 1933

# LEGACY RESERVES LP\* LEGACY RESERVES FINANCE CORPORATION

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware Delaware (State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization) 1311 1311 (Primary Standard Industrial Classification Code Number) 16-1751069 45-1621181 (I.R.S. Employer Identification Number)

303 W. Wall Street, Suite 1800

Midland, Texas 79701

(432) 689 5200

(Address, including zip code, and telephone number, including area code, of registrant s principal executive offices)

James Daniel Westcott 303 W. Wall Street, Suite 1800

Midland, Texas 79701

(432) 689 5200

(Name, address, including zip code, and telephone number, including area code, of agent for service)

Copies to:

George Vlahakos

Andrews Kurth LLP

600 Travis, Suite 4200

Houston, Texas 77002

(713) 220-4200

Approximate date of commencement of proposed sale of the securities to the public: As soon as practicable after the effective date of this Registration Statement.

If the securities being registered on this Form are to be offered in connection with the formation of a holding company and there is compliance with General Instruction G, check the following box. o

If this Form is filed to register additional securities for an offering pursuant to Rule 462(b) under the Securities Act, check the following box and list the Securities Act registration statement number of the earlier effective registration statement for the same offering.

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If this form is a post-effective amendment filed pursuant to Rule 462(d) under the Securities Act, check the following box and statement number of the earlier effective registration statement for the same offering. o	list the Securities Act registra	ıtion
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a small definitions of large accelerated filer, accelerated filer and smaller reporting company in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange A		e
Large accelerated filer x	Accelerated filer	)
Non-accelerated filer o (Do not check if a smaller reporting company)	Smaller reporting company of	)
If applicable, place an X in the box to designate the appropriate rule provision relied upon in conducting this transaction:		
Exchange Act Rule 13e-4(i) (Cross-Border Issuer Tender Offer) o		
Exchange Act Rule 144-1(d) (Cross-Border Third-Party Tender Offer) o		
Each Registrant hereby amends this Registration Statement on such date or dates as may be necessary to delay its effective date until the Registrant shall file a further amendment which specifically states that this Registration Statement shall thereafter become effective in accordance with Section 8(a) of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, or until this Registration Statement shall become effective on such date as the Commission, acting pursuant to said Section 8(a), may determine.		

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## TABLE OF ADDITIONAL REGISTRANT GUARANTORS

<sup>\*</sup> The following are co-registrants that guarantee the debt securities:

Exact name of registrant guarantor(1)	State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization	I.R.S. Employer Identification Number
Legacy Reserves Operating GP LLC	Delaware	20-4307209
Legacy Reserves Operating LP	Delaware	20-4307259
Legacy Reserves Services, Inc.	Texas	20-4442710

<sup>(1)</sup> The address for the registrant guarantors is 303 W. Wall Street, Suite 1800, Midland, Texas 79701, and the telephone number for the registrant guarantors is (432) 689-5200. The Primary Standard Industrial Classification Code for the registrant guarantors is 1311.

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The information in this prospectus is not complete and may be changed. We may not sell these securities until the registration statement filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission is effective. This prospectus is not an offer to sell these securities and it is not soliciting an offer to buy these securities in any jurisdiction where the offer or sale is not permitted.

**SUBJECT TO COMPLETION, DATED DECEMBER 4, 2013** 

## **PROSPECTUS**

## Legacy Reserves LP

**Legacy Reserves Finance Corporation** 

Offer to Exchange
Up to \$300,000,000 of
8% Senior Notes due 2020
That Have Not Been Registered Under
the Securities Act of 1933

( old notes )
For
Up to \$300,000,000 of
8% Senior Notes due 2020
That Have Been Registered Under
the Securities Act of 1933

( new notes )

## **Terms of the New Notes:**

• The terms of the new notes are identical to the terms of the old notes that were issued in December 2012, except that the new notes will be registered under the Securities Act of 1933 and will not contain restrictions on transfer, registration rights or provisions for additional interest.

Terms of the Exchange Offer:

• registered	We are offering to exchange up to \$300,000,000 of our old notes for new notes with materially identical terms that have been under the Securities Act of 1933 and are freely tradable.
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• December	Interest on the new notes will accrue from December 1, 2013 at the rate of 8% per annum, and will be payable on June 1 and 1 of each year, beginning on June 1, 2014.
• principal a	We will exchange all old notes that you validly tender and do not validly withdraw before the exchange offer expires for an equal amount of new notes.
•	The exchange offer expires at 5:00 p.m., New York City time, on , 2014, unless extended.
•	Tenders of old notes may be withdrawn at any time prior to the expiration of the exchange offer.
• Federal In	The exchange of old notes for new notes will not be a taxable event for U.S. federal income tax purposes. Please read Certain U.S. come Tax Consequences.
	ould carefully consider the risks set forth under Risk Factors beginning on page 9 of this prospectus for sion of factors you should consider before participating in the exchange offer.
	e Securities and Exchange Commission nor any state securities commission has approved or disapproved of these securities or d if this prospectus is truthful or complete. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense.
	The date of this prospectus is , 2013.

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This prospectus is part of a registration statement we filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission. In making your investment decision, you should rely only on the information contained or incorporated by reference in this prospectus and in the accompanying letter of transmittal. We have not authorized anyone to provide you with any other information. If you receive any unauthorized information, you must not rely on it. We are not making an offer to sell these securities or soliciting an offer to buy these securities in any jurisdiction where an offer or solicitation is not authorized or in which the person making that offer or solicitation is not qualified to do so or to anyone whom it is unlawful to make an offer or solicitation. You should not assume that the information contained in this prospectus, or in the documents incorporated by reference herein, is accurate as of any date other than the date on the front cover of this prospectus or the date of such incorporated documents, as the case may be.

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This prospectus incorporates important business and financial information about Legacy Reserves LP that is not included or delivered with this prospectus. Such information is available without charge to holders of old notes upon written or oral request made to Legacy Reserves LP, 303 W. Wall Street, Suite 1800, Midland, Texas 79701, Tel: (432) 659-5200; Attn: James Daniel Westcott.

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#### WHERE YOU CAN FIND MORE INFORMATION

We are required to file annual, quarterly, and current reports and other information with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the SEC). You may read and copy any documents filed by us at the SEC s Public Reference Room at 100 F Street, N.E., Washington, D.C. 20549. Please call the SEC at 1-800-SEC-0330 for further information on the Public Reference Room. The SEC maintains an internet site that contains reports, proxy and information statements and other information regarding us. The SEC s web site is <a href="http://www.sec.gov">http://www.sec.gov</a>.

We also make available free of charge on our internet website at <a href="http://www.legacylp.com">http://www.legacylp.com</a> all of the documents that we file with or furnish to the SEC as soon as reasonably practicable after we electronically file such material with the SEC. Information contained on our website is not incorporated by reference into this prospectus, and you should not consider information contained on our website as part of this prospectus unless specifically so designated and filed with the SEC.

We incorporate by reference information into this prospectus, which means that we disclose important information to you by referring you to another document filed separately with the SEC. The information incorporated by reference is deemed to be part of this prospectus, except for any information superseded by information contained expressly in this prospectus, and the information we file later with the SEC will automatically supersede this information. You should not assume that the information in this prospectus is current as of any date other than the date on the front page of this prospectus.

We incorporate by reference in this prospectus the documents listed below that we have previously filed with the SEC:

- Our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2012 filed on February 27, 2013;
- Our Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2013 filed on May 8, 2013, for the quarter ended June 30, 2013 filed on August 7, 2013 and for the quarter ended September 30, 2013 filed on November 6, 2013;
- Our Current Reports on Form 8-K/A filed on February 27, 2013 and Form 8-K filed on March 13, 2013, May 15, 2013, May 17, 2013, May 24, 2013 and May 31, 2013; and
- Our proxy statement on Schedule 14A filed on April 5, 2013.

In addition, we incorporate by reference in this prospectus any future filings made by Legacy Reserves LP with the SEC under Sections 13(a), 13(c), 14 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the Exchange Act ) (excluding any information furnished and not filed with the SEC), after the date on which the registration statement that includes this prospectus was initially filed with the SEC and prior to the termination of the offering of the securities offered by this prospectus.

You may request a copy of any document incorporated by reference in this prospectus and any exhibit specifically incorporated by reference in those documents, and we will provide such document to you at no cost, by writing or telephoning us at the following address or phone number:

Legacy Reserves LP

303 W. Wall Street, Suite 1800

Midland, Texas 79701

Attn: James Daniel Westcott

Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer Tel: (432) 659-5200

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## CAUTIONARY STATEMENT

## REGARDING FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

This prospectus contains forward-looking statements that are subject to a number of risks and uncertainties, many of which are beyond ou control, which may include statements about:
• our business strategy;
• the amount of oil and natural gas we produce;
• the price at which we are able to sell our oil and natural gas production;
• our ability to acquire additional oil and natural gas properties at economically attractive prices;
• our drilling locations and our ability to continue our development activities at economically attractive costs;
• the level of our lease operating expenses, general and administrative costs and finding and development costs, including payments to our general partner;
• the level of our capital expenditures;
• the level of cash distributions to our unitholders;
• our future operating results; and
• our plans, objectives, expectations and intentions.

All of these types of statements, other than statements of historical fact included in this prospectus, are forward-looking statements. In some cases, you can identify forward-looking statements by terminology such as may, could, should, expect, plan, project, intend, estimate, predict, potential, pursue, target, continue, the negative of such terms or other comparable terminology.

anticipa

The forward-looking statements contained in this prospectus are largely based on our expectations, which reflect estimates and assumptions made by our management. These estimates and assumptions reflect our best judgment based on currently known market conditions and other factors. Although we believe such estimates and assumptions to be reasonable, they are inherently uncertain and involve a number of risks and uncertainties that are beyond our control. In addition, management s assumptions about future events may prove to be inaccurate. All readers are cautioned that the forward-looking statements contained in this prospectus are not guarantees of future performance, and our expectations may not be realized or the forward-looking events and circumstances may not occur. Actual results may differ materially from those anticipated or implied in the forward-looking statements due to factors described in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2012 as well as the risk factors described under Risk Factors in this prospectus. The forward-looking statements in this prospectus speak only as of the date of this prospectus; we disclaim any obligation to update these statements unless required by securities law, and we caution you not to rely on them unduly.

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#### PROSPECTUS SUMMARY

This summary highlights information included or incorporated by reference in this prospectus. It does not contain all of the information that may be important to you. You should read carefully the entire prospectus, including the risk factors beginning on page 9.

Except as used in the Description of Notes or unless otherwise indicated or the context otherwise requires, references to Legacy Reserves, Legacy, we, our, us, or like terms refer to Legacy Reserves LP and its subsidiaries, including Legacy Reserves Finance Corporation, collectively.

In this prospectus, we refer to the notes to be issued in the exchange offer as the new notes and the notes issued in December 2012 as old notes. We refer to the new notes and the old notes collectively as the notes.

#### Legacy Reserves LP

#### Overview

We are a master limited partnership headquartered in Midland, Texas, focused on the acquisition and development of oil and natural gas properties primarily located in the Permian Basin, Mid-Continent and Rocky Mountain regions of the United States.

Our primary business objective is to generate stable cash flows allowing us to make cash distributions to our unitholders and to support and increase quarterly cash distributions per unit over time through a combination of acquisitions of new properties and development of our existing oil and natural gas properties.

Our oil and natural gas production and reserve data as of December 31, 2012 are as follows:

- We had proved reserves of approximately 83.2 million barrels of crude oil equivalent (MMBoe), of which 68% were oil and natural gas liquids (NGLs) and 88% were classified as proved developed producing (PDP), 2% were proved developed non-producing, and 10% were proved undeveloped;
- Our proved reserves had a standardized measure of \$1.4 billion; and

• Our proved reserves to production ratio was approximately 11.4 years based on the annualized production volumes for the three months ended December 31, 2012, with the exception of the volumes associated with Legacy s purchase of certain oil and natural gas properties located primarily in the Permian Basin from COG Operating LLC and Concho Oil and Gas, LLC, wholly-owned subsidiaries of Concho Resources Inc., for a net cash purchase price of \$502.6 million on December 20, 2012, for which the twelve days of production from the date of acquisition to December 31, 2012 was annualized.

We have grown primarily through two activities: the acquisition of producing oil and natural gas properties and the development of properties in established producing trends. From 2007 through 2012, we completed 113 acquisitions of oil and natural gas properties for a total of approximately \$1.5 billion, excluding \$96.3 million of non-cash asset retirement obligations. These acquisitions of primarily long-lived, oil-weighted assets, along with our ongoing development activities and operational improvements, have allowed us to achieve significant operational and financial growth during this time period.

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## Our Ownership and Organizational Structure

The chart below depicts our simplified organization and ownership structure as of September 30, 2013.

## Ownership of Legacy Reserves LP

Public Unitholders	82.21%
Founding Investors(a), Directors and Management	17.76%
General Partner Interest	0.03%
Total	100.00%

(a) Includes entities controlled by Cary Brown, our Chairman, President and Chief Executive Officer; Dale Brown, a Director; Paul T. Horne, our Executive Vice President and Chief Operating Officer; and Kyle McGraw, a Director and our Executive Vice President and Chief Development Officer, as well as certain members of Mr. McGraw s family.

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The Exchange Offer	
On December 4, 2012, we completed a private offering of the old notes. purchasers in the private offering pursuant to which we agreed to deliv complete the exchange offer on or before January 8, 2014.	
Old Notes	On December 4, 2012, we completed a private placement of \$300 million aggregate principal amount of 8% Senior Notes due 2020.
New Notes	8% Senior Notes due 2020. The terms of the new notes are identical to the terms of the old notes, except that the new notes are registered under the Securities Act of 1993, as amended (the Securities Act ), and will not have restrictions on transfer, registration rights or provisions for additional interest.
Exchange Offer	We are offering to exchange new notes for old notes.
Expiration Date	The exchange offer will expire at 5:00 p.m., New York City time, on , 2014, unless we decide to extend it.
Conditions to the Exchange Offer	The registration rights agreement does not require us to accept old notes for exchange if the exchange offer, or the making of any exchange by a holder of the old notes, would violate any applicable law or interpretation of the staff of the SEC. The exchange offer is not conditioned on a minimum aggregate principal amount of old notes being tendered. Please read Exchange Offer Conditions to the Exchange Offer for more information about the conditions to the exchange offer.
Procedures for Tendering Old Notes	To participate in the exchange offer, you must follow the procedures established by The Depository Trust Company, or DTC, for tendering notes held in book-entry form. These procedures for using DTC s Automated Tender Offer Program, or ATOP, require that (i) the exchange agent receive, prior to the expiration date of the exchange offer, a computer generated message known as an agent s message that is transmitted through DTC s automated tender offer program, and (ii) DTC confirms that:
	• DTC has received your instructions to exchange your notes; and

transmittal.

you agree to be bound by the terms of the letter of

For more information on tendering your old notes, please refer to the section in this prospectus entitled Exchange Offer Terms of the Exchange Offer, Procedures for Tendering and Description of Notes

Book-Entry, Delivery and Form.

**Guaranteed Delivery Procedures** 

Withdrawal of Tenders

None.

You may withdraw your tender of old notes at any time prior to the expiration date of the exchange offer. To

# **Table of Contents** withdraw, you must submit a notice of withdrawal to the exchange agent using ATOP procedures before 5:00 p.m., New York City time, on the expiration date of the exchange offer. Please refer to the section in this prospectus entitled Exchange Offer Withdrawal of Tenders. Acceptance of Old Notes and Delivery of New Notes If you fulfill all conditions required for proper acceptance of old notes, we will accept any and all old notes that you properly tender in the exchange offer on or before 5:00 p.m., New York City time, on the expiration date of the exchange offer. We will return any old notes that we do not accept for exchange to you without expense promptly after the expiration date of the exchange offer and acceptance of the old notes for exchange. Please refer to the section in this prospectus entitled Exchange Offer Terms of the Exchange Offer. Fees and Expenses We will bear expenses related to the exchange offer. Please refer to the section in this prospectus entitled Exchange Offer Fees and Expenses. Use of Proceeds The issuance of the new notes will not provide us with any new proceeds. We are making this exchange offer solely to satisfy our obligations under our registration rights agreement. Consequences of Failure to Exchange Old Notes If you do not exchange your old notes in this exchange offer, you will no longer be able to require us to register the old notes under the Securities Act except in limited circumstances provided under the registration rights agreement. In addition, you will not be able to resell, offer to resell or otherwise transfer the old notes unless we have registered the old notes under the Securities Act, or unless you resell, offer to resell or otherwise transfer them under an exemption from the registration requirements of, or in a transaction not subject to, the Securities Act. U.S. Federal Income Tax Considerations The exchange of old notes for new notes in the exchange offer will not be a taxable event for U.S. federal income tax purposes. Please read Certain U.S. Federal Income Tax Consequences. **Exchange Agent** We have appointed Wells Fargo Bank, National Association as exchange agent for the exchange offer. You should direct questions and requests for assistance, as well as requests for additional copies of this prospectus or the letter of transmittal, to the exchange agent

addressed as follows: Wells Fargo Bank, N.A., MAC N9303-121, P.O. Box 1517, Minneapolis, Minnesota 55480. Eligible institutions may make requests by facsimile at 1-612-667-6282, Attn: Corporate Trust Operations and may confirm facsimile delivery by calling 1-800-344-5128.

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Terms of the New Notes	
The new notes will be identical to the old notes, except that the new not on transfer, registration rights or provisions for additional interest. The indenture will govern the new notes and the old notes.	tes are registered under the Securities Act and will not have restrictions e new notes will evidence the same debt as the old notes, and the same
The following summary contains basic information about the new notes information that is important to you. For a more complete understanding Description of Notes.	s and is not intended to be complete. It does not contain all the ng of the new notes, please refer to the section of this prospectus entitled
Issuers	Legacy Reserves LP and Legacy Reserves Finance Corporation.
	Legacy Reserves Finance Corporation, a Delaware corporation, is a 100% owned subsidiary of Legacy Reserves LP that has been organized for the sole purpose of being a co-issuer of certain of our indebtedness, including the notes. Legacy Reserves Finance Corporation has no operations and no revenue other than as may be incidental to its activities as co-issuer of our indebtedness.
Notes Offered	\$300 million aggregate principal amount of 8% Senior Notes due 2020.
Maturity Date	December 1, 2020.
Interest	Interest on the new notes accrues from December 1, 2013 at a rate of 8% per annum (calculated using a 360-day year).
Original Issue Discount	Interest on the new notes is payable on June 1 and December 1 of each year, beginning on June 1, 2014.  The old notes were treated as being issued with original issue discount for United States federal income tax purposes and the new notes will continue to be treated as being issued with original issue
	discount for United States federal income tax purposes. See the discussion below under the caption Risk Factors Risks Related to Investing in the New Notes for more information regarding the United States federal income tax consequences of the original issue

discount rules.

obligations. Accordingly, they will:

Like the old notes, the new notes will be our senior unsecured

Ranking

- $\bullet$  rank equal in right of payment with all of our existing and future senior indebtedness, including \$250 million in aggregate principal amount of our 6.625% senior unsecured notes maturing on December 1, 2021 (the  $\,$  2021 Senior Notes  $\,$ );
- be effectively subordinated to all of our secured indebtedness, including indebtedness under our revolving credit facility, to the extent of the value of the collateral securing such indebtedness;
- be structurally subordinated to all indebtedness and

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other liabilities, including trade payables, of our subsidiaries (other than indebtedness and liabilities owed to us, if any); and

• rank senior in right of payment to all of our future subordinated indebtedness;

As of September 30, 2013, we had a total principal amount of long-term debt of \$864 million, and the notes were effectively subordinated to \$314 million of outstanding senior secured indebtedness (to the extent of the value of the collateral securing such indebtedness) under our revolving credit facility.

The new notes will be jointly and severally guaranteed by all of our existing and future material restricted subsidiaries (other than the co-issuer) that guarantee a material amount of our other indebtedness, which we refer to as our subsidiary guarantors. Each subsidiary guarantee of a subsidiary guarantor will:

- rank equal in right of payment with all of the existing and future senior unsecured indebtedness of the subsidiary guarantor;
- be effectively subordinated to all existing and future secured indebtedness of the subsidiary guarantor, including its guarantees of our borrowings under our revolving credit facility, to the extent of the value of the collateral securing such indebtedness; and
- rank senior in right of payment to all future subordinated indebtedness of such subsidiary guarantors.

We will have the option to redeem the new notes, in whole or in part, at any time on or after December 1, 2016 at the redemption prices described in this prospectus under the heading Description of Notes Optional Redemption, together with any accrued and unpaid interest to the date of redemption.

Prior to December 1, 2016, we may redeem the new notes, in whole or in part, at a make-whole redemption price described under Description of Notes Optional Redemption, together with any accrued and unpaid interest to the date of redemption.

#### **Subsidiary Guarantees**

## Optional Redemption

**Equity Offering Optional Redemption** 

Prior to December 1, 2015, we may, at any time or from time to time, redeem up to 35% of the aggregate principal amount of the new notes with the net proceeds of a public or private equity offering at 108% of the principal amount of the new notes, plus any accrued and unpaid interest to the date of redemption, if at least 65% of the aggregate principal amount of the notes (including additional notes) originally issued under the indenture remains outstanding after such redemption and the redemption occurs within 180 days of the date of the closing of such equity offering.

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Change of Control	If a change of control occurs, each holder of new notes may require us to repurchase all or a portion of its new notes at a price equal to 101% of the principal amount of the new notes, plus any accrued and unpaid interest to the date of repurchase.
Certain Covenants	The indenture governing the new notes contains covenants that, among other things, will limit our ability and the ability of our restricted subsidiaries to:
	• sell assets;
	• pay distributions on, purchase or redeem our units or purchase or redeem our subordinated debt;
	• make investments;
	• incur or guarantee additional indebtedness or issue preferred units;
	• create or incur certain liens;
	• enter into agreements that restrict distributions or other payments from our restricted subsidiaries to us;
	• consolidate, merge or transfer all or substantially all of our assets;
	• engage in transactions with affiliates;
	create unrestricted subsidiaries; and

engage in certain business activities.

These covenants are subject to important exceptions and qualifications that are described under Description of Notes.

If the new notes achieve an investment grade credit rating from each of Moody s Investors Service, Inc. and Standard & Poor s Ratings Services (or if either such entity ceases to rate the notes for reasons outside of the Company s control, the equivalent investment grade credit rating from any other nationally recognized statistical rating organization within the meaning of the Exchange Act selected by the Company as a replacement agency), many of these covenants will terminate.

Absence of Established Market for the New Notes

The new notes generally will be freely transferable, but will also be new securities for which there will not initially be a market. There can be no assurance as to the development or liquidity of any market for the new notes.

We do not intend to apply for a listing of the new notes on any securities exchange or for the inclusion of the new notes on any automated dealer quotation system.

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## **Ratio of Earnings to Fixed Charges**

The following table presents the ratios of earnings to fixed charges of the Partnership for the periods indicated. For purposes of computing the ratios of earnings to fixed charges, earnings consist of income from continuing operations before adjustment for equity income from equity method investees plus fixed charges and distributed earnings from investees accounted for under the equity method. Fixed charges consist of interest expense and fees associated with our revolving credit facility, interest expense on the old notes and the 2021 Senior Notes, amortization of deferred financing costs (including the original issue discounts associated with the old notes and the 2021 Senior Notes), and an estimated interest component of our rent expense.

	Legacy Reserves LP					
		Year Ended December 31,			Nine Months Ended September 30,	
	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
Ratio of earnings to fixed						
charges	13.61X	(1)	1.61X	4.53X	4.04X	1.31X

<sup>(1)</sup> Earnings were insufficient to cover fixed charges, and fixed charges exceeded earnings by approximately \$92.3 million.

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#### RISK FACTORS

An investment in the notes involves various material risks. Prior to making a decision about investing in the notes, and in consultation with your own financial and legal advisors, you should carefully consider, among other matters, the following risk factors, as well as those described under the heading Risk Factors in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2012 and the heading Management of Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2012 and in our Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended September 30, 2013, each of which is incorporated by reference in this prospectus, and in other filings we may make from time to time with the SEC.

Risks Related to Investing in the New Notes

If you do not properly tender your old notes, you will continue to hold unregistered old notes and your ability to transfer old notes will remain restricted and may be adversely affected.

We will only issue new notes in exchange for old notes that you timely and properly tender. Therefore, you should allow sufficient time to ensure timely delivery of the old notes, and you should carefully follow the instructions on how to tender your old notes. Neither we nor the exchange agent is required to tell you of any defects or irregularities with respect to your tender of old notes.

If you do not exchange your old notes for new notes pursuant to the exchange offer, the old notes you hold will continue to be subject to the existing transfer restrictions. In general, you may not offer or sell the old notes except under an exemption from, or in a transaction not subject to, the Securities Act and applicable state securities laws. We do not plan to register old notes under the Securities Act unless our registration rights agreement with the initial purchasers of the old notes requires us to do so. Further, if you continue to hold any old notes after the exchange offer is consummated, you may have trouble selling them because the principal amount of the currently outstanding old notes may be reduced as a result of the exchange offer.

Our revolving credit facility has substantial restrictions and financial covenants that may restrict our business and financing activities and our ability to make payments on the new notes.

Our revolving credit facility limits the amounts we can borrow to a borrowing base amount, determined by the lenders in their sole discretion based on their valuation of our proved reserves and their internal criteria. The borrowing base is redetermined semi-annually on or about April 1 and October 1 of each year and the available borrowing amount could be decreased as a result of such redeterminations. Decreases in the available borrowing amount could result from declines in oil and natural gas prices, operating difficulties or increased costs, declines in reserves, lending requirements or regulations or certain other circumstances. On October 15, 2013 our borrowing base was increased to \$800 million from \$737.5 million.

A future decrease in our borrowing base could be substantial and could be to a level below our outstanding borrowings. Outstanding borrowings in excess of the borrowing base are required to be repaid within 120 days following notice from the administrative agent of the new or adjusted

borrowing base. If we do not have sufficient funds on hand for repayment, we may be required to seek a waiver or amendment from our lenders, refinance our revolving credit facility or sell assets or debt or common units. We may not be able to obtain such financing or complete such transactions on terms acceptable to us, or at all. Failure to make the required repayment could result in a default under our revolving credit facility, which could adversely affect our business, financial condition and results of operations. A default under our revolving credit facility could cause all of our existing indebtedness, including the new notes and the 2021 Senior Notes, to be immediately due and payable.

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The operating and financial restrictions and covenants in our revolving credit facility restrict, and any future financing agreements likely will
restrict, our ability to finance future operations or capital needs or to engage, expand or pursue our business activities or to pay distributions. Our
revolving credit facility restricts, and any future revolving credit facility likely will restrict, our ability to:

•	incur indebtedness;
•	enter into certain leases;
•	grant certain liens;
•	enter into certain derivatives;
•	make certain loans, acquisitions, capital expenditures and investments;
•	make distributions other than from available cash;
•	merge, consolidate or allow any material change in the character of our business; or
•	engage in certain asset dispositions, including a sale of all or substantially all of our assets.
	ving credit facility restricts our ability to make distributions to unitholders or repurchase units unless after giving effect to such

We are also required to comply with certain financial covenants and ratios under the revolving credit facility. We may not be able to comply with these restrictions and covenants in the future and will be affected by the levels of cash flow from our operations and events or circumstances beyond our control, such as any potential disruptions in the financial markets. If we violate any of the restrictions, covenants, ratios or tests in our revolving credit facility, a significant portion of our indebtedness may become immediately due and payable, our ability to make distributions will be inhibited and our lenders commitment to make further loans to us may terminate. We might not have, or be able to obtain, sufficient funds to make these accelerated payments. In addition, our obligations under our revolving credit facility are secured by

revolving credit facility from declaring a distribution, we may be restricted from paying a distribution in the future.

substantially all of our assets, and if we are unable to repay our indebtedness under our revolving credit facility, the lenders can seek to foreclose on our assets.

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Each of the indenture governing the new notes and the indenture governing our 2021 Senior Notes contains, and any future indebtedness we incur may contain, a number of restrictive covenants that will impose significant operating and financial restrictions on us, including restrictions on our ability to, among other things:

- sell assets, including equity interests in our restricted subsidiaries;
- pay distributions on, redeem or purchase our units or redeem or purchase our subordinated debt;
- make investments;
- incur or guarantee additional indebtedness or issue preferred units;
- create or incur certain liens;
- enter into agreements that restrict distributions or other payments from our restricted subsidiaries to us;

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• consolidate, merge or transfer all or substantially all of our assets;
• engage in transactions with affiliates;
• create unrestricted subsidiaries; and
• engage in certain business activities.
As a result of these covenants, we are limited in the manner in which we conduct our business, and we may be unable to engage in favorable business activities or finance future operations or capital needs.
A failure to comply with the covenants in either the indenture governing the notes or, the indenture governing our 2021 Senior Notes, or any future indebtedness could result in an event of default under such indentures, our revolving credit facility or any instrument governing such future indebtedness, which, if not cured or waived, could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations. In addition, complying with these covenants may also cause us to take actions that are not favorable to holders of the notes and may make it more difficult for us to successfully execute our business strategy and compete against companies that are not subject to such restrictions.
Our ability to access the capital and credit markets to raise capital on favorable terms will be affected by any disruptions in the capital and credit markets.
Potential future disruptions in the global financial markets and any associated severe tightening of credit supply may significantly increase the cost of raising money in the debt and equity capital markets or may prevent us from obtaining adequate financing from these sources entirely. Under these scenarios, lenders may increase interest rates, enact tighter lending standards, refuse to refinance existing debt at maturity on favorable terms, or at all, and may reduce or cease to provide funding to borrowers.
We may not be able to generate enough cash flow to meet our debt obligations.

We expect our earnings and cash flow to vary significantly from year to year due to the cyclical nature of our industry. As a result, the amount of debt that we can manage in some periods may not be appropriate for us in other periods. Additionally, our future cash flow may be insufficient to meet our debt obligations and commitments, including the new notes. Any insufficiency could negatively impact our business. A range of economic, competitive, business and industry factors will affect our future financial performance and, as a result, our ability to generate cash flow from operations and to pay our debt, including the new notes. Many of these factors, such as oil and natural gas prices, economic and financial conditions in our industry and the global economy or competitive initiatives of our competitors, are beyond our control.

If we do no such as:	ot generate enough cash flow from operations to satisfy our debt obligations, we may have to undertake alternative financing plans,
•	refinancing or restructuring our debt;
•	selling assets;
•	reducing or delaying capital investments; or
•	seeking to raise additional capital.
inability to financing,	we cannot assure you that undertaking alternative financing plans, if necessary, would allow us to meet our debt obligations. Our generate sufficient cash flow to satisfy our debt obligations, including our obligations under the new notes, or to obtain alternative could materially and adversely affect our ability to make payments on the new notes and our business, financial condition, results of and prospects.
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We distribute all of our available cash to our unitholders after reserves are established by our general partner, and we are not required to accumulate cash for the purpose of meeting our future obligations to our noteholders, which may limit the cash available to service the new notes.

Subject to the limitations on restricted payments contained in the indenture governing the new notes, the indenture governing our 2021 Senior Notes and in our revolving credit facility, our partnership agreement requires us to distribute all of our available cash each quarter to our unitholders. Available cash is defined in our partnership agreement, and it generally means, for each fiscal quarter, all cash and cash equivalents on the date of determination of available cash for that quarter, less the amount of any cash reserves established by our general partner to:

- provide for the proper conduct of our business;
- comply with applicable law, the terms of any of our debt instruments or other agreements; or
- provide funds for distributions to our unitholders and to our general partner for any one or more of the next four quarters.

As a result, we do not expect to accumulate significant amounts of cash. Depending on the timing and amount of our cash distributions, these distributions could significantly reduce the cash available to us in subsequent periods to make payments on the new notes.

The new notes and the guarantees are unsecured and effectively or structurally subordinated to our and our subsidiary guarantors existing and future secured indebtedness.

The new notes and the guarantees are general unsecured senior obligations ranking (i) effectively or structurally subordinated to all our existing and future secured debt and that of each subsidiary guarantor, respectively, including obligations under our revolving credit facility, in each case to the extent of the value of the collateral securing such debt, and (ii) equal in right of payment to the 2021 Senior Notes and its subsidiary guarantees and our other general unsecured obligations that are not subordinated. As of September 30, 2013, we had \$314 million of senior secured indebtedness outstanding under our revolving credit facility, to which extent the new notes will be effectively subordinated, and approximately \$423.4 million (after deducting \$0.1 million of outstanding letters of credit) of additional borrowing capacity under our revolving credit facility.

If we or a subsidiary guarantor is declared bankrupt, becomes insolvent or is liquidated or reorganized, any secured debt of ours or of any subsidiary guarantor will be entitled to be paid in full from our assets or the assets of such guarantor, as applicable, securing that debt before any payment may be made with respect to the new notes or the affected guarantees. Holders of the new notes will participate ratably with all holders of our unsecured indebtedness that does not rank junior to the new notes, including the holders of the 2021 Senior Notes and all of our other general creditors, based upon the respective amounts owed to each holder or creditor in our remaining assets. In any of the foregoing events, we cannot assure you that there will be sufficient assets to pay amounts due on the new notes. As a result, holders of the new notes would likely receive less, ratably, than holders of secured indebtedness.

Not all of our subsidiaries will guarantee the new notes. Your right to receive payments on the notes could be adversely affected if any of our non-guarantor subsidiaries declares bankruptcy, liquidates or reorganizes.

Although all of our existing subsidiaries, other than the co-issuer and our equity method investees in which we own a non-controlling interest, will initially guarantee the new notes, in the future, under certain circumstances, the guarantees are subject to release, and we may have other subsidiaries in the future that are not guarantors. Thus, the new notes will be effectively junior to the claims of all creditors, including trade creditors and tort claimants, of our subsidiaries that are not guarantors. In the event of the liquidation, dissolution, reorganization, bankruptcy or similar proceedings respecting the business of a subsidiary that is not a guarantor, creditors of that subsidiary would generally have the right to be paid in full before any distribution is made to us or the holders of the new notes. Accordingly, there may not be sufficient funds remaining to pay amounts due on all or any of the new notes.

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Our variable rate indebtedness sub	iorts iis to intorost rato risks	which could cause our	deht service obligat	tions to increase si	oniticantly
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Borrowings under our revolving credit facility bear interest at variable rates and expose us to interest rate risk. If interest rates increase and we are unable to effectively hedge our interest rate risk, our debt service obligations on the variable rate indebtedness would increase even if the amount borrowed remained the same, and our net income and cash available for servicing our indebtedness would decrease. As of September 30, 2013, if the variable interest rate increases or decreases by 0.125%, our annual debt service obligations on our variable rate debt would increase or decrease by approximately \$0.01 million, assuming our current interest rate hedges remain in place and do not expire. As of September 30, 2013, our annual debt service obligations on \$304 million of our variable rate debt is fixed due to our interest rate hedges, of which hedges on \$100 million of debt expire during 2013 and the remainder expire during 2014 and 2015.

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We have substantial indebtedness. As of September 30, 2013, our total principal amount of long-term debt was \$864 million.

Our existing and future indebtedness could have important consequences to us and to the holders of the notes, including:

- our ability to obtain additional financing, if necessary, for working capital, capital expenditures, acquisitions or other purposes may be impaired or such financing may not be available on terms acceptable to us;
- covenants in our existing and future credit and debt arrangements will require us to meet financial tests that may affect our flexibility in planning for and reacting to changes in our business, including possible acquisition opportunities;
- our access to the capital markets may be limited;
- our borrowing costs may increase;
- we will need a substantial portion of our cash flow to make principal and interest payments on our indebtedness, reducing the funds that would otherwise be available for operations, future business opportunities and distributions to unitholders; and
- our debt level will make us more vulnerable than our competitors with less debt to competitive pressures or a downturn in our business or the economy generally.

Our ability to service our indebtedness will depend upon, among other things, our future financial and operating performance, which will be affected by prevailing economic conditions and financial, business, regulatory and other factors, some of which are beyond our control. If our operating results are not sufficient to service our current or future indebtedness, we will be forced to take actions such as reducing distributions; reducing or delaying business activities, acquisitions, investments and/or capital expenditures; selling assets; restructuring or refinancing our indebtedness; or seeking additional equity capital or bankruptcy protection. We may not be able to effect any of these remedies on satisfactory terms or at all.

Despite our and our subsidiaries current level of indebtedness, we may still be able to incur substantially more debt. This could further exacerbate the risks associated with our substantial indebtedness.

We and our subsidiaries may be able to incur substantial additional indebtedness in the future, subject to certain limitations, including under our revolving credit facility, the indenture governing the 2021 Senior Notes and the indenture governing the new notes. For example, as of September 30, 2013, we had the ability to borrow up to approximately \$737.5 million on a revolving basis under our revolving credit facility, with \$423.4 million available.

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If new debt is added to our current debt levels, the related risks that we and our subsidiaries now face could intensify. Our level of indebtedness could, for instance, prevent us from engaging in transactions that might otherwise be beneficial to us or from making desirable capital expenditures. This could put us at a competitive disadvantage relative to other less leveraged competitors that have more cash flow to devote to their operations. In addition, the incurrence of additional indebtedness could make it more difficult to satisfy our existing financial obligations, including those relating to the notes.

We may not be able to fund a change of control offer.

In the event of a change of control, we will be required, subject to certain conditions, to offer to purchase all outstanding notes at a price equal to 101% of the principal amount thereof, plus accrued and unpaid interest thereon to the date of purchase. See Description of Notes. The holders of our outstanding 2021 Senior Notes have substantially similar rights. If a change of control were to occur today, we would not have sufficient funds available to purchase all of the outstanding notes were they to be tendered in response to an offer made as a result of a change of control. We cannot assure you that we will have sufficient funds available to fulfill these obligations upon a change of control in the future. Furthermore, any Change of Control (as defined under our revolving credit facility) would constitute an event of default under our revolving credit facility, and we may not be able to obtain a waiver with respect to such default from the lenders under our revolving credit facility at such time.

The change of control put right might not be enforceable.

The Chancery Court of Delaware has raised the possibility in a published decision that a change of control put right occurring as a result of a failure to have continuing directors comprising a majority of a board of directors may be unenforceable on public policy grounds.

Many of the covenants contained in the indenture will terminate if the notes are rated investment grade by both Standard & Poor s and Moody s and no default or event of default has occurred and is continuing.

Many of the covenants in the indenture governing the new notes will terminate if the new notes are rated investment grade by both Standard & Poor s and Moody s provided at such time no default or event of default has occurred and is continuing. The covenants will restrict, among other things, our ability to pay dividends, incur debt and to enter into certain other transactions. There can be no assurance that the new notes will ever be rated investment grade. However, termination of these covenants would allow us to engage in certain transactions that would not have been permitted while these covenants were in force, and these covenants would not be reinstated even if the new notes were subsequently downgraded. See Description of Notes Certain Covenants Covenant Termination.

A subsidiary guarantee could be voided if it constitutes a fraudulent transfer under U.S. bankruptcy or similar state law, which would prevent the holders of the new notes from relying on that subsidiary to satisfy claims.

Under U.S. bankruptcy law and comparable provisions of state fraudulent transfer laws, our subsidiary guarantees can be voided, or claims under the subsidiary guarantees may be subordinated to all other debts of that subsidiary guarantor if, among other things, the subsidiary guaranter, at the time it incurred the indebtedness evidenced by its guarantee or, in some states, when payments become due under the guarantee,

received less than reasonably equivalent value or fair consideration for the incurrence of the guarantee and:

- was insolvent or rendered insolvent by reason of such incurrence;
- was engaged in a business or transaction for which the guarantor s remaining assets constituted unreasonably small capital; or
- intended to incur, or believed that it would incur, debts beyond its ability to pay those debts as they mature.

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A subsidiary guarantee of the notes may also be voided, without regard to the above factors, if a court finds that the subsidiary guaranter entered into the guarantee with the actual intent to hinder, delay or defraud its creditors.

A court would likely find that a subsidiary guarantor did not receive reasonably equivalent value or fair consideration for its guarantee if the subsidiary guarantor did not substantially benefit directly or indirectly from the issuance of the guarantees. If a court were to void a subsidiary guarantee, you would no longer have a claim against the subsidiary guarantor. Sufficient funds to repay the notes may not be available from other sources, including the remaining subsidiary guarantors, if any. In addition, the court might direct you to repay any amounts that you already received from the subsidiary guarantor.

The measures of insolvency for purposes of fraudulent transfer laws vary depending upon the governing law. Generally, a guarantor would be considered insolvent if:

- the sum of its debts, including contingent liabilities, were greater than the fair saleable value of all its assets;
- the present fair saleable value of its assets is less than the amount that would be required to pay its probable liability on its existing debts, including contingent liabilities, as they become absolute and mature; or
- it could not pay its debts as they become due.

Each subsidiary guarantee contains a provision intended to limit the subsidiary guarantor s liability to the maximum amount that it could incur without causing the incurrence of obligations under its subsidiary guarantee to be a fraudulent transfer. Such provision may not be effective to protect the subsidiary guarantees from being voided under bankruptcy law.

A financial failure by us or our subsidiaries may result in the assets of any or all of those entities becoming subject to the claims of all creditors of those entities.

A financial failure by us or our subsidiaries could affect payment of the new notes if a bankruptcy court were to substantively consolidate us and our subsidiaries. If a bankruptcy court substantively consolidated us and our subsidiaries, the assets of each entity would become subject to the claims of creditors of all entities. This would expose holders of new notes not only to the usual impairments arising from bankruptcy, but also to potential dilution of the amount ultimately recoverable because of the larger creditor base. Furthermore, forced restructuring of the notes could occur through the cram-down provisions of the bankruptcy code. Under these provisions, the new notes could be restructured over your objections as to their general terms, primary interest rate and maturity.

Because we are a holding company, we are financially dependent on receiving distributions from our subsidiaries.

We are a holding company and our subsidiaries conduct all of our operations and own all of our assets. We have no significant assets other than the partnership interests, stock and other equity interests in our subsidiaries. As a result, our ability to make required payments on the new notes will depend on the performance of our subsidiaries and their ability to distribute funds to us. Our rights and the rights of our creditors, including holders of the new notes, to participate in the distribution of assets of any entity in which we own an equity interest will be subject to prior claims of such entity s creditors upon such entity s liquidation or reorganization. However, we may ourselves be a creditor with recognized claims against this entity, but our claims would still be subject to the prior claims of any secured creditor of this entity and of any holder of indebtedness of this entity that is senior to that held by us. Accordingly, a holder of our debt securities, including holders of the notes, may be deemed to be effectively subordinated to those claims.

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Your ability to transfer the notes may be limited by the absence of a trading market.

The old notes have not been registered under the Securities Act, and may not be resold by holders thereof unless the old notes are subsequently registered or an exemption from the registration requirements of the Securities Act is available. However, we cannot assure you that, even following registration or exchange of the old notes for new notes, that an active trading market for the new notes will exist, and we will have no obligation to create such a market. At the time of the private placement of the old notes, the initial purchasers advised us that they intended to make a market in the notes. However, the initial purchasers are not obligated to make a market in the notes, and any market making may be discontinued at any time at their sole discretion. No assurance can be given as to the liquidity of or trading market for the new notes.

The liquidity of any trading market for the notes and the market price quoted for the notes will depend upon the number of holders of the notes, the overall market for high yield securities, our financial performance or prospects or the prospects for companies in our industry generally, the interest of securities dealers in making a market in the notes and other factors.

You may be required to recognize taxable income on the new notes in a taxable year in excess of cash payments made to you on the new notes.

The old notes were treated as being issued with original issue discount for United States federal income tax purposes. As a result, in addition to the stated interest on the new notes, you may be required to include a portion of such original issue discount in your income as it accrues for federal income tax purposes in advance of receipt of any payment on the new notes to which the income is attributable. Each investor is advised to consult its tax advisors regarding the applicability of the original issue discount rules to its particular circumstances.

If a bankruptcy petition were filed by or against us, holders of notes may receive a lesser amount for their claim than they would have been entitled to receive under the indenture governing the notes.

If a bankruptcy petition were filed by or against us under the U.S. Bankruptcy Code, the claim by any holder of the notes for the principal amount of the notes may be limited to an amount equal to the sum of:

- the original issue price for the notes; and
- that portion of the original issue discount (if any) that does not constitute unmatured interest for purposes of the U.S. Bankruptcy Code.

Any original issue discount that was not amortized as of the date of the bankruptcy filing would constitute unmatured interest. Accordingly, holders of the notes under these circumstances may receive a lesser amount than they would be entitled to receive under the terms of the

indenture governing their notes, even if sufficient funds were available.

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#### **EXCHANGE OFFER**

#### Purpose and Effect of the Exchange Offer

At the closing of the offering of the old notes, we and the guarantors entered into a registration rights agreement with the initial purchasers pursuant to which we and the guarantors agreed, for the benefit of the holders of the old notes, at our cost, to do the following:

- file an exchange offer registration statement with the SEC with respect to the exchange offer for the new notes; and
- use commercially reasonable efforts to have the exchange offer consummated not later than January 8, 2014.

Once the SEC has declared the exchange offer registration statement effective, we have agreed to offer the new notes in exchange for surrender of the old notes. We agreed to use commercially reasonable efforts to cause the exchange offer registration statement to be effective continuously, and to keep the exchange offer open for a period of not less than 20 business days.

For each old note surrendered to us pursuant to the exchange offer, the holder of such old note will receive a new note having a principal amount equal to that of the surrendered old note. Interest on each new note will accrue from the last interest payment date on which interest was paid on the surrendered old note. The registration rights agreement also provides an agreement to include in the prospectus for the exchange offer certain information necessary to allow a broker-dealer who holds old notes that were acquired for its own account as a result of market-making activities or other ordinary course trading activities (other than old notes acquired directly from us or one of our affiliates) to exchange such old notes pursuant to the exchange offer and to satisfy the prospectus delivery requirements in connection with resales of new notes received by such broker-dealer in the exchange offer. We agreed to use commercially reasonable efforts to maintain the effectiveness of the exchange offer registration statement for these purposes for a period ending on the earlier of 180 days from the date on which the exchange offer registration statement is declared effective and the date on which the broker-dealer is no longer required to deliver a prospectus in connection with market-making or other trading activities.

The preceding agreement is needed because any broker-dealer who acquires old notes for its own account as a result of market-making activities or other trading activities is required to deliver a prospectus meeting the requirements of the Securities Act. This prospectus covers the offer and sale of the new notes pursuant to the exchange offer and the resale of new notes received in the exchange offer by any broker-dealer who held old notes acquired for its own account as a result of market-making activities or other trading activities, other than old notes acquired directly from us or one of our affiliates.

Based on interpretations by the staff of the SEC set forth in no-action letters issued to third parties, we believe that the new notes issued pursuant to the exchange offer would in general be freely tradable after the exchange offer without further registration under the Securities Act. However, any purchaser of old notes who is an affiliate of ours or who intends to participate in the exchange offer for the purpose of distributing the related new notes:

will not be able to rely on the interpretation of the staff of the SEC;

•	will not be able to tender its old notes in the exchange offer; and
• of the old	must comply with the registration and prospectus delivery requirements of the Securities Act in connection with any sale or transfer notes unless such sale or transfer is made pursuant to an exemption from such requirements.
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Each holder of the old notes (other than certain specified holders)	who desires to exchange old	I notes for the new notes in the exchange offer wil
be required to make the representations described below under	Procedures for Tendering	Your Representations to Us.

We further agreed to file with the SEC a shelf registration statement to register for public resale old notes held by any holder who provides us with certain information for inclusion in the shelf registration statement if:

- the exchange offer is not permitted by applicable law or SEC policy;
- the exchange offer is for any reason not consummated on or before January 8, 2014 and the old notes are not freely tradable prior to that date; or
- prior to January 8, 2014, any holder notifies us that:
- the holder is prohibited by applicable law or SEC policy from participating in the exchange offer;
- the holder may not resell the new notes acquired in the exchange offer to the public without delivering a prospectus, and the prospectus contained in the exchange offer is not appropriate or available for such resales by such purchaser; or
- the holder is a broker-dealer and holds old notes acquired directly from us or one of our affiliates that are not freely tradable, and such holder cannot participate in the exchange offer.

We have agreed to use commercially reasonable efforts to cause the shelf registration statement to be declared effective by the SEC (or automatically become effective under the Securities Act) on or before the 90th day after the date the shelf registration statement was filed, which date we refer to as the shelf filing deadline. The shelf filing deadline shall be 20 business days after the later of (i) the date we receive notice of the above circumstances by any holder and (ii) the first to occur of (a) the date that we deliver the new notes to the registrar under the indenture of the new notes in the same aggregate principal amount as the aggregate principal amount of the old notes that were tendered by the holders of the old notes pursuant to an exchange offer and (b) January 8, 2014. We have also agreed to use commercially reasonable efforts to keep the shelf registration statement continuously effective from the date on which the shelf registration statement is declared effective by the SEC until the earlier of the expiration of the one-year period referred to in Rule 144 applicable to securities held by non-affiliates under the Securities Act and such time as all notes covered by the shelf registration statement have been sold or are freely tradable. We refer to this period as the shelf effectiveness period.

The registration rights agreement provides that, in the event (i) the exchange offer is not consummated on or prior to January 8, 2014, (ii) the shelf registration statement, if required, is not declared effective (or does not automatically become effective) on or prior to the 90th calendar day following any shelf filing deadline, or (iii) any required shelf registration statement ceases to remain effective or becomes unusable in connection with resale for more than 30 calendar days (each such event referred to in clauses (i) through (iii) above, a Registration Default ), the interest rate on the old notes will be increased by 1.0% per annum, until the earlier of the completion of the exchange offer or until no Registration Default is in effect, at which time the increased interest shall cease to accrue and shall be reduced to the original interest rate of the old notes.

Holders of the old notes will be required to make certain representations to us (as described in the registration rights agreement and below under Procedures for Tendering Your Representations to Us. ) in order to participate in the exchange offer and will be required to deliver information to be used in connection with the shelf registration statement and to provide comments on the shelf registration statement within the time periods set forth in the registration rights agreement in order to have their old notes included in the shelf registration statement.

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If we effect the registered exchange offer, we will be entitled to close the registered exchange offer 20 business days after its commencement as long as we have accepted all old notes validly tendered in accordance with the terms of the exchange offer and no brokers or dealers continue to hold any old notes.

This summary of the material provisions of the registration rights agreement does not purport to be complete and is subject to, and is qualified in its entirety by reference to, all the provisions of the registration rights agreement, a copy of each of which is filed as an exhibit to the registration statement that includes this prospectus.

Except as set forth above, after consummation of the exchange offer, holders of old notes that are the subject of the exchange offer will have no registration or exchange rights under the registration rights agreement. See Consequences of Failure to Exchange.

#### Terms of the Exchange Offer

Subject to the terms and conditions described in this prospectus and in the letter of transmittal, we will accept for exchange any old notes properly tendered and not withdrawn prior to 5:00 p.m., New York City time, on the expiration date of the exchange offer. We will issue new notes in a principal amount equal to the principal amount of old notes surrendered in the exchange offer. Old notes may be tendered only for new notes and only in minimum denominations of \$2,000 and integral multiples of \$1,000 in excess thereof.

The exchange offer is not conditioned upon any minimum aggregate principal amount of old notes being tendered for exchange.

As of the date of this prospectus, \$300 million in aggregate principal amount of the old notes is outstanding. This prospectus and the letter of transmittal are being sent to all registered holders of old notes. There will be no fixed record date for determining registered holders of old notes entitled to participate in the exchange offer.

We intend to conduct the exchange offer in accordance with the provisions of the registration rights agreement, the applicable requirements of the Securities Act and the Exchange Act and the rules and regulations of the SEC. Old notes that the holders thereof do not tender for exchange in the exchange offer will remain outstanding and continue to accrue interest. These old notes will continue to be entitled to the rights and benefits such holders have under the indenture relating to the notes and the registration rights agreement.

We will be deemed to have accepted for exchange properly tendered old notes when we have given oral or written notice of the acceptance to the exchange agent and complied with the applicable provisions of the registration rights agreement. The exchange agent will act as agent for the tendering holders for the purposes of receiving the new notes from us.

If you tender old notes in the exchange offer, you will not be required to pay brokerage commissions or fees or, subject to the letter of transmittal, transfer taxes with respect to the exchange of old notes. We will pay all charges and expenses, other than certain applicable taxes described below, in connection with the exchange offer. It is important that you read the section Fees and Expenses for more details regarding fees and expenses incurred in connection with the exchange offer.

We will return any old notes that we do not accept for exchange for any reason without expense to their tendering holder promptly after the expiration or termination of the exchange offer.

#### **Expiration Date**

The exchange offer will expire at 5:00 p.m., New York City time, on

, 2014, unless, in our sole discretion, we extend it.

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#### **Extensions, Delays in Acceptance, Termination or Amendment**

We expressly reserve the right, at any time or various times, to extend the period of time during which the exchange offer is open. We may delay acceptance of any old notes by giving oral or written notice of such extension to their holders at any time until the exchange offer expires or terminates. During any such extensions, all old notes previously tendered will remain subject to the exchange offer, and we may accept them for exchange.

In order to extend the exchange offer, we will notify the exchange agent orally or in writing of any extension. We will notify the registered holders of old notes of the extension no later than 9:00 a.m., New York City time, on the business day after the previously scheduled expiration date.

If any of the conditions described below under Conditions to the Exchange Offer have not been satisfied, we reserve the right, in our sole discretion, to:

- delay accepting for exchange any old notes;
- extend the exchange offer; or
- terminate the exchange offer;

by giving oral or written notice of such delay, extension or termination to the exchange agent. Subject to the terms of the registration rights agreement, we also reserve the right to amend the terms of the exchange offer in any manner.

Any such delay in acceptance, extension, termination or amendment will be followed promptly by oral or written notice thereof to the registered holders of old notes. If we amend the exchange offer in a manner that we determine to constitute a material change, we will promptly disclose such amendment by means of a prospectus supplement. The prospectus supplement will be distributed to the registered holders of the old notes. Depending upon the significance of the amendment and the manner of disclosure to the registered holders, we may extend the exchange offer. In the event of a material change in the exchange offer, including the waiver by us of a material condition, we will extend the exchange offer period, if necessary, so that at least five business days remain in the exchange offer period following notice of the material change.

#### **Conditions to the Exchange Offer**

We will not be required to accept for exchange, or exchange any new notes for, any old notes if the exchange offer, or the making of any exchange by a holder of old notes, would violate applicable law or any applicable interpretation of the staff of the SEC. Similarly, we may terminate the exchange offer as provided in this prospectus before accepting old notes for exchange in the event of such a potential violation.

In addition, we will not be obligated to accept for exchange the old notes of any holder that has not made to us the representations described under Purpose and Effect of the Exchange Offer, Procedures for Tendering and Plan of Distribution and such other representations as may be reasonably necessary under applicable SEC rules, regulations or interpretations to allow us to use an appropriate form to register the new notes under the Securities Act.

We expressly reserve the right to amend or terminate the exchange offer, and to reject for exchange any old notes not previously accepted for exchange, upon the occurrence of any of the conditions to the exchange offer specified above. We will give prompt oral or written notice of any extension, amendment, non-acceptance or termination to the holders of the old notes as promptly as practicable.

These conditions are for our sole benefit, and we may assert them or waive them in whole or in part at any time or at various times in our sole discretion prior to the expiration of the exchange offer. If we fail at any time to exercise any of these rights, this failure will not mean that we have waived our rights. Each such right will be

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deemed an ongoing right that we may assert at any time or at various times prior to the expiration of the exchange offer.

In addition, we will not accept for exchange any old notes tendered, and will not issue new notes in exchange for any such old notes, if at such time any stop order has been threatened or is in effect with respect to the registration statement of which this prospectus constitutes a part or the qualification of the indenture relating to the notes under the Trust Indenture Act of 1939, as amended (the Trust Indenture Act ).

#### **Procedures for Tendering**

In order to participate in the exchange offer, you must properly tender your old notes to the exchange agent as described below. We will only issue new notes in exchange for old notes that you timely and properly tender. Therefore, you should allow sufficient time to ensure timely delivery of the old notes, and you should follow carefully the instructions on how to tender your old notes. It is your responsibility to properly tender your old notes. We have the right to waive any defects. However, we are not required to waive defects and are not required to notify you of defects in your tender.

If you have any questions or need help in exchanging your old notes, please contact the exchange agent, whose address is as follows: Wells Fargo Bank, N.A., MAC N9303-121, P.O. Box 1517, Minneapolis, Minnesota 55480. Eligible institutions may make requests by facsimile at 1-612-677-6282, Attn: Corporate Trust Operations and may confirm facsimile delivery by calling 1-800-344-5128.

All of the old notes were issued in book-entry form, and all of the old notes are currently represented by global certificates held for the account of DTC. We have confirmed with DTC that the old notes may be tendered using the ATOP procedures. The exchange agent will establish an account with DTC for purposes of the exchange offer promptly after the commencement of the exchange offer, and DTC participants may electronically transmit their acceptance of the exchange offer by causing DTC to transfer their old notes to the exchange agent using the ATOP procedures. In connection with the transfer, DTC will send an agent s message to the exchange agent. The agent s message will state that DTC has received instructions from the participant to tender old notes and that the participant agrees to be bound by the terms of the letter of transmittal.

By using the ATOP procedures to exchange old notes, you will not be required to deliver a letter of transmittal to the exchange agent. However, you will be bound by its terms just as if you had signed it.

There is no procedure for guaranteed late delivery of the old notes.

### Determinations Under the Exchange Offer

We will determine, in our sole discretion, all questions as to the validity, form, eligibility, time of receipt, acceptance of tendered old notes and withdrawal of tendered old notes. Our determination will be final and binding. We reserve the absolute right to reject any old notes not properly

tendered or any old notes our acceptance of which would, in the opinion of our counsel, be unlawful. We also reserve the right to waive any defect, irregularities or conditions of tender as to particular old notes. Our interpretation of the terms and conditions of the exchange offer, including the instructions in the letter of transmittal, will be final and binding on all parties. Unless waived, all defects or irregularities in connection with tenders of old notes must be cured within such time as we shall determine. Although we intend to notify holders of defects or irregularities with respect to tenders of old notes, neither we, the exchange agent nor any other person will incur any liability for failure to give such notification. Tenders of old notes will not be deemed made until such defects or irregularities have been cured or waived. Any old notes received by the exchange agent that are not properly tendered and as to which the defects or irregularities have not been cured or waived will be returned to the tendering holder, unless otherwise provided in the letter of transmittal, as soon as practicable following the expiration date or termination of the exchange offer.

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In all cases, we will issue new notes for old notes that we have accepted for exchange under the exchange offer only after the exchange agent timely receives:

- book-entry confirmation of such old notes into the exchange agent s account at DTC; and
- a properly transmitted agent s message.

#### Return of Old Notes Not Accepted or Exchanged

If we do not accept any tendered old notes for exchange or if old notes are submitted for a greater principal amount than the holder desires to exchange, the unaccepted or non-exchanged old notes will be returned without expense to their tendering holder. Such non-exchanged old notes will be credited to an account maintained with DTC. These actions will occur as soon as practicable after the expiration or termination of the exchange offer.

#### Your Representations to Us

By agreeing to be bound by the letter of transmittal, you will represent to us that, among other things:

- the new notes acquired pursuant to the exchange offer are being obtained in the ordinary course of your business, whether or not you are the holder;
- neither you nor, to your knowledge, any other person has an arrangement or understanding with any person to participate in the distribution (within the meaning of the Securities Act) of such new notes and you are not engaged in and do not intend to engage in the distribution (within the meaning of the Securities Act) of such new notes;
- you are not an affiliate, as such term is defined under Rule 405 promulgated under the Securities Act, of the Issuers; and

• if you are a broker-dealer, you will receive the new notes for your own account in exchange for old notes that were acquired as a result of market-making activities or other trading activities, and you acknowledge that you will deliver a prospectus (or, to the extent permitted by law, make available a prospectus) in connection with any resale of such new notes.

#### Withdrawal of Tenders

Except as otherwise provided in this prospectus, you may withdraw your tender at any time prior to 5:00 p.m., New York City time, on the expiration date of the exchange offer. For a withdrawal to be effective, you must comply with DTC s ATOP procedures. Any notice of withdrawal must specify the name and number of the account at DTC to be credited with withdrawn old notes and otherwise comply with the procedures of DTC.

We will determine all questions as to the validity, form, eligibility and time of receipt of notice of withdrawal. Our determination shall be final and binding on all parties. We will deem any old notes so withdrawn not to have been validly tendered for exchange for purposes of the exchange offer.

Any old notes that have been tendered for exchange but are not exchanged for any reason will be credited to an account maintained with DTC for the old notes. This crediting will take place as soon as practicable after withdrawal, rejection of tender or termination of the exchange offer. You may retender properly withdrawn old notes by following the procedures described under Procedures for Tendering above at any time prior to 5:00 p.m., New York City time, on the expiration date of the exchange offer.

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Fees and Expenses
We will bear the expenses of soliciting tenders. The principal solicitation is being made by mail; however, we may make additional solicitation by facsimile, telephone, electronic mail or in person by our officers and regular employees and those of our affiliates.
We have not retained any dealer-manager in connection with the exchange offer and will not make any payments to broker-dealers or others soliciting acceptances of the exchange offer. We will, however, pay the exchange agent reasonable and customary fees for its services and reimburse it for its related reasonable out-of-pocket expenses.
We will pay the cash expenses to be incurred in connection with the exchange offer. They include:
• all registration and filing fees and expenses;
• all fees and expenses of compliance with federal securities and state blue sky or securities laws;
• accounting and legal fees, disbursements and printing, messenger and delivery services and telephone costs; and
• related fees and expenses.
Transfer Taxes
We will pay all transfer taxes, if any, applicable to the exchange of old notes under the exchange offer. The tendering holder, however, will be required to pay any transfer taxes, whether imposed on the registered holder or any other person, if a transfer tax is imposed for any reason other than the exchange of old notes under the exchange offer.
Consequences of Failure to Exchange

If you do not exchange your old notes for new notes under the exchange offer you will remain subject to the existing restrictions on transfer of the old notes. In general, you may not offer or sell the old notes unless the offer or sale is either registered under the Securities Act or exempt

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from registration under the Securities Act and applicable state securities laws. Except as required by the registration rights agreement, we do not intend to register resales of the old notes under the Securities Act.

#### **Accounting Treatment**

We will record the new notes in our accounting records at the same carrying value as the old notes. This carrying value is the aggregate principal amount of the old notes less any bond discount, as reflected in our accounting records on the date of exchange. Accordingly, we will not recognize any gain or loss for accounting purposes in connection with the exchange offer.

#### Other

Participation in the exchange offer is voluntary and you should carefully consider whether to accept. You are urged to consult your financial and tax advisors in making your own decision on what action to take.

We may in the future seek to acquire untendered old notes in open market or privately-negotiated transactions, through subsequent exchange offers or otherwise. We have no present plans to acquire any old notes that are not tendered in the exchange offer or to file a registration statement to permit resales of any untendered old notes.

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#### RATIO OF EARNINGS TO FIXED CHARGES

The following table presents the ratios of earnings to fixed charges of the Partnership for the periods indicated. For purposes of computing the ratios of earnings to fixed charges, earnings consist of income from continuing operations before adjustment for equity income from equity method investees plus fixed charges and distributed earnings from investees accounted for under the equity method. Fixed charges consist of interest expense and fees associated with our revolving credit facility, interest expense on the old notes and the 2021 Senior Notes, amortization of deferred financing costs (including the original issue discounts associated with the old notes and the 2021 Senior Notes), and an estimated interest component of our rent expense.

	Legacy Reserves LP					
	2008	Year 2009	r Ended December 2010	31, 2011	2012	Nine Months Ended September 30, 2013
Ratio of earnings to fixed charges	13.61X	(1)	1.61X	4.53X	4.04X	1.31X

<sup>(1)</sup> Earnings were insufficient to cover fixed charges, and fixed charges exceeded earnings by approximately \$92.3 million.

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#### **USE OF PROCEEDS**

The exchange offer is intended to satisfy our obligations under the registration rights agreement. We will not receive any proceeds from the issuance of the new notes in the exchange offer. In consideration for issuing the new notes as contemplated by this prospectus, we will receive old notes in a like principal amount. The form and terms of the new notes are identical in all respects to the form and terms of the old notes, except the new notes will be registered under the Securities Act and will not contain restrictions on transfer, registration rights or provisions for additional interest. Old notes surrendered in exchange for the new notes will be retired and cancelled and will not be reissued. Accordingly, the issuance of the new notes will not result in any change in outstanding indebtedness.

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#### DESCRIPTION OF NOTES

You can find the definitions of certain terms used in this description under the subheading Certain Definitions. In this description, the term Company, us, our or we refers only to Legacy Reserves LP and not to any of its subsidiaries, the term Finance Corp. refers to Legacy Reserves Finance Corporation and the term Issuers refers to the Company and Finance Corp. References to the notes in this section of the prospectus include both the old notes issued last year and the new notes, unless the context otherwise requires.

The new notes will be and the old notes were issued under an indenture dated as of December 4, 2012, among the Issuers, the Guarantors and Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, as trustee. The terms of the notes include those stated in the indenture and those made part of the indenture by reference to the Trust Indenture Act of 1939, as amended (the Trust Indenture Act ).

The following description is a summary of the material provisions of the indenture and the notes. It does not restate those instruments in their entirety. We urge you to read the indenture and the notes because they, and not this description, define the rights of holders of the notes.

The registered holder of a note will be treated as the owner of it for all purposes. Only registered holders will have rights under the indenture, and all references to Holders in this description are to registered holders of notes.

If the exchange offer is consummated, Holders of old notes who do not exchange their notes for new notes will vote together with the Holders of the new notes for all relevant purposes under the indenture. In that regard, the indenture requires that certain actions by the Holders under the indenture (including acceleration after an Event of Default) must be taken, and certain rights must be exercised, by specified minimum percentages of the aggregate principal amount of all notes issued under the indenture. In determining whether Holders of the requisite percentage in principal amount have given any notice, consent or waiver or taken any other action permitted under the indenture, any old notes that remain outstanding after the exchange offer will be aggregated with the new notes, and the Holders of any old notes and the new notes will vote together as a single series for all such purposes. Accordingly, all references in this Description of Notes to specified percentages in aggregate principal amount of the outstanding notes mean, at any time after the exchange offer for the old notes is consummated, such percentage in aggregate principal amount of such notes and the new notes then outstanding.

#### Brief Description of the Notes and the Subsidiary Guarantees

The Notes. Like the old notes, the new notes will:

• be general unsecured obligations of the Issuers;

• Senior Note	be equal in right of payment with all existing and future Senior Debt (as defined below) of either of the Issuers, including the 2021 es;
	be effectively junior in right of payment to any secured Indebtedness of either of the Issuers, including the Company s borrowings credit Agreement, to the extent of the value of the collateral securing such Indebtedness;
•	rank senior in right of payment to any future subordinated Indebtedness of either of the Issuers; and
•	be unconditionally guaranteed by the Guarantors on a senior unsecured basis.
	iary Guarantees. The notes are currently guaranteed by all of the Company s Subsidiaries (other than Finance Corp.) that guarantee under the Credit Agreement, which provides the Company with a senior secured revolving credit facility.
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or any Guarantor.

Each guar	antee of the new notes, like each guarantee of the old notes, will:
•	be a general unsecured obligation of the Guarantor;
• Notes;	be equal in right of payment with all existing and future Senior Debt of that Guarantor, including its guarantee of the 2021 Senior
• the Compa	rank effectively junior in right of payment to any secured Indebtedness of that Guarantor, including its guarantees of borrowings by any under the Credit Agreement, to the extent of the value of the collateral securing such Indebtedness; and
•	rank senior in right of payment to any future subordinated Indebtedness of that Guarantor.
As of Sept	tember 30, 2013, the Company and the Guarantors had:
• notes, the	total Senior Debt (excluding obligations under letters of credit and hedges) with a principal amount of \$864 million, consisting of the 2021 Senior Notes and \$314 million of secured revolving credit Senior Debt outstanding under the Credit Agreement; and
•	no Indebtedness contractually subordinated to the notes or the guarantees, as applicable.
The inden	ture permits the Issuers and the Guarantors to incur additional Indebtedness, including additional secured Senior Debt.
Certain the notes.	existing Subsidiaries (other than Finance Corp.) guarantee the notes. Under the circumstances described below under the subheading Covenants Additional Subsidiary Guarantees, in the future one or more of our newly created or acquired Subsidiaries may not guarantee In the event of a bankruptcy, liquidation or reorganization of any non-guarantor Subsidiaries, the non-guarantor Subsidiaries will pay tstanding obligations to the holders of their debt and their trade creditors before they will be able to distribute any of their assets to us

Currently, all of our Subsidiaries are Restricted Subsidiaries. However, under the circumstances described below under the subheading Certain Covenants Designation of Restricted and Unrestricted Subsidiaries, we may designate certain of our Subsidiaries as Unrestricted Subsidiaries. Our Unrestricted Subsidiaries will not be subject to many of the restrictive covenants in the indenture. Our Unrestricted Subsidiaries will not guarantee the notes.

### Principal, Maturity and Interest

The Issuers have issued \$300 million aggregate principal amount of notes. In addition to the new notes offered hereby, the Issuers may issue additional notes from time to time. Any offering of additional notes is subject to the covenant described below under the caption Covenants Incurrence of Indebtedness and Issuance of Preferred Stock. The old notes and any additional notes subsequently issued under the indenture, together with the new notes, will be treated as a single class for all purposes under the indenture, including, without limitation, for waivers, amendments, redemptions and offers to purchase. The Issuers may issue notes only in denominations of \$2,000 and integral multiples of \$1,000 in excess of \$2,000. The notes will mature on December 1, 2020.

Interest on the new notes accrues at the rate of 8% per annum, and is payable semi-annually in arrears on June 1 and December 1, commencing on June 1, 2014. The Issuers will make each interest payment to the Holders of record on May 15 and November 15 immediately preceding each interest payment date.

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Interest on the new notes will accrue from December 1, 2013 or, if interest has already been paid, from the date it was most recently paid. Interest will be computed on the basis of a 360-day year comprised of twelve 30-day months.

#### Methods of Receiving Payments on the Notes

If a Holder has given wire transfer instructions to the Issuers, the Issuers will pay all principal, interest and premium, if any, on that Holder s notes in accordance with those instructions. All other payments on the notes will be made at the office or agency of the paying agent and registrar within the City and State of New York unless the Issuers elect to make interest payments by check mailed to the Holders at their addresses set forth in the register of Holders.

#### Paying Agent and Registrar for the Notes

The trustee is acting as paying agent and registrar. The Company may change the paying agent or registrar without prior notice to the Holders, and the Company or any of its Subsidiaries may act as paying agent or registrar.

#### **Transfer and Exchange**

A Holder may transfer or exchange notes in accordance with the indenture. The registrar and the trustee may require a Holder to furnish appropriate endorsements and transfer documents in connection with a transfer of notes. No service charge will be imposed by the Issuers, the trustee or the registrar for any registration of transfer or exchange of notes, but Holders will be required to pay all taxes due on transfer. The Issuers are not required to transfer or exchange any note selected for redemption. Also, the Issuers are not required to transfer or exchange any note for a period of 15 days before a selection of notes to be redeemed.

#### **Subsidiary Guarantees**

All of our existing Subsidiaries, excluding Finance Corp., have guaranteed the notes on a senior unsecured basis. Subsidiaries of the Company created or acquired after the date of the indenture will be required to guarantee the notes under the circumstances described under Certain Covenants Additional Subsidiary Guarantees. These Subsidiary Guarantees will be joint and several obligations of the Guarantors. The obligations of each Guarantor under its Subsidiary Guarantee will be limited as necessary to prevent that Subsidiary Guarantee from constituting a fraudulent conveyance under applicable law, although this limitation may not be effective to prevent the Subsidiary Guarantees from being voided in bankruptcy. See Risk Factors Risks Relating to the Notes and Our Other Indebtedness A subsidiary guarantee could be voided if it constitutes a fraudulent transfer under U.S. bankruptcy or similar state law, which would prevent the holders of the notes from relying on that subsidiary to satisfy claims.

A Guarantor may not sell or otherwise dispose of all or substantially all of its properties or assets to, or consolidate with or merge with or into

(whether or not such	Guarantor is the surviving Person), another Person, other than the Company or another Guarantor, unless:
(1)	immediately after giving effect to such transaction, no Default or Event of Default exists; and
(2)	either:
	the Person acquiring the properties or assets in any such sale or other disposition or the Person formed by or surviving any r merger (if other than the Guarantor) unconditionally assumes, pursuant to a supplemental indenture substantially in the indenture, all the obligations of that Guarantor under the notes, the indenture and its Subsidiary Guarantee on terms set
(b)	such transaction does not violate the Asset Sales provisions of the indenture.
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The Subsidiary Guarantee of a Guarantor will be released:
(1) in connection with any sale or other disposition of all or substantially all of the properties or assets of that Guarantor (including by way of merger or consolidation) to a Person that is not (either before or after giving effect to such transaction) the Company or a Restricted Subsidiary of the Company, if the sale or other disposition does not violate the Asset Sales provisions of the indenture;
in connection with any sale or other disposition of Capital Stock of that Guarantor to a Person that is not (either before or after giving effect to such transaction) the Company or a Restricted Subsidiary of the Company, if the sale or other disposition does not violate the Asset Sales provisions of the indenture and the Guarantor ceases to be a Restricted Subsidiary of the Company as a result of the sale or other disposition;
if the Company designates that Guarantor as an Unrestricted Subsidiary in accordance with the applicable provisions of the indenture;
(4) upon Legal Defeasance or Covenant Defeasance as described below under the caption Legal Defeasance and Covenant Defeasance or upon satisfaction and discharge of the indenture as described below under the caption Satisfaction and Discharge;
(5) upon the liquidation or dissolution of such Guarantor provided no Default or Event of Default has occurred that is continuing;
(6) at such time as such Guarantor ceases both (a) to guarantee any other Indebtedness of either of the Issuers and any other Guarantor in excess of a De Minimis Guaranteed Amount and (b) to be an obligor with respect to any Indebtedness under any Credit Facility; or
(7) upon such Guarantor consolidating with, merging into or transferring all of its properties or assets to the Company or another Guarantor, and as a result of, or in connection with, such transaction such Guarantor dissolves or otherwise ceases to exist.
See Repurchase at the Option of Holders Asset Sales.
Ontional Redemntion

At any time prior to December 1, 2015, the Issuers may on any one or more occasions redeem up to 35% of the aggregate principal amount of the notes issued under the indenture, at a redemption price of 108% of the principal amount, plus accrued and unpaid interest, if any, to the redemption date (subject to the right of Holders of record on the relevant record date to receive interest due on an interest payment date that is on or prior to the redemption date), with the net cash proceeds of one or more Equity Offerings by the Company, provided that:

(1)	at least 65% of the aggregate principal amount of the notes originally issued under the indenture (excluding notes held by
the	Company and its Subsidiaries) remains outstanding immediately after the occurrence of such redemption; and

(2) the redemption occurs within 180 days of the date of the closing of each such Equity Offering.

On and after December 1, 2016, the Issuers may redeem all or a part of the notes, at the redemption prices (expressed as percentages of principal amount) set forth below, plus accrued and unpaid interest, if any, on the notes to be redeemed to the applicable redemption date (subject to the right of Holders of record on the relevant record

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date to receive interest due on an interest payment date that is on or prior to the redemption date), if redeemed during the twelve-month period beginning on December 1 of the years indicated below:

Year	Percentages
2016	104.000%
2017	102.000%
2018 and thereafter	100.000%

Prior to December 1, 2016, the Issuers may redeem all or part of the notes, at a redemption price equal to the sum of:

- (1) the principal amount thereof, *plus*
- (2) the Make Whole Premium at the redemption date,

plus accrued and unpaid interest, if any, to the redemption date (subject to the right of Holders of record on the relevant record date to receive interest due on an interest payment date that is on or prior to the redemption date).

#### **Selection and Notice**

If less than all of the notes are to be redeemed at any time, the trustee will select notes for redemption as follows:

- (1) if the notes are listed on any national securities exchange, in compliance with the requirements of the principal national securities exchange on which the notes are listed; or
- (2) if the notes are not listed on any national securities exchange, on a pro rata basis (or, in the case of notes issued in global form, based on such method as The Depository Trust Company, or DTC, or its successor may require).

No notes of \$2,000 or less can be redeemed in part. Notices of optional redemption will be sent at least 30 but not more than 60 days before the redemption date to each Holder of notes to be redeemed at its registered address, except that optional redemption notices may be sent more than 60 days prior to a redemption date if the notice is issued in connection with a defeasance of the notes or a satisfaction and discharge of the indenture. Notices of redemption may not be conditional, except that any redemption pursuant to the first paragraph under this Optional Redemption section, may, at the Company s discretion, be subject to completion of the related Equity Offering.

If any note is to be redeemed in part only, the notice of redemption that relates to that note will state the portion of the principal amount of that note that is to be redeemed. A new note in principal amount equal to the unredeemed portion of the original note will be issued in the name of the Holder upon cancellation of the original note.

Unless a redemption is conditional upon the completion of a related Equity Offering, notes called for redemption become due on the date fixed for redemption, and at the redemption price. On and after the redemption date, interest ceases to accrue on notes or portions of them called for redemption.

#### **Mandatory Redemption**

Except as set forth below under Repurchase at the Option of Holders, neither of the Issuers is required to make mandatory redemption or sinking fund payments with respect to the notes or to repurchase the notes at the option of the Holders.

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Repurchase at the Option of Holders
Change of Control
If a Change of Control occurs, unless the Issuers have previously or concurrently exercised their right to redeem all of the notes as described under Optional Redemption, each Holder will have the right to require the Company to repurchase all or any part (equal to \$2,000 or an integral multiple of \$1,000 in excess of \$2,000) of that Holder s notes pursuant to a cash tender offer (the Change of Control Offer) on the terms set forth in the indenture. In the Change of Control Offer, the Company will offer a payment in cash (Change of Control Payment) equal to 101% of the aggregate principal amount of notes repurchased plus accrued and unpaid interest, if any, on the notes repurchased, to the date of purchase (the Change of Control Purchase Date), subject to the right of Holders of record on the relevant record date to receive interest due on an interest payment date that is on or prior to the Change of Control Purchase Date. Within 30 days following any Change of Control, unless the Issuers have previously or concurrently exercised their right to redeem all of the notes as described under Optional Redemption, the Company will send a notice to each Holder and the trustee describing the transaction or transactions that constitute the Change of Control and offering to repurchase notes properly tendered prior to the expiration date specified in the notice, which date will be no earlier than 30 days and no later than 60 days from the date such notice is sent, pursuant to the procedures required by the indenture and described in such notice.
The Company will comply with the requirements of Rule 14e-1 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the Exchange Act ), and any other securities laws and regulations thereunder to the extent those laws and regulations are applicable in connection with the repurchase of the notes as a result of a Change of Control. To the extent that the provisions of any securities laws or regulations conflict with the Change of Control provisions of the indenture, the Company will comply with the applicable securities laws and regulations and will not be deemed to have breached its obligations under the Change of Control provisions of the indenture by virtue of such compliance.
Promptly following the expiration of the Change of Control Offer, the Company will, to the extent lawful, accept for payment all notes or portions of notes properly tendered pursuant to the Change of Control Offer. Promptly after such acceptance, the Company will, on the Change of Control Purchase Date:
(1) deposit with the paying agent an amount equal to the Change of Control Payment in respect of all notes or portions of notes properly tendered; and
(2) deliver or cause to be delivered to the trustee the notes properly accepted together with an officers certificate stating the aggregate principal amount of notes or portions of notes being purchased by the Company.
The paying agent will promptly mail to each Holder of notes properly tendered the Change of Control Payment for such notes (or, if all the notes are then in global form, make such payment through the facilities of DTC), and the trustee will promptly authenticate and mail (or cause to be

transferred by book entry) to each Holder a new note equal in principal amount to any unpurchased portion of the notes surrendered, if any; provided, however, that each new note will be in a principal amount of \$2,000 or an integral multiple of \$1,000 in excess of \$2,000. The Company will publicly announce the results of the Change of Control Offer on or as soon as practicable after the Change of Control Purchase

Date.

The Credit Agreement provides that certain change of control events with respect to the Company would constitute an event of default thereunder, entitling the lenders, among other things, to accelerate the maturity of all Indebtedness outstanding thereunder. Any future credit agreements or other agreements relating to Indebtedness to which the Company or any Guarantor becomes a party may contain similar restrictions and provisions. The indenture will provide that, prior to complying with any of the provisions of this Change of Control covenant, but in any event no later than the Change of Control Purchase Date, the Company or any Guarantor must either repay all of its other outstanding Senior Debt or obtain the requisite consents, if any, under all agreements governing such Senior Debt to permit the repurchase of notes required by this covenant.

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The provisions described above that require the Company to make a Change of Control Offer following a Change of Control will be applicable whether or not any other provisions of the indenture are applicable. Except as described above with respect to a Change of Control, the indenture will not contain provisions that permit the Holders to require that the Company repurchase or redeem the notes in the event of a takeover, recapitalization or similar transaction.

The Company will not be required to make a Change of Control Offer upon a Change of Control if a third party makes the Change of Control Offer in the manner, at the time and otherwise in compliance with the requirements set forth in the indenture applicable to a Change of Control Offer made by the Company and purchases all notes properly tendered and not withdrawn under the Change of Control Offer.

A Change of Control Offer may be made in advance of a Change of Control, and conditioned upon the occurrence of the Change of Control, if a definitive agreement is in place for the Change of Control at the time of making the Change of Control Offer.

The definition of Change of Control includes a phrase relating to the direct or indirect sale, lease, transfer, conveyance or other disposition of all or substantially all of the properties or assets of the Company and its Restricted Subsidiaries taken as a whole. Although there is a limited body of case law interpreting the phrase substantially all, there is no precise established definition of the phrase under applicable law. Accordingly, the ability of a Holder to require the Company to repurchase its notes as a result of a sale, lease, transfer, conveyance or other disposition of less than all of the properties or assets of the Company and its Subsidiaries taken as a whole to another Person or group may be uncertain.

In the event that Holders of not less than 90% of the aggregate principal amount of the outstanding notes accept a Change of Control Offer and the Company (or the third party making the Change of Control Offer in lieu of the Company as described above) purchases all of the notes held by such Holders, the Issuers will have the right, upon not less than 30 nor more than 60 days prior notice, given not more than 30 days following the purchase pursuant to the Change of Control Offer described above, to redeem all of the notes that remain outstanding following such purchase at a redemption price equal to the Change of Control Payment plus, to the extent not included in the Change of Control Payment, accrued and unpaid interest, if any, on the notes that remain outstanding, to the date of redemption (subject to the right of Holders of record on the relevant record date to receive interest due on an interest payment date that is on or prior to the redemption date).

### Asset Sales

The Company will not, and will not permit any of its Restricted Subsidiaries to, consummate an Asset Sale unless:

- (1) the Company (or a Restricted Subsidiary of the Company, as the case may be) receives consideration at the time of the Asset Sale at least equal to the fair market value (measured as of the date of the definitive agreement with respect to such Asset Sale) of the assets or Equity Interests issued or sold or otherwise disposed of; and
- (2) at least 75% of the aggregate consideration received by the Company and its Restricted Subsidiaries in the Asset Sale and all other Asset Sales since the date of the indenture is in the form of cash or Cash Equivalents. For purposes of this provision, each of the

following will be deemed to be cash:

(a) any liabilities, as shown on the Company s or any of its Restricted Subsidiaries most recent balance sheet, of the Company or such Subsidiary (other than contingent liabilities and liabilities that are by their terms subordinated to the notes or any Subsidiary Guarantee) that are assumed by the transferee of any such assets pursuant to a novation or indemnity agreement that releases the Company or such Subsidiary from, or indemnifies it against, further liability;

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•	with respect to any Asset Sale of oil and gas properties by the Company or any of its Restricted Subsidiaries, any ansferee (or an Affiliate thereof) to pay all or a portion of the costs and expenses related to the exploration, development, action of such properties and activities related thereto; and
(c) transferee that are, v received in that con-	any securities, notes or other obligations received by the Company or any of its Restricted Subsidiaries from such within 120 days after the Asset Sale, converted by the Company or such Subsidiary into cash, to the extent of the cash version.
	er the receipt of any Net Proceeds from an Asset Sale, the Company or any Restricted Subsidiary of the Company may apply at its option to any combination of the following:
(1)	to repay, redeem or repurchase any Senior Debt;
(2)	to invest in or acquire Additional Assets; or
(3)	to make capital expenditures in respect of the Company s or its Restricted Subsidiaries Oil and Gas Business.
make the investmen Company) with a Pe Proceeds are subseq	clause (2) or (3) of the preceding paragraph shall be deemed to be satisfied if a bona fide binding contract committing to t, acquisition or expenditure referred to therein is entered into by the Company (or any Restricted Subsidiary of the erson other than an Affiliate of the Company within the time period specified in the preceding paragraph and such Net uently applied in accordance with such contract within the later of six months following the date such contract is entered into the receipt of any Net Proceeds from such Asset Sale.
that is not prohibited	plication of any Net Proceeds, the Company or any of its Restricted Subsidiaries may invest the Net Proceeds in any manner by the indenture. Any Net Proceeds from Asset Sales that are not applied or invested as provided in the second or third venant will constitute Excess Proceeds.

When the aggregate amount of Excess Proceeds exceeds \$20.0 million, within ten Business Days thereof, the Company will make an offer (an Asset Sale Offer ) to all Holders and all holders of other Indebtedness that is *pari passu* with the notes containing provisions similar to those set forth in the indenture with respect to offers to purchase or redeem with the proceeds of sales of assets, offering to purchase or redeem on a pro rata basis the maximum principal amount of notes and such other *pari passu* Indebtedness that may be purchased or redeemed out of the Excess Proceeds. The offer price in any Asset Sale Offer will be equal to 100% of the principal amount, plus accrued and unpaid interest, if any, to the date of purchase or redemption, subject to the right of Holders of record on the relevant record date to receive interest due on an interest payment date that is on or prior to the date of purchase, and will be payable in cash. If any Excess Proceeds remain after consummation of an Asset Sale Offer, the Company or any Restricted Subsidiary of the Company may use those Excess Proceeds for any purpose not otherwise prohibited by the indenture. If the aggregate principal amount of notes accepted for payment in such Asset Sale Offer exceeds the amount of Excess Proceeds

allocated to the purchase of notes, the trustee will select the notes to be purchased on a pro rata basis (or, in the case of notes issued in global form, based on such method as DTC or its successor may require). Upon completion of each Asset Sale Offer, the amount of Excess Proceeds will be reset at zero.

The Company will comply with the requirements of Rule 14e-1 under the Exchange Act and any other securities laws and regulations thereunder to the extent those laws and regulations are applicable in connection with each repurchase of notes pursuant to an Asset Sale Offer. To the extent that the provisions of any securities laws or regulations conflict with the Asset Sales provisions of the indenture, the Company will comply with the applicable securities laws and regulations and will not be deemed to have breached its obligations under the Asset Sales provisions of the indenture by virtue of such compliance.

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The Credit Agreement contains, and future agreements may contain, prohibitions of certain events, including events that would constitute an Asset Sale. The exercise by the Holders of their right to require the Company to purchase the notes upon an Asset Sale could cause a default

under these other agreements, even if the Asset Sale itself does not, due to the financial effect of such repurchases on the Company. If an Asset Sale occurs at a time when the Company is prohibited from purchasing notes, the Company could seek the consent of its senior lenders to the purchase of notes or could attempt to refinance the borrowings that contain such prohibition. If the Company does not obtain a consent or repay those borrowings, the Company will remain prohibited from purchasing notes. In that case, the Company s failure to purchase tendered notes would constitute an Event of Default under the indenture, which could, in turn, constitute a default under the other indebtedness.
Certain Covenants
Restricted Payments
The Company will not, and will not permit any of its Restricted Subsidiaries to, directly or indirectly:
declare or pay any dividend or make any other payment or distribution on account of the Company s or any of its Restricted Subsidiaries Equity Interests (including, without limitation, any payment in connection with any merger or consolidation involving the Company or any of its Restricted Subsidiaries) or to the direct or indirect holders of the Company s or any of its Restricted Subsidiaries Equity Interests in their capacity as such (other than dividends or distributions payable in Equity Interests (other than Disqualified Stock) of the Company or payable to the Company or a Restricted Subsidiary of the Company);
(2) purchase, redeem or otherwise acquire or retire for value (including, without limitation, in connection with any merger or consolidation involving the Company) any Equity Interests of the Company or any direct or indirect parent of the Company;
(3) make any payment on or with respect to, or purchase, redeem, defease or otherwise acquire or retire for value, any Indebtedness that is subordinated to the notes or the Subsidiary Guarantees (excluding (a) any intercompany Indebtedness between or among the Company and any of its Restricted Subsidiaries and (b) the purchase or other acquisition or retirement for value of any such Indebtedness in anticipation of satisfying a sinking fund or other payment obligation due within one year of the date of such purchase or other acquisition or retirement for value), except a payment of interest or principal at the Stated Maturity thereof; or
(4) make any Restricted Investment (all such payments and other actions set forth in these clauses (1) through (4) above being collectively referred to as Restricted Payments );

unless, at the time of and after giving effect to such Restricted Payment, no Default (except a Reporting Default) or Event of Default has occurred and is continuing or would occur as a consequence of such Restricted Payment and either:

(1)	if the Fixed Charge Coverage Ratio for the Company s most recently ended four full fiscal quarters for which internal
financial stat	ements are available at the time of such Restricted Payment (the Trailing Four Quarters ) is not less than 2.25 to 1.0, such Restricted
Payment, tog	gether with the aggregate amount of all other Restricted Payments made by the Company and its Restricted Subsidiaries (excluding
Restricted Pa	syments permitted by clauses (2) through (10) of the next succeeding paragraph) with respect to the quarter for which such
Restricted Pa	syment is made, is less than the sum, without duplication, of:
(a)	Available Cash with respect to the Company s preceding fiscal quarter; <i>plus</i>
(b)	100% of the aggregate net proceeds received by the Company (including the fair market value of any Capital Stock of
` '	ged primarily in the Oil and Gas Business or
r croons enge	aged primarily in the On the Out Business of
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(1)

the Company (other sale of Equity Interes Stock or convertible	are used or useful in the Oil and Gas Business, in each case, to the extent acquired in consideration of Equity Interests of than Disqualified Stock)) after the date of the indenture as a contribution to its common equity capital or from the issue or sts of the Company (other than Disqualified Stock) or from the issue or sale of convertible or exchangeable Disqualified or exchangeable debt securities that have been converted into or exchanged for such Equity Interests (other than Equity ified Stock or debt securities) sold to a Subsidiary of the Company); <i>plus</i>
(c) Equivalents or other the cost of dispositio	to the extent that any Restricted Investment that was made after the date of the indenture is sold for cash or Cash wise liquidated or repaid for cash or Cash Equivalents, the return of capital with respect to such Restricted Investment (less n, if any); plus
Subsidiaries) or from	the net reduction in Restricted Investments resulting from dividends, repayments of loans or advances, or other transfers of the Company or any of its Restricted Subsidiaries from any Person (including, without limitation, Unrestricted redesignations of Unrestricted Subsidiaries as Restricted Subsidiaries, to the extent such amounts have not been included rany period commencing on or after the date of the indenture (items (b), (c) and (d) being referred to as Incremental Funds );
(e)	the aggregate amount of Incremental Funds previously expended pursuant to this clause (1) and clause (2) below; or
Payments permitted is made (such Restrict	if the Fixed Charge Coverage Ratio for the Trailing Four Quarters is less than 2.25 to 1.0, such Restricted Payment, gregate amount of all other Restricted Payments made by the Company and its Restricted Subsidiaries (excluding Restricted by clauses (2) through (10) of the next succeeding paragraph) with respect to the quarter for which such Restricted Payment cted Payments for purposes of this clause (2) meaning only distributions on common units of the Company, plus the related eneral Partner), is less than the sum, without duplication, of:
(a) Subsidiaries pursuan	\$125.0 million less the aggregate amount of all prior Restricted Payments made by the Company and its Restricted to this clause (2)(a) since the date of the indenture; <i>plus</i>
(b)	Incremental Funds to the extent not previously expended pursuant to this clause (2) or clause (1) above.
The preceding provis	sions will not prohibit:

the payment of any dividend or distribution or the consummation of any irrevocable redemption within 60 days after the

date of declaration of the dividend or giving of the redemption notice, as the case may be, if at the date of declaration or notice, the dividend or

redemption payment would have complied with the provisions of the indenture;

the purchase, redemption, defeasance or other acquisition or retirement of any subordinated Indebtedness of the Company or any Guarantor or of any Equity Interests of the Company in exchange for, or out of the net cash proceeds of the substantially concurrent (a) contribution (other than from a Restricted Subsidiary of the Company) to the equity capital of the Company or (b) sale (other than to a Restricted Subsidiary of the Company) of, Equity Interests of the Company (other than Disqualified Stock), with a sale being deemed substantially concurrent if such purchase, redemption, defeasance or other acquisition or retirement occurs not more than 120 days after such sale; provided, however, that the amount of any such net cash proceeds that

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are utilized for any such purchase, redemption, defeasance or other acquisition or retirement will be excluded (or deducted, if included) from the calculation of Available Cash and Incremental Funds;
(3) the purchase, redemption, defeasance or other acquisition or retirement of subordinated Indebtedness of the Company or any Guarantor with the net cash proceeds from an incurrence of, or in exchange for, Permitted Refinancing Indebtedness;
(4) the payment of any dividend or distribution by a Restricted Subsidiary of the Company to the holders of its Equity Interests on a pro rata basis;
so long as no Default (other than a Reporting Default) or Event of Default has occurred and is continuing or would be caused thereby, the purchase, redemption or other acquisition or retirement for value of any Equity Interests of the Company or any Restricted Subsidiary of the Company pursuant to any director or employee equity subscription agreement, equity option agreement, unitholders agreement, other employee benefit plan or to satisfy obligations under any Equity Interests appreciation rights or option plan or similar arrangement; provided, however, that the aggregate price paid for all such purchased, redeemed, acquired or retired Equity Interests may not exceed \$5.0 million in any calendar year (with any portion of such \$5.0 million amount that is unused in any calendar year to be carried forward to successive calendar years and added to such amount) <i>plus</i> , to the extent not previously applied or included, (a) the cash proceeds received by the Company or any of its Restricted Subsidiaries from sales of Equity Interests of the Company to employees or directors of the Company or its Affiliates that occur after the date of the indenture (to the extent the cash proceeds from the sale of such Equity Interests have not otherwise been applied to the payment of Restricted Payments by virtue of clause (1)(b) or (2)(b) of the first paragraph of this covenant) and (b) the cash proceeds of key man life insurance policies received by the Company or any of its Restricted Subsidiaries after the date of the indenture;
the purchase, repurchase, redemption or other acquisition or retirement for value of Equity Interests deemed to occur upon the exercise of unit options, warrants, incentives, rights to acquire Equity Interests or other convertible securities if such Equity Interests represent a portion of the exercise or exchange price thereof, and any purchase, repurchase, redemption or other acquisition or retirement for value of Equity Interests made in lieu of withholding taxes in connection with any exercise or exchange of unit options, warrants, incentives or rights to acquire Equity Interests;
(7) the purchase, redemption or other acquisition or retirement for value of Equity Interests of the Company or any Restricted Subsidiary of the Company representing fractional units of such Equity Interests in connection with a merger or consolidation involving the Company or such Restricted Subsidiary or any other transaction permitted by the indenture;
(8) any payments in connection with a consolidation, merger or transfer of assets in connection with a transaction that is not prohibited by the indenture not to exceed \$5.0 million in the aggregate after the date of the indenture;
(9) so long as no Default (other than a Reporting Default) or Event of Default has occurred and is continuing or would be caused thereby, the declaration and payment of regularly scheduled or accrued dividends to holders of any class or series of Disqualified Stock

of the Company or any preferred securities of any Restricted Subsidiary of the Company issued on or after the date of the indenture in accordance with the covenant described below under the caption Incurrence of Indebtedness and Issuance of Preferred Stock; and

(10) so long as no Default (other than a Reporting Default) or Event of Default has occurred and is continuing or would be caused thereby, other Restricted Payments in an aggregate amount not to exceed \$5.0 million since the date of the indenture.

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The amount of all Restricted Payments (other than cash) will be the fair market value, on the date of the Restricted Payment, of the Restricted Investment proposed to be made or the asset(s) or securities proposed to be transferred or issued by the Company or such Restricted Subsidiary, as the case may be, pursuant to the Restricted Payment, except that the fair market value of any non-cash dividend or distribution paid within 60 days after the date of its declaration shall be determined as of such date. The fair market value of any Restricted Investment, assets or securities that are required to be valued by this covenant will be determined in accordance with the definition of that term. For purposes of determining compliance with this Restricted Payments covenant, (x) in the event that a Restricted Payment meets the criteria of more than one of the categories of Restricted Payments described in the preceding clauses (1) through (10) of this covenant, or is permitted pursuant to the first paragraph of this covenant, the Company will be permitted to classify (or later classify or reclassify in whole or in part in its sole discretion) such Restricted Payment (or portion thereof) on the date made or later reclassify such Restricted Payment (or portion thereof) in any manner that complies with this covenant; and (y) in the event a Restricted Payment is made pursuant to clause (1) or (2) of the first paragraph of this covenant, the Company will be permitted to classify whether all or any portion thereof is being (and in the absence of such classification shall be deemed to have classified the minimum amount possible as having been) made with Incremental Funds.

#### Incurrence of Indebtedness and Issuance of Preferred Stock

The Company will not, and will not permit any of its Restricted Subsidiaries to, directly or indirectly, create, incur, issue, assume, guarantee or otherwise become directly or indirectly liable, contingently or otherwise, with respect to (collectively, incur) any Indebtedness (including Acquired Debt); the Company will not, and will not permit any of its Restricted Subsidiaries to, issue any Disqualified Stock; and the Company will not permit any of its Restricted Subsidiaries to issue any other preferred securities; provided, however, that the Company and any of its Restricted Subsidiaries may incur Indebtedness (including Acquired Debt) or issue Disqualified Stock, and any of the Company s Restricted Subsidiaries may issue other preferred securities, if, for the Company s most recently ended four full fiscal quarters for which internal financial statements are available immediately preceding the date on which such additional Indebtedness is incurred or such Disqualified Stock or other preferred securities are issued, the Fixed Charge Coverage Ratio would have been at least 2.25 to 1.0, determined on a pro forma basis (including a pro forma application of the net proceeds therefrom), as if the additional Indebtedness had been incurred or Disqualified Stock or other preferred securities had been issued, as the case may be, at the beginning of such four-quarter period.

The first paragraph of this covenant will not prohibit the incurrence of any of the following items of Indebtedness or the issuance of any Disqualified Stock described in clause (15) below (collectively, Permitted Debt ) or the issuance of any preferred securities described in clause (11) below:

- the incurrence by the Company or any of its Restricted Subsidiaries of additional Indebtedness under one or more Credit Facilities, provided that, after giving effect to any such incurrence, the aggregate principal amount of all Indebtedness incurred under this clause (1) (with letters of credit being deemed to have a principal amount equal to the maximum potential liability of the Company and its Subsidiaries thereunder) and then outstanding does not exceed the greater of (a) \$1,000.0 million or (b) \$475.0 million plus 35.0% of the Company s Adjusted Consolidated Net Tangible Assets;
- (2) the incurrence by the Company or its Restricted Subsidiaries of the Existing Indebtedness;
- (3) the incurrence by the Issuers and the Guarantors of Indebtedness represented by (a) the notes issued and sold in this offering and the related Subsidiary Guarantees to be issued on the date of the indenture and (b) the Exchange Notes and the related Subsidiary Guarantees issued pursuant to any registration rights agreement;

(4) the incurrence by the Company or any of its Restricted Subsidiaries of Indebtedness represented by Capital Lease Obligations, mortgage financings or purchase money obligations, in each case, incurred for the purpose of financing all or any part of the purchase price or cost of design, construction, installation or improvement of property, plant or equipment used in the business of the Company or such Restricted Subsidiary, including all Permitted Refinancing Indebtedness

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obligation for money borrowed);

incurred to extend, refinance, renew, replace, defease, refund or discharge any Indebtedness incurred pursuant to this clause (4), provided that after giving effect to any such incurrence, the principal amount of all Indebtedness incurred pursuant to this clause (4) and then outstanding does not exceed the greater of (a) \$25.0 million or (b) 2.5% of the Company s Adjusted Consolidated Net Tangible Assets at such time;
(5) the incurrence by the Company or any of its Restricted Subsidiaries of Permitted Refinancing Indebtedness in exchange for, or the net proceeds of which are used to, extend, refinance, renew, replace, defease, refund or discharge Indebtedness (other than intercompany Indebtedness) that was permitted by the indenture to be incurred under the first paragraph of this covenant or clause (2), (3), (4), (5), (15) or (16) of this paragraph;
(6) the incurrence by the Company or any of its Restricted Subsidiaries of intercompany Indebtedness between or among the Company and any of its Restricted Subsidiaries; provided, however, that:
(a) if the Company is the obligor on such Indebtedness and a Guarantor is not the obligee, such Indebtedness must be expressly subordinated to the prior payment in full in cash of all Obligations with respect to the notes, or if a Guarantor is the obligor on such Indebtedness and neither the Company nor another Guarantor is the obligee, such Indebtedness must be expressly subordinated to the prior payment in full in cash of all Obligations with respect to the Subsidiary Guarantee of such Guarantor; and
(b) (i) any subsequent issuance or transfer of Equity Interests that results in any such Indebtedness being held by a Person other than the Company or a Restricted Subsidiary of the Company and (ii) any sale or other transfer of any such Indebtedness to a Person that is neither the Company nor a Restricted Subsidiary of the Company will be deemed, in each case, to constitute an incurrence of such Indebtedness by the Company or such Restricted Subsidiary, as the case may be, that was not permitted by this clause (6);
(7) the incurrence by the Company or any of its Restricted Subsidiaries of obligations under Hedging Contracts;
(8) the guarantee by the Company or any of its Restricted Subsidiaries of Indebtedness of the Company or any of its Restricted Subsidiaries that was permitted to be incurred by another provision of this covenant;
(9) the incurrence by the Company or any of its Restricted Subsidiaries of obligations relating to net Hydrocarbon balancing positions arising in the ordinary course of business;
(10) the incurrence by the Company or any of its Restricted Subsidiaries of Indebtedness in respect of self-insurance obligations or bid, plugging and abandonment, appeal, reimbursement, performance, surety and similar bonds and completion guarantees issued or provided for the account of the Company and any of its Restricted Subsidiaries in the ordinary course of business, including guarantees and obligations of

the Company or any of its Restricted Subsidiaries with respect to letters of credit supporting such obligations (in each case other than an

(11)	the issuance by any of the Company's Restricted Subsidiaries to the Company or to any of its Restricted Subsidiaries of any
preferred secu	urities; provided, however, that:
(a)	any subsequent issuance or transfer of Equity Interests that results in any such professed sequrities being held by a Derson
` /	any subsequent issuance or transfer of Equity Interests that results in any such preferred securities being held by a Person
other than the	Company or a Restricted Subsidiary of the Company; and
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(b) any sale or other transfer of any such preferred securities to a Person that is neither the Company nor a Restricted Subsidiary of the Company,
will be deemed, in each case, to constitute an issuance of such preferred securities by such Restricted Subsidiary that was not permitted by this clause (11);
the incurrence by the Company or any of its Restricted Subsidiaries of Indebtedness arising from the honoring by a bank or other financial institution of a check, draft or similar instrument inadvertently drawn against insufficient funds, so long as such Indebtedness is covered within five Business Days;
any obligation arising from agreements of the Company or any Restricted Subsidiary of the Company providing for indemnification, adjustment of purchase price, earn outs, or similar obligations, in each case, incurred or assumed in connection with the disposition or acquisition of any business, assets or Capital Stock of a Restricted Subsidiary of the Company in a transaction permitted by the indenture, provided such obligation is not reflected on the face of the balance sheet of the Company or any Restricted Subsidiary of the Company;
the incurrence by the Company or any of its Restricted Subsidiaries of liability in respect of the Indebtedness of any Unrestricted Subsidiary or any Joint Venture but only to the extent that such liability is the result of the Company s or any such Restricted Subsidiary s being a general partner or member of, or owner of an Equity Interest in, such Unrestricted Subsidiary or Joint Venture and not as guarantor of such Indebtedness and provided that, after giving effect to any such incurrence, the aggregate principal amount of all Indebtedness incurred under this clause (14) and then outstanding does not exceed \$25.0 million;
(15) Permitted Acquisition Indebtedness; and
the incurrence by the Company or any of its Restricted Subsidiaries of additional Indebtedness or the issuance by the Company of any Disqualified Stock in an aggregate principal amount, including all Permitted Refinancing Indebtedness incurred to renew, refund, refinance, replace, defease or discharge any Indebtedness incurred or Disqualified Stock issued pursuant to this clause (16), not to exceed the greater of (a) \$50.0 million or (b) 5.0% of the Company s Adjusted Consolidated Net Tangible Assets.
The Company will not incur, and will not permit any Guarantor to incur, any Indebtedness (including Permitted Debt) that is contractually subordinated in right of payment to any other Indebtedness of the Company or such Guarantor unless such Indebtedness is also contractually subordinated in right of payment to the notes or the applicable Subsidiary Guarantee on substantially identical terms; provided, however, that no Indebtedness will be deemed to be contractually subordinated in right of payment to any other Indebtedness of the Company or any Guarantor solely by virtue of being unsecured or by virtue of being secured on a junior priority basis.

For purposes of determining compliance with this Incurrence of Indebtedness and Issuance of Preferred Stock covenant, in the event that an item of Indebtedness (including Acquired Debt) meets the criteria of more than one of the categories of Permitted Debt described in clauses (1) through (16) above, or is entitled to be incurred pursuant to the first paragraph of this covenant, the Company will be permitted to divide, classify, redivide and reclassify such item of Indebtedness on the date of its incurrence, or later divide, classify, redivide or reclassify all or a portion of such item of Indebtedness, in any manner that complies with this covenant. Any Indebtedness outstanding under Credit Facilities on the date of the indenture shall be considered incurred on such date under the first paragraph of this covenant.

The accrual of interest, the accretion or amortization of original issue discount, the payment of interest on any Indebtedness in the form of additional Indebtedness with the same terms, and the payment of dividends on Disqualified Stock in the form of additional securities of the same class of Disqualified Stock will not be deemed to be an incurrence of Indebtedness or an issuance of Disqualified Stock for purposes of this covenant, provided, in

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each such case, that the amount thereof is included in Fixed Charges of the Company as accrued. Further, the accounting reclassification of any obligation of the Company or any of its Restricted Subsidiaries as Indebtedness will not be deemed an incurrence of Indebtedness for purposes of this covenant.
Liens
The Company will not, and will not permit any of its Restricted Subsidiaries to, create, incur, assume or otherwise cause or suffer to exist or become effective any Lien of any kind (other than Permitted Liens) securing Indebtedness or Attributable Debt upon any of their property or assets, now owned or hereafter acquired, unless the notes or any Subsidiary Guarantee of such Restricted Subsidiary, as applicable, is secured on an equal and ratable basis with (or on a senior basis to, in the case of obligations subordinated in right of payment to the notes or such Subsidiary Guarantee, as the case may be) the obligations so secured until such time as such obligations are no longer secured by a Lien.
Dividend and Other Payment Restrictions Affecting Subsidiaries
The Company will not, and will not permit any of its Restricted Subsidiaries to, directly or indirectly, create or permit to exist or become effective any consensual encumbrance or restriction on the ability of any Restricted Subsidiary to:
(1) pay dividends or make any other distributions on its Capital Stock to the Company or any of its Restricted Subsidiaries, or pay any Indebtedness or other obligations owed to the Company or any of its Restricted Subsidiaries;

loans or advances made to the Company or any of its Restricted Subsidiaries to other Indebtedness incurred by the Company or any of its Restricted Subsidiaries shall not be deemed a restriction on the ability to make loans or advances); or

make loans or advances to the Company or any of its Restricted Subsidiaries (it being understood that the subordination of

(3) transfer any of its properties or assets to the Company or any of its Restricted Subsidiaries.

However, the preceding restrictions will not apply to encumbrances or restrictions existing under or by reason of:

agreements as in effect on the date of the indenture and any amendments, modifications, restatements, renewals, increases, supplements, refundings, replacements or refinancings of those agreements or the Indebtedness to which they relate, provided that the amendments, modifications, restatements, renewals, increases, supplements, refundings, replacements or refinancings are no more restrictive, taken as a whole, with respect to such dividend, distribution and other payment restrictions than those contained in those agreements on the date of the indenture;

(2)	the indenture, the notes and the Subsidiary Guarantees;
(3)	applicable law, rule, regulation, order, approval, license, permit or similar restriction;
or in contem Person, othe	any instrument governing Indebtedness or Capital Stock of a Person acquired by the Company or any of its Restricted as in effect at the time of such acquisition (except to the extent such Indebtedness or Capital Stock was incurred in connection with applation of such acquisition), which encumbrance or restriction is not applicable to any Person, or the properties or assets of any or than the Person, or the property or assets of the Person, so acquired, provided that, in the case of Indebtedness, such Indebtedness se permitted by the terms of the indenture to be incurred;
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agreements or in licenses, easements or leases, in each case entered into in the ordinary course of business;

customary non-assignment provisions in Hydrocarbon purchase and sale or exchange agreements or similar operational

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(6) Capital Lease Obligations, mortgage financings or purchase money obligations, in each case for property acquired in the ordinary course of business that impose restrictions on that property of the nature described in clause (3) of the preceding paragraph;
(7) any agreement for the sale or other disposition of a Restricted Subsidiary of the Company that restricts distributions by that Restricted Subsidiary pending its sale or other disposition;
(8) Permitted Refinancing Indebtedness, provided that the restrictions contained in the agreements governing such Permitted Refinancing Indebtedness are not materially more restrictive, taken as a whole, than those contained in the agreements governing the Indebtedness being refinanced;
(9) Liens securing Indebtedness otherwise permitted to be incurred under the provisions of the covenant described above under the caption Liens that limit the right of the debtor to dispose of the assets subject to such Liens;
(10) provisions with respect to the disposition or distribution of assets or property in joint venture agreements, asset sale agreements, sale-leaseback agreements, stock sale agreements and other agreements described in the definition of Permitted Business Investments, entered into in the ordinary course of business;
any agreement or instrument relating to any property or assets acquired after the date of the indenture, so long as such encumbrance or restriction relates only to the property or assets so acquired and is not and was not created in anticipation of such acquisitions;
encumbrances or restrictions on cash, Cash Equivalents or other deposits or net worth imposed by customers or lessors under contracts or leases entered into in the ordinary course of business;
the issuance of preferred securities by a Restricted Subsidiary of the Company or the payment of dividends thereon in accordance with the terms thereof; provided that issuance of such preferred securities is permitted pursuant to the covenant described above under the caption — Incurrence of Indebtedness and Issuance of Preferred Stock — and the terms of such preferred securities do not expressly restrict the ability of such Restricted Subsidiary to pay dividends or make any other distributions on its Capital Stock (other than requirements to pay dividends or liquidation preferences on such preferred securities prior to paying any dividends or making any other distributions on such other Capital Stock);

- (14) with respect to any Foreign Subsidiary, any encumbrance or restriction contained in the terms of any Indebtedness or any agreement pursuant to which such Indebtedness was incurred if either (a) the encumbrance or restriction applies only in the event of a payment default or a default with respect to a financial covenant in such Indebtedness or agreement or (b) the Company determines that any such encumbrance or restriction will not materially affect the Company s ability to make principal or interest payments on the notes, as determined in good faith by the Board of Directors of the Company, whose determination shall be conclusive; and
- agreements governing other Indebtedness permitted to be incurred under the provisions of the covenant described above under the caption 
  Certain Covenants Incurrence of Indebtedness and Issuance of Preferred Stock and any amendments, restatements, modifications, renewals, supplements, refundings, replacements or refinancings of those agreements; provided that the restrictions therein are not materially more restrictive, taken as a whole, than those contained in the indenture, the notes and the Subsidiary Guarantees or the Credit Agreement as in effect on the date of the indenture.

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(5)

### Merger, Consolidation or Sale of Assets

Neither of the Issuers may, directly or indirectly: (1) consolidate or merge with or into another Person (whether or not such Issuer is the survivor); or (2) sell, assign, transfer, lease, convey or otherwise dispose of all or substantially all of its properties or assets in one or more related transactions, to another Person, unless:
(1) either: (a) such Issuer is the survivor; or (b) the Person formed by or surviving any such consolidation or merger (if other than such Issuer) or to which such sale, assignment, transfer, lease, conveyance or other disposition has been made is a Person organized or existing under the laws of the United States, any state of the United States or the District of Columbia; provided, however, that Finance Corp. may not consolidate or merge with or into any Person other than a corporation satisfying such requirement so long as the Company is not a corporation;
(2) the Person formed by or surviving any such consolidation or merger (if other than such Issuer) or the Person to which such sale, assignment, transfer, lease, conveyance or other disposition has been made assumes all the obligations of such Issuer under the notes, the indenture and the registration rights agreement pursuant to a supplemental indenture or other agreement reasonably satisfactory to the trustee;
(3) immediately after such transaction no Default or Event of Default exists;
(4) in the case of a transaction involving the Company and not Finance Corp., immediately after giving effect to such transaction and any related financing transactions on a pro forma basis as if the same had occurred at the beginning of the applicable four-quarter period, either
(a) the Company or the Person formed by or surviving any such consolidation or merger (if other than the Company), or to which such sale, assignment, transfer, lease, conveyance or other disposition has been made, would be permitted to incur at least \$1.00 of additional Indebtedness pursuant to the Fixed Charge Coverage Ratio test set forth in the first paragraph of the covenant described above under the caption Incurrence of Indebtedness and Issuance of Preferred Stock; or
(b) the Fixed Charge Coverage Ratio of the Company or the Person formed by or surviving any such consolidation or merger (if other than the Company), or to which such sale, assignment, transfer, lease, conveyance or other disposition has been made, would be equal to or greater than the Fixed Charge Coverage Ratio of the Company immediately before such transactions; and

such Issuer has delivered to the trustee an officers certificate and an opinion of counsel, each stating that such

consolidation, merger or disposition and such supplemental indenture (if any) comply with the indenture.

Notwithstanding the restrictions described in the foregoing clause (4), any Restricted Subsidiary of the Company (other than Finance Corp.) may consolidate with, merge into or dispose of all or part of its properties and assets to the Company without complying with the preceding clause (4) in connection with any such consolidation, merger or disposition.

Notwithstanding the second preceding paragraph, the Company may reorganize as any other form of entity in accordance with the following procedures provided that:

(1) the reorganization involves the conversion (by merger, sale, contribution or exchange of assets or otherwise) of the Company into a form of entity other than a limited partnership formed under Delaware law;

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financial point of view; and

(2) the entity so formed by or resulting from such reorganization is an entity organized or existing under the laws of the United States, any state thereof or the District of Columbia;
(3) the entity so formed by or resulting from such reorganization assumes all the obligations of the Company under the notes, the indenture and the registration rights agreement pursuant to agreements reasonably satisfactory to the trustee;
(4) immediately after such reorganization no Default (other than a Reporting Default) or Event of Default exists; and
(5) such reorganization is not materially adverse to the Holders or Beneficial Owners of the notes (for purposes of this clause (5) a reorganization will not be considered materially adverse to the Holders or Beneficial Owners of the notes solely because the successor or survivor of such reorganization (a) is subject to federal or state income taxation as an entity or (b) is considered to be an includible corporation of an affiliated group of corporations within the meaning of Section 1504(b) of the Code or any similar state or local law).
Upon any consolidation or merger or any sale, assignment, transfer, conveyance, lease or other disposition of all or substantially all of the properties or assets of an Issuer in accordance with the foregoing in which such Issuer is not the surviving entity, the surviving Person formed by such consolidation or into or with which such Issuer is merged or to which such sale, assignment, transfer, conveyance, lease or other disposition is made will succeed to, and be substituted for, and may exercise every right and power of, such Issuer under the indenture with the same effect as if such surviving Person had been named as such Issuer in the indenture, and thereafter (except in the case of a lease of all or substantially all of such Issuer s properties or assets), such Issuer will be relieved of all obligations and covenants under the indenture and the notes.
Although there is a limited body of case law interpreting the phrase substantially all, there is no precise established definition of the phrase under applicable law. Accordingly, in certain circumstances there may be a degree of uncertainty as to whether a particular transaction would involve all or substantially all of the properties or assets of a Person.
Transactions with Affiliates
The Company will not, and will not permit any of its Restricted Subsidiaries to, make any payment to, or sell, lease, transfer or otherwise dispose of any of its properties or assets to, or purchase any property or assets from, or enter into or make or amend any transaction, contract, agreement, understanding, loan, advance or guarantee with, or for the benefit of, any Affiliate of the Company (each, an Affiliate Transaction ), unless:
(1) the Affiliate Transaction is on terms that are no less favorable to the Company or the relevant Restricted Subsidiary of the Company than those that would have been obtained in a comparable transaction by the Company or such Restricted Subsidiary with an unrelated

Person or, if in the good faith judgment of the Company s Board of Directors, no comparable transaction is available with which to compare such Affiliate Transaction, such Affiliate Transaction is otherwise fair to the Company or the relevant Restricted Subsidiary of the Company from a

(2)	the Company delivers to the trustee:
	with respect to any Affiliate Transaction or series of related Affiliate Transactions involving aggregate consideration in ion but less than or equal to \$50.0 million, an officers certificate certifying that such Affiliate Transaction or series of related as complies with this covenant; or
(b) excess of \$50.0 mill	with respect to any Affiliate Transaction or series of related Affiliate Transactions involving aggregate consideration in ion, an officers certificate
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or such Restricted Subsidiary from a financial point of view;

series of related Affiliate as the members of the C	liate Transaction or series of Affiliate Transactions complies with this covenant and that such Affiliate Transaction or e Transactions has been approved by either the Conflicts Committee of the Board of Directors of the Company (so long onflicts Committee approving the Affiliate Transaction or series of related Affiliate Transactions are disinterested) or a sted members of the Board of Directors of the Company pursuant to a resolution set forth in such officers certificate.
The following items will	I not be deemed to be Affiliate Transactions and, therefore, will not be subject to the provisions of the prior paragraph:
indemnification agreeme	y employment, employee benefit plan, equity award, equity option, equity appreciation, officer or director ent or any similar plan or arrangement entered into by the Company or any of its Restricted Subsidiaries in the ordinary ayments pursuant thereto;
(2) trai	nsactions between or among any of the Company and its Restricted Subsidiaries;
	nsactions with a Person (other than an Unrestricted Subsidiary) that is an Affiliate of the Company solely because the ty Interest in, or controls, such Person;
agreements are in effect	nsactions effected in accordance with the terms of agreements that are identified in the indenture, in each case as such on the date of the indenture, and any amendment or replacement of any of such agreements so long as such amendment it is no less advantageous to the Company in any material respect than the agreement so amended or replaced;
of the Company or a Res	stomary compensation, indemnification and other benefits made available to officers, directors, employees or consultants stricted Subsidiary or Affiliate of the Company, including reimbursement or advancement of out-of-pocket expenses and und directors liability insurance;
(6) sale Company;	es of Equity Interests (other than Disqualified Stock) to, or receipt of capital contributions from, Affiliates of the
	rmitted Investments or Restricted Payments that are permitted by the provisions of the indenture described above under la Payments;
	y transaction in which the Company or any of its Restricted Subsidiaries, as the case may be, delivers to the trustee a g, appraisal, advisory or investment banking firm of national standing stating that such transaction is fair to the company

(9) (a) guarantees by the Company or any of its Restricted Subsidiaries of performance of obligations of the Unrestricted Subsidiaries in the ordinary course of business, except for guarantees of Indebtedness in respect of borrowed money, and (b) pledges by the Company or any Restricted Subsidiary of the Company of Equity Interests in Unrestricted Subsidiaries for the benefit of lenders or other creditors of the Unrestricted Subsidiaries;
(10) any Affiliate Transaction with a Person in its capacity as a holder of Indebtedness or Capital Stock of the Company or any Restricted Subsidiary of the Company if such Person is treated no more favorably than the other holders of Indebtedness or Capital Stock of the Company or such Restricted Subsidiary;
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(11)	transactions with Unrestricted Subsidiaries, customers, clients, suppliers or purchasers or sellers of goods or services, or
lessors or le	essees of property, in each case in the ordinary course of business and otherwise in compliance with the terms of the indenture which
are, in the a	ggregate (taking into account all the costs and benefits associated with such transactions), not materially less favorable to the
Company a	nd its Restricted Subsidiaries than those that would have been obtained in a comparable transaction by the Company or such
Restricted S	Subsidiary with an unrelated person, in the good faith determination of the Company s Board of Directors or any officer of the
Company in	nvolved in or otherwise familiar with such transaction, or are on terms at least as favorable as might reasonably have been obtained at
such time fi	om an unaffiliated party; and

(12) transactions between the Company or any of its Restricted Subsidiaries and any Person that would not otherwise constitute an Affiliate Transaction except for the fact that one director of such other Person is also a director of the Company or such Restricted Subsidiary, as applicable; provided that such director abstains from voting as a director of the Company or such Restricted Subsidiary, as applicable, on any matter involving such other Person.

#### Designation of Restricted and Unrestricted Subsidiaries

The Board of Directors of the Company may designate any Restricted Subsidiary of the Company to be an Unrestricted Subsidiary if that designation would not cause a Default. If a Restricted Subsidiary of the Company is designated as an Unrestricted Subsidiary, the aggregate fair market value of all outstanding Investments owned by the Company and its Restricted Subsidiaries in the Subsidiary properly designated as an Unrestricted Subsidiary will be deemed to be either an Investment made as of the time of the designation that will reduce the amount available for Restricted Payments under the first paragraph of the covenant described above under the caption Restricted Payments or represent Permitted Investments, as determined by the Company. That designation will only be permitted if the Investment would be permitted at that time and if the Subsidiary of the Company so designated otherwise meets the definition of an Unrestricted Subsidiary.

The Board of Directors of the Company may at any time designate any Unrestricted Subsidiary to be a Restricted Subsidiary of the Company, provided that such designation will be deemed to be an incurrence of Indebtedness by a Restricted Subsidiary of the Company of any outstanding Indebtedness of such Unrestricted Subsidiary and such designation will only be permitted if (1) such Indebtedness is permitted under the covenant described above under the caption — Incurrence of Indebtedness and Issuance of Preferred Stock, calculated on a pro forma basis as if such designation had occurred at the beginning of the four-quarter reference period, and (2) no Default or Event of Default would be in existence following such designation.

#### Additional Subsidiary Guarantees

If, after the date of the indenture, any Restricted Subsidiary of the Company that is not already a Guarantor guarantees any other Indebtedness of either of the Issuers or any Guarantor in excess of a De Minimis Guaranteed Amount, or any Domestic Subsidiary, if not then a Guarantor, incurs any Indebtedness under any Credit Facility, then in either case that Subsidiary will become a Guarantor by executing a supplemental indenture and delivering it to the trustee within 20 Business Days of the date on which it guaranteed or incurred such Indebtedness, as the case may be; provided, however, that the preceding shall not apply to Subsidiaries of the Company that have properly been designated as Unrestricted Subsidiaries in accordance with the indenture for so long as they continue to constitute Unrestricted Subsidiaries. Notwithstanding the preceding, any Subsidiary Guarantee of a Restricted Subsidiary of the Company that was incurred pursuant to this paragraph will be released in the circumstances described in clause (6) under Subsidiary Guarantees.

### **Business Activities**

The Company will not, and will not permit any of its Restricted Subsidiaries to, engage in any business other than the Oil and Gas Business, except to such extent as would not be material to the Company and its Restricted Subsidiaries taken as a whole.

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Finance Corp. may not incur Indebtedness unless (1) the Company is a co-obligor or guarantor of such Indebtedness or (2) the net proceeds of such Indebtedness are loaned to the Company or its other Restricted Subsidiaries, used to acquire outstanding debt securities issued by the Company or used to repay Indebtedness of the Company or its other Restricted Subsidiaries as permitted under the covenant described about under the caption — Incurrence of Indebtedness and Issuance of Preferred Stock. — Finance Corp. may not engage in any business not related directly or indirectly to obtaining money or arranging financing for the Company or its Restricted Subsidiaries.

#### Reports

Whether or not required by the rules and regulations of the Commission, so long as any notes are outstanding, the Company will file with the Commission for public availability within the time periods specified in the Commission s rules and regulations (unless the Commission will not accept such a filing), and the Company will furnish to the trustee and, upon its prior request, to any of the Holders or Beneficial Owners of notes, within five Business Days of filing, or attempting to file, the same with the Commission:

- all quarterly and annual reports that would be required to be filed with the Commission on Forms 10-Q and 10-K if the Company were required to file such reports, including a Management s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations and, with respect to the annual report only, a report on the annual financial statements by the Company s certified independent accountants; and
- (2) all current reports that would be required to be filed with the Commission on Form 8-K if the Company were required to file such reports.

The availability of the foregoing reports on the SEC s EDGAR filing system will be deemed to satisfy the foregoing delivery requirements. All such reports will be prepared in all material respects in accordance with all of the rules and regulations applicable to such reports.

If the Company has designated any of its Subsidiaries as Unrestricted Subsidiaries, then, to the extent material, the quarterly and annual financial information required by the preceding paragraph will include a reasonably detailed presentation, either on the face of the financial statements or in the footnotes thereto, and in Management s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations, of the financial condition and results of operations of the Company and its Restricted Subsidiaries separate from the financial condition and results of operations of the Unrestricted Subsidiaries.

Any and all Defaults or Events of Default arising from a failure to furnish or file in a timely manner a report or other information required by this covenant shall be deemed cured (and the Company shall be deemed to be in compliance with this covenant) upon furnishing or filing such report or other information as contemplated by this covenant (but without regard to the date on which such report or other information is so furnished or filed); provided, that such cure shall not otherwise affect the rights of the Holders or the trustee under Events of Default and Remedies if the principal, premium, if any, and interest have been accelerated in accordance with the terms of the indenture and such acceleration has not been rescinded or cancelled prior to such cure.

In addition, for so long as any notes remain outstanding, the Company and the Guarantors will furnish to the Holders and Beneficial Owners of the notes and to securities analysts and prospective investors in the notes, upon their request, the information required to be delivered pursuant to Rule 144A(d)(4) under the Securities Act.

#### **Covenant Termination**

If at any time (a) the notes are rated Baa3 or better by Moody s and BBB- or better by S&P (or, if either such entity ceases to rate the notes for reasons outside of the control of the Company, the equivalent investment grade credit rating from any other nationally recognized statistical rating organization within the meaning of Section 3(a)(62) of the Exchange Act selected by the Company as a replacement agency), (b) no Default has occurred and is continuing under the indenture and (c) the Issuers have delivered to the trustee an officers