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CD&L INC
Form 10-Q
May 20, 2003

UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington D.C. 20549
FORM 10-Q

(Mark One)

- Quarterly report pursuant to Section 13 or 15 (d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 for the quarterly period ended March 31, 2003 or
- Transition report pursuant to Section 13 or 15 (d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 for the transition period from _____ to _____

Commission File Number: 0-26954

CD&L, INC.
(Exact name of Registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware
(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)

22-3350958
(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

80 Wesley Street
South Hackensack, New Jersey
(Address of principal executive offices)

07606
(Zip Code)

(201) 487-7740
(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15 (d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant is an accelerated filer (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934). Yes No

The number of shares of common stock of the Registrant, par value \$.001 per share, outstanding as of May 9, 2003 was 7,658,660.

CD&L, INC.
FORM 10-Q FOR THE QUARTER ENDED MARCH 31, 2003

INDEX

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Part I - Financial Information

Item 1 - Financial Statements

CD&L, Inc. and Subsidiaries

Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets as of March 31, 2003 (unaudited)
and December 31, 2002

Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations for the Three
Months Ended March 31, 2003 and 2002 (unaudited)

Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for the Three
Months Ended March 31, 2003 and 2002 (unaudited)

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

Item 2 - Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results
of Operations

Item 3 - Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk

Item 4 - Controls and Procedures

Part II - Other Information

Item 6 - Exhibits and Reports on Form 8-K

Signature

Certifications

2

CD&L, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS
(In thousands, except share information)

	March 31, 2003 ----- (Unaudited)
ASSETS	
CURRENT ASSETS:	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,741
Accounts receivable, net	16,001
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	2,262

Total current assets	20,004
EQUIPMENT AND LEASEHOLD IMPROVEMENTS, net	1,069

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GOODWILL, net	11,531
INTANGIBLE ASSETS AND DEFERRED FINANCING COSTS, net	605
NOTE RECEIVABLE FROM STOCKHOLDER, net	-
OTHER ASSETS	2,038

Total assets	\$ 35,247
	=====

LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

CURRENT LIABILITIES:	
Short-term borrowings	\$ 1,575
Current maturities of long-term debt	2,968
Accounts payable, accrued liabilities and bank overdrafts	12,998

Total current liabilities	17,541
LONG-TERM DEBT, net of current maturities	12,939
OTHER LONG-TERM LIABILITIES	261

Total liabilities	30,741

COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY:	
Preferred stock, \$.001 par value; 2,000,000 shares authorized; no shares issued and outstanding	-
Common stock, \$.001 par value; 30,000,000 shares authorized; 7,688,027 shares issued at March 31, 2003 and December 31, 2002	8
Additional paid-in capital	12,883
Treasury stock, 29,367 shares at cost	(162)
Accumulated deficit	(8,223)

Total stockholders' equity	4,506

Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$ 35,247
	=====

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

CD&L, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS
(In thousands, except per share data)
(Unaudited)

	For the Three Months Ended	
	March 31,	
	2003	2002
	-----	-----
Revenue	\$ 40,307	\$ 38,549
Cost of revenue	33,043	30,621

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	-----	-----
Gross profit	7,264	7,928
	-----	-----
Costs and Expenses:		
Selling, general, and administrative expenses	6,528	6,954
Depreciation and amortization	217	299
Other (income), net	(1,101)	(50)
Interest expense	610	715
	-----	-----
Total Costs and Expenses	6,254	7,918
	-----	-----
Income before provision for income taxes	1,010	10
Provision for income taxes	404	4
	-----	-----
Net income	\$ 606	\$ 6
	=====	=====
Net income per share:		
Basic	\$.08	\$.00
	=====	=====
Diluted	\$.07	\$.00
	=====	=====
Basic weighted average common shares outstanding	7,659	7,659
	=====	=====
Diluted weighted average common shares outstanding	8,170	8,167
	=====	=====

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

4

CD&L, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS
(In thousands)
(Unaudited)

	For the Three Months Ended March 31	
	2003	2002
	-----	-----
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:		
Net income	\$ 606	\$
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash (used in) provided by operating activities -		

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Non-cash extinguishment of debt	(1,034)	
Gain on disposal of equipment and leasehold improvements	(34)	
Depreciation, amortization and deferred financing amortization	272	
Changes in operating assets and liabilities		
(Increase) decrease in -		
Accounts receivable, net	(1,092)	
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	(143)	
Other assets	(122)	
Increase (decrease) in -		
Accounts payable, accrued liabilities and bank overdrafts	829	
Other long-term liabilities	(8)	
	-----	-----
Net cash (used in) provided by operating activities	(726)	
	-----	-----
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:		
Proceeds from sale of equipment and leasehold improvements	36	
Additions to equipment and leasehold improvements	(54)	
	-----	-----
Net cash (used in) provided by investing activities	(18)	
	-----	-----
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:		
Short-term borrowings	1,575	
Repayments of long-term debt	(542)	
	-----	-----
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	1,033	
	-----	-----
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	289	
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, beginning of period	1,452	
	-----	-----
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, end of period	\$ 1,741	\$
	=====	=====

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

CD&L, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(1) BASIS OF PRESENTATION:

The accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles for interim financial information and with the instructions to Form 10-Q and Article 10 of Regulation S-X. Accordingly, they do not include all of the information and footnotes required by generally accepted accounting principles for complete financial statements. The condensed consolidated balance sheet at December 31, 2002 has been derived from the audited financial statements at that date. Certain reclassifications have been made to the March 31, 2002 condensed consolidated statement of operations to conform to the current period

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presentation. In the opinion of management, all adjustments (consisting of normal recurring adjustments) considered necessary for a fair presentation have been included. Operating results for the three months ended March 31, 2003 are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for any other interim period or for the year ending December 31, 2003. For further information, refer to the consolidated financial statements and footnotes thereto included in the CD&L, Inc. (the "Company" or "CD&L") Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2002.

(2) STOCK BASED COMPENSATION

In December 2002, Statement of Financial Accounting Standards ("SFAS") No. 148, "Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation-Transition and Disclosure" ("SFAS 148") was issued and became effective in 2002. This Statement amends SFAS No. 123 "Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation," ("SFAS 123") to provide alternative methods of transition for an entity that voluntarily changes to the fair value method of accounting for stock-based compensation. The Company has elected to continue to recognize stock-based compensation using the intrinsic value method and has incorporated the additional disclosure requirements of SFAS 148.

The Company has adopted the disclosure provisions of SFAS 148. As a result, under the provisions of SFAS 123, the Company applies Accounting Principles Board Opinion No. 25, "Accounting for Stock Issued to Employees" ("APB 25"), and related interpretations in accounting for its stock option plans. Accordingly, no compensation expense has been recognized for its stock-based compensation plans. Pro forma information regarding net income and earnings per share is required, and has been determined as if the Company had accounted for its stock options under the fair value method. The fair value for these options was estimated at the date of grant using the Black-Scholes option-pricing model with the following assumptions for the three months ended March 31, 2003 and 2002-

	2003	2002
Weighted average fair value	\$0.52	\$0.44
Risk-free interest rate	4.30%	4.30%
Volatility factor	101%	101%
Expected life	7 years	7 years
Dividend yield	None	None

6

The pro forma information regarding net income and earnings per share is as follows (in thousands)-

For the Three Months
Ended
March 31,
2003 2002

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Net income, as reported	\$ 606	\$ 6
Stock-based employee compensation expense determined under fair value based method for all awards, net of related tax effects	(2)	(39)
Pro forma net income (loss)	\$ 604	(\$ 33)
Net income (loss) per share:		
Basic, as reported	\$.08	\$.00
Diluted, as reported	\$.07	\$.00
Basic, pro forma	\$.08	(\$.00)
Diluted, pro forma	\$.07	(\$.00)

(3) SHORT-TERM BORROWINGS:

As of June 27, 2002 CD&L and Summit Business Capital Corporation, doing business as Fleet Capital - Business Finance Division, entered into an agreement establishing a revolving credit facility (the "Fleet Facility") of \$15,000,000. The Fleet Facility replaced a revolving credit facility with First Union Commercial Corporation established in July 1997. The Fleet Facility expires on June 27, 2005 and provides CD&L with standby letters of credit, prime rate based loans at the bank's prime rate, as defined, plus 25 basis points (4.50% at March 31, 2003) and LIBOR based loans at the bank's LIBOR, as defined, plus 225 basis points (3.57% at March 31, 2003). Credit availability is based on eligible amounts of accounts receivable, as defined, up to a maximum amount of \$15,000,000 and is secured by substantially all of the assets, including certain cash balances, accounts receivable, equipment, leasehold improvements and general intangibles of the Company and its subsidiaries. During the three months ended March 31, 2003, the maximum borrowings outstanding under the Fleet Facility were approximately \$1,575,000 and the outstanding borrowings as of March 31, 2003 were approximately \$1,575,000. As of March 31, 2003, the Company had borrowing availability of \$2,323,000 under the Fleet Facility, after adjusting for restrictions related to outstanding standby letters of credit of \$7,000,000 and minimum availability requirements.

Under the terms of the Fleet Facility, the Company is required to maintain certain financial ratios and comply with other financial conditions. The Fleet Facility also prohibits the Company from incurring certain additional indebtedness, limits certain investments, advances or loans and restricts substantial asset sales, capital expenditures and cash dividends. See "Waivers and Amendments" below in Note 4.

(4) LONG-TERM DEBT:

On January 29, 1999, the Company completed a \$15,000,000 private placement of senior subordinated notes and warrants (the "Senior Notes") with three financial institutions. The Senior Notes originally bore interest at 12.0% per annum and are subordinate to all senior debt including the Company's Fleet Facility. Under the terms of the Senior Notes, as amended, the Company is required to maintain certain financial ratios and comply with other financial conditions contained in the Senior Notes agreement. See "Waivers and Amendments" below.

The Senior Notes mature on January 29, 2006 and may be prepaid by the Company under certain circumstances. The warrants expire January 19, 2009 and are exercisable at any time prior to expiration at a price of \$.001 per equivalent share of common stock for an aggregate of 506,250 shares of the Company's stock, subject to additional adjustments. The Company has recorded the fair value of the warrants of \$1,265,000 as a credit to additional paid-in-capital and a debt discount on the Senior Notes. The Company used the proceeds to finance acquisitions and to reduce outstanding short-term borrowings. As of August 17, 2000, November 21, 2000, March 30, 2001, May 30, 2001, August 20, 2001, November 19, 2001, April 12, 2002, June 28, 2002 and April 23, 2003, the Company and the note holders modified the Senior Subordinated Loan Agreement (the "Senior Note Agreement") entered into on January 29, 1999. The Senior Note Agreement, as amended, provides for scheduled repayments of \$250,000 at the end of each calendar quarter beginning in the first quarter of 2003 and ending in the fourth quarter of 2005. Such payments increase to \$312,500 if the Company meets certain availability benchmarks under the Fleet Facility, as defined. The interest rate on the \$3,000,000 of the notes scheduled to be repaid would be reduced to 10% on a prospective basis if the Company makes a voluntary principal repayment of \$750,000 at any time prior to maturity.

Waivers and Amendments -

At December 31, 2002 and March 31, 2003, the Company did not comply with the Minimum Earnings, Fixed Charge Coverage Ratio and Cash Flow Leverage Ratio covenants, as defined, at one or both dates. On April 23, 2003, the Company obtained waivers from its lenders for the covenant violations and renegotiated certain covenants and modified certain terms of its revolving credit facility and senior subordinated notes.

Seller-Financed Debt -

On March 30, 2001, pursuant to an Asset Purchase Agreement dated as of March 7, 2001, Sureway Worldwide, LLC ("Sureway Worldwide"), a wholly-owned subsidiary of Global Delivery Systems, LLC ("Global"), purchased certain assets from a subsidiary of CD&L. As part of the payment price for such assets, Sureway Worldwide issued to CD&L a promissory note in the original principal amount of \$2,500,000 guaranteed by Global (the "Note Receivable"). Such note and the guaranty were subordinated to Sureway Worldwide's and Global's obligations to its secured lender. No payments had been made to CD&L on the Note Receivable since issuance. CD&L wrote-off the entire amount of the Note Receivable on December 31, 2001 based on management's determination that the note would not be collected.

On February 16, 1999, the Company and its subsidiary, Sureway Air Traffic Corporation, Inc. ("Sureway"), entered into and consummated an asset and stock purchase agreement with Victory Messenger Service, Inc., Richard Gold ("Gold"), Darobin Freight Forwarding Co., Inc. ("Darobin"), and The Trust Created Under Paragraph Third of the Last Will and Testament of Charles Gold (the "Trust"), (collectively "Gold Wings"), whereby Sureway purchased all of the outstanding shares of the capital stock of Darobin and certain of the assets and liabilities of the other sellers. In conjunction therewith, the Company became obligated for seller-financed acquisition debt of \$1,650,000. As of February 28, 2003, the note had a remaining principal balance of approximately \$1,000,000 (the "CDL/Gold Note").

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On February 28, 2003, the Company completed a series of related transactions with GMV Express, Inc. ("GMV"), Gold (a principal of GMV) and his affiliates, and Global and its subsidiary, Sureway Worldwide. The net effect of the transactions with Global, Sureway Worldwide, GMV and Gold is that the Company assigned the Note Receivable to GMV in exchange for a release on the CDL/Gold Note payable, so that the Company is now relieved of its \$1,000,000 liability for the CDL/Gold Note and the Company has no further rights to the Note Receivable. In addition, the Company received payments from Sureway Worldwide and Global of approximately \$117,000 (\$72,000 in settlement of disputed claims and \$45,000 for other amounts due) and provided Gold with a release covering claims of breach of certain non-competition agreements. As a result of this transaction, the Company recorded a gain of approximately \$1,000,000 during the three month period ended March 31, 2003, included within other income, net.

8

(5) GOODWILL, INTANGIBLE ASSETS AND DEFERRED FINANCING COSTS:

On June 30, 2001, SFAS No. 142, "Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets" ("SFAS 142") was issued. SFAS 142 eliminated goodwill amortization over its estimated useful life. However, goodwill is subject to at least an annual assessment for impairment by applying a fair-value based test. Additionally, acquired intangible assets must be separately recognized if the benefit of the intangible asset is obtained through contractual or other legal rights, or if the intangible asset can be sold, transferred, licensed, rented or exchanged, regardless of the acquirer's intent to do so. Intangible assets with definitive lives are amortized over their useful lives. The statement required that by June 30, 2002, a company must establish its fair value benchmarks in order to test for impairment. The Company adopted SFAS 142 effective January 1, 2002. For purposes of performing the fair-value based test of goodwill, the Company has determined that it has one reporting unit. This reporting unit is consistent with its single operating segment, which management determined is appropriate under the provisions of SFAS No. 131, "Disclosures about Segments of an Enterprise and Related Information" ("SFAS 131"). During 2002, a transitional goodwill impairment test was performed and the Company determined that there was no impairment of goodwill. Further, as required by SFAS 142, an annual impairment test was completed at the end of fiscal 2002 and the Company determined that there was no impairment. Fair value was determined by two methods:

1. Present value of future estimated cash flows, including a determination of a terminal value.
2. Market capitalization utilizing quoted market prices of the Company's common stock.

The adoption of SFAS 142 did not result in the recognition of an impairment of goodwill. However, changes in business conditions could result in impairment in the future. Examples of changes in business conditions include, but are not limited to, bankruptcy or loss of a significant customer, a significant adverse change in regulatory factors, a loss of key personnel, increased levels of competition from companies with greater financial resources than the Company and margin erosion caused by our inability to increase prices to our customers at the same rate that our costs increase.

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Intangible assets and deferred financing costs consist of the following (in thousands)-

	As of March 31, 2003	
	Cost	Accumulated Amortization
Deferred financing costs	\$1,338	\$733
Other	58	58
	\$1,396	\$791

Intangible asset amortization expense for the three months ended March 31, 2003 and 2002 was approximately \$56,000 and \$48,000, respectively.

Estimated intangible amortization expense for the years ended December 31 (in thousands)-

2003	\$224
2004	224
2005	199
2006	14

9

(6) NOTE RECEIVABLE FROM STOCKHOLDER:

In February 1996, Liberty Mutual Insurance Company ("Liberty Mutual") filed an action against Securities Courier Corporation ("Securities"), a subsidiary of the Company, Mr. Vincent Brana, an employee of the Company, and certain other parties in the United States District Court for the Southern District of New York. Under the terms of its acquisition of Securities, the Company had certain rights to indemnification from Mr. Brana. In connection with the indemnification, Mr. Brana has entered into a settlement agreement and executed a promissory note (the "Brana Note") in such amount as may be due for any defense costs or award arising out of this suit. Mr. Brana has agreed to repay the Company on December 1, 2003, together with interest calculated at a rate per annum equal to the rate charged the Company by its senior lender. Mr. Brana delivered 357,301 shares of CD&L common stock to the Company as collateral for the Brana Note. On September 8, 2000 the parties entered into a settlement agreement in which Securities and Mr. Brana agreed to pay Liberty Mutual \$1,300,000. An initial payment of \$650,000 was made by Securities on October 16, 2000, \$325,000 plus interest at a rate of 10.5% per annum was paid in monthly installments ending July 1, 2001 and the balance of \$325,000 plus interest at a rate of 12.0% per annum was paid in monthly installments ending July 1, 2002.

At March 31, 2003 and December 31, 2002, the Company had a receivable due from Mr. Brana totaling \$2,800,000. As of March 31, 2003, considering the market value of the collateral and Mr. Brana's failure to update and provide satisfactory evidence to support his ability to pay the Brana Note, the Company maintained a \$2,800,000 reserve against the receivable.

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In an effort to resolve all outstanding disputes between Mr. Brana and the Company, a settlement agreement is currently being negotiated. If an agreement is reached, the Company would return to Mr. Brana the 357,301 shares of CD&L common stock held by the Company as collateral for the \$2,800,000 note, and provide certain releases for claims that the Company may have against him. Mr. Brana's employment with the Company was terminated on September 1, 2002 and he has served as a paid consultant since that time.

(7) LITIGATION:

The Company is, from time to time, a party to litigation arising in the normal course of its business, including claims for uninsured personal injury and property damage incurred in connection with its same-day delivery operations. In connection therewith, the Company has recorded reserves of \$292,000 and \$325,000 as of March 31, 2003 and December 31, 2002, respectively.

Also from time to time, federal and state authorities have sought to assert that independent contractors in the transportation industry, including those utilized by CD&L, are employees rather than independent contractors. The Company believes that the independent contractors that it utilizes are not employees under existing interpretations of federal and state laws. However, federal and state authorities have and may continue to challenge this position. Further, laws and regulations, including tax laws, and the interpretations of those laws and regulations, may change.

Management believes that none of these actions, including the actions described above, will have a material adverse effect on the consolidated financial position or results of operations of the Company.

(8) INCOME PER SHARE:

Basic earnings per share represents net income divided by the weighted average shares outstanding. Diluted earnings per share represents net income divided by the weighted average shares outstanding adjusted for the incremental dilution of potentially dilutive common shares.

10

A reconciliation of weighted average common shares outstanding to weighted average common shares outstanding assuming dilution follows (in thousands)-

	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2003	2002
Basic weighted average common shares outstanding	7,659	7,659
Effect of dilutive securities: Stock options and warrants	511	508
Diluted weighted average common shares outstanding	8,170	8,167
	=====	=====

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The following potentially dilutive common shares were excluded from the computation of diluted Earnings per Share because the exercise or conversion price was greater than the average market price of common shares (in thousands):

	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2003	2002
Stock options and warrants	1,884	1,940
Seller-financed convertible notes	431	508

(9) NEW ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENT:

In January 2003, Interpretation No. 46 of the Financial Accounting Standards Board, "Consolidation of Variable Interest Entities" ("FIN 46") was issued. The Company does not believe that it has any relationships with variable interest entities that will be subject to the requirements of FIN 46.

(10) RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS:

Effective as of February 1, 2003, the Company has leased its former vehicle repair facility to Auto Depot, Inc. Mr. Vincent Brana, a stockholder and the former President of the Company's Securities Courier Corporation subsidiary, is a principal in Auto Depot, Inc. During the three months ended March 31, 2003, the Company paid approximately \$61,000 for vehicle maintenance and repairs and sold 18 vehicles with a total value of approximately \$8,700 to Auto Depot, Inc. Additionally, the Company received approximately \$6,000 in rent from Auto Depot, Inc., during the three months ended March 31, 2003. Refer to the 2002 Form 10-K for additional discussion of related party transactions.

11

Item 2 - Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

Disclosure Regarding Forward-Looking Statements

The Company is provided a "safe harbor" for forward-looking statements contained in this report by the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. The Company may discuss forward-looking information in this Report such as its expectations for future performance, growth and acquisition strategies, liquidity and capital needs and its future prospects. Actual results may not necessarily develop as the Company anticipates due to many factors including, but not limited to the timing of certain transactions, unexpected expenses encountered, the effect of economic and market conditions, the impact of competition and the factors listed in the Company's 2002 Report on Form 10-K and other SEC filings. Because of these and other reasons, the Company's actual results may vary materially from management's current expectations.

Overview

The condensed consolidated financial statements of the Company including all related notes, which appear elsewhere in this report, should be read in conjunction with this discussion of the Company's

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results of operations and its liquidity and capital resources.

Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates

The Company's discussion and analysis of financial condition and results of operations are based upon the Company's consolidated financial statements, which have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The preparation of these financial statements requires the Company to make estimates and judgments that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses, and related disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities. On an ongoing basis, the Company evaluates its estimates, including those related to accounts and notes receivable, intangible assets, income taxes and contingencies. The Company bases its estimates on historical experience and on various other assumptions that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis for making judgments about the carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results may differ from these estimates under different assumptions or conditions.

The Company believes the following critical accounting policies reflect more significant judgments and estimates used in the preparation of its consolidated financial statements.

Allowance for Doubtful Accounts

The Company maintains allowances for doubtful accounts and notes receivable for estimated losses resulting from the inability of its customers and debtors to make payments when due or within a reasonable period of time thereafter. The Company estimates allowances for doubtful accounts and notes receivable by evaluating past due aging trends, analyzing customer payment histories and assessing market conditions relating to its customers' operations and financial condition. Such allowances are developed principally for specific customers. If the financial condition of the Company's customers and debtors were to deteriorate, resulting in an impairment of their ability to make required payments, additional allowances may be required.

Goodwill

The value of the Company's goodwill is significant relative to total assets and stockholders' equity. The Company reviews goodwill for impairment on at least an annual basis using several fair-value based tests, which include, among others, a discounted cash flow and terminal value computation. The discounted cash flow and terminal value computation is based on management's estimates of future operations. Changes in business conditions could materially impact management's estimates of future operations and this could result in an impairment of goodwill. Such impairment, if any, could have a significant impact on the Company's consolidated operations and financial condition. Examples of changes in business conditions include, but are not limited to, bankruptcy or loss of a significant customer, a significant adverse change in regulatory factors, a loss of key personnel, increased levels of competition from companies with greater financial resources than the Company and margin erosion caused by our inability to increase prices to our customers at the same rate that our costs increase.

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Insurance Reserves

The Company retains certain insurance risk through insurance policies with a \$500,000 deductible for workers' compensation (\$350,000 prior to May 1, 2003), a \$350,000 deductible for automobile liability (\$250,000 prior to July 1, 2002) and a \$150,000 deductible for employee health medical costs (\$125,000 prior to March 1, 2002). The Company reserves the estimated amounts of uninsured claims and deductibles related to such insurance retentions for claims that have occurred in the normal course of business. These reserves are established by management based upon the recommendations of third-party administrators who perform a specific review of open claims, which include fully developed estimates of both reported claims and incurred but not reported claims, as of the balance sheet date. Actual claim settlements may differ materially from these estimated reserve amounts.

Income Taxes

The Company files income tax returns in every jurisdiction in which it has reason to believe it is subject to tax. Historically, the Company has been subject to examination by various taxing jurisdictions. To date, none of these examinations have resulted in any material additional tax. Nonetheless, any tax jurisdiction may contend that a filing position claimed by the Company regarding one or more of its transactions is contrary to that jurisdiction's laws or regulations.

Results of Operations

Income and Expense as a Percentage of Revenue

	For the Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2003	2002
Revenue	100.0%	100.0%
Gross profit	18.0%	20.6%
Selling, general and administrative expenses	16.2%	18.0%
Depreciation and amortization	0.5%	0.8%
Other (income), net	(2.7%)	(0.1%)
Interest expense	1.5%	1.9%
Income before provision for income taxes	2.5%	0.0%
Net income	1.5%	0.0%

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Revenue for the three months ended March 31, 2003 increased by \$1.8 million, or 4.7%, to \$40.3 million from \$38.5 million for the three months ended March 31, 2002. An increase in volume contributed to such revenue increase, partially offset by certain price reductions granted to extend customer contracts.

Cost of revenue increased by \$2.4 million, or 7.8%, to \$33.0 million for the three months ended March 31, 2003 from \$30.6 million for the three months ended March 31, 2002. Cost of revenue for the three months ended March 31, 2003 represents 82.0% of revenues as compared to 79.4% for the same period in 2002. The increase in cost of revenue is due primarily to the increase in revenue; however the increase in cost of revenue as a percentage of revenue is due primarily to an increase in labor costs as compared to the same period in 2002 and certain price reductions referred to above.

Selling, general and administrative expenses ("SG&A") decreased by \$0.5 million, or 7.1%, to \$6.5 million for the three months ended March 31, 2003 from \$7.0 million for the same period in 2002. Stated as a percentage of revenue, SG&A decreased to 16.2% for the three months ended March 31, 2003 as compared to 18.0% for the same period in 2002. The decrease in SG&A is due primarily to a \$0.3 million decrease in bonuses earned, \$0.2 million less in provision for bad debt and \$0.2 million in reduced sales and marketing salaries as a result of the reversal of previously recorded severance benefits, partially offset by a \$0.1 million increase in facility rent costs.

Depreciation and amortization decreased by \$0.1 million, or 33.3%, to \$0.2 million for the three months ended March 31, 2003 from \$0.3 million for the same period in 2002. Such reduction was primarily caused by the full depreciation of certain vehicles held under a capital lease that ended during 2002 and reduced capital expenditures in 2000, 2001 and 2002.

Other income, net increased by \$1.0 million to \$1.1 million for the three months ended March 31, 2003 from \$0.1 million for the same period in 2002 for the reasons discussed below.

On March 30, 2001, pursuant to an Asset Purchase Agreement dated as of March 7, 2001, Sureway Worldwide, LLC ("Sureway Worldwide"), a wholly-owned subsidiary of Global Delivery Systems, LLC ("Global"), purchased certain assets from a subsidiary of CD&L. As part of the payment price for such assets, Sureway Worldwide issued to CD&L a promissory note in the original principal amount of \$2,500,000 guaranteed by Global (the "Note Receivable"). Such note and the guaranty were subordinated to Sureway Worldwide's and Global's obligations to its secured lender. No payments had been made to CD&L on the Note Receivable since issuance. CD&L wrote-off the entire amount of the Note Receivable on December 31, 2001 based on management's determination that the note would not be collected.

On February 16, 1999, the Company and its subsidiary, Sureway Air Traffic Corporation, Inc. ("Sureway"), entered into and consummated an asset and stock purchase agreement with Victory Messenger Service, Inc., Richard Gold ("Gold"), Darobin Freight Forwarding Co., Inc. ("Darobin"), and The Trust Created Under Paragraph Third of the Last Will and Testament of Charles Gold (the "Trust"), (collectively "Gold Wings"), whereby Sureway purchased all of the outstanding shares of the capital stock of Darobin and certain of the assets and liabilities of the other sellers. In conjunction therewith, the Company became obligated for seller-financed acquisition debt of \$1,650,000. As of February 28, 2003, the note had a remaining principal balance of

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approximately \$1,000,000 (the "CDL/Gold Note").

14

On February 28, 2003, the Company completed a series of related transactions with GMV Express, Inc. ("GMV"), Gold (a principal of GMV) and his affiliates, and Global and its subsidiary, Sureway Worldwide. The net effect of the transactions with Global, Sureway Worldwide, GMV and Gold is that the Company assigned the Note Receivable to GMV in exchange for a release on the CDL/Gold Note payable, so that the Company is now relieved of its \$1,000,000 liability for the CDL/Gold Note and the Company has no further rights to the Note Receivable. In addition, the Company received payments from Sureway Worldwide and Global of approximately \$117,000 (\$72,000 in settlement of disputed claims and \$45,000 for other amounts due) and provided Gold with a release covering claims of breach of certain non-competition agreements. As a result of this transaction, the Company recorded a gain of approximately \$1,000,000 during the three month period ended March 31, 2003, included within other income, net.

As a result of the factors discussed above, income before provision for income taxes increased by \$1.0 million for the three months ended March 31, 2003 as compared to the same period in 2002.

Provision for income taxes increased by \$0.4 million for the three months ended March 31, 2003 as compared to \$0.0 million for the same period in 2002. This was due to the increase in income before provision for income taxes discussed above.

Net income improved by \$0.6 million to net income of \$0.6 million for the three months ended March 31, 2003 as compared to net income of \$0.0 million for the same period in 2002. This was due to the factors discussed above.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

The Company's working capital decreased by \$406,000 from \$2,869,000 as of December 31, 2002 to \$2,463,000 as of March 31, 2003. The decrease is primarily a result of cash used in operating activities. Cash and cash equivalents increased by \$289,000 to \$1,741,000 as of March 31, 2003. Cash of \$726,000 was used by operations, while \$18,000 was used by net investing activities and \$1,033,000 was provided by net financing activities. Capital expenditures amounted to \$54,000 and \$25,000 for the three months ended March 31, 2003 and 2002, respectively.

As of June 27, 2002 CD&L and Summit Business Capital Corporation, doing business as Fleet Capital - Business Finance Division, entered into an agreement establishing a revolving credit facility (the "Fleet Facility") of \$15,000,000. The Fleet Facility replaced a revolving credit facility with First Union Commercial Corporation established in July 1997. The Fleet Facility expires on June 27, 2005 and provides CD&L with standby letters of credit, prime rate based loans at the bank's prime rate, as defined, plus 25 basis points (4.50% at March 31, 2003) and LIBOR based loans at the bank's LIBOR, as defined, plus 225 basis points (3.57% at March 31, 2003). Credit availability is based on eligible amounts of accounts receivable, as defined, up to a maximum amount of \$15,000,000 and is secured by substantially all of the assets, including certain cash balances, accounts receivable, equipment, leasehold improvements and general intangibles of the

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Company and its subsidiaries. During the three months ended March 31, 2003, the maximum borrowings outstanding under the Fleet Facility were approximately \$1,575,000 and the outstanding borrowings as of March 31, 2003 were approximately \$1,575,000. As of March 31, 2003, the Company had borrowing availability of \$2,323,000 under the Fleet Facility, after adjusting for restrictions related to outstanding standby letters of credit of \$7,000,000 and minimum availability requirements.

Under the terms of the Fleet Facility, the Company is required to maintain certain financial ratios and comply with other financial conditions. The Fleet Facility also prohibits the Company from incurring certain additional indebtedness, limits certain investments, advances or loans and restricts substantial asset sales, capital expenditures and cash dividends. See "Waivers and Amendments" below.

On January 29, 1999, the Company completed a \$15,000,000 private placement of senior subordinated notes and warrants (the "Senior Notes") with three financial institutions. The Senior Notes originally bore interest at 12.0% per annum and are subordinate to all senior debt including the Company's Fleet Facility. Under the terms of the Senior Notes, as amended, the Company is required to maintain certain financial ratios and comply with other financial conditions contained in the Senior Notes agreement. See "Waivers and Amendments" below.

15

The Senior Notes mature on January 29, 2006 and may be prepaid by the Company under certain circumstances. The warrants expire January 19, 2009 and are exercisable at any time prior to expiration at a price of \$.001 per equivalent share of common stock for an aggregate of 506,250 shares of the Company's stock, subject to additional adjustments. The Company has recorded the fair value of the warrants of \$1,265,000 as a credit to additional paid-in-capital and a debt discount on the Senior Notes. The Company used the proceeds to finance acquisitions and to reduce outstanding short-term borrowings. As of August 17, 2000, November 21, 2000, March 30, 2001, May 30, 2001, August 20, 2001, November 19, 2001, April 12, 2002, June 28, 2002 and April 23, 2003, the Company and the note holders modified the Senior Subordinated Loan Agreement (the "Senior Note Agreement") entered into on January 29, 1999. The Senior Note Agreement, as amended, provides for scheduled repayments of \$250,000 at the end of each calendar quarter beginning in the first quarter of 2003 and ending in the fourth quarter of 2005. Such payments increase to \$312,500 if the Company meets certain availability benchmarks under the Fleet Facility, as defined. The interest rate on the \$3,000,000 of the notes scheduled to be repaid would be reduced to 10% on a prospective basis if the Company makes a voluntary principal repayment of \$750,000 at any time prior to maturity.

Waivers and Amendments -

At December 31, 2002 and March 31, 2003, the Company did not comply with the Minimum Earnings, Fixed Charge Coverage Ratio and Cash Flow Leverage Ratio covenants, as defined, at one or both dates. On April 23, 2003, the Company obtained waivers from its lenders for the covenant violations and renegotiated certain covenants and modified certain terms of its revolving credit facility and senior subordinated notes.

Self-Insurance -

The Company's risk of incurring uninsured losses has increased in 2003

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as a result of increased deductibles retained by the Company in order to reduce premiums in conjunction with the renewal of certain insurance policies in 2003. There can be no assurances that the Company's risk management policies and procedures will minimize future uninsured losses or that a material increase in frequency or severity of uninsured losses will not occur and adversely impact the Company's future consolidated financial results.

The Company has an accumulated deficit of (\$8,223,000) as of March 31, 2003. There can be no assurances that the Company's lenders will agree to waive any future covenant violations, if any, continue to renegotiate and modify the terms of their loans, or further extend the maturity date, should it become necessary to do so. Further, there can be no assurances that the Company will be able to meet its revenue, cost or income projections, upon which the debt covenants are based.

Management believes that cash flows from operations and its borrowing capacity, after the debt modifications referred to above, are sufficient to support the Company's operations and general business and capital requirements for at least the next twelve months. Such conclusions are predicated upon sufficient cash flow from operations and the continued availability of a revolving credit facility. The risks associated with cash flow from operations are mitigated by the Company's low gross profit margin. Unless catastrophic, decreases in revenue should be accompanied by corresponding decreases in costs, resulting in minimal impact to liquidity. The risks associated with the revolving credit facility are as discussed above.

Inflation

While inflation has not had a material impact on the Company's results of operations for the periods presented herein, recent fluctuations in fuel prices can and do affect the Company's operating costs.

16

Item 3 - Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk

The Company is exposed to the effect of changing interest rates. At March 31, 2003, the Company's debt consisted of approximately \$13,052,000 (excluding unamortized discount of \$512,000) of fixed rate debt with a weighted average interest rate of 13.2% and \$4,942,000 of variable rate debt with a weighted average interest rate of 6.2%. The variable rate debt consists of six seller-financed notes with an interest rate of prime plus 200 basis points with a minimum rate of 7.0% and maximum rate of 9.0% and \$1,575,000 of borrowings of revolving line of credit debt. If interest rates on variable rate debt were to increase by 62 basis points (one-tenth of the rate at March 31, 2003), the net impact to the Company's results of operations and cash flows for the three month period ended March 31, 2003 would be a decrease of approximately \$8,000. Maximum borrowings of revolving line of credit debt during the three months ended March 31, 2003 were \$1,575,000.

Item 4 - Controls and Procedures

Within the 90-day period prior to the filing of this report, an evaluation was carried out under the supervision and with the participation of the Company's management, including the Chief Executive Officer ("CEO") and the Chief Financial Officer ("CFO"), of the effectiveness of the Company's disclosure controls and procedures.

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Based on that evaluation, the CEO and CFO have concluded that the Company's disclosure controls and procedures are effective to ensure that information required to be disclosed by the Company in reports that it files or submits under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in Commission rules and forms. Subsequent to the date of their evaluation, there were no significant changes in the Company's internal controls, including any corrective actions with regard to significant deficiencies and material weaknesses.

17

Part II - OTHER INFORMATION

Item 6 - Exhibits and Reports on Form 8-K

(a) Exhibits

- 99.1 Certification of Albert W. Van Ness, Jr. Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as Adopted Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
- 99.2 Certification of Russell J. Reardon Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as Adopted Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.

(b) Reports on Form 8-K

The following current reports on Form 8-K were filed during the first quarter of 2003.

- o Report on Form 8-K filed on February 28, 2003 concerning the assignment of the Sureway Note receivable in exchange for a release on the CDL/Gold Note payable.
- o Report on Form 8-K filed on May 2, 2003 concerning the May 1, 2003 press release announcing 2002 fiscal year earnings.

18

SIGNATURE

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

Dated: May 20, 2003

CD&L, INC.

By: \s\ Russell J. Reardon

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Russell J. Reardon
Vice President and
Chief Financial Officer

19

CERTIFICATION

I, Albert W. Van Ness, Jr., certify that:

- (1) I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of CD&L, Inc.;
- (2) Based on my knowledge, this Quarterly Report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this Quarterly Report;
- (3) Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this Quarterly Report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this Quarterly Report;
- (4) The registrant's other certifying officers and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-14 and 15d-14) for the registrant, and have:
 - (a) designed such disclosure controls and procedures to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this Quarterly Report is being prepared;
 - (b) evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures as of a date within 90 days prior to the filing date of this Quarterly Report (the "Evaluation Date"); and
 - (c) presented in this Quarterly Report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures based on our evaluation as of the Evaluation Date;
- (5) The registrant's other certifying officers and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - (a) all significant deficiencies in the design or operation of internal controls which could adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial data and have identified for the registrant's auditors any material weaknesses in the internal controls; and
 - (b) any fraud, whether or not material, that involves

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management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal controls; and

- (6) The registrant's other certifying officers and I have indicated in this Quarterly Report whether or not there were significant changes in internal controls or in other factors that could significantly affect internal controls subsequent to the date of our most recent evaluation, including corrective actions with regard to significant deficiencies and material weaknesses.

Dated: May 20, 2003

\s\ Albert W. Van Ness, Jr.

Albert W. Van Ness, Jr.
Chief Executive Officer

20

CERTIFICATION

I, Russell J. Reardon, certify that:

- (1) I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of CD&L, Inc.;
- (2) Based on my knowledge, this Quarterly Report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this Quarterly Report;
- (3) Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this Quarterly Report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this Quarterly Report;
- (4) The registrant's other certifying officers and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-14 and 15d-14) for the registrant, and have:
- (a) designed such disclosure controls and procedures to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this Quarterly Report is being prepared;
- (b) evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures as of a date within 90 days prior to the filing date of this Quarterly Report (the "Evaluation Date"); and
- (c) presented in this Quarterly Report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures based on our evaluation as of the Evaluation Date;
- (5) The registrant's other certifying officers and I have disclosed, based

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on our most recent evaluation, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):

- (a) all significant deficiencies in the design or operation of internal controls which could adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial data and have identified for the registrant's auditors any material weaknesses in the internal controls; and
 - (b) any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal controls; and
- (6) The registrant's other certifying officers and I have indicated in this Quarterly Report whether or not there were significant changes in internal controls or in other factors that could significantly affect internal controls subsequent to the date of our most recent evaluation, including corrective actions with regard to significant deficiencies and material weaknesses.

Dated: May 20, 2003

\s\ Russell J. Reardon

Russell J. Reardon
Chief Financial Officer