PROSPECT CAPITAL CORP

Form 497
June 06, 2016
Prospect Capital Corporation
Prospect Capital InterNotes®
5.500% Senior Notes due 2021 (the "Notes")

Filed under Rule 497, Registration Statement No. 333-206661

Pricing Supplement No. 427 — Dated Monday, June 6, 2016

(To: Prospectus Dated November 3, 2015, and Prospectus Supplement Dated May 13, 2016)

CUSIP ISIN Principal Selling Gross Net CouponCouponCoupon Maturity 1st C Number Number Amount Price Concession Proceeds Type Rate Frequency Date Date

74348YTR2US74348YTR26\$1,142,000.00100.000%1.250% \$1,127,725.00Fixed 5.500% Semi-Annual6/15/202112/15

Redemption Information: Callable at 100.000% on 6/15/2017 and every coupon date thereafter.

Trade Date: Monday, June 6, 2016 @ 12:00 PM ET

Settle Date: Thursday, June 9, 2016

Minimum Denomination/Increments: \$1,000.00/\$1,000.00 Initial trades settle flat and clear SDFS: DTC Book Entry only

The Notes will be issued pursuant to the Indenture, dated as of February 16, 2012, as amended and supplemented by that certain Four Hundred Twenty-Seventh Supplemental Indenture dated as of June 9, 2016.

The date from which interest shall accrue on the Notes is Thursday, June 9, 2016. The "Interest Payment Dates" for the Notes shall be June 15 and December 15 of each year, commencing December 15, 2016; the interest payable on any Interest Payment Date, will be paid to the Person in whose name the Notes (or one or more predecessor Notes) is registered at the close of business on the Regular Record Date (as defined in the Indenture) for such interest, which shall be March 1 or September 1, as the case may be, next preceding such Interest Payment Date.

The Notes will be redeemable in whole or in part at any time or from time to time, at the option of Prospect Capital Corporation, on or after June 15, 2017 at a redemption price of \$1,000 per Notes plus accrued and unpaid interest payments otherwise payable for the then-current semi-annual interest period accrued to, but excluding, the date fixed for redemption and upon not less than 30 days nor more that 60 days prior notice to the noteholder and the trustee, as described in the prospectus.

Prospect Capital Corporation is a financial services company that lends to and invests in middle market, privately-held companies. We are organized as an externally-managed, non-diversified closed-end management investment company that has elected to be treated as a business development company under the Investment Company Act of 1940. Prospect Capital Management L.P. manages our investments and Prospect Administration LLC provides the administrative services necessary for us to operate.

This pricing supplement relates only to the securities described in the accompanying prospectus supplement and prospectus, is only a summary of changes and should be read together with the accompanying prospectus supplement and prospectus, including among other things the section entitled "Risk Factors" beginning on page S-7 of such prospectus supplement and page 10 of such prospectus. This pricing supplement and the accompanying prospectus supplement and prospectus contain important information you should know before investing in our securities. Please read it before you invest and keep it for future reference. We file annual, quarterly and current reports, proxy statements and other information about us with the Securities and Exchange Commission, or the "SEC." This information is available free of charge by contacting us at 10 East 40th Street, 42nd Floor, New York, NY 10016 or by telephone at (212) 448-0702. The SEC maintains a website at www.sec.gov where such information is available without charge upon written or oral request. Our internet website address is www.prospectstreet.com. Information contained on our website is not incorporated by reference into this prospectus supplement or the accompanying prospectus and you should not consider information contained on our website to be part of this prospectus supplement or the accompanying prospectus.

Neither the SEC nor any state securities commission has approved or disapproved of these securities or passed on the adequacy or accuracy of this pricing supplement. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense. Obligations of Prospect Capital Corporation and any subsidiary of Prospect Capital Corporation are not guaranteed by the full faith and credit of the United States of America. Neither Prospect Capital Corporation nor any subsidiary of Prospect Capital Corporation is a government-sponsored enterprise or an instrumentality of the United States of America. InterNotes® is a registered trademark of Incapital Holdings LLC.

Recent Developments:

On May 18, 2016 and May 20, 2016 we made a \$26.2 million follow-on first lien senior secured debt investment in Empire Today, LLC.

On May 27, 2016, we made one follow-on investment in National Property REIT Corp. ("NPRC") totaling \$18.2 million to support the online consumer lending initiative. We invested \$2.7 million of equity through NPH Property Holdings, LLC and \$15.5 million of debt to ACL Loan Holdings, Inc., a wholly-owned subsidiary of NPRC.

During the period from May 26, 2016 through June 6, 2016, we issued \$3.0 million in aggregate principal amount of our Prospect Capital InterNotes® for net proceeds of \$2.9 million.

On May 31, 2016, we sold our investment in Harbortouch Payments, LLC ("Harbortouch"). We expect to receive \$328.0 million in proceeds and fees from the sale (including escrowed amounts), and we have reinvested \$27.5 million in senior secured second-lien debt into Harbortouch.

Legal Matters:

In the opinion of Joseph Ferraro, General Counsel of Prospect Administration, administrator for Prospect Capital Corporation, a Maryland corporation (the "Company"), the certificates evidencing the Notes (the "Note Certificates") constitute the valid and binding obligations of the Company, entitled to the benefits of the Indenture and enforceable against the Company in accordance with their terms under the laws of the State of New York subject to applicable bankruptcy, insolvency and similar laws affecting creditors' rights generally, concepts of reasonableness and equitable principles of general applicability (including, without limitation, concepts of good faith, fair dealing and the lack of bad faith), provided that such counsel expresses no opinion as to the effect of fraudulent conveyance, fraudulent transfer or similar provision of applicable law on the conclusions expressed above. This opinion is given as of the date hereof and is limited to the law of the State of New York as in effect on the date hereof. In addition, this opinion is subject to the same assumptions and qualifications stated in the letter of Skadden, Arps, Slate, Meagher & Flom, LLP dated March 8, 2012, filed as Exhibit (1)(5) to the Company's registration statement on Form N-2 (File No. 333-176637) and to the further assumptions that (i) the Note Certificates have been duly authorized by all requisite corporate action on the part of the Company and duly executed by the Company under Maryland law, and (ii) they were duly authenticated by the Trustee and issued and delivered by the Company against payment therefor in accordance with the terms of the Fifth Amended and Restated Selling Agent Agreement and the Indenture. Capitalized terms used in this paragraph without definition have the meanings ascribed to them in the accompanying prospectus supplement.

Prospect Capital Corporation 10 East 40th Street, 42nd Floor New York, New York 10016

In the opinion of Venable LLP, as Maryland counsel to the Company, (i) the execution and delivery by the Company of the Indenture, dated as of February 16, 2012, as amended and as supplemented through the Four Hundred Twenty-Seventh Supplemental Indenture, between the Company and U.S Bank National Association, and the global notes representing the Notes issued pursuant to such Supplemental Indenture, and the performance by the Company of its obligations thereunder, have been duly authorized by the Company and (ii) the issuance of the Notes has been duly authorized by the Company. This opinion is given to the Company as of June 6, 2016 and is limited to the laws of the State of Maryland as in effect on June 6, 2016. In addition, this opinion is subject to the same assumptions, qualifications and limitations stated in the opinion letter to the Company of Venable LLP, dated March 8, 2012, filed as Exhibit (1)(4) to the Company's Registration Statement on Form N-2 (File No. 333-176637). Capitalized terms used in this paragraph without definition have the meanings ascribed to them in the accompanying prospectus supplement. Very truly yours,

/s/ Venable LLP

Filed pursuant to Rule 497 File No. 333-206661

PROSPECTUS SUPPLEMENT

(To Prospectus dated November 3, 2015)

Prospect Capital Corporation

Prospect Capital InterNotes®

We may offer to sell our Prospect Capital InterNotes[®] from time to time. The specific terms of the notes will be set prior to the time of sale and described in a pricing supplement. You should read this prospectus supplement, the accompanying prospectus and the applicable pricing supplement carefully before you invest. We may offer other debt securities from time to time other than the notes under our Registration Statement or in private placements. We may offer the notes to or through agents for resale. The applicable pricing supplement will specify the purchase price, agent discounts and net proceeds of any particular offering of notes. The agents are not required to sell any specific amount of notes but will use their reasonable best efforts to sell the notes. We also may offer the notes directly. We have not set a date for termination of our offering.

The agents have advised us that from time to time they may purchase and sell notes in the secondary market, but they are not obligated to make a market in the notes and may suspend or completely stop that activity at any time. Unless otherwise specified in the applicable pricing supplement, we do not intend to list the notes on any stock exchange. Investing in the notes involves certain risks, including those described in the "Risk Factors" section beginning on page S-7 of this prospectus supplement and page 10 of the accompanying prospectus.

This prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus contain important information you should know before investing in our securities. Please read it before you invest and keep it for future reference. We file annual, quarterly and current reports, proxy statements and other information about us with the Securities and Exchange Commission, or the "SEC." This information is available free of charge by contacting us at 10 East 40Street, 42nd Floor, New York, NY 10016 or by telephone at (212) 448-0702. The SEC maintains a website at www.sec.gov where such information is available without charge upon written or oral request. Our internet website address is www.prospectstreet.com. Information contained on our website is not incorporated by reference into this prospectus supplement or the accompanying prospectus and you should not consider information contained on our website to be part of this prospectus supplement or the accompanying prospectus.

Neither the SEC nor any state securities commission has approved or disapproved of these securities or passed on the adequacy or accuracy of this prospectus supplement. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense. Obligations of Prospect Capital Corporation and any subsidiary of Prospect Capital Corporation are not guaranteed by the full faith and credit of the United States of America. Neither Prospect Capital Corporation nor any subsidiary of Prospect Capital Corporation is a government-sponsored enterprise or an instrumentality of the United States of America.

We may sell the notes to or through one or more agents or dealers, including the agents listed below.

Incapital LLC BofA Merrill Lynch Citigroup RBC Capital Markets Prospectus Supplement dated May 13, 2016.

®InterNotes is a registered trademark of Incapital Holdings LLC

FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

This prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus may contain forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, or the "Exchange Act," which involve substantial risks and uncertainties. Forward-looking statements predict or describe our future operations, business plans, business and investment strategies and portfolio management and the performance of our investments and our investment management business. These forward-looking statements are not historical facts, but rather are based on current expectations, estimates and projections about our industry, our beliefs, and our assumptions. Words such as "intends," "intended," "goal," "estimate," "expects," "expects," "expected," "projected," "proje "seeks," "anticipates," "anticipated," "should," "could," "may," "will," "designed to," "foreseeable future," "believe," "believe," "scheduled" and variations of these words and similar expressions are intended to identify forward-looking statements. Our actual results or outcomes may differ materially from those anticipated. Readers are cautioned not to place undue reliance on these forward looking statements, which speak only as of the date the statement was made. We undertake no obligation to publicly update or revise any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise. These statements are not guarantees of future performance and are subject to risks, uncertainties, and other factors, some of which are beyond our control and difficult to predict and could cause actual results to differ materially from those expressed or forecasted in the forward-looking statements, including without limitation:

our future operating results,

our business prospects and the prospects of our portfolio companies,

the impact of investments that we expect to make,

our contractual arrangements and relationships with third parties,

the dependence of our future success on the general economy and its impact on the industries in which we invest, the ability of our portfolio companies to achieve their objectives,

difficulty in obtaining financing or raising capital, especially in the current credit and equity environment, the level and volatility of prevailing interest rates and credit spreads, magnified by the current turmoil in the credit markets,

adverse developments in the availability of desirable loan and investment opportunities whether they are due to competition, regulation or otherwise,

a compression of the yield on our investments and the cost of our liabilities, as well as the level of leverage available

our regulatory structure and tax treatment, including our ability to operate as a business development company and a regulated investment company,

the adequacy of our cash resources and working capital,

the timing of cash flows, if any, from the operations of our portfolio companies,

the ability of our investment adviser to locate suitable investments for us and to monitor and administer our investments,

authoritative generally accepted accounting principles or policy changes from such standard-setting bodies as the Financial Accounting Standards Board, the SEC, Internal Revenue Service, the NASDAQ Global Select Market, and other authorities that we are subject to, as well as their counterparts in any foreign jurisdictions where we might do business, and

the risks, uncertainties and other factors we identify in "Risk Factors" and elsewhere in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus and in our filings with the SEC.

Although we believe that the assumptions on which these forward-looking statements are based are reasonable, any of those assumptions could prove to be inaccurate, and as a result, the forward-looking statements based on those assumptions also could be inaccurate. Important assumptions include our ability to originate new loans and investments, ability to obtain certain margins and levels of profitability and the availability of additional capital. In light of these and other uncertainties, the inclusion of a projection or forward-looking statement in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus, respectively, should not be regarded as a representation by us that our plans and objectives will be achieved. These risks and uncertainties include those described or identified in "Risk Factors" and elsewhere in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus, respectively. You should not

place undue reliance on these forward-looking statements, which apply

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only as of the date of this prospectus supplement or the accompanying prospectus, as applicable. These forward-looking statements do not meet the safe harbor for forward-looking statements pursuant to Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, or the "Securities Act."

You should rely only on the information contained in this prospectus supplement, including any pricing supplement included hereto, and the accompanying prospectus. We have not, and the agent(s) or dealer(s) has not, authorized any other person to provide you with information that is different from that contained in this prospectus supplement, including any pricing supplement included hereto, or the accompanying prospectus. If anyone provides you with different or inconsistent information, you should not rely on it. We are not, and the agents are not, making an offer of these securities in any jurisdiction where the offer is not permitted. You should assume that the information appearing in this prospectus supplement, including any pricing supplement included hereto, and the accompanying prospectus is accurate only as of their respective dates and we assume no obligation to update any such information. Our business, financial condition and results of operations may have changed since those dates. Although we undertake no obligation to revise or update any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise, you are advised to consult any additional disclosures that we may make directly to you or through reports that we have filed with the SEC, including annual reports on Form 10-K, quarterly reports on Form 10-Q and current reports on Form 8-K.

This prospectus supplement, including any pricing supplement included hereto, supersedes the accompanying prospectus to the extent it contains information that is different from or in addition to the information in that prospectus.

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PROSPECTUS SUMMARY

This section summarizes the legal and financial terms of the notes that are described in more detail in "Description of Notes" beginning on page S-11. Final terms of any particular notes will be determined at the time of sale and will be contained in the pricing supplement, which will be included with this prospectus supplement, relating to those notes. The terms in that pricing supplement may vary from and supersede the terms contained in this summary and in "Description of Notes." In addition, you should read the more detailed information appearing elsewhere in this prospectus supplement, the accompanying prospectus and in that pricing supplement.

The terms "we," "us," "our" and "Company" refer to Prospect Capital Corporation; "Prospect Capital Management," "Investm Adviser" and "PCM" refer to Prospect Capital Management L.P., formerly Prospect Capital Management LLC; and "Prospect Administration" and the "Administrator" refer to Prospect Administration LLC.

The Company

Prospect Capital Corporation is a financial services company that primarily lends to and invests in middle market privately-held companies. We are a closed-end investment company incorporated in Maryland. We have elected to be regulated as a business development company ("BDC") under the Investment Company Act of 1940 (the "1940 Act"). As a BDC, we have elected to be treated as a regulated investment company ("RIC") under Subchapter M of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (the "Code"). We were organized on April 13, 2004 and were funded in an initial public offering completed on July 27, 2004. We are one of the largest BDCs with approximately \$6.2 billion of total assets as of March 31, 2016.

We are externally managed by our investment adviser, Prospect Capital Management. Prospect Administration provides administrative services and facilities necessary for us to operate.

On May 15, 2007, we formed a wholly-owned subsidiary Prospect Capital Funding LLC ("PCF"), a Delaware limited liability company and a bankruptcy remote special purpose entity, which holds certain of our portfolio loan investments that are used as collateral for the revolving credit facility at PCF. Our wholly-owned subsidiary Prospect Small Business Lending, LLC ("PSBL") was formed on January 27, 2014 and purchases small business whole loans on a recurring basis from online small business loan originators, including On Deck Capital, Inc. ("OnDeck"). On September 30, 2014, we formed a wholly-owned subsidiary Prospect Yield Corporation, LLC ("PYC") and effective October 23, 2014, PYC holds our investments in collateralized loan obligations ("CLOs"). Each of these subsidiaries have been consolidated since operations commenced.

We currently have nine origination strategies in which we make investments: (1) lending in private equity sponsored transactions, (2) lending directly to companies not owned by private equity firms, (3) control investments in corporate operating companies, (4) control investments in financial companies, (5) investments in structured credit, (6) real estate investments, (7) investments in syndicated debt, (8) aircraft leasing and (9) online lending. We continue to evaluate other origination strategies in the ordinary course of business with no specific tops-down allocation to any single origination strategy.

Lending in Private Equity Sponsored Transactions – We make loans to companies which are controlled by leading private equity firms. This debt can take the form of first lien, second lien, unitranche or unsecured loans. In making these investments, we look for a diversified customer base, recurring demand for the product or service, barriers to entry, strong historical cash flow and experienced management teams. These loans typically have significant equity subordinate to our loan position. Historically, this strategy has comprised approximately 50%-60% of our business, but more recently it is less than 50% of our business.

Lending Directly to Companies – We provide debt financing to companies owned by non-private equity firms, the company founder, a management team or a family. Here, in addition to the strengths we look for in a sponsored transaction, we also look for the alignment with the management team with significant invested capital. This strategy often has less competition than the private equity sponsor strategy because such company financing needs are not easily addressed by banks and often require more diligence preparation. Direct lending can result in higher returns and lower leverage than sponsor transactions and may include warrants or equity to us. Historically, this strategy has comprised approximately 5%-15% of our business, but more recently it is less than 5% of our business. Control Investments in Corporate Operating Companies – This strategy involves acquiring controlling stakes in

control Investments in Corporate Operating Companies – This strategy involves acquiring controlling stakes in non-financial operating companies. Our investments in these companies are generally structured as a combination of yield-producing debt and equity. We provide enhanced certainty of closure to our counterparties, give the seller

personal liquidity and generally look for management to continue on in their current roles. This strategy has comprised approximately 10%-15% of our business.

Control Investments in Financial Companies – This strategy involves acquiring controlling stakes in financial companies, including consumer direct lending, sub-prime auto lending and other strategies. Our investments in these companies are generally structured as a combination of yield-producing debt and equity. These investments are often structured in a tax-efficient RIC-compliant partnership, enhancing returns. This strategy has comprised approximately 5%-15% of our business.

Investments in Structured Credit – We make investments in CLOs, generally taking a significant position in the subordinated interests (equity) of the CLOs. The CLOs include a diversified portfolio of broadly syndicated loans and do not have direct exposure to real estate, mortgages, debt or consumer based debt. The CLOs in which we invest are managed by top-tier collateral managers that have been thoroughly diligenced prior to investment. This strategy has comprised approximately 10%-20% of our business.

Real Estate Investments – We make investments in real estate through our three wholly-owned tax-efficient real estate investment trusts ("REITs"), American Property REIT Corp. ("APRC"), National Property REIT Corp. ("NPRC") and United Property REIT Corp. ("UPRC" and collectively with APRC and NPRC, "our REITs"). Our real estate investments are in various classes of fully developed and occupied real estate properties that generate current yields. We seek to identify properties that have historically high occupancy and steady cash flow generation. Our REITs co-invest with established and experienced property managers that manage such properties after acquisition. This investment strategy has comprised approximately 5%-10% of our business.

Investments in Syndicated Debt – On an opportunistic basis, we make investments in loans and high yield bonds that have been sold to a syndicate of buyers. Here we look for investments with attractive risk-adjusted returns after we have completed a fundamental credit analysis. These investments are purchased with a long term, buy-and-hold outlook and we look to provide significant structuring input by providing anchoring orders. This strategy has comprised approximately 5%-10% of our business.

Aircraft Leasing – We invest debt as well as equity in aircraft assets subject to commercial leases to credit-worthy airlines across the globe. These investments present attractive return opportunities due to cash flow consistency from long-lived assets coupled with hard asset collateral. We seek to deliver risk-adjusted returns with strong downside protection by analyzing relative value characteristics across the spectrum of aircraft types of all vintages. Our target portfolio includes both in-production and out-of-production jet and turboprop aircraft and engines, operated by airlines across the globe. This strategy comprised approximately 1% of our business in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015 and approximately 1% as of March 31, 2016.

Online Lending – We make investments in loans originated by certain consumer loan and small and medium sized business ("SME") aggregators. We purchase each loan in its entirety (i.e., a "whole loan"). The borrowers are consumers and SMEs. The loans are typically serviced by the aggregators of the loans. This strategy comprised approximately 5% of our business in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015 and approximately 5% as of March 31, 2016.

We invest primarily in first and second lien secured loans and unsecured debt, which in some cases includes an equity component. First and second lien secured loans generally are senior debt instruments that rank ahead of unsecured debt of a given portfolio company. These loans also have the benefit of security interests on the assets of the portfolio company, which may rank ahead of or be junior to other security interests. Our investments in CLOs are subordinated to senior loans and are generally unsecured. We invest in debt and equity positions of CLOs which are a form of securitization in which the cash flows of a portfolio of loans are pooled and passed on to different classes of owners in various tranches. Our CLO investments are derived from portfolios of corporate debt securities which are generally risk rated from BB to B.

We hold many of our control investments in a two-tier structure consisting of a holding company and one or more related operating companies for tax purposes. These holding companies serve various business purposes including concentration of management teams, optimization of third party borrowing costs, improvement of supplier, customer, and insurance terms, and enhancement of co-investments by the management teams. In these cases, our investment in the holding company, generally as equity, its equity investment in the operating company and along with any debt from us directly to the operating company structure represents our total exposure for the investment. As of March 31, 2016, as shown in our Consolidated Schedule of Investments, each of the cost basis and fair value of our investments in controlled companies was approximately \$2.0 billion. This structure gives rise to several of the risks described in our public documents and highlighted elsewhere in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus. On

July 1, 2014, we began consolidating all wholly-owned and substantially wholly-owned holding companies formed by us for the purpose of holding our controlled investments in operating companies. There were no significant effects of consolidating these holding companies as they hold minimal assets other than their investments in the controlled operating companies. Investment company accounting prohibits the consolidation of any operating companies.

As of March 31, 2016, we had investments in 125 portfolio companies. The aggregate fair value as of March 31, 2016 of investments in these portfolio companies held on that date is approximately \$6.0 billion. Our portfolio across all our performing interest-bearing investments had an annualized current yield of 13.4% as of March 31, 2016. Recent Developments

Investment Transactions

During the period from April 1, 2016 through May 10, 2016, we made four follow-on investments in NPRC totaling \$39.5 million to support our online consumer lending initiative. We invested \$5.9 million of equity through NPH Property Holdings, LLC ("NPH") and \$33.6 million of debt directly to ACL Loan Holdings, Inc. ("ACL"), a wholly-owned subsidiary of NPRC. In addition, during this period, we received a partial repayment of \$11.8 million ACL loan previously outstanding.

On April 6, 2016, we received partial repayments from APRC of \$3.0 million for our loans previously outstanding. On April 6, 2016, we received partial repayments from UPRC of \$7.6 million for our loans previously outstanding. On April 11, 2016, we announced the then current conversion rate on the 2020 Notes as 80.6670 shares of common stock per \$1 principal amount of the 2020 Notes converted, which is equivalent to a conversion price of approximately \$12.40.

On April 16, 2016, we announced the then current conversion rate on the 2017 Notes as 87.7516 shares of common stock per \$1 principal amount of the 2017 Notes converted, which is equivalent to a conversion price of approximately \$11.40.

On April 29, 2016, we invested an additional \$25.0 million of Senior Secured Term Loan A and an additional \$25.0 million of Senior Secured Term Loan B debt investments in Trinity Services Group, Inc. ("Trinity").

On April 29, 2016, through our delayed draw term loan commitment with Instant Web, LLC, we funded \$8.0 million of Senior Secured Term Loan A and \$8.0 million of Senior Secured Term Loan B.

During the period from May 3, 2016 through May 10, 2016, we collectively sold 72.10% of the outstanding principal balance of the Senior Secured Term Loan A investment in Trinity for \$25.0 million. There was no gain or loss realized on the sale.

During the period from April 1, 2016 through May 10, 2016, our wholly-owned subsidiary PSBL purchased \$5.6 million of small business whole loans from OnDeck.

During the period from April 1, 2016 through May 12, 2016, we issued \$5.4 million aggregate principal amount of Prospect Capital InterNotes® for net proceeds of \$5.3 million.

Dividends

On May 9, 2016, we announced the declaration of monthly dividends in the following amounts and with the following dates:

\$0.08333 per share for May 2016 to holders of record on May 31, 2016 with a payment date of June 23, 2016; \$0.08333 per share for June 2016 to holders of record on June 30, 2016 with a payment date of July 21, 2016; \$0.08333 per share for July 2016 to holders of record on July 29, 2016 with a payment date of August 18, 2016; and \$0.08333 per share for August 2016 to holders of record on August 31, 2016 with a payment date of September 22, 2016.

The Offering

Issuer Prospect Capital Corporation

Purchasing

Agent

Incapital LLC

Agents

Citigroup Global Markets Inc., Merrill Lynch, Pierce, Fenner & Smith Incorporated and RBC Capital Markets, LLC. From time to time, we may sell the notes to or through additional agents.

Title of Notes

Prospect Capital InterNotes®

Amount

We may issue notes from time to time in various offerings up to \$1.5 billion, the aggregate principal amount authorized by our board of directors for notes. As of May 12, 2016, \$1.0 billion aggregate principal amount of notes has been issued. We have, from time to time, repurchased certain notes and, therefore, as of May 12, 2016, \$903.0 million aggregate principal amount of notes were outstanding. There are no limitations on our ability to issue additional indebtedness in the form of Prospect Capital InterNotes® or otherwise other than under the 1940 Act and the marginally more restrictive 175% asset coverage requirement under our credit facility.

Denominations

The notes will be issued and sold in denominations of \$1,000 and multiples of \$1,000 (unless otherwise stated in the pricing supplement).

Status

The notes will be our direct unsecured senior obligations and will rank equally in right of payment with all of our other unsecured senior indebtedness from time to time outstanding.

Maturities

Each note will mature 12 months or more from its date of original issuance.

Interest

Notes may be issued with a fixed or floating interest rate; a floating interest rate note will be based on the London Interbank Offered Rate ("LIBOR").

Interest on each fixed or floating interest rate note will be payable either monthly, quarterly, semi-annually or annually on each interest payment date and on the stated maturity date. Interest also will be paid on the date of redemption or repayment if a note is redeemed or repaid prior to its stated maturity in accordance with its terms.

Interest on the notes will be computed on the basis of a 360-day year of twelve 30-day months, often referred to as the 30/360 (ISDA) day count convention.

Principal

The principal amount of each note will be payable on its stated maturity date at the corporate trust office of the paying agent or at any other place we may designate.

Redemption and Repayment

Unless otherwise stated in the applicable pricing supplement, a note will not be redeemable at our option or be repayable at the option of the holder prior to its stated maturity date. The notes will not be subject to any sinking fund.

Survivor's Option

Specific notes may contain a provision permitting the optional repayment of those notes prior to stated maturity, if requested by the authorized representative of the beneficial owner of those notes, following the death of the beneficial owner of the notes, so long as the notes were owned by the beneficial owner or his or her estate at least six months prior to the request. This feature is referred to as a "Survivor's Option." Your notes will not be repaid in this manner unless the pricing supplement for your notes provides for the Survivor's Option. If the pricing supplement for your notes provides for the Survivor's Option, your right to exercise the Survivor's Option will be subject to limits set by us on (1) the permitted dollar amount of total exercises by all holders of notes in any calendar year, and

(2) the permitted dollar amount of an individual exercise by a holder of a note in any calendar year. Additional details on the Survivor's Option are described in the section entitled "Description of Notes—Survivor's Option."

Sale and Clearance

We will sell notes in the United States only. Notes will be issued in book-entry only form and will clear through The Depository Trust Company. We do not intend to issue notes in certificated form.

Trustee

The trustee for the notes is U.S. Bank National Association, under an indenture dated as of February 16, 2012, as amended and as supplemented from time to time.

The agents and dealers comprising the selling group are broker-dealers and securities firms. Each of the Purchasing Agent, Merrill Lynch, Pierce, Fenner & Smith Incorporated, Citigroup Global Markets Inc. and RBC Capital Markets, LLC entered into a Fifth Amended and Restated Selling Agent Agreement with us dated November 6, 2015 (as amended, the "Selling Agent Agreement"). Additional agents appointed by us from time to time in connection with the offering of the notes contemplated by this prospectus supplement will become parties to the Selling Agent Agreement. Dealers who are members of the selling group have executed a Master Selected Dealer Agreement with the Purchasing Agent. The agents and the dealers have agreed to market and sell the notes in accordance with the terms of those respective agreements and all other applicable laws and regulations. You may contact the Purchasing Agent at info@incapital.com for a list of selling group members.

SELECTED CONDENSED FINANCIAL DATA

You should read the condensed consolidated financial information below with the Consolidated Financial Statements and notes thereto included in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus. Financial information below for the years ended June 30, 2015, 2014, 2013, 2012 and 2011 has been derived from the financial statements that were audited by our independent registered public accounting firm. The selected consolidated financial data at and for the three and nine month periods ended March 31, 2016 and 2015 has been derived from unaudited financial data. Interim results for the three and nine month periods ended March 31, 2016 are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the year ending June 30, 2016. Certain reclassifications have been made to the prior period financial information to conform to the current period presentation. See "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" starting on page S-20 for more information.

	For the Th Months Er March 31,		For the Ni Months Endarch 31,	d	For the Year Ended June 30,										
	2016		2015 except data	rel	2016		2015 per share a	and i	2015 number of p	ortf	2014 olio compar	nies	2013		2012
Performance Data:	(III tilousui	IGS	except data	. 101	ading to she		, per share c		number of p	orti	ono compai	nes	,		
Interest income	\$178,992		\$184,993		\$556,798		\$557,947		\$748,974		\$613,741		\$435,455		\$219
Dividend income	8,301		1,371		25,062		5,607		7,663		26,837		82,705		64,8
Other income Total	2,200		4,986		17,075		28,700		34,447		71,713		58,176		36,4
investment income	189,493		191,350		598,935		592,254		791,084		712,291		576,336		320,
Interest and credit facility expenses Investment	(41,719)	(42,213)	(125,881)	(127,371)	(170,660)	(130,103)	(76,341)	(38,5
advisory expense	(52,883)	(55,539)	(165,652)	(169,185)	(225,277)	(198,296)	(151,031)	(82,5
Other expenses Total expenses	(7,265 (101,867)	(6,157 (103,909)	(27,641 (319,174)	(22,469 (319,025)	(32,400 (428,337)	(26,669 (355,068)	(24,040 (251,412)	(13,1 (134
Net investment income	87,626		87,441		279,761		273,229		362,747		357,223		324,924		186,
Realized and unrealized (losses) gains	(12,118)	(5,949)	(271,556)	(21,659)	(16,408)	(38,203)	(104,068)	4,22
Net (decrease) increase in net assets from operations Per Share Data:	\$75,508		\$81,492		\$8,205		\$251,570		\$346,339		\$319,020		\$220,856		\$190
Net increase in net assets from operations(1) Distributions	\$0.21		\$0.23		\$0.02		\$0.71		\$0.98		\$1.06		\$1.07		\$1.6
declared per	\$(0.25)	\$(0.28)	\$(0.75)	\$(0.94)	\$(1.19)	\$(1.32)	\$(1.28)	\$(1.2
share Average weighted	355,779,08	88	358,449,30	04	355,994,9	27	351,922,2	17	353,648,5	22	300,283,9	41	207,069,9	71	114,

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shares outstanding for the period Assets and Liabilities															
Data: Investments Other assets Total assets Amount drawn	\$6,005,105 241,223 6,246,328	5	\$6,602,771 152,375 6,755,146		\$6,005,105 241,223 6,246,328	5	\$6,602,771 152,375 6,755,146	I	\$6,609,55 188,496 6,798,054	8	\$6,253,73 223,530 6,477,269		\$4,172,852 275,365 4,448,217	2	\$2,0 161, 2,25
on credit facility	_		317,700		_		317,700		368,700		92,000		124,000		96,0
Convertible notes	1,089,000		1,239,500		1,089,000		1,239,500		1,239,500		1,247,500		847,500		447,
Public notes InterNotes® Amount owed to Prospect	708,242 898,535		648,045 778,718		708,242 898,535		648,045 778,718		548,094 827,442		647,881 785,670		347,725 363,777		100, 20,6
Administration and Prospect Capital Management	56,920		3,935		56,920		3,935		6,788		2,211		6,690		8,57
Other liabilities Total liabilities Net assets Investment Activity Data: No. of portfolio	2,823,912 \$3,422,416	Ó	72,660 3,060,558 \$3,694,588	3	71,215 2,823,912 \$3,422,416	6	72,660 3,060,558 \$3,694,588	3	104,481 3,095,005 \$3,703,04	9	83,825 2,859,087 \$3,618,18	2	102,031 1,791,723 \$2,656,494	1	70,5 743, \$1,5
companies at	125		132		125		132		131		142		124		85
period end Acquisitions Sales,	\$23,176		\$219,111		\$685,064		\$1,456,071	l	\$2,088,98	8	\$2,952,35	6	\$3,103,217	7	\$1,1
repayments, and other disposals	\$163,641		\$108,124		955,415		1,022,394		\$1,633,07	3	\$786,969		\$931,534		\$500
Total return based on market value(2)	8.25	%	5.97	%	9.62	%	(11.98)%	(20.8)%	10.9	%	6.2	%	27.2
Total return based on net asset value(2) Weighted	3.50	%	3.09	%	3.58	%	8.00	%	11.5	%	11.0	%	10.9	%	18.0
average annualized yield at end of period(3)	13.4	%	12.4	%	13.4	%	12.4	%	12.7	%	12.1	%	13.6	%	13.9

⁽¹⁾ Per share data is based on average weighted shares for the period.

⁽²⁾ Total return based on market value is based on the change in market price per share between the opening and ending market prices per share in each period and assumes that dividends are reinvested in accordance with our dividend reinvestment plan. Total return based on net asset value is based upon the change in net asset value per

share between the opening and ending net asset values per share in each period and assumes that dividends are reinvested in accordance with our dividend reinvestment plan. For periods less than a year, the return is not annualized.

(3) Excludes equity investments and non-performing loans.

RISK FACTORS

Your investment in the notes will involve certain risks. This prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus do not describe all of those risks.

You should, in consultation with your own financial and legal advisors, carefully consider the following discussion of risks before deciding whether an investment in the notes is suitable for you. The notes will not be an appropriate investment for you if you are not knowledgeable about significant features of the notes or financial matters in general. You should not purchase the notes unless you understand, and know that you can bear, these investment risks. Our amount of debt outstanding will increase as a result of this offering. Our current indebtedness could adversely affect our business, financial condition and results of operations and our ability to meet our payment obligations under the notes and our other debt.

As of May 12, 2016, we and our subsidiaries had approximately \$2.7 billion of unsecured senior indebtedness outstanding and as our credit facility was undrawn, no secured indebtedness outstanding.

The use of debt could have significant consequences on our future operations, including:

making it more difficult for us to meet our payment and other obligations under the notes and our other outstanding debt;

resulting in an event of default if we fail to comply with the financial and other restrictive covenants contained in our debt agreements, which event of default could result in all of our debt becoming immediately due and payable; reducing the availability of our cash flow to fund investments, acquisitions and other general corporate purposes, and limiting our ability to obtain additional financing for these purposes;

subjecting us to the risk of increased sensitivity to interest rate increases on our indebtedness with variable interest rates, including borrowings under our amended senior credit facility; and

limiting our flexibility in planning for, or reacting to, and increasing our vulnerability to, changes in our business, the industry in which we operate and the general economy.

Any of the above-listed factors could have an adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations and our ability to meet our payment obligations under the notes and our other debt.

Our ability to meet our payment and other obligations under our debt instruments depends on our ability to generate significant cash flow in the future. This, to some extent, is subject to general economic, financial, competitive, legislative and regulatory factors as well as other factors that are beyond our control. We cannot assure you that our business will generate cash flow from operations, or that future borrowings will be available to us under our existing or amended senior credit facility or otherwise, in an amount sufficient to enable us to meet our payment obligations under the notes and our other debt and to fund other liquidity needs. If we are not able to generate sufficient cash flow to service our debt obligations, we may need to refinance or restructure our debt, including any notes sold, sell assets, reduce or delay capital investments, or seek to raise additional capital. If we are unable to implement one or more of these alternatives, we may not be able to meet our payment obligations under the notes and our other debt.

A downgrade, suspension or withdrawal of the rating assigned by a rating agency to us or the notes, if any, could cause the liquidity or market value of the notes to decline significantly.

Our credit ratings are an assessment by rating agencies of our ability to pay our debts when due. Consequently, real or anticipated changes in our credit ratings will generally affect the market value of the notes. These credit ratings may not reflect the potential impact of risks relating to the structure or marketing of the notes. Credit ratings are not a recommendation to buy, sell or hold any security, and may be revised or withdrawn at any time by the issuing organization in its sole discretion. Neither we nor the underwriters undertake any obligation to maintain the ratings or to advise holders of notes of any changes in ratings.

The notes will be rated by Standard & Poor's Ratings Services, or "S&P," and Kroll Bond Rating Agency, Inc., or "Kroll." There can be no assurance that their rating will remain for any given period of time or that such rating will not be lowered or withdrawn entirely by S&P or Kroll if in their respective judgment future circumstances relating to the basis of the rating, such as adverse changes in our company, so warrant.

The notes will be effectively subordinated to any existing and future secured indebtedness and structurally subordinated to existing and future liabilities and other indebtedness of our subsidiaries.

The notes will be our general, unsecured obligations and will rank equally in right of payment with all of our existing and future unsubordinated, unsecured indebtedness, including without limitation, the \$167.5 million aggregate

principal amount of 5.50% Convertible Notes due 2016 (the "2016 Notes"), the \$129.5 million aggregate principal amount of 5.375% Convertible

Notes due 2017 (the "2017 Notes"), the \$200.0 million aggregate principal amount of 5.75% Convertible Notes due 2018 (the "2018 Notes"), the \$200.0 million aggregate principal amount of 5.875% Convertible Notes due 2019 (the "2019 Notes"), the \$300.0 million aggregate principal amount of 5.00% Unsecured Notes due 2019 (the "5.00% 2019 Notes"), the \$392.0 million aggregate principal amount of 4.75% Convertible Notes due 2020 (the "2020 Notes"), the \$250.0 million aggregate principal amount of 5.875% Unsecured Notes due 2023 (the "2023 Notes") and the \$160.0 million aggregate principal amount of 6.25% Unsecured Notes due 2024 (the "2024 Notes"). As a result, the notes will be effectively subordinated to our existing and future secured indebtedness (including indebtedness that is initially unsecured to which we subsequently grant security) to the extent of the value of the assets securing such indebtedness and structurally subordinated to any existing and future liabilities and other indebtedness of our subsidiaries. Effective subordination means that in any liquidation, dissolution, bankruptcy or other similar proceeding, the holders of any of our existing or future secured indebtedness and the secured indebtedness of our subsidiaries may assert rights against the assets pledged to secure that indebtedness in order to receive full payment of their indebtedness before the assets may be used to pay other creditors. Structural subordination means that creditors of a parent entity are subordinate to creditors of a subsidiary entity with respect to the subsidiary's assets. These liabilities may include indebtedness, trade payables, guarantees, lease obligations and letter of credit obligations. The notes do not restrict us or our subsidiaries from incurring indebtedness, including senior secured indebtedness in the future, nor do they limit the amount of indebtedness we can issue that is equal in right of payment to the notes. As of May 12, 2016, our credit facility was undrawn. Our credit facility is secured by certain of our assets and the indebtedness thereunder is therefore effectively senior to the notes to the extent of the value of such assets.

Each of the 2016 Notes, the 2017 Notes, the 2018 Notes, the 2019 Notes, the 5.00% 2019 Notes, the 2020 Notes, the 2023 Notes and the 2024 Notes may be due prior to their maturities. We do not currently know whether we will be able to replace any of the 2016 Notes, the 2017 Notes, the 2018 Notes, the 2019 Notes, the 5.00% 2019 Notes, the 2020 Notes, the 2023 Notes or the 2024 Notes upon their respective maturities, or if we do, whether we will be able to do so on terms that are as favorable as such notes. In the event that we are not able to replace the 2016 Notes, the 2017 Notes, the 2018 Notes, the 2019 Notes, the 5.00% 2019 Notes, the 2020 Notes, the 2023 Notes or the 2024 Notes at the time of their respective maturities, this could have a material adverse effect on our liquidity and ability to fund new investments, our ability to make distributions to our stockholders, our ability to repay the notes and our ability to qualify as a regulated investment company, or "RIC."

The indenture and supplemental indentures under which the notes will be issued will contain limited protection for holders of the notes.

The indenture and supplemental indentures (collectively, the "indenture") under which the notes will be issued offer limited protection to holders of the notes. The terms of the indenture and the notes do not restrict our or any of our subsidiaries' ability to engage in, or otherwise be a party to, a variety of corporate transactions, circumstances or events that could have an adverse impact on your investment in the notes. In particular, the terms of the indenture and the notes will not place any restrictions on our or our subsidiaries' ability to:

issue securities or otherwise incur additional indebtedness or other obligations, including (1) any indebtedness or other obligations that would be equal in right of payment to the notes, (2) any indebtedness or other obligations that would be secured and therefore rank effectively senior in right of payment to the notes to the extent of the values of the assets securing such debt, (3) indebtedness of ours that is guaranteed by one or more of our subsidiaries and which therefore is structurally senior to the notes and (4) securities, indebtedness or obligations issued or incurred by our subsidiaries that would be senior to our equity interests in our subsidiaries and therefore rank structurally senior to the notes with respect to the assets of our subsidiaries, in each case other than an incurrence of indebtedness or other obligation that would cause a violation of Section 18(a)(1)(A) as modified by Section 61(a)(1) of the 1940 Act or any successor provisions;

pay dividends on, or purchase or redeem or make any payments in respect of, capital stock or other securities ranking junior in right of payment to the notes;

sell assets (other than certain limited restrictions on our ability to consolidate, merge or sell all or substantially all of our assets);

enter into transactions with affiliates;

ereate liens (including liens on the shares of our subsidiaries) or enter into sale and leaseback transactions;

make investments; or

ereate restrictions on the payment of dividends or other amounts to us from our subsidiaries.

In addition, the indenture will not require us to offer to purchase the notes in connection with a change of control or any other event.

Furthermore, the terms of the indenture and the notes do not protect holders of the notes in the event that we experience changes (including significant adverse changes) in our financial condition, results of operations or credit ratings, as they do not

require that we or our subsidiaries adhere to any financial tests or ratios or specified levels of net worth, revenues, income, cash flow, or liquidity other than certain limited restrictions on dividends and certain board structures or default provisions mandated by the 1940 Act.

Our ability to recapitalize, incur additional debt and take a number of other actions that are not limited by the terms of the notes may have important consequences for you as a holder of the notes, including making it more difficult for us to satisfy our obligations with respect to the notes or negatively affecting the trading value of the notes.

Certain of our current debt instruments include more protections for their holders than the indenture and the notes. See in the accompanying prospectus "Risk Factors—Risks Relating to Our Business—The Notes present other risks to holders of our common stock, including the possibility that the Notes could discourage an acquisition of the Company by a third party and accounting uncertainty" and "—In addition to regulatory restrictions that restrict our ability to raise capital, our credit facility contains various covenants which, if not complied with, could accelerate repayment under the facility, thereby materially and adversely affecting our liquidity, financial condition and results of operations." In addition, other debt we issue or incur in the future could contain more protections for its holders than the indenture and the notes, including additional covenants and events of default. The issuance or incurrence of any such debt with incremental protections could affect the market for and trading levels and prices of the notes.

We may choose to redeem notes when prevailing interest rates are relatively low.

If your notes will be redeemable at our option, we may choose to redeem your notes from time to time, especially when prevailing interest rates are lower than the rate borne by the notes. If prevailing rates are lower at the time of redemption, you would not be able to reinvest the redemption proceeds in a comparable security at an effective interest rate as high as the interest rate on the notes being redeemed. Our redemption right also may adversely impact your ability to sell your notes as the optional redemption date or period approaches.

Survivor's Option may be limited in amount.

We will have a discretionary right to limit the aggregate principal amount of notes subject to the Survivor's Option that may be exercised in any calendar year to an amount equal to the greater of \$2.0 million or 2% of the outstanding principal amount of all notes outstanding as of the end of the most recent calendar year. We also have the discretionary right to limit to \$250,000 in any calendar year the aggregate principal amount of notes subject to the Survivor's Option that may be exercised in such calendar year on behalf of any individual deceased beneficial owner of notes. Accordingly, no assurance can be given that exercise of the Survivor's Option for the desired amount will be permitted in any single calendar year.

We cannot assure that a trading market for your notes will ever develop or be maintained.

In evaluating the notes, you should assume that you will be holding the notes until their stated maturity. The notes are a new issue of securities. We cannot assure you that a trading market for your notes will ever develop, be liquid or be maintained. Many factors independent of our creditworthiness affect the trading market for and market value of your notes. Those factors include, without limitation:

the method of calculating the principal and interest for the notes;

the time remaining to the stated maturity of the notes:

the outstanding amount of the notes;

the redemption or repayment features of the notes;

and

the level, direction and volatility of interest rates generally.

There may be a limited number of buyers when you decide to sell your notes. This may affect the price you receive for your notes or your ability to sell your notes at all.

Your investment in the floating rate notes will involve certain risks not associated with an investment in conventional debt securities. You should consider carefully the following discussion of risks before you decide that an investment in the floating rate notes is suitable for you.

Floating rate notes present different investment considerations than fixed rate notes. For notes with only floating rates, the rate of interest paid by us on the notes for each applicable interest period is not fixed, but will vary depending on LIBOR and accordingly could be substantially less than the rates of interest we would pay on fixed rate notes of the same maturity. Additionally, the notes may change the interest rate or interest rate formula in relation to LIBOR at one

or more points during the term of such notes (often referred to as a "step up" feature) or may switch from floating to fixed rate or from a fixed to a floating rate during the term of the notes. Consequently, the return on the notes may be less than returns otherwise payable on fixed rate debt securities issued by us with similar maturities whose interest rates cannot change. The variable interest rate on

the notes, while determined, in part, by reference to LIBOR, may not actually pay at such rates. Furthermore, we have no control over any fluctuations in LIBOR.

If the relevant pricing supplement specifies a maximum rate, the interest rate for any interest period will be limited by the maximum rate. The maximum rate will limit the amount of interest you may receive for each such interest period, even if the fixed or floating rate component, as adjusted by any spread factor, if applicable, and/or a spread, if applicable, would have otherwise resulted in an interest rate greater than the maximum rate. As a result, if the interest rate for any interest period without taking into consideration the maximum rate would have been greater than the maximum rate, the notes will provide you less interest income than an investment in a similar instrument that is not subject to a maximum interest rate.

DESCRIPTION OF NOTES

The following description of the particular terms of the notes being offered supplements and, to the extent inconsistent with or otherwise specified in an applicable pricing supplement, replaces the description of the general terms and provisions of the debt securities set forth under the heading "Description of Our Debt Securities" in the accompanying prospectus. Unless otherwise specified in an applicable pricing supplement, the notes will have the terms described below. Capitalized terms used but not defined below have the meanings given to them in the accompanying prospectus and in the indenture relating to the notes.

The notes being offered by this prospectus supplement, the accompanying prospectus and the applicable pricing supplement will be issued under an indenture, dated as of February 16, 2012, as amended and as supplemented from time to time. U.S. Bank National Association was appointed as trustee, as successor to American Stock Transfer & Trust Company, LLC, pursuant to an Agreement of Resignation, Appointment and Acceptance dated as of March 9, 2012. The indenture is more fully described in the accompanying prospectus. The indenture does not limit the aggregate amount of debt securities that may be issued under it and provides that the debt securities may be issued under it from time to time in one or more series. The following statements are summaries of the material provisions of the indenture and the notes. These summaries do not purport to be complete and are qualified in their entirety by reference to the indenture, including for the definitions of certain terms. From time to time we may offer other debt securities either publicly or through private placement having maturities, interest rates, covenants and other terms that may differ materially from the terms of the notes described herein and in any pricing supplement.

The notes constitute a single series of debt securities for purposes of the indenture and are unlimited in aggregate principal amount under the terms of the indenture. Our board of directors has authorized the issuance and sale of the notes from time to time, up to an aggregate principal amount of \$1.5 billion. As of May 12, 2016, \$1.0 billion aggregate principal amount of notes has been issued. We have, from time to time, repurchased certain notes and, therefore, as of May 12, 2016, \$903.0 million aggregate principal amount of notes were outstanding.

Notes issued in accordance with this prospectus supplement, the accompanying prospectus and the applicable pricing supplement will have the following general characteristics:

the notes will be our direct unsecured senior obligations and will rank equally with all of our other unsecured senior indebtedness from time to time outstanding;

the notes may be offered from time to time by us through the Purchasing Agent and each note will mature on a day that is at least 12 months from its date of original issuance;

each note may be issued with a fixed or floating interest rate; any floating interest rate will be based on LIBOR; the notes will not be subject to any sinking fund; and

the minimum denomination of the notes will be \$1,000 (unless otherwise stated in the pricing supplement). In addition, the pricing supplement relating to each offering of notes will describe specific terms of the notes, including but not limited to:

the stated maturity;

the denomination of your notes;

the price at which we originally issue your notes, expressed as a percentage of the principal amount, and the original issue date;

whether your notes are fixed rate notes or floating rate notes;

if your notes are fixed rate notes, the annual rate at which your notes will bear interest, or the periodic rates in the case of notes that bear different rates at different times during the term of the notes, and the interest payment dates, if different from those stated below under "—Interest Rates—Fixed Rate Notes;"

if your notes are floating rate notes, the interest rate, spread or spread multiplier or initial base rate, maximum rate and/or minimum rate; if there is more than one spread to be applied at different times during the term of the notes for your interest rate, which spread during which periods applies to your notes; and the interest reset, determination, calculation and payment dates, all of which we describe under "—Interest Rates—Floating Rate Notes" below; if applicable, the circumstances under which your notes may be redeemed at our option or repaid at the holder's option before the stated maturity, including any redemption commencement date, repayment date(s), redemption price(s) and redemption period(s), all of which we describe under "—Redemption and Repayment" below;

whether the authorized representative of the holder of a beneficial interest in the notes will have the right to seek repayment upon the death of the holder as described under "—Survivor's Option;" any special U.S. federal income tax consequences of the purchase, ownership and disposition of the notes; and any other significant terms of your notes, which could be different from those described in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus, but in no event inconsistent with the indenture.

We may at any time purchase notes at any price or prices in the open market or otherwise. Notes so purchased by us may, at our discretion, be held, resold or surrendered to the trustee for cancellation.

Types of Notes

We may issue either of the two types of notes described below. Notes may have elements of each of the two types of notes described below. For example, notes may bear interest at a fixed rate for some periods and at a floating rate in others

Fixed Rate Notes. Notes of this type will bear interest at one or more fixed rates described in your pricing supplement.

Fixed rate notes will bear interest from their original issue date or from the most recent date to which interest on the notes has been paid or made available for payment. Interest will accrue on the principal of fixed rate notes at the fixed rate or rates per annum stated in your pricing supplement during the applicable time periods as stated in your pricing supplement, until the principal is paid or made available for payment. Each payment of interest due on an interest payment date or the maturity will include interest accrued from and including the last date to which interest has been paid, or made available for payment, or from the issue date if none has been paid or made available for payment, to but excluding the interest payment date or maturity. We will compute interest on fixed rate notes on the basis of a 360-day year of twelve 30-day months (the 30/360 (ISDA) day count convention) unless your pricing supplement provides that we will compute interest on a different basis. We will pay interest on each interest payment date and at maturity as described below under "—Payments of Principal and Interest." Notes may be offered that switch from a fixed rate to a floating rate or from a floating rate to a fixed rate during the term of the notes.

Floating Rate Notes. Notes of this type will bear interest at rates that are determined by reference to an interest rate formula based on LIBOR. In some cases, the rates may also be adjusted by adding or subtracting a spread in relation to LIBOR or multiplying by a spread multiplier and may be subject to a minimum rate and/or a maximum rate. The various interest rate formulas and these other features are described below in "—Interest Rates—Floating Rate Notes." If your notes are floating rate notes, the formula and any adjustments that apply to the interest rate will be specified in your pricing supplement.

Floating rate notes will bear interest from their original issue date or from the most recent date to which interest on the notes has been paid or made available for payment. Interest will accrue on the principal of floating rate notes at a rate per annum determined according to the interest rate formula stated in your pricing supplement during the applicable interest rate periods as stated in your pricing supplement, until the principal is paid or made available for payment. We will pay interest on each interest payment date and at maturity as described below "—Payments of Principal and Interest." Notes may be offered that switch from a fixed rate to a floating rate or from a floating rate to a fixed rate during the term of the notes.

Interest Rates

This subsection describes the different kinds of interest rates that may apply to your notes, as specified in your pricing supplement.

Fixed Rate Notes. Fixed rate notes will bear interest from their original issue date or from the most recent date to which interest on the notes has been paid or made available for payment. Interest will accrue on the principal of fixed rate notes at the fixed yearly rate or rates stated in your pricing supplement during the applicable time periods as stated in your pricing supplement, until the principal is paid or made available for payment. Your pricing supplement will describe the interest periods and relevant interest payment dates on which interest on fixed rate notes will be payable. Each payment of interest due on an interest payment date or the maturity will include interest accrued from and including the last date to which interest has been paid, or made available for payment, or from the issue date if none has been paid or made available for payment, to but excluding the interest payment date or the maturity. We will compute interest on fixed rate notes on the basis of a 360-day year of twelve 30-day months (the 30/360 (ISDA) day count convention), unless your pricing supplement provides that we will compute interest on a different basis. We will pay interest on each interest payment date and at maturity as described below under "—Payments of Principal and Interest."

Floating Rate Notes. Floating rate notes will bear interest at rates that are determined by reference to an interest rate formula based on LIBOR. In some cases, the rates may also be adjusted by adding or subtracting a spread in relation to LIBOR or multiplying by a spread multiplier and may be subject to a minimum rate and/or a maximum rate. If your

note is a floating rate note, the formula and any adjustments that apply to the interest rate will be specified in your pricing supplement.

Each floating rate note will bear interest from its original issue date or from the most recent date to which interest on the note has been paid or made available for payment. Interest will accrue on the principal of a floating rate note at a rate per annum determined according to the interest rate formula stated in the pricing supplement during the applicable interest rate period specified in your pricing supplement, until the principal is paid or made available for payment. We will pay interest on each interest payment date and at maturity as described below under "—Payment of Principal and Interest."

In addition, the following will apply to floating rate notes.

Initial Base Rate

Unless otherwise specified in your pricing supplement, for floating rate notes, the initial base rate will be the applicable LIBOR base rate in effect from and including the original issue date to but excluding the initial interest reset date. We will specify the initial LIBOR base rate in your pricing supplement.

Spread or Spread Multiplier

In some cases, the base rate for floating rate notes may be adjusted:

by adding or subtracting a specified number of basis points, called the spread, with one basis point being 0.01%; or by multiplying the base rate by a specified percentage, called the spread multiplier.

If you purchase floating rate notes, your pricing supplement will specify whether a spread or spread multiplier will apply to your notes and, if so, the amount of the applicable spread or spread multiplier and any increases or decreases in the spread or spread multiplier during the term of your notes.

Maximum and Minimum Rates

The actual interest rate, after being adjusted by the spread or spread multiplier, may also be subject to either or both of the following limits:

n maximum rate—i.e., a specified upper limit that the actual interest rate in effect at any time may not exceed; and/or n minimum rate—i.e., a specified lower limit that the actual interest rate in effect at any time may not fall below.

If you purchase floating rate notes, your pricing supplement will specify whether a maximum rate and/or minimum rate will apply to your notes and, if so, what those rates are.

Whether or not a maximum rate applies, the interest rate on floating rate notes will in no event be higher than the maximum rate permitted by New York law, as it may be modified by U.S. law of general application. Under current New York law, the maximum rate of interest, with some exceptions, for any loan in an amount less than \$250,000 is 16% and for any loan in the amount of \$250,000 or more but less than \$2,500,000 is 25%, per year on a simple interest basis. These limits do not apply to loans of \$2,500,000 or more.

The rest of this subsection describes how the interest rate and the interest payment dates will be determined, and how interest will be calculated, on floating rate notes.

Interest Reset Dates

Except as otherwise specified in your pricing supplement, the rate of interest on floating rate notes will be reset, by the calculation agent described below, daily, weekly, monthly, quarterly, semi-annually or annually (each, an "interest reset period"). The date on which the interest rate resets and the reset rate becomes effective is called the interest reset date. Except as otherwise specified in your pricing supplement, the interest reset date will be as follows:

for floating rate notes that reset daily, each London business day (as defined below);

for floating rate notes that reset weekly, the Wednesday of each week;

for floating rate notes that reset monthly, the third Wednesday of each month;

for floating rate notes that reset quarterly, the third Wednesday of each of four months of each year as specified in your pricing supplement;

for floating rate notes that reset semi-annually, the third Wednesday of each of two months of each year as specified in your pricing supplement; and

for floating rate notes that reset annually, the third Wednesday of one month of each year as specified in your pricing supplement.

For floating rate notes, the interest rate in effect on any particular day will be the interest rate determined with respect to the latest interest reset date that occurs on or before that day. There are several exceptions, however, to the reset provisions described above.

Interest reset dates are subject to adjustment, as described below under "—Business Day Conventions."

The base rate in effect from and including the original issue date to but excluding the first interest reset date will be the initial base rate. For floating rate notes that reset daily or weekly, the base rate in effect for each day following the fifth business

day before an interest payment date to, but excluding, the interest payment date, and for each day following the fifth business day before the maturity to, but excluding, the maturity, will be the base rate in effect on that fifth business day.

Interest Determination Dates

The interest rate that takes effect on an interest reset date will be determined by the calculation agent for the LIBOR base rates by reference to a particular date called an interest determination date. Except as otherwise specified in your pricing supplement, the interest determination date relating to a particular interest reset date will be the second London business day preceding the interest reset date. We refer to an interest determination date for LIBOR notes as a LIBOR interest determination date.

Interest Calculation Date

The interest rate that takes effect on a particular interest reset date will be determined by reference to the corresponding interest determination date or interest reset date, as applicable. For some notes, however, the calculation agent will set the rate on a day no later than the corresponding interest calculation date. Unless otherwise specified in your pricing supplement, the interest calculation date for rates to which a calculation date applies will be the business day immediately preceding the date on which interest will next be paid (on an interest payment date or the maturity, as the case may be). The calculation agent need not wait until the relevant interest calculation date to determine the interest rate if the rate information it needs to make the determination is available from the relevant sources sooner.

Interest Rate Calculations

Interest payable on floating rate notes for any particular interest period will be calculated as described below using an interest factor, expressed as a decimal, applicable to each day during the applicable interest period, unless otherwise specified in your pricing supplement.

Calculations relating to floating rate notes will be made by the calculation agent, an institution that we appoint as our agent for this purpose. We have initially appointed U.S. Bank National Association as our calculation agent for any floating rate notes. We may specify a different calculation agent in your pricing supplement. The applicable pricing supplement for your floating rate note will name the institution that we have appointed to act as the calculation agent for that note as of its original issue date. We may appoint a different institution to serve as calculation agent from time to time after the original issue date of your floating rate note without your consent and without notifying you of the change. Absent manifest error, all determinations of the calculation agent will be final and binding on you and us, without any liability on the part of the calculation agent.

For floating rate notes, the calculation agent will determine, on the corresponding interest calculation date or interest determination date, as described below, the interest rate that takes effect on each interest reset date. In addition, the calculation agent will calculate the amount of interest that has accrued during each interest period—i.e., the period from and including the original issue date, or the last date to which interest has accrued (which may be the interest payment date or any interest reset date in accordance with the business day convention), to but excluding the next date to which interest will accrue (which may be the interest payment date or any interest reset date in accordance with the business day convention). For each interest period, the calculation agent will calculate the amount of accrued interest by multiplying the face amount of the floating rate note by an accrued interest factor for the interest period. Such accrued interest rate factor is determined by multiplying the applicable interest rate for the period by the day count fraction. The day count fraction will be determined in accordance with the 30/360 (ISDA) day count convention, where the number of days in the interest period in respect of which payment is being made is divided by 360, calculated on a formula basis as follows:

where:

- "Y1" is the year, expressed as a number, in which the first day of the interest period falls;
- "Y2" is the year, expressed as a number, in which the day immediately following the last day included in the interest period falls;
- "M1" is the calendar month, expressed as a number, in which the first day of the interest period falls;
- "M2" is the calendar month, expressed as a number, in which the day immediately following the last day included in the interest period falls;

"D1" is the first calendar day, expressed as a number, of the interest period, unless such number would be 31, in which case D1 will be 30; and

"D2" is the calendar day, expressed as a number, immediately following the last day included in the interest period, unless such number would be 31 and D1 is greater than 29, in which case D2 will be 30.

Upon the request of the holder of any floating rate note, the calculation agent will provide the interest rate then in effect, and, if determined, the interest rate that will become effective on the next interest reset date with respect to such floating rate note.

All percentages resulting from any calculation relating to any note will be rounded upward or downward, as appropriate, to the next higher or lower one hundred-thousandth of a percentage point, e.g., 9.876541% (or .09876541) being rounded down to 9.87654% (or .0987654) and 9.876545% (or .09876545) being rounded up to 9.87655% (or .0987655). All amounts used in or resulting from any calculation relating to any note will be rounded upward or downward to the nearest cent.

Sources and Corrections

If we refer to a rate as set forth on a display page, other published source, information vendor or other vendor officially designated by the sponsor of that rate, if there is a successor source for the display page, other published source, information vendor or other official vendor, we refer to that successor source as applicable as determined by the calculation agent. When we refer to a particular heading or headings on any of those sources, those references include any successor or replacement heading or headings as determined by the calculation agent.

If the applicable rate is based on information obtained from a Reuters screen, that rate will be subject to the corrections, if any, published on that Reuters screen within one hour of the time that rate was first displayed on such source.

LIBOR Calculation

LIBOR, with respect to the base rate and any interest reset date, will be the London interbank offered rate for deposits in U.S. dollars for the index maturity specified in your pricing supplement, appearing on the Reuters screen LIBOR page as of approximately 11:00 A.M., London time, on the relevant LIBOR interest determination date. If the rate described above does not so appear on the Reuters screen LIBOR page, then LIBOR will be determined on the basis of the rates at which deposits in U.S. dollars are offered by four major banks in the London interbank market selected by the calculation agent at approximately 11:00 A.M., London time, on the relevant LIBOR interest determination date, to prime banks in the London interbank market for a period of the specified index maturity, beginning on the relevant interest reset date, and in a representative amount. The calculation agent will request the principal London office of each of these major banks to provide a quotation of its rate. If at least two quotations are provided, LIBOR for the relevant interest reset date will be the arithmetic mean of the quotations.

If fewer than two of the requested quotations described above are provided, LIBOR for the relevant interest reset date will be the arithmetic mean of the rates quoted by major banks in New York City selected by the calculation agent, at approximately 11:00 A.M., New York City time (or the time in the relevant principal financial center), on the relevant interest reset date, for loans in U.S. dollars (or the index currency) to leading European banks for a period of the specified index maturity, beginning on the relevant interest reset date, and in a representative amount.

If no quotation is provided as described in the preceding paragraph, then the calculation agent, after consulting such sources as it deems comparable to any of the foregoing quotations or display page, or any such source as it deems reasonable from which to estimate LIBOR or any of the foregoing lending rates, shall determine LIBOR for that interest reset date in its sole discretion.

For the purpose of this section, we define the term "index maturity" as the interest rate period of LIBOR on which the interest rate formula is based as specified in your pricing supplement.

In all cases, if the stated maturity or any earlier redemption date or repayment date with respect to any note falls on a day that is not a business day, any payment of principal, premium, if any, and interest otherwise due on such day will be made on the next succeeding business day, and no interest on such payment shall accrue for the period from and after such stated maturity, redemption date or repayment date, as the case may be.

Business Days

The term "London business day" will apply to your floating rate notes, as specified in your pricing supplement, and it means each Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday and Friday that is not a day on which banking institutions in London generally are authorized or obligated by law, regulation or executive order to close and is also a day on which dealings in the applicable index currency are transacted in the London interbank market.

Business Day Convention

The business day convention that will apply to your notes is the "following business day convention." The "following business day convention" means, for any interest payment date or interest reset date, other than the maturity, if such date would otherwise fall on a day that is not a business day, then such date will be postponed to the next day that is a business day.

Payment of Principal and Interest

Principal of and interest on beneficial interests in the notes will be made in accordance with the arrangements then in place between the paying agent and The Depository Trust Company (referred to as "DTC") and its participants as described under "Registration and Settlement—The Depository Trust Company." Payments in respect of any notes in certificated form will be made as described under "Registration and Settlement—Registration, Transfer and Payment of Certificated Notes."

Interest on each note will be payable either monthly, quarterly, semi-annually or annually on each interest payment date and at the note's stated maturity or on the date of redemption or repayment if a note is redeemed or repaid prior to maturity. Interest is payable to the person in whose name a note is registered at the close of business on the regular record date before each interest payment date. Interest due at a note's stated maturity or on a date of redemption or repayment will be payable to the person to whom principal is payable.

We will pay any administrative costs imposed by banks in connection with making payments in immediately available funds, but any tax, assessment or governmental charge imposed upon any payments on a note, including, without limitation, any withholding tax, is the responsibility of the holders of beneficial interests in the note in respect of which such payments are made.

Payment and Record Dates for Interest

Interest on the notes will be paid as follows:

Interest Payment

Interest Payment Dates

Frequency Monthly

Fifteenth day of each calendar month, beginning in the first calendar month following the

month the note was issued.

Quarterly

Fifteenth day of every third month, beginning in the third calendar month following the

month the note was issued.

Semi-annually

Fifteenth day of every sixth month, beginning in the sixth calendar month following the

month the note was issued.

Annually

Fifteenth day of every twelfth month, beginning in the twelfth calendar month following the

month the note was issued.

The regular record date for any interest payment date will be the first day of the calendar month in which the interest payment date occurs, except that the regular record date for interest due on the note's stated maturity date or date of earlier redemption or repayment will be that particular date. For the purpose of determining the holder at the close of business on a regular record date when business is not being conducted, the close of business will mean 5:00 P.M., New York City time, on that day.

Interest on a note will be payable beginning on the first interest payment date after its date of original issuance to holders of record on the corresponding regular record date.

"Business day" means any day, other than a Saturday or Sunday, that is neither a legal holiday nor a day on which banking institutions are authorized or required by law or regulation to close in The City of New York.

Redemption and Repayment

Unless we otherwise provide in the applicable pricing supplement, a note will not be redeemable or repayable prior to its stated maturity date.

If the pricing supplement states that the note will be redeemable at our option prior to its stated maturity date, then on such date or dates specified in the pricing supplement, we may redeem those notes at our option either in whole or from time to time in part, upon not less than 30 nor more than 60 days' written notice to the holder of those notes. If the pricing supplement states that your note will be repayable at your option prior to its stated maturity date, we will require receipt of notice of the request for repayment at least 30 but not more than 60 days prior to the date or dates specified in

the pricing supplement. We also must receive the completed form entitled "Option to Elect Repayment." Exercise of the repayment option by the holder of a note is irrevocable.

Since the notes will be represented by a global note, DTC or its nominee will be treated as the holder of the notes; therefore DTC or its nominee will be the only entity that receives notices of redemption of notes from us, in the case of our redemption of notes, and will be the only entity that can exercise the right to repayment of notes, in the case of optional repayment. See "Registration and Settlement."

To ensure that DTC or its nominee will timely exercise a right to repayment with respect to a particular beneficial interest in a note, the beneficial owner of the interest in that note must instruct the broker or other direct or indirect participant through which it holds the beneficial interest to notify DTC or its nominee of its desire to exercise a right to repayment. Because different firms have different cut-off times for accepting instructions from their customers, each beneficial owner should consult the broker or other direct or indirect participant through which it holds an interest in a note to determine the cut-off time by which the instruction must be given for timely notice to be delivered to DTC or its nominee. Conveyance of notices and other communications by DTC or its nominee to participants, by participants to indirect participants and by participants and indirect participants to beneficial owners of the notes will be governed by agreements among them and any applicable statutory or regulatory requirements.

The redemption or repayment of a note normally will occur on the interest payment date or dates following receipt of a valid notice. Unless otherwise specified in the pricing supplement, the redemption or repayment price will equal 100% of the principal amount of the note plus unpaid interest accrued to the date or dates of redemption or repayment. We may at any time purchase notes at any price or prices in the open market or otherwise. We may also purchase notes otherwise tendered for repayment by a holder or tendered by a holder's duly authorized representative through exercise of the Survivor's Option described below. If we purchase the notes in this manner, we have the discretion to either hold, resell or surrender the notes to the trustee for cancellation.

Survivor's Option

The "Survivor's Option" is a provision in a note pursuant to which we agree to repay that note, if requested by the authorized representative of the beneficial owner of that note, following the death of the beneficial owner of the note, so long as the note was owned by that beneficial owner or the estate of that beneficial owner at least six months prior to the request. The pricing supplement relating to each offering of notes will state whether the Survivor's Option applies to those notes.

If a note is entitled to a Survivor's Option, upon the valid exercise of the Survivor's Option and the proper tender of that note for repayment, we will, at our option, repay or repurchase that note, in whole or in part, at a price equal to 100% of the principal amount of the deceased beneficial owner's interest in that note plus unpaid interest accrued to the date of repayment.

To be valid, the Survivor's Option must be exercised by or on behalf of the person who has authority to act on behalf of the deceased beneficial owner of the note (including, without limitation, the personal representative or executor of the deceased beneficial owner or the surviving joint owner with the deceased beneficial owner) under the laws of the applicable jurisdiction.

The death of a person holding a beneficial ownership interest in a note as a joint tenant or tenant by the entirety with another person, or as a tenant in common with the deceased holder's spouse, will be deemed the death of a beneficial owner of that note, and the entire principal amount of the note so held will be subject to repayment by us upon request. However, the death of a person holding a beneficial ownership interest in a note as tenant in common with a person other than such deceased holder's spouse will be deemed the death of a beneficial owner only with respect to such deceased person's interest in the note.

The death of a person who, during his or her lifetime, was entitled to substantially all of the beneficial ownership interests in a note will be deemed the death of the beneficial owner of that note for purposes of the Survivor's Option, regardless of whether that beneficial owner was the registered holder of that note, if entitlement to those interests can be established to the satisfaction of the trustee. A beneficial ownership interest will be deemed to exist in typical cases of nominee ownership, ownership under the Uniform Transfers to Minors Act or Uniform Gifts to Minors Act, community property or other joint ownership arrangements between a husband and wife. In addition, a beneficial ownership interest will be deemed to exist in custodial and trust arrangements where one person has all of the beneficial ownership interests in the applicable note during his or her lifetime.

We have the discretionary right to limit the aggregate principal amount of notes as to which exercises of the Survivor's Option shall be accepted by us from authorized representatives of all deceased beneficial owners in any calendar year to an amount equal to the greater of \$2,000,000 or 2% of the principal amount of all notes outstanding as of the end of the most recent calendar year. We also have the discretionary right to limit to \$250,000 in any calendar year the aggregate principal amount of notes as to which exercises of the Survivor's Option shall be accepted by us from the authorized representative of

any individual deceased beneficial owner of notes in such calendar year. In addition, we will not permit the exercise of the Survivor's Option except in principal amounts of \$1,000 and multiples of \$1,000.

An otherwise valid election to exercise the Survivor's Option may not be withdrawn. Each election to exercise the Survivor's Option will be accepted in the order that elections are received by the trustee, except for any note the acceptance of which would contravene any of the limitations described in the preceding paragraph. Notes accepted for repayment through the exercise of the Survivor's Option normally will be repaid on the first interest payment date that occurs 20 or more calendar days after the date of the acceptance. For example, if the acceptance date of a note tendered through a valid exercise of the Survivor's Option is September 1, 2016, and interest on that note is paid monthly, we would normally, at our option, repay that note on the interest payment date occurring on October 15, 2016, because the September 15, 2016 interest payment date would occur less than 20 days from the date of acceptance. Each tendered note that is not accepted in any calendar year due to the application of any of the limitations described in the preceding paragraph will be deemed to be tendered in the following calendar year in the order in which all such notes were originally tendered. If a note tendered through a valid exercise of the Survivor's Option is not accepted, the trustee will deliver a notice by first-class mail to the registered holder, at that holder's last known address as indicated in the note register, that states the reason that note has not been accepted for repayment. With respect to notes represented by a global note, DTC or its nominee is treated as the holder of the notes and will be the only entity that can exercise the Survivor's Option for such notes. To obtain repayment pursuant to exercise of the Survivor's Option for a note, the deceased beneficial owner's authorized representative must provide the following items to the broker or other entity through which the beneficial interest in the note is held by the deceased beneficial owner:

a written instruction to such broker or other entity to notify DTC of the authorized representative's desire to obtain repayment pursuant to exercise of the Survivor's Option;

appropriate evidence satisfactory to the trustee (a) that the deceased was the beneficial owner of the note at the time of death and his or her interest in the note was owned by the deceased beneficial owner or his or her estate at least six months prior to the request for repayment, (b) that the death of the beneficial owner has occurred, (c) of the date of death of the beneficial owner, and (d) that the representative has authority to act on behalf of the beneficial owner; if the interest in the note is held by a nominee of the deceased beneficial owner, a certificate satisfactory to the trustee from the nominee attesting to the deceased's beneficial ownership of such note;

written request for repayment signed by the authorized representative of the deceased beneficial owner with the signature guaranteed by a member firm of a registered national securities exchange or of the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, Inc. or a commercial bank or trust company having an office or correspondent in the United States:

if applicable, a properly executed assignment or endorsement;

tax waivers and any other instruments or documents that the trustee reasonably requires in order to establish the validity of the beneficial ownership of the note and the claimant's entitlement to payment; and any additional information the trustee reasonably requires to evidence satisfaction of any conditions to the exercise of the Survivor's Option or to document beneficial ownership or authority to make the election and to cause the repayment of the note.

In turn, the broker or other entity will deliver each of these items to the trustee, together with evidence satisfactory to the trustee from the broker or other entity stating that it represents the deceased beneficial owner.

The death of a person owning a note in joint tenancy or tenancy by the entirety with another or others shall be deemed the death of the holder of the note, and the entire principal amount of the note so held shall be subject to repayment, together with interest accrued thereon to the repayment date. The death of a person owning a note by tenancy in common shall be deemed the death of a holder of a note only with respect to the deceased holder's interest in the note so held by tenancy in common; except that in the event a note is held by husband and wife as tenants in common, the death of either shall be deemed the death of the holder of the note, and the entire principal amount of the note so held shall be subject to repayment. The death of a person who, during his or her lifetime, was entitled to substantially all of the beneficial interests of ownership of a note, shall be deemed the death of the holder thereof for purposes of this provision, regardless of the registered holder, if such beneficial interest can be established to the satisfaction of the trustee and us. Such beneficial interest shall be deemed to exist in typical cases of nominee ownership, ownership

under the Uniform Gifts to Minors Act, the Uniform Transfers to Minors Act, community property or other joint ownership arrangements between a husband and wife and trust arrangements where one person has substantially all of the beneficial ownership interest in the note during his or her lifetime.

We retain the right to limit the aggregate principal amount of notes as to which exercises of the Survivor's Option applicable to the notes will be accepted in any one calendar year as described above. All other questions regarding the eligibility or validity of any exercise of the Survivor's Option will be determined by the trustee, in its sole discretion, which determination will be final and binding on all parties.

The broker or other entity will be responsible for disbursing payments received from the trustee to the authorized representative. See "Registration and Settlement."

Forms for the exercise of the Survivor's Option may be obtained from the Trustee at 100 Wall Street, Suite 1600, New York, NY 10005, Attention: General Counsel.

If applicable, we will comply with the requirements of Section 14(e) of the Exchange Act, and the rules promulgated thereunder, and any other securities laws or regulations in connection with any repayment of notes at the option of the registered holders or beneficial owners thereof.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

(All figures in this item are in thousands except share, per share and other data.)

References herein to "we," "us" or "our" refer to Prospect Capital Corporation and its subsidiary unless the context specifically requires otherwise.

The following discussion should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and notes thereto appearing elsewhere in this prospectus supplement and accompanying prospectus. Historical results set forth are not necessarily indicative of our future financial position and results of operations.

Overview

The terms "Prospect," "we," "us" and "our" mean Prospect Capital Corporation and its subsidiaries unless the context specifically requires otherwise.

Prospect Capital Corporation is a financial services company that primarily lends to and invests in middle market privately-held companies. We are a closed-end investment company incorporated in Maryland. We have elected to be regulated as a business development company ("BDC") under the Investment Company Act of 1940 (the "1940 Act"). As a BDC, we have elected to be treated as a regulated investment company ("RIC"), under Subchapter M of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (the "Code"). We were organized on April 13, 2004 and were funded in an initial public offering completed on July 27, 2004.

On May 15, 2007, we formed a wholly-owned subsidiary Prospect Capital Funding LLC ("PCF"), a Delaware limited liability company and a bankruptcy remote special purpose entity, which holds certain of our portfolio loan investments that are used as collateral for the revolving credit facility at PCF. Our wholly-owned subsidiary Prospect Small Business Lending, LLC ("PSBL") was formed on January 27, 2014 and purchases small business whole loans on a recurring basis from online small business loan originators, including On Deck Capital, Inc. ("OnDeck"). On September 30, 2014, we formed a wholly-owned subsidiary Prospect Yield Corporation, LLC ("PYC") and effective October 23, 2014, PYC holds our investments in collateralized loan obligations ("CLOs"). Each of these subsidiaries have been consolidated since operations commenced.

Effective July 1, 2014, we began consolidating certain of our wholly-owned and substantially wholly-owned holding companies formed by us in order to facilitate our investment strategy. The following companies have been included in our consolidated financial statements since July 1, 2014: AMU Holdings Inc.; APH Property Holdings, LLC; Arctic Oilfield Equipment USA, Inc.; CCPI Holdings Inc.; CP Holdings of Delaware LLC; Credit Central Holdings of Delaware, LLC; Energy Solutions Holdings Inc.; First Tower Holdings of Delaware LLC; Harbortouch Holdings of Delaware Inc.; MITY Holdings of Delaware Inc.; Nationwide Acceptance Holdings LLC; NMMB Holdings, Inc.; NPH Property Holdings, LLC ("NPH"); STI Holding, Inc.; UPH Property Holdings, LLC; Valley Electric Holdings I, Inc.; Valley Electric Holdings II, Inc.; and Wolf Energy Holdings Inc. On October 10, 2014, concurrent with the sale of the operating company, our ownership increased to 100% of the outstanding equity of ARRM Services, Inc. ("ARRM") which was renamed SB Forging Company, Inc. ("SB Forging"). As such, we began consolidating SB Forging on October 11, 2014. We collectively refer to these entities as the "Consolidated Holding Companies."

We are externally managed by our investment adviser, Prospect Capital Management L.P. ("Prospect Capital Management") or the "Investment Adviser"). Prospect Administration LLC ("Prospect Administration" or the "Administration"), a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Investment Adviser, provides administrative services and facilities necessary for us to operate.

Our investment objective is to generate both current income and long-term capital appreciation through debt and equity investments. We invest primarily in senior and subordinated debt and equity of private companies in need of capital for acquisitions, divestitures, growth, development, recapitalizations and other purposes. We work with the management teams or financial sponsors to seek investments with historical cash flows, asset collateral or contracted pro-forma cash flows.

We currently have nine origination strategies in which we make investments: (1) lending in private equity sponsored transactions, (2) lending directly to companies not owned by private equity firms, (3) control investments in corporate operating companies, (4) control investments in financial companies, (5) investments in structured credit, (6) real estate investments, (7) investments in syndicated debt, (8) aircraft leasing and (9) online lending. We continue to evaluate other origination strategies in the ordinary course of business with no specific tops-down allocation to any

single origination strategy.

Lending in Private Equity Sponsored Transactions – We make loans to companies which are controlled by leading private equity firms. This debt can take the form of first lien, second lien, unitranche or unsecured loans. In making these investments, we look for a diversified customer base, recurring demand for the product or service, barriers to entry, strong historical cash flow and experienced management teams. These loans typically have significant equity subordinate to our loan position. Historically, this strategy has comprised approximately 50%-60% of our business, but more recently it is less than 50% of our business.

Lending Directly to Companies – We provide debt financing to companies owned by non-private equity firms, the company founder, a management team or a family. Here, in addition to the strengths we look for in a sponsored transaction, we also look for the alignment with the management team with significant invested capital. This strategy often has less competition than the private equity sponsor strategy because such company financing needs are not easily addressed by banks and often require more diligence preparation. Direct lending can result in higher returns and lower leverage than sponsor transactions and may include warrants or equity to us. Historically, this strategy has comprised approximately 5%-15% of our business, but more recently it is less than 5% of our business. Control Investments in Corporate Operating Companies – This strategy involves acquiring controlling stakes in

Control Investments in Corporate Operating Companies – This strategy involves acquiring controlling stakes in non-financial operating companies. Our investments in these companies are generally structured as a combination of yield-producing debt and equity. We provide enhanced certainty of closure to our counterparties, give the seller personal liquidity and generally look for management to continue on in their current roles. This strategy has comprised approximately 10%-15% of our business.

Control Investments in Financial Companies – This strategy involves acquiring controlling stakes in financial companies, including consumer direct lending, sub-prime auto lending and other strategies. Our investments in these companies are generally structured as a combination of yield-producing debt and equity. These investments are often structured in a tax-efficient RIC-compliant partnership, enhancing returns. This strategy has comprised approximately 5%-15% of our business.

Investments in Structured Credit – We make investments in CLOs, generally taking a significant position in the subordinated interests (equity) of the CLOs. The CLOs include a diversified portfolio of broadly syndicated loans and do not have direct exposure to real estate, mortgages, debt or consumer based debt. The CLOs in which we invest are managed by top-tier collateral managers that have been thoroughly diligenced prior to investment. This strategy has comprised approximately 10%-20% of our business.

Real Estate Investments – We make investments in real estate through our three wholly-owned tax-efficient real estate investment trusts ("REITs"), American Property REIT Corp. ("APRC"), National Property REIT Corp. ("NPRC") and United Property REIT Corp. ("UPRC" and collectively with APRC and NPRC, "our REITs"). Our real estate investments are in various classes of fully developed and occupied real estate properties that generate current yields. We seek to identify properties that have historically high occupancy and steady cash flow generation. Our REITs co-invest with established and experienced property managers that manage such properties after acquisition. This investment strategy has comprised approximately 5%-10% of our business.

Investments in Syndicated Debt – On an opportunistic basis, we make investments in loans and high yield bonds that have been sold to a syndicate of buyers. Here we look for investments with attractive risk-adjusted returns after we have completed a fundamental credit analysis. These investments are purchased with a long term, buy-and-hold outlook and we look to provide significant structuring input by providing anchoring orders. This strategy has comprised approximately 5%-10% of our business.

Aircraft Leasing – We invest debt as well as equity in aircraft assets subject to commercial leases to credit-worthy airlines across the globe. These investments present attractive return opportunities due to cash flow consistency from long-lived assets coupled with hard asset collateral. We seek to deliver risk-adjusted returns with strong downside protection by analyzing relative value characteristics across the spectrum of aircraft types of all vintages. Our target portfolio includes both in-production and out-of-production jet and turboprop aircraft and engines, operated by airlines across the globe. This strategy comprised approximately 1% of our business in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015 and approximately 1% as of March 31, 2016.

Online Lending – We make investments in loans originated by certain consumer loan and small and medium sized business ("SME") aggregators. We purchase each loan in its entirety (i.e., a "whole loan"). The borrowers are consumers and SMEs. The loans are typically serviced by the aggregators of the loans. This strategy comprised approximately

5% of our business in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015 and approximately 5% as of March 31, 2016.

We invest primarily in first and second lien secured loans and unsecured debt, which in some cases includes an equity component. First and second lien secured loans generally are senior debt instruments that rank ahead of unsecured debt of a given portfolio company. These loans also have the benefit of security interests on the assets of the portfolio company, which may rank ahead of or be junior to other security interests. Our investments in CLOs are subordinated to senior loans and are generally unsecured. We invest in debt and equity positions of CLOs which are a form of securitization in which the cash flows of a portfolio of loans are pooled and passed on to different classes of owners in various tranches. Our CLO investments are derived from portfolios of corporate debt securities which are generally risk rated from BB to B.

We hold many of our control investments in a two-tier structure consisting of a holding company and one or more related operating companies for tax purposes. These holding companies serve various business purposes including concentration of management teams, optimization of third party borrowing costs, improvement of supplier, customer, and insurance terms, and enhancement of co-investments by the management teams. In these cases, our investment in the holding company, generally as equity, its equity investment in the operating company and along with any debt from us directly to the operating company structure represents our total exposure for the investment. As of March 31, 2016, as shown in our Consolidated Schedule of Investments, the cost basis and fair value of our investments in controlled companies was \$1,959,243 and \$1,998,023, respectively. This structure gives rise to several of the risks described in our public documents and highlighted elsewhere in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus. On July 1, 2014, we began consolidating all wholly-owned and substantially wholly-owned holding companies formed by us for the purpose of holding our controlled investments in operating companies. There were no significant effects of consolidating these holding companies as they hold minimal assets other than their investments in the controlled operating companies. Investment company accounting prohibits the consolidation of any operating companies.

Third Quarter Highlights

Investment Transactions

We seek to be a long-term investor with our portfolio companies. During the three months ended March 31, 2016, we completed follow-on investments in existing portfolio companies totaling approximately \$17,099, funded \$2,742 of revolver advances, and recorded paid in kind ("PIK") interest of \$3,335, resulting in gross investment originations of \$23,176. During the three months ended March 31, 2016, we received full repayments on one investment and received several partial prepayments and amortization payments totaling \$163,641, including realized losses totaling \$10,784. The more significant of these transactions are discussed in "Portfolio Investment Activity."

Debt Issuances and Redemptions

During the three months ended March 31, 2016, we issued \$5,573 aggregate principal amount of Prospect Capital InterNotes® for net proceeds of \$5,503. These notes were issued with stated interest rates ranging from 5.38% to 5.50% with a weighted average interest rate of 5.41%. These notes mature between January 15, 2021 and March 15, 2021. The following table summarizes the Prospect Capital InterNotes® issued during the three months ended March 31, 2016.

Tenor at Origination (in years)	Principal Amount	Interest Rate Range	Average Interest Rate	Maturity Date Range
5	\$ 5,573 \$ 5,573	5.375%-5.500%	65.41 %	January 15, 2021 – March 15, 2021

During the three months ended March 31, 2016, we repaid \$1,163 aggregate principal amount of Prospect Capital InterNotes® at par in accordance with the Survivor's Option, as defined in the InterNotes® Offering prospectus. As a result of these transactions, we recorded a loss in the amount of the difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the notes, net of the proportionate amount of unamortized debt issuance costs. The net loss on the extinguishment of Prospect Capital InterNotes® in the three months ended March 31, 2016 was \$32.

On March 28, 2016, we repurchased \$500 aggregate principal amount of the 2017 Notes at a price of 98.25, including commissions. The transaction resulted in our recognizing a \$9 gain, excluding the \$4 write-off of deferred financing costs associated with the repurchase, for the three months ended March 31, 2016.

Equity Issuances

On January 21, 2016, February 18, 2016 and March 24, 2016, we issued 299,423, 255,743 and 146,899 shares of our common stock in connection with the dividend reinvestment plan, respectively.

On February 9, 2016, we amended our dividend reinvestment plan that already provides for reinvestment of our dividends or distributions on behalf of our stockholders, unless a stockholder elects to receive cash, to add the ability of stockholders to purchase additional shares by making optional cash investments. Under the revised dividend reinvestment and direct stock repurchase plan, stockholders may elect to purchase additional shares through our transfer agent in the open market or in negotiated transactions.

Affiliate Share Purchases

During three months ended March 31, 2016, Prospect Capital officers purchased 8,454,796 shares of our stock, or 2.4% of total outstanding shares as of March 31, 2016, both through the open market transactions and shares issued in connection with our dividend reinvestment plan.

"Spin-Offs" of Certain Business Strategies

We previously announced that we intend to unlock value by "spinning off" certain "pure play" business strategies to our shareholders. We desire through these transactions to (i) transform some of the business strategies we have successfully grown and developed inside Prospect into pure play public companies with the potential for increased earnings multiples, (ii) allow for continued revenue and earnings growth through more flexible non-BDC formats (which are expected to benefit from not having one or more of the (a) 30% basket, (b) leverage, and (c) control basket constraining BDCs, and (iii) free up our 30% basket and leverage capacity for new originations at Prospect. The business strategies we intend to enable our shareholders to participate in on a "pure play" basis have grown faster than our overall growth rate in the past few years, with outlets in less constricting structures required to continue this strong growth. We anticipate these non-BDC companies will have tax efficient structures.

We initially intend to focus our "spin-off" efforts on the launch of up to three separate companies owning portions of our (i) consumer online lending business, (ii) real estate business and (iii) structured credit business. We are seeking to divest these businesses in conjunction with rights offering capital raises in which existing Prospect shareholders could elect to participate in each offering or sell their rights. The goals of these "spin-offs" include leverage and earnings neutrality for Prospect. Our primary objective is to maximize the valuation of each offering (declining to proceed with any offering if we find any valuation not to be attractive).

The sizes and likelihood of these dispositions, some of which are expected to be partial rather than complete spin-offs, remain to be determined, but we currently expect the collective size of these three dispositions to be 10% or less of our asset base. We seek to complete these "spin-offs" in calendar year 2016 or 2017 in a sequential fashion. The consummation of any of the spin-offs depends upon, among other things: market conditions, regulatory and exchange listing approval, and sufficient investor demand, and there can be no guarantee that we will consummate any of these spin-offs.

On March 11, 2015, PYC filed a registration statement with the SEC in connection with our rights offering disposition of a portion of our structured credit business, and PYC filed an amendment on April 17, 2015. We are a selling stockholder under the registration statement. If favorable market conditions exist, we will seek but cannot guarantee consummation of this disposition, which is subject to regulatory review.

On May 6, 2015, Prospect Finance Company, LLC ("Prospect Finance"), our indirect wholly-owned subsidiary, filed a confidential registration statement with the SEC in connection with our rights offering disposition of our online consumer lending business, and Prospect Finance filed confidential amendments on June 16, July 20 and August 12, 2015. We are a selling stockholder under the registration statement. If favorable market conditions exist, we will seek but cannot guarantee consummation of this disposition, which is subject to regulatory review.

On May 6, 2015, Prospect Realty Income Trust Corp. ("Prospect Realty"), our wholly-owned subsidiary, filed a confidential registration statement with the SEC in connection with our rights offering disposition of a portion of our real estate business, and Prospect Realty filed confidential amendments on June 30, July 27 and August 12, 2015. We are a selling stockholder under the registration statement. If favorable market conditions exist, we will seek but cannot guarantee consummation of this disposition, which is subject to regulatory review.

On May 19, 2015, Prospect, Prospect Capital Management, PYC, Prospect Finance and Prospect Realty filed an application for an exemptive order authorizing a joint transaction that may otherwise be prohibited by Section 57(a)(4) of the 1940 Act in order to complete each of the rights offerings described above and, on October 2, 2015, an amended and restated application for the exemptive order was filed in response to comments from the SEC. There is no guarantee that the SEC will grant the relief requested in the exemptive order application.

We expect to continue as a BDC in the future to pursue our multi-line origination strategy (including continuing to invest in the businesses discussed above) as a value-added differentiating factor compared with other BDCs.

Investment Holdings

As of March 31, 2016, we continue to pursue our investment strategy. At March 31, 2016, approximately \$6,005,105, or 175.5%, of our net assets are invested in 125 long-term portfolio investments and CLOs.

During the nine months ended March 31, 2016, we originated \$685,064 of new investments, primarily composed of \$360,863 of debt and equity financing to non-controlled portfolio investments, \$227,581 of debt and equity financing to controlled investments, and \$96,620 of subordinated notes in CLOs. Our origination efforts are focused primarily on secured lending to non-control investments to reduce the risk in the portfolio by investing primarily in first lien loans, though we also continue to close select junior debt and equity investments. Our annualized current yield was 12.7% and 13.4% as of June 30, 2015 and March 31, 2016, respectively, across all performing interest bearing investments. The increase in our current yield is primarily due to market fluctuations and the resulting decline in our portfolio value. Monetization of equity positions that we hold and loans on non-accrual status are not included in this yield calculation. In many of our portfolio companies we hold equity positions, ranging from minority interests to majority stakes, which we expect over time to contribute to our investment returns. Some of these equity positions include features such as contractual minimum internal rates of returns, preferred distributions, flip structures and other features expected to generate additional investment returns, as well as contractual protections and preferences over junior equity, in addition to the yield and security offered by our cash flow and collateral debt protections. We are a non-diversified company within the meaning of the 1940 Act. As required by the 1940 Act, we classify our investments by level of control. As defined in the 1940 Act, "Control Investments" are those where there is the ability or power to exercise a controlling influence over the management or policies of a company. Control is generally deemed to exist when a company or individual possesses or has the right to acquire within 60 days or less, a beneficial ownership of 25% or more of the voting securities of an investee company. Under the 1940 Act, "Affiliate Investments" are defined by a lesser degree of influence and are deemed to exist through the possession outright or via the right to acquire within 60 days or less, beneficial ownership of 5% or more of the outstanding voting securities of another person. "Non-Control/Non-Affiliate Investments" are those that are neither Control Investments nor Affiliate Investments.

As of March 31, 2016, we own controlling interests in the following portfolio companies: APRC; Arctic Energy Services, LLC ("Arctic Energy"); CCPI Inc. ("CCPI"); CP Energy Services Inc. ("CP Energy"); Credit Central Loan Company, LLC; Echelon Aviation LLC ("Echelon"); Edmentum Ultimate Holdings, LLC ("Edmentum"); First Tower Finance Company LLC ("First Tower Finance"); Freedom Marine Solutions, LLC ("Freedom Marine"); Gulf Coast Machine & Supply Company ("Gulf Coast"); Harbortouch Payments, LLC ("Harbortouch"); MITY, Inc. ("MITY"); NPRC; Nationwide Loan Company LLC (f/k/a Nationwide Acceptance LLC) ("Nationwide"); NMMB, Inc.; R-V Industries, Inc. ("R-V"); UPRC; Valley Electric Company, Inc. ("Valley Electric"); and Wolf Energy, LLC. We also own an affiliated interest in BNN Holdings Corp and Targus International, LLC ("Targus").

The following shows the composition of our investment portfolio by level of control as of March 31, 2016 and June 30, 2015:

	March 31,	2016			June 30,	2015			
Level of Control	Cost	% of Portfo	Fair Value	% of Portfoli	o Cost	% of Portfo	Sair Value	% of Portfo	olio
Control Investments	\$1,959,243	331.6	% \$1,998,023	333.3 %	\$1,894,6	4428.9	% \$1,974,20	229.9	%
Affiliate Investments	10,758	0.2	% 12,088	0.2	6 45,150	0.7	% 45,945	0.7	%
Non-Control/Non-Affiliate Investments	4,238,156	68.2	% 3,994,994	66.5 %	6 4,619,58	2 70.4	% 4,589,411	69.4	%
Total Investments	\$6,208,157	7100.0	% \$6,005,105	5100.0 %	\$6,559,3	76100.0	% \$6,609,55	8 100.0	1 %

The following shows the composition of our investment portfolio by type of investment as of March 31, 2016 and June 30, 2015:

	March 31,	March 31, 2016					June 30, 2015			
Type of Investment	Cost	% of	Fair Value	% of		Cost	% of	Fair Value	% of	
Type of investment	Cost	Portfo	lio Tun Vuiue	Portfo	lio	Cost	Portfo	lio Tun Vuide	Portfo	lio
Revolving Line of Credit	\$9,592	0.2	% \$9,390	0.2	%	\$30,546	0.5	% \$30,546	0.5	%
Senior Secured Debt	3,224,780	51.9	% 3,089,474	51.4	%	3,617,111	55.1	% 3,533,447	53.5	%
Subordinated Secured Debt	1,171,470	18.9	% 1,152,234	19.2	%	1,234,701	18.8	% 1,205,303	18.2	%
Subordinated Unsecured Debt	75,041	1.2	% 69,817	1.2	%	145,644	2.2	% 144,271	2.2	%
Small Business Loans	20,734	0.3	% 20,774	0.3	%	50,558	0.8	% 50,892	0.8	%
CLO Debt	_		% —		%	28,613	0.4	% 32,398	0.5	%
CLO Residual Interest	1,105,379	17.8	% 995,929	16.6	%	1,072,734	16.4	% 1,113,023	16.8	%
Preferred Stock	139,319	2.2	% 81,506	1.4	%	41,047	0.6	% 4,361	0.1	%
Common Stock	295,300	4.8	% 338,682	5.6	%	181,404	2.8	% 164,984	2.5	%
Membership Interest	159,436	2.6	% 169,531	2.8	%	148,192	2.3	% 278,537	4.2	%
Participating Interest(1)	_		% 70,543	1.2	%	_		% 42,787	0.6	%
Escrow Receivable	5,424	0.1	% 5,431	0.1	%	7,144	0.1	% 5,984	0.1	%
Warrants	1,682	0.0	% 1,794	0.0	%	1,682	0.0	% 3,025	0.0	%
Total Investments	\$6,208,157	7100.0	% \$6,005,105	5100.0	%	\$6,559,376	5100.0	% \$6,609,55	8100.0	%

⁽¹⁾ Participating Interest includes our participating equity investments, such as net profits interests, net operating income interests, net revenue interests, and overriding royalty interests.

The following shows our investments in interest bearing securities by type of investment as of March 31, 2016 and June 30, 2015:

	March 31, 2016						June 30, 2015					
Type of Investment	Cost	% of Portfol	io	Fair Value	% of Portfol	lio	Cost	% of Portfol	io	Fair Value	% of Portfol	lio
First Lien	\$3,231,630)57.6	%	\$3,096,122	258.0	%	\$3,642,761	58.9	%	\$3,559,097	58.3	%
Second Lien	1,174,212	21.0	%	1,154,976	21.6	%	1,239,597	20.0	%	1,210,199	19.8	%
Unsecured	75,041	1.3	%	69,817	1.3	%	145,644	2.4	%	144,271	2.4	%
Small Business Loans	20,734	0.4	%	20,774	0.4	%	50,558	0.8	%	50,892	0.8	%
CLO Debt	_	_	%	_		%	28,613	0.5	%	32,398	0.5	%
CLO Residual Interest	1,105,379	19.7	%	995,929	18.7	%	1,072,734	17.4	%	1,113,023	18.2	%
Total Debt Investments	\$5,606,996	5100.0	%	\$5,337,618	3100.0	%	\$6,179,907	100.0	%	\$6,109,880	100.0	%

The following shows the composition of our investment portfolio by geographic location as of March 31, 2016 and June 30, 2015:

	March 31,	2016				June 30, 20)15			
Geographic Location	n Cost	% of	Fair Value	% of		Cost	% of	Fair Value	% of	
<i>C</i> 1		Portfo	l10	Portfol	l10		Portfo	l10	Portfo	l10ء
Canada	\$15,000	0.2	% \$10,244	0.2	%	\$15,000	0.2	% \$15,000	0.2	%
Cayman Islands	1,105,379	17.8	% 995,929	16.6	%	1,101,347	16.8	% 1,145,421	17.3	%
France	10,072	0.2	% 9,388	0.2	%	10,145	0.2	% 9,734	0.2	%
MidWest US	685,838	11.0	% 722,597	12.0	%	749,036	11.4	% 767,419	11.6	%
NorthEast US	1,122,733	18.1	% 1,134,149	18.9	%	1,085,569	16.6	% 1,151,510	17.4	%
NorthWest US	42,463	0.7	% 41,720	0.7	%	_		% —		%
Puerto Rico	40,615	0.7	% 40,358	0.7	%	40,911	0.6	% 37,539	0.6	%
SouthEast US	1,467,273	23.6	% 1,502,404	25.0	%	1,609,956	24.5	% 1,661,477	25.1	%
SouthWest US	587,135	9.5	% 500,081	8.3	%	762,454	11.6	% 693,138	10.5	%
Western US	1,131,649	18.2	% 1,048,235	17.5	%	1,184,958	18.1	% 1,128,320	17.1	%
Total Investments	\$6,208,157	7100.0	% \$6,005,105	5 100.1	%	\$6,559,376	5100.0	% \$6,609,558	3100.0	%

The following shows the composition of our investment portfolio by industry as of March 31, 2016 and June 30, 2015:

March 31, 2016

June 30, 2015

	March 31,	2016					June 30, 20)15				
Industry	Cost	% of Portf		Fair Value	% of Portfo	olio	Cost	% of Portfo	olio	Fair Value	% of Portf	olio
Aerospace & Defense	\$67,834	1.1	%	\$66,352	1.1	%	\$70,860	1.1	%	\$78,675	1.2	%
Business Services	524,512	8.4	%	553,170	9.2	%	646,021	9.8	%	711,541	10.8	%
Chemicals	4,966	0.1	%	4,707	0.1	%	4,963	0.1	%	5,000	0.1	%
Commercial Services	245,262	4.1	%	232,621	3.9	%	245,913	3.8	%	241,620	3.6	%
Construction & Engineering	60,235	1.0	%	31,359	0.5	%	58,837	0.9	%	30,497	0.4	%
Consumer Finance	437,565	7.0	%	471,083	7.8	%	426,697	6.5	%	486,977	7.4	%
Consumer Services	190,022	3.1	%	193,288	3.2	%	190,037	2.9	%	190,216	2.9	%
Diversified Financial Services	117,174	2.0	%	117,134	2.0	%	120,327	1.8	%	119,919	1.8	%
Durable Consumer Products	405,705	6.5	%	406,088	6.8	%	439,172	6.7	%	422,033	6.4	%
Food Products	262,676	4.2	%	257,691	4.3	%	282,185	4.3	%	281,365	4.3	%
Healthcare	290,411	4.7	%	291,987	4.9	%	435,893	6.6	%	434,446	6.6	%
Hotels, Restaurants & Leisure	139,957	2.3	%	139,737	2.3	%	177,748	2.7	%	177,926	2.7	%
Machinery	349	0.0	%	482	0.0	%	376	0.0	%	563	0.0	%
Manufacturing	219,538	3.5	%	178,474	3.0	%	163,380	2.5	%	126,921	1.9	%
Media	330,930	5.3	%	320,589	5.3	%	361,825	5.5	%	350,365	5.3	%
Metal Services & Minerals	9,929	0.2	%	8,204	0.1	%	25,670	0.4	%	23,745	0.4	%
Oil and Gas Production	5,460	0.1	%	6,153	0.1	%	3,000	0.0	%	22	0.0	%
Oil and Gas Services	285,971	4.5	%	164,696	2.7	%	289,803	4.4	%	246,817	3.7	%
Online Lending	362,061	5.5	%	343,576	5.7	%	263,958	4.0	%	260,526	3.9	%
Personal & Nondurable Consume	r _{214.079}	2.4	01	100 575	2.0	07	212 706	2.4	07	102 046	20	%
Products	214,078	3.4	%	180,575	3.0	%	213,796	3.4	%	193,046	2.8	%
Pharmaceuticals	72,889	1.2	%	72,822	1.2	%	74,951	1.1	%	74,588	1.1	%
Property Management	4,160	0.1	%	3,061	0.1	%	5,880	0.1	%	3,814	0.1	%
Real Estate	344,184	5.5	%	468,866	7.8	%	412,080	6.3	%	465,196	7.0	%
Retail			%	· —		%	63	0.0	%	260	0.0	%
Software & Computer Services	155,144	2.5	%	153,107	2.5	%	217,429	3.3	%	217,472	3.3	%
Telecommunication Services	4,391	0.1	%	4,296	0.1	%	4,573	0.1	%	4,595	0.1	%
Textiles, Apparel & Luxury	270 755	15	01	270 755	47	07	252 200	2.0	01	252 200	2.0	01
Goods	279,755	4.5	%	279,755	4.7	%	252,200	3.8	%	252,200	3.8	%
Transportation	67,620	1.1	%	59,303	1.0	%	70,392	1.1	%	63,792	1.0	%
Subtotal	\$5,102,778	882.0	%	\$5,009,176	583.4	%	\$5,458,029	983.2	%	\$5,464,137	82.6	%
Structured Finance(1)	1,105,379	17.8	%	995,929	16.6	%	1,101,347	16.8	%	1,145,421	17.3	%
Total Investments	\$6,208,157	799.8	%	\$6,005,105	5100.0	%	\$6,559,376	5100.0	%	\$6,609,558	399.9	%
(1) Our CI O investments do not h	ovo industr	u conc	on	trations and	00 01101	ho	wa baan san	aratad	in	tha tabla ab	01/0	

(1)Our CLO investments do not have industry concentrations and as such have been separated in the table above.

Portfolio Investment Activity

During the nine months ended March 31, 2016, we acquired \$312,479 of new investments, completed follow-on investments in existing portfolio companies totaling approximately \$358,968, funded \$6,142 of revolver advances, and recorded PIK interest of \$7,475, resulting in gross investment originations of \$685,064. The more significant of these transactions are briefly described below.

On July 1, 2015, we provided \$31,000 of first lien senior secured financing to Intelius, Inc. ("Intelius"), an online information commerce company, of which \$30,200 was funded at closing. On August 11, 2015, we made a \$13,500 follow-on first lien senior secured debt investment in Intelius, of which \$13,000 was funded at closing, to support an acquisition. The \$21,500 Term Loan A note bears interest at the greater of 6.5% or Libor plus 5.5% and has a final maturity of July 1, 2020. The \$21,500 Term Loan B note bears interest at the greater of 12.5% or Libor plus 11.5% and has a final maturity of July 1, 2020. The \$1,500 senior secured revolver, which was not funded at closing, bears interest at 9.5% or Libor plus 8.5% and has a final maturity of July 1, 2016.

On July 23, 2015, we made an investment of \$37,969 to purchase 80.73% of the subordinated notes issued by Halcyon Loan Advisors Funding 2015-3 Ltd. in a co-investment transaction with Priority Income Fund, Inc., a closed-end fund managed by an affiliate of Prospect Capital Management.

On August 6, 2015, we provided \$92,500 of first lien senior secured debt to support the refinancing of Crosman Corporation ("Crosman"). Concurrent with the refinancing, we received repayment of the \$40,000 second lien term loan previously outstanding. The \$52,500 Term Loan A note bears interest at the greater of 9.0% or Libor plus 8.7% and interest payment in kind of 4.0%, and has a final maturity of August 5, 2020. The \$40,000 Term Loan B note bears interest at the greater of 16.0% or Libor plus 15.7% and interest payment in kind of 4.0%, and has a final maturity of August 5, 2020.

On August 12, 2015, we made an investment of \$22,898 to purchase 50.04% of the subordinated notes issued by Octagon Investment Partners XVIII, Ltd.

On August 12, 2015, we sold 780 of our small business whole loans (with a cost of \$30,968) purchased from OnDeck to Jefferies Asset Funding LLC for proceeds of \$26,619, net of related transaction expenses, and a trust certificate representing a 41.54% interest in the MarketPlace Loan Trust, Series 2015-OD2. We realized a loss of \$775 on the sale.

On August 21, 2015, we committed to funding a \$16,000 second lien secured investment in Sitel Worldwide Corporation, a provider of customer care outsourcing services. The second lien term loan bears interest at the greater of 10.5% or Libor plus 9.5% and has a final maturity of September 18, 2022.

On September 16, 2015, we made an investment of \$26,773 to purchase 75.09% of the subordinated notes issued by Apidos CLO XXII in a co-investment transaction with Priority Income Fund, Inc., a closed-end fund managed by an affiliate of Prospect Capital Management.

On October 2, 2015, we provided \$17,500 of first lien senior secured debt to Easy Gardener Products, Inc., a designer, marketer, and manufacturer of branded lawn and garden products. The first lien term loan bears interest at the greater of 10.25% or Libor plus 10.0% and has a final maturity of September 30, 2020.

On October 16, 2015, we made a \$37,000 second lien secured debt investment in Universal Fiber Systems, LLC, a manufacturer of custom and specialty fiber products used in high performance applications. The second lien term loan bears interest at the greater of 10.5% or Libor plus 9.5% and has a final maturity of October 2, 2022.

On November 2, 2015, we provided \$50,000 of first lien senior secured debt to Coverall North America, Inc. ("Coverall"), a leading franchiser of commercial cleaning businesses. We invested \$25,000 in Term Loan A and \$25,000 in Term Loan B Notes. Term Loan A bears interest at the greater of 7.0% or Libor plus 6.0% and has a final maturity of November 2, 2020. Term Loan B bears interest at the greater of 12.0% or Libor plus 11.0% and has a final maturity of November 2, 2020. As part of the recapitalization, we received repayment of the \$49,600 loan outstanding.

On November 6, 2015, we made a \$20,000 second lien secured debt investment in SCS Merger Sub, Inc., a value-added reseller of data center-focused hardware, software and related services. The second lien term loan bears interest at the greater of 10.5% or Libor plus 9.5% and has a final maturity of October 30, 2023.

On November 9, 2015 and December 28, 2015, we made a combined \$30,100 million follow-on first lien senior secured debt investment in System One Holdings, LLC ("System One"), to support an acquisition. The first lien term loan bears interest at the greater of 11.25% or Libor plus 10.5% and has a final maturity of November 17, 2020. On December 3, 2015, we provided \$245,900 of first lien senior secured debt to Broder Bros., Co ("Broder")., a leading distributor of imprintable sportswear and accessories in the United States. We invested \$122,950 in Term Loan A and \$122,950 in Term Loan B Notes. Term Loan A bears interest at the greater of 7.0% or Libor plus 5.75% and has a final maturity of June 3, 2021. Term Loan B bears interest at the greater of 13.50% or Libor plus 12.25% and has a final maturity of June 3, 2021. As part of the recapitalization, we sold \$5,000 and received a repayment of \$245,900 of the previous loan outstanding. We realized no gain or loss on the sale.

On February 3, 2016, lenders foreclosed on Targus Group International, Inc., and our \$21,613 first lien term loan was extinguished and exchanged for 1,262,737 common units representing 12.63% equity ownership in Targus Cayman HoldCo Limited, the parent company of Targus. On February 17, 2016, we provided additional debt financing to support the recapitalization of Targus. As part of the recapitalization, we invested an additional \$1,263 in a new senior secured Term Loan A notes and were allocated \$3,788 in new senior secured Term Loan B notes. Term Loan A and Term Loan B bear interest payment in kind of 15.0%, and have a final maturity date of December 31, 2019. During the same period, Targus was written-down for tax purposes and a loss of \$14,194 was therefore realized for the amount that the amortized cost exceeded the fair value, reducing the amortized cost to \$3,479.

During the nine months ended March 31, 2016, we made 23 follow-on investments in NPRC totaling \$180,783 to support the online consumer lending initiative. We invested \$31,697 of equity through NPH and \$149,086 of debt directly to NPRC and its wholly-owned subsidiaries. We also provided \$11,047 of equity financing to NPRC, \$9,017 of which was for the acquisition of Orchard Village Apartments, a multi-family property located in Aurora, Illinois, and \$2,030 to fund capital expenditures for existing properties.

During the nine months ended March 31, 2016, we provided \$2,268 of equity financing to APRC, and \$4,484 debt and and \$3,047 of equity financing to UPRC to fund capital expenditures for existing properties.

During the nine months ended March 31, 2016, our wholly-owned subsidiary PSBL purchased \$59,021 of small business whole loans from OnDeck.

During the nine months ended March 31, 2016, we received full repayments on eleven investments, sold four investments, and received several partial prepayments and amortization payments totaling \$955,415, net of realized losses totaling \$18,237. The more significant of these transactions are briefly described below.

On July 8, 2015, we sold 27.45% of the outstanding principal balance of the senior secured Term Loan A investment in InterDent, Inc. ("Interdent") for \$34,415. We realized no gain or loss on the sale.

On July 24, 2015, TB Corp. repaid the \$23,628 loan receivable to us.

On August 7, 2015, Ryan, LLC repaid the \$72,701 loan receivable to us.

On September 1, 2015, BNN Holdings Corp. repaid the \$42,922 loans receivable to us.

On September 16, 2015, GTP Operations, LLC repaid the \$116,411 loan receivable to us.

On September 22, 2015, we sold 19.4% of the outstanding principal balance of the senior secured Term Loan A investment in Instant Web, LLC for \$29,447. We realized no gain or loss on the sale.

On September 25, 2015, we sold an additional 8.39% of the total outstanding principal balance of the senior secured Term Loan A investment in InterDent, Inc. for \$10,516. We realized no gain or loss on the sale.

On September 25, 2015, Therakos, Inc. repaid the \$13,000 loan receivable to us.

On September 30, 2015, we restructured our investment in Arctic Energy. Concurrent with the restructuring, we exchanged our \$31,640 senior secured loan and our \$20,230 subordinated loan for Class D and Class E equity in Arctic Energy.

On October 9, 2015, BAART Programs, Inc. repaid the \$42,866 loans receivable to us.

On October 21, 2015, Aderant North American, Inc. repaid the \$7,000 loan receivable to us.

On October 30, 2015, we restructured our investment in CP Energy. Concurrent with the restructuring, we exchanged our \$86,965 senior secured loan and \$15,924 subordinated loan for Series B Redeemable Preferred Stock in CP Energy.

On October 30, 2015, we restructured our investment in Freedom Marine. Concurrent with the restructuring, we exchanged our \$32,500 senior secured loans for additional membership interest in Freedom Marine.

On November 16, 2015 and November 25, 2015, we sold our \$14,755 debt investment in American Gilsonite Company ("American Gilsonite"). We realized a loss of \$4,127 on the sale.

On November 30, 2015, Tolt Solutions, Inc. repaid the \$96,382 loan receivable to us.

On December 23, 2015, Stauber Performance Ingredients, Inc. repaid the \$16,811 loan receivable to us.

On January 21, 2016, we sold 100% of our CIFC Funding 2011-I, Ltd. Class E and Class D notes (collectively "CIFC") with a cost basis of \$29,004. We realized a gain of \$3,911 on the sale.

On March 22, 2016 and March 24, 2016, United Sporting Company, Inc. partially repaid the \$17,391 loan receivable to us.

During the three months ended March 31, 2016, we sold our \$10,100 debt investment in ICON Health and Fitness, Inc ("ICON"). We realized a loss of \$1,053 on the sale.

During the three months ended March 31, 2016, our remaining investment in New Century Transportation, Inc. ("NCT") was written-off for tax purposes and a loss of \$187 was therefore realized.

During the three months ended March 31, 2016, our remaining investment in Wind River Resources Corporation ("Wind River") was written-off for tax purposes and a loss of \$3,000 was therefore realized.

During the nine months ended March 31, 2016, we received partial repayments of \$103,732 of our loans previously outstanding and \$12,396 as a return of capital on our equity investment in NPRC.

During the nine months ended March 31, 2016, we received a partial repayment of \$26,730 of our loan previously outstanding with APRC and recorded \$11,016 of dividend income from APRC in connection with the sale of its Vista Palma Sola ("Vista") property.

The following table provides a summary of our investment activity for each quarter within the two years ending June 30, 2016:

Ouarter Ended Acquisitions(1) Dispositions(2) September 30, 2014 714,255 690,194 224,076 December 31, 2014 522,705 March 31, 2015 219,111 108,124 June 30, 2015 411,406 389,168 September 30, 2015 345,743 436,919 December 31, 2015 316,145 354,855 March 31, 2016 23,176 163,641

- Includes investments in new portfolio companies, follow-on investments in existing portfolio companies, refinancings and PIK interest.
- (2) Includes sales, scheduled principal payments, prepayments and refinancings.

Investment Valuation

In determining the range of values for debt instruments, except CLOs and debt investments in controlling portfolio companies, management and the independent valuation firm estimated corporate and security credit ratings and identified corresponding yields to maturity for each loan from relevant market data. A discounted cash flow analysis was then prepared using the appropriate yield to maturity as the discount rate, to determine a range of values. In determining the range of values for debt investments of controlled companies and equity investments, the enterprise value was determined by applying earnings before income tax, depreciation and amortization ("EBITDA") multiples, the discounted cash flow technique, net income and/or book value multiples for similar guideline public companies and/or similar recent investment transactions. For stressed equity investments, a liquidation analysis was prepared. For the private REIT investments, enterprise values were determined based on an average of results from a net asset value analysis of the underlying property investments and a discounted cash flow method utilizing capitalization rates for similar guideline companies and/or similar recent investment transactions.

In determining the range of value for our investments in CLOs, management and the independent valuation firm used a discounted cash flow model. The valuations were accomplished through the analysis of the CLO deal structures to identify the risk exposures from the modeling point of view as well as to determine an appropriate call date. For each CLO security, the most appropriate valuation approach was chosen from alternative approaches to ensure the most accurate valuation for such security. A waterfall engine was used to store the collateral data, generate collateral cash flows from the assets based on various assumptions for the risk factors, distribute the cash flows to the liability structure based on the payment priorities, and discount them back using proper discount rates to expected maturity or call date.

The Board of Directors looked at several factors in determining where within the range to value the asset including: recent operating and financial trends for the asset, independent ratings obtained from third parties, comparable multiples for recent sales of companies within the industry and discounted cash flow models for our investments in CLOs. The composite of all these analyses, applied to each investment, was a total valuation of \$6,005,105. Our portfolio companies are generally lower middle market companies, outside of the financial sector, with less than \$150,000 of annual EBITDA. We believe our market has experienced less volatility than others because we believe there are more buy and hold investors who own these less liquid investments.

Control investments offer increased risk and reward over straight debt investments. Operating results and changes in market multiples can result in dramatic changes in values from quarter to quarter. Significant downturns in operations can further result in our looking to recoveries on sales of assets rather than the enterprise value of the investment. Transactions between our controlled investments and us have been detailed in Note 14 to the accompanying consolidated financial statements. Several control investments in our portfolio are under enhanced scrutiny by our senior management and our Board of Directors and are discussed below.

American Property REIT Corp.

APRC is a Maryland corporation and a qualified REIT for federal income tax purposes. APRC is held for purposes of investing, operating, financing, leasing, managing and selling a portfolio of real estate assets and engages in any and all other activities that may be necessary, incidental, or convenient to perform the foregoing. APRC acquires real estate assets, including, but not limited to, industrial, commercial, and multi-family properties. APRC may acquire real estate assets directly or through joint ventures by making a majority equity investment in a property-owning entity. As of March 31, 2016, we own 100% of the fully-diluted common equity of APRC.

During the nine months ended March 31, 2016, we provided \$2,268 of equity financing to APRC to fund capital expenditures for existing properties.

As of March 31, 2016, APRC's real estate portfolio was comprised of eleven multi-family properties and one commercial property. The following table shows the location, acquisition date, purchase price, and mortgage outstanding due to other parties for each of the properties held by APRC as of March 31, 2016. In addition, during the nine months ended March 31, 2016, we received a partial repayment of \$26,730 of our loan previously outstanding and recorded \$11,016 of dividend income in connection with the sale of Vista Palma Sola property.

No	Property Name	City	Acquisition Date	Purchase	Mortgage
110.	Troperty Name	City	Acquisition Date	Price	Outstanding
1	1557 Terrell Mill Road, LLC	Marietta, GA	12/28/2012	\$23,500	\$ 14,964
2	Lofton Place, LLC	Tampa, FL	4/30/2013	26,000	20,410
3	Arlington Park Marietta, LLC	Marietta, GA	5/8/2013	14,850	9,650
4	Cordova Regency, LLC	Pensacola, FL	11/15/2013	13,750	11,375
5	Crestview at Oakleigh, LLC	Pensacola, FL	11/15/2013	17,500	13,845
6	Inverness Lakes, LLC	Mobile, AL	11/15/2013	29,600	24,700
7	Kings Mill Pensacola, LLC	Pensacola, FL	11/15/2013	20,750	17,550
8	Plantations at Pine Lake, LLC	Tallahassee, FL	11/15/2013	18,000	14,092
9	Verandas at Rocky Ridge, LLC	Birmingham, AL	11/15/2013	15,600	10,205
10	Plantations at Hillcrest, LLC	Mobile, AL	1/17/2014	6,930	4,904
11	Crestview at Cordova, LLC	Pensacola, FL	1/17/2014	8,500	8,160
12	Taco Bell, OK	Yukon, OK	6/4/2014	1,719	
				\$196,699	\$ 149,855

Due to improved operating performance at the property level, the Board of Directors increased the fair value of our investment in APRC to \$107,493 as of March 31, 2016, a premium of \$31,206 from its amortized cost, compared to the \$18,064 unrealized appreciation recorded at June 30, 2015.

First Tower Finance Company LLC

We own 80.1% of First Tower Finance, which owns 100% of First Tower, LLC ("First Tower"), the operating company. First Tower is a multiline specialty finance company based in Flowood, Mississippi with over 170 branch offices. On June 15, 2012, we acquired 80.1% of First Tower businesses for \$110,200 in cash and 14,518,207 unregistered shares of our common stock. Based on our share price of \$11.06 at the time of issuance, we acquired our 80.1% interest in First Tower for approximately \$270,771. The assets of First Tower acquired include, among other things, the subsidiaries owned by First Tower, which hold finance receivables, leaseholds, and tangible property associated with First Tower's businesses. As part of the transaction, we received \$4,038 in structuring fee income from First Tower. On October 18, 2012, we funded an additional \$20,000 of senior secured debt to support seasonally high demand during the holiday season. On December 30, 2013, we funded an additional \$10,000 to again support seasonal demand and received \$8,000 of structuring fees related to the renegotiation and expansion of First Tower's revolver with a third party which was recognized as other income. As of March 31, 2016, First Tower had \$428,756 of finance receivables net of unearned charges. As of March 31, 2016, First Tower's total debt outstanding to parties senior to us was \$49,906.

The Board of Directors slightly decreased the fair value of our investment in First Tower Finance to \$358,130 as of March 31, 2016, a premium of \$32,405 to its amortized cost, compared to the \$47,899 unrealized appreciation recorded at June 30, 2015.

Harbortouch Payments, LLC

Harbortouch is a merchant processor headquartered in Allentown, Pennsylvania. The company offers a range of payment processing equipment and services that facilitate the exchange of goods and services provided by small to medium-sized merchants located in the United States for payments made by credit, debit, prepaid, electronic gift, and loyalty cards. Harbortouch provides point-of-sale equipment free of cost to merchants and then manages the process whereby transaction information is sent to a consumer's bank from the point-of-sale (front-end processing), and then funds are transferred from the consumer's account to the merchant's account (back-end processing). On March 31, 2014, we acquired a controlling interest in Harbortouch for \$147,898 in cash and 2,306,294 unregistered shares of our common stock. We recorded \$130,796 of senior secured term debt, \$123,000 of subordinated term debt and \$24,898 of equity at closing. As part of the transaction, we received \$7,536 of structuring fee income from Harbortouch. On April 1, 2014, we restructured our investment in Harbortouch and \$14,226 of equity was converted into additional debt investment. On September 30, 2014, we made a \$26,431 follow-on investment in Harbortouch to support an acquisition. As part of the transaction, we received \$529 of structuring fee income and \$50 of amendment fee income from Harbortouch which was recorded as other income. On December 19, 2014, we made an additional \$1,292 equity investment in Harbortouch Class C voting units. As of March 31, 2016, we own 100% of the Class C voting units of Harbortouch, which provide for a 53.5% residual profits allocation. Due to market developments, the Board of Directors decreased the fair value of our investment in Harbortouch to \$335,680 as of March 31, 2016, a premium of \$34,249 to its amortized cost, compared to the \$71,477 unrealized appreciation recorded at June 30, 2015.

National Property REIT Corp.

NPRC is a Maryland corporation and a qualified REIT for federal income tax purposes. NPRC is held for purposes of investing, operating, financing, leasing, managing and selling a portfolio of real estate assets and engages in any and all other activities that may be necessary, incidental, or convenient to perform the foregoing. NPRC acquires real estate assets, including, but not limited to, industrial, commercial, and multi-family properties. NPRC may acquire real estate assets directly or through joint ventures by making a majority equity investment in a property-owning entity. Additionally, through its wholly-owned subsidiaries, NPRC invests in online consumer loans. As of March 31, 2016, we own 100% of the fully-diluted common equity of NPRC.

During the nine months ended March 31, 2016 we made 23 follow-on investments in NPRC totaling \$180,783 to support the online consumer lending initiative. We invested \$31,697 of equity through NPH and \$134,449 of debt to ACL Loan Holdings, Inc. ("ACL"), a wholly-owned subsidiary of NPRC, with the remaining \$14,637 of debt directly to NPRC and its wholly-owned subsidiaries. In addition, during the nine months ended March 31, 2016, we received partial repayments of \$40,460 of our loans previously outstanding and \$12,396 as a return of capital on our equity investment in NPRC.

The online consumer loan investments held by certain of NPRC's wholly-owned subsidiaries are unsecured obligations of individual borrowers that are issued in amounts ranging from \$1 to \$50, with fixed terms ranging from 18 to 85 months. As of March 31, 2016, the investment in online consumer loans by certain of NPRC's wholly-owned subsidiaries was comprised of 80,941 individual loans and had an aggregate fair value of \$642,450. The average outstanding individual loan balance is approximately \$8 and the loans mature on dates ranging from October 31, 2016 to April 2, 2023 with an average outstanding term of 35 months as of March 31, 2016. Fixed interest rates range from 4.0% to 36.0% with a weighted-average current interest rate of 21.0%.

During the nine months ended March 31, 2016, we provided \$11,046 of equity financing to NPRC to fund capital expenditures for existing properties, and received partial repayments of \$63,271 of our loans previously outstanding. As of March 31, 2016, NPRC's real estate portfolio was comprised of twelve multi-family properties, twelve self-storage properties, and one commercial property. The following table shows the location, acquisition date, purchase price, and mortgage outstanding due to other parties for each of the properties held by NPRC as of March 31, 2016.

No	Property Name	City	Acquisition		~ ~
110.	• •	City	Date	Price	Outstanding
1	146 Forest Parkway, LLC	Forest Park, GA	10/24/2012	\$7,400	\$ —
2	5100 Live Oaks Blvd, LLC	Tampa, FL	1/17/2013	63,400	46,700
3	NPRC Carroll Resort, LLC	Pembroke Pines, FL	6/24/2013	225,000	181,793
4	APH Carroll 41, LLC	Marietta, GA	11/1/2013	30,600	32,831
5	Matthews Reserve II, LLC	Matthews, NC	11/19/2013	22,063	19,971
6	City West Apartments II, LLC	Orlando, FL	11/19/2013	23,562	23,368
7	Vinings Corner II, LLC	Smyrna, GA	11/19/2013	35,691	33,045
8	Uptown Park Apartments II, LLC	Altamonte Springs, FL	11/19/2013	36,590	29,846
9	Mission Gate II, LLC	Plano, TX	11/19/2013	47,621	41,728
10	St. Marin Apartments II, LLC	Coppell, TX	11/19/2013	73,078	62,578
11	APH Carroll Bartram Park, LLC	Jacksonville, FL	12/31/2013	38,000	28,210
12	APH Carroll Atlantic Beach, LLC	Atlantic Beach, FL	1/31/2014	13,025	8,803
13	23 Mile Road Self Storage, LLC	Chesterfield, MI	8/19/2014	5,804	4,350
14	36th Street Self Storage, LLC	Wyoming, MI	8/19/2014	4,800	3,600
15	Ball Avenue Self Storage, LLC	Grand Rapids, MI	8/19/2014	7,281	5,460
16	Ford Road Self Storage, LLC	Westland, MI	8/29/2014	4,642	3,480
17	Ann Arbor Kalamazoo Self Storage, LLC	Ann Arbor, MI	8/29/2014	4,458	3,345
18	Ann Arbor Kalamazoo Self Storage, LLC	Scio, MI	8/29/2014	8,927	6,695
19	Ann Arbor Kalamazoo Self Storage, LLC	Kalamazoo, MI	8/29/2014	2,363	1,775
20	Jolly Road Self Storage, LLC	Okemos, MI	1/16/2015	7,492	5,620
21	Eaton Rapids Road Self Storage, LLC	Lansing West, MI	1/16/2015	1,741	1,305
22	Haggerty Road Self Storage, LLC	Novi, MI	1/16/2015	6,700	5,025
23	Waldon Road Self Storage, LLC	Lake Orion, MI	1/16/2015	6,965	5,225
24	Tyler Road Self Storage, LLC	Ypsilanti, MI	1/16/2015	3,507	2,630
25	SSIL I, LLC	Aurora, IL	11/5/2015	34,500	26,450
				\$715,210	\$ 583,833

Due to improved operating performance at the property level, the Board of Directors increased the fair value of our investment in NPRC to \$578,543 as of March 31, 2016, a premium of \$52,478 from its amortized cost, compared to the \$22,229 unrealized appreciation recorded at June 30, 2015.

United Property REIT Corp.

UPRC is a Delaware limited liability company and a qualified REIT for federal income tax purposes. UPRC is held for purposes of investing, operating, financing, leasing, managing and selling a portfolio of real estate assets and engages in any and all other activities that may be necessary, incidental, or convenient to perform the foregoing. UPRC acquires real estate assets, including, but not limited to, industrial, commercial, and multi-family properties. UPRC may acquire real estate assets directly or through joint ventures by making a majority equity investment in a property-owning entity. As of March 31, 2016, we own 100% of the fully-diluted common equity of UPRC. During the nine months ended March 31, 2016, we provided \$4,484 and \$3,047 of debt and equity financing, respectively, to UPRC to fund capital expenditures for existing properties.

As of March 31, 2016, UPRC's real estate portfolio was comprised of fifteen multi-families properties and one commercial property. The following table shows the location, acquisition date, purchase price, and mortgage outstanding due to other parties for each of the properties held by UPRC as of March 31, 2016.

No. Property Name		City	Acquisition	Purchase	Mortgage
NO.	Property Name	City	Date	Price	Outstanding
1	Atlanta Eastwood Village LLC	Stockbridge, GA	12/12/2013	\$25,957	\$ 19,785
2	Atlanta Monterey Village LLC	Jonesboro, GA	12/12/2013	11,501	9,193
3	Atlanta Hidden Creek LLC	Morrow, GA	12/12/2013	5,098	3,619
4	Atlanta Meadow Springs LLC	College Park, GA	12/12/2013	13,116	10,180
5	Atlanta Meadow View LLC	College Park, GA	12/12/2013	14,354	11,141
6	Atlanta Peachtree Landing LLC	Fairburn, GA	12/12/2013	17,224	13,575
7	Taco Bell, MO	Marshall, MO	6/4/2014	1,405	_
8	Canterbury Green Apartments Holdings LLC	Fort Wayne, IN	9/29/2014	85,500	74,305
9	Abbie Lakes OH Partners, LLC	Canal Winchester, OH	9/30/2014	12,600	10,440
10	Kengary Way OH Partners, LLC	Reynoldsburg, OH	9/30/2014	11,500	11,000
11	Lakeview Trail OH Partners, LLC	Canal Winchester, OH	9/30/2014	26,500	20,142
12	Lakepoint OH Partners, LLC	Pickerington, OH	9/30/2014	11,000	10,080
13	Sunbury OH Partners, LLC	Columbus, OH	9/30/2014	13,000	10,480
14	Heatherbridge OH Partners, LLC	Blacklick, OH	9/30/2014	18,416	15,480
15	Jefferson Chase OH Partners, LLC	Blacklick, OH	9/30/2014	13,551	12,240
16	Goldenstrand OH Partners, LLC	Hilliard, OH	10/29/2014	7,810	8,040
				\$288,532	\$ 239,700

Due to improved operating performance at the property level, the Board of Directors increased the fair value of our investment in UPRC to \$105,632 as of March 31, 2016, a premium of \$22,473 from its amortized cost, compared to the \$9,057 unrealized appreciation recorded at June 30, 2015.

Valley Electric Company, Inc.

We own 94.99% of Valley Electric as of March 31, 2016. Valley Electric owns 100% of the equity of VE Company, Inc., which owns 100% of the equity of Valley Electric Co. of Mt. Vernon, Inc. ("Valley"). Valley is a leading provider of specialty electrical services in the state of Washington and is among the top 50 electrical contractors in the U.S. The company, with its headquarters in Everett, Washington, offers a comprehensive array of contracting services, primarily for commercial, industrial, and transportation infrastructure applications, including new installation, engineering and design, design-build, traffic lighting and signalization, low to medium voltage power distribution, construction management, energy management and control systems, 24-hour electrical maintenance and testing, as well as special projects and tenant improvement services. Valley was founded in 1982 by the Ward family, who held the company until the end of 2012.

On December 31, 2012, we acquired 96.3% of the outstanding shares of Valley. We funded the recapitalization of Valley with \$42,572 of debt and \$9,526 of equity financing. Through the recapitalization, we acquired a controlling interest in Valley for \$7,449 in cash and 4,141,547 unregistered shares of our common stock. On June 24, 2014, Prospect and management of Valley formed Valley Electric and contributed their shares of Valley stock to Valley Electric. Valley management made an additional equity investment in Valley Electric, reducing our ownership to 94.99%.

Due to a decrease in operational performance, the Board of Directors slightly decreased the fair value of our investment in Valley Electric to \$31,359 as of March 31, 2016, a discount of \$28,876 from its amortized cost, compared to the \$28,340 unrealized depreciation recorded at June 30, 2015.

Equity positions in our portfolio are susceptible to potentially significant changes in value, both increases as well as decreases, due to changes in operating results and market multiples. Several of our controlled companies experienced such volatility and we recorded corresponding fluctuations in valuations during the nine months ended March 31, 2016. See above for discussions regarding the fluctuations in APRC, First Tower Finance, Harbortouch, NPRC, UPRC and Valley Electric. During the nine months ended March 31, 2016, the value of our investment in Arctic Energy decreased by \$22,747 as a result of declining operations. During the nine months ended March 31, 2016, the value of our investment in CP Energy decreased by \$12,766 as a result of depressed earnings resulting from softness of the energy markets; Echelon decreased by \$9,023 due to aircraft sale proceeds and resulting dividend distribution; and R-V decreased by \$4,587 due to lower sales profitability. In total, eleven of the controlled investments are valued

at the original investment amounts or higher, and eight of the controlled investments have been valued at discounts to the original investment. Overall, at March 31, 2016, control investments are valued at \$38,780 above their amortized cost.

We hold two affiliate investment at March 31, 2016. Our affiliate portfolio companies did not experience a significant change in valuation during the nine months ended March 31, 2016.

With the non-control/non-affiliate investments, generally, there is less volatility related to our total investments because our equity positions tend to be smaller than with our control/affiliate investments, and debt investments are generally not as susceptible to large swings in value as equity investments. For debt investments, the fair value is generally limited on the high side to each loan's par value, plus any prepayment premium that could be imposed. Many of the debt investments in this category have not experienced a significant change in value, as they were previously valued at or near par value. Non-control/non-affiliate investments did not experience significant changes and are generally performing as expected or better. During the nine months ended March 31, 2016, the value of our CLO residual interest investments decreased by \$149,739 primarily due to non-credit related changes in the capital markets impacting the underlying collateral and increasing our discount rate by 305 bps. Overall, at March 31, 2016, non-control/non-affiliate investments are valued \$243,162 below their amortized cost.

Capitalization

Our investment activities are capital intensive and the availability and cost of capital is a critical component of our business. We capitalize our business with a combination of debt and equity. Our debt as of March 31, 2016 consists of: a Revolving Credit Facility availing us of the ability to borrow debt subject to borrowing base determinations; Convertible Notes which we issued in February 2011, April 2012, August 2012, December 2012 and April 2014; Public Notes which we issued in March 2013, April 2014 and December 2015; and Prospect Capital InterNotes® which we issue from time to time. Our equity capital is comprised entirely of common equity.

The following table shows the maximum draw amounts and outstanding borrowings of our Revolving Credit Facility, Convertible Notes, Public Notes and Prospect Capital InterNotes® as of March 31, 2016 and June 30, 2015.

	March 31, 2016		June 30, 20	15
	Maximum	Amount	Maximum	Amount
	Draw Amou	O utstanding	Draw Amou	O utstanding
Revolving Credit Facility	\$885,000	\$—	\$885,000	\$368,700
Convertible Notes	1,089,000	1,089,000	1,239,500	1,239,500
Public Notes	708,242	708,242	548,094	548,094
Prospect Capital InterNotes®	898,535	898,535	827,442	827,442
Total	\$3,580,777	\$2,695,777	\$3,500,036	\$2,983,736

The following table shows the contractual maturities of our Revolving Credit Facility, Convertible Notes, Public Notes and Prospect Capital InterNotes® as of March 31, 2016.

Payments Due by Period

	Total	Less than 1	1 2 Voor	s3 – 5 Years	After 5
	Total	Year	1 – 3 1 cai	83 – 3 Tears	Years
Revolving Credit Facility	\$	\$—	\$ —	\$	\$ —
Convertible Notes	1,089,000	167,500	529,500	392,000	_
Public Notes	708,242	_	_	300,000	408,242
Prospect Capital InterNotes®	898,535	5,710	238,357	352,128	302,340
Total Contractual Obligations	\$2,695,777	\$ 173,210	\$767,857	\$1,044,128	\$710,582

The following table shows the contractual maturities of our Revolving Credit Facility, Convertible Notes, Public Notes and Prospect Capital InterNotes® as of June 30, 2015.

Payments Due by Period

	Total	Less than 1 Year	1 – 3 Year	rs3 – 5 Years	After 5 Years
Revolving Credit Facility	\$368,700	\$ <i>—</i>	\$ —	\$368,700	\$ —
Convertible Notes	1,239,500	150,000	497,500	592,000	_
Public Notes	548,094	_		300,000	248,094
Prospect Capital InterNotes®	827,442	_	54,509	369,938	402,995
Total Contractual Obligations	\$2,983,736	\$ 150,000	\$552,009	\$1,630,638	\$651,089

Historically, we have funded a portion of our cash needs through borrowings from banks, issuances of senior securities, including secured, unsecured and convertible debt securities, or issuances of common equity. For flexibility, we maintain a universal shelf registration statement that allows for the public offering and sale of our debt securities, common stock, preferred stock, subscription rights, and warrants and units to purchase such securities in an amount up to \$5,000,000 less issuances to date. As of March 31, 2016, we can issue up to \$4,822,456 of additional debt and equity securities in the public market under this shelf registration. We may from time to time issue securities pursuant to the shelf registration statement or otherwise pursuant to private offerings. The issuance of debt or equity securities will depend on future market conditions, funding needs and other factors and there can be no assurance that any such issuance will occur or be successful.

Each of our Unsecured Notes (as defined below) are our general, unsecured obligations and rank equal in right of payment with all of our existing and future unsecured indebtedness and will be senior in right of payment to any of our subordinated indebtedness that may be issued in the future. The Unsecured Notes are effectively subordinated to our existing secured indebtedness, such as our credit facility, and future secured indebtedness to the extent of the value of the assets securing such indebtedness and structurally subordinated to any existing and future liabilities and other indebtedness of any of our subsidiaries.

Revolving Credit Facility

On March 27, 2012, we closed on an extended and expanded credit facility with a syndicate of lenders through PCF (the "2012 Facility"). The lenders had extended commitments of \$857,500 under the 2012 Facility as of June 30, 2014, which was increased to \$877,500 in July 2014. The 2012 Facility included an accordion feature which allowed commitments to be increased up to \$1,000,000 in the aggregate. Interest on borrowings under the 2012 Facility was one-month LIBOR plus 275 basis points with no minimum LIBOR floor. Additionally, the lenders charged a fee on the unused portion of the 2012 Facility equal to either 50 basis points if at least half of the credit facility is drawn or 100 basis points otherwise.

On August 29, 2014, we renegotiated the 2012 Facility and closed an expanded five and a half year revolving credit facility (the "2014 Facility" and collectively with the 2012 Facility, the "Revolving Credit Facility"). The lenders have extended commitments of \$885,000 under the 2014 Facility as of March 31, 2016. The 2014 Facility includes an accordion feature which allows commitments to be increased up to \$1,500,000 in the aggregate. The revolving period of the 2014 Facility extends through March 2019, with an additional one year amortization period (with distributions allowed) after the completion of the revolving period. During such one year amortization period, all principal payments on the pledged assets will be applied to reduce the balance. At the end of the one year amortization period, the remaining balance will become due, if required by the lenders.

The 2014 Facility contains restrictions pertaining to the geographic and industry concentrations of funded loans, maximum size of funded loans, interest rate payment frequency of funded loans, maturity dates of funded loans and minimum equity requirements. The 2014 Facility also contains certain requirements relating to portfolio performance, including required minimum portfolio yield and limitations on delinquencies and charge-offs, violation of which could result in the early termination of the 2014 Facility. The 2014 Facility also requires the maintenance of a minimum liquidity requirement. As of March 31, 2016, we were in compliance with the applicable covenants.

Interest on borrowings under the 2014 Facility is one-month LIBOR plus 225 basis points with no minimum LIBOR floor. Additionally, the lenders charge a fee on the unused portion of the 2014 Facility equal to either 50 basis points if at least 35% of the credit facility is drawn or 100 basis points otherwise. The 2014 Facility requires us to pledge assets as collateral in order to borrow under the credit facility.

As of March 31, 2016 and June 30, 2015, we had \$645,696 and \$721,800, respectively, available to us for borrowing under the Revolving Credit Facility, of which the amount outstanding was \$0 and \$368,700, respectively. As additional eligible investments are transferred to PCF and pledged under the Revolving Credit Facility, PCF will generate additional availability up to the current commitment amount of \$885,000. As of March 31, 2016, the investments, including cash and money market funds, used as collateral for the Revolving Credit Facility had an aggregate fair value of \$1,470,217, which represents 23.8% of our total investments, including cash and money market funds. These assets are held and owned by PCF, a bankruptcy remote special purpose entity, and as such, these investments are not available to our general creditors. The release of any assets from PCF requires the approval of the facility agent.

In connection with the origination and amendments of the Revolving Credit Facility, we incurred \$12,405 of new fees and \$3,539 of fees carried over for continuing participants from the previous facility, which are being amortized over the term of the facility in accordance with ASC 470-50, of which \$8,210 remains to be amortized and is included within deferred financing costs on the Consolidated Statement of Assets and Liabilities as of March 31, 2016. During the six months ended December 31, 2014, in accordance with ASC 470-50, we expensed \$332 of fees relating to credit providers in the 2012 Facility who did not commit to the 2014 Facility.

During the three months ended March 31, 2016 and March 31, 2015, we recorded \$3,046 and \$3,545, respectively, of interest costs, unused fees and amortization of financing costs on the Revolving Credit Facility as interest expense. During the nine months ended March 31, 2016 and March 31, 2015, we recorded \$10,291 and \$10,803, respectively, of interest costs, unused fees and amortization of financing costs on the Revolving Credit Facility as interest expense. Convertible Notes

On December 21, 2010, we issued \$150,000 aggregate principal amount of convertible notes that matured on December 15, 2015 (the "2015 Notes"). The 2015 Notes bore interest at a rate of 6.25% per year, payable semi-annually on June 15 and December 15 of each year, beginning June 15, 2011. Total proceeds from the issuance of the 2015 Notes, net of underwriting discounts and offering costs, were \$145,200. On December 15, 2015, we repaid the outstanding principal amount of the 2015 Notes, plus interest. No gain or loss was realized on the transaction. On February 18, 2011, we issued \$172,500 aggregate principal amount of convertible notes that mature on August 15, 2016 (the "2016 Notes"), unless previously converted or repurchased in accordance with their terms. The 2016 Notes bear interest at a rate of 5.50% per year, payable semi-annually on February 15 and August 15 of each year, beginning August 15, 2011. Total proceeds from the issuance of the 2016 Notes, net of underwriting discounts and offering costs, were \$167,325. Between January 30, 2012 and February 2, 2012, we repurchased \$5,000 aggregate principal amount of the 2016 Notes at a price of 97.5, including commissions. The transactions resulted in our recognizing \$10 of loss in the year ended June 30, 2012.

On April 16, 2012, we issued \$130,000 aggregate principal amount of convertible notes that mature on October 15, 2017 (the "2017 Notes"), unless previously converted or repurchased in accordance with their terms. The 2017 Notes bear interest at a rate of 5.375% per year, payable semi-annually on April 15 and October 15 of each year, beginning October 15, 2012. Total proceeds from the issuance of the 2017 Notes, net of underwriting discounts and offering costs, were \$126,035. On March 28, 2016, we repurchased \$500 aggregate principal amount of the 2017 Notes at a price of 98.25, including commissions. The transaction resulted in our recognizing a \$9 gain for the period ended March 31, 2016.

On August 14, 2012, we issued \$200,000 aggregate principal amount of convertible notes that mature on March 15, 2018 (the "2018 Notes"), unless previously converted or repurchased in accordance with their terms. The 2018 Notes bear interest at a rate of 5.75% per year, payable semi-annually on March 15 and September 15 of each year, beginning March 15, 2013. Total proceeds from the issuance of the 2018 Notes, net of underwriting discounts and offering costs, were \$193,600.

On December 21, 2012, we issued \$200,000 aggregate principal amount of convertible notes that mature on January 15, 2019 (the "2019 Notes"), unless previously converted or repurchased in accordance with their terms. The 2019 Notes bear interest at a rate of 5.875% per year, payable semi-annually on January 15 and July 15 of each year, beginning July 15, 2013. Total proceeds from the issuance of the 2019 Notes, net of underwriting discounts and offering costs, were \$193,600.

On April 11, 2014, we issued \$400,000 aggregate principal amount of convertible notes that mature on April 15, 2020 (the "2020 Notes"), unless previously converted or repurchased in accordance with their terms. The 2020 Notes bear interest at a rate of 4.75% per year, payable semi-annually on April 15 and October 15 each year, beginning October 15, 2014. Total proceeds from the issuance of the 2020 Notes, net of underwriting discounts and offering costs, were \$387,500. On January 30, 2015, we repurchased \$8,000 aggregate principal amount of the 2020 Notes at a price of 93.0, including commissions. As a result of this transaction, we recorded a gain of \$332, in the amount of the difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the notes, net of the proportionate amount of unamortized debt issuance costs.

Certain key terms related to the convertible features for the 2016 Notes, the 2017 Notes, the 2018 Notes, the 2019 Notes and the 2020 Notes (collectively, the "Convertible Notes") are listed below.

	2016 2017 2018 Notes Notes Notes 201	2017	2018	2010 Natas	2020
		2019 Notes	Notes		
Initial conversion rate(1)	78.3699	85.8442	82.3451	79.7766	80.6647
Initial conversion price	\$12.76	\$11.65	\$12.14	\$12.54	\$12.40
Conversion rate at March 31, 2016(1)(2)	80.2196	87.7516	84.1497	79.8360	80.6670
Conversion price at March 31, 2016(2)(3)	\$12.47	\$11.40	\$11.88	\$12.53	\$12.40

Last conversion price calculation date 2/18/2016 4/16/2015 8/14/2015 12/21/2015 4/11/2015

Dividend threshold amount (per share)(4) \$0.101150 \$0.101500 \$0.101600 \$0.110025 \$0.110525

Conversion rates denominated in shares of common stock per \$1 principal amount of the Convertible Notes converted.

- Represents conversion rate and conversion price, as applicable, taking into account certain de minimis adjustments that will be made on the conversion date.
- The conversion price in effect at March 31, 2016 was calculated on the last anniversary of the issuance and will be (3) adjusted again on the next anniversary, unless the exercise price shall have changed by more than 1% before the anniversary.
- (4) The conversion rate is increased if monthly cash dividends paid to common shares exceed the monthly dividend threshold amount, subject to adjustment.

Upon conversion, unless a holder converts after a record date for an interest payment but prior to the corresponding interest payment date, the holder will receive a separate cash payment with respect to the notes surrendered for conversion representing accrued and unpaid interest to, but not including, the conversion date. Any such payment will be made on the settlement date applicable to the relevant conversion on the Convertible Notes.

No holder of Convertible Notes will be entitled to receive shares of our common stock upon conversion to the extent (but only to the extent) that such receipt would cause such converting holder to become, directly or indirectly, a beneficial owner (within the meaning of Section 13(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and the rules and regulations promulgated thereunder) of more than 5.0% of the shares of our common stock outstanding at such time. The 5.0% limitation shall no longer apply following the effective date of any fundamental change. We will not issue any shares in connection with the conversion or redemption of the Convertible Notes which would equal or exceed 20% of the shares outstanding at the time of the transaction in accordance with NASDAQ rules.

Subject to certain exceptions, holders may require us to repurchase, for cash, all or part of their Convertible Notes upon a fundamental change at a price equal to 100% of the principal amount of the Convertible Notes being repurchased plus any accrued and unpaid interest up to, but excluding, the fundamental change repurchase date. In addition, upon a fundamental change that constitutes a non-stock change of control we will also pay holders an amount in cash equal to the present value of all remaining interest payments (without duplication of the foregoing amounts) on such Convertible Notes through and including the maturity date.

In connection with the issuance of the Convertible Notes, we incurred \$34,629 of fees which are being amortized over the terms of the notes, of which \$16,137 remains to be amortized and is included within deferred financing costs on the Consolidated Statement of Assets and Liabilities as of March 31, 2016. This amount included a \$4 write-off of deferred financing costs associated with the repurchase of the 2017 Notes.

During the three months ended March 31, 2016 and March 31, 2015, we recorded \$16,038 and \$18,572, respectively, of interest costs and amortization of financing costs on the Convertible Notes as interest expense. During the nine months ended March 31, 2016 and March 31, 2015, we recorded \$52,957 and \$55,776, respectively, of interest costs and amortization of financing costs on the Convertible Notes as interest expense.

Public Notes

On May 1, 2012, we issued \$100,000 aggregate principal amount of unsecured notes that were scheduled to mature on November 15, 2022 (the "2022 Notes"). The 2022 Notes bore interest at a rate of 6.95% per year, payable quarterly on February 15, May 15, August 15 and November 15 of each year, beginning August 15, 2012. Total proceeds from the issuance of the 2022 Notes, net of underwriting discounts and offering costs, were \$97,000. On May 15, 2015, we redeemed \$100,000 aggregate principal amount of the 2022 Notes at par. In connection with this transaction, we recorded a loss in the amount of the difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the notes, net of the proportionate amount of unamortized debt issuance costs. The net loss on the extinguishment of the 2022 Notes in the year ended June 30, 2015 was \$2,600.

On March 15, 2013, we issued \$250,000 aggregate principal amount of unsecured notes that mature on March 15, 2023 (the "2023 Notes"). The 2023 Notes bear interest at a rate of 5.875% per year, payable semi-annually on March 15 and September 15 of each year, beginning September 15, 2013. Total proceeds from the issuance of the 2023 Notes, net of underwriting discounts and offering costs, were \$245,966.

On April 7, 2014, we issued \$300,000 aggregate principal amount of unsecured notes that mature on July 15, 2019 (the "5.00% 2019 Notes"). Included in the issuance is \$45,000 of Prospect Capital InterNotes® that were exchanged for the 5.00% 2019 Notes. The 5.00% 2019 Notes bear interest at a rate of 5.00% per year, payable semi-annually on January 15 and July 15 of each year, beginning July 15, 2014. Total proceeds from the issuance of the 5.00% 2019 Notes, net of underwriting discounts and offering costs, were \$295,998.

On December 10, 2015, we issued \$160,000 aggregate principal amount of unsecured notes that mature on June 15, 2024 (the "2024 Notes"). The 2024 Notes bear interest at a rate of 6.25% per year, payable quarterly on March 15, June 15, September 15 and December 15 of each year, beginning March 15, 2016. Total proceeds from the issuance of the 2024 Notes, net of underwriting discounts and offering costs, were \$154,880.

The 2022 Notes, the 2023 Notes, the 5.00% 2019 Notes, and the 2024 Notes (collectively, the "Public Notes") are direct unsecured obligations and rank equally with all of our unsecured indebtedness from time to time outstanding. In connection with the issuance of the 2023 Notes, the 5.00% 2019 Notes, and the 2024 Notes, we incurred \$13,156 of fees which are being amortized over the term of the notes, of which \$10,708 remains to be amortized and is included within deferred financing costs on the Consolidated Statement of Assets and Liabilities as of March 31, 2016. During the three months ended March 31, 2016 and March 31, 2015, we recorded \$10,352 and \$9,493, respectively, of interest costs and amortization of financing costs on the Public Notes as interest expense. During the nine months ended March 31, 2016 and March 31, 2015, we recorded \$26,513 and \$28,440, respectively, of interest costs and amortization of financing costs on the Public Notes as interest expense.

Prospect Capital InterNotes®

On February 16, 2012, we entered into a selling agent agreement (the "Selling Agent Agreement") with Incapital LLC, as purchasing agent for our issuance and sale from time to time of up to \$500,000 of Prospect Capital InterNotes® (the "InterNotes® Offering"), which was increased to \$1,500,000 in May 2014. Additional agents may be appointed by us from time to time in connection with the InterNotes® Offering and become parties to the Selling Agent Agreement.

These notes are direct unsecured obligations and rank equally with all of our unsecured indebtedness from time to time outstanding. Each series of notes will be issued by a separate trust. These notes bear interest at fixed interest rates and offer a variety of maturities no less than twelve months from the original date of issuance.

During the three months ended March 31, 2016, we issued \$5,573 aggregate principal amount of Prospect Capital InterNotes® for net proceeds of \$5,503. These notes were issued with stated interest rates ranging from 5.375% to 5.50% with a weighted average interest rate of 5.41%. These notes mature between January 15, 2021 and March 15, 2021.

During the nine months ended March 31, 2016, we issued \$74,862 aggregate principal amount of Prospect Capital InterNotes® for net proceeds of \$73,738. These notes were issued with stated interest rates ranging from 4.625% to 6.00% with a weighted average interest rate of 5.10%. These notes mature between July 15, 2020 and December 15, 2025.

The following table summarizes the Prospect Capital InterNotes® issued during the nine months ended March 31, 2016.

Tenor at Origination (in years)	Principal Amount	Interest Rate Range	Weigh Avera Intere Rate	ige	Maturity Date Range
5	\$37,930	4.625%-5.500%	64.93	%	July 15, 2020 – March 15, 2021
6.5	35,155	5.10%-5.25%	5.25	%	January 15, 2022 – May 15, 2022
7	990	5.625%-5.75%	5.65	%	November 15, 2022 – December 15, 2022
10	787	5.875%-6.00%	5.89	%	November 15, 2025 – December 15, 2025
	\$74,862				

During the nine months ended March 31, 2015, we issued \$74,967 aggregate principal amount of our Prospect Capital InterNotes® for net proceeds of \$73,730. These notes were issued with a stated interest rates ranging from 4.25% to 4.75% with a weighted average interest rate of 4.58%. These notes mature between May 15, 2020 and September 15, 2020. All notes issued during the nine months ended March 31, 2015 mature 5.5 years from the original date of issuance.

During the three months ended March 31, 2016, we repaid \$1,163 aggregate principal amount of Prospect Capital InterNotes® at par in accordance with the Survivor's Option, as defined in the InterNotes® Offering prospectus. As a result of these transactions, we recorded a loss in the amount of the difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the notes, net of the proportionate amount of unamortized debt issuance costs. The net loss on the extinguishment of Prospect Capital InterNotes® in the three months ended March 31, 2016 was \$28.

The following table summarizes the Prospect Capital InterNotes® outstanding as of March 31, 2016.

Tenor at	Dain aim al	Interest Data	Weighted			
Origination	•	Interest Rate	Average		Maturity Date Range	
(in years)	Amount	Range	Interest l	Rate		
3	\$5,710	4.00%	4.00	%	October 15, 2016	
3.5	3,109	4.00%	4.00	%	April 15, 2017	
4	45,690	3.75%-4.00%	3.92	%	November 15, 2017 – May 15, 2018	
5	245,618	4.25%-5.500%	64.92	%	July 15, 2018 – March 15, 2021	
5.2	4,440	4.625%	4.625	%	August 15, 2020 – September 15, 2020	
5.3	2,686	4.625%	4.625	%	September 15, 2020	
5.4	5,000	4.75%	4.75	%	August 15, 2019	
5.5	109,981	4.25%-5.00%	4.65	%	February 15, 2019 – November 15, 2020	
6	2,197	3.375%	3.375	%	April 15, 2021 – May 15, 2021	
6.5	40,867	5.10%-5.50%	5.24	%	February 15, 2020 – May 15, 2022	
7	192,389	4.00%-6.55%	5.13	%	June 15, 2019 – December 15, 2022	
7.5	1,996	5.75%	5.75	%	February 15, 2021	
10	37,558	3.622%-7.00%	66.12	%	March 15, 2022 – December 15, 2025	
12	2,978	6.00%	6.00	%	November 15, 2025 – December 15, 2025	
15	17,325	5.00%-6.00%	5.14	%	May 15, 2028 – November 15, 2028	
18	22,453	4.125%-6.25%	65.53	%	December 15, 2030 – August 15, 2031	
20	4,490	5.63%-6.00%	5.89	%	November 15, 2032 – October 15, 2033	
25	35,488	6.25%-6.50%	6.39	%	August 15, 2038 – May 15, 2039	
30	118,560	5.50%-6.75%	6.23	%	November 15, 2042 – October 15, 2043	
	\$898,535					

During the nine months ended March 31, 2015, we redeemed \$76,931 aggregate principal amount of our Prospect Capital InterNotes® at par with a weighted average interest rate of 6.06% in order to replace debt with higher interest rates with debt with lower rates. As a result of these transactions, we recorded a loss in the amount of the difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the Prospect Capital InterNotes®, net of the proportionate amount of unamortized debt issuance costs. The net loss on extinguishment of debt we recorded in the three and nine months ended March 31, 2015 was \$1,220 and \$1,556, respectively. During the nine months ended March 31, 2015, we repaid \$4,988 aggregate principal amount of our Prospect Capital InterNotes® at par in accordance with the Survivor's Option, as defined in the InterNotes® Offering prospectus.

The following table summarizes the Prospect Capital InterNotes® outstanding as of June 30, 2015.

Tenor at Origination (in years)	Principal Amount	Interest Rate Range	Interest		Maturity Date Range		
3	\$5,710	4.00%	Rate 4.00	%	October 15, 2016		
3.5	3,109	4.00%	4.00	%	April 15, 2017		
4	45,690	3.75%–4.00%		%	November 15, 2017 – May 15, 2018		
5	207,719	4.25%-5.00%		%	July 15, 2018 – May 15, 2019		
5.25	7,126						
	,	4.625%	4.63	%	August 15, 2020 – September 15, 2020		
5.5	115,184	4.25%-5.00%		%	February 15, 2019 – November 15, 2020		
6.0	2,197	3.375%	3.38	%	April 15, 2021 – May 15, 2021		
6.5	5,712	5.10%-5.50%	5.23	%	February 15, 2020 – December 15, 2021		
7.0	191,549	4.00%-5.85%	5.13	%	September 15, 2019 – June 15, 2022		
7.5	1,996	5.75%	5.75	%	February 15, 2021		
10	36,925	3.29%-7.00%	6.11	%	March 15, 2022 – May 15, 2024		
12.0	2,978	6.00%	6.00	%	November 15, 2025 – December 15, 2025		
15	17,385	5.00%-6.00%	5.14	%	May 15, 2028 – November 15, 2028		
18	22,729	4.125%-6.25%	65.52	%	December 15, 2030 – August 15, 2031		
20	4,530	5.75%-6.00%	5.89	%	November 15, 2032 – October 15, 2033		
25	36,320	6.25%-6.50%	6.39	%	August 15, 2038 – May 15, 2039		
30	120,583	5.50%-6.75%	6.23	%	November 15, 2042 – October 15, 2043		
	\$827,442						

In connection with the issuance of Prospect Capital InterNotes®, we incurred \$21,730 of fees which are being amortized over the term of the notes, of which \$15,882 remains to be amortized and is included within deferred financing costs on the Consolidated Statement of Assets and Liabilities as of March 31, 2016.

During the three months ended March 31, 2016 and March 31, 2015, we recorded \$12,283 and \$10,603, respectively, of interest costs and amortization of financing costs on the Prospect Capital InterNotes® as interest expense. During the nine months ended March 31, 2016 and March 31, 2015, we recorded \$36,120 and \$32,352, respectively, of interest costs and amortization of financing costs on the Prospect Capital InterNotes® as interest expense. Net Asset Value

During the nine months ended March 31, 2016, our net asset value decreased by \$280,633, or \$0.70 per share, resulting from a \$271,470, or \$0.76 per weighted average share, decrease in net realized and unrealized gains and losses on investments (see "Results of Operations" for further discussion). This decrease in our net asset value was partially offset by net investment income of \$279,761, or \$0.79 per weighted average share and a \$0.02 per share increase attributable to share repurchases, earned in excess of dividends to shareholders of \$266,920 or \$0.75 per share.

During the nine months ended March 31, 2016, we repurchased 4,708,750 shares of our common stock pursuant to our Repurchase Program for \$34,140, or approximately \$7.25 weighted average price per share at approximately a 30% discount to net asset value as of June 30, 2015. Our NAV per share was increased by approximately \$0.02 for the nine months ended March 31, 2016 as a result of the share repurchases. During the nine months ended March 31, 2016, we issued 1,731,768 shares of our common stock in connection with the dividend reinvestment plan. The following table shows the calculation of net asset value per share as of March 31, 2016 and June 30, 2015.

	March 31,	June 30,
	2016	2015
Net assets	\$3,422,416	\$3,703,049
Shares of common stock issued and outstanding	356,113,777	359,090,759
Net asset value per share	\$9.61	\$10.31

Results of Operations

Net change in net assets resulting from operations for the three months ended March 31, 2016 and March 31, 2015 was \$75,508 and \$81,492. During the three months ended March 31, 2016 the \$5,984 decrease is primarily due to a \$7,024 increase in net realized and unrealized losses on investments when comparing results for the quarters ended March 31, 2016 and March 31, 2015. This \$7,024 increase is comprised of net realized and unrealized losses of \$26,202 and \$2,290 on our CLO residual interests and equity investments, respectively, and net realized and unrealized gains of \$21,468 on our debt investments. This increase in net realized and unrealized losses are primarily due to non-credit related macro changes in the capital markets impacting our valuations in late calendar year 2015. (See Investment Income, Net Realized Losses, and Net Change in Unrealized Appreciation (Depreciation) sections below for further discussion.)

Net change in net assets resulting from operations for the nine months ended March 31, 2016 and March 31, 2015 was \$8,205 and \$251,570. During the nine months ended March 31, 2016, the \$243,365 decrease is primarily due to a \$251,025 increase in net realized and unrealized losses on investments, partially offset by net investment income, when comparing results for the nine months ended March 31, 2016 and March 31, 2015. This \$251,025 increase is primarily comprised of net realized and unrealized losses of \$126,772 and \$137,514 on our CLO residual interests and equity investments, respectively, and net realized and unrealized gains of \$13,261 on our debt investments. This increase in net realized and unrealized losses is primarily due to non-credit related macro changes in the capital markets impacting our valuations in late calendar year 2015. (See Investment Income, Net Realized Losses, and Net Change in Unrealized Appreciation (Depreciation) sections below for further discussion.)

While we seek to maximize gains and minimize losses, our investments in portfolio companies can expose our capital to risks greater than those we may anticipate. These companies typically do not issue securities rated investment grade, and have limited resources, limited operating history, and concentrated product lines or customers. These are generally private companies with limited operating information available and are likely to depend on a small core of management talents. Changes in any of these factors can have a significant impact on the value of the portfolio company.

Investment Income

We generate revenue in the form of interest income on the debt securities that we own, dividend income on any common or preferred stock that we own, and fees generated from the structuring of new deals. Our investments, if in the form of debt securities, will typically have a term of one to ten years and bear interest at a fixed or floating rate. To the extent achievable, we will seek to collateralize our investments by obtaining security interests in our portfolio companies' assets. We also may acquire minority or majority equity interests in our portfolio companies, which may pay cash or in-kind dividends on a recurring or otherwise negotiated basis. In addition, we may generate revenue in other forms including prepayment penalties and possibly consulting fees. Any such fees generated in connection with our investments are recognized as earned.

Investment income, which consists of interest income, including accretion of loan origination fees and prepayment penalty fees, dividend income and other income, including settlement of net profits interests, overriding royalty interests and structuring fees, was \$189,493 and \$191,350 for the three months ended March 31, 2016 and March 31, 2015, respectively. Investment income was \$598,935 and \$592,254 for the nine months ended March 31, 2016 and March 31, 2015, respectively. The \$6,681 increase is primarily the result of a \$19,455 increase in dividend income primarily from our investments in APRC and Echelon. This increase was partially offset by a \$11,625 decrease in other income primarily from a reduction in structuring fees due to lower levels of originations.

The following table describes the various components of investment income and the related levels of debt investments:

	Three Months	Ended March	Nine Months Ended March	
	31,		31,	
	2016	2015	2016	2015
Interest income	\$178,992	\$184,993	\$556,798	\$557,947
Dividend income	8,301	1,371	25,062	5,607

Other income Total investment income	2,200 \$189,493	4,986 \$191,350	17,075 \$598,935	28,700 \$592,254
Average debt principal of performing investments Weighted average interest rate earned on performing debt and equity investments	\$5,913,900 12.11 %	\$6,248,211 11.84 %	\$6,122,039 11.95 %	\$6,161,906 11.90 %
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Average interest income producing assets decreased from \$6,248,211 for the three months ended March 31, 2015 to \$5,913,900 for the three months ended March 31, 2016. The average interest earned on interest bearing performing assets increased from 11.84% for the three months ended March 31, 2015 to 12.11% for the three months ended March 31, 2016. The increase in returns is primarily due to an increase in interest income from our CLO investments. Average interest income producing assets increased from \$6,161,906 for the nine months ended March 31, 2015 to \$6,122,039 for the nine months ended March 31, 2016. The average interest earned on interest bearing performing assets increased from 11.90% for the nine months ended March 31, 2015 to 11.95% for the nine months ended March 31, 2016. The increase in returns is primarily due to an increase in interest income from our CLO investments. Investment income is also generated from dividends and other income which is less predictable than interest income. Dividend income increased from \$1,371 for the three months ended March 31, 2015 to \$8,301 for the three months ended March 31, 2016. The increase in dividend income is primarily attributable to a \$7,250 dividend received from our investment in Echelon. No such dividends were received from Echelon during the three months ended March 31, 2016 and Mar

Dividend income increased from \$5,607 for the nine months ended March 31, 2015 to \$25,062 for the nine months ended March 31, 2016. The \$19,455 increase in dividend income is primarily attributable to a \$11,016 dividend received from our investment in APRC and \$7,250 dividend received from our investment in Echelon. No such dividends were received from either APRC or Echelon during the nine months ended March 31, 2015.

Additionally, we received dividends of \$3,195, \$2,649 and \$710 related to our investments in CCPI, Nationwide and MITY, respectively, during the nine months ended March 31, 2016. No such dividends were received from CCPI or MITY during the nine months ended March 31, 2015. The increase in dividend income was partially offset by dividends of \$2,444 and \$1,929 received from our investments in Nationwide and First Tower, respectively, during the nine months ended March 31, 2015. No such dividends were received from First Tower during the nine months ended March 31, 2016

Other income has come primarily from structuring fees, royalty interests, and settlement of net profits interests. Income from other sources decreased from \$4,986 for the three months ended March 31, 2015 to \$2,200 for the three months ended March 31, 2016. The decrease is primarily due to a \$3,167 decrease in structuring fees, which are generated from originations and will fluctuate as levels and types of loan originations fluctuate. In November 2014, we elected to suspend our equity raising activities, which has since reduced our origination activity. Total originations decreased from \$219,111 in the three months ended March 31, 2015 to \$23,176 in the three months ended March 31, 2016. As a result, structuring fees fell from \$3,367 in the three months ended March 31, 2015 to \$182 in the three months ended March 31, 2016. The structuring fees recognized during the three months ended March 31, 2015 resulted from follow-on investments in existing portfolio companies, primarily from our investments in NPRC, Atlantis Health Care Group (Puerto Rico), Inc., and USG Intermediate, LLC.

Income from other sources decreased from \$28,700 for the nine months ended March 31, 2015 to \$17,075 for the nine months ended March 31, 2016. The decrease is primarily due to a \$14,021 decrease in structuring fees, which are generated from originations and will fluctuate as levels of originations and types of originations fluctuate. In November 2014, we elected to suspend our equity raising activities, which has since reduced our origination activity. Total originations decreased from \$1,456,071 in the nine months ended March 31, 2015 to \$685,064 in the nine months ended March 31, 2016. As a result, structuring fees fell from \$24,162 in the nine months ended March 31, 2015 to \$10,623 in the nine months ended March 31, 2016. Included within the \$24,162 of structuring fees recognized during the nine months ended March 31, 2015 is a \$3,000 fee from Airmall Inc. ("Airmall") related to the sale of the operating company for which a fee was received in August 2014 and a \$2,000 fee from Ajax Rolled Ring & Machine, LLC ("Ajax") related to the sale of the operating company for which a fee was received in October 2014. The remaining \$19,162 of structuring fees recognized during the nine months ended March 31, 2015 resulted from follow-on investments in existing portfolio companies and new originations, primarily from our investments in InterDent, Instant Web, LLC ("IWCO"), Pacific World Corporation, PrimeSport, Inc., Trinity Services Group, Inc., and UPRC, as discussed above. The structuring fees recognized during the nine months ended March 31, 2016 resulted from follow-on investments in existing portfolio companies, primarily from our investments in Crosman, Intelius, Broder,

Coverall, NPRC and System One.

Operating Expenses

Our primary operating expenses consist of investment advisory fees (base management and income incentive fees), borrowing costs, legal and professional fees and other operating and overhead-related expenses. These expenses include our allocable portion of overhead under the Administration Agreement with Prospect Administration under which Prospect Administration provides administrative services and facilities for us. Our investment advisory fees compensate the Investment Adviser for its work in identifying, evaluating, negotiating, closing and monitoring our investments. We bear all other costs and expenses of our operations and transactions. Operating expenses were \$101,867 and \$103,909 for the three months ended March 31, 2016 and March 31, 2015. Operating expenses were \$319,174 and \$319,025 for the nine months ended March 31, 2016 and March 31, 2015, respectively. The net base management fee was \$30,977 and \$33,679 for the three months ended March 31, 2016 and March 31, 2015, respectively, holding constant at \$0.09 per weighted average share. The total gross base management fee incurred to the favor of the Investment Adviser was \$31,442 and \$33,679 during the three months ended March 31, 2016 and March 31, 2015, respectively. The \$2,237 decrease in total gross base management fee is directly related to a decrease in average total assets. The Investment Adviser has entered into a servicing agreement with certain institutions, where we serve as the agent and collect a servicing fee on behalf of the Investment Adviser. During the three months ended March 31, 2016, we received payments of \$465 from these institutions, on behalf of the Investment Adviser, for providing such services under the servicing agreement for the three months ended March 31, 2016. We were given a credit for these payments as a reduction of base management fee payable by us to the Investment Adviser during the three months ended March 31, 2016 resulting in net total base management fees of \$30,977. No such credits were received during the three months ended March 31, 2015. The net base management fee was \$95,712 and \$100,878 for the nine months ended March 31, 2016 and March 31, 2015, respectively (\$0.27 and \$0.29 per weighted average share, respectively). The total gross base management fee incurred to the favor of the Investment Adviser was \$97,109 and \$100,878 during the nine months ended March 31, 2016 and March 31, 2015, respectively. The \$3,769 decrease in total gross base management fee is directly related to a decrease in average total assets. The Investment Adviser has entered into a servicing agreement with certain institutions, where we serve as the agent and collect a servicing fee on behalf of the Investment Adviser, During the nine months ended March 31, 2016, we received payments of \$1,397 from these institutions, on behalf of the Investment Adviser, for providing such services under the servicing agreement for the nine months ended March 31, 2016. We were given a credit for these payments as a reduction of base management fee payable by us to the Investment Adviser during the nine months ended March 31, 2016 resulting in net total base management fee of \$95,712. No such credits were received during the nine months ended March 31, 2015. For the three months ended March 31, 2016 and March 31, 2015, we incurred \$21,906 and \$21,860 of income incentive fees, respectively, holding constant at \$0.06 per weighted average share. This slight increase was driven by a corresponding increase in pre-incentive fee net investment income from \$109,301 for the three months ended March 31, 2015 to \$109,532 for the three months ended March 31, 2016, primarily due to an increase in dividend income. No capital gains incentive fee has yet been incurred pursuant to the Investment Advisory Agreement. For the nine months ended March 31, 2016 and March 31, 2015, we incurred \$69,940 and \$68,307 of income incentive fees, respectively (\$0.20 and \$0.19 per weighted average share, respectively). This increase was driven by a corresponding increase in pre-incentive fee net investment income from \$341,536 for the nine months ended March 31, 2015 to \$349,701 for the nine months ended March 31, 2016, primarily due to an increase in dividend income. No capital gains incentive fee has yet been incurred pursuant to the Investment Advisory Agreement. During the three months ended March 31, 2016 and March 31, 2015, we incurred \$41,719 and \$42,213, respectively, of interest expenses related to our Revolving Credit Facility, Convertible Notes, Public Notes and Prospect Capital InterNotes® (collectively, our "Notes"). During the nine months ended March 31, 2016 and March 31, 2015, we incurred \$125,881 and \$127,371, respectively, of expenses related to our Notes. These expenses are related directly to the leveraging capacity put into place for each of those periods and the levels of indebtedness actually undertaken in those periods.

The table below describes the various expenses of our Notes and the related indicators of leveraging capacity and indebtedness during these periods.

	Three Month 31,	s Ended March	Nine Months 31,	Ended March
	2016	2015	2016	2015
Interest on borrowings	\$36,268	\$37,605	\$110,515	\$112,319
Amortization of deferred financing costs	3,240	2,913	10,156	9,601
Accretion of discount on Public Notes	50	47	148	164
Facility commitment fees	2,161	1,648	5,062	5,287
Total interest and credit facility expenses	\$41,719	\$42,213	\$125,881	\$127,371
Average principal debt outstanding	\$2,725,717	\$2,879,132	\$2,842,070	\$2,819,457
Weighted average stated interest rate on borrowings(1)	5.32 %	5.22 %	5.18 %	5.31 %
Weighted average interest rate on borrowings(2)	6.12 %	5.86 %	5.91 %	6.02 %
Revolving Credit Facility amount at beginning of period (1) Includes only the stated interest expense.	\$885,000	\$810,000	\$885,000	\$857,500

Includes the stated interest expense, amortization of deferred financing costs, accretion of discount on Public Notes and commitment fees on the undrawn portion of our Revolving Credit Facility.

Interest expense during the nine months ended March 31, 2016 and March 31, 2015 is relatively stable as a result of increased issuances through our InterNotes programs and increased utilization of our Revolving Credit Facility, offset by both Public and Convertible Note maturities. The weighted average stated interest rate on borrowings (excluding amortization, accretion and undrawn facility fees) decreased from 5.31% for the nine months ended March 31, 2015 to 5.18% for the nine months ended March 31, 2016. This decrease is primarily due to issuances of shorter term debt at lower rates.

The allocation of gross overhead expense from Prospect Administration was \$5,698 and \$6,021 for the three months ended March 31, 2016 and March 31, 2015, respectively. Prospect Administration received estimated payments of \$2,762 and \$3,037 directly from our portfolio companies and certain funds managed by the Investment Adviser for legal, tax and portfolio level accounting services during the three months ended March 31, 2016 and March 31, 2015, respectively. We were given a credit for these payments as a reduction of the administrative services cost payable by us to Prospect Administration, resulting in net overhead expense of \$2,936 and \$2,984 during the three months ended March 31, 2016 and March 31, 2015, respectively. Had Prospect Administration not received these payments, Prospect Administration's charges for its administrative services would have increased by these amounts. As our portfolio continues to grow, we expect Prospect Administration to continue to increase the size of its administrative and financial staff.

The allocation of gross overhead expense from Prospect Administration was \$14,725 and \$13,998 for the nine months ended March 31, 2016 and March 31, 2015, respectively. During the nine months ended March 31, 2016, we renegotiated the managerial assistance agreement with First Tower LLC and reversed \$1,200 of previously accrued managerial assistance at First Tower Delaware as the fee was paid by First Tower LLC, which decreased our overhead allocation. We also incurred \$379 of overhead expense related to our consolidated entity SB Forging. Prospect Administration received estimated payments of 5,611 and \$5,584 directly from our portfolio companies and certain funds managed by the Investment Adviser for legal, tax and portfolio level accounting services during the nine months ended March 31, 2016 and March 31, 2015, respectively. We were given a credit for these payments as a reduction of the administrative services cost payable by us to Prospect Administration, resulting in net overhead expense of \$9,114 and \$8,414 during the nine months ended March 31, 2016 and March 31, 2015, respectively. Had Prospect Administration not received these payments, Prospect Administration's charges for its administrative services would have increased by these amounts. As our portfolio continues to grow, we expect Prospect Administration to continue to increase the size of its administrative and financial staff.

Total operating expenses, net of investment advisory fees, interest and credit facility expenses, allocation of overhead from Prospect Administration ("Other Operating Expenses") were \$4,329 and \$3,173 for the three months ended March 31, 2016 and March 31, 2015, respectively. The increase of \$1,156 during the three months ended March 31, 2016 is

primarily due to an overall increase in audit, compliance and tax related fees due to the growing size and complexity of our business. Other Operating Expenses were \$18,527 and \$14,055 for the nine months ended March 31, 2016 and March 31, 2015, respectively. The increase of \$4,472 during the nine months ended March 31, 2016 is primarily due to an increase in audit, compliance and tax related fees due to the growing size and complexity of our business.

Net Investment Income

Net investment income represents the difference between investment income and operating expenses. Net investment income was \$87,626 and \$87,441 for the three months ended March 31, 2016 and March 31, 2015, respectively. Net investment income remained constant as increases in dividends and CLO interest income was offset by a decrease in other income as a result of lower levels of originations and structuring fees.

Net investment income was \$279,761 and \$273,229 for the nine months ended March 31, 2016 and March 31, 2015, respectively. The \$6,532 increase during the nine months ended March 31, 2016 is primarily the result of a \$19,455 increase in dividend income related to APRC's sale of the Vista property and a \$3,533 decrease in advisory fees. These positive results were offset by a \$1,149 decrease in interest income, primarily due to an increase in foregone interest on non-accrual loans, and a \$11,625 decrease in other income, primarily due to a decrease in structuring fees from originations.

Net Realized Gains/Losses

During the three months ended March 31, 2016 we recognized net realized loss on investments of \$10,784 and a net realized gain of \$4,704 for the three months ended March 31, 2015. The net realized loss during the three months ended March 31, 2016 was primarily due to the \$17,194 write-down of our investment in Targus and write-off of our remaining investment in Wind River. The net realized gain during the three months ended March 31, 2015 was primarily due to an escrow release related to our investment in NRG Manufacturing, Inc. for which we realized a gain \$4,647. This gain was supplemented by other realized gains totaling \$357, primarily from partial sales and the release of escrowed amounts due to us from other portfolio companies. These gains were partially offset by realized losses resulting from the write-downs of certain investments for which we recognized total realized losses of \$300. During the nine months ended March 31, 2016 and March 31, 2015, we recognized net realized losses on investments of \$18,237 and \$150,973, respectively. The net realized loss during the nine months ended March 31, 2016 was primarily due to the write-down of our investment in Targus and write-off of our remaining investment in Wind River discussed above, along with \$5,062 of write-offs of our small business whole loan portfolio. The net realized loss during the nine months ended March 31, 2015 was primarily due to the sale of our investments in Airmall, Ajax, Borga, Inc. ("Borga") and BXC Company, Inc. ("BXC") for which we recognized total realized losses of \$46.571, and the sale of four of our CLO investments for which we realized total losses of \$15,561. During the nine months ended March 31, 2015, we decreased our cost basis in several of our investments (e.g., Appalachian Energy LLC, Change Clean Energy Company, Coalbed, LLC, Manx Energy, Inc., NCT, Stryker Energy, LLC, Wind River, and Yatesville Coal Company, LLC) were written-off and recorded total realized losses of \$96,700 (which were previously recognized as unrealized losses) for the amount that the amortized cost exceeded the fair value. These losses were partially offset by net realized gains from the proceeds collected on warrants redeemed from Snacks Parent Corporation, litigation settlements, partial sales, and the release of escrowed amounts due to us from several portfolio companies, for which we recognized total realized gains of \$7,859.

Net Change in Unrealized (Depreciation) Appreciation

Net change in unrealized depreciation was \$1,311 and \$9,775 for the three months ended March 31, 2016 and March 31, 2015, respectively. For the three months ended March 31, 2016, the \$1,311 net decrease in unrealized depreciation was driven primarily by increases in market yields and the competitive environment faced by our energy-related companies. Unrealized losses on our CLO debt and equity investments comprised \$33,556 of total net change in unrealized depreciation, and unrealized losses on our energy-related investments comprised \$40,022 of total net change in unrealized depreciation for the three months ended March 31, 2016. These unrealized losses were offset by \$69,985 unrealized appreciation in our REITs portfolio due to improved operating performance at the property-level. The remaining \$2,282 net decrease in unrealized depreciation is primarily the result of current market conditions and the results of operations of individual portfolio companies across various industries. For the three months ended March 31, 2015, the \$9,775 net change in unrealized depreciation was primarily the result of significant write-downs in our investments in CP Energy, Edmentum, Gulf Coast, and R-V. These instances of unrealized depreciation were partially offset by unrealized appreciation related to APRC, Echelon, First Tower, and UPRC.

Net change in unrealized (depreciation) appreciation was \$(253,233) and \$130,528 for the nine months ended March 31, 2016 and March 31, 2015, respectively. For the nine months ended March 31, 2016, the \$253,233 net decrease in unrealized depreciation was driven primarily by increases in market yields and the competitive environment faced by our energy-related companies. Unrealized losses on our CLO debt and equity investments comprised \$153,524 of total net change in unrealized depreciation and unrealized losses on our energy-related investments comprised \$77,618 of total net change in unrealized depreciation for the nine months ended March 31, 2016. During the nine months ended March 31, 2016, the valuation of our portfolio was also negatively impacted by increased regulatory scrutiny within the consumer finance industry and we recognized \$26,762 in unrealized losses, primarily related to our investment in First Tower, Additionally, during the nine months ended March 31, 2016, we reduced the value of our investment in Harbortouch by \$37,228 due to current market developments and our investment in Pacific World by \$12,109 due to declining operating results. These unrealized losses were offset by \$56,807 unrealized appreciation in our REITs portfolio due to improved operating performance at the property-level. The remaining unrealized depreciation was partially offset by unrealized appreciation due to operating improvements across multiple investments and industries. For the nine months ended March 31, 2015, the \$130,528 increase in net change in unrealized (depreciation) appreciation was primarily the result of realizing losses that were previously unrealized related to the sale of our investments in Airmall, Ajax, Borga and BXC, and the write-off of certain investments for which we eliminated the unrealized depreciation balances related to these investments. We also experienced significant write-ups in our investments in First Tower, Harbortouch, and NPRC. These instances of unrealized appreciation were partially offset by unrealized depreciation related to CP Energy, Edmentum, Gulf Coast, R-V, and United States Environmental Services, LLC.

Financial Condition, Liquidity and Capital Resources

For the nine months ended March 31, 2016 and March 31, 2015, our operating activities provided \$643,137 and used \$88,389 of cash, respectively. There were no investing activities for the nine months ended March 31, 2016 and March 31, 2015. Financing activities used \$583,951 and provided \$17,788 of cash during the nine months ended March 31, 2016 and March 31, 2015, respectively, which included dividend payments of \$255,063 and \$328,620, respectively.

Our primary uses of funds have been to continue to invest in portfolio companies, through both debt and equity investments, repay outstanding borrowings and to make cash distributions to holders of our common stock. Our primary sources of funds have historically been issuances of debt and equity. More recently, we have and may continue to fund a portion of our cash needs through repayments and opportunistic sales of our existing investment portfolio. We may also securitize a portion of our investments in unsecured or senior secured loans or other assets. Our objective is to put in place such borrowings in order to enable us to expand our portfolio. During the nine months ended March 31, 2016, we borrowed \$615,000 and made repayments totaling \$983,700 under our Revolving Credit Facility. As of March 31, 2016, we had no outstanding balance on our Revolving Credit Facility, \$1,089,000 outstanding on the Convertible Notes, Public Notes with a carrying value of \$708,242 and \$898,535 outstanding on the Prospect Capital InterNotes®. (See "Capitalization" above.)

Undrawn committed revolvers and delayed draw term loans to our portfolio companies incur commitment and unused fees ranging from 0.00% to 6.00%. As of March 31, 2016 and June 30, 2015, we had \$60,242 and \$88,288, respectively, of undrawn revolver and delayed draw term loan commitments to our portfolio companies. The fair value of our undrawn committed revolvers and delayed draw term loans was \$(202) as of March 31, 2016 and zero as of June 30, 2015.

Our shareholders' equity accounts as of March 31, 2016 and June 30, 2015 reflect cumulative shares issued as of those respective dates. Our common stock has been issued through public offerings, a registered direct offering, the exercise of over-allotment options on the part of the underwriters, our dividend reinvestment plan and in connection with the acquisition of certain controlled portfolio companies. When our common stock is issued, the related offering expenses have been charged against paid-in capital in excess of par. All underwriting fees and offering expenses were borne by us.

As part of our Repurchase Program, we delivered a notice with our annual proxy mailing on September 23, 2015 and our most recent notice was delivered with a shareholder letter mailing on February 2, 2016. This notice extends for six months after the date that notice is delivered. During the nine months ended March 31, 2016, we repurchased

4,708,750 shares of our common stock pursuant to our Repurchase Program for \$34,140, or approximately \$7.25 weighted average price per share at approximately a 30% discount to net asset value as of June 30, 2015. Our NAV per share was increased by approximately \$0.02 for the nine months ended March 31, 2016 as a result of the share repurchases.

On November 3, 2015, our Registration Statement on Form N-2 was declared effective by the SEC. Under this Shelf Registration Statement, we can issue up to \$4,822,456 of additional debt and equity securities in the public market as of March 31, 2016.

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

As of March 31, 2016, we did not have any off-balance sheet liabilities or other contractual obligations that are reasonably likely to have a current or future material effect on our financial condition, other than those which originate from 1) the investment advisory and management agreement and the administration agreement and 2) the portfolio companies.

Recent Developments

During the period from April 1, 2016 through May 10, 2016, we made four follow-on investments in NPRC totaling \$39,504 to support our online consumer lending initiative. We invested \$5,926 of equity through NPH and \$33,578 of debt directly to ACL Loan Holdings, Inc. ("ACL"), a wholly-owned subsidiary of NPRC. In addition, during this period, we received a partial repayment of \$11,800 ACL loan previously outstanding.

On April 6, 2016, we received partial repayments from APRC of \$2,973 for our loans previously outstanding.

On April 6, 2016, we received partial repayments from UPRC of \$7,567 for our loans previously outstanding.

On April 11, 2016, we announced the then current conversion rate on the 2020 Notes as 80.6670 shares of common stock per

\$1 principal amount of the 2020 Notes converted, which is equivalent to a conversion price of approximately \$12.40.

On April 16, 2016, we announced the then current conversion rate on the 2017 Notes as 87.7516 shares of common stock per

\$1 principal amount of the 2017 Notes converted, which is equivalent to a conversion price of approximately \$11.40.

On April 29, 2016, we invested an additional \$25,000 of Senior Secured Term Loan A and an additional \$25,000 of Senior Secured Term Loan B debt investment in Trinity Services Group, Inc. ("Trinity").

On April 29, 2016, through our delayed draw term loan commitment with Instant Web, LLC, we funded \$8,000 of Senior Secured Term Loan A and \$8,000 of Senior Secured Term Loan B.

During the period from May 3, 2016 through May 10, 2016, we collectively sold 72.10% of the outstanding principal balance of the Senior Secured Term Loan A investment in Trinity for \$25,000. There was no gain or loss realized on the sale.

During the period from April 1, 2016 through May 10, 2016, our wholly-owned subsidiary PSBL purchased \$5,555 of small business whole loans from OnDeck.

During the period from April 1, 2016 through May 10, 2016, we issued \$4,451 aggregate principal amount of Prospect Capital InterNotes® for net proceeds of \$4,395. In addition, we sold \$953 in aggregate principal amount of our Prospect Capital

InterNotes® for net proceeds of \$941 with expected closing on May 12, 2016.

On May 9, 2016, we announced the declaration of monthly dividends in the following amounts and with the following dates:

\$0.08333 per share for May 2016 to holders of record on May 31, 2016 with a payment date of June 23, 2016;

\$0.08333 per share for June 2016 to holders of record on June 30, 2016 with a payment date of July 21, 2016;

\$0.08333 per share for July 2016 to holders of record on July 29, 2016 with a payment date of August 18, 2016; and \$0.08333 per share for August 2016 to holders of record on August 31, 2016 with a payment date of September 22, 2016.

Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates

Basis of Presentation and Consolidation

The accompanying consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with United States generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP") pursuant to the requirements for reporting on Form 10-Q, ASC 946, Financial Services—Investment Companies ("ASC 946"), and Articles 6, 10 and 12 of Regulation S-X. Under the 1940 Act, ASC 946, and the regulations pursuant to Article 6 of Regulation S-X, we are precluded from consolidating any entity other than another investment company or an operating company which provides substantially all of its services to benefit us. Our consolidated financial statements include the accounts of Prospect, PCF, PSBL, PYC, and the Consolidated Holding Companies. All intercompany balances and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation. The financial results of our non-substantially wholly-owned holding companies and

operating portfolio company investments are not consolidated in the financial statements. Any operating companies owned by the Consolidated Holding Companies are not consolidated.

Reclassifications

Certain reclassifications have been made in the presentation of prior consolidated financial statements and accompanying notes to conform to the presentation as of and for the three and nine months ended March 31, 2016.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with GAAP requires us to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the consolidated financial statements and the reported amounts of income, expenses, and gains and losses during the reported period. Changes in the economic environment, financial markets, creditworthiness of our portfolio companies and any other parameters used in determining these estimates could cause actual results to differ, and these differences could be material. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include funds deposited with financial institutions and short-term, highly-liquid overnight investments in money market funds. Cash and cash equivalents are carried at cost which approximates fair value. Investment Classification

We are a non-diversified company within the meaning of the 1940 Act. As required by the 1940 Act, we classify our investments by level of control. As defined in the 1940 Act, "Control Investments" are those where there is the ability or power to exercise a controlling influence over the management or policies of a company. Control is generally deemed to exist when a company or individual possesses or has the right to acquire within 60 days or less, a beneficial ownership of more than 25% of the voting securities of an investee company. Under the 1940 Act, "Affiliate Investments" are defined by a lesser degree of influence and are deemed to exist through the possession outright or via the right to acquire within 60 days or less, beneficial ownership of 5% or more of the outstanding voting securities of another person. "Non-Control/Non-Affiliate Investments" are those that are neither Control Investments nor Affiliate Investments.

Investment Transactions

Investments are recognized when we assume an obligation to acquire a financial instrument and assume the risks for gains or losses related to that instrument. Investments are derecognized when we assume an obligation to sell a financial instrument and forego the risks for gains or losses related to that instrument. Specifically, we record all security transactions on a trade date basis. Amounts for investments recognized or derecognized but not yet settled are reported in due to broker or as a receivable for investments sold, respectively, in the consolidated statements of assets and liabilities.

Investment Risks

Our investments are subject to a variety of risks. Those risks include the following:

Market Risk

Market risk represents the potential loss that can be caused by a change in the fair value of the financial instrument. Credit Risk

Credit risk represents the risk that we would incur if the counterparties failed to perform pursuant to the terms of their agreements with us.

Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk represents the possibility that we may not be able to rapidly adjust the size of our investment positions in times of high volatility and financial stress at a reasonable price.

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk represents a change in interest rates, which could result in an adverse change in the fair value of an interest-bearing financial instrument.

Prepayment Risk

Many of our debt investments allow for prepayment of principal without penalty. Downward changes in interest rates may cause prepayments to occur at a faster than expected rate, thereby effectively shortening the maturity of the security and making the security less likely to fully earn all of the expected income and reinvesting in a lower yielding instrument.

Structured Credit Related Risk

CLO investments may be riskier and less transparent to us than direct investments in underlying companies. CLOs typically will have no significant assets other than their underlying senior secured loans. Therefore, payments on CLO investments are and will be payable solely from the cash flows from such senior secured loans.

Investment Valuation

To value our investments, we follow the guidance of ASC 820, Fair Value Measurement ("ASC 820"), that defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value in conformity with GAAP, and requires disclosures about fair value measurements. In accordance with ASC 820, the fair value of our investments is defined as the price that we would receive upon selling an investment in an orderly transaction to an independent buyer in the principal or most advantageous market in which that investment is transacted.

ASC 820 classifies the inputs used to measure these fair values into the following hierarchy:

Level 1: Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities, accessible by us at the measurement date.

Level 2: Quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets, or quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in markets that are not active, or other observable inputs other than quoted prices.

Level 3: Unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.

In all cases, the level in the fair value hierarchy within which the fair value measurement in its entirety falls has been determined based on the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement. Our assessment of the significance of a particular input to the fair value measurement in its entirety requires judgment and considers factors specific to each investment.

Our Board of Directors has established procedures for the valuation of our investment portfolio. These procedures are detailed below.

Investments for which market quotations are readily available are valued at such market quotations.

For most of our investments, market quotations are not available. With respect to investments for which market quotations are not readily available or when such market quotations are deemed not to represent fair value, our Board of Directors has approved a multi-step valuation process each quarter, as described below.

- 1. Each portfolio company or investment is reviewed by our investment professionals with independent valuation firms engaged by our Board of Directors.
- 2. The independent valuation firms prepare independent valuations for each investment based on their own independent assessments and issue their report.
- 3. The Audit Committee of our Board of Directors reviews and discusses with the independent valuation firms the valuation reports, and then makes a recommendation to the Board of Directors of the value for each investment. The Board of Directors discusses valuations and determines the fair value of each investment in our portfolio in
- 4. good faith based on the input of the Investment Adviser, the respective independent valuation firm and the Audit Committee.

Our non-CLO investments are valued utilizing a yield analysis, enterprise value ("EV") analysis, net asset value analysis, liquidation analysis, discounted cash flow analysis, or a combination of methods, as appropriate. The yield analysis uses loan spreads for loans, dividend yields for certain investments and other relevant information implied by market data involving identical or comparable assets or liabilities. Under the EV analysis, the EV of a portfolio company is first determined and allocated over the

portfolio company's securities in order of their preference relative to one another (i.e., "waterfall" allocation). To determine the EV, we typically use a market multiples approach that considers relevant and applicable market trading data of guideline public companies, transaction metrics from precedent merger and acquisitions transactions and/or a discounted cash flow analysis. The net asset value analysis is used to derive a value of an underlying investment (such as real estate property) by dividing a relevant earnings stream by an appropriate capitalization rate. For this purpose, we consider capitalization rates for similar properties as may be obtained from guideline public companies and/or relevant transactions. The liquidation analysis is intended to approximate the net recovery value of an investment based on, among other things, assumptions regarding liquidation proceeds based on a hypothetical liquidation of a portfolio company's assets. The discounted cash flow analysis uses valuation techniques to convert future cash flows or earnings to a range of fair values from which a single estimate may be derived utilizing an appropriate discount rate. The measurement is based on the net present value indicated by current market expectations about those future amounts.

In applying these methodologies, additional factors that we consider in valuing our investments may include, as we deem relevant: security covenants, call protection provisions, and information rights; the nature and realizable value of any collateral; the portfolio company's ability to make payments; the principal markets in which the portfolio company does business; publicly available financial ratios of peer companies; the principal market; and enterprise values, among other factors.

Our investments in CLOs are classified as ASC 820 Level 3 securities and are valued using a discounted cash flow model. The valuations have been accomplished through the analysis of the CLO deal structures to identify the risk exposures from the modeling point of view as well as to determine an appropriate call date (i.e., expected maturity). For each CLO security, the most appropriate valuation approach has been chosen from alternative approaches to ensure the most accurate valuation for such security. To value a CLO, both the assets and the liabilities of the CLO capital structure are modeled. Our valuation agent utilizes other methods to validate the results from the discounted cash flow method. We use a waterfall engine to store the collateral data, generate collateral cash flows from the assets based on various assumptions for the risk factors, distribute the cash flows to the liability structure based on the payment priorities, and discount them back using current market discount rates. We are not responsible for and have no influence over the asset management of the portfolios underlying the CLO investments we hold as those portfolios are managed by non-affiliated third party CLO collateral managers. The main risk factors are: default risk, interest rate risk, downgrade risk, and credit spread risk.

Valuation of Other Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities

ASC 825, Financial Instruments, specifically ASC 825-10-25, permits an entity to choose, at specified election dates, to measure eligible items at fair value (the "Fair Value Option"). We have not elected the Fair Value Option to report selected financial assets and financial liabilities. See Note 8 for further discussion of our financial liabilities that are measured using another measurement attribute.

Convertible Notes

We have recorded the Convertible Notes at their contractual amounts. The Convertible Notes were analyzed for any features that would require bifurcation and such features were determined to be immaterial. See Note 5 for further discussion.

Revenue Recognition

Realized gains or losses on the sale of investments are calculated using the specific identification method. Interest income, adjusted for amortization of premium and accretion of discount, is recorded on an accrual basis. Origination, closing and/or commitment fees associated with investments in portfolio companies are accreted into interest income over the respective terms of the applicable loans. Accretion of such purchase discounts or amortization of premiums is calculated using the effective interest method as of the purchase date and adjusted only for material amendments or prepayments. Upon the prepayment of a loan or debt security, any prepayment penalties and unamortized loan origination, closing and commitment fees are recorded as interest income.

Loans are placed on non-accrual status when there is reasonable doubt that principal or interest will be collected. Unpaid accrued interest is generally reversed when a loan is placed on non-accrual status. Interest payments received on non-accrual loans may be recognized as income or applied to principal depending upon management's judgment. Non-accrual loans are restored to accrual status when past due principal and interest is paid and in management's

judgment, is likely to remain current. As of March 31, 2016, approximately 0.5% of our total assets are in non-accrual status.

Interest income from investments in the "equity" class of security of CLO funds (typically preferred shares, income notes or subordinated notes) and "equity" class of security of securitized trust is recorded based upon an estimation of an effective yield to expected maturity utilizing assumed cash flows in accordance with ASC 325-40, Beneficial Interests in Securitized Financial

Assets. We monitor the expected cash inflows from our CLO and securitized trust equity investments, including the expected residual payments, and the effective yield is determined and updated periodically.

Dividend income is recorded on the ex-dividend date.

Structuring fees and similar fees are recognized as income is earned, usually when paid. Structuring fees, excess deal deposits, net profits interests and overriding royalty interests are included in other income.

Federal and State Income Taxes

We have elected to be treated as a regulated investment company and intend to continue to comply with the requirements of the Code applicable to regulated investment companies. We are required to distribute at least 90% of our investment company taxable income and intend to distribute (or retain through a deemed distribution) all of our investment company taxable income and net capital gain to stockholders; therefore, we have made no provision for income taxes. The character of income and gains that we will distribute is determined in accordance with income tax regulations that may differ from GAAP. Book and tax basis differences relating to stockholder dividends and distributions and other permanent book and tax differences are reclassified to paid-in capital.

If we do not distribute (or are not deemed to have distributed) at least 98% of our annual ordinary income and 98.2% of our capital gains in the calendar year earned, we will generally be required to pay an excise tax equal to 4% of the amount by which 98% of our annual ordinary income and 98.2% of our capital gains exceed the distributions from such taxable income for the year. To the extent that we determine that our estimated current year annual taxable income will be in excess of estimated current year dividend distributions from such taxable income, we accrue excise taxes, if any, on estimated excess taxable income. As of March 31, 2016 and June 30, 2015, we accrued \$400 and \$305, respectively, for any unpaid potential excise tax liability and have included these amounts within other liabilities on the accompanying Consolidated Statements of Assets and Liabilities.

If we fail to satisfy the annual distribution requirement or otherwise fail to qualify as a RIC in any taxable year, we would be subject to tax on all of our taxable income at regular corporate rates. We would not be able to deduct distributions to stockholders, nor would we be required to make distributions. Distributions would generally be taxable to our individual and other non-corporate taxable stockholders as ordinary dividend income eligible for the reduced maximum rate applicable to qualified dividend income to the extent of our current and accumulated earnings and profits, provided certain holding period and other requirements are met. Subject to certain limitations under the Code, corporate distributions would be eligible for the dividends-received deduction. To qualify again to be taxed as a RIC in a subsequent year, we would be required to distribute to our shareholders our accumulated earnings and profits attributable to non-RIC years reduced by an interest charge of 50% of such earnings and profits payable by us as an additional tax. In addition, if we failed to qualify as a RIC for a period greater than two taxable years, then, in order to qualify as a RIC in a subsequent year, we would be required to elect to recognize and pay tax on any net built-in gain (the excess of aggregate gain, including items of income, over aggregate loss that would have been realized if we had been liquidated) or, alternatively, be subject to taxation on such built-in gain recognized for a period of ten years. We follow ASC 740, Income Taxes ("ASC 740"). ASC 740 provides guidance for how uncertain tax positions should be recognized, measured, presented, and disclosed in the consolidated financial statements. ASC 740 requires the evaluation of tax positions taken or expected to be taken in the course of preparing our tax returns to determine whether the tax positions are "more-likely-than-not" of being sustained by the applicable tax authority. Tax positions not deemed to meet the more-likely-than-not threshold are recorded as a tax benefit or expense in the current year. As of March 31, 2016 and for the three and nine months then ended, we did not record any unrecognized tax benefits or liabilities. Management's determinations regarding ASC 740 may be subject to review and adjustment at a later date based upon factors including, but not limited to, an on-going analysis of tax laws, regulations and interpretations thereof. Although we file both federal and state income tax returns, our major tax jurisdiction is federal. Our tax returns for our federal tax years ended August 31, 2012 and thereafter remain subject to examination by the Internal Revenue Service.

Dividends and Distributions

Dividends and distributions to common stockholders are recorded on the ex-dividend date. The amount, if any, to be paid as a monthly dividend or distribution is approved by our Board of Directors quarterly and is generally based upon our management's estimate of our future earnings. Net realized capital gains, if any, are distributed at least annually. Financing Costs

We record origination expenses related to our Revolving Credit Facility and Convertible Notes, Public Notes and Prospect Capital InterNotes® (collectively, our "Unsecured Notes") as deferred financing costs. These expenses are deferred and amortized as part of interest expense using the straight-line method for our Revolving Credit Facility and the effective interest method for our

Unsecured Notes over the respective expected life or maturity. In the event that we modify or extinguish our debt before maturity, we follow the guidance in ASC 470-50, Modification and Extinguishments ("ASC 470-50"). For modifications to or exchanges of our Revolving Credit Facility, any unamortized deferred costs relating to lenders who are not part of the new lending group are expensed. For extinguishments of our Unsecured Notes, any unamortized deferred costs are deducted from the carrying amount of the debt in determining the gain or loss from the extinguishment. Effective July 1, 2016, these costs will be reclassified to the balance sheet as a deduction from the debt liability rather than an asset, in accordance with Accounting Standards Update 2015-03, Simplifying the Presentation of Debt Issuance Costs ("ASU 2015-03").

We may record registration expenses related to shelf filings as prepaid assets. These expenses consist principally of SEC registration fees, legal fees and accounting fees incurred. These prepaid assets are charged to capital upon the receipt of proceeds from an equity offering or charged to expense if no offering is completed. As of March 31, 2016 and June 30, 2015, there are no prepaid assets related to registration expenses and all amounts incurred have been expensed.

Guarantees and Indemnification Agreements

We follow ASC 460, Guarantees ("ASC 460"). ASC 460 elaborates on the disclosure requirements of a guarantor in its interim and annual consolidated financial statements about its obligations under certain guarantees that it has issued. It also requires a guarantor to recognize, at the inception of a guarantee, for those guarantees that are covered by ASC 460, the fair value of the obligation undertaken in issuing certain guarantees.

Per Share Information

Net increase or decrease in net assets resulting from operations per share is calculated using the weighted average number of common shares outstanding for the period presented. In accordance with ASC 946, convertible securities are not considered in the calculation of net asset value per share.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

In April 2015, the FASB issued ASU 2015-03 which requires debt issuance costs related to a recognized debt liability to be presented in the balance sheet as a direct deduction from the debt liability rather than as an asset. The new guidance will make the presentation of debt issuance costs consistent with the presentation of debt discounts or premiums. ASU 2015-03 is effective for financial statements issued for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2015, and interim periods within those fiscal years. Early adoption is permitted for financial statements that have not been previously issued. The new guidance must be applied on a retrospective basis to all prior periods presented in the financial statements. The adoption of the amended guidance in ASU 2015-03 is expected to decrease total liabilities by decreasing the carrying value of our debt, and is expected to decrease total assets by decreasing deferred financing costs of our debt, but is not expected to have any other significant effect on our consolidated financial statements and disclosures.

In January 2016, the FASB issued Accounting Standards Update 2016-01, Recognition and Measurement of Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities ("ASU 2016-01"). The amendments in ASU 2016-01 address certain aspects of recognition, measurement, presentation, and disclosure of financial instruments. One such amendment requires an entity to present separately in other comprehensive income the portion of the total change in the fair value of a liability resulting from a change in the instrument-specific credit risk when the entity has elected to measure the liability at fair value in accordance with the fair value option. That presentation addresses financial statement users' feedback that presenting the total change in fair value of a liability in net income reduced the decision usefulness of an entity's net income when it had a deterioration in its credit worthiness. ASU 2016-01 is effective for financial statements issued for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2017, and interim periods within those fiscal years. The new guidance must be applied by means of a cumulative-effect adjustment to the balance sheet as of the beginning of the fiscal year of adoption. The amendments related to equity securities without readily determinable fair values (including disclosure requirements) should be applied prospectively to equity investments that exist as of the date of adoption of ASU 2016-01. The adoption of the amended guidance in ASU 2016-01 is not expected to have a significant effect on our consolidated financial statements and disclosures.

QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

We are subject to financial market risks, including changes in interest rates and equity price risk. Some of the loans in our portfolio have floating interest rates.

We may hedge against interest rate fluctuations by using standard hedging instruments such as futures, options and forward contracts subject to the requirements of the 1940 Act. While hedging activities may insulate us against adverse changes in interest rates, they may also limit our ability to participate in the benefits of higher interest rates with respect to our portfolio of investments. During the three months ended March 31, 2016, we did not engage in hedging activities.

REGISTRATION AND SETTLEMENT

The Depository Trust Company

All of the notes we offer will be issued in book-entry only form. This means that we will not issue certificates for notes, except in the limited case described below. Instead, we will issue global notes in registered form. Each global note will be held through DTC and will be registered in the name of Cede & Co., as nominee of DTC.

Accordingly, Cede & Co. will be the holder of record of the notes. Each note represented by a global note evidences a beneficial interest in that global note.

Beneficial interests in a global note will be shown on, and transfers are effected through, records maintained by DTC or its participants. In order to own a beneficial interest in a note, you must be an institution that has an account with DTC or have a direct or indirect account with such an institution. Transfers of ownership interests in the notes will be accomplished by making entries in DTC participants' books acting on behalf of beneficial owners.

So long as DTC or its nominee is the registered holder of a global note, DTC or its nominee, as the case may be, will be the sole holder and owner of the notes represented thereby for all purposes, including payment of principal and interest, under the indenture. Except as otherwise provided below, you will not be entitled to receive physical delivery of certificated notes and will not be considered the holder of the notes for any purpose under the indenture.

Accordingly, you must rely on the procedures of DTC and the procedures of the DTC participant through which you own your note in order to exercise any rights of a holder of a note under the indenture. The laws of some jurisdictions require that certain purchasers of notes take physical delivery of such notes in certificated form. Those limits and laws may impair the ability to transfer beneficial interests in the notes.

Each global note representing notes will be exchangeable for certificated notes of like tenor and terms and of differing authorized denominations in a like aggregate principal amount, only if (1) DTC notifies us that it is unwilling or unable to continue as depositary for the global notes or we become aware that DTC has ceased to be a clearing agency registered under the Exchange Act and, in any such case we fail to appoint a successor to DTC within 60 calendar days, (2) we, in our sole discretion, determine that the global notes shall be exchangeable for certificated notes or (3) an event of default has occurred and is continuing with respect to the notes under the indenture. Upon any such exchange, the certificated notes shall be registered in the names of the beneficial owners of the global note representing the notes.

The following is based on information furnished by DTC:

DTC will act as securities depositary for the notes. The notes will be issued as fully-registered notes registered in the name of Cede & Co. (DTC's partnership nominee) or such other name as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC. Generally, one fully registered global note will be issued for all of the principal amount of the notes.

DTC is a limited-purpose trust company organized under the New York Banking Law, a "banking organization" within the meaning of the New York Banking Law, a member of the Federal Reserve System, a "clearing corporation" within the meaning of the New York Uniform Commercial Code, and a "clearing agency" registered pursuant to the provisions of Section 17A of the Exchange Act. DTC holds and provides asset servicing for over 2 million issues of U.S. and non-U.S. equity issues, corporate and municipal debt issues and money market instruments from over 85 countries that DTC's direct participants deposit with DTC.

DTC also facilitates the post-trade settlement among direct participants of sales and other securities transactions in deposited securities, through electronic computerized book-entry transfers and pledges between direct participants' accounts. This eliminates the need for physical movement of securities certificates. Direct participants include both U.S. and non U.S. securities brokers and dealers, banks, trust companies, clearing corporations, and certain other organizations. DTC is a wholly-owned subsidiary of The Depository Trust & Clearing Corporation ("DTCC"). DTCC, in turn, is owned by a number of direct participants of DTC and members of the National Securities Clearing Corporation, Government Securities Clearing Corporation, MBS Clearing Corporation, and Emerging Markets Clearing Corporation, as well as by The New York Stock Exchange, Inc., the American Stock Exchange LLC, and the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, Inc. Access to the DTC system is also available to others such as both U.S. and non-U.S. securities brokers and dealers, banks, trust companies and clearing corporations that clear through or maintain a custodial relationship with a direct participant, either directly or indirectly. The DTC rules applicable to its participants are on file with the SEC. More information about DTC can be found at www.dtcc.com.

Purchases of the notes under the DTC system must be made by or through direct participants, which will receive a credit for the notes on DTC's records. The beneficial interest of each actual purchaser of each note is in turn to be recorded on the direct and indirect participants' records. Beneficial owners will not receive written confirmation from DTC of their purchase.

Beneficial owners are, however, expected to receive written confirmations providing details of the transaction, as well as periodic statements of their holdings, from the direct or indirect participant through which the beneficial owner entered into the transaction. Transfers of beneficial interests in the notes are to be accomplished by entries made on the books of direct and indirect participants acting on behalf of beneficial owners. Beneficial owners will not receive certificates representing their beneficial interests in notes, except in the event that use of the book-entry system for the notes is discontinued.

To facilitate subsequent transfers, all notes deposited by direct participants with DTC will be registered in the name of DTC's partnership nominee, Cede & Co. or such other name as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC. The deposit of the notes with DTC and their registration in the name of Cede & Co. or such other nominee do not effect any change in beneficial ownership. DTC has no knowledge of the actual beneficial owners of the notes; DTC's records reflect only the identity of the direct participants to whose accounts such notes will be credited, which may or may not be the beneficial owners. The direct and indirect participants will remain responsible for keeping account of their holdings on behalf of their customers.

Conveyance of notices and other communications by DTC to direct participants, by direct participants to indirect participants, and by direct participants and indirect participants to beneficial owners will be governed by arrangements among them, subject to any statutory or regulatory requirements as may be in effect from time to time. Beneficial owners of the notes may wish to take certain steps to augment the transmission to them of notices of significant events with respect to the notes, such as redemption, tenders, defaults, and proposed amendments to the security documents. For example, beneficial owners of the notes may wish to ascertain that the nominee holding the notes for their benefit has agreed to obtain and transmit notices to beneficial owners. In the alternative, beneficial owners may wish to provide their names and addresses to the registrar of the notes and request that copies of the notices be provided to them directly. Any such request may or may not be successful.

Neither DTC nor Cede & Co. (nor any other DTC nominee) will consent or vote with respect to the notes unless authorized by a direct participant in accordance with DTC's procedures. Under its usual procedures, DTC mails an Omnibus Proxy to us as soon as possible after the regular record date. The Omnibus Proxy assigns Cede & Co.'s consenting or voting rights to those direct participants to whose accounts the notes are credited on the record date (identified in a listing attached to the Omnibus Proxy).

We will pay principal and or interest payments on the notes in same-day funds directly to Cede & Co., or such other nominee as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC. DTC's practice is to credit direct participants' accounts on the applicable payment date in accordance with their respective holdings shown on DTC's records upon DTC's receipt of funds and corresponding

detail information. Payments by participants to beneficial owners will be governed by standing instructions and customary practices, as is the case with securities held for the accounts of customers in bearer form or registered in "street name," and will be the responsibility of these participants and not of DTC or any other party, subject to any statutory or regulatory requirements that may be in effect from time to time. Payment of principal and interest to Cede & Co., or such other nominee as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC, is our responsibility, disbursement of such payments to direct participants is the responsibility of DTC, and disbursement of such payments to the beneficial owners is the responsibility of the direct or indirect participant.

We will send any redemption notices to DTC. If less than all of the notes are being redeemed, DTC's practice is to determine by lot the amount of the interest of each direct participant in such issue to be redeemed.

A beneficial owner, or its authorized representative, shall give notice to elect to have its notes repaid by us, through its direct or indirect participant, to the trustee, and shall effect delivery of such notes by causing the direct participant to transfer that participant's interest in the global note representing such notes, on DTC's records, to the trustee. The requirement for physical delivery of notes in connection with a demand for repayment will be deemed satisfied when the ownership rights in the global note representing such notes are transferred by the direct participants on DTC's records.

DTC may discontinue providing its services as securities depository for the notes at any time by giving us reasonable notice. Under such circumstances, if a successor securities depositary is not obtained, we will print and deliver certificated notes. We may decide to discontinue use of the system of book-entry transfers through DTC (or a successor securities depositary). In that event, we will print and deliver certificated notes.

The information in this section concerning DTC and DTC's system has been obtained from sources that we believe to be reliable, but neither we, the Purchasing Agent nor any agent takes any responsibility for its accuracy. Registration, Transfer and Payment of Certificated Notes

If we ever issue notes in certificated form, those notes may be presented for registration, transfer and payment at the office of the registrar or at the office of any transfer agent designated and maintained by us. We have originally designated

American Stock Transfer & Trust Company, LLC to act in those capacities for the notes. The registrar or transfer agent will make the transfer or registration only if it is satisfied with the documents of title and identity of the person making the request. There will not be a service charge for any exchange or registration of transfer of the notes, but we may require payment of a sum sufficient to cover any tax or other governmental charge that may be imposed in connection with the exchange. At any time, we may change transfer agents or approve a change in the location through which any transfer agent acts. We also may designate additional transfer agents for any notes at any time. We will not be required to: (1) issue, exchange or register the transfer of any note to be redeemed for a period of 15 days after the selection of the notes to be redeemed; (2) exchange or register the transfer of any note that was selected, called or is being called for redemption, except the unredeemed portion of any note being redeemed in part; or (3) exchange or register the transfer of any note as to which an election for repayment by the holder has been made, except the unrepaid portion of any note being repaid in part.

We will pay principal of and interest on any certificated notes at the offices of the paying agents we may designate from time to time. Generally, we will pay interest on a note by check on any interest payment date other than at stated maturity or upon earlier redemption or repayment to the person in whose name the note is registered at the close of business on the regular record date for that payment. We will pay principal and interest at stated maturity or upon earlier redemption or repayment in same-day funds against presentation and surrender of the applicable notes.

SUPPLEMENT TO MATERIAL U.S. FEDERAL INCOME TAX CONSIDERATIONS

The following summary of U.S. federal income tax considerations supplements the discussion set forth under the heading "Material U.S. Federal Income Tax Considerations" in the accompanying prospectus and is subject to the qualifications and assumptions set forth therein.

The following is a general summary of U.S. federal income tax considerations generally applicable to the purchase, ownership and disposition of the notes. This discussion is based upon the Code, Treasury Regulations and judicial decisions and administrative interpretations thereof, all as of the date hereof and all of which are subject to change or differing interpretations, possibly with retroactive effect. No ruling from the Internal Revenue Service ("IRS") has been or will be sought regarding any matter discussed herein. No assurance can be given that the IRS would not assert, or that a court would not sustain, a position contrary to any of the tax aspects set forth below.

This discussion applies only to a holder of notes that acquires the notes pursuant to this offering at their "issue price" within the meaning of the applicable provisions of the Code and who holds the notes as a capital asset (generally, property held for investment) under the Code. This discussion does not address any U.S. federal estate or gift tax consequences or any state, local or non-U.S. tax consequences. In addition, this discussion does not address all aspects of U.S. federal income taxation that may be applicable to investors in light of their particular circumstances, or to investors subject to special treatment under U.S. federal income tax law, including, but not limited to:

banks, insurance companies or other financial institutions;

pension plans or trusts;

U.S. noteholders (as defined below) whose functional currency is not the U.S. dollar;

real estate investment trusts;

regulated investment companies;

persons subject to the alternative minimum tax;

cooperatives;

•ax-exempt organizations;

dealers in securities;

expatriates;

foreign persons or entities (except to the extent set forth below);

persons deemed to sell the notes under the constructive sale provisions of the Code; or

persons that hold the notes as part of a straddle, hedge, conversion transaction or other integrated investment. If a partnership (including any entity or arrangement treated as a partnership for U.S. federal income tax purposes) owns notes, the tax treatment of a partner in the partnership will depend upon the status of the partner and the activities of the partnership. Partners in a partnership that owns the notes should consult their tax advisors as to the particular U.S. federal income tax consequences applicable to them.

We encourage investors to consult their tax advisors regarding the specific consequences of an investment in our notes, including tax reporting requirements, the applicability of U.S. federal, state or local and foreign tax laws, eligibility for the benefits of any applicable tax treaty and the effect of any possible changes in the tax laws. Consequences to U.S. Noteholders

The following is a general summary of U.S. federal income tax consequences generally applicable to you if you are a U.S. noteholder. U.S. federal income tax consequences generally applicable to non-U.S. noteholders are described under "Consequences to Non-U.S. Noteholders" below. For purposes of this summary, the term "U.S. noteholder" means a beneficial owner of a note that is, for U.S. federal income tax purposes (i) an individual who is a citizen or resident of the U.S., (ii) a corporation, or other entity treated as a corporation for U.S. federal income tax purposes, that is created or organized under the laws of the U.S., any of the States or the District of Columbia, (iii) an estate the income of which is subject to U.S. federal income taxation regardless of its source, or (iv) a trust (A) if a court within the U.S. is able to exercise primary supervision over its administration and one or more U.S. persons have the authority to control all substantial decisions of such trust, or (B) that has made a valid election to be treated as a U.S. person for U.S. federal income tax purposes.

Stated interest and OID on the notes

Except as discussed below, a U.S. noteholder generally will be required to recognize stated interest as ordinary income at the time it is paid or accrued on the notes in accordance with its regular method of accounting for U.S.

federal income tax purposes. In addition, if the notes' "issue price" (the first price at which a substantial amount of the notes is sold to investors) is less than their "stated redemption price at maturity" (the sum of all payments to be made on the notes other than "qualified stated interest") by more than a statutorily defined de minimis threshold, the notes will be issued with original issue discount

("OID") for U.S. federal income tax purposes. The term "qualified stated interest" generally means stated interest that is unconditionally payable at least annually at a single fixed rate or, if certain requirements are met (as described below), certain variable rates.

If the notes are issued with OID, a U.S. noteholder generally will be required to include the OID in gross income as ordinary interest income in advance of the receipt of cash attributable to that income and regardless of such holder's regular method of tax accounting. Such OID will be included in gross income for each day during each taxable year in which the note is held using a constant yield-to-maturity method that reflects the compounding of interest. This means that the holder will have to include in income increasingly greater amounts of OID over time. Notice will be given in the applicable pricing supplement if we determine that a particular note will be issued with OID. We are required to provide information returns stating the amount of OID accrued on the notes held by persons of record other than certain exempt holders.

If the notes are "step-up notes" (i.e., notes with a fixed interest rate that increases at pre-determined intervals), the tax treatment described in the first sentence under "—Consequences to U.S. Noteholders—Stated interest and OID on the notes" assumes that we will have the right to call the notes at par (plus accrued but unpaid interest) on each date that the interest rate increases. If this is not the case, interest that exceeds the lowest rate payable under the step-up note may not be treated as qualified stated interest and, depending on the amount of such excess, may thus cause the step-up note to be treated as issued with OID, in which case the notes generally would be subject to the OID rules discussed above. Prospective investors are urged to consult their own tax advisors regarding the treatment of step-up notes or similar notes.

If you own a note issued with de minimis OID (i.e., discount that is not OID), you generally must include the de minimis OID in income at the time principal payments on the notes are made in proportion to the amount paid. Any amount of de minimis OID that you have included in income will be treated as capital gain.

Short-term notes

Notes that have a fixed maturity of one year or less ("short-term notes") will be subject to the following special rules. All of the interest on a short-term note is treated as part of the short-term note's stated redemption price at maturity, thereby giving rise to OID. Thus, all short-term notes will be OID debt securities. OID will be treated as accruing on a short-term debt instrument ratably or, at the election of a U.S. noteholder, under a constant yield method.

A U.S. noteholder that uses the cash method of tax accounting (with certain exceptions) will generally not be required to include OID in respect of the short-term note in income on a current basis, though they may be required to include stated interest in income as the income is received. Such a U.S. noteholder may not be allowed to deduct all of the interest paid or accrued on any indebtedness incurred or maintained to purchase or carry such a short-term note until the maturity of the note or its earlier disposition in a taxable transaction. In addition, such a U.S. noteholder will be required to treat any gain realized on a disposition of the note as ordinary income to the extent of the holder's accrued OID on the note, and short-term capital gain to the extent the gain exceeds accrued OID. A U.S. noteholder that uses the cash method of tax accounting may, however, elect to include OID on a short-term note in income on a current basis. In such case, the limitation on the deductibility of interest described above will not apply. A U.S. noteholder that uses the accrual method of tax accounting and certain cash method holders generally will be required to include OID on a short-term note in income on a current basis.

Floating rate notes

In the case of a note that is a floating rate note (including a note based on LIBOR), special rules apply. In general, if a note qualifies for treatment as a "variable rate debt instrument" under Treasury Regulations and provides for stated interest that is unconditionally payable at least annually at a variable rate that, subject to certain exceptions, is a single "qualified floating rate" or "objective rate," each as defined below, all stated interest on the note is treated as qualified stated interest. In that case, both the note's "yield to maturity" and "qualified stated interest" will be determined, for purposes of calculating the accrual of OID, if any, as though the note will bear interest in all periods throughout its term at a fixed rate generally equal to the rate that would be applicable to interest payments on the note on its issue date or, in the case of an objective rate (other than a "qualified inverse floating rate"), the rate that reflects the yield to maturity that is reasonably expected for the note. A U.S. noteholder of a variable rate debt instrument would then recognize OID, if any, that is calculated based on the note's assumed yield to maturity. If the interest actually accrued or paid during an accrual period exceeds or is less than the assumed fixed interest, the qualified stated interest

allocable to that period is increased or decreased under rules set forth in Treasury Regulations. Special rules apply for determining the amount of OID for other variable rate debt instruments, such as instruments with more than one qualified floating rate or instruments with a single fixed rate and one or more qualified floating rates. U.S. noteholders should consult their own tax advisors with respect to the specific U.S. federal income tax considerations regarding any investment in a note that qualifies a "variable rate debt instrument."

A note will generally qualify as a variable rate debt instrument if (a) the note's issue price does not exceed the total noncontingent principal payments by more than the lesser of: (i) .015 multiplied by the product of the total noncontingent principal payments and the number of complete years to maturity from the issue date, or (ii) 15% of the total noncontingent principal payments; (b) the note provides for stated interest, compounded or paid at least annually, only at one or more qualified floating rates, a single fixed rate and one or more qualified floating rates, a single objective rate that is a qualified inverse floating rate; and (c) the value of the rate on any date during the term of the note is set no earlier than three months prior to the first day on which that value is in effect or no later than one year following that first day.

Generally, a rate is a qualified floating rate if variations in the rate can reasonably be expected to measure contemporaneous fluctuations in the cost of newly borrowed funds in the currency in which the debt instrument is denominated. A rate that equals LIBOR or LIBOR plus or minus a fixed spread is, in general, a qualified floating rate. However, a rate (including a rate based on LIBOR) will generally not be a qualified floating rate if, among other circumstances:

the rate is subject to one or more minimum or maximum rate floors or ceilings or one or more governors limiting the amount of increase or decrease in each case which are not fixed throughout the term of the note and which are reasonably expected as of the issue date to cause the rate in some accrual periods to be significantly higher or lower than the overall expected return on the note determined without the floor, ceiling, or governor; or the rate is a multiple of a qualified floating rate unless the multiple is a fixed multiple that is greater than 0.65 but not more than 1.35 (provided, however, that if a multiple of a qualified floating rate is not within such limits and thus is not itself a qualified floating rate, it may nevertheless qualify as an "objective rate").

If a note provides for two or more qualified floating rates that are within 0.25 percentage points of each other on the issue date or can reasonably be expected to have approximately the same values throughout the term of the note, the qualified floating rates together constitute a single qualified floating rate.

Generally, an objective rate is a rate that is determined using a single fixed formula that is based on objective financial or economic information such as one or more qualified floating rates. An objective rate is a qualified inverse floating rate if that rate is equal to a fixed rate minus a qualified floating rate and variations in the rate can reasonably be expected to inversely reflect contemporaneous variations in the qualified floating rate. A variable rate will generally not qualify as an objective rate if, among other circumstances, it is reasonably expected that the average value of the variable rate during the first half of the term of the note will be either significantly less than or significantly greater than the average value of the rate during the final half of the term of the note.

If a floating rate note does not qualify as a "variable rate debt instrument," the note generally will be subject to taxation under special rules applicable to contingent payment debt instruments. U.S. noteholders should consult their own tax advisors with respect to the specific U.S. federal income tax considerations regarding such notes.

Sale, exchange, redemption or other taxable disposition of the notes

Subject to the special rules for short-term notes discussed above, upon the sale, exchange, redemption or other taxable disposition of a note, a U.S. noteholder generally will recognize capital gain or loss in an amount equal to the difference between (1) the sum of cash plus the fair market value of all other property received on such disposition (except to the extent such cash or property is attributable to accrued but unpaid interest, which, to the extent not previously included in income, generally will be taxable as ordinary income) and (2) its adjusted tax basis in the note. A U.S. noteholder's adjusted tax basis in a note generally will equal the price the U.S. noteholder paid for the note increased by OID (including with respect to a short-term note), if any, previously included in income with respect to that note, and reduced by any cash payments on the note other than qualified stated interest. Such capital gain or loss will be long-term capital gain or loss if, at the time of such taxable disposition, the U.S. noteholder has held the note for more than one year. The deductibility of capital losses is subject to limitations.

Medicare tax

Certain U.S. noteholders who are individuals, estates or trusts and whose income exceeds certain thresholds will be required to pay a 3.8% Medicare tax on all or a portion of their "net investment income," which includes interest on the notes and capital gains from the sale or other disposition of the notes.

Information reporting and backup withholding

In general, information reporting requirements will apply to certain payments of principal and interest (including OID) and to the proceeds of sale of a note paid to a U.S. noteholder (unless such noteholder is an exempt recipient). A backup

withholding tax may apply to such payments if a U.S. noteholder fails to provide a taxpayer identification number or certification of exempt status, or if it is otherwise subject to backup withholding.

Any amounts withheld under the backup withholding rules will be allowed as a refund or credit against a U.S. noteholder's United States federal income tax liability provided the required information is timely furnished to the IRS. Consequences to Non-U.S. Noteholders

The following is a general summary of U.S. federal income tax consequences generally applicable to you if you are a non-U.S. noteholder. A beneficial owner of a note that is not a partnership for U.S. federal income tax purposes (including any entity or arrangement otherwise treated as a partnership for U.S. federal income tax purposes) or a U.S. noteholder is referred to herein as a "non-U.S. noteholder."

Stated interest and OID on the notes

Stated interest and OID, if any, paid or accrued to a non-U.S. noteholder will generally not be subject to U.S. federal income or withholding tax if the interest or OID is not effectively connected with its conduct of a trade or business within the United States and is not considered contingent interest within the meaning of Section 871(h)(4)(A) of the Code (generally relating to interest payments that are determined by reference to the income, profits, receipts, cash flow, changes in the value of non-publicly-traded property or other attributes of, or distributions or similar payments paid by, the debtor or a related party), and the non-U.S. noteholder:

does not own, actually or constructively, 10% or more of the total combined voting power of all classes of our stock entitled to vote;

is not a "controlled foreign corporation" with respect to which we are, directly or indirectly, a "related person"; is not a bank whose receipt of interest on the notes is described in section 881(c)(3)(A) of the Code; and provides its name and address, and certifies, under penalties of perjury, that it is not a U.S. person (on a properly executed IRS Form W-8BEN or W-8BEN-E (or other applicable form)), or holds its notes through certain foreign intermediaries and satisfies the certification requirements of applicable Treasury Regulations.

If a non-U.S. noteholder does not qualify for an exemption under these rules, interest income and OID, if any, from the notes may be subject to withholding tax at the rate of 30% (or lower applicable treaty rate). Stated interest and OID, if any, effectively connected with a non-U.S. noteholder's conduct of a U.S. trade or business (and, if required by an applicable income tax treaty, which is attributable to a United States permanent establishment), however, would not be subject to a 30% withholding tax so long as the non-U.S. noteholder provides us or our paying agent an adequate certification (currently on IRS Form W-8ECI); such payments of interest generally would be subject to U.S. federal income tax on a net basis at the rates applicable to U.S. persons generally. In addition, if a non-U.S. noteholder is a foreign corporation and the stated interest and OID, if any, is effectively connected with its conduct of a U.S. trade or business, it may also be subject to a 30% (or lower applicable treaty rate) branch profits tax on its effectively connected earnings and profits for the taxable year, subject to adjustments. To claim the benefit of a tax treaty, a non-U.S. noteholder must provide a properly executed IRS Form W-8BEN or W-8BEN-E (or other applicable form) to us or our paying agent before the payment of stated interest or OID, and may be required to obtain a U.S. taxpayer identification number and provide documentary evidence issued by foreign governmental authorities to prove residence in the foreign country.

Sale, exchange, redemption or other taxable disposition of the notes

Any gain recognized by a non-U.S. noteholder on the sale, exchange, redemption or other taxable disposition of the notes (except with respect to accrued and unpaid interest, which would be taxed as described under "Consequences to Non-U.S. Noteholders—Stated interest and OID on the notes" above) generally will not be subject to U.S. federal income tax unless:

the gain is effectively connected with its conduct of a U.S. trade or business (and, if required by an applicable income tax treaty, is attributable to a United States permanent establishment); or

the non-U.S. noteholder is a nonresident alien individual present in the U.S. for 183 or more days in the taxable year within which the sale, exchange, redemption or other disposition takes place and certain other requirements are met. If a non-U.S. noteholder is a holder described in the first bullet point above, the net gain derived from the sale, exchange, redemption or other taxable disposition of its notes generally will be subject to U.S. federal income tax on a net basis at the rates applicable to U.S. persons generally. In addition, if such non-U.S. noteholder is a foreign corporation, it may also be subject to a 30% (or lower applicable treaty rate) branch profits tax on its effectively

connected earnings and profits for the taxable year, subject to adjustments. If a non-U.S. noteholder is a holder described in the second bullet point above, it will be subject to a flat 30% U.S. federal income tax on the gain derived from the sale, exchange, redemption or other taxable

disposition of its notes, which may be offset by U.S. source capital losses, even though it is not considered a resident of the United States.

Information Reporting and Backup Withholding

Generally, we must report to the IRS and to a non-U.S. noteholder the amount of interest (including OID) on the notes paid to a non-U.S. noteholder and the amount of tax, if any, withheld with respect to those payments if the notes are in registered form. Copies of the information returns reporting such interest payments and any withholding may also be made available to the tax authorities in the country in which a non-U.S. noteholder resides under the provisions of an applicable income tax treaty.

In general, a non-U.S. noteholder will not be subject to backup withholding with respect to payments on the notes that we make to such noteholder provided that we do not have actual knowledge or reason to know that such noteholder is a U.S. person as defined under the Code, and we have received from you the statement described above under the fourth bullet point under "Consequences to Non-U.S. Noteholders—Stated interest and OID on the notes." In addition, no information reporting requirements or backup withholding will be required regarding the proceeds of the sale of a note made within the United States or conducted through certain United States-related financial intermediaries, if the payor receives the statement described above and does not have actual knowledge or reason to know that the non-U.S. noteholder is a U.S. person as defined under the Code, or the non-U.S. noteholder otherwise establishes an exemption.

Any amounts withheld under the backup withholding rules will be allowed as a refund or credit against a non-U.S. noteholder's United States federal income tax liability provided the required information is timely furnished to the IRS. Other withholding rules

Withholding at a rate of 30% will be required on interest in respect of, and after December 31, 2018, on gross proceeds from the sale of, notes held by or through certain foreign financial institutions (including investment funds), unless such institution enters into an agreement with the Secretary of the Treasury to report, on an annual basis, information with respect to shares in, and accounts maintained by, the institution to the extent such shares or accounts are held by certain United States persons or by certain non-U.S. entities that are wholly or partially owned by United States persons and to withhold on certain payments. Accordingly, the entity through which notes are held will affect the determination of whether such withholding is required. An intergovernmental agreement between the United States and an applicable foreign country, or future guidance, may modify these requirements. Similarly, interest in respect of, and after December 31, 2018, gross proceeds from the sale of, notes held by an investor that is a non-financial non-U.S. entity will be subject to withholding at a rate of 30%, unless such entity either (i) certifies to us that such entity does not have any "substantial United States owners" or (ii) provides certain information regarding the entity's "substantial United States owners," which we will in turn provide to the Secretary of the Treasury. Non-U.S. noteholders are encouraged to consult with their tax advisors regarding the possible implications of these requirements on their investment in notes.

Non-U.S. noteholders should consult any applicable income tax treaties that may provide for different rules. In addition, non-U.S. noteholders are urged to consult their tax advisors regarding the tax consequences of the purchase, ownership and disposition of the notes.

CERTAIN CONSIDERATIONS APPLICABLE TO ERISA, GOVERNMENTAL AND OTHER PLAN INVESTORS

A fiduciary of a pension plan or other employee benefit plan (including a governmental plan, an individual retirement account or a Keogh plan) proposing to invest in the notes should consider this section carefully.

A fiduciary of an employee benefit plan subject to the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, as amended (commonly referred to as "ERISA"), should consider fiduciary standards under ERISA in the context of the particular circumstances of such plan before authorizing an investment in the notes. Such fiduciary should consider whether the investment is in accordance with the documents and instruments governing the plan.

In addition, ERISA and the Code prohibit certain transactions (referred to as "prohibited transactions") involving the assets of a plan subject to ERISA or the assets of an individual retirement account or plan subject to Section 4975 of the Code (referred to as an "ERISA plan"), on the one hand, and persons who have certain specified relationships to the plan ("parties in interest" within the meaning of ERISA or "disqualified persons" within the meaning of the Code), on the other. If we (or an affiliate) are considered a party in interest or disqualified person with respect to an ERISA plan, then the investment in notes by the ERISA plan may give rise to a prohibited transaction. The purchase and holding of notes by an ERISA plan may be subject to one or more statutory or administrative exemptions from the prohibited transaction rules under ERISA and the Code. Even if the conditions for relief under such exemptions were satisfied, however, there can be no assurance that such exemptions would apply to all of the prohibited transactions that may be deemed to arise in connection with a plan's investment in the notes.

By purchasing and holding the notes, the person making the decision to invest on behalf of an ERISA plan is representing that the purchase and holding of the notes will not result in a prohibited transaction under ERISA or the Code. Therefore, an ERISA plan should not invest in the notes unless the plan fiduciary or other person acquiring securities on behalf of the ERISA plan determines that neither we nor an affiliate is a party in interest or a disqualified person or, alternatively, that an exemption from the prohibited transaction rules is available. If an ERISA plan engages in a prohibited transaction, the transaction may require "correction" and may cause the ERISA plan fiduciary to incur certain liabilities and the parties in interest or disqualified persons to be subject to excise taxes.

Employee benefit plans that are governmental plans and non-U.S. plans, and certain church plans, are not subject to ERISA requirements. However, non-U.S., federal, state or local laws or regulations governing the investment and management of the assets of such plans may contain fiduciary and prohibited transaction requirements similar to those under ERISA and Section 4975 of the Code discussed above. By purchasing and holding the notes, the person making the decision to invest on behalf of any such plan is representing that the purchase and holding of the notes will not violate any law applicable to such plan that is similar to the prohibited transaction provisions of ERISA or the Code. If you are the fiduciary of an employee benefit plan, whether or not subject to ERISA, and you propose to invest in the notes with the assets of such employee benefit plan, you should consult your own legal counsel for further guidance. The sale of notes to an employee benefit plan is in no respect a representation by us, the Purchasing Agent or any other person that such an investment meets all relevant legal requirements with respect to investments by employee benefit plans generally or any particular plan or that such an investment is appropriate for employee benefit plans generally or any particular plan.

USE OF PROCEEDS

Unless otherwise indicated in a pricing supplement for the notes, we expect to use the net proceeds from the sale of the notes initially to maintain balance sheet liquidity, involving repayment of debt under our credit facility, if any, and redemption of outstanding Prospect Capital InterNotes® and other debt, investments in high quality short-term debt instruments or a combination thereof, and thereafter to make long-term investments in accordance with our investment objective. We anticipate that substantially all of the net proceeds from each offering will be used for the above purposes within six months, depending on the availability of appropriate investment opportunities consistent with our investment objective and market conditions.

As of May 12, 2016, our credit facility is undrawn, and based on the assets currently pledged as collateral on the facility, a total of approximately \$607.4 million was available to us for borrowing under our credit facility including outstanding borrowings. Interest on borrowings under the credit facility is one-month LIBOR plus 225 basis points, with no minimum LIBOR floor. Additionally, the lenders charge a fee on the unused portion of the credit facility equal to either 50 basis points if at least 35% of the credit facility is used or 100 basis points otherwise.

SENIOR SECURITIES

Information about our senior securities is shown in the following table as of each fiscal year ended June 30 since the Company commenced operations and as of March 31, 2016. (All figures in this item are in thousands except per unit data.)

Credit Facility	Total Amount Outstanding(1)	Asset Coverage per Unit(2)	Involuntary Liquidating Preference per Unit(3)	_
Fiscal 2016 (as of March 31, 2016, unaudited)	\$ —	\$—		_
Fiscal 2015 (as of June 30, 2015)	368,700	18,136		
Fiscal 2014 (as of June 30, 2014)	92,000	69,470		
Fiscal 2013 (as of June 30, 2013)	124,000	34,996		
Fiscal 2012 (as of June 30, 2012)	96,000	22,668		
Fiscal 2011 (as of June 30, 2011)	84,200	18,065		
Fiscal 2010 (as of June 30, 2010)	100,300	8,093		
Fiscal 2009 (as of June 30, 2009)	124,800	5,268		
Fiscal 2008 (as of June 30, 2008)	91,167	5,712	_	_
Fiscal 2007 (as of June 30, 2007)		N/A	_	_
Fiscal 2006 (as of June 30, 2006)	28,500	4,799	_	
2015 Notes(5) Fiscal 2016 (as of March 31, 2016, unaudited)	\$ —	\$—		
Fiscal 2015 (as of June 30, 2015)	150,000	44,579		
Fiscal 2014 (as of June 30, 2014)	150,000	42,608		
Fiscal 2013 (as of June 30, 2013)	150,000	28,930		
Fiscal 2012 (as of June 30, 2012)	150,000	14,507		
Fiscal 2011 (as of June 30, 2011)	150,000	10,140		
11scar 2011 (as of June 30, 2011)	130,000	10,140		
2016 Notes				
Fiscal 2016 (as of March 31, 2016, unaudited)	\$ 167,500	\$36,527		
Fiscal 2015 (as of June 30, 2015)	167,500	39,921		
Fiscal 2014 (as of June 30, 2014)	167,500	38,157	_	
Fiscal 2013 (as of June 30, 2013)	167,500	25,907		
Fiscal 2012 (as of June 30, 2012)	167,500	12,992		
Fiscal 2011 (as of June 30, 2011)	172,500	8,818		
115cai 2011 (as of Julie 50, 2011)	172,300	0,010		
2017 Notes				
Fiscal 2016 (as of March 31, 2016, unaudited)	\$ 129,500	\$47,245		
Fiscal 2015 (as of June 30, 2015)	130,000	51,437		
Fiscal 2014 (as of June 30, 2014)	130,000	49,163		
Fiscal 2013 (as of June 30, 2013)	130,000	33,381		
Fiscal 2012 (as of June 30, 2012)	130,000	16,739		
- (, ~	- ,		
2018 Notes				
Fiscal 2016 (as of March 31, 2016, unaudited)	\$ 200,000	\$30,591		
Fiscal 2015 (as of June 30, 2015)	200,000	33,434		
Fiscal 2014 (as of June 30, 2014)	200,000	31,956		
Fiscal 2013 (as of June 30, 2013)	200,000	21,697	_	

2019 Notes

Fiscal 2016 (as of March 31, 2016, unaudited)	\$ 200,000	\$30,591		
Fiscal 2015 (as of June 30, 2015)	200,000	33,434	_	
Fiscal 2014 (as of June 30, 2014)	200,000	31,956	_	
Fiscal 2013 (as of June 30, 2013)	200,000	21,697	_	_

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Fiscal 2016 (as of March 31, 2016, unaudited) Fiscal 2016 (as of March 31, 2016, unaudited) Fiscal 2016 (as of June 30, 2014) 2020 Notes Fiscal 2016 (as of March 31, 2016, unaudited) Fiscal 2015 (as of June 30, 2015) Fiscal 2015 (as of June 30, 2015) Fiscal 2016 (as of June 30, 2014) 2022 Notes Fiscal 2016 (as of June 30, 2014) 2022 Notes(6) Fiscal 2015 (as of June 30, 2015) Fiscal 2015 (as of June 30, 2015) Fiscal 2016 (as of June 30, 2015) Fiscal 2014 (as of June 30, 2015) Fiscal 2014 (as of June 30, 2015) Fiscal 2016 (as of June 30, 2014) Fiscal 2012 (as of June 30, 2013) Fiscal 2015 (as of June 30, 2012) 2023 Notes Fiscal 2016 (as of March 31, 2016, unaudited) Fiscal 2015 (as of June 30, 2013) Fiscal 2014 (as of June 30, 2013) Fiscal 2016 (as of March 31, 2016, unaudited) Fiscal 2015 (as of June 30, 2013) Fiscal 2014 (as of June 30, 2015) Fiscal 2014 (as of June 30, 2015) Fiscal 2015 (as of June 30, 2015) Fiscal 2016 (as of March 31, 2016, unaudited) Fiscal 2016 (as of March 31, 2016, unaudited) Fiscal 2016 (as of March 31, 2016, unaudited) Fiscal 2016 (as of June 30, 2015) Fiscal 2016 (as of June 30, 20		Total Amount Outstanding(1)	Asset Coverage per Unit(2)	Involuntary Liquidating Preference per Unit(3)	_
Fiscal 2016 (as of March 31, 2016, unaudited) Fiscal 2015 (as of June 30, 2015) Fiscal 2014 (as of June 30, 2014) 2022 Notes(6) Fiscal 2015 (as of June 30, 2015) Fiscal 2015 (as of June 30, 2015) Fiscal 2015 (as of June 30, 2015) Fiscal 2014 (as of June 30, 2014) Fiscal 2013 (as of June 30, 2013) Fiscal 2013 (as of June 30, 2013) Fiscal 2012 (as of June 30, 2012) 2023 Notes Fiscal 2016 (as of March 31, 2016, unaudited) Fiscal 2015 (as of June 30, 2015) Fiscal 2014 (as of June 30, 2014) Fiscal 2015 (as of June 30, 2015) Fiscal 2016 (as of March 31, 2016, unaudited) Fiscal 2016 (as of June 30, 2015) Fiscal 2014 (as of June 30, 2015) Fiscal 2014 (as of June 30, 2015) Fiscal 2014 (as of June 30, 2014) Fiscal 2014 (as of June 30, 2014) Fiscal 2014 (as of June 30, 2013) Fiscal 2015 (as of June 30, 2013) Fiscal 2012 (as of June 30, 2013) Fiscal 2012 (as of June 30, 2014) Fiscal 2015 (as of June 30, 2015) Fiscal 2016 (as of March 31, 2016, unaudited) Fiscal 2016 (as of June 30, 2013) Fiscal 2016 (as of June 30, 2013) Fiscal 2016 (as of June 30, 2014) Fiscal 2016 (as of June 30, 2015) Fiscal 2016 (as of June 30,	Fiscal 2016 (as of March 31, 2016, unaudited) Fiscal 2015 (as of June 30, 2015)	300,000	22,289		_ _ _
Fiscal 2015 (as of June 30, 2015) \$— N/A N/A \$— Fiscal 2014 (as of June 30, 2014) 100,000 63,912 — 1,038 Fiscal 2013 (as of June 30, 2013) 100,000 43,395 — 1,036 Fiscal 2012 (as of June 30, 2012) 100,000 21,761 — 996 2023 Notes Fiscal 2016 (as of March 31, 2016, unaudited) \$248,242 \$24,646 — — Fiscal 2015 (as of June 30, 2015) 248,094 26,953 — — Fiscal 2014 (as of June 30, 2014) 247,881 25,783 — — Fiscal 2013 (as of June 30, 2013) 247,725 17,517 — — 2024 Notes Fiscal 2016 (as of March 31, 2016, unaudited) \$160,000 \$38,239 — \$933 Prospect Capital InterNotes® Fiscal 2016 (as of March 31, 2016, unaudited) \$898,535 \$6,809 — — Fiscal 2015 (as of June 30, 2015) 827,442 8,081 — — Fiscal 2014 (as of June 30, 2014) 785,670 8,135 — — Fiscal 2014 (as of June 30, 2013) 363,777 11,929 — — Fiscal 2012 (as of June 30, 2012) 20,638 105,442 — — All Senior Securities(7) Fiscal 2016 (as of March 31, 2016, unaudited) \$2,695,777 \$2,270 — — Fiscal 2015 (as of June 30, 2015) 2,983,736 2,241 — — Fiscal 2014 (as of June 30, 2015) 2,983,736 2,241 — — Fiscal 2014 (as of June 30, 2014) 2,773,051 2,305 — — Fiscal 2014 (as of June 30, 2014) 2,773,051 2,305 — — Fiscal 2013 (as of June 30, 2013) 1,683,002 2,578 —	Fiscal 2016 (as of March 31, 2016, unaudited) Fiscal 2015 (as of June 30, 2015)	392,000	17,058	_ _ _	_ _ _
Fiscal 2016 (as of March 31, 2016, unaudited) \$ 248,242 \$ 24,646 — — Fiscal 2015 (as of June 30, 2015) 248,094 26,953 — — Fiscal 2014 (as of June 30, 2014) 247,881 25,783 — — Fiscal 2013 (as of June 30, 2013) 247,725 17,517 — — 2024 Notes Fiscal 2016 (as of March 31, 2016, unaudited) \$ 160,000 \$ 38,239 — \$ 933 Prospect Capital InterNotes® Fiscal 2016 (as of March 31, 2016, unaudited) \$ 898,535 \$ 6,809 — — Fiscal 2015 (as of June 30, 2015) 827,442 8,081 — — Fiscal 2014 (as of June 30, 2014) 785,670 8,135 — — Fiscal 2013 (as of June 30, 2013) 363,777 11,929 — — Fiscal 2012 (as of June 30, 2012) 20,638 105,442 — — All Senior Securities(7) Fiscal 2016 (as of March 31, 2016, unaudited) \$ 2,695,777 \$ 2,270 — — Fiscal 2015 (as of June 30, 2015) 2,983,736 2,241 — — Fiscal 2014 (as of June 30, 2014) 2,773,051 2,305 — — Fiscal 2013 (as of June 30, 2013) 1,683,002 2,578 — —	Fiscal 2015 (as of June 30, 2015) Fiscal 2014 (as of June 30, 2014) Fiscal 2013 (as of June 30, 2013)	100,000 100,000	63,912 43,395		1,038 1,036
Fiscal 2016 (as of March 31, 2016, unaudited) \$ 160,000 \$ 38,239 \$ 933 Prospect Capital InterNotes® Fiscal 2016 (as of March 31, 2016, unaudited) \$ 898,535 \$ 6,809 — Fiscal 2015 (as of June 30, 2015) 827,442 8,081 — Fiscal 2014 (as of June 30, 2014) 785,670 8,135 — Fiscal 2013 (as of June 30, 2013) 363,777 11,929 — Fiscal 2012 (as of June 30, 2012) 20,638 105,442 — All Senior Securities(7) Fiscal 2016 (as of March 31, 2016, unaudited) \$ 2,695,777 \$ 2,270 — Fiscal 2015 (as of June 30, 2015) 2,983,736 2,241 — Fiscal 2014 (as of June 30, 2014) 2,773,051 2,305 — Fiscal 2013 (as of June 30, 2013) 1,683,002 2,578 —	Fiscal 2016 (as of March 31, 2016, unaudited) Fiscal 2015 (as of June 30, 2015) Fiscal 2014 (as of June 30, 2014)	248,094 247,881	26,953 25,783	_ _ _ _	
Fiscal 2016 (as of March 31, 2016, unaudited) \$ 898,535 \$ 6,809 — — Fiscal 2015 (as of June 30, 2015) \$ 827,442 \$ 8,081 — — Fiscal 2014 (as of June 30, 2014) 785,670 \$ 8,135 — — Fiscal 2013 (as of June 30, 2013) 363,777 11,929 — — Fiscal 2012 (as of June 30, 2012) 20,638 105,442 — — All Senior Securities(7) Fiscal 2016 (as of March 31, 2016, unaudited) \$ 2,695,777 \$ 2,270 — — Fiscal 2015 (as of June 30, 2015) 2,983,736 2,241 — — Fiscal 2014 (as of June 30, 2014) 2,773,051 2,305 — — Fiscal 2013 (as of June 30, 2013) 1,683,002 2,578 — —		\$ 160,000	\$ 38,239	_	\$ 933
Fiscal 2016 (as of March 31, 2016, unaudited) \$ 2,695,777 \$ 2,270 — Fiscal 2015 (as of June 30, 2015) 2,983,736 2,241 — Fiscal 2014 (as of June 30, 2014) 2,773,051 2,305 — Fiscal 2013 (as of June 30, 2013) 1,683,002 2,578 —	Fiscal 2016 (as of March 31, 2016, unaudited) Fiscal 2015 (as of June 30, 2015) Fiscal 2014 (as of June 30, 2014) Fiscal 2013 (as of June 30, 2013)	827,442 785,670 363,777	8,081 8,135 11,929	 	
	Fiscal 2016 (as of March 31, 2016, unaudited) Fiscal 2015 (as of June 30, 2015) Fiscal 2014 (as of June 30, 2014) Fiscal 2013 (as of June 30, 2013)	2,983,736 2,773,051 1,683,002	2,241 2,305 2,578	 	_ _ _ _

⁽¹⁾ Total amount of each class of senior securities outstanding at the end of the year/period presented (in 000's).

The asset coverage ratio for a class of senior securities representing indebtedness is calculated as our consolidated total assets, less all liabilities and indebtedness not represented by senior securities, divided by senior securities

total assets, less all liabilities and indebtedness not represented by senior securities, divided by senior securities representing indebtedness. This asset coverage ratio is multiplied by \$1,000 to determine the Asset Coverage Per Unit.

⁽³⁾ This column is inapplicable.

- (4) This column is inapplicable, except for the 2022 Notes and the 2024 Notes. The average market value per unit is calculated as an average of quarter-end prices and shown as the market value per \$1,000 of indebtedness.
- (5) We repaid the outstanding principal amount of the 2015 Notes on December 15, 2015.
- (6) We redeemed the 2022 Notes on May 15, 2015.
 - While we do not consider commitments to fund under revolving arrangements to be Senior Securities, if we were
- (7) to elect to treat such unfunded commitments, which were \$60,242 as of March 31, 2016, as Senior Securities for purposes of Section 18 of the 1940 Act, our asset coverage per unit would be \$2,242.

RATIO OF EARNINGS TO FIXED CHARGES

For the three and nine months ended March 31, 2016 and the years ended June 30, 2015, 2014, 2013, 2012 and 2011, the ratios of earnings to fixed charges of the Company, computed as set forth below, were as follows:

			For the	For the	For the	For the	For the
	For the Three Months Ended March 31, 2016	For the Nine Months Ended March 31, 2016	Year	Year	Year	Year	Year
			Ended	Ended	Ended	Ended	Ended
			June 30),June 30),June 30	June 30),June 30,
			2015	2014	2013	2012	2011
Earnings to Fixed Charges(1)	2.82	1.08	3.04	3.45	3.89	5.95	7.72

For purposes of computing the ratios of earnings to fixed charges, earnings represent net increase in net assets resulting from operations plus (or minus) income tax expense including excise tax expense plus fixed charges. Fixed charges include interest and credit facility fees expense and amortization of debt issuance costs.

Earnings include the net change in unrealized appreciation or depreciation. Net change in unrealized appreciation or depreciation can vary substantially from year to year. Excluding the net change in unrealized appreciation or depreciation, the earnings to fixed charges ratio would be 2.85 for the three months ended March 31, 2016, 3.09 for the nine months ended March 31, 2016, 2.06 for the year ended June 30, 2015, 3.72 for the year ended June 30, 2014, 4.91 for the year ended June 30, 2013, 6.79 for the year ended June 30, 2012, and 7.29 for the year ended June 30, 2011.

PLAN OF DISTRIBUTION

Under the terms of the Fifth Amended and Restated Selling Agent Agreement dated November 6, 2015, which we refer to as the "Selling Agent Agreement," the notes will be offered from time to time by us to the Purchasing Agent for subsequent resale to agents, including Citigroup Global Markets Inc., Merrill Lynch, Pierce, Fenner & Smith Incorporated, and RBC Capital Markets, LLC and other dealers who are broker-dealers and securities firms. The agents, including the Purchasing Agent, and the additional agents named from time to time pursuant to the Selling Agent Agreement, are, or will be, parties to the Selling Agent Agreement. The notes will be offered for sale in the United States only. Dealers who are members of the selling group have executed a Master Selected Dealer Agreement with the Purchasing Agent. We also may appoint additional agents to sell the notes. Any sale of the notes through those additional agents, however, will be on the same terms and conditions to which the original agents have agreed. The Purchasing Agent will purchase the notes at a discount ranging from 0.4% to 3.8% of the non-discounted price for each note sold. However, we also may sell the notes to the Purchasing Agent at a discount greater than or less than the range specified above. The discount at which we sell the notes to the Purchasing Agent will be set forth in the applicable pricing supplement. The Purchasing Agent also may sell notes to dealers at a concession not in excess of the discount it received from us. In certain cases, the Purchasing Agent and the other agents and dealers may agree that the Purchasing Agent will retain the entire discount. We will disclose any particular arrangements in the applicable pricing supplement.

Following the solicitation of orders, each of the agents, severally and not jointly, may purchase notes as principal for its own account from the Purchasing Agent. Unless otherwise set forth in the applicable pricing supplement, these notes will be purchased by the agents and resold by them to one or more investors at a fixed public offering price. After the initial public offering of notes, the public offering price (in the case of notes to be resold at a fixed public offering price), discount and concession may be changed.

We have the sole right to accept offers to purchase notes and may reject any proposed offer to purchase notes in whole or in part. Each agent also has the right, in its discretion reasonably exercised, to reject any proposed offer to purchase notes in whole or in part. We reserve the right to withdraw, cancel or modify any offer without notice. We also may change the terms, including the interest rate we will pay on the notes, at any time prior to our acceptance of an offer to purchase.

Each agent, including the Purchasing Agent, may be deemed to be an "underwriter" within the meaning of the Securities Act. We have agreed to indemnify the agents against certain liabilities, including liabilities under the Securities Act, or to contribute to any payments they may be required to make in respect of such liabilities. We also have agreed to reimburse the agents for certain expenses.

No note will have an established trading market when issued. We do not intend to apply for the listing of the notes on any securities exchange. However, we have been advised by the agents that they may purchase and sell notes in the secondary market as permitted by applicable laws and regulations. The agents are not obligated to make a market in the notes, and they may discontinue making a market in the notes at any time without notice. Neither we nor the agents can provide any assurance regarding the development, liquidity or maintenance of any trading market for any notes. All secondary trading in the notes will settle in same-day funds. See "Registration and Settlement." In connection with certain offerings of notes, the rules of the SEC permit the Purchasing Agent to engage in transactions that may stabilize the price of the notes. The Purchasing Agent will conduct these activities for the agents. These transactions may consist of short sales, stabilizing transactions and purchases to cover positions created by short sales. A short sale is the sale by the Purchasing Agent of a greater amount of notes than the amount the Purchasing Agent has agreed to purchase in connection with a specific offering of notes. Stabilizing transactions consist of certain bids or purchases made by the Purchasing Agent to prevent or retard a decline in the price of the notes while an offering of notes is in process. In general, these purchases or bids for the notes for the purpose of stabilization or to reduce a syndicate short position could cause the price of the notes to be higher than it might otherwise be in the absence of those purchases or bids. Neither we nor the Purchasing Agent makes any representation or prediction as to the direction or magnitude of any effect that these transactions may have on the price of any notes. In addition, neither we nor the Purchasing Agent makes any representation that, once commenced, these transactions will not be discontinued without notice. The Purchasing Agent is not required to engage in these activities and may end any of these activities at any time.

Some of the agents and their affiliates have engaged in, and may in the future engage in, investment banking and other commercial dealings in the ordinary course of business with us or our affiliates. They have received, or may in the future receive, customary fees and commissions for these transactions.

In addition, in the ordinary course of their business activities, the agents and their affiliates may make or hold a broad array of investments and actively trade debt and equity securities (or related derivative securities) and financial instruments (including bank loans) for their own account and for the accounts of their customers. Such investments and securities activities

may involve securities and/or instruments of ours or our affiliates. The agents and their affiliates may also make investment recommendations and/or publish or express independent research views in respect of such securities or financial instruments and may hold, or recommend to clients that they acquire, long and/or short positions in such securities and instruments.

DIVIDEND REINVESTMENT AND DIRECT STOCK PURCHASE PLAN

We have adopted a dividend reinvestment and direct stock purchase plan that provides for reinvestment of our dividends or distributions on behalf of our stockholders, unless a stockholder elects to receive cash as provided below, and the ability to purchase additional shares by making optional cash investments. As a result, when our Board of Directors authorizes, and we declare, a cash dividend or distribution, then our stockholders who have not "opted out" of our dividend reinvestment and direct stock purchase plan will have their cash dividends or distributions automatically reinvested in additional shares of our common stock, rather than receiving the cash dividends or distributions. If you are not a current stockholder and want to enroll or have "opted out" and wish to rejoin, you may purchase shares directly through the plan or opt in by enrolling online or submitting to the plan administrator a completed enrollment form and, if you are not a current stockholder, making an initial investment of at least \$250.

No action is required on the part of a registered stockholder to have their cash dividend or distribution reinvested in shares of our common stock. A registered stockholder may elect to receive an entire dividend or distribution in cash by notifying the plan administrator and our transfer agent and registrar, in writing so that such notice is received by the plan administrator no later than the record date for dividends to stockholders. The plan administrator will set up a dividend reinvestment account for shares acquired pursuant to the plan for each stockholder who has not so elected to receive dividends and distributions in cash or who has enrolled in the plan as described herein (each, a "Participant"). The plan administrator will hold each Participant's shares, together with the shares of other Participants, in non-certificated form in the plan administrator's name or that of its nominee. Upon request by a Participant to terminate their participation in the plan, received in writing, via the internet or the plan administrator's toll free number no later than 3 business days prior to a dividend or distribution payment date, such dividend or distribution will be paid out in cash and not be reinvested. If such request is received fewer than 3 business days prior to a dividend or distribution payment date, such dividend or distribution will be reinvested but all subsequent dividends and distributions will be paid to the stockholder in cash on all balances. Upon such termination of the Participant's participation in the plan, all whole shares owned by the Participant will be issued to the Participant in certificated form and a check will be issued to the Participant for the proceeds of fractional shares less a transaction fee of \$15.00 to be deducted from such proceeds. Those stockholders whose shares are held by a broker or other financial intermediary may receive dividends or distributions in cash by notifying their broker or other financial intermediary of their

We primarily use newly-issued shares to implement reinvestment of dividends and distributions under the plan, whether our shares are trading at a premium or at a discount to net asset value. However, we reserve the right to purchase shares in the open market in connection with the implementation of reinvestment of dividends or distributions under the plan. The number of shares to be issued to a stockholder is determined by dividing the total dollar amount of the dividend or distribution payable to such stockholder by the market price per share of our common stock at the close of regular trading on the NASDAQ Global Select Market on the last business day before the payment date for such dividend or distribution. Market price per share on that date will be the closing price for such shares on the NASDAQ Global Select Market or, if no sale is reported for such day, at the average of their reported bid and asked prices. The number of shares of our common stock to be outstanding after giving effect to payment of the dividend or distribution cannot be established until the value per share at which additional shares will be issued has been determined and elections of our stockholders have been tabulated. Stockholders who do not elect to receive dividends and distributions in shares of common stock may experience accretion to the net asset value of their shares if our shares are trading at a premium at the time we issue new shares under the plan and dilution if our shares are trading at a discount. The level of accretion or discount would depend on various factors, including the proportion of our stockholders who participate in the plan, the level of premium or discount at which our shares are trading and the amount of the dividend or distribution payable to a stockholder.

There are no brokerage charges or other charges to stockholders who participate in reinvestment of dividends or distributions under the plan. The plan administrator's fees under the plan are paid by us. If a participant elects by written notice to the plan administrator to have the plan administrator sell part or all of the shares held by the plan administrator in the participant's account and remit the proceeds to the participant, the plan administrator is authorized to deduct a \$15 transaction fee plus a \$0.10 per share brokerage commissions from the proceeds.

Stockholders who receive dividends or distributions in the form of stock are subject to the same U.S. federal, state and local tax consequences as are stockholders who elect to receive their dividends or distributions in cash. A stockholder's basis for determining gain or loss upon the sale of stock received in a dividend or distribution from us will be equal to the total dollar amount of the dividend or distribution payable to the stockholder. Any stock received in a dividend or distribution will have a new holding period for tax purposes commencing on the day following the day on which the shares are credited to the U.S. Stockholder's account (as defined below).

Participants in the plan have the option of making additional cash payments to the plan administrator for investment in the shares at the then current market price. Such payments may be made in any amount from \$25 to \$10,000 per transaction.

Participants in the plan may also elect to have funds electronically withdrawn from their checking or savings account each month. Direct debit of cash will be performed on the 10th of each month. Participants may elect this option by submitting a written authorization form or by enrolling online at the plan administrator's website. The plan administrator will use all funds received from participants since the prior investment of funds to purchase shares of our common stock in the open market. We will not use newly-issued shares of our common stock to implement such purchases. Purchase orders will be submitted daily. The Plan Administrator may, at its discretion, submit purchase orders less frequently but no later than 30 days after receipt. The plan administrator will charge each stockholder who makes such additional cash payments \$2.50, plus a \$0.10 per share brokerage commission. Cash dividends and distributions payable on all shares credited to your plan account will be automatically reinvested in additional shares pursuant to the terms of the plan. Brokerage charges for such purchases are expected to be less than the usual brokerage charge for such transactions. Instructions sent by a participant to the plan administrator in connection with such participant's cash payment may not be rescinded.

Participants may terminate their accounts under the plan by notifying the plan administrator via its website at www.amstock.com or by filling out the transaction request form located at the bottom of their statement and sending it to the plan administrator at American Stock Transfer & Trust Company, P.O. Box 922, Wall Street Station, New York, NY 10269-0560 or by calling the plan administrator's Interactive Voice Response System at (888) 888-0313. Upon termination, the stockholder will receive certificates for the full shares credited to your plan account. If you elect to receive cash, the plan administrator sells such shares and delivers a check for the proceeds, less the \$0.10 per share commission and the plan administrator's transaction fee of \$15. In every case of termination, fractional shares credited to a terminating plan account are paid in cash at the then-current market price, less any commission and transaction fee.

The plan may be terminated by us upon notice in writing mailed to each participant at least 30 days prior to any payable date for the payment of any dividend by us or distribution pursuant to any additional cash payment made. All correspondence concerning the plan should be directed to the plan administrator by mail at American Stock Transfer and Trust Company LLC, 6201 15th Avenue, Brooklyn, New York 11219, or by telephone at 888-888-0313. Stockholders who purchased their shares through or hold their shares in the name of a broker or financial institution should consult with a representative of their broker or financial institution with respect to their participation in our dividend reinvestment plan and direct stock purchase plan. Such holders of our stock may not be identified as our registered stockholders with the plan administrator and may not automatically have their cash dividend or distribution reinvested in shares of our common stock by the plan administrator.

1. How do I purchase shares if I am not an existing registered holder?

To make an investment online, log on to www.amstock.com, click on "Shareholders" followed by "Invest Online," then select "All Plans" from the left toolbar. Select "Prospect Capital Corporation" Common Stock," followed by "Invest Now." Follow the "Steps to Invest," which will guide you through the six-step investment process. Follow the prompts to provide your banking account number and ABA routing number to allow for the direct debit of funds from your savings or checking account. You will receive a receipt of your transaction upon completion of the investment process, as well as a subsequent e-mail confirming the number of shares purchased and their price (generally within two business days). To invest by mail, complete an Enrollment Application, which can be obtained by calling the Plan Administrator at 1-888-888-0313, and enclose a check made payable to American Stock Transfer & Trust Company, LLC for the value of your investment. The Enrollment Application may also be downloaded from the Plan Administrator's website (www.amstock.com). The minimum initial investment is \$250.00. The maximum investment is \$10,000.00 per transaction. Once you are a stockholder, the minimum purchase amount is reduced to \$25.00. For purchases made with voluntary contributions, there is a transaction fee of \$2.50 per purchase and a per-share commission of \$0.10, each to be paid by the participants in the Plan. Your cash payment, less applicable service charges, fees and commissions, will be used to purchase shares on the open market for your account. Both full and fractional shares, up to three decimal places, will be credited to your Plan account. The Plan Administrator will commingle net funds (if applicable) with cash payments from all participants to purchase shares in the open market. Purchase orders will be submitted daily. The Plan Administrator may, at its discretion, submit purchase orders less frequently but no later than 30 days after receipt. No interest will be paid by the Plan Administrator pending investment. Instructions sent to the Plan Administrator may not be rescinded. You may also authorize the Plan Administrator, on the enrollment application or the Plan Administrator's website, to make monthly purchases of a specified dollar amount, by automatic withdrawal from your bank account. Funds will be withdrawn from your bank account, via electronic funds transfer (EFT), on the 10th day of each month (or the next following day if the 10th is not a business day). To terminate monthly purchases by automatic withdrawal, please send the Plan Administrator written, signed instructions, which must be received by the Plan Administrator not less than 3 business days prior to an automatic withdrawal for such termination to take effect prior to such withdrawal. It is your responsibility to notify the Plan Administrator if your direct debit information changes. If a check or ACH withdrawal is returned to the Plan Administrator as "unpaid," the Plan Administrator will sell shares if already purchased and liquidate additional shares, if necessary, to reimburse itself for any loss incurred, as well as a returned check fee of \$25.00. This is in addition to any other rights the Plan Administrator may have.

Stockholders who purchased their shares through or hold their shares in the name of a broker or financial institution should consult with a representative of their broker or financial institution with respect to their participation in the Plan. Such holders of common stock may not be identified as registered stockholders of Prospect Capital Corporation with the Plan Administrator.

2. How do I purchase additional shares if I am already a registered stockholder?

Additional shares may be purchased at any time. All of the terms outlined in Section #1 above apply, except the minimum investment is only \$25.00. To make an investment online, log on to www.amstock.com and select "Shareholders" followed by "Account Access and General Information," and finally "Account Access." You will be prompted to enter your Unique Account ID. If you do not have a Unique Account ID, register directly online and your Unique Account ID will be provided. Follow the prompts when registering for your Unique Account ID. From the left toolbar, select "Purchase Additional Shares" and complete the steps. Optional cash payments may also be mailed to the Plan Administrator using the tear-off portion of your account statement (sent in conjunction with each scheduled dividend) or purchase transaction advice, or via detailed written instructions. You may also authorize the Plan Administrator, on an enrollment application or the Plan Administrator's website, to make monthly purchases of a specified dollar amount by automatic withdrawal from your bank account. Funds will be withdrawn from your bank account, via electronic funds transfer (EFT), on the 10th day of each month (or the next following day if the 10th is not a business day). To terminate monthly purchases by automatic withdrawal, you must send the Plan Administrator written, signed instructions. It is your responsibility to notify the Plan Administrator if your direct debit information changes. All shares will be purchased in the open market at the current market price.

LEGAL MATTERS

The legality of the notes will be passed upon for the Company by Joseph Ferraro, our General Counsel, Skadden, Arps, Slate, Meagher & Flom LLP ("Skadden, Arps"), New York, New York, and Venable LLP, as special Maryland counsel, Baltimore, Maryland, will pass on certain matters for the Company. Troutman Sanders LLP will pass on certain matters for the agents. Skadden, Arps and Venable LLP each have from time to time acted as counsel for us and our subsidiaries and may do so in the future.

INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

BDO USA, LLP is the independent registered public accounting firm for the Company.

AVAILABLE INFORMATION

We have filed with the SEC a registration statement on Form N-2, together with all amendments and related exhibits, under the Securities Act, with respect to the notes offered by this prospectus supplement and accompanying prospectus. The registration statement contains additional information about us and the notes being registered by this prospectus supplement and accompanying prospectus. We file with or submit to the SEC annual, quarterly and current periodic reports, proxy statements and other information meeting the informational requirements of the Exchange Act. This information and the information specifically regarding how we voted proxies relating to portfolio securities for the period ended June 30, 2015, are available free of charge by contacting us at 10 East 40th Street, 42nd floor, New York, NY 10016 or by telephone at toll-free (888) 748-0702. You may inspect and copy these reports, proxy statements and other information, as well as the registration statement and related exhibits and schedules, at the Public Reference Room of the SEC at 100 F Street NE, Washington, D.C. 20549. You may obtain information on the operation of the Public Reference Room by calling the SEC at (202) 551-8090. The SEC maintains an Internet site that contains reports, proxy and information statements and other information filed electronically by us with the SEC which are available on the SEC's Internet site at http://www.sec.gov. Copies of these reports, proxy and information statements and other information may be obtained, after paying a duplicating fee, by electronic request at the following E-mail address: publicinfo@sec.gov, or by writing the SEC's Public Reference Section, Washington, D.C. 20549-0102.

No dealer, salesperson or other individual has been authorized to give any information or to make any representation other than those contained in this prospectus supplement and accompanying prospectus and, if given or made, such information or representations must not be relied upon as having been authorized by us or the Purchasing Agent or any agent. This prospectus supplement does not constitute an offer to sell or a solicitation of an offer to buy any securities in any jurisdiction in which such an offer or solicitation is not authorized or in which the person making such offer or solicitation is not qualified to do so, or to any person to whom it is unlawful to make such offer or solicitation. Neither the delivery of this prospectus supplement and accompanying prospectus nor any sale made hereunder shall, under any circumstances, create any implication that there has been no change in our affairs or that information contained herein is correct as of any time subsequent to the date hereof.

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PROSPECT CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

(in thousands, except share and per share data)

	March 31, 2016 (Unaudited)	June 30, 2015 (Audited)
Assets		
Investments at fair value:		
Control investments (amortized cost of \$1,959,243 and \$1,894,644, respectively) Affiliate investments (amortized cost of \$10,758 and \$45,150, respectively)	\$1,998,023 12,088	\$1,974,202 45,945
Non-control/non-affiliate investments (amortized cost of \$4,238,156 and \$4,619,582, respectively)	3,994,994	4,589,411
Total investments at fair value (amortized cost of \$6,208,157 and \$6,559,376, respectively) Cash and cash equivalents	6,005,105 169,212	6,609,558 110,026
Receivables for:	105,212	110,020
Interest, net	18,879	20,408
Other	927	2,885
Prepaid expenses	1,268	757
Deferred financing costs	50,937	54,420
Total Assets	6,246,328	6,798,054
10tai 71550t5	0,240,320	0,770,034
Liabilities		
Revolving Credit Facility (Notes 4 and 8)		368,700
Convertible Notes (Notes 5 and 8)	1,089,000	1,239,500
Public Notes (Notes 6 and 8)	708,242	548,094
Prospect Capital InterNotes® (Notes 7 and 8)	898,535	827,442
Due to broker		26,778
Interest payable	33,724	39,659
Dividends payable	29,675	29,923
Due to Prospect Administration (Note 13)	1,899	4,238
Due to Prospect Capital Management (Note 13)	55,021	2,550
Accrued expenses	3,153	3,408
Other liabilities	4,663	4,713
Commitments and Contingencies (Note 3)		
Total Liabilities	2,823,912	3,095,005
Net Assets	\$3,422,416	\$3,703,049
Components of Net Assets	. , ,	, ,
Common stock, par value \$0.001 per share (1,000,000,000 common shares authorized; 356,113,777 and 359,090,759 issued and outstanding, respectively) (Note 9)	\$356	\$359
Paid-in capital in excess of par (Note 9)	3,959,864	3,975,672
Accumulated overdistributed net investment income	(5,800)	(21,077)
Accumulated net realized loss on investments and extinguishment of debt		(302,087)
Net unrealized (depreciation) appreciation on investments		50,182
Net Assets		\$3,703,049
Net Asset Value Per Share (Note 16)	\$9.61	\$10.31

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

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PROSPECT CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS

(in thousands, except share and per share data) (Unaudited)

	Three Months Ended March 31,		Nine Mont March 31,		
	2016	2015	2016	2015	
Investment Income					
Interest income:					
Control investments	\$50,762	\$50,418	\$154,135	\$146,230	
Affiliate investments		973	896	2,814	
Non-control/non-affiliate investments	83,986	94,556	265,855	290,665	
Structured credit securities	44,244	39,046	135,912	118,238	
Total interest income	178,992	184,993	556,798	557,947	
Dividend income:					
Control investments	8,288	1,346	25,046	4,756	
Affiliate investments		_	_	778	
Non-control/non-affiliate investments	13	24	16	46	
Money market funds		1	_	27	
Total dividend income	8,301	1,371	25,062	5,607	
Other income:					
Control investments	1,758	1,620	7,436	10,352	
Affiliate investments	_	_	_	226	
Non-control/non-affiliate investments	442	3,366	9,639	18,122	
Total other income (Note 10)	2,200	4,986	17,075	28,700	
Total Investment Income	189,493	191,350	598,935	592,254	
Operating Expenses					
Investment advisory fees:					
Base management fee (Note 13)	30,977	33,679	95,712	100,878	
Income incentive fee (Note 13)	21,906	21,860	69,940	68,307	
Total investment advisory fees	52,883	55,539	165,652	169,185	
Interest and credit facility expenses	41,719	42,213	125,881	127,371	
Legal fees	11	(4)	2,163	1,554	
Valuation services	365	401	1,228	1,310	
Audit, compliance and tax related fees	1,596	648	4,665	2,239	
Allocation of overhead from Prospect Administration (Note 13)	2,936	2,984	9,114	8,414	
Insurance expense	214	121	653	373	
Directors' fees	94	94	282	282	
Excise tax	400	(793)	1,700	982	
Other general and administrative expenses	1,649	2,706	7,836	7,315	
Total Operating Expenses	101,867	103,909	319,174	319,025	
Net Investment Income	87,626	87,441	279,761	273,229	
Net realized (leases) soins on investment	(10.704)	4.704	(10.007)	(150.072.)	
Net realized (losses) gains on investments	(10,784)			(150,973)	
Net change in unrealized (depreciation) appreciation on investments	(1,311)		(253,233)		
Net realized and unrealized losses on investments	(12,095)			(20,445)	
Net realized losses on extinguishment of debt				(1,214)	
Net Increase in Net Assets Resulting from Operations	\$75,508	\$81,492	\$8,205	\$251,570	
Net increase in net assets resulting from operations per share	\$0.21	\$0.23	\$0.02	\$0.71	

Dividends declared per share

\$(0.25) \$(0.28) \$(0.75) \$(0.94)

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

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PROSPECT CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN NET ASSETS (in thousands, except share data)

(Unaudited)

	Nine Months Ended March 31,		
	2016 2015		
Operations Net investment income	\$279,761 \$273,229		
Net realized losses on investments	(18,237) (150,973)		
Net change in unrealized (depreciation) appreciation on investments	(253,233) 130,528		
Net realized losses on extinguishment of debt Net Increase in Net Assets Resulting from Operations	(86) (1,214) 8,205 251,570		
Net increase in Net Assets Resulting from Operations	8,203 231,370		
Distributions to Shareholders			
Distribution from net investment income	(266,920) (331,863)		
Distribution of return of capital			
Net Decrease in Net Assets Resulting from Distributions to Shareholders	(266,920) (331,863)		
Common Stock Transactions			
Issuance of common stock, net of underwriting costs	— 146,085		
Less: Offering costs from issuance of common stock	118 (585)		
Repurchase of common stock under stock repurchase program	(34,140) —		
Value of shares issued through reinvestment of dividends	12,104 11,199		
Net (Decrease) Increase in Net Assets Resulting from Common Stock Transactions	(21,918) 156,699		
Total (Decrease) Increase in Net Assets	(280,633) 76,406		
Net assets at beginning of period	3,703,049 3,618,182		
Net Assets at End of Period	\$3,422,416 \$3,694,588		
Common Stock Activity			
Shares sold	— 14,845,556		
Shares repurchased under stock repurchase program	(4,708,750) —		
Shares issued through reinvestment of dividends	1,731,768 1,189,248		
Net shares (repurchased) issued due to common stock activity	(2,976,982) 16,034,804		
Shares issued and outstanding at beginning of period	359,090,759 342,626,637		
Shares Issued and Outstanding at End of Period	356,113,777 358,661,441		
See notes to consolidated financial statements. F-4			

PROSPECT CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(in thousands, except share data) (Unaudited)

	Nine Mont March 31,	
	2016	2015
Operating Activities		
Net increase in net assets resulting from operations	\$8,205	\$251,570
Net realized losses on extinguishment of debt	86	1,214
Net realized losses on investments	18,237	150,973
Net change in unrealized depreciation (appreciation) on investments	253,233	(130,528)
Amortization of discounts and premiums, net	62,631	64,200
Accretion of discount on Public Notes (Note 6)	148	164
Amortization of deferred financing costs	10,156	9,601
Payment-in-kind interest		(16,485)
Structuring fees	(6,932)	(18,055)
Change in operating assets and liabilities:		
Payments for purchases of investments		(1,421,531)
Proceeds from sale of investments and collection of investment principal	955,415	1,022,394
Decrease (increase) in interest receivable, net	1,529	(2,372)
Decrease in other receivables	1,958	983
(Increase) decrease in prepaid expenses	(511)	968
Decrease in due to broker	(26,778)	
Decrease in interest payable	(5,935)	(2,073)
(Decrease) increase in due to Prospect Administration	(2,339)	336
Increase in due to Prospect Capital Management	52,471	1,388
Decrease in accrued expenses	(255)	(1,455)
(Decrease) increase in other liabilities	(50)	319
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities	643,137	(88,389)
Financing Activities		
Borrowings under Revolving Credit Facility (Note 4)	615,000	1,187,000
Principal payments under Revolving Credit Facility (Note 4)	(983,700)	(961,300)
Issuance of Public Notes (Note 6)	160,000	
Redemption of Convertible Notes (Note 5)	(150,000)	
Repurchase of Convertible Notes, net (Note 5)	(500)	(7,658)
Issuances of Prospect Capital InterNotes® (Note 7)	74,862	74,967
Redemptions of Prospect Capital InterNotes®, net (Note 7)	(3,769)	(83,475)
Financing costs paid and deferred	(6,759)	
Cost of shares repurchased under stock repurchase program	(34,140)	
Proceeds from issuance of common stock, net of underwriting costs	_	146,085
Offering costs from issuance of common stock	118	(585)
Dividends paid	(255,063)	(328,620)
Net Cash (Used in) Provided by Financing Activities	(583,951)	17,788
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	59,186	(70,601)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	110,026	134,225
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Period	\$169,212	\$63,624

Supplemental Disclosures

Cash paid for interest \$121,512 \$119,679

Non-Cash Financing Activities

Value of shares issued through reinvestment of dividends \$12,104 \$11,199

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

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PROSPECT CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULES OF INVESTMENTS

(in thousands, except share data)

				March 31, 2016 (Unaudited)			
Portfolio Company	Locale / Industry	Investments(1)		Principal Cost	Fair	% of Net	
			Value Cost	Value(2	2)Assets		

LEVEL 3 PORTFOLIO INVESTMENTS

Control Investments (greater than 25.00% voting control)(47)

American Property	Various / Real	Senior Secured Term Loan (6.00% (LIBOR + 4.00% with 2.00% LIBOR floor) plus 5.50% PIK, due	\$51,905\$51,905\$51,905 1.4%				
REIT Corp.(8)	Estate	4/1/2019)(4)(6)(30) Common Stock (318,249 shares)	_	24,382	43,170	1.3%	
		Net Operating Income Interest (5% of Net Operating Income)	_	_	12,418	0.4%	
				76,287	107,493	3.1%	
		Class D Units (32,915 units)	—	31,639	-	1.0%	
Arctic Energy	Wyoming / Oil &		_	20,230	4,500	0.1%	
Services, LLC(9)	Gas Services	Class A Units (700 units)		9,006		<u> </u> %	
		Class C Units (10 units)	_			%	
		G : G 1 T 1 A (10.00G		60,875	37,616	1.1%	
	Ohio /	Senior Secured Term Loan A (10.00%, due 12/31/2017)(3)	12,425	12,425	12,425	0.4%	
CCPI Inc.(10)	Manufacturing	Senior Secured Term Loan B (12.00% plus 7.00% PIK, due 12/31/2017)(6)	9,320	9,320	9,320	0.3%	
		Common Stock (14,957 shares)		6,636	19,108	0.5%	
				28,381	40,853	1.2%	
CP Energy Services	Oklahoma / Oil &	Series B Convertible Preferred Stock (1,043 shares)		98,272	75,423	2.2%	
Inc.(11)	Gas Services	Common Stock (2,924 shares)	_	15,227		%	
				113,499	75,423	2.2%	
Credit Control Loon	South Carolina /	Subordinated Term Loan (10.00% plus 10.00% PIK, due 6/26/2019)(6)(32)	36,333	36,333	36,333	1.0%	
Credit Central Loan Company, LLC(12)	Consumer Finance	Class A Shares (7,500,000 shares)(32)	_	11,633	12,426	0.4%	
Company, LLC(12)	Consumer Finance	Net Revenues Interest (25% of Net Revenues)(32)	_	_	3,627	0.1%	
				47,966	52,386	1.5%	
		Senior Secured Term Loan (11.75%					
	New York /	(LIBOR + 9.75% with 2.00% LIBOR	37 855	37,855	37 855	1.1%	
Echelon Aviation LLO	•	floor) plus 2.25% PIK, due	31,633	31,033	31,033	1.1 /0	
	Defense	3/31/2022)(4)(6)(30)					
		Membership Interest (99%)	—	19,907	-	0.6%	
				57,762	-	1.7%	
		Second Lien Revolving Credit Facility to Edmentum, Inc. – \$7,834	_	2,742	2,742	0.1%	
Edmentum Ultimate	Minnesota /	Commitment (5.00%, due					
Holdings, LLC(13)	Consumer Services						1;

		6/9/2020)(33) Unsecured Senior PIK Note (8.50%	6,209	6,209	6,209	0.2%
		PIK, due 6/9/2020)(6) Unsecured Junior PIK Note (10.00% PIK, due 6/9/2020)(6)	28,131	21,632	25,092	0.7%
		Class A Common Units (370,964.14 units)	_	6,577	6,245	0.2%
		,		37,160	40,288	1.2%
		Subordinated Term Loan to First				
First Tower Finance	Mississippi /	Tower, LLC (10.00% plus 12.00%	255,249	255,249	255,249	7.5%
Company LLC(14)	Consumer Finance	e PIK, due 6/24/2019)(6)(32)				
		Class A Shares (86,711,625 shares)(32	2)—	70,476	102,881	3.0%
				325,725	358,130	10.5%
Freedom Marine Solutions, LLC(15)	Louisiana / Oil & Gas Services	Membership Interest (100%)	_	40,211	26,619	0.8%
				40,211	26,619	0.8%

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

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PROSPECT CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULES OF INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED) (in thousands, except share data)

			March 31, 2016 (Unaudited)			ed)
Portfolio Company	Locale / Industry	Investments(1)	Principa Value	l Cost	Fair Value(2)	% of Net Assets
LEVEL 3 PORTFOL	LIO INVESTMEN	ГЅ				
Control Investments	(greater than 25.00	% voting control)(47)				
Gulf Coast Machine & Supply Company	Texas / Manufacturing	Senior Secured Term Loan (10.50% (LIBOR + 8.50% with 2.00% LIBOR floor), in non-accrual status effective 1/1/2015, due 10/12/2017)(4)(30)	\$37,379	\$33,925	\$ 9,946	0.3%
		Series A Convertible Preferred Stock (99,900 shares)	_	25,950	_	<u>_</u> %
				59,875	9.946	0.3%
		Senior Secured Term Loan A (9.00% (LIBOR + 7.00% with 2.00% LIBOR floor), due 9/30/2017)(3)(4)(30)	128,225	·	128,225	
Harbortouch Payments, LLC(16)	Pennsylvania / Business Services	Senior Secured Term Loan B (5.50% (LIBOR + 4.00% with 1.50% LIBOR floor) plus 5.50% PIK, due \$3/31/2018)(4)(6)(30)	144,878	144,878	144,878	4.2%
		Senior Secured Term Loan C (13.00% (LIBOR + 9.00% with 4.00% LIBOR floor), due 9/29/2018)(4)(30)	19,639	19,639	19,639	0.6%
		Class C Shares (535 shares)		*	42,938	
		Senior Secured Note A (10.00% (LIBOR + 7.00% with 3.00% LIBOR floor), due 3/19/2019)(3)(4)(30)			335,680 18,250	
MITY, Inc.(17)	Utah / Durable Consumer Products	Senior Secured Note B (10.00% (LIBOR + 7.00% with 3.00% LIBOR floor) plus 10.00% PIK, due 3/19/2019)(3)(4)(6)(30)		16,442	16,442	0.5%
		Subordinated Unsecured Note to Broda Enterprises ULC (10.00%, due on demand)(32)	7,200	7,200	5,555	0.2%
		Common Stock (42,053 shares)	_	6,849	,	0.5%
		Senior Secured Term Loan A (6.00% (LIBOR + 4.00% with 2.00% LIBOR floor) plus 5.50% PIK, due 4/1/2019)(4)(6)(30)	140,061	48,741 140,061	140,061	1.7%4.1%
National Property REIT Corp.(18)	Various / Real Estate	Senior Secured Term Loan E (11.00% (LIBOR + 9.00% with 2.00% LIBOR floor) plus 5.00% PIK, due 4/1/2019)(4)(6)(30)	158,079	158,079	158,079	4.6%

			Senior Secured Term Loan C to ACL Loan Holdings, Inc. (11.00% (LIBOR + 9.00% with 2.00% LIBOR floor) plus 5.00% PIK, due 4/1/2019)(4)(6)(30)(32)	113,131	113,131	113,131	3.3%
			Common Stock (1,000,451 shares)		114,794	130,439	3.8%
			Net Operating Income Interest (5% of Net Operating Income)		_	36,833	1.1%
					526,065	578,543	16.9%
	Nationwide Loan Company LLC(19)	Illinois / Consumer	Senior Subordinated Term Loan to Nationwide Acceptance LLC (10.00% plus 10.00% PIK, due 6/18/2019)(6)(32)	16,696	16,696	16,696	0.5%
	1 2	Finance	Class A Shares (30,192,535 shares)(32)	_	-	,	0.5% 1.0%
			Senior Secured Note (14.00%, due 5/6/2021)	3,714	3,714	3,714	0.1%
	NMMB, Inc.(20)	New York / Media	Senior Secured Note to Armed Forces Communications, Inc. (14.00%, due 5/6/2021)	7,000	7,000	7,000	0.2%
			Series A Preferred Stock (7,200 shares) Series B Preferred Stock (5,669 shares)	_	5,669	_	0.1% —% 0.4%
			Senior Subordinated Note (10.00%		25,505	13,270	0.470
		Pennsylvania /	(LIBOR + 9.00% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 6/12/2018)(3)(4)(30)	28,622	28,622	28,622	0.8%
R	R-V Industries, Inc.	Manufacturing	Common Stock (545,107 shares)		5,087	4,891	0.1%
			Warrant (to purchase 200,000 shares of Common Stock, expires 6/30/2017)	_	1,682	1,794	0.1%
			-		35,391	35,307	1.0%

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

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PROSPECT CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULES OF INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

(in thousands, except share data)

Portfolio Company	Locale / Industry	Investments(1)	March 3 Principa Value	1, 2016 (U1 ¹ Cost	naudited Fair Value(%	of Net
LEVEL 3 PORTFO	OLIO INVESTM	ENTS					
Control Investment	ts (greater than 25	5.00% voting control)(47)					
United Property REIT Corp.(21)	Various / Real Estate	Senior Term Loan (6.00% (LIBOR + 4.00% with 2.00% LIBOR floor) plus 5.50% PIK, due 4/1/2019)(4)(6)(30) Common Stock (83,470 shares) Net Operating Income Interest (5% of Net Operating Income)	_	15,907 —	\$67,25 20,734 17,646	0.6	0% 6% 5%
Valley Electric Company, Inc.(22	Washington / Construction & L Engineering S	Senior Secured Note to Valley Electric Co. of Mt. Vernon, Inc. (8.00% (LIBOR + 5.00% with 3.00% LIBOR floor) plus 2.50% PIK, due 12/31/2017)(3)(4)(6)(30) Senior Secured Note (10.00% plus		83,159 10,430	105,63	0.3	1% 3%
		8.50% PIK, due 12/31/2018)(6) Common Stock (50,000 shares)	23,601	23,601 26,204 60,235	20,929 — 31,359		5% -% 9%
Wolf Energy, LLC	Kansas / Oil & Hd Gas Production Mo	Senior Secured Promissory Note secured by assets formerly owned by H&M (18.00%, in non-accrual status effective 4/15/2013, due 4/15/2018) Membership Interest (100%) Net Profits Interest (8% of Equity Distributions)(7)	35,050	— —	674		-%
			_	_	19	_	—%
— 693 —% Total Control Investments \$1,959,243\$1,998,02358.9% Affiliate Investments (5.00% to 24.99% voting control)(48)							
BNN Holdings Corp.	Michigan / Healthcare	Series A Preferred Stock (9,925.4 Series B Preferred Stock (1,753.6		s)(26) —	-\$2,228 2,228	\$2,904 623 3,527	4 0.1% —% 0.1%
Targus International, LLC(46)	California / Dur Consumer Produ	non-accrual status effective 10/1/ 12/31/2019)(27) Senior Secured Term Loan B (15	Senior Secured Term Loan A (15.00% PIK, in non-accrual status effective 10/1/15, due 1,2701,263 1,270 12/31/2019)(27) Senior Secured Term Loan B (15.00% PIK, in non-accrual status effective 10/1/15, due 3,8123,788 3,812				
		Common (1,262,737 shares)			3,479 8,530	3,479 8,561	0.1% 0.2%

Total Affiliate Investments \$10,758\$12,0880.3%

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

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PROSPECT CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULES OF INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Portfolio Company	Locale / Industry	Investments(1)	March 3 Principal Cost Value		Unaudited) % of Net 2)Assets)
LEVEL 3 PORTFOLIC	INVESTMENTS					
Non-Control/Non-Affil	iate Investments (less t	than 5.00% voting control)				
AFI Shareholder, LLC (f/k/a Aircraft Fasteners International, LLC)	California / Machinery	Class A Units (32,500 units)	\$ \$ -349	\$ 482	—%	
Airmall Inc.	Pennsylvania / Property Managemer	Escrow Receivable	349 4,160	482 3,061	—% 0.1%	
Ajax Rolled Ring & Machine, LLC(42)	South Carolina / Manufacturing	Escrow Receivable(42)	4,160 —1,264	3,061 2,312	0.1% 0.1%	
ALG USA Holdings,	Pennsylvania /	Second Lien Term Loan (10.25% (LIBOR) (2+9.00% with 1.25% LIBOR floor), due 2/28/2020)(4)(27)(30)	1,264 R 1 11,7,52 0		0.1% 0.3%	
American Gilsonite Company	Utah / Metal Services & Minerals		11,620	11,771 —	—%	
Apidos CLO IX	Cayman Islands / Structured Finance	Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 17.56%)(24)(32)	<u> </u>			
Apidos CLO XI	Cayman Islands / Structured Finance	Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 12.94%)(24)(32)	20,097 3 8,0,4 0 1	19,490 25,358		
Apidos CLO XII	Cayman Islands / Structured Finance	Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 14.55%)(24)(32)	30,111 4 4,5,63 9	25,35829,742		
Apidos CLO XV	Cayman Islands / Structured Finance	Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 12.42%)(24)(32)	35,179 3 6,5,9 08	29,74224,179		
Apidos CLO XXII	Cayman Islands / Structured Finance	Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 16.61%)(24)(25)(32)	31,908 3 2,3,50 68	24,17924,461		
Arctic Glacier U.S.A., Inc.	Minnesota / Food Products	Second Lien Term Loan (10.50% (LIBO) + 9.25% with 1.25% LIBOR floor), due 11/10/2019)(3)(4)(30)	R 1 5105,0 ,000	·	5 4.2%	
Ark-La-Tex Wireline Services, LLC	Louisiana / Oil & Ga Services	Senior Secured Term Loan A (6.50% s(LIBOR + 5.50% with 1.00% LIBOR	150,00 2 2,8,232 2	0145,015 14,781		

floor), due 4/8/2019)(4)(31)

Senior Secured Term Loan B (10.50%

(LIBOR + 9.50% with 1.00% LIBOR 23,33399 — —%

floor), due 4/8/2019)(4)(31)

44,561 14,781 0.4%

New York / Second Lien Term Loan (10.25% (LIBOR

Armor Holding II LLC Diversified Financial + 9.00% with 1.25% LIBOR floor), due 7,6,9001 6,913 0.2%

Services 12/26/2020)(4)(27)(30)

6,901 6,913 0.2%

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

PROSPECT CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULES OF INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

(in thousands, except share data)

			March 31, 201	i6 (Unauc	dited)
Portfolio Company	Locale / Industry	Investments(1)	Principal Value Cost	Fair	% of Net
Tortiono Company	Locale / Illuusti y	mvestments(1)	Value Cost	Value(2	2)Assets

LEVEL 3 PORTFOLIO INVESTMENTS

Non-Control/Non-Affiliate Investments (less than 5.00% voting control)

Non-Control/Non-Affiliate Investments (less than 5.00% voting control)								
Atlantis Health Care Group (Puerto Rico),	Puerto Rico / Healthcare	Revolving Line of Credit – \$7,000 Commitment (10.25% (LIBOR + 8.25% with 2.00% LIBOR floor), due 8/21/2017)(4)(30)(33)	\$2,350\$2,350\$2,350 0.1%					
Inc.	Treatment	Senior Term Loan (10.25% (LIBOR + 8.25% with 2.00% LIBOR floor), due 2/21/2018)(3)(4)(30)	38,265 38,265 38,008 1.1%					
			40,615 40,358 1.2%					
Babson CLO Ltd. 2014-III	•	Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest, ecurrent yield 13.71%)(24)(25)(32)	52,250 44,678 38,113 1.1%					
			44,678 38,113 1.1%					
Broder Bros., Co.	Pennsylvania / Textiles, Apparel & Luxury Goods	Senior Secured Term Loan A (7.00% (LIBOR + 5.75% with 1.25% LIBOR floor), due 6/03/2021)(3)(4)(31)	121,475121,475121,475 3.5%					
		Senior Secured Term Loan B (13.50%	121,96d21,966121,966 3.6%					
			243,441243,441 7.1%					
Brookside Mill CLO Ltd.	•	Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest, ecurrent yield 15.23%)(24)(32)	26,000 20,131 18,490 0.5%					
			20,131 18,490 0.5%					
Capstone Logistics Acquisition, Inc.	Georgia / Busines Services	Second Lien Term Loan (9.25% (LIBOR + 8.25% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 10/7/2022)(3)(4)(27)(31)						
			101,94898,169 2.9%					
Cent CLO 17 Limited	-	Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest, ecurrent yield 9.54%)(24)(32)	24,870 19,206 16,208 0.5%					
			19,206 16,208 0.5%					
Cent CLO 20 Limited	•	Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest, ecurrent yield 7.58%)(24)(32)	40,275 33,574 25,023 0.7%					
			33,574 25,023 0.7%					
Cent CLO 21 Limited	· · · · · ·	Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest, ecurrent yield 7.70%)(24)(25)(32)	48,528 39,614 29,616 0.9%					
		•	39,614 29,616 0.9%					
CIFC Funding 2013-III, Ltd.	•	Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest, ecurrent yield 16.80%)(24)(32)	44,100 32,902 29,752 0.9%					
			32,902 29,752 0.9% 45,500 34,078 33,278 1.0%					

CIFC Funding 2013-IV, Ltd.	•	Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest, ecurrent yield 17.45%)(24)(32)				
·		•		34,078	33,278	1.0%
CIFC Funding 2014-IV Investor, Ltd.	Cayman Islands / Structured Financ	Income Notes (Residual Interest, current eyield 15.41%)(24)(25)(32)	41,500	32,303	29,486	0.9%
111, 45001, 200.				32,303	29,486	0.9%
Cinedigm DC Holdings, LLC	New York / Software & Computer Services	Senior Secured Term Loan (11.00% (LIBOR + 9.00% with 2.00% LIBOR floor) plus 2.50% PIK, due 3/31/2021)(4)(6)(30)	66,543	66,493	66,543	1.9%
				66,493	66,543	1.9%

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

PROSPECT CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULES OF INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

(in thousands, except share data)

March 31, 2016 (Unaudited)

Portfolio Company Locale / Industry Investments(1)

Principal Value Cost Value(2) Assets

Principal Value(2) Assets

LEVEL 3 PORTFOLIO INVESTMENTS

Non-Control/Non-Affiliate Investments (less than 5.00% voting control)

Coverall North America, Inc.	Florida / Commercial Services	Senior Secured Term Loan A (7.00% (LIBOR + 6.00% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 11/02/2020)(3)(4)(30) Senior Secured Term Loan B(12.00% (LIBOR + 11.00% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 11/02/2020)(3)(4)(30)		25,000	25,000	0.7%
Crosman Corporation	New York / Manufacturing	Senior Secured Term Loan A (9.13% (LIBOR + 8.70% with 0.3% LIBOR floor) plus 4.00% PIK, due 8/5/2020)(3)(4)(6)(31) Senior Secured Term Loan B (16.13%)	53,707	49,500 53,707	·	1.4% 1.5%
	Mandracturing	(I IBOR \pm 15.70% with 0.3% I IBOR		40,920	38,396	1.1%
				94,627	90,056	2.6%
Easy Gardener Products, Inc.	Texas / Durable Consumer Products	Senior Secured Term Loan (10.63% (LIBOR + 10.00% with 0.25% LIBOR floor), due 09/30/2020)(3)(4)(30)	17,413	17,413	17,413	0.5%
				17,413	17,413	0.5%
Empire Today, LLC	Illinois / Durable Consumer Products	Senior Secured Note (11.375%, due 2/1/2017)(27)	15,700	15,602	15,700	0.5%
				15,602	15,700	0.5%
Fleetwash, Inc.	New Jersey /	Senior Secured Term Loan B (10.50% (LIBOR + 9.50% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 4/30/2019)(3)(4)(30)	24,446	24,446	24,117	0.7%
rectwash, me.	Business Services	Delayed Draw Term Loan – \$15,000 Commitment (expires 4/30/2019)(4)(33)	_		(202)—%
				24,446	23,915	0.7%
Focus Brands, Inc.	Georgia / Consumer Services	Second Lien Term Loan (10.25% (LIBOR + 9.00% with 1.25% LIBOR floor), due 8/21/2018)(4)(27)(31)	18,000	17,862	18,000	0.5%
				17,862	18,000	0.5%
Galaxy XV CLO, Ltd.	Cayman Islands /	Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest,	39,275	29,195	29,001	0.8%
Caluny II (CDO, Did.	Structured Finance	ecurrent yield 18.15%)(24)(32)	,	29,195		0.8%
				47,173	27,001	0.0 /0

Galaxy XVI CLO, Ltd	Cayman Islands / Structured Finance	Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest, 24,575 ecurrent yield 15.96%)(24)(32)	19,420	18,092	0.5%
			19,420	18,092	0.5%
Galaxy XVII CLO, Ltd.	Cayman Islands / Structured Finance	Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest, 39,905 ecurrent yield 15.67%)(24)(25)(32)	31,376	29,034	0.8%
		•	31,376	29,034	0.8%
Global Employment Solutions, Inc.	Colorado / Business Services	Senior Secured Term Loan (10.25% (LIBOR + 9.25% with 1.00% LIBOR 49,379 floor), due 6/26/2020)(3)(4)(31)	49,379	48,893	1.4%
			49,379	48,893	1.4%
Halcyon Loan Advisors Funding 2012-1 Ltd.	Cayman Islands / Structured Finance	Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest, 23,188 ecurrent yield 21.06%)(24)(32)	18,672	18,969	0.6%
			18,672	18,969	0.6%
Halcyon Loan Advisors Funding 2013-1 Ltd.	Cayman Islands / Structured Finance	Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest, 40,400 ecurrent yield 23.80%)(24)(32)	32,563	33,415	1.0%
			32,563	33,415	1.0%

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

PROSPECT CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULES OF INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

(in thousands, except share data)

			March 31, 2016 (Unaudited)		
Portfolio Company	Locale / Industry	Investments(1)	Principal Value Cost		% of Net 2)Assets

LEVEL 3 PORTFOLIO INVESTMENTS

Non-Control/Non-Affiliate Investments (less than 5 00% voting control)

Non-Control/Non-Affiliate Investments (less than 5.00% voting control)							
Halcyon Loan Advisors Funding 2014-1 Ltd.	Cayman Islands / Structured Finance	Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 17.25%)(24)(32)	\$24,500		3\$17,435		
TT 1 T	C 11 1 /			18,853	17,435	0.5%	
Halcyon Loan Advisors Funding 2014-2 Ltd.	Cayman Islands / Structured Finance	Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 20.67%)(24)(25)(32)	41,164	31,691	31,344	0.9%	
				31,691	31,344	0.9%	
Halcyon Loan Advisors Funding 2015-3 Ltd.	Cayman Islands / Structured Finance	Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 19.00%)(24)(25)(32)	39,598	40,552	38,102	1.1%	
				40,552	38,102	1.1%	
HarbourView CLO VII, Ltd.	Cayman Islands / Structured Finance	Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 16.12%)(24)(25)(32)	19,025	14,516	12,179	0.4%	
				14,516	12,179	0.4%	
Harley Marine Services, Inc.	Washington / Transportation	Second Lien Term Loan (10.50% (LIBOR + 9.25% with 1.25% LIBOR floor), due 12/20/2019)(3)(4)(27)(30)	9,000	8,878	8,878	0.3%	
		11001), 000 12,20,2015)(0)(1)(21)(00)		8,878	8,878	0.3%	
Hollander Sleep Products, LLC	Florida / Durable Consumer Products	Senior Secured Term Loan (9.00% (LIBOR + 8.00% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 10/21/2020)(3)(4)(30)	22,275	22,275	21,396	0.6%	
				22,275	21,396	0.6%	
ICV-CAS Holdings, LLC	New York / Transportation	Escrow Receivable	_		58	<u></u> %	
LLC	Transportation				58	<u></u> %	
		Senior Secured Term Loan A (5.50% (LIBOR + 4.50% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 3/28/2019)(4)(30)	115,442	2 115,442	2 115,442	3.4%	
Instant Web, LLC	Minnesota / Media	Senior Secured Term Loan B (12.00% (LIBOR + 11.00% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 3/28/2019)(3)(4)(30)	150,100) 150,100	150,100	4.3%	
	Mouia	Senior Secured Term Loan C (12.75% (LIBOR + 11.75% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 3/28/2019)(4)(30)	27,000	27,000	27,000	0.8%	
		Delayed Draw Term Loan – \$16,000 Commitment (expires 5/29/2016)(33)	_	_	_	— %	

				292,542	292,542	8.5%
		Senior Secured Term Loan A (6.25%				
		(LIBOR + 5.50% with 0.75% LIBOR	79,759	79,759	79,759	2.3%
InterDent, Inc.	California /	floor), due 8/3/2017)(4)(31)				
	Healthcare	Senior Secured Term Loan B (11.25% (LIBOR + 10.50% with 0.75% LIBOR	131 125	131 125	129,979	3 80%
		floor), due 8/3/2017)(3)(4)(31)	131,123	131,123	127,717	3.0 //
				210,884	209,738	6.1%
JAC Holding Corporation	Michigan / Transportation	Senior Secured Note (11.50%, due 10/1/2019)(27)	2,868	2,868	2,777	0.1%
Corporation	Transportation	10/1/2017)(21)		2,868	2,777	0.1%
Jefferson Mill CLO	Cayman Islands /	Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest,				
Ltd.	Structured Finance	current yield 10.40%)(24)(25)(32)	19,500	16,925	12,241	0.4%
				16,925	12,241	0.4%
		Second Lien Term Loan (11.25%				
JHH Holdings, Inc.	Texas /	(LIBOR + 10.00% with 1.25% LIBOR	35,432	35,432	35,432	1.0%
	Healthcare	floor) plus 0.50% PIK, due 3/30/2019)(3)(4)(6)(30)				
		// // //- ·/		35,432	35,432	1.0%

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

PROSPECT CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULES OF INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

(in thousands, except share data)

			March 31, 2016 (Unaudited)			ed)
Portfolio Company	Locale / Industry	Investments(1)	Principal Co	ost	Fair Value(2)	% of Net
	-		v aiue		value(2	Assets

LEVEL 3 PORTFOLIO INVESTMENTS

Non-Control/Non-Affiliate Investments (less than 5.00% voting control)

Virginia / Transportation	Transportation Senior Secured Term Loan B (10.25%		\$34,629\$34,629\$29,495 0.9			
	floor) plus 2.00% PIK, due 3/18/2019)(3)(4)(6)(31)	21,245	21,245	18,095	0.5%	
			55,874	47,590	1.4%	
Cayman Islands / Structured Finance	Income Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 17.71%)(24)(32)	30,500	23,256	22,225	0.6%	
			23,256	22,225	0.6%	
Cayman Islands / Structured Finance	Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 20.38%)(24)(32)	31,110	22,617	23,670	0.7%	
	•		22,617	23,670	0.7%	
New Jersey / Pharmaceuticals	(LIBOR + 6.00% with 1.50% LIBOR floor), due 8/9/2018)(3)(4)(30)	32,327	32,327	32,260	0.9%	
	•	40,562	40,562	40,562	1.2%	
				-	2.1%	
Arizono / Ugalthaar	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	_	1,252	2,037	0.1%	
Alizona / Healuican	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	_		895	—%	
	,		1,252	2,932	0.1%	
& Nondurable Consumer Products	Membership Interest (1.43%)(40)	_	_	266	%	
			_	266	— %	
Cayman Islands / Structured Finance	•	43,650	34,466	31,761	0.9%	
	•		34,466	31,761	0.9%	
Cayman Islands / Structured Finance	•	47,830	43,830	39,129	1.1%	
	•		43,830	39,129	1.1%	
New York / Food Products	Senior Secured Notes (10.00%, due 3/15/2020)(27)	3,000	3,000	3,000	0.1%	
	Cayman Islands / Structured Finance Cayman Islands / Structured Finance New Jersey / Pharmaceuticals Arizona / Healthcare Colorado / Personal & Nondurable Consumer Products Cayman Islands / Structured Finance Cayman Islands / Structured Finance New York / Food	Virginia / 3/18/2019)(4)(6)(31) Transportation Senior Secured Term Loan B (10.25% (LIBOR + 8.25% with 2.00% LIBOR floor) plus 2.00% PIK, due 3/18/2019)(3)(4)(6)(31) Cayman Islands / Structured Finance Income Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 17.71%)(24)(32) Cayman Islands / Structured Finance Secured Term Loan A (7.50% (LIBOR + 6.00% with 1.50% LIBOR floor), due 8/9/2018)(3)(4)(30) New Jersey / Flooring Hooring Hoori	(LIBOR + 8.25% with 2.00% LIBOR floor) plus 2.00% PIK, due 3/18/2019)(4)(6)(31) Transportation Senior Secured Term Loan B (10.25% (LIBOR + 8.25% with 2.00% LIBOR floor) plus 2.00% PIK, due 3/18/2019)(3)(4)(6)(31) Cayman Islands / Income Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 17.71%)(24)(32) Cayman Islands / Structured Finance Cayman Islands / Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 20.38%)(24)(32) Senior Secured Term Loan A (7.50% (LIBOR + 6.00% with 1.50% LIBOR floor), due 8/9/2018)(3)(4)(30) Senior Secured Term Loan B (12.50% (LIBOR + 11.00% with 1.50% LIBOR floor), due 8/9/2018)(3)(4)(30) Preferred Units (1,250,000 units) Arizona / Healthcare Class A Common Units (1,250,000 units) Colorado / Personal & Nondurable Consumer Products O'Cayman Islands / Structured Finance O'Cayman Islands / Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 16.24%)(24)(25)(32) New York / Food Senior Secured Notes (10.00%, due 3.000)	CLIBOR + 8.25% with 2.00% LIBOR floor) plus 2.00% PIK, due 3/18/2019)(4)(6)(31)	Cayman Islands / Structured Finance Cayman Islands / Pharmaceuticals Cayman Islands / Senior Secured Term Loan A (7.50% (LIBOR + 6.00% with 1.50% LIBOR floor), due 8/9/2018)(3)(4)(30) Cayman Islands / Senior Secured Term Loan B (12.50% (LIBOR + 6.00% with 1.50% LIBOR floor), due 8/9/2018)(3)(4)(30) Cayman Islands / Senior Secured Term Loan B (12.50% (LIBOR + 6.00% with 1.50% LIBOR floor), due 8/9/2018)(3)(4)(30) Cayman Islands / Senior Secured Term Loan B (12.50% (LIBOR + 11.00% with 1.50% LIBOR floor), due 8/9/2018)(3)(4)(30) Cayman Islands / Structured Finance Cass A Common Units (1,250,000 units) Cayman Islands / Structured Finance Cass A Common Units (1,250,000 units) Cayman Islands / Structured Finance Cass A Common Units (1,250,000 units) Cayman Islands / Structured Finance Cass A Common Units (1,250,000 units) Cayman Islands / Structured Finance Cass A Common Units (1,250,000 units) Cayman Islands / Structured Finance Cass A Common Units (1,250,000 units) Cayman Islands / Structured Finance Cass A Common Units (1,250,000 units) Cayman Islands / Structured Finance Cass A Common Units (1,250,000 units) Cayman Islands / Structured Finance Cass A Common Units (1,250,000 units) Cayman Islands / Structured Finance Cass A Common Units (1,250,000 units) Cayman Islands / Structured Finance Cass A Common Units (1,250,000 units) Cayman Islands / Structured Finance Cass A Common Units (1,250,000 units) Cayman Islands / Structured Finance Cass A Common Units (1,250,000 units) Cayman Islands / Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 16.81%)(24)(25)(32) Cayman Islands / Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 16.81%)(24)(25)(32) Cayman Islands / Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 16.81%)(24)(25)(32) Cayman Islands / Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 16.81%)(24)(25)(32) Cayman Islands / Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 16.81%)(24)(25)(32) Cayman Islands / Cayman I	

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				3,000	3,000	0.1%
NCP Finance Limited Partnership(37)	Ohio / Consumer Finance	Subordinated Secured Term Loan (11.00% (LIBOR + 9.75% with 1.25% LIBOR floor), due 9/30/2018)(3)(4)(27)(31)(32)	16,169	15,977	16,125	0.5%
				15,977	16,125	0.5%
Nixon, Inc.		Senior Secured Term Loan (9.50% plus 3.00% PIK, due 4/16/2018)(3)(6)(27)	14,192	14,061	13,133	0.4%
				14,061	13,133	0.4%
Octagon Investment Partners XV, Ltd.	•	Income Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 17.20%)(24)(32)	32,921	26,520	23,862	0.7%
		•		26,520	23,862	0.7%
Octagon Investment Partners XVIII, Ltd.	•	Income Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 20.20%)(24)(25)(32)	28,200	20,456	19,547	0.6%
		, , , , , ,		20,456	19,547	0.6%

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

March 31, 2016 (Unaudited)

PROSPECT CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULES OF INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Portfolio Company	Locale / Industry	Investments(1)	Principal Value Cost	Fair Value(2)	% of Net
LEVEL 3 PORTFOLIO	O INVESTMENTS				
Non-Control/Non-Affil	liate Investments (l	ess than 5.00% voting control)			
Onyx Payments(43)	Texas / Diversified Financial Services	Revolving Line of Credit – \$5,000 Commitment (9.00% (LIBOR + 8.00% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 9/10/2016)(4)(30)(33) Senior Secured Term Loan A (6.50%	\$1,000\$1,000	\$ 1,000	— %
		(LIBOR + 5.50% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 9/10/2019)(3)(4)(30)	49,884 49,884	49,884	1.5%
		Senior Secured Term Loan B (13.50% (LIBOR + 12.50% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 9/10/2019)(3)(4)(30)	59,389 59,389	59,337	1.7%
			110,273	3110,221	3.2%
	California / Personal & Nondurable Consumer Products	Revolving Line of Credit – \$15,000 Commitment (8.00% (LIBOR + 7.00% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 9/26/2020)(4)(31)(33)	2,500 2,500	2,500	0.1%
Pacific World Corporation		Senior Secured Term Loan A (6.00% (LIBOR + 5.00% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 9/26/2020)(4)(31) Senior Secured Term Loan B (10.00%	98,250 98,250	90,349	2.6%
		(LIBOR + 9.00% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 9/26/2020)(3)(4)(31)	98,250 98,250	72,714	2.1%
			199,000	0165,563	4.8%
Pelican Products, Inc.	California / Durable Consumer Products	Second Lien Term Loan (9.25% (LIBOI + 8.25% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 4/9/2021)(4)(27)(30)		16,319	0.5%
			17,486	16,319	0.5%
PeopleConnect	Washington /	Revolving Line of Credit – \$1,500 Commitment (9.50% (LIBOR + 8.50% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 7/1/2016)(4)(30)(33)		_	—%
Intermediate, LLC (f/k/a Intelius, Inc.)	Software & Computer Services	Senior Secured Term Loan A (6.50% (LIBOR + 5.50% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 7/1/2020)(3)(4)(30)	21,142 21,142	20,848	0.6%
		Senior Secured Term Loan B (12.50% (LIBOR + 11.50% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 7/1/2020)(3)(4)(30)	21,321 21,321	20,872	0.6%
			42,463	41,720	1.2%

PGX Holdings, Inc.(39	Utah / Consumer Services	Second Lien Term Loan (10.00% (LIBOR + 9.00% with 1.00% LIBOR 1 floor), due 9/29/2021)(3)(4)(31)(28)	35,000	035,000)135,000	3.9%
				135,000	135,000	3.9%
Photonis Technologies	France /	First Lien Term Loan (8.50% (LIBOR +				
SAS	Aerospace & Defense	7.50% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 1 9/18/2019)(4)(27)(30)(32)	10,255	10,072	9,388	0.3%
				10,072	9,388	0.3%
Pinnacle (US)	Texas / Software	Second Lien Term Loan (10.50%				
Acquisition Co.	& Computer	(LIBOR + 9.25% with 1.25% LIBOR 7	7,037	6,910	5,406	0.2%
Limited	Services	floor), due 8/3/2020)(4)(27)(30)				
				6,910	5,406	0.2%
	North Carolina /	Second Lien Term Loan (9.75% (LIBOR				
PlayPower, Inc.	Durable Consumer Products	+ 8.75% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 1 6/23/2022)(3)(4)(27)(30)	1,000	10,850	10,824	0.3%
	Troducts			10.850	10,824	0.3%
	Illinois /	Second Lien Term Loan (9.75% (LIBOR		- 5,520	-0,02.	2.2 /3
Prime Security Services Borrower, LLC	Consumer Services	+ 8.75% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 1 7/1/2022)(4)(27)(30)	0,000	9,864	9,864	0.3%
				9,864	9,864	0.3%

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

PROSPECT CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULES OF INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

(in thousands, except share data)

			March 31, 2016 (Unaudited)			
Portfolio Company	Locale / Industry	Investments(1)	Principal Value Cost	Fair Value(2	% of Net 2)Assets	

LEVEL 3 PORTFOLIO INVESTMENTS

Non-Control/Non-Affiliate Investments (less than 5.00% voting control)

PrimeSport, Inc.	Georgia / Hotels, Restaurants & Leisure	Senior Secured Term Loan A (7.00% (LIBOR + 6.00% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 2/11/2021)(3)(4)(30) Senior Secured Term Loan B (12.00%	53,837	53,837	53,466	1.6%
	Leisure	(LIBOR + 11.00% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 2/11/2021)(3)(4)(30)	74,500	74,500	74,500	2.1%
				128,337	7127,966	3.7%
Prince Mineral Holding Corp.	New York / Metal Services & Minerals	Senior Secured Term Loan (11.50%, due 12/15/2019)(27)	\$10,000)\$9,929	\$ 8,204	0.2%
				9,929	8,204	0.2%
D 1 (C C 1	Massachusetts /	Second Lien Term Loan (10.25%	20,000	10.040	20,000	0.601
Rocket Software, Inc.		(LIBOR + 8.75% with 1.50% LIBOR sfloor), due 2/8/2019)(3)(4)(27)(30)	20,000	19,840	20,000	0.6%
		711001), dae 2/0/2017)(0)(1)(2/)(00)		19,840	20,000	0.6%
	Indiana / Chemicals	Second Lien Term Loan (8.50%	-			
Royal Holdings, Inc.		(LIBOR + 7.50% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 6/19/2023)(4)(27)(30)	5,000	4,966	4,707	0.1%
		11001), due 0/19/2023)(4)(27)(30)		4,966	4,707	0.1%
SCS Merger Sub, Inc.	Texas / Software	Second Lien Term Loan (10.50%		,	,	
(Sirius)	& Computer Services	(LIBOR + 9.50% with 1.00% LIBOR	20,000	19,438	19,438	0.6%
•		floor), due 10/30/2023)(3)(4)(27)(31)		19 438	19,438	0.6%
Security Alarm	C-1:6 /	Subordinated Unsecured Notes		17,130	17,150	0.070
Financing Enterprises,	California / Consumer Services	$_{\rm s}$ (11.50% (LIBOR + 9.50% with 2.00%	25,000	25,000	22,717	0.7%
L.P.(44)		LIBOR floor), due 12/19/2020)(4)(31)		25 000	22,717	0.70/
		Second Lien Term Loan (9.00%		23,000	22,/1/	0.7%
SESAC Holdco II LLC	CTennessee / Media	(LIBOR + 8.00% with 1.00% LIBOR	10,000	9,872	9,871	0.3%
		floor), due 4/22/2021)(3)(4)(27)(30)		0.070	0.071	0.26
		Second Lien Term Loan (10.50%		9,872	9,871	0.3%
SITEL Worldwide Corporation	Tennessee / Business Services	(LIBOR + 9.50% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 9/18/2022)(4)(27)(30)	16,000	15,703	15,220	0.4%
				15,703	15,220	0.4%
Small Business Whole		908 small business loans purchased	20,015	20,015	20,383	0.6%
Loan Portfolio	Lending	from On Deck Capital, Inc.(38)	_	719	391	%
						,,,

Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest, current yield -4.01%) in MarketPlace Loan Trust, Series 2015-OD2(32) 20,734 20,774 0.6% Senior Secured Term Loan A (7.00% (LIBOR + 6.00% with 1.00% LIBOR 13,156 13,156 10,257 0.3% Louisiana / Oil & floor), due 12/28/2017)(4)(31) Spartan Energy Services, Inc. Gas Services Senior Secured Term Loan B (11.00% (LIBOR + 10.00% with 1.00% LIBOR 13,669 13,669 — --% floor), due 12/28/2017)(4)(31) 26,825 10,257 0.3% Speedy Group Canada / Senior Unsecured Notes (12.00%, due 15,000 15,000 10,244 0.3% Holdings Corp. Consumer Finance 11/15/2017)(27)(29)(32) 15,000 10,244 0.3% Ohio / Oil & Gas Overriding Royalty Interests(18) Stryker Energy, LLC --% Production --%

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

PROSPECT CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULES OF INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

(in thousands, except share data)

March 31, 2016 (Unaudited)

Princi**pal**r % of Net Cost ValueValue(2) Assets

Portfolio Company

Locale / Industry

Investments(1)

LEVEL 3 PORTFOLIO INVESTMENTS

Non-Control/Non-Affiliate Investments (less than 5.00% voting control)

Sudbury Mill CLO

Cayman Islands /

Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest,

28,0907,1550.5%

Ltd.

Structured Finance

current yield 11.21%)(24)(32)

21,0907,1550.5%

Symphony CLO IX

Cayman Islands /

Preference Shares (Residual Interest, current

33,5000,045 0.9%

Ltd.

Structured Finance yield

yield 14.27%)(24)(32)

33,1830,045 0.9%

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

March 31, 2016 (Unaudited)

PROSPECT CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULES OF INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Portfolio Company	Locale / Industry	Investments(1)	Principa Value	ol Cost	Fair Value(2)	% of Net
LEVEL 3 PORTFOL	LIO INVESTMENTS					
Non-Control/Non-Af	filiate Investments (less	s than 5.00% voting control)				
Symphony CLO XIV Ltd.	Cayman Islands / Structured Finance	Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 11.41%)(24)(25)(32)	\$49,250	\$40,217	\$34,520	1.0%
Symphony CLO XV, Ltd.	Cayman Islands / Structured Finance	Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 13.40%)(24)(32)	50,250	40,217 44,797	•	1.0% 1.1%
System One Holdings, LLC	Pennsylvania / Business Services	Senior Secured Term Loan (11.25% (LIBOR + 10.50% with 0.75% LIBOR floor), due 11/17/2020)(3)(4)(31)	104,553	44,797	38,389 104,553	1.1%3.1%
TouchTunes Interactive Networks Inc.	,New York / Media	Second Lien Term Loan (9.25% (LIBOR + 8.25% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 5/29/2022)(4)(27)(30)	5,000	4,933	104,553 4,906	0.1%
Traeger Pellet Grills LLC		Senior Secured Term Loan A (6.50% (LIBOR + 4.50% with 2.00% LIBOR floor), due 6/18/2018)(3)(4)(30)		4,933 34,800	4,906 34,103	0.1%
LLC	Consumer Products	Senior Secured Term Loan B (11.50% (LIBOR + 9.50% with 2.00% LIBOR floor), due 6/18/2018)(3)(4)(30)	36,600	36,600	35,933	1.0%
		Second Lien Term Loan (9.00%		71,400	70,036	2.0%
Transaction Network Services, Inc.	Virginia / Telecommunication Services	(LIBOR + 8.00% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 8/14/2020)(4)(27)(30)	4,410	4,391	4,296	0.1%
Trinity Sarvices	Florida / Food	Senior Secured Term Loan A (6.50%)		4,391	4,296	0.1%
Trinity Services Group, Inc.(35)	Products	(LIBOR + 5.50% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 8/13/2019)(4)(35) Senior Secured Term Loan B	9,676	9,676 100,000	9,676 100,000	0.3% 2.9%
		(11.50% (LIBOR + 10.50% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due				

8/13/2019)(3)(4)(35)

				109,676	109,676	3.2%
United Sporting Companies, Inc.(5)	South Carolina / Durable Consumer Products	Second Lien Term Loan (12.75% (LIBOR + 11.00% with 1.75% LIBOR floor), due 5/16/2018)(3)(4)(5)(31)	140,847	·	137,751 137,751	
United States Environmental	Texas / Commercial	Senior Secured Term Loan A (7.00% (LIBOR + 6.00% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 3/31/2019)(3)(4)(30)		·	20,752	
Services, LLC	Services	Senior Secured Term Loan B (13.50% (LIBOR + 12.50% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 3/31/2019)(3)(4)(30)	36,000		31,619	
Universal Fiber Systems, LLC(5)	Virginia / Textiles, Apparel & Luxury Goods	Second Lien Term Loan (10.50% (LIBOR + 9.50% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 10/02/2022)(3)(4)(27)(31)	37,000	58,950 36,314	·	1.5%
		Revolving Line of Credit – \$2,500 Commitment (10.75% (LIBOR + 9.75% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 4/15/2016)(4)(31)(33)	1,000	36,314 1,000	36,314 1,000	1.1%
USG Intermediate, LLC	Texas / Durable Consumer Products	Senior Secured Term Loan A (8.25% (LIBOR + 7.25% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 4/15/2020)(3)(4)(31) Senior Secured Term Loan B (13.25% (LIBOR + 12.25% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 4/15/2020)(3)(4)(31) Equity		17,359	17,178	0.5%
			20,140	20,140	19,154	0.6%
		- •				

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

PROSPECT CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULES OF INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED) (in thousands, except share data)

			March 31, 2016 (Unaudited)							
Portfolio Company	Locale / Industry	Investments(1)	Principa Value	Cost	Fair Value(2)	% of Net Assets				
LEVEL 3 PORTFOLIO INVESTMENTS										
Non-Control/Non-Affiliate Investments (less than 5.00% voting control)										
		Second Lion Town Leon (12,000)		38,500	37,332	1.1%				
Venio LLC	Pennsylvania / Business Services	Second Lien Term Loan (12.00% (LIBOR + 9.50% with 2.50% LIBOI floor) plus 2.00% default interest, in non-accrual status effective 12/31/15 due 2/19/2020)(4)(30)	\$17,000	\$17,000	\$12,911	0.4%				
				17,000	12,911	0.4%				
Voya CLO 2012-2. Ltd.	Cayman Islands Structured Finance	Income Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 18.83%)(24)(32)	38,070	28,421	28,165	0.8%				
				28,421	28,165	0.8%				
Voya CLO 2012-3, Ltd.	Cayman Islands Structured Finance	Income Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 18.55%)(24)(32)	46,632	34,930	33,437	1.0%				
				34,930	33,437	1.0%				
Voya CLO 2012-4, Ltd.	Cayman Islands Structured Finance	Income Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 18.72%)(24)(32)	40,613	30,957	30,768	0.9%				
				30,957	30,768	0.9%				
Voya CLO 2014-1,	•	/ Subordinated Notes (Residual								
Ltd.	Structured Finance	Interest, current yield 18.90%)(24)(25)(32)	32,383	26,505	25,561	0.7%				
	Tillanee	16.90 (6)(24)(23)(32)		26,505	25,561	0.7%				
Washington Mill	Cayman Islands	/ Subordinated Notes (Residual		,	,					
CLO Ltd.	Structured	Interest, current yield	22,600	18,718	14,687	0.4%				
	Finance	9.56%)(24)(25)(32)		18,718	14,687	0.4%				
	Colorado /			10,710	14,007	0.470				
Water Pik, Inc.	Personal & Nondurable Consumer	Second Lien Term Loan (9.75% (LIBOR + 8.75% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 1/8/2021)(4)(27)(30)	R 15,439	15,078	14,746	0.4%				
	Products			15,078	14,746	0.4%				
Wheel Pros, LLC	Colorado /	Senior Subordinated Secured Note		15,070	11,770	0.170				
	Business Services	(11.00% (LIBOR + 7.00% with 4.00% LIBOR floor), due 6/29/2020)(3)(4)(30)	12,000	12,000	11,998	0.3%				
		· · · · /\- /\ ·/\- */	5,460	5,460	5,460	0.2%				

Subordinated Secured (11.00% (LIBOR + 7.00% with 4.00% LIBOR floor), due 6/29/2020)(3)(4)(30)

17,460 17,458 0.5% \$4,238,156\$3,994,994116.2%

Total Non-Control/Non-Affiliate Investments (Level 3)

\$6,208,157\$6,005,105175.5%

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

Total Portfolio Investments

PROSPECT CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULES OF INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Portfolio Company	Locale / Industry	Investments(1)	June 30 Principa Value	, 2015 (<i>A</i> al Cost	Audited) Fair Value(2)	% of Net Assets			
LEVEL 3 PORTFOL	IO INVESTMENT	TS .							
Control Investments	Control Investments (greater than 25.00% voting control)(49)								
American Property	Various / Real	Senior Secured Term Loan (6.00% (LIBOR + 4.00% with 2.00% LIBOR floor) plus 5.50% PIK, due 4/1/2019)(4)(6)(30)	\$78,077\$78,077\$78,077 2.1%						
REIT Corp.(8)	Estate	Common Stock (301,845 shares)	_	22,115	32,098	0.9%			
		Net Operating Income Interest (5% of Net Operating Income)	_	_	8,081	0.2%			
		,		100,192	118,256	3.2%			
		Senior Secured Term Loan (12.00% (LIBOR + 9.00% with 3.00% LIBOR floor), due 5/5/2019)(3)(4)	,	31,640	31,640	0.9%			
Arctic Energy Services, LLC(9)	Gas Services	Senior Subordinated Term Loan (14.00% (LIBOR + 11.00% with 3.00% LIBOR floor), due 5/5/2019)(3)(4)		20,230	20,230	0.5%			
		Class A Units (700 units) Class C Units (10 units)	_	8,879 127 60,876	8,374 120 60,364	0.2% —% 1.6%			
		Senior Secured Term Loan A (10.00%, due 12/31/2017)(3)	16,763	16,763	16,763	0.5%			
CCPI Inc.(10)	Ohio / Manufacturing	Senior Secured Term Loan B (12.00% plus 7.00% PIK, due 12/31/2017)(6)	8,844	8,844	8,844	0.2%			
		Common Stock (14,857 shares)	_	8,553 34,160	,	0.4% 1.1%			
		Senior Secured Term Loan A to CP Well Testing, LLC (7.00% (LIBOR + 5.00% with 2.00% LIBOR floor), due 4/1/2019)(4)(30)		11,035	11,035	0.3%			
CP Energy Services Inc.(11)	Oklahoma / Oil & Gas Services	PIK, due 4/1/2019)(3)(4)(6)(30)		74,493	74,493	2.0%			
		PIK, due 4/1/2019)(4)(6)(30) Common Stock (2,924 shares)	15,563	15,563	5,481	0.2%			
				15,227 116,318 36,333	91,009	—% 2.5% 1.0%			

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Credit Central Loan Company, LLC(12)	South Carolina / Consumer	Subordinated Term Loan (10.00% plus 10.00% PIK, due 6/26/2019)(6)(32)				
	Finance	Class A Shares (7,500,000 shares)(32)		11,633	14,529	0.4%
		Net Revenues Interest (25% of Net Revenues)(32)			4,310	0.1%
				47,966	55,172	1.5%
		Senior Secured Term Loan (11.75%				
Echelon Aviation LLC	New York / Aerospace &	(LIBOR + 9.75% with 2.00% LIBOR floor) plus 2.25% PIK, due	40,808	40,808	40,808	1.1%
LLC	Defense	3/31/2022)(4)(6)(30)				
		Membership Interest (99%)	—	19,907	28,133	0.8%
				60,715	68,941	1.9%
		Second Lien Revolving Credit Facility to)			
		Edmentum, Inc. – \$7,834 Commitment (5.00%, due 6/9/2020)(33)(29)	•	4,896	4,896	0.1%
Edmentum Ultimate	Minnesota / Consumer	Unsecured Senior PIK Note (8.50% PIK due 6/9/2020)(6)	'5,875	5,875	5,875	0.2%
Holdings, LLC(13)	Services	Unsecured Junior PIK Note (10.00% PIK, due 6/9/2020)(6)	19,868	19,868	19,868	0.5%
		Class A Common Units (370,964.14 units)		6,577	6,577	0.2%
				37,216	37,216	1.0%

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

PROSPECT CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULES OF INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Portfolio Company	Locale / Industry	Investments(1)	June 30, Principal Value	2015 (Aud Cost	dited) Fair Value(2)	% of Net Assets				
LEVEL 3 PORTFOL	IO INVESTMENT	ΓS								
Control Investments	Control Investments (greater than 25.00% voting control)(49)									
First Tower Finance Company LLC(14)	Mississippi / Consumer Finance	Subordinated Term Loan to First Tower, LLC (10.00% plus 12.00% PIK, due 6/24/2019)(6)(32)	\$251,578	8\$251,578	8\$251,5786.8%					
Company EZC(11)		Class A Shares (83,729,323 shares)(32)	_	66,473	114,372	3.1%				
		Senior Secured Note to Vessel		318,051	365,950	9.9%				
		Company, LLC (18.00%, due 12/12/2016)	3,500	3,500	3,500	0.1%				
Freedom Marine Solutions, LLC(15)	Louisiana / Oil & Gas Services	Senior Secured Note to Vessel Company II, LLC (13.00%, due 11/25/2018)	13,000	12,504	8,680	0.2%				
		Senior Secured Note to Vessel Company III, LLC (13.00%, due 12/3/2018)	16,000	16,000	13,790	0.4%				
		Membership Interest (100%)	_	7,808 39,812	1,120 27,090	—% 0.7%				
Gulf Coast Machine & Supply Company	Texas / Manufacturing	Senior Secured Term Loan (10.50% (LIBOR + 8.50% with 2.00% LIBOR floor), in non-accrual status effective 1/1/2015, due 10/12/2017)(4)(30)	26,844	26,000	6,918	0.2%				
& Supply Company	Manufacturing	Series A Convertible Preferred Stock (99,900 shares)	_	25,950	_	— %				
		Senior Secured Term Loan A (9.00%		51,950	6,918	0.2%				
		(LIBOR + 7.00% with 2.00% LIBOR floor), due 9/30/2017)(3)(4)(30) Senior Secured Term Loan B (5.50%)	128,980	128,980	128,980	3.5%				
Harbortouch Payments, LLC(16)	Pennsylvania / Business Services	(LIBOR + 4.00% with 1.50% LIBOR floor) plus 5.50% PIK, due	144,878	144,878	144,878	3.9%				
		Senior Secured Term Loan C (13.00% (LIBOR + 9.00% with 4.00% LIBOR floor), due 9/29/2018)(4)(30)		22,876	22,876	0.6%				
		Class C Shares (535 shares)	_	8,725 305,459	80,202 376,936	2.2% 10.2%				
MITY, Inc.(17)	Utah / Durable Consumer	Senior Secured Note A (10.00% (LIBOR + 7.00% with 3.00% LIBOR	18,250	18,250	18,250	0.5%				

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	Products	floor), due 3/19/2019)(3)(4)(30) Senior Secured Note B (10.00% (LIBOR + 7.00% with 3.00% LIBOR floor) plus 10.00% PIK, due 3/19/2019)(4)(6)(30) Subordinated Unsecured Note to	16,301	16,301	16,301	0.4%
		Broda Enterprises ULC (10.00%, due on demand)(32)	7,200	7,200	5,827	0.2%
		Common Stock (42,053 shares)	_	6,849 48,600	10,417 50,795	0.3% 1.4%
		Senior Secured Term Loan A (6.00% (LIBOR + 4.00% with 2.00% LIBOR floor) plus 5.50% PIK, due 4/1/2019)(4)(6)(30)	202,629	202,629	202,629	5.5%
1 2	Various / Real Estate	Senior Secured Term Loan C (6.00% (LIBOR + 4.00% with 2.00% LIBOR floor) plus 7.50% PIK, due 4/1/2019)(4)(6)(30)	44,147	44,147	44,147	1.2%
		Senior Secured Term Loan D (14.00% (LIBOR + 12.00% with 2.00% LIBOR floor) plus 4.50% PIK, due 4/1/2019)(4)(6)(30)	67,443	67,443	67,443	1.8%
		Senior Secured Term Loan A to ACL Loan Holdings, Inc. (6.00% (LIBOR + 4.00% with 2.00% LIBOR floor) plus 7.50% PIK, due 4/1/2019)(4)(6)(30)	20,413	20,413	20,413	0.6%
		Senior Secured Term Loan B to ACL Loan Holdings, Inc. (14.00% (LIBOR + 12.00% with 2.00% LIBOR floor) plus 4.50% PIK, due 4/1/2019)(4)(6)(30)	30,582	30,582	30,582	0.8%
		Common Stock (643,175 shares) Net Operating Income Interest (5% of	_	84,446	87,002	2.3%
		Net Operating Income)	_	 449.660	19,673 471,889	0.5% 12.7%
				/	,	

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

PROSPECT CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULES OF INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED) (in thousands, except share data)

Portfolio Company	Locale / Industry	/ Investments(1)	June 30, Principa Value	2015 (Aud ¹ Cost	ited) Fair Value(2)	% of Net Assets			
LEVEL 3 PORTFO	LIO INVESTME	NTS							
Control Investments	Control Investments (greater than 25.00% voting control)(49)								
Nationwide Loan Company LLC(19)	Illinois / Consumer Finance	Senior Subordinated Term Loan to Nationwide Acceptance LLC (10.00% plus 10.00% PIK, due 6/18/2019)(6)(32)	\$14,820	\$14,820	\$14,820	0.4%			
	rmance	Class A Shares (26,974,454.27 shares)(32)	_	14,795	19,730	0.5%			
		3.14.25)(0.2)		29,615	34,550	0.9%			
NMMB, Inc.(20)		Senior Secured Note (14.00%, due 5/6/2016)	3,714	3,714	3,714	0.1%			
	New York / Media	Senior Secured Note to Armed Forces Communications, Inc. (14.00%, due 5/6/2016)	7,000	7,000	7,000	0.2%			
		Series A Preferred Stock (7,200 shares)	_	7,200	1,338	%			
		Series B Preferred Stock (5,669 shares)	_	5,669	_	 %			
				23,583	12,052	0.3%			
	Pennsylvania /	Senior Subordinated Note (10.00% (LIBOR + 9.00% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 6/12/2018)(3)(4)(30)	29,237	29,237	29,237	0.8%			
R-V Industries, Inc.	Manufacturing	Common Stock (545,107 shares) Warrant (to purchase 200,000 shares		5,087	8,246	0.2%			
		of Common Stock, expires 6/30/2017)	· —	1,682	3,025	0.1%			
		0/30/2017)		36,006	40,508	1.1%			
United Property	Various / Real	Senior Term Loan (6.00% (LIBOR - 4.00% with 2.00% LIBOR floor) plus 5.50% PIK, due 4/1/2019)(4)(6)(30)	62,768	62,768	62,768	1.7%			
REIT Corp.(21)	Estate	Common Stock (74,449 shares)		12,860	11,216	0.3%			
		Net Operating Income Interest (5% of Net Operating Income)	_		10,701	0.3%			
Valley Electric Company, Inc.(22)	Washington / Construction & Engineering	Senior Secured Note to Valley Electric Co. of Mt. Vernon, Inc. (8.00% (LIBOR + 5.00% with 3.00% LIBOR floor) plus 2.50%	10,340	75,628 10,340	84,685 10,340	2.3% 0.3%			

		PIK, due 12/31/2017)(3)(4)(6)(30) Senior Secured Note (10.00% plus 8.50% PIK, due 12/31/2018)(6) Common Stock (50,000 shares)	22,293	22,293 26,204 58,837	20,157 — 30,497	0.5% —% 0.8%
Wolf Energy, LLC	Kansas / Oil &	Senior Secured Promissory Note secured by assets formerly owned by H&M (18.00%, in non-accrual status effective 4/15/2013, due 4/15/2018)	32,112	_	_	<u></u> %
	Gas Production	Membership Interest (100%)			_	%
		Net Profits Interest (8% of Equity Distributions)(7)	_	_	22	%
				_	22	<u></u> %
Total Control Invest	ments			\$1,894,644	1\$1,974,202	253.3%

Affiliate Investments (5.00% to 24.99% voting control)(49)

Holdings Healthca		Senior Term Loan A (6.50% (LIBOR + 5.50% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 8/29/2019)(3)(4)(29)	\$21,182	2\$21,182	20.6%	
	Michigan / Healthcare	Senior Term Loan B (11.50% (LIBOR + 10.50% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 8/29/2019)(3)(4)(29)	21,740	21,740	21,740	0.6%
Corp.		Series A Preferred Stock (9,925.455 shares)(26)		1,780	2,569	<u></u> %
		Series B Preferred Stock (1,753.636 shares)(26)		448	454	<u></u> %
				45,150	45,945	1.2%
Total Affiliate	e Investments			\$45,150	\$45,945	51.2%

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

PROSPECT CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULES OF INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Portfolio Company	Locale / Industry	Investments(1)	June 30, 2015 Principal Value		(Audited Fair Value(2	% of Net	
LEVEL 3 PORTFOLI	IO INVESTMENTS						
Non-Control/Non-Aff	filiate Investments (l	ess than 5.00% voting control)					
Aderant North America, Inc.	Georgia / Software & Computer Services	Second Lien Term Loan (10.00% (LIBOR + 8.75% with 1.25% LIBOR floor), due 6/20/2019)(4)(27)(31)	\$7,000		\$ 7,000		
AFI Shareholder, LLC (f/k/a Aircraft Fasteners International, LLC)	California / Machinery	Class A Units (32,500 units)	_	6,928 376	7,000 563	0.2% —%	
Airmall Inc.	Pennsylvania / Property Management	Escrow Receivable	_	3765,880	563 3,814	—% 0.1%	
Ajax Rolled Ring & Machine, LLC(42)	South Carolina / Manufacturing	Escrow Receivable	_	5,880 1,264 1,264	3,814 2,170 2,170	0.1% 0.1% 0.1%	
ALG USA Holdings, LLC	Pennsylvania / Hotels, Restaurants & Leisure	Second Lien Term Loan (10.25% s (LIBOR + 9.00% with 1.25% LIBOR floor), due 2/28/2020)(4)(27)(31)	11,771	11,593	11,771	0.3%	
American Gilsonite Company	Utah / Metal Services & Minerals	Second Lien Term Loan (11.50%, due 9/1/2017)(27) Membership Interest (99.9999%)(36)	15,755	11,593 5 15,755 —	11,771 14,287 —	0.3% 0.4% —%	
Apidos CLO IX	Cayman Islands / Structured Finance	Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 22.56%)(24)(32)	23,525	5 20,644	14,287 22,325		
Apidos CLO XI	•	Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 15.64%)(24)(32)	38,340	31,485	22,325 32,108 32,108	0.9%	
Apidos CLO XII	•	Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 17.68%)(24)(32)	44,063	3 37,751		1.0% 1.0%	
Apidos CLO XV	Cayman Islands / Structured Finance	Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 15.07%)(24)(32)	36,515	5 33,958	30,911	0.8%	
Arctic Glacier U.S.A. Inc.	, Minnesota / Food Products	Second Lien Term Loan (10.50% (LIBOR + 9.25% with 1.25% LIBOR	150,00		30,911 0149,180		

		floor), due 11/10/2019)(3)(4)(30)				
				150,000	149,180	4.0%
		Senior Secured Term Loan A (6.50%				
		(LIBOR + 5.50% with 1.00% LIBOR	21,743	21,743	20,042	0.5%
Ark-La-Tex Wireline	Louisiana / Oil &	floor), due 4/8/2019)(4)(31)				
Services, LLC	Gas Services	Senior Secured Term Loan B (10.50%				
		(LIBOR + 9.50% with 1.00% LIBOR	23,697	23,697	21,675	0.6%
		floor), due 4/8/2019)(4)(31)				
				45,440	41,717	1.1%
	New York /	Second Lien Term Loan (10.25%				
Armor Holding II LLC	CDiversified	(LIBOR + 9.00% with 1.25% LIBOR	7,000	6,888	6,480	0.2%
	Financial Services	floor), due 12/26/2020)(3)(4)(27)(30)				
				6,888	6,480	0.2%
		Revolving Line of Credit – \$4,000				
		Commitment (13.00% (LIBOR +	2,350	2.350	2,350	0.1%
Atlantis Health Care	Puerto Rico /	11.00% with 2.00% LIBOR floor), due	_,	_,	_,	
Group (Puerto Rico),	Healthcare	8/21/2016)(4)(30)(33)				
Inc.		Senior Term Loan (10.00% (LIBOR +	20.561	20.561	25 100	0.08
		8.00% with 2.00% LIBOR floor), due	38,561	38,561	35,189	0.9%
		2/21/2018)(3)(4)(30)		40.011	27.520	1.00/
				40,911	37,539	1.0%

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

PROSPECT CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULES OF INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Portfolio Company	Locale / Industry	Investments(1)	June 30, 20 Principal Value	15 (Audited) Fair Value(2)	% of Net				
LEVEL 3 PORTFOL	IO INVESTMENT	S							
Non-Control/Non-Af	Non-Control/Non-Affiliate Investments (less than 5.00% voting control)								
		Revolving Line of Credit – \$5,000 Commitment (8.75% (LIBOR + 8.25% with 0.50% LIBOR floor), due 6/30/2018)(4)(30)(33) Senior Secured Term Loan A (6.25%	\$1,000\$1,0	000 \$ 1,000	—%				
BAART Programs, Inc.	California / Healthcare	(LIBOR + 5.75% with 0.50% LIBOR floor), due 6/30/2020)(4)(30) Senior Secured Term Loan B (11.25%	21,500 21,5	500 21,500	0.6%				
		(LIBOR + 10.75% with 0.50% LIBOR floor), due 6/30/2020)(4)(30)	21,500 21,5	500 21,500	0.6%				
		Delayed Draw Term Loan – \$10,500 Commitment (expires 12/31/2015)(33)			%				
Babson CLO Ltd.	Covmon Islands /	Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest,	44,0	000 44,000	1.2%				
2014-III	•	c current yield 14.25%)(24)(25)(32)	52,250 47,7	799 47,148	1.3%				
	Pennsylvania /	Senior Secured Notes (10.25% (LIBOR)	•	99 47,148	1.3%				
Broder Bros., Co.	Textiles, Apparel & Luxury Goods	Senior Secured Notes (10.25% (LIBOR + 9.00% with 1.25% LIBOR floor), due 4/8/2019)(3)(4)(31)(45)		,200252,200	6.8%				
	•		252	,200252,200	6.8%				
Brookside Mill CLO Ltd.	•	Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 19.25%)(24)(32)	26,000 21,4	32 24,566	0.7%				
	Colorado /	•	21,4	32 24,566	0.7%				
Caleel + Hayden, LLC	Personal & Nondurable Consumer Products	Membership Interest(40)		227	— %				
	Troducts		_	227	— %				
Capstone Logistics Acquisition, Inc.	Georgia / Business Services	Second Lien Term Loan (9.25% (LIBOR + 8.25% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 10/7/2022)(3)(4)(31)		,891101,891	2.8%				
			101	,891101,891	2.8%				
Cent CLO 17 Limited	7 *	Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 14.90%)(24)(32)	24,870 20,3	309 20,922	0.6%				
			20,3	09 20,922	0.6%				
Cent CLO 20 Limited	1 -	Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 12.49%)(24)(32)	40,275 35,7	724 33,505	0.9%				

			3	35,724	33,505	0.9%
Cent CLO 21 Limited	7 ·	Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 13.42%)(24)(25)(32)	48,528	43,038	41,910	1.1%
			2	43,038	41,910	1.1%
CIFC Funding	Cayman Islands /	Class D Senior Secured Notes (5.28% (LIBOR + 5.00%, due 1/19/2023)(4)(23)(30)(32)	19,000	15,604	18,175	0.5%
2011-I, Ltd.	Structured Finance	Class E Subordinated Notes (7.28%				
		(LIBOR + 7.00%, due 1/19/2023)(4)(23)(30)(32)	15,400	13,009	14,223	0.4%
			2	28,613	32,398	0.9%
CIFC Funding 2013-III, Ltd.	•	Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 14.56%)(24)(32)	44,100	35,412	35,599	1.0%
		•		35,412	35,599	1.0%
CIFC Funding 2013-IV, Ltd.	•	Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 14.87%)(24)(32)	45,500	36,124	38,265	1.0%
,		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	3	36,124	38,265	1.0%
CIFC Funding 2014-IV Investor, Ltd.	•	Income Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 13.83%)(24)(25)(32)	41,500	34,921	36,195	1.0%
			3	34,921	36,195	1.0%

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

PROSPECT CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULES OF INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

(in thousands, except share data)

June 30, 2015 (Audited)

Portfolio Company Locale / Industry Investments(1)

Principal Cost Value Cost Value(2) Assets

LEVEL 3 PORTFOLIO INVESTMENTS

Non-Control/Non-Affiliate Investments (less than 5.00% voting control)

Cinedigm DC Holdings, LLC	New York / Software & Computer Services	Senior Secured Term Loan (11.00% (LIBOR + 9.00% with 2.00% LIBOR floor) plus 2.50% PIK, due 3/31/2021)(4)(6)(30)	\$67,449		9\$67,449	
	Florida /	Senior Secured Term Loan (11.50%		67,399	67,449	1.8%
Coverall North America, Inc.	Commercial Services	(LIBOR + 8.50% with 3.00% LIBOR floor), due 12/17/2017)(3)(4)(31)	49,922	49,922	49,922	1.3%
				49,922	49,922	1.3%
Crosman Corporation	New York / Manufacturing	Second Lien Term Loan (12.00% (LIBOR + 10.50% with 1.50% LIBOR floor), due 12/30/2019)(3)(4)(31)	40,000	40,000	35,973	1.0%
				40,000	35,973	1.0%
Diamondback Operating, LP	Oklahoma / Oil & Gas Production	Net Profits Interest (15% of Equity Distributions)(7)	_	_	_	%
	TII: ' /D 11	0 : 0 1N / /11 2750				%
Empire Today, LLC	Illinois / Durable Consumer Products	Senior Secured Note (11.375%, due 2/1/2017)(27)	15,700	15,518	13,070	0.4%
		, , ,		15,518	13,070	0.4%
Fleetwash, Inc.	New Jersey /	Senior Secured Term Loan B (10.50% (LIBOR + 9.50% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 4/30/2019)(3)(4)(30)		24,446	24,446	0.7%
ricetwash, me.	Business Services	Delayed Draw Term Loan – \$15,000 Commitment (expires 4/30/2019)(33)		_	_	%
		C 11: T 1 (10.05%		24,446	24,446	0.7%
Focus Brands, Inc.	Georgia / Consumer Services	Second Lien Term Loan (10.25% (LIBOR + 9.00% with 1.25% LIBOR floor), due 8/21/2018)(4)(27)(31)	18,000	17,821	18,000	0.5%
				17,821	18,000	0.5%
Galaxy XV CLO, Ltd.	Cayman Islands / Structured Finance	Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest current yield 15.65%)(24)(32)	35,025	27,762	29,739	0.8%
		•		27,762	29,739	0.8%
Galaxy XVI CLO, Ltd	Cayman Islands / Structured Finance	Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest current yield 13.97%)(24)(32)	'24,575	20,434	20,849	0.6%
				20,434	20,849	0.6%
Galaxy XVII CLO, Ltd.	Cayman Islands / Structured Finance	Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest current yield 13.43%)(24)(25)(32)	'39,905	33,493	33,742	0.9%

			33,493	33,742	0.9%
Global Employment	Colorado / Business	Senior Secured Term Loan (10.25%			
Solutions, Inc.	Services	CLIBOR + 9.25% with 1.00% LIBOR 49,567	49,567	49,567	1.3%
Solutions, Inc.	Services	floor), due 6/26/2020)(3)(4)(31)			
			49,567	49,567	1.3%
GTP Operations,	Texas / Software &	Senior Secured Term Loan (10.00%			
LLC(34)	Computer Services	(LIDOR + 3.00% WIIII 3.00% LIDOR 110,411	116,411	116,411	3.1%
LLC(34)	Computer Services	floor), due 12/11/2018)(3)(4)(30)			
			116,411	116,411	3.1%
Halcyon Loan	Cayman Islands /	Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest			
Advisors Funding	Structured Finance	Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest, 23,188 current yield 30.89%)(24)(32)	19,941	23,172	0.6%
2012-1 Ltd.	Structured I manee	current yield 30.65 %)(24)(32)			
			19,941	23,172	0.6%
Halcyon Loan	Cayman Islands /	Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest, 40,400			
Advisors Funding	Structured Finance	current yield 21.41%)(24)(32) 40,400	34,936	39,208	1.1%
2013-1 Ltd.	Structured I manee	current yield 21.41 %)(24)(32)			
			34,936	39,208	1.1%
Halcyon Loan	Cavman Islands /	Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest, 24,500 current yield 17 17%)(24)(32)			
Advisors Funding	Structured Finance	current yield 17.17%)(24)(32) (24,500)	21,020	22,096	0.6%
2014-1 Ltd.	Structured I munice	cultone field 17.17 70 /(24) (32)			
			21,020	22,096	0.6%

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

PROSPECT CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULES OF INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

			June 30			
Portfolio Company	Locale / Industry	Investments(1)	Principa Value	al Cost	Fair Value(2)	% of Net Assets
LEVEL 3 PORTFOL	IO INVESTMENT	'S				
Non-Control/Non-Af	filiate Investments	(less than 5.00% voting control)				
Halcyon Loan Advisors Funding 2014-2 Ltd.	Cayman Islands / Structured Finance	Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 18.73%)(24)(25)(32)	\$41,164\$34,723\$37,555 1.0%			
				34,723	37,555	1.0%
HarbourView CLO VII, Ltd.	Cayman Islands / Structured Finance	Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 17.84%)(24)(25)(32)	19,025	15,252	15,197	0.4%
	Timunce			15,252	15,197	0.4%
Harley Marine Services, Inc.	Washington / Transportation	Second Lien Term Loan (10.50% (LIBOR + 9.25% with 1.25% LIBOR floor), due 12/20/2019)(3)(4)(27)(30)	9,000	8,855	8,748	0.2%
		11001), due 12/20/2017)(3)(4)(21)(30)		8,855	8,748	0.2%
Hollander Sleep Products, LLC	Florida / Durable Consumer Products	Senior Secured Term Loan (9.00% (LIBOR + 8.00% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 10/21/2020)(3)(4)(31)	22,444	22,444	22,444	0.6%
		,		22,444	22,444	0.6%
ICON Health & Fitness, Inc.	Utah / Durable Consumer Products	Senior Secured Note (11.875%, due 10/15/2016)(27)	16,100	16,103	16,100	0.4%
	Troducts			16,103	16,100	0.4%
ICV-CSI Holdings, LLC	New York / Transportation	Membership Units (1.6 units)	_	1,639	2,400	0.1%
	•			1,639	2,400	0.1%
		Senior Secured Term Loan A (5.50% (LIBOR + 4.50% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 3/28/2019)(4)(30)	146,363	3 146,363	146,363	4.0%
Instant Web, LLC	Minnesota /	Senior Secured Term Loan B (12.00% (LIBOR + 11.00% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 3/28/2019)(3)(4)(30)	150,100	150,100	150,100	4.0%
	Media	Senior Secured Term Loan C (12.75% (LIBOR + 11.75% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 3/28/2019)(4)(30)	27,000	27,000	27,000	0.7%
		Delayed Draw Term Loan – \$16,000 Commitment (expires 5/29/2016)(33)	_	_	_	%
				323,463	323,463	8.7%
InterDent, Inc.	California / Healthcare	Senior Secured Term Loan A (6.25% (LIBOR + 5.25% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 8/3/2017)(4)(31)	125,350	125,350	125,350	3.4%

		Senior Secured Term Loan B (11.25% (LIBOR + 10.25% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 8/3/2017)(3)(4)(31)	131,125	131,125	131,125	3.5%
				256,475	256,475	6.9%
JAC Holding Corporation	Michigan / Transportation	Senior Secured Note (11.50%, due 10/1/2019)(27)	3,000	3,000	3,000	0.1%
•	•			3,000	3,000	0.1%
Jefferson Mill CLO Ltd.	Cayman Islands / Structured Finance	Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 15.65%)(24)(25)(32)	19,500	16,928	16,928	0.5%
				16,928	16,928	0.5%
JHH Holdings, Inc.	Texas / Healthcare	Second Lien Term Loan (11.25% (LIBOR + 10.00% with 1.25% LIBOR floor) plus 0.50% PIK, due 3/30/2019)(3)(4)(6)(30)	35,297	35,297	,	1.0%
				35,297	35,297	1.0%

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

PROSPECT CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULES OF INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED) (in thousands, except share data)

Portfolio Company	Locale / Industry	Investments(1)	June 30 Principa Value	0, 2015 (<i>a</i> al Cost	Audited) Fair Value(2	% of Net			
LEVEL 3 PORTFO	LIO INVESTMEN	TS							
Non-Control/Non-A	Non-Control/Non-Affiliate Investments (less than 5.00% voting control)								
		Senior Secured Term Loan A (10.25% (LIBOR + 8.25% with 2.00% LIBOR floor) plus 2.00% default interest, due 3/18/2019)(3)(4)(31)	\$35,150	\$35,156\$35,156\$30,778 0.8%					
LaserShip, Inc.	Virginia / Transportation	Senior Secured Term Loan B (10.25% (LIBOR + 8.25% with 2.00% LIBOR floor) plus 2.00% default interest, due 3/18/2019)(3)(4)(31)	21,555	21,555	18,866	0.5%			
		Delayed Draw Term Loan – \$6,000 Commitment (expires 12/31/2016)(33)	_	_	_	_%			
LCM XIV Ltd.	Cavman Islands /	Income Notes (Residual Interest, current		*	49,644	1.3%			
	•	e yield 16.70%)(24)(32)	26,500	22,636	23,163	0.6%			
				22,636	23,163	0.6%			
Madison Park	•	Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest,	31,110	23,663	25,804	0.7%			
Funding IX, Ltd.	Structured Finance	Structured Finance current yield 21.64%)(24)(32)			25,804	0.7%			
Matrixx Initiatives,	New Jersey / Pharmaceuticals	Senior Secured Term Loan A (7.50% (LIBOR + 6.00% with 1.50% LIBOR floor), due 8/9/2018)(3)(4)(30)	34,389		34,026				
Inc.	Filarmaceuticals	Senior Secured Term Loan B (12.50% (LIBOR + 11.00% with 1.50% LIBOR floor), due 8/9/2018)(3)(4)(30)	40,562	40,562	40,562	1.1%			
Maverick Healthcar Equity, LLC		Preferred Units (1,250,000 units) Class A Common Units (1,250,000 units)	_	74,951 1,252	74,588 2,190	2.0% 0.1% —%			
_quity,c	11001010	(1,200,000 0		1,252	2,190	0.1%			
Mountain View	•	Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest,	43.650	37,168	40.480	1.1%			
CLO 2013-I Ltd.	Structured Finance	e current yield 18.47%)(24)(32)	,	•	40,480	1.1%			
Mountain View CLO IX Ltd.	•	Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest, e current yield 15.43%)(24)(25)(32)	47,830	44,739		1.1%			
		•		44,739	44,666	1.2%			
Nathan's Famous, Inc.	New York / Food Products	Senior Secured Notes (10.00%, due 3/15/2020)(27)	3,000	3,000	3,000	0.1%			
NCP Finance Limited	Ohio / Consumer Finance	Subordinated Secured Term Loan (11.00% (LIBOR + 9.75% with 1.25%)	16,305	3,000 16,065	3,000 16,305	0.1% 0.4%			

Partnership(37)		LIBOR floor), due 9/30/2018)(3)(4)(27)(31)(32)		16.065	16 205	0.407
		Senior Subordinated Term Loan (12.00%		10,003	16,305	0.4%
New Century Transportation, Inc.	New Jersey / Transportation	(LIBOR + 10.00% with 2.00% LIBOR floor) plus 4.00% PIK, in non-accrual status effective 4/1/2014, due 2/3/2018)(4)(6)(31)	187	187	_	—%
		2/3/2010)(+)(0)(31)		187	_	%
Nixon, Inc.	California / Durable Consumer Products	Senior Secured Term Loan (8.75% plus 2.75% PIK, due 4/16/2018)(3)(6)(27)	13,925	13,749	13,616	0.4%
				13,749	13,616	0.4%
Octagon Investment Partners XV, Ltd.	•	Income Notes (Residual Interest, current eyield 20.72%)(24)(32)	28,571	24,515	26,461	0.7%
Turners AV, Etc.	Structured 1 manes	5 yield 20.72 %)(24)(32)		24,515	26,461	0.7%

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

PROSPECT CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULES OF INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Portfolio Company	Locale / Industry	Investments(1)	June 30, 2015 (A Principal Cost		Fair % of Net Value(2) Assets	
LEVEL 3 PORTFOLIO INVESTMENTS						
Non-Control/Non-Affiliate Investments (less than 5.00% voting control)						
Onyx Payments(43)		Revolving Line of Credit – \$5,000 Commitment (9.00% (LIBOR + 8.00% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 9/10/2015)(4)(30)(33)	\$2,000	\$2,000	\$2,000	0.1%
		Senior Secured Term Loan A (6.50% (LIBOR + 5.50% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 9/10/2019)(3)(4)(30)	52,050	52,050	52,050	1.4%
		Senior Secured Term Loan B (13.50% (LIBOR + 12.50% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 9/10/2019)(4)(30)	59,389	59,389	59,389	1.6%
				113,439	113,439	3.1%
Pacific World Corporation	California / Personal & Nondurable Consumer Products	Revolving Line of Credit – \$15,000 Commitment (8.00% (LIBOR + 7.00% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 9/26/2020)(4)(31)(33) Senior Secured Term Loan A (6.00% (LIBOR + 5.00% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 9/26/2020)(4)(31)	6,500	6,500	6,500	0.2%
			99,250	99,250	95,400	2.6%
		Senior Secured Term Loan B (10.00% (LIBOR + 9.00% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 9/26/2020)(3)(4)(31)	99,250	99,250	81,772	2.2%
		11001), ade 7/20/2020)(5)(1)(51)		205,000	183,672	5.0%
Pelican Products, Inc.	California / Durable Consumer Products	Second Lien Term Loan (9.25% (LIBOR + 8.25% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 4/9/2021)(4)(27)(31)	17,500	17,484	17,500	0.5%
				17,484	17,500	0.5%
PGX Holdings, Inc.(39)	Utah / Consumer Services	Second Lien Term Loan (10.00% (LIBOR + 9.00% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 9/29/2021)(3)(4)(31)	135,000	135,000	135,000	3.6%
				135,000	135,000	3.6%
Photonis Technologies SAS	France / Aerospace & Defense	First Lien Term Loan (8.50% (LIBOR - 7.50% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 9/18/2019)(4)(27)(31)(32)		10,145	9,734	0.3%
Pinnacle (US) Acquisition Co. Limited	Texas / Software & Computer Services	Second Lien Term Loan (10.50%		10,145	9,734	0.3%
			7,037	6,890	6,612	0.2%
		// // ·//·/		6,890	6,612	0.2%

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PlayPower, Inc.	North Carolina / Durable Consumer Products	Second Lien Term Loan (9.75% (LIBOR + 8.75% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 6/23/2022)(4)(27)(30)	10,000	9,850	9,850	0.3%
D.				9,850	9,850	0.3%
Prime Security Services Borrower, LLC	Illinois / Consumer Services	Second Lien Term Loan (9.75% (LIBOR + 8.75% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 7/1/2022)(4)(27)(31)	10,000	9,850	9,850	0.3%
				9,850	9,850	0.3%
PrimeSport, Inc.	Georgia / Hotels, Restaurants & Leisure	Revolving Line of Credit – \$15,000 Commitment (9.50% (LIBOR + 8.50% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 7/31/2015)(4)(30)(33)	13,800	13,800	13,800	0.4%
		Senior Secured Term Loan A (7.00% (LIBOR + 6.00% with 1.00% LIBOR 54 floor), due 2/11/2021)(3)(4)(30)	54,227	54,227	54,227	1.4%
		Senior Secured Term Loan B (12.00% (LIBOR + 11.00% with 1.00% LIBOR 74,5) floor), due 2/11/2021)(3)(4)			74,500	2.0%
				142,527	142,527	3.8%
Prince Mineral Holding Corp.	New York / Metal Services & Minerals	Senior Secured Term Loan (11.50%, due 12/15/2019)(27)	10,000	9,915	9,458	0.3%
				9,915	9,458	0.3%
Rocket Software, Inc		Second Lien Term Loan (10.25% (LIBOR + 8.75% with 1.50% LIBOR floor), due 2/8/2019)(3)(4)(27)(30)	\$20,000)\$19,801	\$20,000	0.5%

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

PROSPECT CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULES OF INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

(in thousands, except share data)

		June 30, 2015 (Audited)				
Portfolio Company	Locale / Industry	cale / IndustryInvestments(1)		al Fair 9 Cost Value(2) A		% of Net Assets
LEVEL 3 PORTFOLIO	O INVESTMENT	TS .				
Non-Control/Non-Affi	liate Investments	(less than 5.00% voting control)				
				19,801	20,000	0.5%
Royal Holdings, Inc.	Indiana / Chemicals	Second Lien Term Loan (8.50% (LIBOR + 7.50% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due		4,963	5,000	0.1%
		6/19/2023)(4)(27)(31) Subordinated Unsecured Notes (12.00%)		4,963	5,000	0.1%
Ryan, LLC	Texas / Business Services	s(LIBOR + 9.00% with 3.00% LIBOR floor) plus 3.00% PIK, due 6/30/2018)(4)(6)(30)	72,701	72,701	72,701	2.0%
G 41	G 1:6 : /			72,701	72,701	2.0%
Security Alarm Financing Enterprises, L.P.(45)	California / Consumer Services	Subordinated Unsecured Notes (11.50% (LIBOR + 9.50% with 2.00% LIBOR floor), due 12/19/2020)(4)(31)	25,000	25,000	25,000	0.7%
				25,000	25,000	0.7%
SESAC Holdco II LLC	Tennessee / Media	Second Lien Term Loan (9.00% (LIBOR + 8.00% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 4/22/2021)(3)(4)(27)(30)		9,854	9,925	0.3%
				9,854	9,925	0.3%
Small Business Whole	New York /	40 small business loans purchased from Direct Capital Corporation(38)	492	492	362	— %
Loan Portfolio	Online Lending	2,306 small business loans purchased from On Deck Capital, Inc.(38)	50,066	50,066	50,530	1.4%
		G : G 17 1 A /7 000		50,558	50,892	1.4%
Spartan Energy	Louisiana / Oil	Senior Secured Term Loan A (7.00% (LIBOR + 6.00% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 12/28/2017)(3)(4)(31)	13,422	13,422	12,973	0.3%
Services, Inc.	& Gas Services	Senior Secured Term Loan B (11.00% (LIBOR + 10.00% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 12/28/2017)(3)(4)(31)	13,935	13,935	13,664	0.4%
		11001), due 12/20/2017)(3)(1)(31)		27,357	26,637	0.7%
Speedy Group Holdings Corp.	Canada / Consumer Finance	Senior Unsecured Notes (12.00%, due 11/15/2017)(27)(32)	15,000	15,000	15,000	0.4%
				15,000	15,000	0.4%
Stauber Performance Ingredients, Inc.	California / Food Products	Senior Secured Term Loan A (7.50% (LIBOR + 6.50% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 11/25/2019)(3)(4)(30)	9,561	9,561	9,561	0.2%
		11001,, 440 11, 20, 20, 17, (0), (1), (00)	9,799	9,799	9,799	0.3%

Senior Secured Term Loan B (10.50% (LIBOR + 9.50% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 11/25/2019)(3)(4)(30)

					19,360	19,360	0.5%
	Stryker Energy, LLC	Ohio / Oil & Gas Production	Overriding Royalty Interests(28)	_	_	_	%
							%
	Sudbury Mill CLO Ltd	Cayman Islands ./ Structured Finance	Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 15.92%)(24)(32)	28,200	22,562	24,425	0.7%
					22,562	24,425	0.7%
	Symphony CLO IX Ltd.	Cayman Islands / Structured Finance	Preference Shares (Residual Interest, current yield 20.76%)(24)(32)	45,500	34,797	40,034	1.1%
		1 manee			34,797	40,034	1.1%
	Symphony CLO XIV Ltd.	Cayman Islands / Structured Finance	Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 12.24%)(24)(25)(32)	49,250	44,018	45,641	1.2%
		Timunee			44,018	45,641	1.2%
	Symphony CLO XV, Ltd.	Cayman Islands / Structured Finance	Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 11.72%)(24)(32)	50,250	46,994	46,452	1.3%
		2 22202			46,994	46,452	1.3%
	System One Holdings,	Pennsylvania / Business	Senior Secured Term Loan (10.50% (LIBOR + 9.50% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 11/17/2020)(3)(4)(31)	\$68,146	5\$68,146	5\$68,146	1.8%
LLC	Services	Delayed Draw Term Loan – \$11,500 Commitment (expires 12/31/2015)(33)	_	_	_	%	

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

PROSPECT CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULES OF INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

(in thousands, except share data)

Portfolio Company	Locale / Industry	Investments(1)	June 30, 2015 (Audited) PrincipaFair % of Net Value Value(2)ssets					
LEVEL 3 PORTFOLI	O INVESTMENTS							
Non-Control/Non-Aff	Non-Control/Non-Affiliate Investments (less than 5.00% voting control)							
		E' . I	68,14668,1461.8%					
Targus Group International, Inc.	California / Durable Consumer Products	First Lien Term Loan (11.75% (PRIME + 8.50%) plus 1.00% PIK and 2.00% default interest, due 5/24/2016)(4)(6)(27)	22,4,877,233 0.5%					
			21,37817,233 0.5%					
TB Corp.	Texas / Hotels, Restaurants & Leisure	Senior Subordinated Note (12.00% plus 1.50% PIK, due 12/19/2018)(3)(6)	2 3,5,28 823,628 0.6%					
			23,62823,628 0.6%					
Therakos, Inc.	New Jersey / Healthcare	Second Lien Term Loan (10.75% (LIBOR + 9.50% with 1.25% LIBOR floor), due 6/27/2018)(4)(27)(30)	13,2,200813,0000.4%					
			12,80813,000 0.4%					
Tolt Solutions, Inc.	South Carolina /	Senior Secured Term Loan A (7.00% (LIBOR + 6.00% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 3/7/2019)(3)(4)(30)	474,8(820)245,548 1.2%					
,	Business Services	Senior Secured Term Loan B (12.00% (LIBOR + 11.00% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 3/7/2019)(3)(4)(30)	48499900046,1551.2%					
			96,70291,703 2.4%					
TouchTunes Interactive Networks, Inc.	^{re} New York / Media	Second Lien Term Loan (9.25% (LIBOR + 8.25% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due	5, 0,902 5 4,925 0.1%					
		5/29/2022)(4)(27)(31)	4,925 4,925 0.1%					
Traeger Pellet Grills	Oregon / Durable	Senior Secured Term Loan A (6.50% (LIBOR + 4.50% with 2.00% LIBOR floor), due 6/18/2018)(3)(4)(30)	3 53,5,464 435,644 1.0%					
LLC	Consumer Products	Senior Secured Term Loan B (11.50% (LIBOR + 9.50% with 2.00% LIBOR floor), due 6/18/2018)(3)(4)(30)	3 6,6,8 8136,8811.0%					
			72,52572,525 2.0%					
Transaction Network Services, Inc.	Virginia / Telecommunication Services	Second Lien Term Loan (9.00% (LIBOR + 8.00% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 8/14/2020)(4)(27)(31)	- 4, 5 ,5573 4,595 0.1%					
			4,573 4,595 0.1%					
Trinity Services Group Inc.(14)	o, Florida / Food Products	Senior Secured Term Loan A (6.50% (LIBOR + 5.50% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 8/13/2019)(4)(30)	9, 9,22 5 9,825 0.3%					
			100,0,000000,000.7%					

June 30, 2015 (Audited)

Senior Secured Term Loan B (11.50% (LIBOR + 10.50% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 8/13/2019)(3)(4)(30)

		floor), due 8/13/2019)(3)(4)(30)	
			109,82 5 09,82 5 .0%
United Sporting Companies, Inc.(5)	South Carolina / Durable Consumer Products	Second Lien Term Loan (12.75% (LIBOR + 11.00% with 1.75% LIBOR floor), due 5/16/2018)(3)(4)(31)	158,2,23845,618.9%
			158,23 8 45,61 8 .9%
United States	Texas / Commercial	Senior Secured Term Loan A (6.50% (LIBOR + 5.50% with 1.00% LIBOR floor) plus 2.00% default interest, due 3/31/2019)(3)(4)(30)	2 3,35 021,5510.6%
Environmental Services, LLC	Services	Senior Secured Term Loan B (11.50% (LIBOR + 10.50% with 1.00% LIBOR floor) plus 2.00% default interest, due 3/31/2019)(3)(4)(30)	36,6,00 0033,406 0.9%
			59,25054,957 1.5%
	te, Texas / Durable Consumer Products	Revolving Line of Credit – \$5,000 Commitment (10.00% (LIBOR + 9.00% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 4/15/2016)(4)(31)(33)	\$\$\$%
USG Intermediate, LLC		Senior Secured Term Loan A (7.50% (LIBOR + 6.50% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 4/15/2020)(3)(4)(31)	2 2,5\$\$8721,587 0.6%
		Senior Secured Term Loan B (12.50% (LIBOR + 11.50% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 4/15/2020)(3)(4)(31)	2 2,6,939 521,695 0.6%
		Equity	_1%

See notes to consolidated financial statements. F-29

PROSPECT CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULES OF INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED) (in thousands, except share data)

			June 30, 2015 (Audited)				
Portfolio Company	Locale / Industry	Investments(1)	Principal Cost Value	Fair Value(2)	% of Net Assets		
LEVEL 3 PORTFO	LIO INVESTMEN	TTS					
Non-Control/Non-A	ffiliate Investment	s (less than 5.00% voting control)					
			43,283	43,282	1.2%		
Venio LLC	Pennsylvania / Business Service	Second Lien Term Loan (12.00% (LIBOR + 9.50% with 2.50% LIBOR floor), due \$2/19/2020)(3)(4)(30)	1177,00000	16,042	0.4%		
			17,000	16,042	0.4%		
Voya CLO 2012-2, Ltd.	Cayman Islands / Structured Finance	Income Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 19.32%)(24)(32)	3390,07002	32,391	0.9%		
			30,002	32,391	0.9%		
Voya CLO 2012-3, Ltd.	Cayman Islands / Structured Finance	Income Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 16.87%)(24)(32)	4367,623028	38,465	1.0%		
			37,208	38,465	1.0%		
Voya CLO 2012-4, Ltd.	Cayman Islands / Structured Finance	Income Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 19.40%)(24)(32)	4302691188	34,977	0.9%		
			32,918	34,977	0.9%		
Voya CLO 2014-1, Ltd.	Cayman Islands / Structured Finance	Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 15.25%)(24)(25)(32)	328,3886	29,170	0.8%		
			28,886	29,170	0.8%		
Washington Mill CLO Ltd.	Cayman Islands / Structured Finance	Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 14.28%)(24)(25)(32)	22961042	20,137	0.5%		
			19,542	20,137	0.5%		
Water Pik, Inc.	Colorado / Personal & Nondurable Consumer Products	Second Lien Term Loan (9.75% (LIBOR + 8.75% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 1/8/2021)(4)(27)(30)	98,174976	9,147	0.2%		
			8,796	9,147	0.2%		
Wheel Pros, LLC	Colorado / Business Service	Senior Subordinated Secured Note (11.00% (LIBOR + 7.00% with 4.00% LIBOR floor), due 6/29/2020)(3)(4)(30)	, 1 22,000 0	12,000	0.3%		
	Dusiness Service	SDelayed Draw Term Loan – \$3,000 Commitment (expires 12/30/2015)(33)			%		
		Communent (expires 12/30/2013)(33)	12,000 3 3,000 0	12,000	0.3%		

Wind River
Resources
Production
Corporation(41)
Utah / Oil & Gas Senior Secured Note (13.00% (LIBOR + 7.50% with 5.50% LIBOR floor) plus
3.00% default interest on principal and

16.00% default interest on past due interest, in non-accrual status effective 12/1/2008,

past due)(4)(41)

Net Profits Interest (5% of Equity

Distributions)(7)

3,000 — —%

Total Non-Control/Non-Affiliate Investments (Level 3)

\$4,619,519\$4,589,151124.0%

--%

Total Level 3 Portfolio Investments

\$6,559,313\$6,609,298178.5%

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

PROSPECT CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULES OF INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

(in thousands, except share data)

Portfolio Company	Locale / Industry	June 30, 201 Principal Value	5 (Audited) Cost	Fair Value(2)	% of Net Assets				
LEVEL 1 PORTFOLIO INVESTMENTS									
Non-Control/Non-Affiliate Investments (less than 5.00% voting control)									
Dover Saddlery, Inc.	Massachusetts / Retail	Common Stock (30,974 shares)		\$63	\$260	- %			
Total Non-Control/	Non-Affiliate Inves	tments (Level 1)		63 \$63	260 \$260	—% —%			
Total Non-Control/	Non-Affiliate Inves	tments		\$4,619,582\$4,589,411124.0%					
Total Portfolio Inve		\$6,559,370	6\$6,609,55	8178.5%					
See notes to consol F-31	idated financial state								

PROSPECT CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULES OF INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED) (in thousands, except share data)

Endnote Explanations as of December 31, 2015 (Unaudited) and June 30, 2015

(1)

The terms "Prospect," "we," "us" and "our" mean Prospect Capital Corporation and its subsidiaries unless the context

- specifically requires otherwise. The securities in which Prospect has invested were acquired in transactions that were exempt from registration under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Securities Act"). These securities may be resold only in transactions that are exempt from registration under the Securities Act. Fair value is determined by or under the direction of our Board of Directors. As of June 30, 2015, one of our portfolio investments, Dover Saddlery, Inc. ("Dover"), was publicly traded and classified as Level 1 within the valuation hierarchy established by ASC 820, Fair Value Measurement ("ASC 820"). On July 1, 2015 we redeemed
- our investment in Dover and realized a gain of \$200. As of June 30, 2015, the fair value of our remaining portfolio investments was determined using significant unobservable inputs. As of March 31, 2016, all of our investments were classified as Level 3. ASC 820 classifies such unobservable inputs used to measure fair value as Level 3 within the valuation hierarchy. See Notes 2 and 3 within the accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements for further discussion.
 - Security, or a portion thereof, is held by Prospect Capital Funding LLC ("PCF"), our wholly-owned subsidiary and a bankruptcy remote special purpose entity, and is pledged as collateral for the Revolving Credit Facility and such
- (3) security is not available as collateral to our general creditors (see Note 4). The fair values of the investments held by PCF at March 31, 2016 and June 30, 2015 were \$1,432,939 and \$1,511,585, respectively, representing 23.9% and 22.9% of our total investments, respectively.
- Security, or a portion thereof, has a floating interest rate which may be subject to a LIBOR or PRIME floor. The interest rate was in effect at March 31, 2016 and June 30, 2015.
 - Ellett Brothers, LLC, Evans Sports, Inc., Jerry's Sports, Inc., Simmons Gun Specialties, Inc., Bonitz Brothers, Inc.,
- (5) and Outdoor Sports Headquarters, Inc. are joint borrowers on the second lien term loan. United Sporting Companies, Inc. is a parent guarantor of this debt investment.
- The interest rate on these investments contains a paid in kind ("PIK") provision, whereby the issuer has either the
- (6) option or the obligation to make interest payments with the issuance of additional securities. The interest rate in the schedule represents the current interest rate in effect for these investments.

PROSPECT CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULES OF INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED) (in thousands, except share data)

Endnote Explanations as of December 31, 2015 (Unaudited) and June 30, 2015 (Continued)

The following table provides additional details on these PIK investments, including the maximum annual PIK interest rate allowed under the existing credit agreements, as of and for the three months ended March 31, 2016:

PIK Rate - PIK Rate - Maximum

Security Name	PIK Rate -	PIK Rate -	Maximum	
Security Name	Capitalized	Paid as cash	Current PIK Rate	
American Property REIT Corp.	 %	5.5%	5.5%	
CCPI Inc.	7%	%	7%	
Cinedigm DC Holdings, LLC	 %	2.50%	2.5%	
Credit Central Loan Company	0.35%	9.65%	10%	
Crosman Corporation - Senior Secured Term Loan A	4.00%	%	4%	
Crosman Corporation - Senior Secured Term Loan B	4%	%	4%	
Echelon Aviation LLC	 %	2.25%	2.25%	
Edmentum Ultimate Holdings, LLC - Senior PIK Note	8.5%	%	8.50%	
Edmentum Ultimate Holdings, LLC - Junior PIK Note	10%	%	10.00%	
First Tower Finance Company LLC	 %	12%	12%	
Harbortouch Payments, LLC	N/A	N/A	5.5%	(A)
JHH Holdings, Inc.	0.50%	%	0.5%	
LaserShip, Inc Term Loan A	2.00%	%	2.00%	
LaserShip, Inc Term Loan B	2.00%	%	2.00%	
Mity, Inc.	 %	10.00%	10%	
National Property REIT Corp Senior Secured Term Loan A	 %	5.50%	5.50%	
National Property REIT Corp Senior Secured Term Loan C	 %	5.00%	5.00%	
National Property REIT Corp Senior Secured Term Loan E	 %	5.00%	5.00%	
Nationwide Loan Company LLC	0.52%	9.48%	10%	
Nixon, Inc.	3%	%	3%	
United Property REIT Corp.	 %	5.5%	5.5%	
Valley Electric Co. of Mt. Vernon, Inc.	<u></u> %	2.50%	2.5%	
Valley Electric Company, Inc.	0.71%	7.79%	8.5%	

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

PROSPECT CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULES OF INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED) (in thousands, except share data)

Endnote Explanations as of December 31, 2015 (Unaudited) and June 30, 2015 (Continued)

The following table provides additional details on these PIK investments, including the maximum annual PIK interest rate allowed under the existing credit agreements, as of and for the three months ended June 30, 2015:

PIK Rate -

PIK Rate - Capitalized	Paid as cash	Maximum Current PIK Rate	
— %	5.50%	5.50%	
7.00%	— %	7.00%	
2.50%	— %	2.50%	
9.00%	 %	9.00%	
7.50%	 %	7.50%	
<u></u> %	10.00%	10.00%	
N/A	N/A	2.25%	(B)
N/A	N/A	10.00%	(B)
N/A	N/A	8.50%	(B)
1.64%	10.36%	12.00%	
5.50%	 %	5.50%	(A)
0.50%	— %	0.50%	
10.00%	 %	10.00%	
<u></u> %	5.50%	5.50%	
— %	7.50%	7.50%	
— %	4.50%	4.50%	
<u> </u> %	7.50%	7.50%	
<u></u> %	4.50%	4.50%	
<u></u> %	10.00%	10.00%	
2.75%	 %	2.75%	
3.00%	 %	3.00%	
1.00%	 %	1.00%	
<u></u> %	5.50%	5.50%	
2.50%	 %	2.50%	
8.50%	 %	8.50%	
	Capitalized % 7.00% 2.50% 9.00% 7.50%% N/A N/A N/A 1.64% 5.50% 0.50% 10.00%%%%%% 2.75% 3.00% 1.00%% 2.50%	PIK Rate - Capitalized rash -% 5.50% 7.00% -% 2.50% -% 9.00% -% 7.50% -% 10.00% N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A 1.64% 10.36% 5.50% -% 0.50% -% 10.00% -% -% 5.50% -% 7.50% -% 7.50% -% 4.50% -% 4.50% -% 10.00% 2.75% -% 3.00% -% 1.00% -% -% 5.50% 2.50% -%	Pik Rate - Capitalized cash

- (A) PIK is capitalized annually; next PIK payment/capitalization date at March 31, 2016 and June 30, 2015 is April 1, 2016.
- (B) PIK is capitalized quarterly; next PIK payment date at June 30, 2015 was July 31, 2015.
- (7) In addition to the stated returns, the net profits interest held will be realized upon sale of the borrower or a sale of the interests.
 - APH Property Holdings, LLC, a consolidated entity in which we own 100% of the membership interests, owns
- 100% of the common equity of American Property REIT Corp. (f/k/a American Property Holdings Corp. ("APRC")), a qualified Real Estate Investment Trust ("REIT") which holds investments in several real estate properties. We report APRC as a separate controlled company. See Note 3 for further discussion of the properties held by APRC.
- (9) Arctic Oilfield Equipment USA, Inc. ("Arctic Oilfield"), a consolidated entity in which we own 100% of the common equity, owns 70% of the equity Units of Arctic Energy Services, LLC ("Arctic Energy"), the operating company. We report Arctic Energy as a separate controlled company. On September 30, 2015, we restructured our

investment in Arctic Energy. Concurrent with the restructuring, we exchanged our \$31,640 senior secured loan and our \$20,230 subordinated loan for Class D and Class E Units in Arctic Energy. Our ownership of Arctic Oilfield includes a preferred interest in their holdings of all the Class D, Class E, Class C, and Class A Units (in order of priority returns). These unit classes are senior to management's interests in the F and B Units.

CCPI Holdings Inc., a consolidated entity in which we own 100% of the common stock, owns 94.63% and (10)94.95% of CCPI Inc. ("CCPI"), the operating company, as of March 31, 2016 and June 30, 2015, respectively. We report CCPI as a separate controlled company.

See notes to consolidated financial statements. F-34

PROSPECT CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULES OF INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED) (in thousands, except share data)

Endnote Explanations as of December 31, 2015 (Unaudited) and June 30, 2015 (Continued)

CP Holdings of Delaware LLC, a consolidated entity in which we own 100% of the membership interests, owns 82.3% of CP Energy Services Inc. ("CP Energy") as of March 31, 2016 and June 30, 2015, respectively. As of June 30, 2015, CP Energy owned directly or indirectly 100% of each of CP Well Testing, LLC ("CP Well"); Wright Foster Disposals, LLC; Foster Testing Co., Inc.; ProHaul Transports, LLC; and Wright Trucking, Inc. We report

- (11) CP Energy as a separate controlled company. Effective December 31, 2014, CP Energy underwent a corporate reorganization in order to consolidate certain of its wholly-owned subsidiaries. On October 30, 2015, we restructured our investment in CP Energy. Concurrent with the restructuring, we exchanged our \$86,965 senior secured loan and \$15,924 subordinated loan for Series B Redeemable Preferred Stock in CP Energy. Credit Central Holdings of Delaware, LLC, a consolidated entity in which we own 100% of the membership interests, owns 74.93% of Credit Central Loan Company, LLC (f/k/a Credit Central Holdings, LLC ("Credit
- (12) Central")) as of March 31, 2016 and June 30, 2015, Credit Central owns 100% of each of Credit Central, LLC; Credit Central South, LLC; Credit Central of Texas, LLC; and Credit Central of Tennessee, LLC, the operating companies. We report Credit Central as a separate controlled company.

 On June 9, 2015, we provided additional debt and equity financing to support the recapitalization of Edmentum, Inc. ("Edmentum"). As part of the recapitalization, we exchanged 100% of the \$50,000 second lien term loan previously outstanding for \$26,365 of junior PIK notes and 370,964.14 Class A common units representing
- (13)37.1% equity ownership in Edmentum Ultimate Holdings, LLC. In addition, we invested \$5,875 in senior PIK notes and committed \$7,834 as part of a second lien revolving credit facility, of which \$4,896 was funded at closing. On June 9, 2015, we determined that Edmentum was impaired and recorded a realized loss of \$22,116 for the amount that the amortized cost exceeded the fair value, reducing the amortized cost to \$37,216. First Tower Holdings of Delaware LLC, a consolidated entity in which we own 100% of the membership
- (14) interests, owns 80.1% of First Tower Finance Company LLC ("First Tower Finance"), which owns 100% of First Tower, LLC, the operating company as of March 31, 2016 and June 30, 2015, respectively. We report First Tower Finance as a separate controlled company.
 - Energy Solutions Holdings Inc., a consolidated entity in which we own 100% of equity, owns 100% of Freedom Marine Solutions, LLC ("Freedom Marine"), which owns Vessel Company, LLC, Vessel Company II, LLC and
- (15) Vessel Company III, LLC. We report Freedom Marine as a separate controlled company. On October 30, 2015, we restructured our investment in Freedom Marine. Concurrent with the restructuring, we exchanged our \$32,500 senior secured loans for additional membership interest in Freedom Marine.
 - Harbortouch Holdings of Delaware Inc., a consolidated entity in which we own 100% of the common stock, owns 100% of the Class C voting units of Harbortouch Payments, LLC ("Harbortouch"), which provide for a 53.5%
- (16) residual profits allocation. Harbortouch management owns 100% of the Class B and Class D voting units of Harbortouch, which provide for a 46.5% residual profits allocation. Harbortouch owns 100% of Credit Card Processing USA, LLC. We report Harbortouch as a separate controlled company.

 MITY Holdings of Delaware Inc. ("MITY Delaware"), a consolidated entity in which we own 100% of the common stock, owns 95.83% and 94.99% of the equity of MITY, Inc. (f/k/a MITY Enterprises, Inc.) ("MITY"), as of March 31, 2016 and June 30, 2015, respectively. MITY owns 100% of each of MITY-Lite, Inc.; Broda

Enterprises USA, Inc.; and Broda Enterprises ULC ("Broda Canada"). We report MITY as a separate controlled

(17) company. MITY Delaware has a subordinated unsecured note issued and outstanding to Broda Canada that is denominated in Canadian Dollars (CAD). As of March 31, 2016 and June 30, 2015, the principal balance of this note was CAD 7,371. In accordance with ASC 830, Foreign Currency Matters ("ASC 830"), this note was remeasured into our functional currency, US Dollars (USD), and is presented on our Consolidated Schedule of Investments in USD.

(18)

NPH Property Holdings, LLC, a consolidated entity in which we own 100% of the membership interests, owns 100% of the common equity of National Property REIT Corp. (f/k/a National Property Holdings Corp. ("NPRC")), a property REIT which holds investments in several real estate properties. Additionally, through its wholly-owned subsidiaries, NPRC invests in online consumer loans. We report NPRC as a separate controlled company. See Note 3 for further discussion of the properties held by NPRC. On March 17, 2015, we entered into a new credit agreement with ACL Loan Holdings, Inc. ("ACLLH"), a wholly-owned subsidiary of NPRC, to form two new tranches of senior secured term loans, Term Loan A and Term Loan B, with the same terms as the then existing NPRC Term Loan A and Term Loan B due to us. That agreement was effective as of June 30, 2014. On June 30, 2014, ACLLH made a non-cash return of capital distribution of \$22,390 to NPRC and NPRC transferred and assigned to ACLLH a senior secured Term Loan A due to us. On June 2, 2015, we amended the credit agreement with NPRC to form two new tranches of senior secured term loans, Term Loan C and Term Loan D, with the same terms as the then existing ACLLH Term Loan A and Term Loan B due to us. That amendment was effective as of April 1, 2015. On August 18, 2015, we amended the credit agreement with NPRC to form a new tranche of senior secured term loans, Term Loan E. The amendment was effective as of July 1, 2015, and the outstanding Term Loan C and Term Loan D balances were converted to Term Loan E. On August 12, 2015, we also amended the credit agreement with ACLLH to form a new tranche of senior secured term loans, Term Loan C. The

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

PROSPECT CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULES OF INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED) (in thousands, except share data)

Endnote Explanations as of December 31, 2015 (Unaudited) and June 30, 2015 (Continued)

amendment was effective as of July 1, 2015, and the outstanding Term Loan A and Term Loan B balances were converted to Term Loan C.

- Nationwide Acceptance Holdings LLC, a consolidated entity in which we own 100% of the membership interests, owns 93.79% of Nationwide Loan Company LLC (f/k/a Nationwide Acceptance LLC ("Nationwide")), the operating company, as of March 31, 2016 and June 30, 2015. We report Nationwide as a separate controlled company. On June 1, 2015, Nationwide completed a corporate reorganization. As part of a reorganization,
- (19) Nationwide Acceptance LLC was renamed Nationwide Loan Company LLC (continues as "Nationwide") and formed two new wholly-owned subsidiaries: Pelican Loan Company LLC ("Pelican") and Nationwide Consumer Loans LLC. Nationwide assigned 100% of the equity interests in its other subsidiaries to Pelican which, in turn, assigned these interests to Nationwide Acceptance LLC ("New Nationwide"), the new operating company wholly-owned by Pelican. New Nationwide also assumed the existing senior subordinated term loan due to Prospect.
- NMMB Holdings, a consolidated entity in which we own 100% of the equity, owns 96.33% of the fully diluted equity of NMMB, Inc. ("NMMB") as of March 31, 2016 and June 30, 2015. NMMB owns 100% of Refuel Agency, Inc., which owns 100% of Armed Forces Communications, Inc. We report NMMB as a separate controlled

company.

- UPH Property Holdings, LLC, a consolidated entity in which we own 100% of the membership interests, owns 100% of the common equity of United Property REIT Corp. (f/k/a United Property Holdings Corp. ("UPRC")), a property REIT which holds investments in several real estate properties. We report UPRC as a separate controlled company. See Note 3 for further discussion of the properties held by UPRC.
 - Valley Electric Holdings I, Inc., a consolidated entity in which we own 100% of the common stock, owns 100% of Valley Electric Holdings II, Inc. ("Valley Holdings II"), another consolidated entity. Valley Holdings II owns
- (22)94.99% of Valley Electric Company, Inc. ("Valley Electric"). Valley Electric owns 100% of the equity of VE Company, Inc., which owns 100% of the equity of Valley Electric Co. of Mt. Vernon, Inc. ("Valley"). We report Valley Electric as a separate controlled company.
- (23) This investment is in the debt class of a CLO security.
 - This investment is in the equity class of a CLO security. The CLO equity investments are entitled to recurring distributions which are generally equal to the excess cash flow generated from the underlying investments after payment of the contractual payments to debt holders and fund expenses. The current estimated yield is based on
- (24)the current projections of this excess cash flow taking into account assumptions which have been made regarding expected prepayments, losses and future reinvestment rates. These assumptions are periodically reviewed and adjusted. Ultimately, the actual yield may be higher or lower than the estimated yield if actual results differ from those used for the assumptions.
- (25) Co-investment with another fund managed by an affiliate of our investment adviser, Prospect Capital Management L.P. See Note 13 for further discussion.
- (26)On a fully diluted basis represents 10.00% of voting common shares.
- (27) Syndicated investment which was originated by a financial institution and broadly distributed.
- (28) The overriding royalty interests held receive payments at the stated rates based upon operations of the borrower. The interest rate on these investments is subject to the base rate of 6-Month LIBOR, which was 0.90% and 0.44%
- (29) at March 31, 2016 and June 30, 2015, respectively. The current base rate for each investment may be different from the reference rate on June 30, 2015.
 - The interest rate on these investments is subject to the base rate of 3-Month LIBOR, which was 0.63% and 0.28%
- (30) at March 31, 2016 and June 30, 2015, respectively. The current base rate for each investment may be different from the reference rate on March 31, 2016 and June 30, 2015.

The interest rate on these investments is subject to the base rate of 1-Month LIBOR, which was 0.44% and 0.19% (31) at March 31, 2016 and June 30, 2015, respectively. The current base rate for each investment may be different from the reference rate on March 31, 2016 and June 30, 2015.

Investment has been designated as an investment not "qualifying" under Section 55(a) of the Investment Company Act of 1940 (the "1940 Act"). Under the 1940 Act, we may not acquire any non-qualifying asset unless, at the time

(32) such acquisition is made, qualifying assets represent at least 70% of our total assets. As of March 31, 2016 and June 30, 2015, our qualifying assets as a percentage of total assets, stood at 74.46% and 75.1%, respectively. We monitor the status of these assets on an ongoing basis.

See notes to consolidated financial statements. F-36

PROSPECT CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULES OF INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED) (in thousands, except share data)

Endnote Explanations as of December 31, 2015 (Unaudited) and June 30, 2015 (Continued)

- Undrawn committed revolvers and delayed draw term loans to our portfolio companies incur commitment and (33)unused fees ranging from 0.00% to 6.00%. As of March 31, 2016 and June 30, 2015, we had \$60,242 and \$88,288, respectively, of undrawn revolver and delayed draw term loan commitments to our portfolio companies. GTP Operations, LLC, Transplace, LLC, CI (Transplace) International, LLC, Transplace Freight Services, LLC,
- (34) Transplace Texas, LP, Transplace Stuttgart, LP, Transplace International, Inc., Celtic International, LLC, and Treetop Merger Sub, LLC are joint borrowers on the senior secured term loan.
- (35) Trinity Services Group, Inc. and Trinity Services I, LLC are joint borrowers on the senior secured loan facility. We own 99.9999% of AGC/PEP, LLC. AGC/PEP, LLC owns 2,038 out of a total of 93,485 shares (including
- (36)7,456 vested and unvested management options) of American Gilsonite Holding Company which owns 100% of American Gilsonite Company.
- NCP Finance Limited Partnership, NCP Finance Ohio, LLC, and certain affiliates thereof are joint borrowers on the subordinated secured term loan
- Our wholly-owned subsidiary Prospect Small Business Lending, LLC purchases small business whole loans from small business loan originators, including On Deck Capital, Inc., and Direct Capital Corporation.

 As of June 30, 2015, Progrexion Marketing, Inc., Progrexion Teleservices, Inc., Progrexion ASG, Inc.,
- Progrexion IP, Inc., Creditrepair.com, Inc., and eFolks, LLC were joint borrowers on the senior secured term loan. PGX Holdings, Inc. ("PGX") was the parent guarantor of this debt investment. As of March 31, 2016, PGX is the sole borrower on the second lien term loan.
- (40) As of March 31, 2016 and June 30, 2015, we own 1.43% (13,220 shares) of Mineral Fusion Natural, LLC, a subsidiary of Caleel + Hayden, LLC, common and preferred interest.

 Wind River Resources Corporation and Wind River II Corporation are joint borrowers on the senior secured note.
- (41) The interest rate for this investment is subject to the base rate of 12-Month LIBOR, which was 0.77% at June 30, 2015.
- SB Forging Company, Inc. ("SB Forging"), a consolidated entity in which we own 100% of the equity, owned 100% of Ajax Rolled Ring & Machine, LLC, the operating company, which was sold on October 10, 2014. As part of the sale there is \$3,000 being held in escrow of which \$802 was received on May 6, 2015 for which we realized a gain of the same amount.
- Pegasus Business Intelligence, LP, Paycom Acquisition, LLC, and Paycom Acquisition Corp. are joint borrowers (43) on the senior secured loan facilities. Paycom Intermediate Holdings, Inc. is the parent guarantor of this debt investment. These entities transact business internationally under the trade name Onyx Payments.
- Security Alarm Financing Enterprises, L.P. and California Security Alarms, Inc. are joint borrowers on the senior subordinated note.
 - A portion of the senior secured note is denominated in Canadian Dollars (CAD). As of June 30, 2015, the
- (45)principal balance of this note was CAD 36,666. In accordance with ASC 830, this note was remeasured into our functional currency, US Dollars (USD), and is presented on our Consolidated Schedules of Investments in USD. On February 3, 2016, lenders foreclosed on Targus Group International, Inc., and our \$21,613 first lien term loan was extinguished and exchanged for 1,262,737 common units representing 12.63% equity ownership in Targus Cayman HoldCo Limited, the parent company of Targus. On February 17, 2016, we provided additional debt
- (46) financing to support the recapitalization of Targus. As part of the recapitalization, we invested an additional \$1,263 in a new senior secured Term Loan A notes and were allocated \$3,788 in new senior secured Term Loan B notes. During the same period, Targus was written-down for tax purposes and a realized loss of \$14,194 therefore was realized for the amount that the amortized cost exceeded the fair value.
- (47) As defined in the 1940 Act, we are deemed to "Control" these portfolio companies because we own more than 25% of the portfolio company's outstanding voting securities. Transactions during the nine months ended March 31,

2016 with these controlled investments were as follows:

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

PROSPECT CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULES OF INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED) (in thousands, except share data)

Endnote Explanations as of December 31, 2015 (Unaudited) and June 30, 2015 (Continued)

Portfolio Company	Fair Value at June 30, 2015	Gross	Gross Reduction (Cost)**	Net unrealize gains (losses)	Fair Value d at March 31, 2016	Interest	Dividen income		Net realized egains (losses)
American Property REIT Corp.	\$118,256	\$2,826	\$(26,730)\$13,141	\$107,493	\$6,488	\$11,016	\$702	\$ —
Arctic Energy Services, LLC	60,364	_	_	(22,748)37,616	1,123		_	_
CCPI Inc.	41,352	475	(6,255)5,281	40,853	2,370	3,195	—	_
CP Energy Services Inc. Credit Central Loan	91,009	(2,820)—	(12,766)75,423	(390)—	_	
Company, LLC	55,172	323	(323)(2,786)52,386	5,556	_	1,852	_
Echelon Aviation LLC	68,941	_	(2,954)(9,023)56,964	4,360	7,250	_	_
Edmentum Ultimate Holdings, LLC	37,216	4,841	(4,896)3,127	40,288	2,728	_	_	_
First Tower Finance Company LLC	365,950	8,353	(679)(15,494)358,130	42,499	_	_	_
Freedom Marine Solutions, LLC	27,090	400	_	(871)26,619	1,112	_	_	_
Gulf Coast Machine & Supply Company	6,918	8,000	(75)(4,897)9,946	_	_	_	_
Harbortouch Payments, LLC	376,936	_	(4,028)(37,228)335,680	23,129		_	_
MITY, Inc.	50,795	140	_	6,688	57,623	4,325	710	_	7
National Property REIT Corp.	471,889	192,533	(116,128)30,249	578,543	45,360	_	3,894	_
Nationwide Loan Company LLC	34,550	3,583	(300)(3,635)34,198	2,368	2,651	_	
NMMB, Inc.	12,052	_	_	1,218	13,270	1,146	_	_	_
R-V Industries, Inc.	40,508		(614)(4,587)35,307	2,192	224		—
SB Forging Company, Inc.	_		_	_			_	_	
United Property REIT Corp.	84,685	7,531	_	13,416	105,632	5,774	_	988	_
Valley Electric Company, Inc.	30,497	1,397	_	(535)31,359	3,995		_	_
Wolf Energy, LLC	22			671	693			_	
Total	\$1,974,202	2\$227,582	\$(162,982)\$(40,779)\$1,998,023	3\$154,135	\$25,046	\$7,430	5\$ 7

^{*} Gross additions include increases in the cost basis of the investments resulting from new portfolio investments, and PIK interest.

^{**} Gross reductions include decreases in the cost basis of investments resulting from principal collections related to investments repayments or sales, and impairments.

As defined in the 1940 Act, we are deemed to be an "Affiliated company" of these portfolio companies because we (48) own more than 5% of the portfolio company's outstanding voting securities. Transactions during the nine months ended March 31, 2016 with these affiliated investments were as follows:

Portfolio Company	Fair Gross Value at Additions June 30, (Cost)*	Gross Reductions (Cost)*	Net unrealized gains (losses)	Value at March 31, Interest Dividend Othe income income income	Net r realized negains (losses)
BNN Holdings Corp.	\$45,945\$ —	\$ (42,922)	\$ 504	\$3,527 \$ 896 \$ _\$	-\$
Targus International LLC	22,724	(14,194)	31	8,561 — — —	(14,194)
Total	\$45,945\$ 22,724	\$ (57,116)	\$ 535	\$12,088\$ 896 \$ -\$	\$(14,194)

^{*} Gross additions include increases in the cost basis of the investments resulting from new portfolio investments, and PIK interest.

See notes to consolidated financial statements. F-38

^{**} Gross reductions include decreases in the cost basis of investments resulting from principal collections related to investments repayments or sales, and impairments.

PROSPECT CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULES OF INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED) (in thousands, except share data)

Endnote Explanations as of December 31, 2015 (Unaudited) and June 30, 2015 (Continued)

As defined in the 1940 Act, we are deemed to "Control" these portfolio companies because we own more than 25% (49) of the portfolio company's outstanding voting securities. Transactions during the year ended June 30, 2015 with these controlled investments were as follows:

mese controlled	mvesiment	s were as rone	JWS.							
Portfolio Company	Fair Value at June 30, 2014	Gross Additions (Cost)*	Gross Reduction (Cost)**	Net unrealized gains (losses)	Fair Value 1 at June 30, 2015	Interest income	Dividen income	dOther income	Net realized gains (losses)	
Airmall Inc.	\$45,284	\$ —	\$(57,500)\$12,216	\$	\$576	\$ <i>—</i>	\$3,000	\$(2,808)
American Property REIT Corp.	206,159	(102,543)**	** 32)14,672	118,256	14,747		1,342	_	
Appalachian Energy LLC	_	_	(2,050)2,050	_	_	_	_	(2,050)
Arctic Energy Services, LLC	61,114	_	_	•)60,364	6,721	_		_	
Borga, Inc.	436	_	(3,177))2,741	_		_	_	(2,589))
BXC Company, Inc.	2,115	250	(17,698) 15,333	—			5	(16,949)
CCPI Inc.	32,594	599	(476)8,635	41,352	3,332		525		
Change Clean										
Energy Company, LLC	_	_		_	_	_			_	
Coalbed, LLC			_			_	_	_	_	
CP Energy Services Inc.	130,119	2,818	_	(41,927)91,010	16,420	_	_	_	
Credit Central Loan Company, LLC	50,432	300	(2,337)6,777	55,172	7,375	159	1,220	_	
Echelon Aviation LLC	92,628	5,800	(37,713)8,226	68,941	6,895	_	_	_	
Edmentum Ultimate Holdings, LLC	_	60,772	(23,556)—	37,216	_			(22,116)
First Tower Finance Company LLC	326,785	332	(1,932)40,765	365,950	52,900	1,929		_	
Freedom Marine Solutions, LLC	32,004	_	(485)(4,429)27,090	4,461	_	_	_	
Gulf Coast Machine & Supply Company	14,459	8,500	_	(16,041)6,918	1,370	_	_	_	
Harbortouch Payments, LLC	291,314	35,374	(8,609)58,857	376,936	29,834	_	579	_	
Manx Energy, Inc. MITY, Inc.	— 49,289		(50 (2,594)50)1,068	 50,795		_	_	(50 (5)
National Property REIT Corp.	124,511	361,481 **	°**38,420)24,317	471,889	30,611	_	1,959	_	
Nationwide Loan Company LLC (f/k/a Nationwide	29,923	2,814	(2,350)4,163	34,550	3,005	4,425	_	_	

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Acceptance LLC)										
NMMB, Inc.	6,297	383	_	5,372	12,052	1,521			_	
R-V Industries, Inc.	57,734	_	(1,175)(16,052)40,507	3,018	298		_	
SB Forging										
Company, Inc.	25,536	_	(46,550)21,014	_	956		2,000	(21,001)

United Property	24,566	51,936	***448)8,631	84,685	5,893		2,345	_	
REIT Corp.	21,500	31,730	(440)0,031	01,003	3,073		2,343		
Valley Electric	33,556	2,053	(76)(5,036)30,497	4,991				
Company, Inc.	33,330	2,033	(70)(5,050)50,157	1,221				
Vets Securing		100	(3,931)3,831					(3,246)
America, Inc.****		100								,
Wolf Energy, LLC	3,599	_	(5,991)2,414	22	_	_	_	(5,818)
Yatesville Coal			—(1,449)1,449					(1,449)
Company, LLC		_	—(1,44))1,44)					(1,77)	,
Total	\$1,640,454	4\$434,001	\$(258,599	9)\$158,346	\$1,974,202	2\$200,409	9\$6,811	\$12,973	5\$(78,081)

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

PROSPECT CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULES OF INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED) (in thousands, except share data)

Endnote Explanations as of December 31, 2015 (Unaudited) and June 30, 2015 (Continued)

- * Gross additions include increases in the cost basis of the investments resulting from new portfolio investments, and PIK interest.
- ** Gross reductions include decreases in the cost basis of investments resulting from principal collections related to investments repayments or sales, and impairments. Redemption amounts included within gross reductions include the cost basis adjustments resulting from consolidation on July 1, 2014.
- *** These amounts include the cost basis of investments transferred from APRC and UPRC to NPRC. (See Note 3 for details.)
- **** During the year ended June 30, 2015, The Healing Staff, Inc. ("THS") ceased operations and Vets Securing America, Inc. ("VSA") management team supervised both the continued operations of VSA and the wind-down of activities at THS.
- ***** Realized loss reflects an adjustment from three months ended March 31, 2016, pertaining to prior period.

As defined in the 1940 Act, we are deemed to be an "Affiliated company" of these portfolio companies because we (50) own more than 5% of the portfolio company's outstanding voting securities. Transactions during the year ended June 30, 2015 with these affiliated investments were as follows:

	Fair	Grass	Net	Fair		Net	
Portfolio Company	Value at Additions June 30, (Cost)*	Reductions (Cost)**	unrealized	realized Value atInterestDividendOther		realized	
			gains	June 30, income income	income	gains	
			(losses)	2015		(losses)	
BNN Holdings Corp.	\$32,121\$44,000	\$ (30,679)	\$ 503	\$45,945\$3,799\$ 778	\$ 226	\$ _	_
Total	\$32,121\$44,000	\$ (30,679)	\$ 503	\$45,945\$3,799\$ 778	\$ 226	\$ _	_

^{*} Gross additions include increases in the cost basis of the investments resulting from new portfolio investments, and PIK interest.

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

^{**} Gross reductions include decreases in the cost basis of investments resulting from principal collections related to investments repayments or sales, and impairments.

PROSPECT CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (in thousands, except share and per share data)

(Unaudited)

Note 1. Organization

In this report, the terms "Prospect," "we," "us" and "our" mean Prospect Capital Corporation and its subsidiaries unless the context specifically requires otherwise.

Prospect Capital Corporation is a financial services company that primarily lends to and invests in middle market privately-held companies. We are a closed-end investment company incorporated in Maryland. We have elected to be regulated as a business development company ("BDC") under the Investment Company Act of 1940 (the "1940 Act"). As a BDC, we have elected to be treated as a regulated investment company ("RIC"), under Subchapter M of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (the "Code"). We were organized on April 13, 2004 and were funded in an initial public offering completed on July 27, 2004.

On May 15, 2007, we formed a wholly-owned subsidiary Prospect Capital Funding LLC ("PCF"), a Delaware limited liability company and a bankruptcy remote special purpose entity, which holds certain of our portfolio loan investments that are used as collateral for the revolving credit facility at PCF. Our wholly-owned subsidiary Prospect Small Business Lending, LLC ("PSBL") was formed on January 27, 2014 and purchases small business whole loans on a recurring basis from online small business loan originators, including On Deck Capital, Inc. ("OnDeck"). On September 30, 2014, we formed a wholly-owned subsidiary Prospect Yield Corporation, LLC ("PYC") and effective October 23, 2014, PYC holds our investments in collateralized loan obligations ("CLOs"). Each of these subsidiaries have been consolidated since operations commenced.

Effective July 1, 2014, we began consolidating certain of our wholly-owned and substantially wholly-owned holding companies formed by us in order to facilitate our investment strategy. The following companies have been included in our consolidated financial statements since July 1, 2014: AMU Holdings Inc.; APH Property Holdings, LLC; Arctic Oilfield Equipment USA, Inc.; CCPI Holdings Inc.; CP Holdings of Delaware LLC; Credit Central Holdings of Delaware, LLC; Energy Solutions Holdings Inc.; First Tower Holdings of Delaware LLC; Harbortouch Holdings of Delaware Inc.; MITY Holdings of Delaware Inc.; Nationwide Acceptance Holdings LLC; NMMB Holdings, Inc.; NPH Property Holdings, LLC ("NPH"); STI Holding, Inc.; UPH Property Holdings, LLC; Valley Electric Holdings I, Inc.; Valley Electric Holdings II, Inc.; and Wolf Energy Holdings Inc. On October 10, 2014, concurrent with the sale of the operating company, our ownership increased to 100% of the outstanding equity of ARRM Services, Inc. ("ARRM") which was renamed SB Forging Company, Inc. ("SB Forging"). As such, we began consolidating SB Forging on October 11, 2014. We collectively refer to these entities as the "Consolidated Holding Companies."

We are externally managed by our investment adviser, Prospect Capital Management L.P. ("Prospect Capital Management" or the "Investment Adviser"). Prospect Administration LLC ("Prospect Administration" or the "Administration" or the "Administration subsidiary of the Investment Adviser, provides administrative services and facilities necessary for us to operate.

Our investment objective is to generate both current income and long-term capital appreciation through debt and equity investments. We invest primarily in senior and subordinated debt and equity of private companies in need of capital for acquisitions, divestitures, growth, development, recapitalizations and other purposes. We work with the management teams or financial sponsors to identify investments with historical cash flows, asset collateral or contracted pro-forma cash flows for investment.

Note 2. Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Presentation and Consolidation

The accompanying consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with United States generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP") pursuant to the requirements for reporting on Form 10-Q, ASC 946, Financial Services—Investment Companies ("ASC 946"), and Articles 6, 10 and 12 of Regulation S-X. Under the 1940 Act, ASC 946, and the regulations pursuant to Article 6 of Regulation S-X, we are precluded from consolidating any entity other

than another investment company or an operating company which provides substantially all of its services to benefit us. Our consolidated financial statements include the accounts of Prospect, PCF, PSBL, PYC, and the Consolidated Holding Companies. All intercompany balances and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation. The financial results of our non-substantially wholly-owned holding companies and operating portfolio company investments are not consolidated in the financial statements. Any operating companies owned by the Consolidated Holding Companies are not consolidated.

Reclassifications

Certain reclassifications have been made in the presentation of prior consolidated financial statements and accompanying notes to conform to the presentation as of and for the three and nine months ended March 31, 2016.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with GAAP requires us to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the consolidated financial statements and the reported amounts of income, expenses, and gains and losses during the reported period. Changes in the economic environment, financial markets, creditworthiness of our portfolio companies and any other parameters used in determining these estimates could cause actual results to differ, and these differences could be material. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include funds deposited with financial institutions and short-term, highly-liquid overnight investments in money market funds. Cash and cash equivalents are carried at cost which approximates fair value. Investment Classification

We are a non-diversified company within the meaning of the 1940 Act. As required by the 1940 Act, we classify our investments by level of control. As defined in the 1940 Act, "Control Investments" are those where there is the ability or power to exercise a controlling influence over the management or policies of a company. Control is generally deemed to exist when a company or individual possesses or has the right to acquire within 60 days or less, a beneficial ownership of more than 25% of the voting securities of an investee company. Under the 1940 Act, "Affiliate Investments" are defined by a lesser degree of influence and are deemed to exist through the possession outright or via the right to acquire within 60 days or less, beneficial ownership of 5% or more of the outstanding voting securities of another person. "Non-Control/Non-Affiliate Investments" are those that are neither Control Investments nor Affiliate Investments.

Investment Transactions

Investments are recognized when we assume an obligation to acquire a financial instrument and assume the risks for gains or losses related to that instrument. Investments are derecognized when we assume an obligation to sell a financial instrument and forego the risks for gains or losses related to that instrument. Specifically, we record all security transactions on a trade date basis. Amounts for investments recognized or derecognized but not yet settled are reported in due to broker or as a receivable for investments sold, respectively, in the consolidated statements of assets and liabilities.

Investment Risks

Our investments are subject to a variety of risks. Those risks include the following:

Market Risk

Market risk represents the potential loss that can be caused by a change in the fair value of the financial instrument.

Credit Risk

Credit risk represents the risk that we would incur if the counterparties failed to perform pursuant to the terms of their agreements with us.

Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk represents the possibility that we may not be able to rapidly adjust the size of our investment positions in times of high volatility and financial stress at a reasonable price.

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk represents a change in interest rates, which could result in an adverse change in the fair value of an interest-bearing financial instrument.

Prepayment Risk

Many of our debt investments allow for prepayment of principal without penalty. Downward changes in interest rates may cause prepayments to occur at a faster than expected rate, thereby effectively shortening the maturity of the security and making the security less likely to fully earn all of the expected income and reinvesting in a lower yielding instrument.

Structured Credit Related Risk

CLO investments may be riskier and less transparent to us than direct investments in underlying companies. CLOs typically will have no significant assets other than their underlying senior secured loans. Therefore, payments on CLO investments are and will be payable solely from the cash flows from such senior secured loans.

Investment Valuation

To value our investments, we follow the guidance of ASC 820, Fair Value Measurement ("ASC 820"), that defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value in conformity with GAAP, and requires disclosures about fair value measurements. In accordance with ASC 820, the fair value of our investments is defined as the price that we would receive upon selling an investment in an orderly transaction to an independent buyer in the principal or most advantageous market in which that investment is transacted.

ASC 820 classifies the inputs used to measure these fair values into the following hierarchy:

Level 1: Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities, accessible by us at the measurement date.

Level 2: Quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets, or quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in markets that are not active, or other observable inputs other than quoted prices.

Level 3: Unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.

In all cases, the level in the fair value hierarchy within which the fair value measurement in its entirety falls has been determined based on the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement. Our assessment of the significance of a particular input to the fair value measurement in its entirety requires judgment and considers factors specific to each investment.

Our Board of Directors has established procedures for the valuation of our investment portfolio. These procedures are detailed below.

Investments for which market quotations are readily available are valued at such market quotations.

For most of our investments, market quotations are not available. With respect to investments for which market quotations are not readily available or when such market quotations are deemed not to represent fair value, our Board of Directors has approved a multi-step valuation process each quarter, as described below.

- 1. Each portfolio company or investment is reviewed by our investment professionals with independent valuation firms engaged by our Board of Directors.
- 2. The independent valuation firms prepare independent valuations for each investment based on their own independent assessments and issue their report.
- 3. The Audit Committee of our Board of Directors reviews and discusses with the independent valuation firms the valuation reports, and then makes a recommendation to the Board of Directors of the value for each investment. The Board of Directors discusses valuations and determines the fair value of each investment in our portfolio in
- 4. good faith based on the input of the Investment Adviser, the respective independent valuation firm and the Audit Committee.

Our non-CLO investments are valued utilizing a yield analysis, enterprise value ("EV") analysis, net asset value analysis, liquidation analysis, discounted cash flow analysis, or a combination of methods, as appropriate. The yield analysis uses loan spreads for loans, dividend yields for certain investments and other relevant information implied by market data involving identical or comparable assets or liabilities. Under the EV analysis, the EV of a portfolio company is first determined and allocated over the portfolio company's securities in order of their preference relative to one another (i.e., "waterfall" allocation). To determine the EV, we typically use a market multiples approach that considers relevant and applicable market trading data of guideline public companies, transaction metrics from precedent merger and acquisitions transactions and/or a discounted cash flow analysis. The

net asset value analysis is used to derive a value of an underlying investment (such as real estate property) by dividing a relevant earnings stream by an appropriate capitalization rate. For this purpose, we consider capitalization rates for similar properties as may be obtained from guideline public companies and/or relevant transactions. The liquidation analysis is intended to approximate the net recovery value of an investment based on, among other things, assumptions regarding liquidation proceeds based on a hypothetical liquidation of a portfolio company's assets. The discounted cash flow analysis uses valuation techniques to convert future cash flows or earnings to a range of fair values from which a single estimate may be derived utilizing an appropriate discount rate. The measurement is based on the net present value indicated by current market expectations about those future amounts.

In applying these methodologies, additional factors that we consider in valuing our investments may include, as we deem relevant: security covenants, call protection provisions, and information rights; the nature and realizable value of any collateral; the portfolio company's ability to make payments; the principal markets in which the portfolio company does business; publicly available financial ratios of peer companies; the principal market; and enterprise values, among other factors.

Our investments in CLOs are classified as ASC 820 Level 3 securities and are valued using a discounted cash flow model. The valuations have been accomplished through the analysis of the CLO deal structures to identify the risk exposures from the modeling point of view as well as to determine an appropriate call date (i.e., expected maturity). For each CLO security, the most appropriate valuation approach has been chosen from alternative approaches to ensure the most accurate valuation for such security. To value a CLO, both the assets and the liabilities of the CLO capital structure are modeled. Our valuation agent utilizes other methods to validate the results from the discounted cash flow method. We use a waterfall engine to store the collateral data, generate collateral cash flows from the assets based on various assumptions for the risk factors, distribute the cash flows to the liability structure based on the payment priorities, and discount them back using current market discount rates. We are not responsible for and have no influence over the asset management of the portfolios underlying the CLO investments we hold as those portfolios are managed by non-affiliated third party CLO collateral managers. The main risk factors are: default risk, interest rate risk, downgrade risk, and credit spread risk.

Valuation of Other Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities

ASC 825, Financial Instruments, specifically ASC 825-10-25, permits an entity to choose, at specified election dates, to measure eligible items at fair value (the "Fair Value Option"). We have not elected the Fair Value Option to report selected financial assets and financial liabilities. See Note 8 for further discussion of our financial liabilities that are measured using another measurement attribute.

Convertible Notes

We have recorded the Convertible Notes at their contractual amounts. The Convertible Notes were analyzed for any features that would require bifurcation and such features were determined to be immaterial. See Note 5 for further discussion.

Revenue Recognition

Realized gains or losses on the sale of investments are calculated using the specific identification method. Interest income, adjusted for amortization of premium and accretion of discount, is recorded on an accrual basis. Origination, closing and/or commitment fees associated with investments in portfolio companies are accreted into interest income over the respective terms of the applicable loans. Accretion of such purchase discounts or amortization of premiums is calculated using the effective interest method as of the purchase date and adjusted only for material amendments or prepayments. Upon the prepayment of a loan or debt security, any prepayment penalties and unamortized loan origination, closing and commitment fees are recorded as interest income.

Loans are placed on non-accrual status when there is reasonable doubt that principal or interest will be collected. Unpaid accrued interest is generally reversed when a loan is placed on non-accrual status. Interest payments received on non-accrual loans may be recognized as income or applied to principal depending upon management's judgment. Non-accrual loans are restored to accrual status when past due principal and interest is paid and in management's judgment, is likely to remain current. As of March 31, 2016, approximately 0.5% of our total assets are in non-accrual status.

Interest income from investments in the "equity" class of security of CLO funds (typically preferred shares, income notes or subordinated notes) and "equity" class of security of securitized trust is recorded based upon an estimation of an

effective yield to expected maturity utilizing assumed cash flows in accordance with ASC 325-40, Beneficial Interests in Securitized Financial Assets. We monitor the expected cash inflows from our CLO and securitized trust equity investments, including the expected residual payments, and the effective yield is determined and updated periodically.

Dividend income is recorded on the ex-dividend date.

Structuring fees and similar fees are recognized as income is earned, usually when paid. Structuring fees, excess deal deposits, net profits interests and overriding royalty interests are included in other income. See Note 10 for further discussion.

Federal and State Income Taxes

We have elected to be treated as a regulated investment company and intend to continue to comply with the requirements of the Code applicable to regulated investment companies. We are required to distribute at least 90% of our investment company taxable income and intend to distribute (or retain through a deemed distribution) all of our investment company taxable income and net capital gain to stockholders; therefore, we have made no provision for income taxes. The character of income and gains that we will distribute is determined in accordance with income tax regulations that may differ from GAAP. Book and tax basis differences relating to stockholder dividends and distributions and other permanent book and tax differences are reclassified to paid-in capital.

If we do not distribute (or are not deemed to have distributed) at least 98% of our annual ordinary income and 98.2% of our capital gains in the calendar year earned, we will generally be required to pay an excise tax equal to 4% of the amount by which 98% of our annual ordinary income and 98.2% of our capital gains exceed the distributions from such taxable income for the year. To the extent that we determine that our estimated current year annual taxable income will be in excess of estimated current year dividend distributions from such taxable income, we accrue excise taxes, if any, on estimated excess taxable income. As of March 31, 2016 and June 30, 2015, we accrued \$400 and \$305, respectively, for any unpaid potential excise tax liability and have included these amounts within other liabilities on the accompanying Consolidated Statements of Assets and Liabilities.

If we fail to satisfy the annual distribution requirement or otherwise fail to qualify as a RIC in any taxable year, we would be subject to tax on all of our taxable income at regular corporate rates. We would not be able to deduct distributions to stockholders, nor would we be required to make distributions. Distributions would generally be taxable to our individual and other non-corporate taxable stockholders as ordinary dividend income eligible for the reduced maximum rate applicable to qualified dividend income to the extent of our current and accumulated earnings and profits, provided certain holding period and other requirements are met. Subject to certain limitations under the Code, corporate distributions would be eligible for the dividends-received deduction. To qualify again to be taxed as a RIC in a subsequent year, we would be required to distribute to our shareholders our accumulated earnings and profits attributable to non-RIC years reduced by an interest charge of 50% of such earnings and profits payable by us as an additional tax. In addition, if we failed to qualify as a RIC for a period greater than two taxable years, then, in order to qualify as a RIC in a subsequent year, we would be required to elect to recognize and pay tax on any net built-in gain (the excess of aggregate gain, including items of income, over aggregate loss that would have been realized if we had been liquidated) or, alternatively, be subject to taxation on such built-in gain recognized for a period of ten years. We follow ASC 740, Income Taxes ("ASC 740"). ASC 740 provides guidance for how uncertain tax positions should be recognized, measured, presented, and disclosed in the consolidated financial statements. ASC 740 requires the evaluation of tax positions taken or expected to be taken in the course of preparing our tax returns to determine whether the tax positions are "more-likely-than-not" of being sustained by the applicable tax authority. Tax positions not deemed to meet the more-likely-than-not threshold are recorded as a tax benefit or expense in the current year. As of March 31, 2016 and for the three and nine months then ended, we did not record any unrecognized tax benefits or liabilities. Management's determinations regarding ASC 740 may be subject to review and adjustment at a later date based upon factors including, but not limited to, an on-going analysis of tax laws, regulations and interpretations thereof. Although we file both federal and state income tax returns, our major tax jurisdiction is federal. Our tax returns for our federal tax years ended August 31, 2012 and thereafter remain subject to examination by the Internal Revenue Service.

Dividends and Distributions

Dividends and distributions to common stockholders are recorded on the ex-dividend date. The amount, if any, to be paid as a monthly dividend or distribution is approved by our Board of Directors quarterly and is generally based upon our management's estimate of our future earnings. Net realized capital gains, if any, are distributed at least annually. Financing Costs

We record origination expenses related to our Revolving Credit Facility and Convertible Notes, Public Notes and Prospect Capital InterNotes® (collectively, our "Unsecured Notes") as deferred financing costs. These expenses are deferred and amortized as part of interest expense using the straight-line method for our Revolving Credit Facility and the effective interest method for our Unsecured Notes over the respective expected life or maturity. In the event that we modify or extinguish our debt before maturity, we follow the guidance in ASC 470-50, Modification and Extinguishments ("ASC 470-50"). For modifications to or exchanges of our Revolving Credit Facility, any unamortized deferred costs relating to lenders who are not part of the new lending group are

expensed. For extinguishments of our Unsecured Notes, any unamortized deferred costs are deducted from the carrying amount of the debt in determining the gain or loss from the extinguishment. Effective July 1, 2016, these costs will be reclassified to the balance sheet as a deduction from the debt liability rather than an asset, in accordance with Accounting Standards Update 2015-03, Simplifying the Presentation of Debt Issuance Costs ("ASU 2015-03"). We may record registration expenses related to shelf filings as prepaid assets. These expenses consist principally of SEC registration fees, legal fees and accounting fees incurred. These prepaid assets are charged to capital upon the receipt of proceeds from an equity offering or charged to expense if no offering is completed. As of March 31, 2016 and June 30, 2015, there are no prepaid assets related to registration expenses and all amounts incurred have been expensed.

Guarantees and Indemnification Agreements

We follow ASC 460, Guarantees ("ASC 460"). ASC 460 elaborates on the disclosure requirements of a guarantor in its interim and annual consolidated financial statements about its obligations under certain guarantees that it has issued. It also requires a guarantor to recognize, at the inception of a guarantee, for those guarantees that are covered by ASC 460, the fair value of the obligation undertaken in issuing certain guarantees.

Per Share Information

Net increase or decrease in net assets resulting from operations per share is calculated using the weighted average number of common shares outstanding for the period presented. In accordance with ASC 946, convertible securities are not considered in the calculation of net asset value per share.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

In April 2015, the FASB issued ASU 2015-03 which requires debt issuance costs related to a recognized debt liability to be presented in the balance sheet as a direct deduction from the debt liability rather than as an asset. The new guidance will make the presentation of debt issuance costs consistent with the presentation of debt discounts or premiums. ASU 2015-03 is effective for financial statements issued for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2015, and interim periods within those fiscal years. Early adoption is permitted for financial statements that have not been previously issued. The new guidance must be applied on a retrospective basis to all prior periods presented in the financial statements. The adoption of the amended guidance in ASU 2015-03 is expected to decrease total liabilities by decreasing the carrying value of our debt, and is expected to decrease total assets by decreasing deferred financing costs of our debt, but is not expected to have any other significant effect on our consolidated financial statements and disclosures.

In January 2016, the FASB issued Accounting Standards Update 2016-01, Recognition and Measurement of Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities ("ASU 2016-01"). The amendments in ASU 2016-01 address certain aspects of recognition, measurement, presentation, and disclosure of financial instruments. One such amendment requires an entity to present separately in other comprehensive income the portion of the total change in the fair value of a liability resulting from a change in the instrument-specific credit risk when the entity has elected to measure the liability at fair value in accordance with the fair value option. That presentation addresses financial statement users' feedback that presenting the total change in fair value of a liability in net income reduced the decision usefulness of an entity's net income when it had a deterioration in its credit worthiness. ASU 2016-01 is effective for financial statements issued for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2017, and interim periods within those fiscal years. The new guidance must be applied by means of a cumulative-effect adjustment to the balance sheet as of the beginning of the fiscal year of adoption. The amendments related to equity securities without readily determinable fair values (including disclosure requirements) should be applied prospectively to equity investments that exist as of the date of adoption of ASU 2016-01. The adoption of the amended guidance in ASU 2016-01 is not expected to have a significant effect on our consolidated financial statements and disclosures.

Note 3. Portfolio Investments

At March 31, 2016, we had investments in 125 long-term portfolio investments, which had an amortized cost of \$6,208,157 and a fair value of \$6,005,105. At June 30, 2015, we had investments in 131 long-term portfolio investments, which had an amortized cost of \$6,559,376 and a fair value of \$6,609,558.

The original cost basis of debt placement and equity securities acquired, including follow-on investments for existing portfolio companies, payment-in-kind interest, and structuring fees, totaled \$685,064 and \$1,456,071 during the nine months ended March 31, 2016 and March 31, 2015, respectively. Debt repayments and proceeds from sales of equity

securities of approximately \$955,415 and \$1,022,394 were received during the nine months ended March 31, 2016 and March 31, 2015, respectively.

The following table shows the composition of our investment portfolio as of March 31, 2016 and June 30, 2015.

	March 31, 2	016	June 30, 2015		
	Cost	Fair Value	Cost	Fair Value	
Revolving Line of Credit	\$9,592	\$9,390	\$30,546	\$30,546	
Senior Secured Debt	3,224,780	3,089,474	3,617,111	3,533,447	
Subordinated Secured Debt	1,171,470	1,152,234	1,234,701	1,205,303	
Subordinated Unsecured Debt	75,041	69,817	145,644	144,271	
Small Business Loans	20,734	20,774	50,558	50,892	
CLO Debt	_	_	28,613	32,398	
CLO Residual Interest	1,105,379	995,929	1,072,734	1,113,023	
Equity	601,161	667,487	379,469	499,678	
Total Investments	\$6,208,157	\$6,005,105	\$6,559,376	\$6,609,558	

In the previous table and throughout the remainder of this footnote, we aggregate our portfolio investments by type of investment, which may differ slightly from the nomenclature used by the constituent instruments defining the rights of holders of the investment, as disclosed on our Consolidated Schedules of Investments ("SOI"). The following investments are included in each category:

Senior Secured Debt includes investments listed on the SOI such as senior secured term loans, senior term loans, secured promissory notes, senior demand notes, and first lien term loans.

Subordinated Secured Debt includes investments listed on the SOI such as subordinated secured term loans, subordinated term loans, senior subordinated notes, and second lien term loans.

Subordinated Unsecured Debt includes investments listed on the SOI such as subordinated unsecured notes and senior unsecured notes.

Small Business Loans includes our investments in small business whole loans purchased from OnDeck and Direct Capital Corporation ("Direct Capital").

CLO Debt includes our investments in the "debt" class of security of CLO funds.

CLO Residual Interest includes our investments in the "equity" class of security of CLO funds such as income notes, preference shares, and subordinated notes.

Equity, unless specifically stated otherwise, includes our investments in preferred stock, common stock, membership interests, net profits interests, net operating income interests, net revenue interests, overriding royalty interests, escrows receivable, and warrants.

The following table shows the fair value of our investments disaggregated into the three levels of the ASC 820 valuation hierarchy as of March 31, 2016.

Leve	el Level	Level 3	Total
1	2	LCVCI 3	Total
\$	_\$ -	\$9,390	\$9,390
	_	3,089,474	3,089,474
	_	1,152,234	1,152,234
—	_	69,817	69,817
—	_	20,774	20,774
_	_	995,929	995,929
_	_	667,487	667,487
\$	_\$ -	\$6,005,105	\$6,005,105
	1 \$ — —	1 2 \$ -\$ - 	\$ -\$ -\$9,390 3,089,474 1,152,234 69,817 20,774 995,929 667,487

The following table shows the fair value of our investments disaggregated into the three levels of the ASC 820 valuation hierarchy as of June 30, 2015.

	Level	Level	Level 3	Total
	1	2	Level 3	Total
Revolving Line of Credit	\$ —	\$ -	\$30,546	\$30,546
Senior Secured Debt	_	_	3,533,447	3,533,447
Subordinated Secured Debt	_	_	1,205,303	1,205,303
Subordinated Unsecured Debt	_	_	144,271	144,271
Small Business Loans	_	_	50,892	50,892
CLO Debt	_	_	32,398	32,398
CLO Residual Interest	_	_	1,113,023	1,113,023
Equity	260	_	499,418	499,678
Total Investments	\$260	\$ -	\$6,609,298	\$6,609,558

The following tables show the aggregate changes in the fair value of our Level 3 investments during the nine months ended March 31, 2016.

Control Investments Affiliate Investments Non-Control/Non-Affiliate Investments Total Investments Fair value as of June 30, 2015 \$1,974,202 \$45,945 \$4,589,151 \$6,609,298 Net realized gains (losses) on investments 7 (14,194) (6,872) (21,059)) Net change in unrealized (depreciation) appreciation (40,779) 535 (212,792) (253,036)) Net realized and unrealized losses (40,772) (13,659) (219,664) (274,095)) Purchases of portfolio investments 224,058 1,263 452,268 677,589 Payment-in-kind interest 3,524 — 3,951 7,475 Amortization of discounts and premiums — — (62,631) (62,631) (62,631)) Repayments and sales of portfolio investments (162,989) (42,922) (746,620) (952,531)) Transfers within Level 3(1) — 21,461 — — — Tairsfers in (out) of Level 3(1) — — — — — — <td< th=""><th></th><th colspan="6">Fair Value Measurements Using Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)</th><th>3)</th></td<>		Fair Value Measurements Using Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)						3)	
Fair value as of June 30, 2015 \$ 1,974,202 \$ 45,945 \$ 4,589,151 \$ 6,609,298 Net realized gains (losses) on investments 7 (14,194) (6,872) (21,059) Net change in unrealized (depreciation) appreciation (40,779) 535 (212,792) (253,036) Net realized and unrealized losses (40,772) (13,659) (219,664) (274,095) Purchases of portfolio investments 224,058 1,263 452,268 677,589 Payment-in-kind interest 3,524 — 3,951 7,475 Amortization of discounts and premiums — — (62,631) (62,631) Repayments and sales of portfolio investments (162,989) (42,922) (746,620) (952,531) Transfers within Level 3(1) — 21,461 — — Transfers in (out) of Level 3(1) — — — — —		Control Attiliate Investments Investments		Non-Affiliate	;	Total			
Net change in unrealized (depreciation) appreciation (40,779) 535 (212,792) (253,036) Net realized and unrealized losses (40,772) (13,659) (219,664) (274,095) Purchases of portfolio investments 224,058 1,263 452,268 677,589 Payment-in-kind interest 3,524 — 3,951 7,475 Amortization of discounts and premiums — (62,631) (62,631) Repayments and sales of portfolio investments (162,989) (42,922) (746,620) (952,531) Transfers within Level 3(1) — 21,461 (21,461) — Transfers in (out) of Level 3(1) — — — —	Fair value as of June 30, 2015	\$ 1,974,202		\$ 45,945				\$ 6,609,298	
Net realized and unrealized losses (40,772) (13,659) (219,664) (274,095) Purchases of portfolio investments 224,058 1,263 452,268 677,589 Payment-in-kind interest 3,524 — 3,951 7,475 Amortization of discounts and premiums — (62,631) (62,631) Repayments and sales of portfolio investments (162,989) (42,922) (746,620) (952,531) Transfers within Level 3(1) — 21,461 (21,461) — Transfers in (out) of Level 3(1) — — — —	Net realized gains (losses) on investments	7		(14,194)	(6,872)	(21,059)
Purchases of portfolio investments 224,058 1,263 452,268 677,589 Payment-in-kind interest 3,524 — 3,951 7,475 Amortization of discounts and premiums — — (62,631) (62,631) Repayments and sales of portfolio investments (162,989) (42,922) (746,620) (952,531) Transfers within Level 3(1) — 21,461 (21,461) — Transfers in (out) of Level 3(1) — — — —	Net change in unrealized (depreciation) appreciation	(40,779)	535		(212,792)	(253,036)
Payment-in-kind interest 3,524 — 3,951 7,475 Amortization of discounts and premiums — — (62,631) (62,631) Repayments and sales of portfolio investments (162,989) (42,922) (746,620) (952,531) Transfers within Level 3(1) — 21,461 (21,461) — Transfers in (out) of Level 3(1) — — — —	Net realized and unrealized losses	(40,772)	(13,659)	(219,664)	(274,095)
Amortization of discounts and premiums — — (62,631) (62,631)) Repayments and sales of portfolio investments (162,989) (42,922) (746,620) (952,531)) Transfers within Level 3(1) — 21,461 (21,461) — Transfers in (out) of Level 3(1) — —	Purchases of portfolio investments	224,058		1,263		452,268		677,589	
Repayments and sales of portfolio investments (162,989) (42,922) (746,620) (952,531) Transfers within Level 3(1) — 21,461 (21,461) — Transfers in (out) of Level 3(1) — — — — —	Payment-in-kind interest	3,524		_		3,951		7,475	
Transfers within Level 3(1) — 21,461 (21,461) — Transfers in (out) of Level 3(1) — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —	Amortization of discounts and premiums			_		(62,631)	(62,631)
Transfers in (out) of Level 3(1) — — — — — —	Repayments and sales of portfolio investments	(162,989)	(42,922)	(746,620)	(952,531)
	Transfers within Level 3(1)			21,461		(21,461)		
Fair value as of March 31, 2016 \$ 1,998,023 \$ 12,088 \$ 3,994,994 \$ 6,005,105	Transfers in (out) of Level 3(1)								
	Fair value as of March 31, 2016	\$ 1,998,023		\$ 12,088		\$ 3,994,994		\$ 6,005,105	

	Line of Credit	ngSenior Secured Debt	Subordinate Secured Deb	Linsecured	te Si mall Business Loans	CLO Debt	CLO Residual Interest	Equity	Total
Fair value as of June 30, 2015 Net realized	\$30,546	\$3,533,447	\$1,205,303	\$144,271	\$50,892	\$32,398	\$1,113,023	\$499,418	\$6,609,298
(losses) gains or investments	n—	(1,245) (7,457	8	(4,875)	3,911	_	(11,401)	(21,059)
Net change in unrealized (depreciation) appreciation	(202) (51,642	10,160	(3,853	(294)	(3,784)	(149,736)	(53,685)	(253,036)
Net realized and unrealized (losses)	(202) (52,887	2,703	(3,845)	(5,169)	127	(149,736)	(65,086)	(274,095)
Purchases of portfolio investments	6,142	367,732	90,604	_	62,621	_	96,620	53,870	677,589
Payment-in-kind interest Accretion	d	4,838	540	2,097	_	_	_	_	7,475
(amortization) of discounts and premiums		194	763	_	_	390	(63,978)	_	(62,631)
Repayments and sales of portfolio investments) (639,265) (72,447	(72,706)	(87,570)	(32,915)	_	(20,532)	(952,531)
Transfers within Level 3(1)	n	(124,585) (75,232	· —	_	_	_	199,817	_
Transfers in (out) of Level 3(1)	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Fair value as of March 31, 2016		\$3,089,474	\$1,152,234	\$69,817	\$20,774	\$—	\$995,929	\$667,487	\$6,005,105

⁽¹⁾ Transfers are assumed to have occurred at the beginning of the quarter during which the asset was transferred. The following tables show the aggregate changes in the fair value of our Level 3 investments during the nine months ended March 31, 2015.

	Fair Value Mea	surements Usir	ng Unobservable	Inputs (Level 3	3)
	Control Investments	Affiliate Investments	Non-Control/ Non-Affiliate Investments	Total	
Fair value as of June 30, 2014	\$ 1,640,454	\$ 32,121	\$ 4,580,996	\$ 6,253,571	
Net realized loss on investments	(54,588	-	(96,385	(150,973)
Net change in unrealized appreciation	114,495	611	15,440	130,546	
Net realized and unrealized gain (loss)	59,907	611	(80,945	(20,427)
Purchases of portfolio investments	288,514	15,050	1,136,022	1,439,586	
Payment-in-kind interest	11,224		5,261	16,485	
Amortization of discounts and premiums	_		(64,200	(64,200)
Repayments and sales of portfolio investments	(171,888	(1,509)	(848,997	(1,022,394)

Transfers within Level 3(Transfers in (out) of Leve	213(1)	_		_	_	-	_	
Fair value as of March 31	, 2015	\$ 1,8	28,211	\$ 46,273	\$ 4,7	28,137	\$ 6,602,621	
Revolvir Line of Credit	ngSenior Secured Debt	Subordinate Secured Del	Linsecure	a &d all edBusiness Loans	CLO Debt	CLO Residual Interest	Equity	Total
Fair value as of June 30, 2014 \$2,786	\$3,514,198	\$1,200,221	\$85,531	\$4,252	\$33,199	\$1,093,985	\$319,399	\$6,253,571
on investments) (33,873	(75,164) (4	(708) —	(15,561) (24,569) (150,973)
Net change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation)	3,934	35,223	_	(1,644) (608	(6,667) 99,649	130,546
Net realized and unrealized (loss)(435 gain Purchases of) (29,939	(39,941) (4) (2,352) (608)	(22,228) 75,080	(20,427)
portfolio 39,500	1,036,849	93,830	6,593	63,887	_	141,166	57,761	1,439,586
Payment-in-kindinterest	14,176	686	1,623	_	_	_	_	16,485
Accretion (amortization) of discounts and premiums	206	1,084	_	_	367	(65,857) —	(64,200)
Repayments and sales of portfolio (30,001)) (733,547	(116,198	610	(27,497)) —	(85,074) (30,687) (1,022,394)
investments Transfers within Level 3(1) Transfers in	(144,000	144,000	_	_	_	_	_	_
(out) of Level — 3(1)	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Fair value as of March 31, 2015 \$11,850	\$3,657,943	\$1,283,682	\$94,353	\$38,290	\$32,958	\$1,061,992	\$421,553	\$6,602,621

(1) Transfers are assumed to have occurred at the beginning of the quarter during which the asset was transferred. For the nine months ended March 31, 2016 and March 31, 2015, the net change in unrealized (depreciation) appreciation on the investments that use Level 3 inputs was \$(266,054) and \$42,583 for investments still held as of March 31, 2016 and March 31, 2015, respectively.

The ranges of unobservable inputs used in the fair value measurement of our Level 3 investments as of March 31, 2016 were as follows:

2010 were as follows:			Unobservable In	put	
Asset Category	Fair Value	Primary Valuation Technique	Input	Range	Weighted Average
Senior Secured Debt	\$2,099,254	Discounted Cash Flow (Yield analysis)	Market Yield	6.0%-27.7%	12.4%
Senior Secured Debt	405,926	Enterprise Value Waterfall (Market approach)	EBITDA Multiple	4.0x-10.0x	8.5x
Senior Secured Debt	14,781	Enterprise Value Waterfall (Market approach)	Book Value Multiple	0.8x-1.0x	0.9x
Senior Secured Debt	37,855	Enterprise Value Waterfall (Discounted cash flow)	Discount Rate	7.0%-9.0%	8.0%
Senior Secured Debt	10,620	Liquidation Analysis	N/A	N/A	N/A
Senior Secured Debt (1)	113,131	Enterprise Value Waterfall	Loss-Adjusted Discount Rate	0.9%-15.06%	11.18%
Senior Secured Debt (2)	417,297	Enterprise Value Waterfall (NAV Analysis)	Capitalization Rate	5.2%-7.2%	5.8%
		Enterprise Value Waterfall (Income approach)	Discount Rate	6.5%-7.5%	7.0%
Subordinated Secured Debt	815,334	Discounted Cash Flow (Yield Analysis)	Market Yield	7.3%-25.9%	12.9%
Subordinated Secured Debt	28,622	Enterprise Value Waterfall (Market approach)	EBITDA Multiple	7.0x-8.0x	7.5x
Subordinated Secured Debt (3)	308,278	Enterprise Value Waterfall (Market approach)	Book Value Multiple	1.2x-3.7x	2.5x
		Enterprise Value Waterfall (Market approach)	Earnings Multiple	7.0x-10.8x	10.0x
Subordinated Unsecured Debt	32,961	Discounted Cash Flow (Yield Analysis)	Market Yield	14.4%-50.1%	25.2%
Subordinated Unsecured Debt	36,856	Enterprise Value Waterfall (Market approach)	EBITDA Multiple	5.8x-8.0x	7.3x
Small Business Loans (4)	20,774	Discounted Cash Flow	Loss-Adjusted Discount Rate	19.2%-31.8%	22.7%
CLO Residual Interest	995,929	Discounted Cash Flow	Discount Rate	17.6% - 22.4%	19.6%
Preferred Equity	77,979	Enterprise Value Waterfall (Market approach)	EBITDA Multiple	4.8x-8.5x	8.1x
Preferred Equity	3,527	Discounted Cash Flow (Yield analysis)	Market Yield	19.6-24.5%	22.1%
Common Equity/Interests/Warrants	137,127	Enterprise Value Waterfall (Market approach)	EBITDA Multiple	3.5x-10.0x	6.9x
Common Equity/Interests/Warrants (2)	194,343	Enterprise Value Waterfall (NAV analysis)	Capitalization Rate	5.2%-7.2%	5.8%
		Enterprise Value Waterfall (Income approach)	Discount Rate	6.5%-7.5%	7.0%
Common Equity/Interests/Warrants (3)	132,809	Enterprise Value Waterfall (Market approach)	Book Value Multiple	1.2x-3.7x	2.4x

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		Enterprise Value Waterfall (Market approach)	Earnings Multiple	7.0x-10.8x	10.0x
Common					
Equity/Interests/Warrants	66,897	Discounted Cash Flow	Discount Rate	6.5%-7.5%	7.0%
(5)					
Common	19,109	Discounted Cash Flow	Discount Rate	7.0%-9.0%	8.0%
Equity/Interests/Warrants	19,109	Discounted Cash Flow	Discount Rate	7.0%-9.0%	8.0%
Common	2 627	Discounted Cash Flow	Market Yield	16.0%-18.0%	17.00/
Equity/Interests/Warrants	3,627	(Yield analysis)	Market Heid	10.0%-18.0%	17.0%
Common	26 629	Liquidation Analysis	N/A	NT/A	NT/A
Equity/Interests/Warrants	26,638	Liquidation Analysis	IN/A	N/A	N/A
Escrow Receivable	5,431	Discounted Cash Flow	Discount Rate	6.4%-7.5%	6.9%
Total Level 3 Investments	\$6,005,105				

Represents an investment in a Real Estate Investment Trust ("REITs") subsidiary. The EV analysis includes the fair value of our investments in such indirect subsidiary's consumer loans purchased from online consumer lending (1) platforms, which are valued using a discounted cash flow valuation technique. The key unobservable input to the discounted cash flow analysis is noted above. In addition, the valuation also used projected loss rates as an unobservable input ranging from 0.94%-22.45%, with a weighted average of 10.25%

- (2) Represents our REIT investments. EV waterfall methodology uses both the net asset value analysis and discounted cash flow analysis, which are weighted equally (50%).
 - Represents investments in consumer finance controlled subsidiaries. The EV waterfall methodology utilizes book value and earnings multiples, as noted above. In addition, the valuation of certain consumer finance companies
- (3) utilizes the discounted cash flow technique whereby the significant unobservable input is the discount rate. For these companies each observable input (book value multiple, earnings multiple and discount rate) is weighted equally. For these companies the discount rate ranged from 14.5%-17.0% with a weighted average of 15.6%. Includes our investments in small business whole loans purchased from OnDeck and our residual interest in
- (4) MarketPlace Loan Trust, Series 2015-OD2. Valuation also used projected loss rates as an unobservable input ranging from 3.77%-9.63%, with a weighted average of 5.09%.
- (5) Represents net operating income interests in our REIT investments.

The ranges of unobservable inputs used in the fair value measurement of our Level 3 investments as of June 30, 2015 were as follows:

			Unobservable In	put	
Asset Category	Fair Value	Primary Valuation Technique	Input	Range	Weighted Average
Senior Secured Debt	\$2,421,188	Discounted cash flow (Yield analysis)	Market Yield	6.1%-21.4%	11.3%
Senior Secured Debt	563,050	Enterprise value waterfall (Market approach)	EBITDA Multiple	3.5x-11.0x	8.1x
Senior Secured Debt	40,808	Enterprise value waterfall (Discounted cash flow)	Discount Rate	7.0%-9.0%	8.0%
Senior Secured Debt	6,918	Liquidation Analysis	N/A	N/A	N/A
Senior Secured Debt (1)	98,025	Enterprise value waterfall	Loss-Adjusted Discount Rate	3.8%-10.7%	6.9%
Senior Secured Debt (2)	64,560	Enterprise value waterfall	Loss-Adjusted Discount Rate	5.4%-16.3%	10.0%
Senior Secured Debt	25,970	Enterprise value waterfall	Appraisal	N/A	N/A
Senior Secured Debt (3)	343,474	Enterprise value waterfall (NAV analysis)	Capitalization Rate	5.6%-7.0%	6.0%
		Enterprise value waterfall (Market approach)	Dividend Yield	8.8%-11.7%	9.7%
Subordinated Secured Debt	847,624	Discounted cash flow (Yield analysis)	Market Yield	8.1%-18.3%	12.5%
Subordinated Secured Debt	54,948	Enterprise value waterfall (Market approach)	EBITDA Multiple	3.5x-6.0x	4.7x
Subordinated Secured Debt (4)	302,731	Enterprise value waterfall (Market approach)	Book Value Multiple	1.2x-3.8x	2.7x
		Enterprise value waterfall (Market approach)	Earnings multiple	6.8x-11.0x	10.3x
Subordinated Unsecured Debt	112,701	Discounted cash flow (Yield analysis)	Market Yield	9.1%-15.3%	11.8%
Subordinated Unsecured Debt	31,570	Enterprise value waterfall (Market approach)	EBITDA Multiple	5.8x-8.0x	7.2x
Small Business Loans (5)	362	Discounted Cash Flow	Loss-Adjusted Discount Rate	11.7%-27.3%	23.5%
Small Business Loans (6)	50,530	Discounted Cash Flow	Loss-Adjusted Discount Rate	20.4%-33.2%	24.9%
CLO Debt CLO Residual Interest	32,398 1,113,023	Discounted Cash Flow Discounted Cash Flow	Discount Rate Discount Rate	6.1%-6.9% 11.2%-18.0%	6.5% 14.0%
Preferred Equity	4,091	Enterprise value waterfall (Market approach)	EBITDA multiple	4.5x - 8.5x	6.7x
Preferred Equity	3,023	Discounted cash flow (Yield analysis)	Market yield	19.8% - 24.7%	22.2%
Common Equity/Interests/Warrants	135,333	Enterprise value waterfall (Market approach)	EBITDA multiple	3.5x-11.0x	8.6x
Common Equity/Interests/Warrants (3)	130,316	Enterprise value waterfall (NAV analysis)	-	5.6%-7.0%	5.9%
(-)		Enterprise value waterfall (Market approach)	Dividend Yield	8.8% - 11.7%	9.5%

Common Equity/Interests/Warrants (4)	148,631	Enterprise value waterfall (Market approach)	Book value multiple	1.2x-3.8x	2.5x
		Enterprise value waterfall (Market approach)	Earnings multiple	6.8x-11.0x	10.1x
Common				11 507	
Equity/Interests/Warrants	38,455	Discounted cash flow	Discount rate	11.5% - 12.5%	12.0%
(7)		D			
Common	28,133	Enterprise value waterfall	Discount rate	7.0%-9.0%	8.0%
Equity/Interests/Warrants	-,	(Discounted cash flow)			
Common	4,310	Discounted cash flow (Yield	Market yield	16.0% -	17.0%
Equity/Interests/Warrants	4,510	analysis)	Warket yield	18.0%	17.070
Common	1,120	Enterprise value waterfall	A manais al	n/a	n/a
Equity/Interests/Warrants	1,120	Enterprise value waterran	Appraisal	II/a	11/a
Common	22	T	,	,	,
Equity/Interests/Warrants	22	Liquidation analysis	n/a	n/a	n/a
Escrow Receivable	5,984	Discounted cash flow	Discount rate	7.0%-8.2%	7.6%
Total Level 3 Investments	\$6,609,298				

- Represents an investment in a REIT subsidiary. The EV analysis includes the fair value of our investments in such indirect subsidiary's consumer loans purchased from online consumer lending platforms, which are valued using a
- (1) discounted cash flow valuation technique. The key unobservable input to the discounted cash flow analysis is noted above. In addition, the valuation also used projected loss rates as an unobservable input ranging from 0.6%-26.5%, with a weighted average of 8.4%.
- EV analysis is based on the fair value of our investments in consumer loans purchased from Lending Club, which are valued using a discounted cash flow valuation technique. The key unobservable input to the discounted cash flow analysis is noted above. In addition, the valuation also used projected loss rates as an unobservable input
- ranging from 2.3%-23.8%, with a weighted average of 16.9%.

 (3) Represents our REIT investments. EV waterfall methodology uses both the net asset value analysis and dividend yield analysis, which are weighted equally (50%).
 - Represents investments in consumer finance controlled subsidiaries. The enterprise value waterfall methodology utilizes book value and earnings multiples, as noted above. In addition, the valuation of certain consumer finance
- (4) companies utilizes the discounted cash flow technique whereby the significant unobservable input is the discount rate. For these companies each observable input (book value multiple, earnings multiple and discount rate) is weighted equally. For these companies the discount rate ranged from 14.5% 18.0% with a weighted average of 15.7%.
- Includes our investments in small business whole loans purchased from Direct Capital Corporation and OnDeck (5) and our residual interest in MarketPlace Loan Trust. Valuation also used projected loss rates as an unobservable input ranging from 4.2%-11.7%, with a weighted average of 9.71%.
- (6) Includes our investments in small business whole loans purchased from OnDeck. Valuation also used projected loss rates as an unobservable input ranging from 4.2%-11.7%, with a weighted average of 9.7%.
- (7) Represents net operating income interests in our REIT investments.

In determining the range of values for debt instruments, except CLOs and debt investments in controlling portfolio companies, management and the independent valuation firm estimated corporate and security credit ratings and identified corresponding yields to maturity for each loan from relevant market data. A discounted cash flow analysis was then prepared using the appropriate yield to maturity as the discount rate, to determine a range of values. In determining the range of values for debt investments of controlled companies and equity investments, the enterprise value was determined by applying earnings before income tax, depreciation and amortization ("EBITDA") multiples, the discounted cash flow technique, net income and/or book value multiples for similar guideline public companies and/or similar recent investment transactions. For stressed equity investments, a liquidation analysis was prepared. For the private REIT investments, enterprise values were determined based on an average of results from a net asset value analysis of the underlying property investments and a discounted cash flow method utilizing capitalization rates for similar guideline companies and/or similar recent investment transactions.

In determining the range of value for our investments in CLOs, management and the independent valuation firm used a discounted cash flow model. The valuations were accomplished through the analysis of the CLO deal structures to identify the risk exposures from the modeling point of view as well as to determine an appropriate call date. For each CLO security, the most appropriate valuation approach was chosen from alternative approaches to ensure the most accurate valuation for such security. A waterfall engine was used to store the collateral data, generate collateral cash flows from the assets based on various assumptions for the risk factors, distribute the cash flows to the liability structure based on the payment priorities, and discount them back using proper discount rates to expected maturity or call date.

Our portfolio consists of residual interests in CLOs, which involve a number of significant risks. CLOs are typically very highly levered (10 - 14 times), and therefore the junior debt and residual interest tranches that we invest in are subject to a higher degree of risk of total loss. In particular, investors in CLO residual interests indirectly bear risks of the underlying loan investments held by such CLOs. We generally have the right to receive payments only from the CLOs, and generally do not have direct rights against the underlying borrowers or the entity that sponsored the CLO. While the CLOs we target generally enable the investor to acquire interests in a pool of senior loans without the expenses associated with directly holding the same investments, our prices of indices and securities underlying CLOs will rise or fall. These prices (and, therefore, the prices of the CLOs) will be influenced by the same types of political

and economic events that affect issuers of securities and capital markets generally. The failure by a CLO investment in which we invest to satisfy financial covenants, including with respect to adequate collateralization and/or interest coverage tests, could lead to a reduction in its payments to us. In the event that a CLO fails certain tests, holders of debt senior to us being entitled to additional payments that would, in turn, reduce the payments we would otherwise be entitled to receive. Separately, we may incur expenses to the extent necessary to seek recovery upon default or to negotiate new terms with a defaulting CLO or any other investment we may make. If any of these occur, it could materially and adversely affect our operating results and cash flows.

The interests we have acquired in CLOs are generally thinly traded or have only a limited trading market. CLOs are typically privately offered and sold, even in the secondary market. As a result, investments in CLOs may be characterized as illiquid securities. In addition to the general risks associated with investing in debt securities, CLO residual interests carry additional risks, including, but not limited to: (i) the possibility that distributions from collateral securities will not be adequate to make interest or other payments; (ii) the quality of the collateral may decline in value or default; (iii) the investments in CLO tranches will likely be subordinate to other senior classes of note tranches thereof; and (iv) the complex structure of the security may not be fully understood at the time of investment and may produce disputes with the CLO investment or unexpected investment results. Our net asset value may also decline over time if our principal recovery with respect to CLO residual interests is less than the cost of those investments. Our CLO investments and/or the underlying senior secured loans may prepay more quickly than expected, which could have an adverse impact on our value.

An increase in LIBOR would materially increase the CLO's financing costs. Since most of the collateral positions within the CLOs have LIBOR floors, there may not be corresponding increases in investment income (if LIBOR increases but stays below the LIBOR floor rate of such investments) resulting in materially smaller distribution payments to the residual interest investors.

We hold more than 10% of the shares in a foreign corporation that is treated as a controlled foreign corporation ("CFC") (including residual interest tranche investments in a CLO investment treated as a CFC), for which we are treated as receiving a deemed distribution (taxable as ordinary income) each year from such foreign corporation in an amount equal to our pro rata share of the corporation's income for the tax year (including both ordinary earnings and capital gains). We are required to include such deemed distributions from a CFC in our income and we are required to distribute such income to maintain our RIC status regardless of whether or not the CFC makes an actual distribution during such year.

If we acquire shares in "passive foreign investment companies" ("PFICs") (including residual interest tranche investments in CLOs that are PFICs), we may be subject to federal income tax on a portion of any "excess distribution" or gain from the disposition of such shares even if such income is distributed as a taxable dividend to our stockholders. Certain elections may be available to mitigate or eliminate such tax on excess distributions, but such elections (if available) will generally require us to recognize our share of the PFICs income for each year regardless of whether we receive any distributions from such PFICs. We must nonetheless distribute such income to maintain its status as a RIC.

Legislation enacted in 2010 imposes a withholding tax of 30% on payments of U.S. source interest and dividends paid after December 31, 2013, or gross proceeds from the disposition of an instrument that produces U.S. source interest or dividends paid after December 31, 2016, to certain non-U.S. entities, including certain non-U.S. financial institutions and investment funds, unless such non-U.S. entity complies with certain reporting requirements regarding its United States account holders and its United States owners. Most CLOs in which we invest will be treated as non-U.S. financial entities for this purpose, and therefore will be required to comply with these reporting requirements to avoid the 30% withholding. If a CLO in which we invest fails to properly comply with these reporting requirements, it could reduce the amounts available to distribute to residual interest and junior debt holders in such CLO vehicle, which could materially and adversely affect our operating results and cash flows.

If we are required to include amounts in income prior to receiving distributions representing such income, we may have to sell some of its investments at times and/or at prices management would not consider advantageous, raise additional debt or equity capital or forgo new investment opportunities for this purpose. If we are not able to obtain cash from other sources, we may fail to qualify for RIC tax treatment and thus become subject to corporate-level income tax.

The significant unobservable input used to value our investments based on the yield analysis and discounted cash flow analysis is the market yield (or applicable discount rate) used to discount the estimated future cash flows expected to

be received from the underlying investment, which includes both future principal and interest/dividend payments. Increases or decreases in the market yield (or applicable discount rate) would result in a decrease or increase, respectively, in the fair value measurement. Management and the independent valuation firm consider the following factors when selecting market yields or discount rates: risk of default, rating of the investment and comparable company investments, and call provisions.

The significant unobservable inputs used to value our investments based on the EV analysis may include market multiples of specified financial measures such as EBITDA, net income, or book value of identified guideline public companies, implied valuation multiples from precedent M&A transactions, and/or discount rates applied in a discounted cash flow analysis. The independent valuation firm identifies a population of publicly traded companies with similar operations and key attributes to that of the portfolio company. Using valuation and operating metrics of these guideline public companies and/or as implied by relevant precedent transactions, a range of multiples of the latest twelve months EBITDA, or other measure such as net income or book value, is typically calculated. The independent valuation firm utilizes the determined multiples to estimate the portfolio company's EV generally based on the latest twelve months EBITDA of the portfolio company (or other meaningful measure). Increases or decreases in the multiple may result in an increase or decrease, respectively, in EV which may increase or decrease the fair value measurement of the debt of controlled companies and/or equity investment, as applicable. In certain instances, a discounted cash flow analysis may be considered in estimating EV, in which case, discount rates based on a weighted average cost of capital and application of the capital asset pricing model may be utilized.

The significant unobservable input used to value our private REIT investments based on the net asset value analysis is the capitalization rate applied to the earnings measure of the underlying property. Increases or decreases in the capitalization rate would result in a decrease or increase, respectively, in the fair value measurement. Changes in market yields, discount rates, capitalization rates or EBITDA multiples, each in isolation, may change the fair value measurement of certain of our investments. Generally, an increase in market yields, discount rates or capitalization rates, or a decrease in EBITDA (or other) multiples may result in a decrease in the fair value measurement of certain of our investments.

Due to the inherent uncertainty of determining the fair value of investments that do not have a readily available market value, the fair value of our investments may fluctuate from period to period. Additionally, the fair value of our investments may differ significantly from the values that would have been used had a ready market existed for such investments and may differ materially from the values that we may ultimately realize. Further, such investments are generally subject to legal and other restrictions on resale or otherwise are less liquid than publicly traded securities. If we were required to liquidate a portfolio investment in a forced or liquidation sale, we could realize significantly less than the value at which we have recorded it.

In addition, changes in the market environment and other events that may occur over the life of the investments may cause the gains or losses ultimately realized on these investments to be different than the unrealized gains or losses reflected in the currently assigned valuations.

During the nine months ended March 31, 2016, the valuation methodology for Empire Today, LLC ("Empire") changed to remove the waterfall analysis used in previous periods due to positive trends in financial performance and deleveraging. As a result of this change and current market conditions, the fair value of our investment in Empire increased to \$15,700 as of March 31, 2016, a premium of \$98 from its amortized cost, compared to the \$2,448 unrealized depreciation recorded at June 30, 2015.

During the nine months ended March 31, 2016, the valuation methodology for Lasership, Inc. ("Lasership") changed to incorporate a waterfall analysis. As a result of this change, and in recognition of recent company performance and current market conditions, we decreased the fair value of our investment in Lasership to \$47,590 as of March 31, 2016, a discount of \$8,284 to its amortized cost, compared to the \$7,067 unrealized depreciation recorded at June 30, 2015.

During the nine months ended March 31, 2016, the valuation methodology for Targus Group International, Inc. ("Targus") changed to remove the weighting of secondary quotes as a component of the fair value conclusion, as the liquidity for this security decreased. As a result of this change, and in recognition of recent company performance and current market conditions, we decreased the fair value of our investment in Targus to \$10,280 as of December 31, 2015, a discount of \$11,180 from its amortized cost, compared to the \$4,145 unrealized depreciation recorded at June 30, 2015. During the three months ended March 31, 2016, as a result of a public foreclosure, Targus first lien term loan was extinguished and exchanged for equity on a pro-rata basis. In addition, we invested in new senior secured notes and we continue to value our current investment in Targus using the enterprise waterfall methodology, consistent with prior quarter. Targus was written-off for tax purposes and a loss of \$14,194 therefore was realized for the amount that the amortized cost exceeded the fair value.

During the nine months ended March 31, 2016, the valuation methodology for American Gilsonite Company ("AGC") changed to incorporate a waterfall analysis. Management adopted the waterfall analysis due to a deterioration in operating results and resulting credit impairment. As a result of this change, and in recognition of recent company performance and current market conditions, we decreased the fair value of our investment in AGC to \$13,084 as of September 30, 2015, a discount of \$1,671 from its amortized cost, compared to the \$1,468 unrealized depreciation recorded at June 30, 2015. During the three months ended December 31, 2015 we sold all of our \$14,755 debt investment in AGC.

During the nine months ended March 31, 2016, the valuation methodology for Ark-La-Tex Wireline Services, LLC ("Ark-La-Tex") changed to add the waterfall analysis due to impairment of Term Loan A and Term Loan B. As a result of this change, and in recognition of recent company performance and current market conditions, the fair value of our investment in Ark-La-Tex decreased to \$14,781 as of March 31, 2016, a discount of \$29,780 from its amortized cost, compared to the \$3,723 unrealized depreciation recorded at June 30, 2015.

During the nine months ended March 31, 2016, the valuation methodology for Nixon, Inc. ("Nixon") changed to incorporate a waterfall analysis. As a result of the company's performance and current market conditions, the fair value of our investment in Nixon decreased to \$13,133 as of March 31, 2016, a discount of \$928 from its amortized cost, compared to the \$133 unrealized depreciation recorded at June 30, 2015.

During the nine months ended March 31, 2016, the valuation methodology for Royal Holdings, Inc. ("Royal") changed to remove the relative value method based on low liquidity of first lien term loan. As a result of this change the fair value of our investment in Royal decreased to \$4,707 as of March 31, 2016, a discount of \$259 from its amortized cost, compared to the \$37 unrealized appreciation recorded at June 30, 2015.

During the nine months ended March 31, 2016, the valuation methodology for Speedy Group Holdings Corp. ("Speedy") changed to remove the shadow method and incorporate relative value method. As a result of this change and decreased market prices, the fair value of our investment in Speedy decreased to \$10,244 as of March 31, 2016, a discount of \$4,756 from its amortized cost. No unrealized depreciation/appreciation was recorded at June 30, 2015. During the nine months ended March 31, 2016, the valuation methodology for Pacific World Corporation ("Pacific World") changed to incorporate a waterfall analysis for the three months ended September 30, 2015. During the three months ended December 31, 2015, the waterfall analysis was removed due to an increase in enterprise value. During the three months ended March 31, 2016, the waterfall analysis was added back due to impairment of Term Loan B. As a result of this change, the fair value of our investment in Pacific World decreased to \$165,563 as of March 31, 2016, a discount of \$33,437 from its amortized cost, compared to the \$21,328 unrealized depreciation recorded at June 30, 2015.

During the nine months ended March 31, 2016, the valuation methodology for United States Environmental Services, LLC ("USES") changed to incorporate a waterfall analysis for the three months ended September 30, 2015. During the three months ended December 31, 2015, the waterfall analysis was removed due to an increase in enterprise value. As a result of this change, the fair value of our investment in USES decreased to \$52,371 as of March 31, 2016, a discount of \$6,579 from its amortized cost, compared to the \$4,293 unrealized depreciation recorded at June 30, 2015. During the nine months ended March 31, 2016, the valuation methodology for Spartan Energy Services, Inc. ("Spartan") changed to add the waterfall analysis due to impairment of Term Loan B. As a result of this change and current market conditions, the fair value of our investment in Spartan decreased to \$10,257 as of March 31, 2016, a discount of \$16,568 from its amortized cost, compared to the \$720 unrealized depreciation recorded at June 30, 2015. During the nine months ended March 31, 2016, we changed the valuation methodology for our REITs portfolio (American Property REIT Corp. ("APRC"), National Property REIT Corp. ("NPRC"), and United Property REIT Corp. ("UPRC")) from averaging the net asset value and dividend yield method to averaging the net asset value and discounted cash flow method. The use of the discounted cash flow method more closely reflects the valuation techniques used by the broader multifamily real estate industry.

During the nine months ended March 31, 2016, we removed the dividend yield method and used the discounted cash flow method for APRC. The discounted cash flow method is averaged with the net asset value method. The fair value of our investment in APRC increased primarily as a result of improved operating performance at the property level and market conditions. Total fair value of our investment in APRC increased to \$107,493 as of March 31, 2016, a premium of \$31,206 from its amortized cost, compared to the \$18,064 unrealized appreciation recorded at June 30, 2015.

During the nine months ended March 31, 2016, we removed the dividend yield method and used the discounted cash flow method for NPRC. The discounted cash flow method is averaged with the net asset value method. The fair value of our investment in NPRC increased primarily as a result of improved operating performance at the property level and market conditions. Total fair value of our investment in NPRC increased to \$578,543 as of March 31, 2016, a premium of \$52,478 from its amortized cost, compared to the \$22,229 unrealized appreciation recorded at June 30, 2015.

During the nine months ended March 31, 2016, we removed the dividend yield method and used the discounted cash flow method for UPRC. The discounted cash flow method is averaged with the net asset value method. The fair value of our investment in UPRC increased primarily as a result of improved operating performance at the property level and market conditions. Total fair value of our investment in UPRC increased to \$105,632 as of March 31, 2016, a premium of \$22,473 from its amortized cost, compared to the \$9,057 unrealized appreciation recorded at June 30, 2015.

During the nine months ended March 31, 2016, we provided \$2,268 of equity financing to APRC to fund capital expenditures for existing properties. In addition, during the nine months ended March 31, 2016, we received a partial repayment of \$26,730 of our loan previously outstanding and recorded \$11,016 of dividend income in connection with the sale of Vista Palma Sola property. As of March 31, 2016, our investment in APRC had an amortized cost of \$76,287 and a fair value of \$107,493.

As of March 31, 2016, APRC's real estate portfolio was comprised of eleven multi-family properties and one commercial property. The following table shows the location, acquisition date, purchase price, and mortgage outstanding due to other parties for each of the properties held by APRC as of March 31, 2016.

No	Property Name	City	Acquisition Date	Purchase	Mortgage
110.	Troperty Name	City	Acquisition Date	Price	Outstanding
1	1557 Terrell Mill Road, LLC	Marietta, GA	12/28/2012	\$23,500	\$ 14,964
2	Lofton Place, LLC	Tampa, FL	4/30/2013	26,000	20,410
3	Arlington Park Marietta, LLC	Marietta, GA	5/8/2013	14,850	9,650
4	Cordova Regency, LLC	Pensacola, FL	11/15/2013	13,750	11,375
5	Crestview at Oakleigh, LLC	Pensacola, FL	11/15/2013	17,500	13,845
6	Inverness Lakes, LLC	Mobile, AL	11/15/2013	29,600	24,700
7	Kings Mill Pensacola, LLC	Pensacola, FL	11/15/2013	20,750	17,550
8	Plantations at Pine Lake, LLC	Tallahassee, FL	11/15/2013	18,000	14,092
9	Verandas at Rocky Ridge, LLC	Birmingham, AL	11/15/2013	15,600	10,205
10	Plantations at Hillcrest, LLC	Mobile, AL	1/17/2014	6,930	4,904
11	Crestview at Cordova, LLC	Pensacola, FL	1/17/2014	8,500	8,160
12	Taco Bell, OK	Yukon, OK	6/4/2014	1,719	_
				\$196,699	\$ 149,855

During the nine months ended March 31, 2016, we provided \$149,086 and \$31,697 of debt and equity financing, respectively, to NPRC to enable certain of its wholly-owned subsidiaries to invest in online consumer loans. In addition, during the nine months ended March 31, 2016, we received partial repayments of \$40,460 of our loans previously outstanding and \$12,396 as a return of capital on our equity investment in NPRC.

The online consumer loan investments held by certain of NPRC's wholly-owned subsidiaries are unsecured obligations of individual borrowers that are issued in amounts ranging from \$1 to \$50, with fixed terms ranging from 18 to 85 months. As of March 31, 2016, the investment in online consumer loans by certain of NPRC's wholly-owned subsidiaries was comprised of 80,941 individual loans and had an aggregate fair value of \$642,450. The average outstanding individual loan balance is approximately \$8 and the loans mature on dates ranging from October 31, 2016 to April 2, 2023 with an average outstanding term of 35 months as of March 31, 2016. Fixed interest rates range from 4.0% to 36.0% with a weighted-average current interest rate of 21.0%.

During the nine months ended March 31, 2016, we provided \$9,017 of equity financing to NPRC for the acquisition of real estate properties and \$2,030 of equity financing to NPRC to fund capital expenditures for existing properties. In addition, during the nine months ended March 31, 2016, we received partial repayments of \$63,271 of our loans previously outstanding. As of March 31, 2016, our investment in NPRC had an amortized cost of \$526,065 and a fair value of \$578,543.

As of March 31, 2016, NPRC's real estate portfolio was comprised of twelve multi-family properties, twelve self-storage properties, and one commercial property. The following table shows the location, acquisition date, purchase price, and mortgage outstanding due to other parties for each of the properties held by NPRC as of March 31, 2016.

No	Property Name	City	Acquisition		Mortgage
110.		City	Date	Price	Outstanding
1	146 Forest Parkway, LLC	Forest Park, GA	10/24/2012	\$7,400	\$ —
2	5100 Live Oaks Blvd, LLC	Tampa, FL	1/17/2013	63,400	46,700
3	NPRC Carroll Resort, LLC	Pembroke Pines, FL	6/24/2013	225,000	181,793
4	APH Carroll 41, LLC	Marietta, GA	11/1/2013	30,600	32,831
5	Matthews Reserve II, LLC	Matthews, NC	11/19/2013	22,063	19,971
6	City West Apartments II, LLC	Orlando, FL	11/19/2013	23,562	23,368
7	Vinings Corner II, LLC	Smyrna, GA	11/19/2013	35,691	33,045
8	Uptown Park Apartments II, LLC	Altamonte Springs, FL	11/19/2013	36,590	29,846
9	Mission Gate II, LLC	Plano, TX	11/19/2013	47,621	41,728
10	St. Marin Apartments II, LLC	Coppell, TX	11/19/2013	73,078	62,578
11	APH Carroll Bartram Park, LLC	Jacksonville, FL	12/31/2013	38,000	28,210
12	APH Carroll Atlantic Beach, LLC	Atlantic Beach, FL	1/31/2014	13,025	8,803
13	23 Mile Road Self Storage, LLC	Chesterfield, MI	8/19/2014	5,804	4,350
14	36th Street Self Storage, LLC	Wyoming, MI	8/19/2014	4,800	3,600
15	Ball Avenue Self Storage, LLC	Grand Rapids, MI	8/19/2014	7,281	5,460
16	Ford Road Self Storage, LLC	Westland, MI	8/29/2014	4,642	3,480
17	Ann Arbor Kalamazoo Self Storage, LLC	Ann Arbor, MI	8/29/2014	4,458	3,345
18	Ann Arbor Kalamazoo Self Storage, LLC	Scio, MI	8/29/2014	8,927	6,695
19	Ann Arbor Kalamazoo Self Storage, LLC	Kalamazoo, MI	8/29/2014	2,363	1,775
20	Jolly Road Self Storage, LLC	Okemos, MI	1/16/2015	7,492	5,620
21	Eaton Rapids Road Self Storage, LLC	Lansing West, MI	1/16/2015	1,741	1,305
22	Haggerty Road Self Storage, LLC	Novi, MI	1/16/2015	6,700	5,025
23	Waldon Road Self Storage, LLC	Lake Orion, MI	1/16/2015	6,965	5,225
24	Tyler Road Self Storage, LLC	Ypsilanti, MI	1/16/2015	3,507	2,630
25	SSIL I, LLC	Aurora, IL	11/5/2015	34,500	26,450
				\$715,210	\$ 583,833

During the nine months ended March 31, 2016, we provided \$4,484 and \$3,047 of debt and equity financing, respectively, to UPRC to fund capital expenditures for existing properties. As of March 31, 2016, our investment in UPRC had an amortized cost of \$83,159 and a fair value of \$105,632.

As of March 31, 2016, UPRC's real estate portfolio was comprised of fifteen multi-families properties and one commercial property. The following table shows the location, acquisition date, purchase price, and mortgage outstanding due to other parties for each of the properties held by UPRC as of March 31, 2016.

No. Property Name		City	Acquisition	Purchase	Mortgage
		City	Date	Price	Outstanding
1	Atlanta Eastwood Village LLC	Stockbridge, GA	12/12/2013	\$25,957	\$ 19,785
2	Atlanta Monterey Village LLC	Jonesboro, GA	12/12/2013	11,501	9,193
3	Atlanta Hidden Creek LLC	Morrow, GA	12/12/2013	5,098	3,619
4	Atlanta Meadow Springs LLC	College Park, GA	12/12/2013	13,116	10,180
5	Atlanta Meadow View LLC	College Park, GA	12/12/2013	14,354	11,141
6	Atlanta Peachtree Landing LLC	Fairburn, GA	12/12/2013	17,224	13,575
7	Taco Bell, MO	Marshall, MO	6/4/2014	1,405	
8	Canterbury Green Apartments Holdings LLC	Fort Wayne, IN	9/29/2014	85,500	74,305
9	Abbie Lakes OH Partners, LLC	Canal Winchester, OH	9/30/2014	12,600	10,440
10	Kengary Way OH Partners, LLC	Reynoldsburg, OH	9/30/2014	11,500	11,000
11	Lakeview Trail OH Partners, LLC	Canal Winchester, OH	9/30/2014	26,500	20,142
12	Lakepoint OH Partners, LLC	Pickerington, OH	9/30/2014	11,000	10,080
13	Sunbury OH Partners, LLC	Columbus, OH	9/30/2014	13,000	10,480
14	Heatherbridge OH Partners, LLC	Blacklick, OH	9/30/2014	18,416	15,480
15	Jefferson Chase OH Partners, LLC	Blacklick, OH	9/30/2014	13,551	12,240
16	Goldenstrand OH Partners, LLC	Hilliard, OH	10/29/2014	7,810	8,040
				\$288,532	\$ 239,700

On August 1, 2014, we sold our investments in Airmall Inc. ("Airmall") for net proceeds of \$51,379 and realized a loss of \$3,473 on the sale. In addition, there is \$6,000 being held in escrow, of which 98% is due to Prospect, which will be recognized as an additional realized loss if it is not received. Included in the net proceeds were \$3,000 of structuring fees from Airmall related to the sale of the operating company which was recognized as other income during the three months ended September 30, 2014. On October 22, 2014, we received a tax refund of \$665 related to our investment in Airmall for which we realized a gain of the same amount.

On August 20, 2014, we sold the assets of Borga, Inc. ("Borga"), a wholly-owned subsidiary of STI Holding, Inc., for net proceeds of \$382 and realized a loss of \$2,589 on the sale. On December 29, 2014, Borga was dissolved. On August 25, 2014, we sold Boxercraft Incorporated, a wholly-owned subsidiary of BXC Company, Inc., for net proceeds of \$750 and realized a net loss of \$16,949 on the sale.

On September 15, 2014, Echelon Aviation LLC repaid \$37,313 of the \$78,121 loan receivable to us.

On September 30, 2014, we made a \$26,431 follow-on investment in Harbortouch Payments, LLC ("Harbortouch") to support an acquisition. As part of the transaction, we received \$529 of structuring fee income and \$50 of amendment fee income from Harbortouch which was recognized as other income.

During the three months ended September 30, 2014, we impaired our investment in Appalachian Energy LLC and realized a loss of \$2,050, reducing the amortized cost to zero.

On October 3, 2014, we sold our \$35,000 investment in Babson CLO Ltd. 2011-I and realized a loss of \$6,410 on the sale.

On October 10, 2014, ARRM sold Ajax Rolled Ring & Machine, LLC ("Ajax") to a third party and repaid the \$19,337 loan receivable to us. We recorded a realized loss of \$21,001 related to the sale. Concurrent with the sale, our ownership increased to 100% of the outstanding equity of SB Forging. As such, we began consolidating SB Forging on October 11, 2014. In addition, there is \$3,000 being held in escrow of which \$802 was received on May 6, 2015 for which Prospect realized a gain of the same amount.

On October 20, 2014, we sold our \$22,000 investment in Galaxy XII CLO, Ltd. and realized a loss of \$2,435 on the sale.

On November 21, 2014, Coalbed, LLC ("Coalbed") merged with and into Wolf Energy, LLC ("Wolf Energy"), with Wolf Energy as the surviving entity. During the three months ended December 31, 2014, we impaired our investment in the Coalbed debt assumed by Wolf Energy and realized a loss of \$5,991, reducing the amortized cost to zero.

On December 4, 2014, we sold our \$29,075 investment in Babson CLO Ltd. 2012-I and realized a loss of \$3,833 on the sale. On January 15, 2015, we received additional proceeds of \$66 for which Prospect realized a gain of the same amount.

On December 4, 2014, we sold our \$27,850 investment in Babson CLO Ltd. 2012-II and realized a loss of \$2,961 on the sale. On February 18, 2015, we received additional proceeds of \$12 for which Prospect realized a gain of the same amount

During the three months ended December 31, 2014, Manx Energy, Inc. was dissolved and we recorded a realized loss of \$50, reducing the amortized cost to zero.

During the three months ended December 31, 2014, we impaired our investments in Change Clean Energy Company, LLC and Yatesville Coal Company, LLC and recorded a realized loss of \$1,449, reducing the amortized cost to zero. During the three months ended December 31, 2014, we impaired our investment in New Century Transportation, Inc. ("NCT") a realized a loss of \$42,064, reducing the amortized cost to \$980.

During the three months ended December 31, 2014, we impaired our investment in Stryker Energy, LLC and realized a loss of \$32,711, reducing the amortized cost to zero.

During the three months ended December 31, 2014, we impaired our investment in Wind River Resources Corporation ("Wind River") and recorded a realized loss of \$11,650, reducing the amortized cost to \$3,000. During the three months ended March 31, 2016, our remaining investment in Wind River was written-off for tax purposes and a loss of \$3,000 was therefore realized.

On August 12, 2015, we sold 780 of our small business whole loans (with a cost of \$30,968) purchased from OnDeck to Jefferies Asset Funding LLC for proceeds of \$26,619, net of related transaction expenses, and a trust certificate representing a 41.54% interest in the MarketPlace Loan Trust, Series 2015-OD2. We realized a loss of \$775 on the sale.

On September 30, 2015, we restructured our investment in Arctic Energy Services, LLC ("Arctic Energy"). Concurrent with the restructuring, we exchanged \$31,640 senior secured loan and \$20,230 subordinated loan for Class D and Class E equity in Arctic Energy.

On October 30, 2015, we restructured our investment in CP Energy Services Inc. ("CP Energy"). Concurrent with the restructuring, we exchanged our \$86,965 senior secured loan and \$15,924 subordinated loan for Series B Redeemable Preferred Stock in CP Energy.

On October 30, 2015, we restructured our investment in Freedom Marine Solutions, LLC ("Freedom Marine"). Concurrent with the restructuring, we exchanged our \$32,500 senior secured loans for additional membership interest in Freedom Marine.

On November 16, 2015 and November 25, 2015, we sold our \$14,755 debt investment in AGC. We realized a loss of \$4,127 on the sale.

On January 21, 2016, we sold 100% of our CIFC Funding 2011-I, Ltd. Class E and Class D notes with a cost basis of \$29,004.

We realized a gain of \$3,911 on the sale.

On February 3, 2016, lenders foreclosed on Targus Group International, Inc., and our \$21,613 first lien term loan was extinguished and exchanged for 1,262,737 common units representing 12.63% equity ownership in Targus Cayman HoldCo Limited, the parent company of Targus. On February 17, 2016, we provided additional debt financing to support the recapitalization of Targus. As part of the recapitalization, we invested an additional \$1,263 in a new senior secured Term Loan A notes and were allocated \$3,788 in new senior secured Term Loan B notes. During the same period, Targus was written-down for tax purposes and a realized loss of \$14,194 therefore was realized for the amount that the amortized cost exceeded the fair value.

During the three months ended March 31, 2016, we sold our \$10,100 debt investment in ICON Health and Fitness, Inc. We realized a loss of \$1,053 on the sale.

On March 22, 2016 and March 24, 2016, United Sporting Company, Inc. partially repaid the \$17,391 loan receivable to us.

During the three months ended March 31, 2016, NCT was written-off for tax purposes and a loss of \$187 was realized.

As of March 31, 2016, \$3,860,837 of our loans, at fair value, bear interest at floating rates and have LIBOR floors ranging from 0.3% to 4.0%. As of June 30, 2015, \$4,413,161 of our loans, at fair value, bore interest at floating rates and \$4,380,763 of those loans had LIBOR floors ranging from 0.5% to 5.5%.

At March 31, 2016, four loan investments were on non-accrual status: Gulf Coast Machine & Supply Company ("Gulf Coast"), Targus, Venio LLC and Wolf Energy. At June 30, 2015, four loan investments were on non-accrual status: Gulf Coast, NCT, Wind River and Wolf Energy. Principal balances of these loans amounted to \$94,511 and \$62,143 as of March 31, 2016 and June 30, 2015, respectively. The fair value of these loans amounted to \$28,613 and \$6,918 as of March 31, 2016 and June 30, 2015, respectively. The fair values of these investments represent approximately 0.5% and 0.1% of our total assets as of March 31, 2016 and June 30, 2015, respectively. For the nine months ended March 31, 2016 and March 31, 2015, the income foregone as a result of not accruing interest on non-accrual debt investments amounted to \$14,297 and \$18,450, respectively.

Undrawn committed revolvers and delayed draw term loans to our portfolio companies incur commitment and unused fees ranging from 0.00% to 6.00%. As of March 31, 2016 and June 30, 2015, we had \$60,242 and \$88,288, respectively, of undrawn revolver and delayed draw term loan commitments to our portfolio companies. The fair value of our undrawn committed revolvers and delayed draw term loans was \$(202) as of March 31, 2016 and zero as of June 30, 2015.

During the nine months ended March 31, 2016, we sold \$74,377 of the outstanding principal balance of the senior secured Term Loan A investments in certain portfolio companies. There was no gain or loss realized on the sale. We serve as an agent for these loans and collect a servicing fee from the counterparties on behalf of the Investment Adviser. We receive a credit for these payments as a reduction of base management fee payable by us to the Investment Adviser. See Note 13 for further discussion.

Unconsolidated Significant Subsidiaries

Our investments are generally in small and mid-sized companies in a variety of industries. In accordance with Rules 3-09 and 4-08(g) of Regulation S-X, we must determine which of our unconsolidated controlled portfolio companies are considered "significant subsidiaries", if any. In evaluating these investments, there are three tests utilized to determine if any of our controlled investments are considered significant subsidiaries: the investment test, the asset test and the income test. Rule 3-09 of Regulation S-X requires separate audited financial statements of an unconsolidated subsidiary in an annual report if any of the three tests exceed 20%. Rule 4-08(g) of Regulation S-X requires summarized financial information in an annual report if any of the three tests exceeds 10%, and summarized financial information in a quarterly report if any of the three tests exceeds 20% pursuant to Rule 10-01(b) of Regulation S-X.

As of March 31, 2016 and June 30, 2015, we did not have a single investment that represented greater than 20% of our total investment portfolio at fair value or 20% of our total assets. Income, consisting of interest, dividends, fees, other investment income and gains or losses, which can fluctuate upon repayment or sale of an investment or the marking to fair value an investment in any given period can be highly concentrated among several investments. After performing the income analysis for the nine months ended March 31, 2016, as currently promulgated by the SEC, we determined that two of our controlled investments individually generated more than 20% of our income for the nine months ended March 31, 2016. We do not believe that the calculation promulgated by the SEC correctly identifies significant subsidiaries but have included First Tower Finance Company LLC ("First Tower Finance"), Harbortouch and NPRC as significant subsidiaries.

The following tables show summarized financial information for First Tower Finance:

The following tables show summarized find	inciai iiio	iiiiatioii it
	March	June 30,
	31, 2016	2015
Balance Sheet Data		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$72,606	\$65,614
Receivables	428,756	400,451
Intangibles, including goodwill	110,078	121,822
Other assets	19,428	17,373
Notes payable	359,653	334,637
Notes payable, due to Prospect or Affiliate	255,249	251,578
Other liabilities	49,906	47,493
Total equity	(33,940)	(28,448)

	Three Months Ended March 31, 2016 2015	Nine Months Ended March 31, 2016 2015					
Summary of Operations		2010 2013					
Total revenue		\$162,375 \$157,703					
Total expenses		173,369 164,207					
Net loss		(10,994)(6,504)					
		incial information for Harbortouch:					
The following tables sir	ow summarized fine	March					
		31 June 30,					
		2016 2015					
Balance Sheet Data		2010					
Cash and cash equivalen	nts	\$4,006 \$ 168					
Receivables		26,203 28,721					
Intangibles, including g	oodwill	357,014351,396					
Other assets		29,859 28,686					
Notes payable		28,494 25,132					
Notes payable, due to P	rospect or Affiliate						
Other liabilities	1	40,196 37,235					
Total equity		55,650 49,870					
1 2	Three Months	Nine Months Ended					
	Ended March 31,	March 31,					
	2016 2015	2016 2015					
Summary of Operations	3						
Total revenue	\$78,334 \$67,908	\$231,548 \$204,566					
Total expenses	85,174 80,994	239,957 241,668					
Net loss	(6,840)(13,086)	(8,409)(37,102)					
The following tables she	ow summarized fina	ncial information for NPRC:					
		March June 30,					
		31, 2015					
		2016					
Balance Sheet Data							
Cash and cash equivalen	nts	\$51,169 \$43,722					
Real estate, net		651,117 639,012					
Unsecured Consumer L	oans, net	642,450 366,014					
Other assets		35,891 51,383					
Mortgage Payable		583,048 484,771					
Revolving credit faciliti		356,437 208,296					
Notes payable, due to P	rospect or Affiliate	411,271 365,205					
Other liabilities		25,073 21,745					
Total equity		4,798 20,114					
F-62	F-62						

	Three Mo	nths	Nine Months Ended		
	Ended Ma	arch 31,	March 31,		
	2016	2015	2016	2015	
Summary of Operations					
Total revenue	\$155,833	\$28,307	\$245,368	\$82,585	
Total expenses	147,618	29,881	229,999	80,428	
Operating Income	8,215	(1,574)	15,369	2,157	
Depreciation and Amortization	\$24,661	\$4,747	\$38,481	\$17,866	
Fair Value Adjustment	\$24,051	\$2,195	\$41,786	\$2,883	
Net Loss	(40,497)(8,516)	(64,898)(18,592)	

The SEC has requested comments on the proper mechanics of how the calculations related to Rules 3-09 and 4-08(g) of Regulation S-X should be completed. There is currently diversity in practice for the calculations. We expect that the SEC will clarify the calculation methods in the future.

Note 4. Revolving Credit Facility

On March 27, 2012, we closed on an extended and expanded credit facility with a syndicate of lenders through PCF (the "2012 Facility"). The lenders had extended commitments of \$857,500 under the 2012 Facility as of June 30, 2014, which was increased to \$877,500 in July 2014. The 2012 Facility included an accordion feature which allowed commitments to be increased up to \$1,000,000 in the aggregate. Interest on borrowings under the 2012 Facility was one-month LIBOR plus 275 basis points with no minimum LIBOR floor. Additionally, the lenders charged a fee on the unused portion of the 2012 Facility equal to either 50 basis points if at least half of the credit facility is drawn or 100 basis points otherwise.

On August 29, 2014, we renegotiated the 2012 Facility and closed an expanded five and a half year revolving credit facility (the "2014 Facility" and collectively with the 2012 Facility, the "Revolving Credit Facility"). The lenders have extended commitments of \$885,000 under the 2014 Facility as of March 31, 2016. The 2014 Facility includes an accordion feature which allows commitments to be increased up to \$1,500,000 in the aggregate. The revolving period of the 2014 Facility extends through March 2019, with an additional one year amortization period (with distributions allowed) after the completion of the revolving period. During such one year amortization period, all principal payments on the pledged assets will be applied to reduce the balance. At the end of the one year amortization period, the remaining balance will become due, if required by the lenders.

The 2014 Facility contains restrictions pertaining to the geographic and industry concentrations of funded loans, maximum size of funded loans, interest rate payment frequency of funded loans, maturity dates of funded loans and minimum equity requirements. The 2014 Facility also contains certain requirements relating to portfolio performance, including required minimum portfolio yield and limitations on delinquencies and charge-offs, violation of which could result in the early termination of the 2014 Facility. The 2014 Facility also requires the maintenance of a minimum liquidity requirement. As of March 31, 2016, we were in compliance with the applicable covenants.

Interest on borrowings under the 2014 Facility is one-month LIBOR plus 225 basis points with no minimum LIBOR floor. Additionally, the lenders charge a fee on the unused portion of the 2014 Facility equal to either 50 basis points if at least 35% of the credit facility is drawn or 100 basis points otherwise. The 2014 Facility requires us to pledge assets as collateral in order to borrow under the credit facility.

As of March 31, 2016 and June 30, 2015, we had \$645,696 and \$721,800, respectively, available to us for borrowing under the Revolving Credit Facility, of which the amount outstanding was \$0 and \$368,700, respectively. As additional eligible investments are transferred to PCF and pledged under the Revolving Credit Facility, PCF will generate additional availability up to the current commitment amount of \$885,000. As of March 31, 2016, the investments, including cash and money market funds, used as collateral for the Revolving Credit Facility had an aggregate fair value of \$1,470,217, which represents 23.8% of our total investments, including cash and money market funds. These assets are held and owned by PCF, a bankruptcy remote special purpose entity, and as such, these investments are not available to our general creditors. The release of any assets from PCF requires the approval of the facility agent.

In connection with the origination and amendments of the Revolving Credit Facility, we incurred \$12,405 of new fees and \$3,539 of fees carried over for continuing participants from the previous facility, which are being amortized over

the term of the facility in accordance with ASC 470-50, of which \$8,210 remains to be amortized and is included within deferred financing costs on the Consolidated Statement of Assets and Liabilities as of March 31, 2016. During the six months ended December 31, 2014, in

accordance with ASC 470-50, we expensed \$332 of fees relating to credit providers in the 2012 Facility who did not commit to the 2014 Facility.

During the three months ended March 31, 2016 and March 31, 2015, we recorded \$3,046 and \$3,545, respectively, of interest costs, unused fees and amortization of financing costs on the Revolving Credit Facility as interest expense. During the nine months ended March 31, 2016 and March 31, 2015, we recorded \$10,291 and \$10,803, respectively, of interest costs, unused fees and amortization of financing costs on the Revolving Credit Facility as interest expense. Note 5. Convertible Notes

On December 21, 2010, we issued \$150,000 aggregate principal amount of convertible notes that matured on December 15, 2015 (the "2015 Notes"). The 2015 Notes bore interest at a rate of 6.25% per year, payable semi-annually on June 15 and December 15 of each year, beginning June 15, 2011. Total proceeds from the issuance of the 2015 Notes, net of underwriting discounts and offering costs, were \$145,200. On December 15, 2015, we repaid the outstanding principal amount of the 2015 Notes, plus interest. No gain or loss was realized on the transaction. On February 18, 2011, we issued \$172,500 aggregate principal amount of convertible notes that mature on August 15, 2016 (the "2016 Notes"), unless previously converted or repurchased in accordance with their terms. The 2016 Notes bear interest at a rate of 5.50% per year, payable semi-annually on February 15 and August 15 of each year, beginning August 15, 2011. Total proceeds from the issuance of the 2016 Notes, net of underwriting discounts and offering costs, were \$167,325. Between January 30, 2012 and February 2, 2012, we repurchased \$5,000 aggregate principal amount of the 2016 Notes at a price of 97.5, including commissions. The transactions resulted in our recognizing \$10 of loss in the year ended June 30, 2012.

On April 16, 2012, we issued \$130,000 aggregate principal amount of convertible notes that mature on October 15, 2017 (the "2017 Notes"), unless previously converted or repurchased in accordance with their terms. The 2017 Notes bear interest at a rate of 5.375% per year, payable semi-annually on April 15 and October 15 of each year, beginning October 15, 2012. Total proceeds from the issuance of the 2017 Notes, net of underwriting discounts and offering costs, were \$126,035. On March 28, 2016, we repurchased \$500 aggregate principal amount of the 2017 Notes at a price of 98.25, including commissions. The transaction resulted in our recognizing a \$9 gain for the period ended March 31, 2016.

On August 14, 2012, we issued \$200,000 aggregate principal amount of convertible notes that mature on March 15, 2018 (the "2018 Notes"), unless previously converted or repurchased in accordance with their terms. The 2018 Notes bear interest at a rate of 5.75% per year, payable semi-annually on March 15 and September 15 of each year, beginning March 15, 2013. Total proceeds from the issuance of the 2018 Notes, net of underwriting discounts and offering costs, were \$193,600.

On December 21, 2012, we issued \$200,000 aggregate principal amount of convertible notes that mature on January 15, 2019 (the "2019 Notes"), unless previously converted or repurchased in accordance with their terms. The 2019 Notes bear interest at a rate of 5.875% per year, payable semi-annually on January 15 and July 15 of each year, beginning July 15, 2013. Total proceeds from the issuance of the 2019 Notes, net of underwriting discounts and offering costs, were \$193,600.

On April 11, 2014, we issued \$400,000 aggregate principal amount of convertible notes that mature on April 15, 2020 (the "2020 Notes"), unless previously converted or repurchased in accordance with their terms. The 2020 Notes bear interest at a rate of 4.75% per year, payable semi-annually on April 15 and October 15 each year, beginning October 15, 2014. Total proceeds from the issuance of the 2020 Notes, net of underwriting discounts and offering costs, were \$387,500. On January 30, 2015, we repurchased \$8,000 aggregate principal amount of the 2020 Notes at a price of 93.0, including commissions. As a result of this transaction, we recorded a gain of \$332, in the amount of the difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the notes, net of the proportionate amount of unamortized debt issuance costs.

Certain key terms related to the convertible features for the 2016 Notes, the 2017 Notes, the 2018 Notes, the 2019 Notes and the 2020 Notes (collectively, the "Convertible Notes") are listed below.

	2016	2017	2018	2010 Notes	2020
	Notes	Notes	Notes	2019 Notes	Notes
Initial conversion rate(1)	78.3699	85.8442	82.3451	79.7766	80.6647

Initial conversion price	\$12.76	\$11.65	\$12.14	\$12.54	\$12.40
Conversion rate at March 31, 2016(1)(2)	80.2196	87.7516	84.1497	79.8360	80.6670
Conversion price at March 31, 2016(2)(3)	\$12.47	\$11.40	\$11.88	\$12.53	\$12.40
Last conversion price calculation date	2/18/2016	4/16/2015	8/14/2015	12/21/2015	4/11/2015
Dividend threshold amount (per share)(4)	\$0.101150	\$0.101500	\$0.101600	\$0.110025	\$0.110525

- (1) Conversion rates denominated in shares of common stock per \$1 principal amount of the Convertible Notes converted.
- (2) Represents conversion rate and conversion price, as applicable, taking into account certain de minimis adjustments that will be made on the conversion date.
- The conversion price in effect at March 31, 2016 was calculated on the last anniversary of the issuance and will be (3) adjusted again on the next anniversary, unless the exercise price shall have changed by more than 1% before the anniversary.
- (4) The conversion rate is increased if monthly cash dividends paid to common shares exceed the monthly dividend threshold amount, subject to adjustment.

Upon conversion, unless a holder converts after a record date for an interest payment but prior to the corresponding interest payment date, the holder will receive a separate cash payment with respect to the notes surrendered for conversion representing accrued and unpaid interest to, but not including, the conversion date. Any such payment will be made on the settlement date applicable to the relevant conversion on the Convertible Notes.

No holder of Convertible Notes will be entitled to receive shares of our common stock upon conversion to the extent (but only to the extent) that such receipt would cause such converting holder to become, directly or indirectly, a beneficial owner (within the meaning of Section 13(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and the rules and regulations promulgated thereunder) of more than 5.0% of the shares of our common stock outstanding at such time. The 5.0% limitation shall no longer apply following the effective date of any fundamental change. We will not issue any shares in connection with the conversion or redemption of the Convertible Notes which would equal or exceed 20% of the shares outstanding at the time of the transaction in accordance with NASDAQ rules.

Subject to certain exceptions, holders may require us to repurchase, for cash, all or part of their Convertible Notes upon a fundamental change at a price equal to 100% of the principal amount of the Convertible Notes being repurchased plus any accrued and unpaid interest up to, but excluding, the fundamental change repurchase date. In addition, upon a fundamental change that constitutes a non-stock change of control we will also pay holders an amount in cash equal to the present value of all remaining interest payments (without duplication of the foregoing amounts) on such Convertible Notes through and including the maturity date.

In connection with the issuance of the Convertible Notes, we incurred \$34,629 of fees which are being amortized over the terms of the notes, of which \$16,137 remains to be amortized and is included within deferred financing costs on the Consolidated Statement of Assets and Liabilities as of March 31, 2016. This amount included a \$4 write-off of deferred financing costs associated with the repurchase of the 2017 Notes.

During the three months ended March 31, 2016 and March 31, 2015, we recorded \$16,038 and \$18,572, respectively, of interest costs and amortization of financing costs on the Convertible Notes as interest expense. During the nine months ended March 31, 2016 and March 31, 2015, we recorded \$52,957 and \$55,776, respectively, of interest costs and amortization of financing costs on the Convertible Notes as interest expense.

Note 6. Public Notes

On May 1, 2012, we issued \$100,000 aggregate principal amount of unsecured notes that were scheduled to mature on November 15, 2022 (the "2022 Notes"). The 2022 Notes bore interest at a rate of 6.95% per year, payable quarterly on February 15, May 15, August 15 and November 15 of each year, beginning August 15, 2012. Total proceeds from the issuance of the 2022 Notes, net of underwriting discounts and offering costs, were \$97,000. On May 15, 2015, we redeemed \$100,000 aggregate principal amount of the 2022 Notes at par. In connection with this transaction, we recorded a loss in the amount of the difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the notes, net of the proportionate amount of unamortized debt issuance costs. The net loss on the extinguishment of the 2022 Notes in the year ended June 30, 2015 was \$2,600.

On March 15, 2013, we issued \$250,000 aggregate principal amount of unsecured notes that mature on March 15, 2023 (the "2023 Notes"). The 2023 Notes bear interest at a rate of 5.875% per year, payable semi-annually on March 15 and September 15 of each year, beginning September 15, 2013. Total proceeds from the issuance of the 2023 Notes, net of underwriting discounts and offering costs, were \$245,966.

On April 7, 2014, we issued \$300,000 aggregate principal amount of unsecured notes that mature on July 15, 2019 (the "5.00% 2019 Notes"). Included in the issuance is \$45,000 of Prospect Capital InterNotes® that were exchanged for the 5.00% 2019 Notes. The 5.00% 2019 Notes bear interest at a rate of 5.00% per year, payable semi-annually on January 15 and July 15 of each year, beginning July 15, 2014. Total proceeds from the issuance of the 5.00% 2019 Notes, net of underwriting discounts and offering costs, were \$295,998.

On December 10, 2015, we issued \$160,000 aggregate principal amount of unsecured notes that mature on June 15, 2024 (the "2024 Notes"). The 2024 Notes bear interest at a rate of 6.25% per year, payable quarterly on March 15, June 15, September 15 and December 15 of each year, beginning March 15, 2016. Total proceeds from the issuance of the 2024 Notes, net of underwriting discounts and offering costs, were \$154,880.

The 2022 Notes, the 2023 Notes, the 5.00% 2019 Notes, and the 2024 Notes (collectively, the "Public Notes") are direct unsecured obligations and rank equally with all of our unsecured indebtedness from time to time outstanding. In connection with the issuance of the 2023 Notes, the 5.00% 2019 Notes, and the 2024 Notes, we incurred \$13,156 of fees which are being amortized over the term of the notes, of which \$10,708 remains to be amortized and is included within deferred financing costs on the Consolidated Statement of Assets and Liabilities as of March 31, 2016. During the three months ended March 31, 2016 and March 31, 2015, we recorded \$10,352 and \$9,493, respectively, of interest costs and amortization of financing costs on the Public Notes as interest expense. During the nine months ended March 31, 2016 and March 31, 2015, we recorded \$26,513 and \$28,440, respectively, of interest costs and amortization of financing costs on the Public Notes as interest expense.

Note 7. Prospect Capital InterNotes®

On February 16, 2012, we entered into a selling agent agreement (the "Selling Agent Agreement") with Incapital LLC, as purchasing agent for our issuance and sale from time to time of up to \$500,000 of Prospect Capital InterNotes® (the "InterNotes® Offering"), which was increased to \$1,500,000 in May 2014. Additional agents may be appointed by us from time to time in connection with the InterNotes® Offering and become parties to the Selling Agent Agreement.

These notes are direct unsecured obligations and rank equally with all of our unsecured indebtedness from time to time outstanding. Each series of notes will be issued by a separate trust. These notes bear interest at fixed interest rates and offer a variety of maturities no less than twelve months from the original date of issuance.

During the nine months ended March 31, 2016, we issued \$74,862 aggregate principal amount of Prospect Capital InterNotes® for net proceeds of \$73,738. These notes were issued with stated interest rates ranging from 4.625% to 6.00% with a weighted average interest rate of 5.10%. These notes mature between July 15, 2020 and December 15, 2025.

The following table summarizes the Prospect Capital InterNotes® issued during the nine months ended March 31, 2016.

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Tenor at Origination (in years)	Principal Amount	Interest Rate Range	Weight Avera Intere Rate	age	Maturity Date Range
5	\$37,930	4.625%-5.500%	64.93	%	July 15, 2020 – March 15, 2021
6.5	35,155	5.10%-5.25%	5.25	%	January 15, 2022 – May 15, 2022
7	990	5.625%-5.75%	5.65	%	November 15, 2022 – December 15, 2022
10	787	5.875%-6.00%	5.89	%	November 15, 2025 – December 15, 2025
	\$74,862				

During the nine months ended March 31, 2015, we issued \$74,967 aggregate principal amount of our Prospect Capital InterNotes® for net proceeds of \$73,730. These notes were issued with a stated interest rates ranging from 4.25% to 4.75% with a weighted average interest rate of 4.58%. These notes mature between May 15, 2020 and September 15, 2020. All notes issued during the nine months ended March 31, 2015 mature 5.5 years from the original date of issuance.

During the nine months ended March 31, 2016, we repaid \$3,769 aggregate principal amount of Prospect Capital InterNotes® at par in accordance with the Survivor's Option, as defined in the InterNotes® Offering prospectus. As a result of these transactions, we recorded a loss in the amount of the difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the notes, net of the proportionate amount of unamortized debt issuance costs. The net loss on the extinguishment of Prospect Capital InterNotes® in the nine months ended March 31, 2016 was \$(95). The following table summarizes the Prospect Capital InterNotes® outstanding as of March 31, 2016.

Tenor at			Weigh	Weighted		
Origination	Principal	Interest Rate	Average		Maturity Date Range	
(in years)	Amount	Range	Interes	st	Maturity Date Range	
(III years)			Rate			
3	\$5,710	4.00%	4.00	%	October 15, 2016	
3.5	3,109	4.00%	4.00	%	April 15, 2017	
4	45,690	3.75%-4.00%	3.92	%	November 15, 2017 – May 15, 2018	
5	245,618	4.25%-5.500%	64.92	%	July 15, 2018 – March 15, 2021	
5.2	4,440	4.625%	4.625	%	August 15, 2020 – September 15, 2020	
5.3	2,686	4.625%	4.625	%	September 15, 2020	
5.4	5,000	4.75%	4.75	%	August 15, 2019	
5.5	109,981	4.25%-5.00%	4.65	%	February 15, 2019 – November 15, 2020	
6	2,197	3.375%	3.375	%	April 15, 2021 – May 15, 2021	
6.5	40,867	5.10%-5.50%	5.24	%	February 15, 2020 – May 15, 2022	
7	192,389	4.00%-6.55%	5.13	%	June 15, 2019 – December 15, 2022	
7.5	1,996	5.75%	5.75	%	February 15, 2021	
10	37,558	3.622%-7.00%	66.12	%	March 15, 2022 – December 15, 2025	
12	2,978	6.00%	6.00	%	November 15, 2025 – December 15, 2025	
15	17,325	5.00%-6.00%	5.14	%	May 15, 2028 – November 15, 2028	
18	22,453	4.125%-6.25%	65.53	%	December 15, 2030 – August 15, 2031	
20	4,490	5.63%-6.00%	5.89	%	November 15, 2032 – October 15, 2033	
25	35,488	6.25%-6.50%	6.39	%	August 15, 2038 – May 15, 2039	
30	118,560	5.50%-6.75%	6.23	%	November 15, 2042 – October 15, 2043	
	\$898,535					

During the nine months ended March 31, 2015, we redeemed \$76,931 aggregate principal amount of our Prospect Capital InterNotes® at par with a weighted average interest rate of 6.06% in order to replace debt with higher interest rates with debt with lower rates. As a result of these transactions, we recorded a loss in the amount of the difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the Prospect Capital InterNotes®, net of the proportionate amount of unamortized debt issuance costs. The net loss on extinguishment of debt we recorded in the three and nine months ended March 31, 2015 was \$1,220 and \$1,556, respectively. During the nine months ended March 31, 2015, we repaid \$4,988 aggregate principal amount of our Prospect Capital InterNotes® at par in accordance with the Survivor's Option, as defined in the InterNotes® Offering prospectus.

The following table summarizes the Prospect Capital InterNotes® outstanding as of June 30, 2015.

Tenor at			Weig	hted		
Origination	Principal	Interest Rate	Average		Maturity Date Range	
(in years)	Amount	Range	Intere	est	Watanty Date Range	
(III years)			Rate			
3	\$5,710	4.00%	4.00	%	October 15, 2016	
3.5	3,109	4.00%	4.00	%	April 15, 2017	
4	45,690	3.75%-4.00%	3.92	%	November 15, 2017 – May 15, 2018	
5	207,719	4.25%-5.00%	4.92	%	July 15, 2018 – May 15, 2019	
5.25	7,126	4.625%	4.63	%	August 15, 2020 – September 15, 2020	
5.5	115,184	4.25%-5.00%	4.65	%	February 15, 2019 – November 15, 2020	
6	2,197	3.375%	3.38	%	April 15, 2021 – May 15, 2021	
6.5	5,712	5.10%-5.50%	5.23	%	February 15, 2020 – December 15, 2021	
7	191,549	4.00%-5.85%	5.13	%	September 15, 2019 – June 15, 2022	
7.5	1,996	5.75%	5.75	%	February 15, 2021	
10	36,925	3.29%-7.00%	6.11	%	March 15, 2022 – May 15, 2024	
12	2,978	6.00%	6.00	%	November 15, 2025 – December 15, 2025	
15	17,385	5.00%-6.00%	5.14	%	May 15, 2028 – November 15, 2028	
18	22,729	4.125%-6.25%	65.52	%	December 15, 2030 – August 15, 2031	
20	4,530	5.75%-6.00%	5.89	%	November 15, 2032 – October 15, 2033	
25	36,320	6.25%-6.50%	6.39	%	August 15, 2038 – May 15, 2039	
30	120,583	5.50%-6.75%	6.23	%	November 15, 2042 – October 15, 2043	
	\$827,442					

In connection with the issuance of Prospect Capital InterNotes®, we incurred \$21,730 of fees which are being amortized over the term of the notes, of which \$15,882 remains to be amortized and is included within deferred financing costs on the Consolidated Statement of Assets and Liabilities as of March 31, 2016.

During the three months ended March 31, 2016 and March 31, 2015, we recorded \$12,283 and \$10,603, respectively, of interest costs and amortization of financing costs on the Prospect Capital InterNotes® as interest expense. During the nine months ended March 31, 2016 and March 31, 2015, we recorded \$36,120 and \$32,352, respectively, of interest costs and amortization of financing costs on the Prospect Capital InterNotes® as interest expense. Note 8. Fair Value and Maturity of Debt Outstanding

The following table shows the maximum draw amounts and outstanding borrowings of our Revolving Credit Facility, Convertible Notes, Public Notes and Prospect Capital InterNotes® as of March 31, 2016 and June 30, 2015.

	March 31, 2016		June 30, 2015	
	Maximum	Amount	Maximum	Amount
	Draw Amou	M utstanding	Draw Amou	M utstanding
Revolving Credit Facility	\$885,000	\$ —	\$885,000	\$ 368,700
Convertible Notes	1,089,000	1,089,000	1,239,500	1,239,500
Public Notes	708,242	708,242	548,094	548,094
Prospect Capital InterNotes®	898,535	898,535	827,442	827,442
Total	\$3,580,777	\$2,695,777	\$3,500,036	\$2,983,736
Revolving Credit Facility Convertible Notes Public Notes Prospect Capital InterNotes®	\$885,000 1,089,000 708,242 898,535	\$— 1,089,000 708,242 898,535	\$885,000 1,239,500 548,094 827,442	\$ 368,700 1,239,500 548,094 827,442

The following table shows the contractual maturities of our Revolving Credit Facility, Convertible Notes, Public Notes and Prospect Capital InterNotes® as of March 31, 2016.

Payments Due by Period

	Total	Less than 1 Year	1 – 3 Year	s3 – 5 Years	After 5 Years
Revolving Credit Facility	\$ —	_	\$ —	\$	\$—
Convertible Notes	1,089,000	167,500	529,500	392,000	_
Public Notes	708,242	_	_	300,000	408,242
Prospect Capital InterNotes®	898,535	5,710	238,357	352,128	302,340
Total Contractual Obligations	\$2,695,777	\$ 173,210	\$767,857	\$1,044,128	\$710,582

The following table shows the contractual maturities of our Revolving Credit Facility, Convertible Notes, Public Notes and Prospect Capital InterNotes® as of June 30, 2015.

Payments Due by Period

	Total	Less than 1 Year 1 – 3 Years3 – 5 Years			After 5
	Total	Year	1 – 3 1 car	Years	
Revolving Credit Facility	\$368,700	\$—	\$ —	\$368,700	\$ —
Convertible Notes	1,239,500	150,000	497,500	592,000	_
Public Notes	548,094	_	_	300,000	248,094
Prospect Capital InterNotes®	827,442	_	54,509	369,938	402,995
Total Contractual Obligations	\$2,983,736	\$ 150,000	\$552,009	\$1,630,638	\$651,089

As permitted by ASC 825-10-25, we have not elected to value our Revolving Credit Facility, Convertible Notes, Public Notes and Prospect Capital InterNotes® at fair value. The following table shows the fair value of these financial liabilities disaggregated into the three levels of the ASC 820 valuation hierarchy as of March 31, 2016.

Fair Value Hierarchy

	Levletvlel 2	Leve	l 3 Total
Revolving Credit Facility(1)	\$ -\$	\$	-\$
Convertible Notes(2)	— 1,031,939		1,031,939
Public Notes(2)	<i>—</i> 648,887		648,887
Prospect Capital InterNotes®(3) — 876,622		876,622
Total	\$ -\$ 2,557,448	\$	-\$2,557,448

- (1) The carrying value of our Revolving Credit Facility approximates the fair value.
- (2) We use available market quotes to estimate the fair value of the Convertible Notes and Public Notes.
- (3) The fair value of Prospect Capital InterNotes® is estimated by discounting remaining payments using current Treasury rates.

The following table shows the fair value of these financial liabilities disaggregated into the three levels of the ASC 820 valuation hierarchy as of June 30, 2015.

Fair Value Hierarchy

	Levletylel 2	Leve	el 3 Total
Revolving Credit Facility(1)	\$ -\$ 368,700	\$	-\$368,700
Convertible Notes(2)	1,244,402		1,244,402
Public Notes(2)	— 564,052		564,052
Prospect Capital InterNotes®(3) — 848,387		848,387
Total	\$ -\$ 3,025,541	\$	-\$3,025,541

- (1) The carrying value of our Revolving Credit Facility approximates the fair value.
- (2) We use available market quotes to estimate the fair value of the Convertible Notes and Public Notes.

(3) The fair value of Prospect Capital InterNotes® is estimated by discounting remaining payments using current Treasury rates.

Note 9. Stock Repurchase Program, Equity Offerings, Offering Expenses, and Distributions

On August 24, 2011, our Board of Directors approved a share repurchase plan (the "Repurchase Program") under which we may repurchase up to \$100,000 of our common stock at prices below our net asset value per share. Prior to any repurchase, we are required to notify shareholders of our intention to purchase our common stock. We delivered a notice with our annual proxy mailing on September 23, 2015 and our most recent notice was delivered with a shareholder letter mailing on February 2, 2016. This notice extends for six months after the date that notice is delivered.

During the nine months ended March 31, 2016, we repurchased 4,708,750 shares of our common stock pursuant to our Repurchase Program for \$34,140, or approximately \$7.25 weighted average price per share at approximately a 30% discount to net asset value as of June 30, 2015. Our NAV per share was increased by approximately \$0.02 for the nine months ended March 31, 2016 as a result of the share repurchases.

There were no repurchases made for the three months ended March 31, 2016 under our Repurchase Program.

Nine
Months
Repurchases of Common Stock
Ended
March 31,
2016

Dollar amount repurchased \$34,140

Shares Repurchased 4,708,750

Weighted average price per share 0.01

Weighted average discount to June 30, 2015 net asset value 30 %

Excluding dividend reinvestments, during the nine months ended March 31, 2016 we did not issue any shares of our common stock. Excluding dividend reinvestments, we issued 14,845,556 shares of our common stock during the nine months ended March 31, 2015. The following table summarizes our issuances of common stock during the nine months ended March 31, 2015.

Issuances of Common Stock	Number of	Gross	Underwriting	Offering	Average
Issuances of Common Stock	Shares Issued	Proceeds	Fees	Expenses	Offering Price
During the nine months ended March 31, 20	15:				
September 11, 2014 – November 3, 2014(1)	9,490,975	\$95,149	\$ 474	\$ 175	\$ 10.03
November 17, 2014 – December 3, 2014(1)	5,354,581	\$51,678	\$ 268	\$ 410	\$ 9.65

(1) Shares were issued in connection with our at-the-market offering program which we enter into from time to time with various counterparties.

Our shareholders' equity accounts as of March 31, 2016 and June 30, 2015 reflect cumulative shares issued as of those respective dates. Our common stock has been issued through public offerings, a registered direct offering, the exercise of over-allotment options on the part of the underwriters, our dividend reinvestment plan and in connection with the acquisition of certain controlled portfolio companies. When our common stock is issued, the related offering expenses have been charged against paid-in capital in excess of par. All underwriting fees and offering expenses were borne by us.

On November 3, 2015, our Registration Statement on Form N-2 was declared effective by the SEC. Under this Shelf Registration Statement, we can issue up to \$4,822,456 of additional debt and equity securities in the public market as of March 31, 2016.

During the nine months ended March 31, 2016 and March 31, 2015, we distributed approximately \$266,920 and \$331,863, respectively, to our stockholders. The following table summarizes our distributions declared and payable for the nine months ended March 31, 2015 and March 31, 2016.

Declaration Date	Record Date	Payment Date	Amount Per Share	Amount Distributed (in thousands)
2/3/2014	7/31/2014	8/21/2014	\$0.110475	\$ 37,863
2/3/2014	8/29/2014	9/18/2014	0.110500	37,885
2/3/2014	9/30/2014	10/22/2014	0.110525	38,519
5/6/2014	10/31/2014	11/20/2014	0.110550	38,977
5/6/2014	11/28/2014	12/18/2014	0.110575	39,583
5/6/2014	12/31/2014	1/22/2015	0.110600	39,623
9/24/2014	1/30/2015	2/19/2015	0.110625	39,648
12/8/2014	2/27/2015	3/19/2015	0.083330	29,878
12/8/2014	3/31/2015	4/23/2015	0.083330	29,887
Total declared and	d payable for t	the nine mon	ths ended	\$ 331,863
March 31, 2015				\$ 331,803
5/6/2015	7/31/2015	8/20/2015	\$0.083330	\$ 29,909
5/6/2015	8/31/2015	9/17/2015	0.083330	29,605
8/24/2015	9/30/2015	10/22/2015	0.083330	29,601
8/24/2015	10/30/2015	11/19/2015	0.083330	29,600
11/4/2015	11/30/2015	12/24/2015	0.083330	29,611
11/4/2015	12/31/2015	1/21/2016	0.083330	29,616
11/4/2015	1/29/2016	2/18/2016	0.083330	29,641
2/9/2016	2/29/2016	3/24/2016	0.083330	29,662
2/9/2016	3/31/2016	4/21/2016	0.083330	29,675
Total declared and	\$ 266,920			
March 31, 2016				φ 200,920

Dividends and distributions to common stockholders are recorded on the ex-dividend date. As such, the table above includes distributions with record dates during the nine months ended March 31, 2016 and March 31, 2015. It does not include distributions previously declared to stockholders of record on any future dates, as those amounts are not yet determinable. The following dividends were previously declared and will be payable subsequent to March 31, 2016: \$0.08333 per share for March 2016 to holders of record on March 31, 2016 with a payment date of April 21, 2016. \$0.08333 per share for April 2016 to holders of record on April 29, 2016 with a payment date of May 19, 2016. During the nine months ended March 31, 2016 and March 31, 2015, we issued 1,731,768 and 1,189,248 shares of our common stock, respectively, in connection with the dividend reinvestment plan.

On February 9, 2016, we amended our dividend reinvestment plan that already provides for reinvestment of our dividends or distributions on behalf of our stockholders, unless a stockholder elects to receive cash, to add the ability of stockholders to purchase additional shares by making optional cash investments. Under the revised dividend reinvestment and direct stock repurchase plan, stockholders may elect to purchase additional shares through our transfer agent in the open market or in negotiated transactions.

During nine months ended March 31, 2016, Prospect Capital officers purchased 16,198,071 shares of our stock, or 4.6% of total outstanding shares as of March 31, 2016, both through the open market transactions and shares issued in connection with our dividend reinvestment plan.

As of March 31, 2016, we have reserved 89,219,237 shares of our common stock for issuance upon conversion of the Convertible Notes (see Note 5).

Note 10. Other Income

Other income consists of structuring fees, overriding royalty interests, revenue receipts related to net profit interests, deal deposits, administrative agent fees, and other miscellaneous and sundry cash receipts. The following table shows income from such sources during the three and nine months ended March 31, 2016 and March 31, 2015.

	Three M Ended March		Nine Months Ended March 31,	
	2016	2015	2016	2015
Structuring and amendment fees (refer to Note 3)	\$213	\$3,380	\$10,967	\$24,988
Royalty and Net Revenue interests	1,732	1,390	5,471	3,218
Administrative agent fees	255	216	637	494
Total Other Income	\$2,200	\$4,986	\$17,075	\$28,700

Note 11. Net Increase in Net Assets per Share

The following information sets forth the computation of net increase in net assets resulting from operations per share during the three and nine months ended March 31, 2016 and March 31, 2015.

	Three Months Ende	ed Nine Months Ended
	March 31,	March 31,
	2016 2015	2016 2015
Net increase in net assets resulting from operations	\$75,508 \$ 81,492	\$8,205 \$ 251,570
Weighted average common shares outstanding	355,779,0888,449,3	04 355,994,39217,922,217
Net increase in net assets resulting from operations per share	\$0.21 \$ 0.23	\$0.02 \$ 0.71
N . 10 I		

Note 12. Income Taxes

While our fiscal year end for financial reporting purposes is June 30 of each year, our tax year end is August 31 of each year. The information presented in this footnote is based on our tax year end for each period presented, unless otherwise specified. The tax return for the tax year ended August 31, 2015 has not been filed. Taxable income and all amounts related to taxable income for the tax year ended August 31, 2015 are estimates and will not be fully determined until the Company's tax return is filed.

For income tax purposes, dividends paid and distributions made to shareholders are reported as ordinary income, capital gains, non-taxable return of capital, or a combination thereof. The tax character of dividends paid to shareholders during the tax years ended August 31, 2015, 2014 and 2013 were as follows:

	Tax Year Ended August 31,			
	2015	2014	2013	
Ordinary income	\$413,640	\$413,051	\$282,621	
Capital gain	_		_	
Return of capital	_	_	_	
Total dividends paid to shareholders	\$413,640	\$413,051	\$282,621	

For the tax year ending August 31, 2016, the tax character of dividends paid to shareholders through March 31, 2016 is expected to be ordinary income. Because of the difference between our fiscal and tax year ends, the final determination of the tax character of dividends will not be made until we file our tax return for the tax year ending August 31, 2016.

Taxable income generally differs from net increase in net assets resulting from operations for financial reporting purposes due to temporary and permanent differences in the recognition of income and expenses, and generally excludes net unrealized gains or losses, as unrealized gains or losses are generally not included in taxable income until they are realized. The following reconciles the net increase in net assets resulting from operations to taxable income for the tax years ended August 31, 2015, 2014 and 2013:

	Tax Year Ended August 31,		
	2015	2014	2013
Net increase in net assets resulting from operations	\$360,572	\$317,671	\$238,721
Net realized loss on investments	164,230	28,244	24,632
Net unrealized (appreciation) depreciation on investments	(157,745)	24,638	77,835
Other temporary book-to-tax differences	98,289	(9,122)	(6,994)
Permanent differences	2,436	(4,317)	5,939
Taxable income before deductions for distributions	\$467,782	\$357,114	\$340,133

Capital losses in excess of capital gains earned in a tax year may generally be carried forward and used to offset capital gains, subject to certain limitations. The Regulated Investment Company Modernization Act (the "RIC Modernization Act") was enacted on December 22, 2010. Under the RIC Modernization Act, capital losses incurred by taxpayers in taxable years beginning after the date of enactment will be allowed to be carried forward indefinitely and are allowed to retain their character as either short-term or long-term losses. As such, the capital loss carryforwards generated by us after the August 31, 2011 tax year will not be subject to expiration. Any losses incurred in post-enactment tax years will be required to be utilized prior to the losses incurred in pre-enactment tax years. As of August 31, 2015, we had capital loss carryforwards of approximately \$295,106 available for use in later tax years. Of the amount available as of August 31, 2015, \$32,612 and \$46,156 will expire on August 31, 2017 and 2018, respectively, and \$216,338 is not subject to expiration. The unused balance each year will be carried forward and utilized as gains are realized, subject to limitations. While our ability to utilize losses in the future depends upon a variety of factors that cannot be known in advance, substantially all of the Company's capital loss carryforwards may become permanently unavailable due to limitations by the Code.

For the tax year ended August 31, 2015, we estimated taxable income in excess of the distributions made and we will elect to carry forward the excess for distribution to shareholders in the tax year ending August 31, 2016. The cumulative amount carried forward to 2016 is expected to be approximately \$103,613. For the tax year ended August 31, 2014, we had distributions in excess of taxable income. After the excess distributions, we still had cumulative taxable income in excess of cumulative distributions, and therefore, we elected to carry forward the excess for distribution to shareholders in the tax year ended August 31, 2015. The amount carried forward to 2015 was approximately \$49,471. For the tax year ended August 31, 2013, we had taxable income in excess of the distributions made from such taxable income during the year, and therefore, we elected to carry forward the excess for distribution to shareholders in the tax year ended August 31, 2014. The amount carried forward to 2014 was approximately \$105,408.

As of March 31, 2016, the cost basis of investments for tax purposes was \$6,292,766 resulting in estimated gross unrealized appreciation and depreciation of \$215,114 and \$502,775, respectively. As of June 30, 2015, the cost basis of investments for tax purposes was \$6,599,876 resulting in estimated gross unrealized appreciation and depreciation of \$263,892 and \$254,210, respectively. Due to the difference between our fiscal year end and tax year end, the cost basis of our investments for tax purposes as of March 31, 2016 and June 30, 2015 was calculated based on the book cost of investments as of March 31, 2016 and June 30, 2015, respectively, with cumulative book-to-tax adjustments for investments through August 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively.

In general, we may make certain adjustments to the classification of net assets as a result of permanent book-to-tax differences, which may include merger-related items, differences in the book and tax basis of certain assets and liabilities, and nondeductible federal excise taxes, among other items. During the tax year ended August 31, 2015, we decreased overdistributed net investment income by \$2,435, increased accumulated net realized loss on investments by \$8,542 and increased capital in excess of par value by \$6,107. During the tax year ended August 31, 2014, we increased accumulated overdistributed net investment income by \$4,316, decreased accumulated net realized loss on investments by \$3,384 and decreased capital in excess of par value by \$932. Due to the difference between our fiscal and tax year end, the reclassifications for the taxable year ended August 31, 2015 is being recorded in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2016 and the reclassifications for the taxable year ended August 31, 2014 were recorded in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015.

Note 13. Related Party Agreements and Transactions

Investment Advisory Agreement

On December 23, 2014, the Investment Adviser, Prospect Capital Management LLC, converted into a Delaware limited partnership and is now known as Prospect Capital Management L.P. (continues as the Investment Adviser). We have entered into an investment advisory and management agreement with the Investment Adviser (the "Investment Advisory Agreement") under which the Investment Adviser, subject to the overall supervision of our Board of Directors, manages the day-to-day operations of, and provides investment advisory services to, us. Under the terms of the Investment Advisory Agreement, the Investment Adviser: (i) determines the composition of our portfolio, the nature and timing of the changes to our portfolio and the manner of implementing such changes, (ii) identifies, evaluates and negotiates the structure of the investments we make (including performing due diligence on our prospective portfolio companies); and (iii) closes and monitors investments we make.

The Investment Adviser's services under the Investment Advisory Agreement are not exclusive, and it is free to furnish similar services to other entities so long as its services to us are not impaired. For providing these services the Investment Adviser receives a fee from us, consisting of two components: a base management fee and an incentive fee. The base management fee is calculated at an annual rate of 2.00% on our gross assets (including amounts borrowed). For services currently rendered under the Investment Advisory Agreement, the base management fee is payable quarterly in arrears. The base management fee is calculated based on the average value of our gross assets at the end of the two most recently completed calendar quarters and appropriately adjusted for any share issuances or repurchases during the current calendar quarter.

The total gross base management fee incurred to the favor of the Investment Adviser was \$31,442 and \$33,679 during the three months ended March 31, 2016 and March 31, 2015, respectively. The total gross base management fee incurred to the favor of the Investment Adviser was \$97,109 and \$100,878 during the nine months ended March 31, 2016 and March 31, 2015, respectively.

The Investment Adviser has entered into a servicing agreement with certain institutions who purchased loans with us, where we serve as the agent and collect a servicing fee on behalf of the Investment Adviser. During the three and nine months ended March 31, 2016, we received payments of \$465 and \$1,397, respectively, from these institutions, on behalf of the Investment Adviser, for providing such services under the servicing agreement. We were given a credit for these payments, which reduced the base management fee payable to \$30,977 and \$95,712 for the three and nine months ended March 31, 2016, respectively. No such payments were received during the three and nine months ended March 31, 2015.

The incentive fee has two parts. The first part, the income incentive fee, is calculated and payable quarterly in arrears based on our pre-incentive fee net investment income for the immediately preceding calendar quarter. For this purpose, pre-incentive fee net investment income means interest income, dividend income and any other income (including any other fees (other than fees for providing managerial assistance), such as commitment, origination, structuring, diligence and consulting fees and other fees that we receive from portfolio companies) accrued during the calendar quarter, minus our operating expenses for the quarter (including the base management fee, expenses payable under the Administration Agreement described below, and any interest expense and dividends paid on any issued and outstanding preferred stock, but excluding the incentive fee). Pre-incentive fee net investment income includes, in the case of investments with a deferred interest feature (such as original issue discount, debt instruments with payment-in-kind interest and zero coupon securities), accrued income that we have not yet received in cash. Pre-incentive fee net investment income does not include any realized capital gains, realized capital losses or unrealized capital appreciation or depreciation. Pre-incentive fee net investment income, expressed as a rate of return on the value of our net assets at the end of the immediately preceding calendar quarter, is compared to a "hurdle rate" of 1.75% per quarter (7.00% annualized).

The net investment income used to calculate this part of the incentive fee is also included in the amount of the gross assets used to calculate the 2.00% base management fee. We pay the Investment Adviser an income incentive fee with respect to our pre-incentive fee net investment income in each calendar quarter as follows:

No incentive fee in any calendar quarter in which our pre-incentive fee net investment income does not exceed the hurdle rate;

•

100.00% of our pre-incentive fee net investment income with respect to that portion of such pre-incentive fee net investment income, if any, that exceeds the hurdle rate but is less than 125.00% of the quarterly hurdle rate in any calendar quarter (8.75% annualized assuming a 7.00% annualized hurdle rate); and 20.00% of the amount of our pre-incentive fee net investment income, if any, that exceeds 125.00% of the quarterly hurdle rate in any calendar quarter (8.75% annualized assuming a 7.00% annualized hurdle rate).

These calculations are appropriately prorated for any period of less than three months and adjusted for any share issuances or repurchases during the current quarter.

The second part of the incentive fee, the capital gains incentive fee, is determined and payable in arrears as of the end of each calendar year (or upon termination of the Investment Advisory Agreement, as of the termination date), and equals 20.00% of our realized capital gains for the calendar year, if any, computed net of all realized capital losses and unrealized capital depreciation at the end of such year. In determining the capital gains incentive fee payable to the Investment Adviser, we calculate the aggregate realized capital gains, aggregate realized capital losses and aggregate unrealized capital depreciation, as applicable, with respect to each investment that has been in its portfolio. For the purpose of this calculation, an "investment" is defined as the total of all rights and claims which may be asserted against a portfolio company arising from our participation in the debt, equity, and other financial instruments issued by that company. Aggregate realized capital gains, if any, equal the sum of the differences between the aggregate net sales price of each investment and the aggregate cost basis of such investment when sold or otherwise disposed. Aggregate realized capital losses equal the sum of the amounts by which the aggregate net sales price of each investment is less than the aggregate cost basis of such investment when sold or otherwise disposed. Aggregate unrealized capital depreciation equals the sum of the differences, if negative, between the aggregate valuation of each investment and the aggregate cost basis of such investment as of the applicable calendar year-end. At the end of the applicable calendar year, the amount of capital gains that serves as the basis for our calculation of the capital gains incentive fee involves netting aggregate realized capital gains against aggregate realized capital losses on a since-inception basis and then reducing this amount by the aggregate unrealized capital depreciation. If this number is positive, then the capital gains incentive fee payable is equal to 20.00% of such amount, less the aggregate amount of any capital gains incentive fees paid since inception.

The total income incentive fee incurred was \$21,906, and \$21,860 during the three months ended March 31, 2016 and March 31, 2015, respectively. The fees incurred for the nine months ended March 31, 2016 and March 31, 2015 were \$69,940 and \$68,307, respectively. No capital gains incentive fee was incurred during the three or nine months ended March 31, 2016 and March 31, 2015.

Administration Agreement

We have also entered into an administration agreement (the "Administration Agreement") with Prospect Administration under which Prospect Administration, among other things, provides (or arranges for the provision of) administrative services and facilities for us. For providing these services, we reimburse Prospect Administration for our allocable portion of overhead incurred by Prospect Administration in performing its obligations under the Administration Agreement, including rent and our allocable portion of the costs of our Chief Financial Officer and Chief Compliance Officer and his staff. Under this agreement, Prospect Administration furnishes us with office facilities, equipment and clerical, bookkeeping and record keeping services at such facilities. Prospect Administration also performs, or oversees the performance of, our required administrative services, which include, among other things, being responsible for the financial records that we are required to maintain and preparing reports to our stockholders and reports filed with the SEC. In addition, Prospect Administration assists us in determining and publishing our net asset value, overseeing the preparation and filing of our tax returns and the printing and dissemination of reports to our stockholders, and generally oversees the payment of our expenses and the performance of administrative and professional services rendered to us by others. Under the Administration Agreement, Prospect Administration also provides on our behalf managerial assistance to those portfolio companies to which we are required to provide such assistance (see Managerial Assistance section below). The Administration Agreement may be terminated by either party without penalty upon 60 days' written notice to the other party. Prospect Administration is a subsidiary of the Investment Adviser.

The Administration Agreement provides that, absent willful misfeasance, bad faith or negligence in the performance of its duties or by reason of the reckless disregard of its duties and obligations, Prospect Administration and its officers, managers, partners, agents, employees, controlling persons, members and any other person or entity affiliated with it are entitled to indemnification from us for any damages, liabilities, costs and expenses (including reasonable attorneys' fees and amounts reasonably paid in settlement) arising from the rendering of Prospect Administration's services under the Administration Agreement or otherwise as administrator for us. Our payments to Prospect Administration are periodically reviewed by our Board of Directors.

The allocation of gross overhead expense from Prospect Administration was \$5,698 and \$6,021 for the three months ended March 31, 2016 and March 31, 2015, respectively. Prospect Administration received estimated payments of \$2,762 and \$3,037 directly from our portfolio companies and certain funds managed by the Investment Adviser for legal, tax and portfolio level accounting services during the three months ended March 31, 2016 and March 31, 2015, respectively. We were given a credit for these payments as a reduction of the administrative services cost payable by us to Prospect Administration, resulting in net overhead expense of \$2,936 and \$2,984 during the three months ended March 31, 2016 and March 31, 2015, respectively. Had Prospect Administration not received these payments, Prospect Administration's charges for its administrative services would have increased by these amounts. (See Managerial Assistance below and Note 14 for further discussion.)

The allocation of gross overhead expense from Prospect Administration was \$14,725 and \$13,998 for the nine months ended March 31, 2016 and March 31, 2015, respectively. During the nine months ended March 31, 2016, we renegotiated the managerial assistance agreement with First Tower LLC and reversed \$1,200 of previously accrued managerial assistance at First Tower Delaware as the fee was paid by First Tower LLC, which decreased our overhead allocation. We also incurred \$379 of overhead expense related to our consolidated entity SB Forging. Prospect Administration received estimated payments of 5,611 and \$5,584 directly from our portfolio companies and certain funds managed by the Investment Adviser for legal, tax and portfolio level accounting services during the nine months ended March 31, 2016 and March 31, 2015, respectively. We were given a credit for these payments as a reduction of the administrative services cost payable by us to Prospect Administration, resulting in net overhead expense of \$9,114 and \$8,414 during the nine months ended March 31, 2016 and March 31, 2015, respectively. Had Prospect Administration not received these payments, Prospect Administration's charges for its administrative services would have increased by these amounts. (See Managerial Assistance section below and Note 14 for further discussion.)

As a BDC, we are obligated under the 1940 Act to make available to certain of our portfolio companies significant managerial assistance. "Making available significant managerial assistance" refers to any arrangement whereby we provide significant guidance and counsel concerning the management, operations, or business objectives and policies of a portfolio company. We are also deemed to be providing managerial assistance to all portfolio companies that we control, either by ourselves or in conjunction with others. The nature and extent of significant managerial assistance provided by us to controlled and non-controlled portfolio companies will vary according to the particular needs of each portfolio company. Examples of such activities include (i) advice on recruiting, hiring, management and termination of employees, officers and directors, succession planning and other human resource matters; (ii) advice on capital raising, capital budgeting, and capital expenditures; (iii) advice on advertising, marketing, and sales; (iv) advice on fulfillment, operations, and execution; (v) advice on managing relationships with unions and other personnel organizations, financing sources, vendors, customers, lessors, lessees, lawyers, accountants, regulators and other important counterparties; (vi) evaluating acquisition and divestiture opportunities, plant expansions and closings, and market expansions; (vii) participating in audit committee, nominating committee, board and management meetings; (viii) consulting with and advising board members and officers of portfolio companies (on overall strategy and other matters); and (ix) providing other organizational, operational, managerial and financial guidance. Prospect Administration, when performing a managerial assistance agreement executed with each portfolio company to which we provide managerial assistance, arranges for the provision of such managerial assistance on our behalf. When doing so, Prospect Administration utilizes personnel of our Investment Adviser. We, on behalf of Prospect Administration, invoice portfolio companies receiving and paying for managerial assistance, and we remit to Prospect Administration its cost of providing such services, including the charges deemed appropriate by our Investment Adviser for providing such managerial assistance. No income is recognized by Prospect. During the three months ended March 31, 2016 and March 31, 2015, we received payments of \$1,193 and \$1,230,

During the three months ended March 31, 2016 and March 31, 2015, we received payments of \$1,193 and \$1,230, respectively, from our portfolio companies for managerial assistance and subsequently remitted these amounts to Prospect Administration. During the nine months ended March 31, 2016 and March 31, 2015, we received payments of \$3,813 and \$3,795 respectively, from our portfolio companies for managerial assistance and subsequently remitted these amounts to Prospect Administration. During the nine months ended March 31, 2016, we reversed \$1,200 of managerial assistance expense related to our consolidated entity First Tower Delaware which was included within allocation from Prospect Administration on our Consolidated Statement of Operations for the nine months ended March 31, 2016. The \$1,200 was subsequently paid to Prospect Administration by First Tower LLC, the operating company. See Note 14 for further discussion.

Co-Investments

On February 10, 2014, we received an exemptive order from the SEC (the "Order") that gave us the ability to negotiate terms other than price and quantity of co-investment transactions with other funds managed by the Investment Adviser or certain affiliates, including Priority Income Fund, Inc. and Pathway Energy Infrastructure Fund, Inc., subject to the conditions included therein. Under the terms of the relief permitting us to co-invest with other funds managed by our Investment Adviser or its affiliates, a "required majority" (as defined in Section 57(o) of the 1940 Act) of our independent directors must make certain conclusions in connection with a co-investment transaction, including that

(1) the terms of the proposed transaction, including the consideration to be paid, are reasonable and fair to us and our stockholders and do not involve overreaching of us or our stockholders on the part of any person concerned and (2) the transaction is consistent with the interests of our stockholders and is consistent with our investment objective and strategies. In certain situations where co-investment with one or more funds managed by the Investment Adviser or its affiliates is not covered by the Order, such as when there is an opportunity to invest in different securities of the same issuer, the personnel of the Investment Adviser or its affiliates will need to decide which fund will proceed with the investment. Such personnel will make these determinations based on policies and procedures, which are designed to reasonably ensure that investment

opportunities are allocated fairly and equitably among affiliated funds over time and in a manner that is consistent with applicable laws, rules and regulations. Moreover, except in certain circumstances, when relying on the Order, we will be unable to invest in any issuer in which one or more funds managed by the Investment Adviser or its affiliates has previously invested.

As of March 31, 2016, we had co-investments with Priority Income Fund, Inc. in the following CLO funds: Apidos CLO XXII, Babson CLO Ltd. 2014-III; Cent CLO 21 Limited, CIFC Funding 2014-IV Investor, Ltd., Galaxy XVII CLO, Ltd., Halcyon Loan Advisors Funding 2014-2 Ltd., Halcyon Loan Advisors Funding 2015-3 Ltd., HarbourView CLO VII, Ltd., Jefferson Mill CLO Ltd., Mountain View CLO IX Ltd., Octagon Investment Partners XVIII, Ltd., Symphony CLO XIV Ltd., Voya IM CLO 2014-1 Ltd. and Washington Mill CLO Ltd.

Note 14. Transactions with Controlled Companies

The descriptions below detail the transactions which Prospect Capital Corporation ("Prospect") has entered into with each of our controlled companies. Certain of the controlled entities discussed below were consolidated effective July 1, 2014 (see Note 1). As such, transactions with these Consolidated Holding Companies for the three and nine months ended March 31, 2016 are presented on a consolidated basis.

Airmall Inc.

As of June 30, 2014, Prospect owned 100% of the equity of AMU Holdings Inc. ("AMU"), a Consolidated Holding Company. AMU owned 98% of Airmall Inc. (f/k/a Airmall USA Holdings, Inc.) ("Airmall"). Airmall is a developer and manager of airport retail operations.

On July 30, 2010, Prospect made a \$22,420 investment in AMU, of which \$12,500 was a senior subordinated note and \$9,920 was used to purchase 100% of the preferred and common equity of AMU. AMU used its combined debt and equity proceeds of \$22,420 to purchase 100% of Airmall's common stock for \$18,000, to pay \$1,573 of structuring fees from AMU to Prospect (which was recognized by Prospect as structuring fee income), \$836 of third party expenses, \$11 of legal services provided by attorneys at Prospect Administration, and \$2,000 of withholding tax. Prospect then purchased for \$30,000 two loans of Airmall payable to unrealized third parties, one for \$10,000 and the other \$20,000. Prospect and Airmall subsequently refinanced the two loans into a single \$30,000 loan from Airmall to Prospect.

On October 1, 2013, Prospect made an additional \$2,600 investment in the senior subordinated note, of which \$575 was utilized by AMU to pay interest due to Prospect and \$2,025 was retained by AMU for working capital. On November 25, 2013, Prospect funded an additional \$5,000 to the senior subordinated note, which was utilized by AMU to pay a \$5,000 dividend to Prospect. On December 4, 2013, Prospect sold 2% of the outstanding principal balance of the senior secured term loan to Airmall and 2% of the outstanding principal balance of the senior subordinated note to AMU for \$972.

On June 13, 2014, Prospect made a new \$19,993 investment as a senior secured loan to Airmall. Airmall then distributed this amount to AMU as a return of capital, which AMU used to pay down the senior subordinated loan in the same amount. The minority interest held by a third party in AMU was exchanged for common stock of Airmall. On July 1, 2014, Prospect began consolidating AMU. As a result, any transactions between AMU and Prospect are eliminated in consolidation and as such, transactions after July 1, 2014 are not presented below.

On August 1, 2014, Prospect sold its investments in Airmall for net proceeds of \$51,379 and realized a loss of \$3,473 on the sale. In addition, there is \$6,000 being held in escrow, of which 98% is due to Prospect, which will be recognized as an additional realized loss if it is not received. Included in the net proceeds were \$3,000 of structuring fees from Airmall related to the sale of the operating company which was recognized as other income during the year ended June 30, 2015. On October 22, 2014, Prospect received a tax refund of \$665 related to its investment in Airmall and realized a gain of the same amount. On March 21, 2016, Prospect received \$1,720 of the escrow proceeds which reduced the cost basis of the escrow receivable held on the balance sheet.

In addition to the repayments noted above, the following amounts were paid from Airmall to Prospect and recorded by Prospect as repayment of loan receivable:

Three Months Ended March 31, 2015 \$ — Three Months Ended March 31, 2016 — Nine Months Ended March 31, 2015 47,580 Nine Months Ended March 31, 2016 —

The following interest payments were accrued and paid from Airmall to Prospect and recognized by Prospect as interest income:

Three Months Ended March 31, 2015 \$ —

Three Months Ended March 31, 2016 —

Nine Months Ended March 31, 2015 576

Nine Months Ended March 31, 2016 —

The following managerial assistance payments were paid from Airmall to Prospect and subsequently remitted to Prospect Administration (no income was recognized by Prospect):

Three Months Ended March 31, 2015 \$ —

Three Months Ended March 31, 2016 —

Nine Months Ended March 31, 2015 75

Nine Months Ended March 31, 2016 —

The following payments were paid from Airmall to Prospect Administration as reimbursement for legal, tax and portfolio level accounting services provided directly to Airmall (no direct income was recognized by Prospect, but Prospect was given credit for these payments as a reduction of the administrative services costs payable by Prospect to Prospect Administration):

Three Months Ended March 31, 2015 \$ —

Three Months Ended March 31, 2016 —

Nine Months Ended March 31, 2015 730

Nine Months Ended March 31, 2016 —

American Property REIT Corp.

Prospect owns 100% of the equity of APH Property Holdings, LLC ("APH"), a Consolidated Holding Company. APH owns 100% of the common equity of American Property REIT Corp. (f/k/a American Property Holdings Corp.) ("APRC"). APRC is a Maryland corporation and a qualified REIT for federal income tax purposes. In order to qualify as a REIT, APRC issued 125 shares of Series A Cumulative Non-Voting Preferred Stock to 125 accredited investors. The preferred stockholders are entitled to receive cumulative dividends semi-annually at an annual rate of 12.5% and do not have the ability to participate in the management or operation of APRC.

APRC was formed to hold for investment, operate, finance, lease, manage, and sell a portfolio of real estate assets and engage in any and all other activities as may be necessary, incidental or convenient to carry out the foregoing. APRC acquires real estate assets, including, but not limited to, industrial, commercial, and multi-family properties. APRC may acquire real estate assets directly or through joint ventures by making a majority equity investment in a property-owning entity (the "JV").

On October 24, 2012, Prospect initially made a \$7,808 investment in APH, of which \$6,000 was a Senior Term Loan and \$1,808 was used to purchase the membership interests of APH. The proceeds were utilized by APH to purchase APRC common equity for \$7,806, with \$2 retained by APH for working capital. The proceeds were utilized by APRC to purchase a 100% ownership interest in 146 Forest Parkway, LLC for \$7,326, pay a \$250 non-refundable deposit and \$222 of structuring fees to Prospect (which was recognized by Prospect as structuring fee income), with \$8 retained by APRC for working capital. 146 Forest Parkway, LLC was purchased for \$7,400. The remaining proceeds were used to pay \$168 of third party expenses and \$5 of legal services provided by attorneys at Prospect Administration, with \$3 retained by the JV for working capital. The investment was subsequently contributed to NPRC.

On December 28, 2012, Prospect made a \$9,594 investment in APH, of which \$6,400 was a Senior Term Loan and \$3,194 was used to purchase additional membership interests of APH. The proceeds were utilized by APH to purchase additional APRC common equity for \$9,594. The proceeds were utilized by APRC to purchase a 92.7% ownership interest in 1557 Terrell Mill Road, LLC for \$9,548, with \$46 retained by APRC for other expenses. The JV was purchased for \$23,500 which included debt financing and minority interest of \$15,275 and \$757, respectively. The remaining proceeds were used to pay \$286 of structuring fees to Prospect (which was recognized by Prospect as structuring fee income) and \$1,652 of third party expenses, with \$142 retained by the JV for working capital.

On January 17, 2013, Prospect made a \$30,348 investment in APH, of which \$27,600 was a Senior Term Loan and \$2,748 was used to purchase additional membership interests of APH. The proceeds were utilized by APH to purchase additional APRC common equity for \$29,348, with \$1,000 retained by APH for working capital. The proceeds were utilized by APRC to purchase a 97.7% ownership interest in 5100 Live Oaks Blvd, LLC for \$29,348. The JV was purchased for \$63,400 which included debt financing and minority interest of \$39,600 and \$686, respectively. The remaining proceeds were used to pay \$880 of structuring fees to Prospect (which was recognized by Prospect as structuring fee income), \$4,265 of third party expenses, \$14 of legal services provided by attorneys at Prospect Administration, and \$1,030 of prepaid assets, with \$45 retained by the JV for working capital. The investment was subsequently contributed to NPRC.

On April 30, 2013, Prospect made a \$10,383 investment in APH, of which \$9,000 was a Senior Term Loan and \$1,383 was used to purchase additional membership interests of APH. The proceeds were utilized by APH to purchase additional APRC common equity for \$10,233, with \$150 retained by APH for working capital. The proceeds were utilized by APRC to purchase a 93.2% ownership interest in Lofton Place, LLC for \$10,233. The JV was purchased for \$26,000 which included debt financing and minority interest of \$16,965 and \$745, respectively. The remaining proceeds were used to pay \$306 of structuring fees to Prospect (which was recognized by Prospect as structuring fee income), \$1,223 of third party expenses, \$5 of legal services provided by attorneys at Prospect Administration, and \$364 of prepaid assets, with \$45 retained by the JV for working capital.

On April 30, 2013, Prospect made a \$10,863 investment in APH, of which \$9,000 was a Senior Term Loan and \$1,863 was used to purchase additional membership interests of APH. The proceeds were utilized by APH to purchase additional APRC common equity for \$10,708, with \$155 retained by APH for working capital. The proceeds were utilized by APRC to purchase a 93.2% ownership interest in Vista Palma Sola, LLC for \$10,708. The JV was purchased for \$27,000 which included debt financing and minority interest of \$17,550 and \$785, respectively. The remaining proceeds were used to pay \$321 of structuring fees to Prospect (which was recognized by Prospect as structuring fee income), \$1,272 of third party expenses, \$4 of legal services provided by attorneys at Prospect Administration, and \$401 of prepaid assets, with \$45 retained by the JV for working capital.

On May 8, 2013, Prospect made a \$6,118 investment in APH, of which \$4,000 was a Senior Term Loan and \$2,118 was used to purchase additional membership interests of APH. The proceeds were utilized by APH to purchase additional APRC common equity for \$6,028, with \$90 retained by APH for working capital. The proceeds were utilized by APRC to purchase a 93.3% ownership interest in Arlington Park Marietta, LLC for \$6,028. Arlington Park Marietta, LLC was purchased for \$14,850 which included debt financing and minority interest of \$9,650 and \$437, respectively. The remaining proceeds were used to pay \$181 of structuring fees to Prospect (which was recognized by Prospect as structuring fee income), \$911 of third party expenses, and \$128 of prepaid assets, with \$45 retained by the JV for working capital.

On June 24, 2013, Prospect made a \$76,533 investment in APH, of which \$63,000 was a Senior Term Loan and \$13,533 was used to purchase additional membership interests of APH. The proceeds were utilized by APH to purchase additional APRC common equity for \$75,233, with \$1,300 retained by APH for working capital. The proceeds were utilized by APRC to purchase a 95.0% ownership interest in APH Carroll Resort, LLC for \$74,398 and to pay \$835 of structuring fees to Prospect (which was recognized by Prospect as structuring fee income). The JV was purchased for \$225,000 which included debt financing and minority interest of \$157,500 and \$3,916, respectively. The remaining proceeds were used to pay \$1,436 of structuring fees to Prospect (which was recognized by Prospect as structuring fee income), \$7,687 of third party expenses, \$8 of legal services provided by attorneys at Prospect Administration, and \$1,683 of prepaid assets. The investment was subsequently contributed to NPRC and renamed NPRC Carroll Resort, LLC.

Between October 29, 2013 and December 4, 2013, Prospect made an \$11,000 investment in APH, of which \$9,350 was a Senior Term Loan and \$1,650 was used to purchase additional membership interests of APH. The proceeds were utilized by certain of APH's wholly-owned subsidiaries to purchase online consumer loans from a third party. The investment was subsequently contributed to NPRC.

On November 1, 2013, Prospect made a \$9,869 investment in APH, of which \$8,200 was a Senior Term Loan and \$1,669 was used to purchase additional membership interests of APH. The proceeds were utilized by APH to purchase additional APRC common equity for \$9,869. The proceeds were utilized by APRC to purchase a 94.0% ownership

interest in APH Carroll 41, LLC for \$9,548 and to pay \$102 of structuring fees to Prospect (which was recognized by Prospect as structuring fee income), with \$219 retained by APRC for working capital. The JV was purchased for \$30,600 which included debt financing and minority interest of \$22,497 and \$609, respectively. The remaining proceeds were used to pay \$190 of structuring fees to Prospect (which was recognized by Prospect as structuring fee income), \$1,589 of third party expenses, \$5 of legal services provided by attorneys at Prospect Administration, and \$270 of prepaid assets. The investment was subsequently contributed to NPRC.

On November 15, 2013, Prospect made a \$45,900 investment in APH, of which \$38,500 was a Senior Term Loan and \$7,400 was used to purchase additional membership interests of APH. The proceeds were utilized by APH to purchase additional APRC common equity for \$45,900. The proceeds were utilized by APRC to purchase a 99.3% ownership interest in APH Gulf Coast Holdings, LLC for \$45,024 and to pay \$364 of structuring fees to Prospect (which was recognized by Prospect as structuring fee income), with \$512 retained by APRC for working capital. The JV was purchased for \$115,200 which included debt financing and minority interest of \$75,558 and \$337, respectively. The remaining proceeds were used to pay \$1,013 of structuring fees to Prospect (which was recognized by Prospect as structuring fee income), \$2,590 of third party expenses, \$23 of legal services provided by attorneys at Prospect Administration, and \$2,023 of prepaid assets, with \$70 retained by the JV for working capital. On November 19, 2013, Prospect made a \$66,188 investment in APH, of which \$55,000 was a Senior Term Loan and \$11,188 was used to purchase additional membership interests of APH. The proceeds were utilized by APH to purchase additional APRC common equity for \$66,188. The proceeds were utilized by APRC to purchase a 90.0% ownership interest in APH McDowell, LLC for \$64,392 and to pay \$695 of structuring fees to Prospect (which was recognized by Prospect as structuring fee income), with \$1,101 retained by APRC for working capital. The JV was purchased for \$238,605 which included debt financing and minority interest of \$180,226 and \$7,155, respectively. The remaining proceeds were used to pay \$1,290 of structuring fees to Prospect (which was recognized by Prospect as structuring fee income), \$9,205 of third party expenses, \$23 of legal services provided by attorneys at Prospect Administration, and \$1,160 of prepaid assets, with \$1,490 retained by the JV for working capital. The investment was subsequently contributed to NPRC and renamed NPH McDowell, LLC. On December 12, 2013, Prospect made a \$22,507 investment in APH, of which \$18,800 was a Senior Term Loan and \$3,707 was used to purchase additional membership interests of APH. The proceeds were utilized by APH to purchase additional APRC common equity for \$22,507. The proceeds were utilized by APRC to purchase a 92.6% ownership interest in South Atlanta Portfolio Holding Company, LLC for \$21,874 and to pay \$238 of structuring fees to Prospect (which was recognized by Prospect as structuring fee income), with \$395 retained by APRC for working capital. The JV was purchased for \$87,250 which included debt financing and minority interest of \$67,493 and \$1,756, respectively. The remaining proceeds were used to pay \$437 of structuring fees to Prospect (which was recognized by Prospect as structuring fee income), \$2,920 of third party expenses, and \$116 of prepaid assets, with \$400 retained by the JV for working capital. The investment was subsequently contributed to UPRC. On December 31, 2013, APRC distributed its majority interests in five JVs holding real estate assets to APH. APH then distributed these JV interests to Prospect in a transaction characterized as a return of capital. Prospect, on the same day, contributed certain of these JV interests to NPH Property Holdings, LLC and the remainder to UPH Property Holdings, LLC (each wholly-owned subsidiaries of Prospect). Each of NPH and UPH immediately thereafter contributed these JV interests to NPRC and UPRC, respectively. The total investments in the JVs transferred consisted of \$98,164 and \$20,022 of debt and equity financing, respectively. There was no material gain or loss realized on these transactions. On January 17, 2014, Prospect made a \$6,565 investment in APH, of which \$5,500 was a Senior Term Loan and additional APRC common equity for \$6,565. The proceeds were utilized by APRC to purchase a 99.3% ownership

\$1,065 was used to purchase additional membership interests of APH. The proceeds were utilized by APH to purchase additional APRC common equity for \$6,565. The proceeds were utilized by APRC to purchase a 99.3% ownership interest in APH Gulf Coast Holdings, LLC for \$6,336 and to pay \$54 of structuring fees to Prospect (which was recognized by Prospect as structuring fee income), with \$175 retained by APRC for other expenses. The JV was purchased for \$15,430 which included debt financing and minority interest of \$10,167 and \$48, respectively. The remaining proceeds were used to pay \$143 of structuring fees to Prospect (which was recognized by Prospect as structuring fee income), \$627 of third party expenses, \$4 of legal services provided by attorneys at Prospect Administration, and \$312 of prepaid assets, with \$35 retained by the JV for working capital. Effective April 1, 2014, Prospect made a new \$167,162 senior term loan to APRC. APRC then distributed this amount to APH as a return of capital which was used to pay down the Senior Term Loan from APH by the same amount. On June 4, 2014, Prospect made a \$1,719 investment in APH to purchase additional membership interests of APH, which was revised to \$1,732 on July 1, 2014. The proceeds were utilized by APH to purchase additional APRC common equity for \$1,732. The proceeds were utilized by APRC to acquire the real property located at 975 South Cornwell, Yukon, OK ("Taco Bell, OK") for \$1,719 and pay \$13 of third party expenses.

On July 1, 2014, Prospect began consolidating APH. As a result, any transactions between APH and Prospect are eliminated in consolidation and as such, transactions after July 1, 2014 are not presented below.

On November 26, 2014, APRC transferred its investment in APH Carroll Resort, LLC to NPRC and the investment was renamed NPRC Carroll Resort, LLC. As a result, Prospect's investments in APRC related to this property also transferred to NPRC. The investments transferred consisted of \$10,237 of equity and \$65,586 of debt. There was no gain or loss realized on the transaction.

On May 1, 2015, APRC transferred its investment in 5100 Live Oaks Blvd, LLC to NPRC. As a result, Prospect's investments in APRC related to this property also transferred to NPRC. The investments transferred consisted of \$2,748 of equity and \$29,990 of debt. There was no gain or loss realized on the transaction.

On May 6, 2015, Prospect made a \$1,475 investment in APRC, of which \$1,381 was a Senior Term Loan and \$94 was used to purchase additional common equity of APRC through APH. The proceeds were utilized by APRC to purchase additional ownership interest in its twelve multi-family properties for \$1,473 and pay \$2 of legal services provided by attorneys at Prospect Administration. The minority interest holder also invested an additional \$17 in the JVs. The proceeds were used by the JVs to fund \$1,490 of capital expenditures.

During the year ended June 30, 2015 Prospect received \$8 as a return of capital on the equity investment in APRC. On September 9, 2015, Prospect made a \$799 investment in APRC used to purchase additional common equity of APRC through APH. The proceeds were utilized by APRC to purchase additional ownership interest in its twelve multi-family properties for \$799. The minority interest holder also invested an additional \$12 in the JVs. The proceeds were used by the JVs to fund \$811 of capital expenditures.

On December 23, 2015, Prospect made a \$1,469 investment in APRC used to purchase additional common equity of APRC through APH. The proceeds were utilized by APRC to purchase additional ownership interest in its eleven multi-family properties for \$1,468 and pay \$1 of legal services provided by attorneys at Prospect Administration. The minority interest holder also invested an additional \$20 in the JVs. The proceeds were used by the JVs to fund \$1,488 of capital expenditures.

On December 31, 2015, APRC made a partial repayment on the Senior Term Loan of \$9,000 and Prospect recorded \$11,016 of dividend income in connection with the sale of the Vista Palma Sola property.

On March 3, 2016, APRC used supplemental proceeds to make a partial repayment on the Senior Term Loan of \$14,621.

On March 28, 2016, APRC used supplemental proceeds to make a partial repayment on the Senior Term Loan of \$3,109.

The following interest payments were accrued and paid from APRC to Prospect and recognized by Prospect as interest income:

Three Months Ended March 31, 2015 \$3,047

Three Months Ended March 31, 2016 1,885

Nine Months Ended March 31, 2015 12,205

Nine Months Ended March 31, 2016 6,488

Included above, the following payment-in-kind interest from APRC was capitalized and recognized by Prospect as interest income:

Three Months Ended March 31, 2015 \$728

Three Months Ended March 31, 2016 —

Nine Months Ended March 31, 2015 4,529

Nine Months Ended March 31, 2016 558

The following interest income recognized had not yet been paid by APRC to Prospect and was included by Prospect within interest receivable:

June 30, 2015 \$25

March 31, 2016 17

The following net revenue interest payments were paid from APRC to Prospect and recognized by Prospect as other income:

Three Months Ended March 31, 2015 \$265

Three Months Ended March 31, 2016 228

Nine Months Ended March 31, 2015 1,078

Nine Months Ended March 31, 2016 702

The following managerial assistance payments were paid from APRC to Prospect and subsequently remitted to Prospect Administration (no income was recognized by Prospect):

Three Months Ended March 31, 2015 \$148

Three Months Ended March 31, 2016 148

Nine Months Ended March 31, 2015 443

Nine Months Ended March 31, 2016 443

The following managerial assistance payments received by Prospect had not yet been remitted to Prospect Administration and were included by Prospect within due to Prospect Administration:

June 30, 2015 \$148

March 31, 2016 148

The following payments were paid from APRC to Prospect Administration as reimbursement for legal, tax and portfolio level accounting services provided directly to APRC (no direct income was recognized by Prospect, but Prospect was given credit for these payments as a reduction of the administrative services costs payable by Prospect to Prospect Administration):

Three Months Ended March 31, 2015 \$83

Three Months Ended March 31, 2016 390

Nine Months Ended March 31, 2015 189

Nine Months Ended March 31, 2016 612

The following amounts were due from APRC to Prospect for reimbursement of expenses paid by Prospect on behalf of APRC and were included by Prospect within other receivables:

June 30, 2015 \$124

March 31, 2016 2

Arctic Energy Services, LLC

Prospect owns 100% of the equity of Arctic Oilfield Equipment USA, Inc. ("Arctic Equipment"), a Consolidated Holding Company. Arctic Equipment owns 70% of the equity of Arctic Energy Services, LLC ("Arctic Energy"), with Ailport Holdings, LLC ("Ailport") (100% owned and controlled by Arctic Energy management) owning the remaining 30% of the equity of Arctic Energy. Arctic Energy provides oilfield service personnel, well testing flowback equipment, frac support systems and other services to exploration and development companies in the Rocky Mountains.

On May 5, 2014, Prospect initially purchased 100% of the common shares of Arctic Equipment for \$9,006. Proceeds were utilized by Arctic Equipment to purchase 70% of Arctic Energy as described in the following paragraph. On May 5, 2014, Prospect made an additional \$51,870 investment (including in exchange for 1,102,313 common shares of Prospect at fair value of \$11,916) in Arctic Energy in exchange for a \$31,640 senior secured loan and a \$20,230 subordinated loan. Total proceeds received by Arctic Energy of \$60,876 were used to purchase 70% of the equity interests in Arctic Energy from Ailport for \$47,516, pay \$875 of third-party expenses, \$1,713 of structuring fees to Prospect (which was recognized as structuring fee income), \$445 of legal services provided by attorneys at Prospect Administration and \$10,327 was retained as working capital.

On July 1, 2014, Prospect began consolidating Arctic Equipment. As a result, any transactions between Arctic Equipment and Prospect are eliminated in consolidation and as such, transactions after July 1, 2014 are not presented below.

On September 30, 2015, we restructured our investment in Arctic Energy. Concurrent with the restructuring, we exchanged our \$31,640 senior secured loan and \$20,230 subordinated loan for Class D and Class E equity in Arctic Energy.

The following interest payments were accrued and paid from Arctic Energy to Prospect and recognized by Prospect as interest income:

Three Months Ended March 31, 2015 \$1,657

Three Months Ended March 31, 2016 —

Nine Months Ended March 31, 2015 5,045

Nine Months Ended March 31, 2016 1,123

The following interest income recognized had not yet been paid by Arctic Energy to Prospect and was included by Prospect within interest receivable:

June 30, 2015 \$18

March 31, 2016 —

The following managerial assistance payments were paid from Arctic Energy to Prospect and subsequently remitted to Prospect Administration (no income was recognized by Prospect):

Three Months Ended March 31, 2015 \$25

Three Months Ended March 31, 2016 —

Nine Months Ended March 31, 2015 75

Nine Months Ended March 31, 2016 50

The following managerial assistance recognized had not yet been paid by Arctic Energy to Prospect and was included by Prospect within other receivables and due to Prospect Administration:

June 30, 2015 \$25

March 31, 2016 25

The following amounts were due to Arctic Energy from Prospect for reimbursement of expenses paid by Arctic Energy on behalf of Prospect and were included by Prospect within other liabilities:

June 30, 2015 \$1

March 31, 2016 —

Borga, Inc.

As of June 30, 2014, Prospect owned 100% of the equity of STI Holding, Inc. ("STI"), a Consolidated Holding Company. STI owned 100% of the equity of Borga, Inc. ("Borga"). Borga manufactures pre-engineered metal buildings and components for the agricultural and light industrial markets.

On May 6, 2005, Patriot Capital Funding, Inc. ("Patriot") (previously acquired by Prospect) provided \$14,000 in senior secured debt to Borga. The debt was comprised of \$1,000 Senior Secured Revolver, \$3,500 Senior Secured Term Loan A, \$2,500 Senior Secured Term Loan B and \$7,000 Senior Secured Term Loan C. On March 31, 2009, Borga made its final amortization payment on the Senior Secured Term Loan A. The other loans remained outstanding. Prospect owned warrants to purchase 33,750 shares of common stock in Metal Buildings Holding Corporation ("Metal Buildings"), the former holding company of Borga. Metal Buildings owned 100% of Borga.

On March 8, 2010, Prospect acquired the remaining common stock of Borga.

On January 24, 2014, Prospect contributed its holdings in Borga to STI. STI also held \$3,371 of proceeds from the sale of a minority equity interest in Smart Tuition Holdings, LLC ("SMART"). Prospect initially acquired membership interests in SMART indirectly as part of the Patriot acquisition on December 2, 2009 recording a zero cost basis for the equity investment. The \$3,371 was distributed to Prospect on May 29, 2014, of which \$3,246 was paid from earnings and profits of STI and was recognized as dividend income by Prospect. The remaining \$125 was recognized as return of capital by Prospect.

On July 1, 2014, Prospect began consolidating STI. As a result, any transactions between STI and Prospect are eliminated in consolidation and as such, transactions after July 1, 2014 are not presented below.

On August 20, 2014, Prospect sold the assets of Borga, a wholly-owned subsidiary of STI, for net proceeds of \$382 and realized a loss of \$2,589 on the sale. On December 29, 2014, Borga was dissolved. BXC Company, Inc.

As of June 30, 2014, Prospect owned 86.7% of Series A Preferred Stock, 96.8% of Series B Preferred Stock, and 83.1% of fully diluted common stock of BXC Company, Inc. (f/k/a BXC Holding Company) ("BXC"). BXC owned 100% of the common stock of Boxercraft Incorporated ("Boxercraft").

As of July 1, 2012, the cost basis of Prospect's total debt and equity investment in Boxercraft was \$15,123, including capitalized payment-in-kind interest of \$1,466. On December 31, 2013, Boxercraft repaid \$100 of the senior secured term loan. On April 18, 2014, Prospect made a new \$300 senior secured term loan to Boxercraft. During the period from July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2014, Prospect capitalized a total of \$804 of paid-in-kind interest and accreted a total of \$1,321 of the original purchase discount, increasing the total debt investment to \$17,448 as of June 30, 2014. Effective March 28, 2014, Prospect acquired voting control of BXC pursuant to a voting agreement and irrevocable proxy. Effective May 8, 2014, Prospect acquired control of BXC by transferring shares held by the other equity holders of BXC to Prospect pursuant to an assignment agreement entered into with such other equity holders. On July 2, 2014, Prospect made a new \$250 senior secured term loan to provide liquidity to Boxercraft. On July 17, 2014, Prospect restructured the investments in BXC and Boxercraft. The existing Senior Secured Term Loan A and a portion of the existing Senior Secured Term Loan B were replaced with a new Senior Secured Term Loan C, Senior Secured Term Loan D, and Senior Secured Term Loan E were replaced with a new Senior Secured Term Loan B to Boxercraft. The existing Senior Secured Term Loan B boxercraft was converted into Series D Preferred Stock in BXC.

During the year ended June 30, 2015, Prospect accrued \$5 of administrative agent fees from Boxercraft (which were recognized by Prospect as other income). On August 25, 2014, Prospect sold Boxercraft, a wholly-owned subsidiary of BXC, for net proceeds of \$750 and realized a net loss of \$16,949 on the sale. CCPI Inc.

Prospect owns 100% of the equity of CCPI Holdings Inc. ("CCPI Holdings"), a Consolidated Holding Company. CCPI Holdings owns 94.95% of the equity of CCPI Inc. ("CCPI"), with CCPI management owning the remaining 5.05% of the equity. CCPI owns 100% of each of CCPI Europe Ltd. and MEFEC B.V., and 45% of Gulf Temperature Sensors W.L.L.

On December 13, 2012, Prospect initially made a \$15,921 investment (including 467,928 common shares of Prospect at fair value of \$5,021) in CCPI Holdings, \$7,500 senior secured note and \$8,443 equity interest. The proceeds received by CCPI Holdings were partially utilized to purchase 95.13% of CCPI common stock for \$14,878. The remaining proceeds were used to pay \$395 of structuring fees from CCPI Holdings to Prospect (which were recognized by Prospect as structuring fee income), \$215 for legal services provided by attorneys at Prospect Administration, \$137 for third party expenses and \$318 was retained by CCPI Holdings for working capital. On December 13, 2012, Prospect made an additional investment of \$18,000 in CCPI senior secured debt. The proceeds of the Prospect loan along with \$14,878 of equity financing from CCPI Holdings (mentioned above) were used to purchase 95.13% of CCPI equity from the sellers for \$31,829, provide \$120 of debt financing to CCPI management (to partially fund a purchase by management of CCPI stock), fund \$180 of structuring fees from CCPI to Prospect (which were recognized by Prospect as structuring fee income), pay \$548 of third-party expenses, reimburse \$12 for reimbursement of expenses paid by Prospect on behalf of CCPI (no income was recognized by Prospect) and \$189 was retained by CCPI as working capital.

During the year ended June 30, 2014, certain members of CCPI management exercised options to purchase common stock, decreasing our ownership to 94.77%. On June 13, 2014, Prospect made a new \$8,218 senior secured note to CCPI. CCPI then distributed this amount to CCPI Holdings as a return of capital which was used to pay down the \$8,216 senior secured note from CCPI Holdings to Prospect. The remaining \$2 was distributed to Prospect as a return of capital of Prospect's equity investment in CCPI Holdings.

On July 1, 2014, Prospect began consolidating CCPI Holdings. As a result, any transactions between CCPI Holdings and Prospect are eliminated in consolidation and as such, transactions after July 1, 2014 are not presented below.

During the year ended June 30, 2015, CCPI repurchased 30 shares of its common stock from a former CCPI executive, decreasing the number of shares outstanding and increasing Prospect's ownership to 94.95%.

In June 2015, CCPI engaged Prospect to provide certain investment banking and financial advisory services in connection with a possible transaction. As compensation for the services provided, Prospect received \$525 of advisory fees from CCPI which was recognized as other income during the year ended June 30, 2015.

During the three months ended September 30, 2015, CCPI repurchased 86 shares of its common stock from former CCPI executives. Additionally, certain CCPI executives exercised their option rights, purchasing 246 shares of CCPI common stock. These transactions increased the number of common shares outstanding by 160 shares and thus decreased Prospect's ownership to 93.99%.

In addition to the repayments noted above, the following amounts were paid from CCPI to Prospect and recorded by Prospect as repayment of loan receivable:

Three Months Ended March 31, 2015 \$113

Three Months Ended March 31, 2016 113

Nine Months Ended March 31, 2015 338

Nine Months Ended March 31, 2016 4,337

The following cash distributions were declared and paid from CCPI to CCPI Holdings and recognized as a return of capital by CCPI Holdings:

Three Months Ended March 31, 2015 \$ —

Three Months Ended March 31, 2016 —

Nine Months Ended March 31, 2015 —

Nine Months Ended March 31, 2016 1,918

The following dividends were declared and paid from CCPI to CCPI Holdings and recognized as dividend income by CCPI Holdings:

Three Months Ended March 31, 2015 \$ —

Three Months Ended March 31, 2016 —

Nine Months Ended March 31, 2015 —

Nine Months Ended March 31, 2016 3,195

All dividends were paid from earnings and profits of CCPI.

The following interest payments were accrued and paid from CCPI to Prospect and recognized by Prospect as interest income:

Three Months Ended March 31, 2015 \$841

Three Months Ended March 31, 2016 751

Nine Months Ended March 31, 2015 2,495

Nine Months Ended March 31, 2016 2,329

Included above, the following payment-in-kind interest from CCPI was capitalized and recognized by Prospect as interest income:

Three Months Ended March 31, 2015 \$152

Three Months Ended March 31, 2016 161

Nine Months Ended March 31, 2015 446

Nine Months Ended March 31, 2016 475

The following interest income recognized had not yet been paid by CCPI to Prospect and was included by Prospect within interest receivable:

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June 30, 2015 $—
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March 31, 2016 —

The following managerial assistance payments were paid from CCPI to Prospect and subsequently remitted to Prospect Administration (no income was recognized by Prospect):

Three Months Ended March 31, 2015 \$60

Three Months Ended March 31, 2016 60

Nine Months Ended March 31, 2015 180

Nine Months Ended March 31, 2016 180

The following managerial assistance payments received by Prospect had not yet been remitted to Prospect Administration and were included by Prospect within due to Prospect Administration:

June 30, 2015 \$60

March 31, 2016 60

The following payments were paid from CCPI to Prospect Administration as reimbursement for legal, tax and portfolio level accounting services provided directly to CCPI (no direct income was recognized by Prospect, but Prospect was given credit for these payments as a reduction of the administrative services costs payable by Prospect to Prospect Administration):

Three Months Ended March 31, 2015 \$ —

Three Months Ended March 31, 2016 —

Nine Months Ended March 31, 2015 —

Nine Months Ended March 31, 2016 96

The following amounts were due from CCPI to Prospect for reimbursement of expenses paid by Prospect on behalf of CCPI and were included by Prospect within other receivables:

June 30, 2015 \$ —

March 31, 2016 13

CP Energy Services Inc.

Prospect owns 100% of the equity of CP Holdings of Delaware LLC ("CP Holdings"), a Consolidated Holding Company. CP Holdings owns 82.3% of the equity of CP Energy Services Inc. ("CP Energy"), and the remaining 17.7% of the equity is owned by CP Energy management. As of June 30, 2014, CP Energy owned directly or indirectly 100% of each of CP Well Testing Services, LLC (f/k/a CP Well Testing Holding Company LLC) ("CP Well Testing"); CP Well Testing, LLC ("CP Well"); Fluid Management Services, Inc. (f/k/a Fluid Management Holdings, Inc.) ("Fluid Management"); Fluid Management Services LLC (f/k/a Fluid Management Holdings LLC); Wright Transport, Inc. (f/k/a Wright Holdings, Inc.); Wright Foster Disposals, LLC; Foster Testing Co., Inc.; ProHaul Transports, LLC; Artexoma Logistics, LLC; and Wright Trucking, Inc. Effective December 31, 2014, CP Energy underwent a corporate reorganization in order to consolidate certain of its wholly-owned subsidiaries. As of June 30, 2015, CP Energy owned directly or indirectly 100% of each of CP Well; Wright Foster Disposals, LLC; Foster Testing Co., Inc.; ProHaul Transports, LLC; and Wright Trucking, Inc. CP Energy provides oilfield flowback services and fluid hauling and disposal services through its subsidiaries.

On October 3, 2012, Prospect initially made a \$21,500 senior secured debt investment in CP Well. As part of the transaction, Prospect received \$430 of structuring fees from CP Well (which was recognized by Prospect as structuring fee income) and \$7 was paid by CP Well to Prospect Administration for legal services provided by attorneys at Prospect Administration.

On August 2, 2013, Prospect invested \$94,014 (including 1,918,342 unregistered shares of Prospect common stock at a fair value of \$21,006) to support the recapitalization of CP Energy where Prospect acquired a controlling interest in CP Energy.

On August 2, 2013, Prospect invested \$12,741 into CP Holdings to purchase 100% of the common stock in CP Holdings. The proceeds were used by CP Holdings to purchase 82.9% of the common stock in CP Energy for \$12,135 and pay \$606 of legal services provided by attorneys at Prospect Administration.

On August 2, 2013, Prospect made a senior secured debt investment of \$58,773 in CP Energy. CP Energy also received \$2,505 management co-investment in exchange for 17.1% of CP Energy common stock. Total proceeds received by CP Energy of \$73,413 (including the \$12,135 of equity financing from CP Holdings mentioned above) were used to purchase 100% of the equity interests in CP Well Testing and Fluid Management for \$33,600 and \$34,576, respectively. The remaining proceeds were used by CP Energy

to pay \$1,414 of structuring fees to Prospect (which was recognized by Prospect as structuring fee income) and pay \$823 of third-party expenses, with \$3,000 retained by CP Energy for working capital.

On August 2, 2013, Prospect made an additional senior secured debt investment of \$22,500 in CP Well Testing. Total proceeds received by CP Well Testing of \$56,100 (including the \$33,600 of equity financing from CP Energy mentioned above) were used to purchase 100% of the equity interests in CP Well for \$55,650 and pay \$450 of structuring fees to Prospect (which was recognized by Prospect as structuring fee income). After the financing, Prospect received repayment of the \$18,991 loan previously outstanding from CP Well.

On October 11, 2013, Prospect made a \$746 follow-on investment in CP Holdings to fund equity into CP Energy and made an additional senior secured loan to CP Energy of \$5,100. Management invested an additional \$154 of equity in CP Energy, and the percentage ownership of CP Energy did not change. Total proceeds of \$6,000 were used to purchase flowback equipment and expand the CP Well operations in West Texas.

On December 26, 2013, Prospect made an additional \$1,741 follow-on investment in CP Holdings to fund equity into CP Energy and made an additional senior secured loan to CP Energy of \$11,900. Management invested an additional \$359 of equity in CP Energy, and the percentage ownership of CP Energy did not change. Total proceeds of \$14,000 were used to purchase additional equipment.

On April 1, 2014, Prospect made new loans to CP Well (with Foster Testing Co., Inc.; ProHaul Transports, LLC; and Wright Trucking, Inc. as co-borrowers), two first lien loans in the amount of \$11,035 and \$72,238, and a second lien loan in the amount of \$15,000. The proceeds of these loans were used to repay CP Energy's senior secured term loan and CP Well Testing's senior secured term loan previously outstanding from Prospect.

On July 1, 2014, Prospect began consolidating CP Holdings. As a result, any transactions between CP Holdings and Prospect are eliminated in consolidation and as such, transactions after July 1, 2014 are not presented below. During the year ended June 30, 2015, certain members of CP Energy management exercised options to purchase common stock, decreasing our ownership to 82.3%.

On October 30, 2015, we restructured our investment in CP Energy. Concurrent with the restructuring, we exchanged our \$86,965 senior secured loan and \$15,924 subordinated loan for Series B Redeemable Preferred Stock in CP Energy.

The following interest payments were accrued and paid from CP Well to Prospect and recognized by Prospect as interest income:

Three Months Ended March 31, 2015 \$