

BARINGTON/HILCO ACQUISITION CORP.
Form 10-Q
November 10, 2015

UNITED STATES

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

**QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE
X ACT OF 1934**

For the quarterly period ended September 30, 2015

**.. TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT
OF 1934**

For the transition period from _____ to _____

Commission File Number: 001-36689

BARINGTON/HILCO ACQUISITION CORP.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware **47-1455824**
(State or other jurisdiction of (I.R.S. Employer

incorporation or organization) Identification Number)

888 Seventh Avenue, 17th Floor

10019

New York, NY

(Address of principal executive offices) (Zip Code)

Registrant's telephone number, including area code: **(212) 974-5710**

(Former name or former address, if changed since last report)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Website, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, or a non-accelerated filer or a smaller reporting company. See definitions of "large accelerated filer", "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one):

Large accelerated filer

Accelerated filer

Non-accelerated filer

Smaller reporting company

(Do not check if a smaller reporting company)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes No

As of November 9, 2015, there were 5,661,336 shares of the Company's common stock issued and outstanding.

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PART I - FINANCIAL INFORMATION**ITEM 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS****BARINGTON/HILCO ACQUISITION CORP.****Condensed Balance Sheets**

| | September 30, 2015 (Unaudited) | December 31, 2014 |
|---|--------------------------------------|----------------------|
| ASSETS | | |
| Current Assets | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ 343,000 | \$ 63,937 |
| Prepaid expenses | 79,689 | - |
| Total Current Assets | 422,689 | 63,937 |
| Cash and securities held in Trust Account | 43,645,054 | - |
| Deferred offering costs | - | 80,345 |
| TOTAL ASSETS | \$ 44,067,743 | \$ 144,282 |
| LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY | | |
| Current Liabilities | | |
| Accrued expenses | \$ 113,661 | \$ 966 |
| Promissory notes - related parties | - | 120,000 |
| Total Liabilities | 113,661 | 120,966 |
| Commitments and Contingencies | | |
| Common stock subject to possible redemption, 3,831,649 and 0 shares at redemption value as of September 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, respectively | 38,954,081 | - |
| Stockholders' Equity | | |
| Preferred stock, \$0.0001 par value; 1,000,000 authorized, none issued and outstanding | - | - |
| Common stock, \$0.0001 par value; 11,000,000 and 8,500,000 shares authorized; 1,829,687 and 1,150,000 shares issued and outstanding (excluding 3,831,649 and 0 shares subject to possible redemption) as of | 183 | 115 |

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September 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, respectively

| | | | | |
|---|----------------------|---|-------------------|---|
| Additional paid-in capital | 5,337,804 | | 24,885 | |
| Accumulated deficit | (337,986 |) | (1,684 |) |
| Total Stockholders' Equity | 5,000,001 | | 23,316 | |
| TOTAL LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY | \$ 44,067,743 | | \$ 144,282 | |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the condensed financial statements.

BARINGTON/HILCO ACQUISITION CORP.**Condensed Statements of Operations****(Unaudited)**

| | Three Months | Nine Months |
|--|----------------------|----------------------|
| | Ended | Ended |
| | September 30, | September 30, |
| | 2015 | 2015 |
| Operating costs | \$ 225,777 | \$ 338,587 |
| Loss from operations | (225,777) | (338,587) |
| Other income: | | |
| Interest income | 1,100 | 2,285 |
| Net Loss | \$ (224,677) | \$ (336,302) |
| Weighted average shares outstanding, basic and diluted | 1,807,490 | 1,812,529 |
| Basic and diluted net loss per common share | \$ (0.12) | \$ (0.19) |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the condensed financial statements.

BARINGTON/HILCO ACQUISITION CORP.**Condensed Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity****For the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2015****(Unaudited)**

| | Common Stock | | Additional Paid- | Accumulated | Total |
|---|--------------|--------|---------------------|-------------|--------------------------------|
| | Shares | Amount | in Capital | Deficit | Stockholders' Equity |
| Balance - January 1, 2015 | 1,150,000 | \$ 115 | \$ 24,885 | \$ (1,684 |) \$23,316 |
| Sale of 4,000,000 Units, net of underwriters discount and offering expenses | 4,000,000 | 400 | 38,473,799 | - | 38,474,199 |
| Sale of 295,000 Private Units | 295,000 | 30 | 2,949,970 | - | 2,950,000 |
| Unit Purchase Options issued to underwriters | - | - | 100 | - | 100 |
| Sale of 293,069 over-allotment Units to underwriters, net of underwriters discount and offering expenses | 293,069 | 29 | 2,842,740 | - | 2,842,769 |
| Forfeiture of 76,733 shares of common stock due to underwriters not exercising full over-allotment option | (76,733 |) (8 |) 8 | - | - |
| Common stock subject to redemption | (3,831,649) | (383 |) (38,953,698 |) - | (38,954,081 |
| Net loss | - | - | - | (336,302 |) (336,302 |
| Balance - September 30, 2015 | 1,829,687 | \$ 183 | \$ 5,337,804 | \$ (337,986 |) \$5,000,001 |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the condensed financial statements.

BARINGTON/HILCO ACQUISITION CORP.**Condensed Statement of Cash Flows****Nine Months Ended September 30, 2015****(Unaudited)**

| | |
|--|--------------|
| Cash Flows from Operating Activities: | |
| Net loss | \$(336,302) |
| Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash used in operating activities: | |
| Interest earned on Trust Account | (2,285) |
| Changes in operating assets and liabilities: | |
| Prepaid expenses | (79,689) |
| Accrued expenses | 112,695 |
| Accrued formation and offering costs | 80,345 |
| Net cash used in operating activities | (225,236) |
| Cash Flows from Investing Activities: | |
| Investment of cash and securities held in trust | (43,642,769) |
| Net cash used in investing activities | (43,642,769) |
| Cash Flows from Financing Activities: | |
| Proceeds from sale of Units, net of underwriting discounts paid | 38,800,000 |
| Proceeds from sale of Private Units | 2,950,000 |
| Proceeds from sale of over-allotment Units, net of underwriting discounts paid | 2,842,769 |
| Proceeds from sale of Unit Purchase Option | 100 |
| Payment of offering costs | (325,801) |
| Repayment of promissory notes - related parties | (120,000) |
| Net cash provided by financing activities | 44,147,068 |
| Net Change in Cash and Cash Equivalents | 279,063 |
| Cash and Cash Equivalents – Beginning | 63,937 |
| Cash and Cash Equivalents – Ending | \$343,000 |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the condensed financial statements.

BARINGTON/HILCO ACQUISITION CORP.

NOTES TO CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

(Unaudited)

NOTE 1. DESCRIPTION OF ORGANIZATION AND BUSINESS OPERATIONS

Barington/Hilco Acquisition Corp. (the “Company”) is a blank check company incorporated in Delaware on July 24, 2014. The Company was formed for the purpose of entering into a merger, share exchange, asset acquisition, stock purchase, recapitalization, reorganization or other similar business combination, with one or more businesses or entities (“Business Combination”).

At September 30, 2015, the Company had not yet commenced any operations. All activity through September 30, 2015 relates to the Company’s formation, its Initial Public Offering, which is described below, and identifying a target company for a Business Combination.

The registration statement for the Company’s initial public offering (“Initial Public Offering”) was declared effective on February 5, 2015. The Company consummated the Initial Public Offering of 4,000,000 units (“Units”) at \$10.00 per Unit on February 11, 2015, generating gross proceeds of \$40,000,000, which is described in Note 4.

Simultaneously with the closing of the Initial Public Offering, the Company consummated the sale of 295,000 Units (“Private Units”) at a price of \$10.00 per Unit in a private placement to the Company’s sponsors and EarlyBirdCapital, Inc (“EBC”), generating gross proceeds of \$2,950,000, which is described in Note 5.

Following the closing of the Initial Public Offering on February 11, 2015, an amount of \$40,800,000 (\$10.20 per Unit) from the net proceeds of the sale of the Units in the Initial Public Offering and the Private Units was placed in a trust account (“Trust Account”) and invested in U.S. government securities, within the meaning set forth in Section 2(a)(16) of the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended (the “1940 Act”), with a maturity of 180 days or less or in any open-ended investment company that holds itself out as a money market fund selected by the Company meeting the conditions of paragraphs (c)(2), (c)(3) and (c)(4) of Rule 2a-7 of the 1940 Act, as determined by the Company, until the earlier of: (i) the consummation of a Business Combination or (ii) the distribution of the Trust Account as described below.

On February 11, 2015, EBC notified the Company of its election to exercise its over-allotment option to the extent of 293,069 Units. The sale of the additional Units closed on February 18, 2015 at \$10.00 per Unit, generating gross proceeds of \$2,930,690. Following the closing of the over-allotment, an additional \$2,842,769 of net proceeds was placed in the Trust Account, resulting in \$43,642,769 (approximately \$10.17 per Unit) held in the Trust Account.

Transaction costs amounted to \$1,613,722, consisting of \$1,287,921 of underwriting fees and \$325,801 of Initial Public Offering costs. In addition, as of September 30, 2015, cash held outside of the Trust Account amounted to \$343,000.

The Company's management has broad discretion with respect to the specific application of the net proceeds of its Initial Public Offering and Private Units, although substantially all of the net proceeds are intended to be applied generally toward consummating a Business Combination. The Company's Units are listed on the Nasdaq Capital Market ("NASDAQ"). Pursuant to the NASDAQ listing rules, the Company's Business Combination must be with a target business or businesses whose collective fair market value is equal to at least 80% of the balance in the Trust Account at the time of the execution of a definitive agreement for such Business Combination. There is no assurance that the Company will be able to successfully effect a Business Combination.

The Company, after signing a definitive agreement for the acquisition of one or more target businesses or assets, may seek stockholder approval of a Business Combination at a meeting called for such purpose at which stockholders may seek to convert their shares, regardless of whether they vote for or against a Business Combination. In the event that the Company is required to seek stockholder approval in connection with a Business Combination, the Company will proceed with a Business Combination only if the Company has net tangible assets of at least \$5,000,001 upon such consummation and a majority of the outstanding shares that are voted are voted in favor of the Business Combination. In connection with such a vote, the Company will provide its stockholders with the opportunity to convert their shares of common stock upon the consummation of a Business Combination for a pro-rata portion of the amount then in the Trust Account (initially approximately \$10.17 per share if the Company has not elected to extend the time available to complete a Business Combination, plus any pro rata interest earned on the funds held in the Trust Account and not previously released to the Company or necessary to pay its taxes). The Company's sponsors, officers and directors have agreed, in the event the Company is required to seek stockholder approval of its Business Combination, to vote their insider shares (as defined in Note 6), shares underlying the Private Units and any public shares held, in favor of approving a Business Combination.

BARINGTON/HILCO ACQUISITION CORP.

NOTES TO CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

(Unaudited)

The Company has until 18 months from the closing of the Initial Public Offering to complete a Business Combination. However, if the Company anticipates that it may not be able to consummate a Business Combination within 18 months, the Company may extend the period of time to consummate a Business Combination up to two times, each by an additional three months (for a total of up to 24 months to complete a Business Combination) (“Combination Period”). In order to extend the time available for the Company to consummate a Business Combination, the initial stockholders or their affiliates or designees must deposit into the Trust Account \$100,000 prior to the applicable deadline for each three month extension. The Company’s initial stockholders and their affiliates or designees are not obligated to fund the Trust Account to extend the time for the Company to complete its Business Combination. If the Company is unable to complete a Business Combination within the Combination Period, the Company will (i) cease all operations except for the purposes of winding up of its affairs; (ii) as promptly as reasonably possible but not more than ten business days thereafter, redeem 100% of the outstanding public shares which redemption will completely extinguish such holders’ rights as stockholders, including the right to receive further liquidation distributions, if any; and (iii) as promptly as possible following such redemption, subject to the approval of the Company’s remaining holders of Common Stock and the Company’s board of directors, dissolve and liquidate the balance of its net assets to its remaining stockholders, as part of the Company’s plan of dissolution and liquidation. The Company will pay the costs of any subsequent liquidation from its remaining assets outside of the Trust Account. If such funds are insufficient, certain of the Company’s sponsors have agreed to pay the funds necessary to complete such liquidation (in an amount not to exceed \$15,000) and have agreed not to seek repayment for such expenses.

In connection with the redemption of 100% of the Company’s outstanding public shares for a portion of the funds held in the Trust Account, each holder will receive a full pro rata portion of the amount then in the Trust Account, plus any pro rata interest earned on the funds held in the Trust Account and not previously released to the Company for its working capital requirements or necessary to pay the Company’s taxes payable. Holders of rights and warrants will receive no proceeds in connection with the liquidation with respect to such rights and warrants, which will expire worthless.

NOTE 2. LIQUIDITY

The Company does not believe it will need to raise additional funds in order to meet its expenditures required for the next twelve months. However, if management’s estimates of the costs of identifying a target business, undertaking in-depth due diligence and negotiating a Business Combination are less than the actual amounts necessary to do so,

the Company may have insufficient funds available to operate its business prior to a Business Combination. Moreover, the Company may need to obtain additional financing either to complete a Business Combination or because it becomes obligated to redeem a significant number of its public shares upon completion of a Business Combination, in which case the Company may issue additional securities or incur debt in connection with such Business Combination. Subject to compliance with applicable securities laws, the Company would only complete such financing simultaneously with the completion of a Business Combination. If the Company is unable to complete a Business Combination because it does not have sufficient funds available to it, the Company will be forced to cease operations and liquidate the Trust Account. In addition, following a Business Combination, if cash on hand is insufficient, the Company may need to obtain additional financing in order to meet its obligations.

NOTE 3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of presentation

The accompanying unaudited condensed financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (“GAAP”) for interim financial information and in accordance with the instructions to Form 10-Q and Article 10 of Regulation S-X of the Securities and Exchange Commission (“SEC”). Certain information or footnote disclosures normally included in financial statements prepared in accordance with GAAP have been condensed or omitted, pursuant to the rules and regulations of the SEC for interim financial reporting. Accordingly, they do not include all the information and footnotes necessary for a comprehensive presentation of financial position, results of operations, or cash flows. In the opinion of management, the accompanying unaudited condensed financial statements include all adjustments, consisting of a normal recurring nature, which are necessary for a fair presentation of the financial position, operating results and cash flows for the periods presented.

The accompanying unaudited condensed financial statements should be read in conjunction with the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the period from July 24, 2014 (inception) through December 31, 2014 as filed with the SEC, which contains the audited financial statements and notes thereto. The financial information as of December 31, 2014 is derived from the audited financial statements presented in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the period from July 24, 2014 (inception) through December 31, 2014. The interim results for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015 are not necessarily indicative of the results to be expected for the year ending December 31, 2015 or for any future interim periods.

BARINGTON/HILCO ACQUISITION CORP.

NOTES TO CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

(Unaudited)

The Company had no activity for the period from July 24, 2015 (inception) through September 30, 2014. Accordingly, the condensed statement of operations and condensed statement of cash flow for the period from July 24, 2015 (inception) through September 30, 2014 are not presented.

Emerging growth company

The Company is an “emerging growth company,” as defined in Section 2(a) of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, (the “Securities Act”), as modified by the Jumpstart our Business Startups Act of 2012, (the “JOBS Act”), and it may take advantage of certain exemptions from various reporting requirements that are applicable to other public companies that are not emerging growth companies including, but not limited to, not being required to comply with the auditor attestation requirements of Section 404 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act, reduced disclosure obligations regarding executive compensation in our periodic reports and proxy statements, and exemptions from the requirements of holding a nonbinding advisory vote on executive compensation and stockholder approval of any golden parachute payments not previously approved.

Further, section 102(b)(1) of the JOBS Act exempts emerging growth companies from being required to comply with new or revised financial accounting standards until private companies (that is, those that have not had a Securities Act registration statement declared effective or do not have a class of securities registered under the Exchange Act) are required to comply with the new or revised financial accounting standards. The JOBS Act provides that a company can elect to opt out of the extended transition period and comply with the requirements that apply to non-emerging growth companies but any such election to opt out is irrevocable. The Company has elected not to opt out of such extended transition period which means that when a standard is issued or revised and it has different application dates for public or private companies, the Company, as an emerging growth company, can adopt the new or revised standard at the time private companies adopt the new or revised standard. This may make comparison of the Company’s financial statements with another public company which is neither an emerging growth company nor an emerging growth company which has opted out of using the extended transition period difficult or impossible because of the potential differences in accountant standards used.

Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period.

Making estimates requires management to exercise significant judgment. It is at least reasonably possible that the estimate of the effect of a condition, situation or set of circumstances that existed at the date of the financial statements, which management considered in formulating its estimate, could change in the near term due to one or more future events. Accordingly, the actual results could differ significantly from those estimates.

Cash and cash equivalents

The Company considers all short-term investments with an original maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents. The Company did not have any cash equivalents as of September 30, 2015.

Cash and securities held in Trust Account

At September 30, 2015, the assets held in the Trust Account were held in cash and U.S. Treasury Bills.

Common stock subject to redemption

The Company accounts for its common stock subject to possible redemption in accordance with the guidance in Accounting Standards Codification (“ASC”) Topic 480 “Distinguishing Liabilities from Equity.” Common stock subject to mandatory redemption (if any) is classified as a liability instrument and is measured at fair value. Conditionally redeemable common stock (including common stock that features redemption rights that are either within the control of the holder or subject to redemption upon the occurrence of uncertain events not solely within the Company’s control) is classified as temporary equity. At all other times, common stock is classified as stockholders’ equity. The Company’s common stock features certain redemption rights that are considered to be outside of the Company’s control and subject to occurrence of uncertain future events. Accordingly, at September 30, 2015, the common stock subject to possible redemption in the amount of \$38,954,081 (or 3,831,649 shares) is presented as temporary equity, outside of the stockholders’ equity section of the Company’s balance sheet.

BARINGTON/HILCO ACQUISITION CORP.

NOTES TO CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

(Unaudited)

Offering costs

Offering costs consist principally of legal, accounting and underwriting costs incurred through the balance sheet date that are directly related to the Initial Public Offering. Offering costs amounting to \$1,613,722 were charged to stockholder's equity upon completion of the Initial Public Offering.

Net loss per share

The Company complies with accounting and disclosure requirements of ASC Topic 260, "Earnings Per Share." Net loss per share is computed by dividing net loss by the weighted average number of shares of common stock outstanding during the period. At September 30, 2015, the Company did not have any dilutive securities and other contracts that could, potentially, be exercised or converted into common stock and then share in the earnings of the Company. The Company has not considered the effect of warrants to purchase shares of common stock and rights that convert into shares of common stock in the calculation of diluted loss per share, since the exercise of the warrants and the conversion of the rights into shares of common stock is contingent upon the occurrence of future events. As a result, diluted loss per share is the same as basic loss per share for the periods presented.

Income taxes

The Company complies with the accounting and reporting requirements of ASC Topic 740, "Income Taxes," which requires an asset and liability approach to financial accounting and reporting for income taxes. Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are computed for differences between the financial statement and tax bases of assets and liabilities that will result in future taxable or deductible amounts, based on enacted tax laws and rates applicable to the periods in which the differences are expected to affect taxable income. Valuation allowances are established, when necessary, to reduce deferred tax assets to the amount expected to be realized.

ASC Topic 740 prescribes a recognition threshold and a measurement attribute for the financial statement recognition and measurement of tax positions taken or expected to be taken in a tax return. For those benefits to be recognized, a tax position must be more-likely-than-not to be sustained upon examination by taxing authorities. There were no unrecognized tax benefits as of September 30, 2015. The Company is currently not aware of any issues under review that could result in significant payments, accruals or material deviation from its position over the next twelve months.

The Company may be subject to potential income tax examinations by federal or state authorities. These potential examinations may include questioning the timing and amount of deductions, the nexus of income among various tax jurisdictions and compliance with federal and state tax laws.

The Company's policy for recording interest and penalties associated with audits is to record such expense as a component of income tax expense. There were no amounts accrued for penalties or interest as of September 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014.

Concentration of credit risk

Financial instruments that potentially subject the Company to concentration of credit risk consist of cash accounts in a financial institution which, at times may exceed the Federal depository insurance coverage of \$250,000. At September 30, 2015, the Company had not experienced losses on these accounts and management believes the Company is not exposed to significant risks on such accounts.

Fair value of financial instruments

The fair value of the Company's assets and liabilities, which qualify as financial instruments under ASC Topic 820, "Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures," approximates the carrying amounts represented in the accompanying condensed balance sheets, primarily due to their short-term nature.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

Management does not believe that any recently issued, but not yet effective, accounting standards, if currently adopted, would have a material effect on the Company's condensed financial statements.

BARINGTON/HILCO ACQUISITION CORP.

NOTES TO CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

(Unaudited)

NOTE 4. INITIAL PUBLIC OFFERING

On February 11, 2015, the Company sold 4,000,000 Units at a purchase price of \$10.00 per Unit in the Initial Public Offering. Each Unit consists of one share of the Company's common stock, \$0.0001 par value ("Common Stock"), one right ("Public Right") and one redeemable common stock purchase warrant ("Public Warrant"). Each Public Right will convert into one-tenth (1/10) of one share of Common Stock upon the consummation of a Business Combination (see Note 8). Each Public Warrant entitles the holder to purchase one-half share of Common Stock at an exercise price of \$12.50 per whole share (see Note 8).

NOTE 5. PRIVATE PLACEMENT

Simultaneously with the Initial Public Offering, the Company's sponsors and EBC purchased 295,000 Private Units (285,000 Units by the Company's sponsors and 10,000 Units by EBC) at a price of \$10.00 per Unit (\$2,950,000 in the aggregate) from the Company in a private placement. The proceeds from the Private Units were added to the net proceeds from the Initial Public Offering held in the Trust Account. The Private Units are identical to the Units sold in the Initial Public Offering, except for the private warrants ("Private Warrants"), as described in Note 8. In addition, the holders of the common stock underlying the Private Units have agreed (a) to vote such shares in favor of a Business Combination, (b) not to propose, or vote in favor of, an amendment to the Company's amended and restated certificate of incorporation with respect to the Company's pre-Business Combination activities prior to the consummation of such Business Combination, unless the Company provides dissenting stockholders with the opportunity to convert such shares in connection with any such vote, (c) not to convert such shares into the right to receive cash from the Trust Account in connection with a stockholder vote to approve the Company's proposed Business Combination or a vote to amend the provisions of the Company's amended and restated certificate of incorporation relating to stockholders' rights or pre-Business Combination activity and (d) that such shares shall not participate in any liquidating distribution upon winding up if a Business Combination is not consummated. Additionally, the holders have agreed not to transfer, assign or sell any of the Private Units or underlying securities (except to certain permitted transferees and provided the transferees agree to the same terms and restrictions as the permitted transferees of the insider shares must agree to) until the completion of the Business Combination. If the Company does not complete a Business Combination, the Private Warrants and the Private Rights will expire worthless.

NOTE 6. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Insider Shares

In September and October 2014, the Company issued 1,150,000 shares of Common Stock to its sponsors (the “insider shares”) for an aggregate purchase price of \$25,000. The 1,150,000 insider shares included an aggregate of up to 150,000 shares subject to forfeiture to the extent that the underwriters’ over-allotment was not exercised in full or in part, so that the Company’s sponsors would collectively own 20% of the Company’s issued and outstanding shares after the Initial Public Offering (excluding the shares underlying the Private Units). As a result of the underwriters’ election to exercise their over-allotment option to purchase 293,069 Units on February 11, 2015 (see Note 7), 73,267 insider shares were no longer subject to forfeiture. The underwriters elected not to exercise the remaining portion of the over-allotment option; accordingly, 76,733 insider shares were forfeited.

Administrative Services Agreement

The Company entered into an Administrative Services Agreement pursuant to which the Company pays Barington Capital Group, L. P., an affiliate of James A. Mitarotonda, the Company’s Chairman of the Board, a total of \$7,500 per month for office space, utilities and administrative support commencing on February 11, 2015. Upon the completion of a Business Combination or the Company’s liquidation, the Company will cease paying these monthly fees. The Company paid \$22,500 and \$52,500 in fees during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015, respectively.

Promissory Notes

The Company entered into promissory notes with affiliates of certain of its sponsors, whereby the affiliates, Barington Capital Group, L.P. and Hilco Global, loaned the Company an aggregate of \$120,000 (“Promissory Notes”) to be used for the payment of expenses related to the Initial Public Offering. The Promissory Notes were non-interest bearing, unsecured and due on the earlier of (i) September 29, 2015, (ii) the date on which the Company consummated its Initial Public Offering or (iii) the date on which the Company determined to not proceed with the Initial Public Offering. The Promissory Notes were repaid on February 12, 2015.

In order to meet the Company’s working capital needs following the consummation of the Initial Public Offering, the Company’s sponsors, officers and directors or their affiliates may, but are not obligated to, loan the Company funds, from time to time or at any time, in whatever amount they deem reasonable in their sole discretion. Each loan would be evidenced by a promissory note. The notes either would be paid upon consummation of the Business Combination, without interest, or, at the lender’s discretion, up to \$500,000 of the notes may be converted upon consummation of a Business Combination into additional Private Units at a price of \$10.00 per Unit.

BARINGTON/HILCO ACQUISITION CORP.

NOTES TO CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

(Unaudited)

NOTE 7. COMMITMENTS & CONTINGENCIES

Registration Rights

Pursuant to a registration rights agreement entered into on February 5, 2015, the holders of the insider shares, as well as the holders of the Private Units (and underlying securities) and any shares the Company's sponsors, officers, directors or their affiliates may be issued in payment of working capital loans made to the Company, are entitled to registration rights. The holders of a majority of these securities are entitled to make up to two demands that the Company register such securities. Notwithstanding the foregoing, EBC may only exercise such demand rights on one occasion. The holders of a majority of the insider shares can elect to exercise these registration rights at any time commencing three months prior to the date on which these shares of Common Stock are to be released from escrow. The holders of a majority of the Private Units or shares issued in payment of working capital loans made to the Company can elect to exercise these registration rights at any time after the Company consummates a Business Combination. In addition, the holders have certain "piggy-back" registration rights with respect to the registration statements filed subsequent to the consummation of a Business Combination. The Company will bear the expenses incurred in connection with the filing of any such registration statements.

Underwriting Agreement

The Company granted the underwriters a 45-day option to purchase up to 600,000 additional Units to cover over-allotments, if any, at the Initial Public Offering price. On February 11, 2015, the Company received notice of the underwriter's election to exercise their over-allotment option to purchase 293,069 Units at a purchase price of \$10.00 per Unit. The remaining 306,931 Units expired unexercised by the underwriters.

The underwriters were entitled to an underwriting discount of 3.0%, or \$1,287,921, which was paid in cash at the closing of the Initial Public Offering on February 11, 2015 and upon the exercise of the underwriter's over-allotment option.

Business Combination Marketing Agreement

The Company has engaged EBC as an advisor in connection with its Business Combination to assist the Company in holding meetings with its stockholders to discuss the potential Business Combination and the target business' attributes, introduce the Company to potential investors that are interested in purchasing the Company's securities, assist the Company in obtaining stockholder approval for the Business Combination and assist the Company with its press releases and public filings in connection with the Business Combination. The Company will pay EBC a cash fee for such services upon consummation of the Business Combination in an amount equal to 4% of the total gross proceeds raised in the Initial Public Offering (exclusive of any applicable finders' fee which might become payable) and the Company has the option to pay up to 25% of the 4% fee with shares of the Company's Common Stock priced at \$10.00 per share.

Unit Purchase Option

On February 11, 2015, the Company sold EBC, for \$100, an option to purchase up to a total of 200,000 Units exercisable at \$11.00 per Unit (or an aggregate exercise price of \$2,200,000) commencing on the later of the consummation of a Business Combination and February 5, 2016. The unit purchase option may be exercised for cash or on a cashless basis, at the holder's option, and expires on February 5, 2020. The Units issuable upon exercise of this option are identical to those sold in the Initial Public Offering. The Company accounted for the unit purchase option, inclusive of the receipt of \$100 cash payment, as an expense of the Initial Public Offering resulting in a charge directly to stockholders' equity. The Company estimates that the fair value of this unit purchase option is approximately \$593,023 (or \$2.97 per Unit) using a Black-Scholes option-pricing model. The fair value of the unit purchase option granted to the underwriter is estimated as of the date of grant using the following assumptions: (1) expected volatility of 35%, (2) risk-free interest rate of 1.54% and (3) expected life of five years.

NOTE 8. STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

Preferred Stock - The Company is authorized to issue 1,000,000 shares of preferred stock with a par value of \$0.0001 per share in one or more series. The Company's board of directors will be authorized to fix the voting rights, if any, designations, powers, preferences, the relative, participating, optional or other special rights and any qualifications, limitations and restrictions thereof, applicable to the shares of each series. At September 30, 2015, there are no shares of preferred stock issued or outstanding.

BARINGTON/HILCO ACQUISITION CORP.

NOTES TO CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

(Unaudited)

Common Stock - On January 28, 2015, the Company filed an Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation increasing the number of authorized shares of Common Stock from 8,500,000 shares to 11,000,000 shares. The Company's Common Stock has a par value of \$0.0001 per share. Holders of the Company's Common Stock are entitled to one vote for each common share. At September 30, 2015, there were 1,829,687 shares of Common Stock issued and outstanding (excluding 3,831,649 shares of Common Stock subject to possible redemption).

As of March 6, 2015, holders of the Company's Units were able to separately trade the Common Stock, rights and warrants included in the Units. Those Units not separated continue to trade on NASDAQ under the symbol "BHACU" and each of the underlying shares of Common Stock, rights and warrants trade on NASDAQ under the symbols "BHAC," "BHACR" and "BHACW", respectively.

Rights - Each holder of a right will receive one-tenth (1/10) of one share of Common Stock upon consummation of a Business Combination, even if the holder of such right converted all shares of Common Stock held by him, her or it in connection with the Business Combination or an amendment to the Company's amended and restated certificate of incorporation with respect to the Company's pre-Business Combination activities. No additional consideration will be required to be paid by a holder of rights in order to receive his, her or its additional shares of Common Stock upon consummation of a Business Combination as the consideration related thereto has been included in the unit purchase price paid for by investors in the Initial Public Offering. The number of shares of common stock issuable upon the conversion of the rights may be adjusted in certain circumstances including in the event of a stock dividend, or recapitalization, reorganization, merger or consolidation. Additionally, in no event will the Company be required to net cash settle the rights. Accordingly, the rights may expire worthless.

Warrants - Public Warrants may only be exercised for a whole number of shares of Common Stock. No fractional shares will be issued upon exercise of the Public Warrants. The Public Warrants will become exercisable on the later of (a) the consummation of a Business Combination and (b) 12 months from the effective date of the registration statement relating to the Initial Public Offering. No Public Warrants will be exercisable for cash unless the Company has an effective and current registration statement covering the Common Stock issuable upon exercise of the Public Warrants and a current prospectus relating to such shares of Common Stock. Notwithstanding the foregoing, if a registration statement covering the shares of Common Stock issuable upon the exercise of the Public Warrants is not effective within 90 days from the consummation of the Business Combination, the holders may, until such time as there is an effective registration statement and during any period when the Company shall have failed to maintain an

effective registration statement, exercise the Public Warrants on a cashless basis pursuant to an available exemption from registration under the Securities Act. If an exemption from registration is not available, holders will not be able to exercise their Public Warrants on a cashless basis. The Public Warrants will expire three years after the consummation of a Business Combination or earlier upon redemption or liquidation.

The Private Warrants are identical to the Public Warrants underlying the Units sold in the Initial Public Offering, except the Private Warrants are exercisable for cash (even if a registration statement covering the Common Stock issuable upon exercise of such Private Warrants is not effective) or on a cashless basis, at the holder's option, and are not redeemable by the Company, in each case so long as they are still held by the initial stockholders or their permitted transferees.

The Company may call the warrants for redemption (excluding the Private Warrants but including any outstanding warrants issued upon exercise of the unit purchase option issued to EBC), in whole and not in part, at a price of \$.01 per warrant:

at any time while the Public Warrants are exercisable,
upon not less than 30 days' prior written notice of redemption to each Public Warrant holder,
if, and only if, the reported last sale price of the Common Stock equals or exceeds \$17.50 per share, for any 20 trading days within a 30 trading day period ending on the third business day prior to the notice of redemption to Public Warrant holders, and
if, and only if, there is a current registration statement in effect with respect to the shares of Common Stock underlying such warrants at the time of redemption and for the entire 30-day trading period referred to above and continuing each day thereafter until the date of redemption.

If the Company calls the Public Warrants for redemption, management will have the option to require all holders that wish to exercise the Public Warrants to do so on a "cashless basis."

The exercise price and number of shares of common stock issuable upon exercise of the warrants may be adjusted in certain circumstances including in the event of a stock dividend, or recapitalization, reorganization, merger or consolidation. However, the warrants will not be adjusted for issuances of Common Stock at a price below its exercise price. Additionally, in no event will the Company be required to net cash settle the warrants. Accordingly, the warrants may expire worthless.

BARINGTON/HILCO ACQUISITION CORP.

NOTES TO CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

(Unaudited)

NOTE 9. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

The Company follows the guidance in ASC 820 for its financial assets and liabilities that are re-measured and reported at fair value at each reporting period, and non-financial assets and liabilities that are re-measured and reported at fair value at least annually.

The fair value of the Company's financial assets and liabilities reflects management's estimate of amounts that the Company would have received in connection with the sale of the assets or paid in connection with the transfer of the liabilities in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. In connection with measuring the fair value of its assets and liabilities, the Company seeks to maximize the use of observable inputs (market data obtained from independent sources) and to minimize the use of unobservable inputs (internal assumptions about how market participants would price assets and liabilities). The following fair value hierarchy is used to classify assets and liabilities based on the observable inputs and unobservable inputs used in order to value the assets and liabilities:

- Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities. An active market for an asset or liability is a Level 1: market in which transactions for the asset or liability occur with sufficient frequency and volume to provide pricing information on an ongoing basis.
- Observable inputs other than Level 1 inputs. Examples of Level 2 inputs include quoted prices in active Level 2: markets for similar assets or liabilities and quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in markets that are not active.
- Unobservable inputs based on our assessment of the assumptions that market participants would use in Level 3: pricing the asset or liability.

The following table presents information about the Company's assets that are measured at fair value on a recurring basis at September 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, and indicates the fair value hierarchy of the valuation inputs the Company utilized to determine such fair value:

| Description | Level | September 30, | December 31, |
|---|-------|---------------|--------------|
| | | 2015 | 2014 |
| Assets: | | | |
| Cash and securities held in Trust Account | 1 | \$ 43,645,054 | \$ - |

NOTE 10. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The Company evaluated subsequent events and transactions that occurred after the balance sheet date up to the date that the financial statements were issued for potential recognition or disclosure. Any material events that occurred between the balance sheet date and the date that the financial statements were issued are disclosed as subsequent events, while the financial statements are adjusted to reflect any conditions that existed at the balance sheet date. Based upon this review, the Company did not identify any recognized or non-recognized subsequent events that would have required adjustment or disclosure in the financial statements.

ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

References in this report to “we,” “us” or the “Company” refer to Barington/Hilco Acquisition Corp. References to our “management” or our “management team” refer to our officers and directors, and references to the “Sponsor” refer to holders of our insider shares. The following discussion and analysis of the Company’s financial condition and results of operations should be read in conjunction with the financial statements and the notes thereto contained elsewhere in this report. Certain information contained in the discussion and analysis set forth below includes forward-looking statements that involve risks and uncertainties.

Special Note Regarding Forward-Looking Statements

This Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q includes “forward-looking statements” within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933 and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 that are not historical facts, and involve risks and uncertainties that could cause actual results to differ materially from those expected and projected. All statements other than statements of historical fact included in this Form 10-Q including, without limitation, statements in this “Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations” regarding the Company’s financial position, business strategy and the plans and objectives of management for future operations, are forward-looking statements. Words such as “expect,” “believe,” “anticipate,” “intend,” “estimate,” “seek” and variations and similar words and expressions are intended to identify such forward-looking statements. Such forward-looking statements relate to future events or future performance, but reflect management’s current beliefs, based on information currently available. A number of factors could cause actual events, performance or results to differ materially from the events, performance and results discussed in the forward-looking statements. For information identifying important factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from those anticipated in the forward-looking statements, please refer to the Risk Factors section of the Company’s registration statement and prospectus for its Initial Public Offering filed with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission (the “SEC”). The Company’s securities filings can be accessed on the EDGAR section of the SEC’s website at www.sec.gov. Except as expressly required by applicable securities law, the Company disclaims any intention or obligation to update or revise any forward-looking statements whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise.

Overview

We were formed on July 24, 2014 for the purpose of entering into a merger, share exchange, asset acquisition, stock purchase, recapitalization, reorganization or other similar business combination with one or more target businesses. We intend to utilize cash derived from the proceeds of our Initial Public Offering and the private placement of the Private Units, our securities, debt or a combination of cash, securities and debt, in effecting a Business Combination. The issuance of additional shares of Common Stock or preferred stock in a Business Combination:

- may significantly dilute the equity interest of existing stockholders;
- may subordinate the rights of holders of common stock if preferred stock is issued with rights senior to those afforded our common stock;
- could cause a change of control if a substantial number of shares of our common stock are issued, which may affect, among other things, our ability to use our net operating loss carry forwards, if any, and could result in the resignation or removal of our present officers and directors;
- may have the effect of delaying or preventing a change of control of us by diluting the stock ownership or voting rights of a person seeking to obtain control of us; and
- may adversely affect prevailing market prices for our common stock, rights and/or warrants.

Similarly, if we issue debt securities, it could result in:

- default and foreclosure on our assets if our cash flows after an initial business combination are insufficient to repay our debt obligations;
- acceleration of our obligations to repay the indebtedness even if we make all principal and interest payments when due if we breach certain covenants that require the maintenance of certain financial ratios or reserves without a waiver or renegotiation of such covenants;
- our immediate repayment of all principal and accrued interest, if any, if the debt security is payable on demand;
- our inability to obtain necessary additional financing if the debt security contains covenants restricting our ability to obtain such financing while the debt security is outstanding;

We expect to continue to incur significant costs in the pursuit of our acquisition plans. We cannot assure you that our plans to raise capital or to complete a Business Combination will be successful.

Results of Operations

We have neither engaged in any operations nor generated any revenues to date. All activity from inception to September 30, 2015 relates to our formation, our Initial Public Offering and private placement and the identification and evaluation of prospective candidates for a Business Combination. Since the completion of our Initial Public Offering, we have not generated any operating revenues and will not generate such revenues until after the completion of our Business Combination. We generate non-operating income in the form of interest income on cash and securities held, which we expect to be insignificant in view of the low yields on short-term government securities. We expect to incur increased expenses as a result of being a public company (for legal, financial reporting, accounting and auditing compliance), as well as for due diligence expenses.

For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015, we had a net loss of \$224,677 and \$336,302, respectively, mainly consisting of operating costs and target identification expenses.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

On February 11, 2015, we consummated our Initial Public Offering of 4,000,000 units at a price of \$10.00 per unit, generating gross proceeds of \$40,000,000. Simultaneously with the closing of our Initial Public Offering, we consummated the private sale of an aggregate of 295,000 Units at a price of \$10.00 per unit, generating gross proceeds of \$2,950,000. Following the closing of our Initial Public Offering, our underwriters elected to exercise their over-allotment option to the extent of 293,069 Units at a price of \$10.00 per Unit, generating gross proceeds of \$2,930,690. We received net proceeds from our Initial Public Offering, sale of the Private Units and sale of the over-allotment Units of \$44,266,968, net of \$1,287,921 cash paid for underwriting fees and \$325,801 cash paid for offering costs. An aggregate of \$43,642,769 was placed into a Trust Account, while the remaining funds of \$624,199 were placed in an account outside of the Trust Account for working capital purposes.

As of September 30, 2015, we had cash and securities held in the Trust Account of \$43,645,054 (including \$2,285 of cash and accrued income) consisting of cash and U.S. treasury bills with a maturity of 180 days or less. Interest income on the balance in the Trust Account may be available to us for working capital purposes and to pay taxes. Through September 30, 2015, we did not withdraw any funds from the interest earned on the Trust Account.

As of September 30, 2015, we had cash of \$343,000 held outside the Trust Account, which is available for use by us to cover the costs associated with identifying a target business and negotiating a business combination and other general corporate uses. In addition, as of September 30, 2015, we had accounts payable and accrued expenses of \$113,661.

For the nine months ended September 30, 2015, cash used in operating activities amounted to \$225,236, mainly resulting from a net loss of \$336,302 and changes in our operating assets and liabilities of \$113,351.

We intend to use substantially all of the funds held in the Trust Account (less amounts used for working capital purposes and to pay taxes) to complete our Business Combination. We estimate our annual franchise tax obligations, based on the number of shares of our Common Stock authorized and outstanding after the completion of the Initial Public Offering, to be approximately \$32,900. Our annual income tax obligations will depend on the amount of interest income earned in the Trust Account. We do not expect the interest earned on the amount in the Trust Account will be sufficient to pay all of our tax obligations. To the extent that our capital stock or debt is used, in whole or in part, as consideration to complete our Business Combination, the remaining proceeds held in the Trust Account will be used as working capital to finance the operations of the target business or businesses, make other acquisitions and pursue our growth strategies.

We intend to use the funds held outside the Trust Account primarily to identify and evaluate target businesses, perform business due diligence on prospective target businesses, travel to and from the offices, plants or similar locations of prospective target businesses or their representatives or owners, structure, negotiate and complete a Business Combination, and to pay taxes to the extent the interest earned on the Trust Account is not sufficient to pay our taxes.

In order to fund working capital deficiencies or finance transaction costs in connection with an intended Business Combination, our sponsors, officers and directors or their affiliates may, but are not obligated to, loan us funds, from time to time or at any time, in whatever amount they deem reasonable in their sole discretion. Each loan would be evidenced by a promissory note. The notes would be paid upon consummation of a Business Combination, without interest, or, at the lender's discretion, up to \$500,000 of the notes may be converted upon consummation of a Business Combination into additional Private Units at a price of \$10.00 per Unit.

We do not believe we will need to raise additional funds in order to meet the expenditures required for the next twelve months. However, if our estimates of the costs of identifying a target business, undertaking in-depth due diligence and negotiating a Business Combination are less than the actual amounts necessary to do so, we may have insufficient funds available to operate our business prior to our Business Combination. Moreover, we may need to obtain additional financing either to complete our Business Combination or because we become obligated to redeem a significant number of our public shares upon completion of our Business Combination, in which case we may issue additional securities or incur debt in connection with such Business Combination. Subject to compliance with applicable securities laws, we would only complete such financing simultaneously with the completion of our Business Combination. If we are unable to complete a Business Combination because we do not have sufficient funds available to us, we will be forced to cease operations and liquidate the Trust Account. In addition, following our Business Combination, if cash on hand is insufficient, we may need to obtain additional financing in order to meet our obligations.

Off-balance sheet financing arrangements

We have no obligations, assets or liabilities which would be considered off-balance sheet arrangements. We have not entered into any off-balance sheet financing arrangements, established any special purpose entities, guaranteed any debt or commitments of other entities, or purchased any non-financial assets.

Contractual obligations

We do not have any long-term debt, capital lease obligations, operating lease obligations or long-term liabilities other than an agreement to pay Barington Capital Group, L.P., an affiliate of our Chairman, a monthly fee of \$7,500 for office space, utilities and administrative support provided to us. We began incurring these fees on February 11, 2015 and will continue to incur these fees monthly until the earlier of the completion of the Business Combination or the Company's liquidation.

Significant Accounting Policies

The preparation of financial statements and related disclosures in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and income and expenses during the periods reported. Actual results could materially differ from those estimates. We have identified the following significant accounting policy:

Common stock subject to possible redemption

We account for our common stock subject to possible conversion in accordance with the guidance in Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") Topic 480 "Distinguishing Liabilities from Equity." Common stock subject to mandatory redemption (if any) is classified as a liability instrument and is measured at fair value. Conditionally redeemable common stock (including common stock that features redemption rights that are either within the control of the holder or subject to redemption upon the occurrence of uncertain events not solely within our control) is classified as temporary equity. At all other times, common stock is classified as stockholders' equity. Our common stock features certain redemption rights that are considered to be outside of our control and subject to occurrence of uncertain future events. Accordingly, at September 30, 2015, the common stock subject to possible redemption in the amount of \$38,954,081 (or 3,831,649 shares) is presented as temporary equity, outside of the stockholders' equity section of our

balance sheet.

Recent accounting pronouncements

Management does not believe that any recently issued, but not yet effective, accounting standards, if currently adopted, would have a material effect on the Company's condensed financial statements.

ITEM 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

The net proceeds of our Initial Public Offering, the sale of the Private Units and the sale of the over-allotment units held in the Trust Account are invested in U.S. government treasury bills with a maturity of 180 days or less or in money market funds meeting certain conditions under Rule 2a-7 under the Investment Company Act which invest only in direct U.S. government treasury obligations. Due to the short-term nature of these investments, we believe there will be no associated material exposure to interest rate risk.

ITEM 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

Disclosure controls and procedures are controls and other procedures that are designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed in our reports filed or submitted under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act") is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the SEC's rules and forms. Disclosure controls and procedures include, without limitation, controls and procedures designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed in company reports filed or submitted under the Exchange Act is accumulated and communicated to management, including our Chief Executive Officer, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

As required by Rules 13a-15 and 15d-15 under the Exchange Act, our Chief Executive Officer carried out an evaluation of the effectiveness of the design and operation of our disclosure controls and procedures as of September 30, 2015. Based upon his evaluation, our Chief Executive Officer concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rules 13a-15 (e) and 15d-15 (e) under the Exchange Act) were effective.

During the most recently completed fiscal quarter, there has been no change in our internal control over financial reporting that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

PART II - OTHER INFORMATION

ITEM 1. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

None.

ITEM 1A. RISK FACTORS

Factors that could cause our actual results to differ materially from those in this report are any of the risks described in our registration statement and prospectus for our Initial Public Offering filed with the SEC. Any of these factors could result in a significant or material adverse effect on our results of operations or financial condition. Additional risk factors not presently known to us or that we currently deem immaterial may also impair our business or results of operations. As of the date of this Report, there have been no material changes to the risk factors disclosed in registration statement and prospectus filed with the SEC, except we may disclose changes to such factors or disclose additional factors from time to time in our future filings with the SEC.

ITEM 2. UNREGISTERED SALES OF EQUITY SECURITIES AND USE OF PROCEEDS

None.

ITEM 3. DEFAULTS UPON SENIOR SECURITIES

None.

ITEM 4. MINE SAFETY DISCLOSURES

Not applicable.

ITEM 5. OTHER INFORMATION

None.

ITEM 6. EXHIBITS

The following exhibits are filed as part of, or incorporated by reference into, this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q.

| Exhibit Number | Description |
|---------------------------|---|
| 31* | Certification of the Chief Executive Officer required by Rule 13a-14(a) or Rule 15d-14(a). |
| 32* | Certification of the Chief Executive Officer required by Rule 13a-14(b) or Rule 15d-14(b) and 18 U.S.C. 1350. |
| 101.INS* | XBRL Instance Document |
| 101.SCH* | XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema |
| 101.CAL* | XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase |
| 101.DEF* | XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase |
| 101.LAB* | XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase |
| 101.PRE* | XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase |

*Filed herewith.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

BARINGTON/HILCO ACQUISITION CORP.

Date: November 10, 2015 /s/ Cory Lipoff

Name: Cory Lipoff

Title: Chief Executive Officer

(Principal Executive Officer and

Principal Financial and Accounting Officer)