

CapLease, Inc.  
Form 10-Q  
August 08, 2012

---

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION  
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

---

FORM 10-Q

(Mark One)

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended June 30, 2012

OR

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from \_\_\_\_\_ to \_\_\_\_\_

Commission file number 001-32039

CapLease, Inc.  
(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Maryland  
(State or Other  
Jurisdiction of  
Incorporation or  
Organization)

52-2414533  
  
(I.R.S. Employer  
Identification No.)

1065 Avenue of the  
Americas, New York,  
NY  
(Address of Principal  
Executive Offices)

10018  
  
(ZIP Code)

Registrant's Telephone Number, Including  
Area Code:

(212) 217-6300

---

Edgar Filing: CapLease, Inc. - Form 10-Q

Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant: (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the Registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes  No

Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the Registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes  No

Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "accelerated filer," "large accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one):

Large accelerated filer  Accelerated filer  Non-accelerated filer  Smaller reporting company   
(Do not check if a smaller reporting company)

Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes  No

As of August 8, 2012, there were 66,766,965 shares of common stock of CapLease, Inc., \$0.01 par value per share, outstanding ("Common Stock").

---

---

## CapLease, Inc.

## Index to Form 10-Q

	Page
<b>PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION</b>	<b>2</b>
Item 1. Financial Statements	2
Consolidated Balance Sheets as of June 30, 2012 (unaudited) and December 31, 2011	2
Consolidated Statements of Operations (unaudited) for the Three and Six Months Ended June 30, 2012 and 2011	3
Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income (Loss) (unaudited) for the Three and Six Months Ended June 30, 2012 and 2011	4
Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity (unaudited) for the Six Months Ended June 30, 2012	5
Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows (unaudited) for the Six Months Ended June 30, 2012 and 2011	6
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited)	7
Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations	39
Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk	55
Item 4. Controls and Procedures	58
<b>PART II. OTHER INFORMATION</b>	<b>58</b>
Item 1. Legal Proceedings	58
Item 1A. Risk Factors	58
Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds	58
Item 3. Defaults Upon Senior Securities	58
Item 4. Mine Safety Disclosures	58
Item 5. Other Information	58
Item 6. Exhibits	59
<b>SIGNATURES</b>	<b>60</b>

## PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION

## Item 1. Financial Statements

CapLease, Inc. and Subsidiaries  
Consolidated Balance Sheets  
As of June 30, 2012 (unaudited) and December 31, 2011

(Amounts in thousands, except share and per share amounts)	As Of June 30, 2012	As Of December 31, 2011
<b>Assets</b>		
Real estate investments, net	\$1,450,830	\$1,401,526
Loans held for investment, net	30,125	33,139
Commercial mortgage-backed securities	63,126	59,435
Cash and cash equivalents	33,155	71,160
Other assets	81,319	76,363
<b>Total Assets</b>	<b>\$1,658,555</b>	<b>\$1,641,623</b>
<b>Liabilities and Equity</b>		
Mortgages on real estate investments	\$962,597	\$972,924
Credit agreements	64,385	70,668
Secured term loan	79,674	88,142
Convertible senior notes	34,843	34,522
Other long-term debt	30,930	30,930
<b>Total Debt Obligations</b>	<b>1,172,429</b>	<b>1,197,186</b>
Intangible liabilities on real estate investments	34,125	35,219
Accounts payable and other liabilities	20,084	17,371
Dividends and distributions payable	6,978	5,946
<b>Total Liabilities</b>	<b>1,233,616</b>	<b>1,255,722</b>
<b>Commitments and contingencies</b>		
<b>Stockholders' equity:</b>		
<b>Preferred stock, \$0.01 par value, 100,000,000 shares authorized:</b>		
Series A cumulative redeemable preferred, liquidation preference \$25.00 per share, 3,204,900 shares issued and outstanding	73,880	73,880
Series B cumulative redeemable preferred, liquidation preference \$25.00 per share, 2,000,000 and 0 shares issued and outstanding, respectively	48,317	-
Common stock, \$0.01 par value, 500,000,000 shares authorized, 66,766,965 and 66,275,535 shares issued and outstanding, respectively	668	663
Additional paid in capital	305,618	321,303
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(4,612)	(11,051)
<b>Total Stockholders' Equity</b>	<b>423,871</b>	<b>384,795</b>
Non-controlling interest in consolidated subsidiaries	1,068	1,106
<b>Total Equity</b>	<b>424,939</b>	<b>385,901</b>
<b>Total Liabilities and Equity</b>	<b>\$1,658,555</b>	<b>\$1,641,623</b>

See notes to consolidated financial statements.



CapLease, Inc. and Subsidiaries  
Consolidated Statements of Operations  
(Unaudited)

(Amounts in thousands, except per share amounts)	For the Three Months Ended June 30,		For the Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2012	2011	2012	2011
<b>Revenues:</b>				
Rental revenue	\$33,697	\$31,762	\$66,678	\$62,940
Interest income from loans and securities	2,091	6,184	4,106	12,613
Tenant reimbursements	3,556	3,145	7,387	6,498
Other revenue	352	163	511	445
Total revenues	39,696	41,254	78,682	82,496
<b>Expenses:</b>				
Interest expense	16,965	20,015	33,943	40,050
Property expenses	6,615	6,117	13,032	12,574
General and administrative expenses	2,863	2,668	5,851	5,492
General and administrative expenses-stock based compensation	907	796	1,611	1,468
Depreciation and amortization expense on real property	11,898	11,474	23,712	22,862
Other expenses	16	64	32	129
Total expenses	39,264	41,134	78,181	82,575
<b>Other gains (losses):</b>				
Gain (loss) on investments, net	–	(2,723 )	709	(3,213 )
Gain on extinguishment of debt, net	9,000	–	11,012	–
Total other gains (losses)	9,000	(2,723 )	11,721	(3,213 )
Income (loss) from continuing operations	9,432	(2,603 )	12,222	(3,292 )
<b>Discontinued operations:</b>				
Loss from discontinued operations	(634 )	(635 )	(1,366 )	(1,462 )
Loss on investments	(15,229 )	–	(15,229 )	–
Total discontinued operations	(15,863 )	(635 )	(16,595 )	(1,462 )
Net loss before non-controlling interest in consolidated subsidiaries	(6,431 )	(3,238 )	(4,373 )	(4,754 )
Non-controlling interest in consolidated subsidiaries	18	10	17	19
Net loss	(6,413 )	(3,228 )	(4,356 )	(4,735 )
Dividends allocable to preferred shares	(2,453 )	(1,627 )	(4,081 )	(3,255 )
Net loss allocable to common stockholders	\$(8,866 )	\$(4,855 )	\$(8,437 )	\$(7,990 )
<b>Income (loss) per common share, basic and diluted:</b>				
Income (loss) from continuing operations	\$0.11	\$(0.06 )	\$0.12	\$(0.11 )
Loss from discontinued operations	\$(0.24 )	\$(0.01 )	\$(0.25 )	\$(0.02 )
Net loss per common share, basic and diluted	\$(0.13 )	\$(0.07 )	\$(0.13 )	\$(0.13 )
<b>Weighted average number of common shares outstanding, basic and diluted</b>				
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding, basic and diluted	66,767	67,450	66,540	62,521
Dividends declared per common share	\$0.065	\$0.065	\$0.13	\$0.13
Dividends declared per preferred A share	\$0.508	\$0.508	\$1.016	\$1.016
Dividends declared per preferred B share	\$0.500	\$–	\$0.500	\$–

See notes to consolidated financial statements.



CapLease, Inc. and Subsidiaries  
Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income (Loss)  
(Unaudited)

(Amounts in thousands)	For the Three Months Ended June 30,		For the Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2012	2011	2012	2011
Net loss before non-controlling interest in consolidated subsidiaries	\$(6,431 )	\$(3,238 )	\$(4,373 )	\$(4,754 )
Other comprehensive income:				
Amortization of unrealized loss on securities previously classified as available for sale	-	-	-	150
Increase (decrease) in fair value of securities available for sale	1,247	(8,184 )	6,457	(7,598 )
Reclassification of derivative items into earnings	(71 )	1,003	(18 )	1,152
Other comprehensive income	1,176	(7,181 )	6,439	(6,296 )
Comprehensive income (loss)	(5,255 )	(10,419 )	2,066	(11,050 )
Comprehensive (income) loss attributable to non-controlling interests	11	21	(4 )	26
Comprehensive income (loss) attributable to CapLease, Inc.	\$(5,244 )	\$(10,398 )	\$2,062	\$(11,024 )

See notes to consolidated financial statements.



CapLease, Inc. and Subsidiaries  
Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity  
(Unaudited)  
(in thousands)

	Stockholders' Equity						Total Equity
	Preferred Stock	Common Stock at Par	Additional Paid-In Capital	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)	Retained Earnings	Non-controlling Interest	
Balance at December 31, 2011	\$73,880	\$663	\$ 321,303	\$ (11,051 )	\$-	\$ 1,106	\$385,901
Incentive stock plan compensation expense	-	-	1,611	-	-	-	1,611
Incentive stock plan grants issued and forfeited	-	5	(5 )	-	-	-	-
Net loss	-	-	(4,356 )	-	-	-	(4,356 )
Non-controlling interest in consolidated subsidiaries	-	-	-	-	-	(17 )	(17 )
Issuance of preferred stock	48,317	-	-	-	-	-	48,317
Dividends declared-preferred	-	-	(4,255 )	-	-	-	(4,255 )
Dividends declared-common	-	-	(8,680 )	-	-	-	(8,680 )
Distributions declared-operating partnership units	-	-	-	-	-	(21 )	(21 )
Increase in fair value of securities available for sale	-	-	-	6,457	-	-	6,457
Reclassification of derivative items into earnings	-	-	-	(18 )	-	-	(18 )
Balance at June 30, 2012	\$122,197	\$668	\$ 305,618	\$ (4,612 )	\$-	\$ 1,068	\$424,939

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

CapLease, Inc. and Subsidiaries  
Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows  
(Unaudited)  
(in thousands)

	For the Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2012	2011
<b>Operating activities</b>		
Net loss	\$(4,356	) \$(4,735
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to cash provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization	24,315	24,680
Stock based compensation	1,611	1,468
Amortization of above and below market leases	(385	) 839
Loss on investments, net	14,521	3,213
Gain on extinguishment of debt, net	(11,012	) –
Non-controlling interest in consolidated subsidiaries	(17	) (19
Straight-lining of rents	8,051	6,309
Amortization of discounts/premiums, and origination fees/costs, net	(227	) (307
Amortization of debt issuance costs, leasing commissions and fair market value of debt issued or assumed	1,129	1,262
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		
Other assets	(9,280	) (7,245
Accounts payable and other liabilities	1,432	(1,367
Deposits and escrows	1	7
Net cash provided by operating activities	25,783	24,105
<b>Investing activities</b>		
Proceeds from sale or prepayments of loans	–	16,664
Principal received from borrowers	3,804	6,019
Proceeds from sale of securities	–	31,285
Repayments of commercial mortgage-backed securities	2,912	2,906
Proceeds from sale of real estate investments	9,611	–
Purchases of real estate investments	(86,450	) (8,731
Real estate improvements, additions and construction in progress	(12,586	) (10,770
Leasing commission costs	(1,279	) (110
Deposits on potential equity investments	(3,000	) (550
Return of deposits on potential equity investments	3,000	500
Purchases of furniture, fixtures, equipment and leasehold improvements	(15	) (8
Net cash (used in) provided by investing activities	(84,003	) 37,205
<b>Financing activities</b>		
Borrowings from mortgages on real estate investments	39,900	18,824
Repayments of mortgages on real estate investments	(38,906	) (9,333
Funds held by trustee of CDO pending distribution	–	(25,504
Repayments of collateralized debt obligations	–	(19,718
Collateralized debt obligations repurchased	–	(1,605
Borrowings from credit agreements	53,056	–
Repayments on credit agreements	(59,339	) (24,957
Repayments on secured term loan	(8,468	) (7,451
Debt issuance costs	(2,422	) (351

Edgar Filing: CapLease, Inc. - Form 10-Q

Common stock issued, net of offering costs	–	54,269
Preferred stock issued, net of offering costs	48,317	–
Distributions to non-controlling interest	(20 )	(20 )
Dividends paid on common and preferred stock	(11,903 )	(10,754 )
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	20,215	(26,600 )
Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents	(38,005 )	34,710
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	71,160	32,742
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$33,155	\$67,452
Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information		
Cash paid for interest expense	\$33,557	\$39,183
Distributions declared but not paid	10	10
Dividends declared but not paid	6,968	6,051
Supplemental disclosure of noncash operating, investing and financing information		
Value of in-place leases and above-market leases acquired	\$6,725	\$–
Mortgage notes payable assumed on properties acquired	–	16,706
Mortgage note payable-notional amount repurchased	11,000	–

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

CapLease, Inc. and Subsidiaries  
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements  
(Dollar amounts in thousands, except per share amounts; totals may not add due to rounding)

June 30, 2012 (unaudited)

1. Organization and Business

CapLease, Inc. (“CapLease” and collectively with its majority-owned subsidiaries, the “Company”) is a real estate investment trust, or REIT, that primarily owns and manages single tenant commercial real estate properties subject to long-term leases to high credit quality tenants. The Company focuses on properties that are subject to a net lease, or a lease that requires the tenant to pay all or substantially all property operating expenses, such as utilities, real estate taxes, insurance and routine maintenance. The Company also has made and expects to continue to make investments in single tenant properties where the owner has exposure to property operating expenses when it determines it can sufficiently underwrite that exposure and isolate a predictable cash flow.

The Company’s tenants are primarily large public companies or their significant operating subsidiaries and governmental entities with investment grade credit ratings, defined as a published senior unsecured credit rating of BBB-/Baa3 or above from one or both of Standard & Poor’s (“S&P”) and Moody’s Investors Service (“Moody’s”). The Company also implies an investment grade credit rating for tenants that are not publicly rated by S&P or Moody’s but (i) are 100% owned by an investment grade parent, (ii) for which it has obtained a private investment grade rating from either S&P or Moody’s, (iii) for which it has evaluated the creditworthiness of the tenant and estimated a credit rating that is consistent with an investment grade rating from S&P or Moody’s, or (iv) are governmental entity branches or units of another investment grade rated governmental entity.

In addition to its portfolio of owned properties, the Company has a modest portfolio of first mortgage loans and other debt investments on single tenant properties. That debt portfolio was reduced significantly during 2011 as a result of the Company’s sale of the assets and associated liabilities comprising its collateralized debt obligation, or CDO, as well as the individual sale of certain other loans and securities. The remaining debt portfolio will continue to decrease over time as principal payments are received on the investments. While the focus of the Company’s investment activity is expected to remain the ownership of real properties, the Company may continue to make debt investments from time to time on an opportunistic basis in the future.

We have invested in certain owned properties that are leased primarily but not exclusively by one tenant. We have also invested in certain owned properties which were previously leased by one tenant but as a result of lease non-renewals have now become multi-tenant properties. We expect these types of properties will continue to comprise a portion of our portfolio for the foreseeable future.

CapLease has made an election to qualify, and believes it is operating so as to qualify, as a REIT for federal income tax purposes. As such, it will generally not be subject to federal income tax on that portion of its taxable income that is distributed to stockholders if it distributes at least 90% of its taxable income to its stockholders by prescribed dates and complies with various other requirements.

CapLease conducts its business through a variety of subsidiaries. CapLease owns most of its owned properties through its predecessor and operating partnership, Caplease, LP (the “Operating Partnership”). CapLease is the indirect sole general partner of, and owns approximately 99.8% of the common equity of, the Operating Partnership.

The accompanying consolidated financial statements and related notes of the Company have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States, or GAAP, for interim financial

reporting and the instructions to Form 10-Q and Rule 10-01 of Regulation S-X. Accordingly, certain information and footnote disclosures normally included in the financial statements prepared under GAAP have been condensed or omitted. In the opinion of management, all adjustments considered necessary for a fair presentation of the Company's financial position, results of operations and cash flows have been included and are of a normal and recurring nature. The operating results presented for interim periods are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for any other interim period or for the entire year. These financial statements should be read in conjunction with the Company's consolidated financial statements for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2011 and notes thereto, included in the Company's Form 10-K filed with the SEC on February 23, 2012.

CapLease, Inc. and Subsidiaries

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

(Dollar amounts in thousands, except per share amounts; totals may not add due to rounding)

June 30, 2012 (unaudited)

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Presentation and Principles of Consolidation

The accompanying consolidated financial statements include the assets, liabilities, and results of operations of the Company. Results of operations of properties acquired are included in the Consolidated Statements of Operations from the date of acquisition. All significant intercompany transactions, balances and accounts have been eliminated in consolidation.

References in these financial statements to the Company's carrying amount or value of an asset or liability means such asset's or liability's book value reported on the Company's Consolidated Balance Sheet in accordance with GAAP.

Accounting for Real Estate

Real estate held for investment is carried on the Company's Consolidated Balance Sheets at historical cost to the Company, less accumulated depreciation, amortization and impairment charges. Depreciation and amortization are determined by the straight-line method over the remaining estimated economic useful lives of the properties. The Company generally depreciates building and building improvements over periods not exceeding 40 years. Direct costs incurred in acquiring completed properties that meet the classification of a business for accounting purposes are charged to operations as incurred. Expenditures for maintenance and repairs of owned properties are also charged to operations as incurred. Significant renovations which extend the useful life of the properties are capitalized.

The Company reviews its owned real properties for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of the asset may not be recoverable. The evaluation includes estimating and reviewing anticipated future undiscounted cash flows to be derived from the asset. If such cash flows are less than the asset's net carrying value, an impairment charge is recognized to earnings to the extent by which the asset's carrying value exceeds the estimated fair value. Estimating future cash flows is highly subjective and includes an evaluation of factors such as the anticipated cash flows from the property, which may include rent from current leases in place and projected future leases, estimated capital expenditures, and an estimate of proceeds to be realized upon sale of the property. The Company's estimates could differ materially from actual results. The Company has determined that the significant inputs used to evaluate its owned properties for impairment primarily rely on Level 3 inputs in accordance with the fair value measurement topic in the applicable accounting guidance as described in Note 7 below. The Company did not recognize any impairment losses on long-lived assets during the six months June 30, 2012, although it did recognize a loss on sale of one real property during the quarter ended June 30, 2012. See Note 6. The Company did not recognize any impairment losses on long-lived assets during the six months ended June 30, 2011.

Assets and liabilities of properties that meet various held for sale criteria, including that it is probable that a sale will occur within 12 months, are presented separately in the Consolidated Balance Sheets, with assets and liabilities being separately stated. The operating results of these properties are reflected as discontinued operations in the Consolidated Statements of Operations. Properties that the Company has determined to classify as held for sale are also required to be simultaneously reviewed for impairment and carried on the Company's Consolidated Balance Sheets at the lower of net carrying value or estimated fair value.

The Company is required under GAAP to allocate the purchase price of rental real estate acquired to the following based on estimated fair values on the acquisition date:

- acquired tangible assets, consisting of land, building and improvements; and
- identified intangible assets and liabilities, consisting of above-market and below-market leases, in-place leases and tenant relationships.

The fair value of tangible and intangible assets acquired is considered to be a Level 3 input in accordance with the fair value measurement topic in the applicable accounting guidance as described in Note 7 below. In estimating the fair value of the tangible and intangible assets acquired, the Company considers information obtained about each property as a result of its due diligence activities and other market data, and utilizes various valuation methods, such as estimated cash flow projections utilizing appropriate discount and capitalization rates, estimates of replacement costs, and available market information. The fair value of the tangible assets of an acquired property considers the value of the property as if it were vacant (the “dark value”).

CapLease, Inc. and Subsidiaries

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

(Dollar amounts in thousands, except per share amounts; totals may not add due to rounding)

June 30, 2012 (unaudited)

Above-market and below-market lease values for acquired properties are recorded based on the present value of the difference between (i) the contractual amounts to be paid pursuant to each in-place lease and (ii) management's estimate of fair market lease rates for each corresponding in-place lease. Fair market lease rates are measured over a period equal to the remaining term of the lease for above-market leases and the initial term plus the term of any below-market rate renewal options for below-market leases. In computing present value, the Company considers the costs which would need to be invested to achieve the fair market lease rates. The Company uses a discount rate which reflects the risks associated with the leases acquired. The capitalized above-market lease values are amortized as a reduction of base rental revenue over the remaining term of the respective leases, and the capitalized below-market lease values are amortized as an increase to base rental revenue over the remaining initial terms plus the terms of any below-market renewal options of the respective leases.

Other intangible assets acquired include amounts for in-place lease values and tenant relationship values which are based on management's evaluation of the specific characteristics of each tenant's lease and the Company's overall relationship with the respective tenant. Factors considered by management in its analysis of in-place lease values include estimates of the dark value of the property, carrying costs during the hypothetical expected time it would take management to find a tenant to lease the space for the existing lease term (a "lease-up period") considering current market conditions, and costs to execute similar leases. Management estimates carrying costs, including such factors as real estate taxes, insurance and other operating expenses during the expected lease-up period, considering current market conditions and costs to execute similar leases. In estimating costs to execute similar leases, management considers leasing commissions and other related expenses. Characteristics considered by management in estimating the value of tenant relationships include the nature and extent of the Company's existing business relationships with the tenant, growth prospects for developing new business with the tenant, the tenant's credit quality and expectations of lease renewals. The value of in-place leases is amortized as a component of depreciation expense over the remaining initial terms of the respective leases. The value of tenant relationship intangibles, if any, is amortized as a component of depreciation expense over the anticipated life of the relationships. Through June 30, 2012, the Company has assigned no value to tenant relationships on any of its acquisitions.

For property acquisitions where the Company assumes existing mortgage debt, the debt is recorded at its estimated fair value, based on management's estimate of current market yields available for comparable financing. The Company amortizes any discount or premium as part of interest expense on the related debt using the effective interest method.

#### Development Activities

Project costs and expenses associated with the development, construction and lease-up of a real estate project are capitalized as construction in progress. Once the development and construction of the building is substantially completed, the costs capitalized to construction in progress are transferred to (i) land and (ii) buildings and improvements.

#### Loan Investments

The Company classifies its loans as long-term investments, as its strategy is to hold the loans for the foreseeable future or until maturity. Loan investments are carried on the Company's Consolidated Balance Sheet at amortized cost (unpaid principal balance adjusted for unearned discount or premium and loan origination fees), net of any allowance



for loan losses. Unearned discounts or premiums and loan origination fees are amortized as a component of interest income using the effective interest method over the life of the loan.

From time to time, the Company may determine to sell a loan in which case it must reclassify the asset as held for sale. Loans held for sale are carried at lower of cost or estimated fair value. The Company did not sell any of its loan investments during the six months ended June 30, 2012, and as of June 30, 2012, the Company has not classified any of its loans as held for sale. During the six months ended June 30, 2011, the Company sold two long-term mortgage loans each backed by a single retail store leased to Home Depot USA, Inc. See Note 6 below for a discussion of such loan sale transaction.

CapLease, Inc. and Subsidiaries

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

(Dollar amounts in thousands, except per share amounts; totals may not add due to rounding)

June 30, 2012 (unaudited)

The Company evaluates its loan investments for possible impairment on a quarterly basis. The Company's impairment analysis includes both a general reserve component and an asset-specific component. The general reserve component covers performing loans and in accordance with relevant accounting guidance an allowance for loan losses is recorded when (i) available information as of each balance sheet date indicates that it is probable a loss has occurred in the portfolio and (ii) the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. Actual loan losses are then charged against the allowance when management believes that uncollectibility of a loan balance is confirmed. Subsequent recoveries, if any, are credited to the allowance. Significant judgment is required in determining reserve balances for the performing loan portfolio, including estimates of the likelihood of default and lease rejection given the credit characteristics of the tenant, and estimates of stressed collateral values and potential bankruptcy claim recoveries. These estimates are highly subjective and could differ materially from actual results. As of June 30, 2012, the Company has a general loan loss reserve of \$500. See Note 4.

The asset-specific component of the loan loss impairment analysis relates to specific loans where the Company has deemed it probable that it will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the contractual terms of the loan. Any resulting loan specific loss is measured based on the present value of expected future cash flows from the loan or the fair value of the loan collateral, if the loan is collateral dependent. Significant judgment is required in determining any resulting loan specific loss, including factors such as the status of the loans (i.e., current or actual or expected payment or other defaults), the credit quality of the underlying tenants, the present value of expected future cash flows on the loans, the fair value of any collateral, and the amount and status of any senior debt. These estimates are highly subjective and could differ materially from actual results. The Company's accounting policy is to continue to accrue interest income on specific impaired loans as long as it concludes it is likely to collect it. As of June 30, 2012, the Company did not have any asset-specific loan loss reserves.

#### Commercial Mortgage-Backed Securities

The Company classifies all of its securities investments as "available for sale" for accounting purposes. Under GAAP, securities classified as "available for sale" are carried on the Consolidated Balance Sheet at fair value with the net unrealized gains or losses included in Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss), a component of Stockholders' Equity on the Company's Consolidated Balance Sheet.

Any premiums or discounts on securities are amortized as a component of interest income using the effective interest method.

The Company estimates fair value on all securities investments quarterly based on a variety of inputs. Under applicable accounting guidance, securities where the fair value is less than the Company's cost are deemed "impaired," and, therefore, must be measured for "other-than-temporary impairment." If an impaired security (i.e., fair value below cost) is intended to be sold or required to be sold prior to expected recovery of the impairment loss, the full amount of the loss must be charged to earnings as other-than-temporary impairment. Otherwise, impairment losses on the security must be further analyzed for separation into two categories: (i) credit losses and (ii) losses due to factors other than credit. The portion which is considered credit loss is charged to earnings as other-than-temporary impairment. The portion which is due to other factors is not charged to earnings. Also, if the security is classified as available for sale, the non-credit portion of the impairment loss is charged to other comprehensive income (loss), a component of equity on the Company's Consolidated Balance Sheet.

In estimating credit or other-than-temporary impairment losses, management considers a variety of factors including (1) the financial condition and near-term prospects of the credit, including credit rating of the security and the underlying tenant and an estimate of the likelihood, amount and expected timing of any default, (2) whether the Company expects to hold the investment for a period of time sufficient to allow for anticipated recovery in fair value, (3) the length of time and the extent to which the fair value has been below cost, (4) current market conditions, (5) expected cash flows from the underlying collateral and an estimate of underlying collateral values, and (6) subordination levels within the securitization pool. These estimates are highly subjective and could differ materially from actual results. The Company had no other-than-temporary impairment losses on securities charged to the Statement of Operations during the six months ended June 30, 2012. The Company also had no other-than-temporary impairment losses on securities charged to the Statement of Operations during the six months ended June 30, 2011.

CapLease, Inc. and Subsidiaries

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

(Dollar amounts in thousands, except per share amounts; totals may not add due to rounding)

June 30, 2012 (unaudited)

#### Deferred Fees and Costs

In connection with its leasing efforts, the Company may incur primarily two types of costs: (i) allowances paid to the tenant or on its behalf for the construction of leasehold improvements, or tenant improvement allowances, and (ii) commissions paid to leasing brokers, or leasing commissions. Tenant improvement allowances are initially capitalized as part of "Construction in progress" and then transferred to "Building and improvements" at completion and depreciated on a straight-line basis over periods not exceeding 40 years. Leasing commissions are capitalized as "Deferred leasing costs" and amortized on a straight-line basis over the term of the related lease.

In accordance with applicable accounting guidance, the Company defers the recognition of fees and expenses associated with the origination of its loans held for investment. These items include lender fee income, rate lock income, direct loan origination costs, certain legal fees, insurance costs, rating agency fees and certain other expenses. Deferred fees and costs are recognized as an adjustment to the effective yield over the life of the related asset.

The Company also defers the recognition of expenses associated with the issuance of its debt obligations. These items include placement fees, legal fees, broker fees and certain other expenses. Deferred issuance costs are recognized as an adjustment to the effective financing rate over the term of the related debt obligation. Upon the retirement of the related debt obligation, any unamortized deferred issuance costs are charged off as a component of gain or loss on extinguishment of debt.

#### Risk Management Transactions

The Company may enter into risk management transactions as part of its overall portfolio financing strategy. These transactions are intended to manage the Company's exposure to changes in interest rates associated with its expected future debt issuances. The Company is not currently a party to any risk management transactions. It has been party to risk management transactions in the past and these transactions impact the Company's current results through amortization of the effective portion under GAAP of the realized gains and losses on these transactions into interest expense on the Company's Consolidated Statement of Operations. See Note 11.

#### Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Company defines cash equivalents as highly liquid investments purchased with maturities of three months or less at date of purchase. From time to time, the Company's account balance held at financial institutions exceeds Federal Depository Insurance Corporation ("FDIC") insurance coverage and, as a result, there is a concentration of credit risk related to the balance on deposit in excess of FDIC insurance coverage. The Company believes that the risk of loss is not significant.

#### Revenue Recognition

The Company recognizes rental revenue on real estate on a straight-line basis over the non-cancelable term of the lease. The excess of straight-line rents over base rents under the lease is included in "Accrued rental income" on the Company's Consolidated Balance Sheet and any excess of base rents over the straight-line amount is included as

“Deferred rental income” on the Company’s Consolidated Balance Sheet. The Company’s leases also generally require the tenants to pay directly or reimburse the Company for occupancy and operating costs of the properties, or in certain cases reimburse the Company for increases in certain operating costs and real estate taxes above their base year costs. The Company recognizes such income in the period the related expenses are incurred.

Interest income from loans, securities, and structuring fees receivable is recognized on the accrual basis of accounting. Interest income from securities (including interest-only strips) is recognized over the life of the investment using the effective interest method. The cost basis of interest-only strips is adjusted to reflect any prepayments from underlying assets, using the initial yield-to-maturity at the purchase date. The Company has adopted the cost-recovery method, in which all receipts are applied to reduce the Company’s cost basis, on a limited number of its securities investments.

On occasion, the Company may consider a loan to be non-performing and place the loan on non-accrual status when there is sufficient doubt as to the ultimate ability to collect interest on the loan. While on non-accrual status, the loan is accounted for on either a cash basis, in which case interest income is recognized only upon actual receipt, or on a cost-recovery basis based upon management’s judgment as to the collectibility of the investment.

## CapLease, Inc. and Subsidiaries

## Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

(Dollar amounts in thousands, except per share amounts; totals may not add due to rounding)

June 30, 2012 (unaudited)

## Income Taxes

CapLease has made an election to qualify, and believes it is operating so as to qualify, as a REIT for federal income tax purposes. As such, it will generally not be subject to federal income tax on that portion of its taxable income that is distributed to stockholders if it distributes at least 90% of its taxable income to its stockholders by prescribed dates and complies with various other requirements. From time to time, the Company may conduct a portion of its business through a taxable REIT subsidiary ("TRS"), and the income from the activities of the TRS is subject to federal and state taxation at the applicable corporate rates.

## Earnings per Share

As required by GAAP, the Company presents both basic and diluted earnings per share ("EPS"). Basic EPS excludes dilution and is computed by dividing net income (loss) allocable to common stockholders by the weighted average number of shares outstanding for the period. Diluted earnings per share reflects the potential dilution that could occur if securities or other contracts to issue common stock were exercised or converted into common stock, where such exercise or conversion would result in a lower EPS amount. The Company's computation of diluted earnings per share does not include shares of common stock that may be issued in the future upon conversion of the convertible senior notes issued in October 2007, as the impact would not be dilutive. The number of weighted average common shares not included was 3,093,759 for each of the three and six months ended June 30, 2012, and 3,093,759 for each of the three and six months ended June 30, 2011.

The following summarizes the Company's EPS computations for the three and six months ended June 30, 2012 and June 30, 2011 (in thousands, except per share amounts):

	For the three months ended June 30,		For the six months ended June 30,	
	2012	2011	2012	2011
Net loss allocable to common stockholders	\$ (8,866 )	\$ (4,855 )	\$ (8,437 )	\$ (7,990 )
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding, basic and diluted	66,767	67,450	66,540	62,521
Loss per share, basic and diluted	\$ (0.13 )	\$ (0.07 )	\$ (0.13 )	\$ (0.13 )
Non-vested shares included in weighted average number of shares outstanding above	1,571	1,617	1,571	1,617

## Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements

In May 2011, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued new accounting guidance ASU 2011-04, Amendments to Achieve Common Fair Value Measurement and Disclosure Requirements in U.S. GAAP and IFRSs, which amends various sections of Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") 820 and changes the wording used to

describe the requirements in U.S. GAAP for measuring fair value and for disclosing information about fair value measurements in order to improve consistency in the application and description of fair value between U.S. GAAP and International Financial Reporting Standards (“IFRS”). ASU 2011-04 clarifies how the concepts of highest and best use and valuation premise in a fair value measurement are relevant only when measuring the fair value of nonfinancial assets and are not relevant when measuring the fair value of financial assets or of liabilities. In addition, the guidance expanded the disclosures for the unobservable inputs for Level 3 fair value measurements, requiring quantitative information to be disclosed related to (1) the valuation processes used, (2) the sensitivity of the fair value measurement to changes in unobservable inputs and the interrelationships between those unobservable inputs, and (3) use of a nonfinancial asset in a way that differs from the asset’s highest and best use. The revised guidance is effective for interim and annual periods beginning after December 15, 2011 and early application by public entities is prohibited. ASU 2011-04 is to be applied prospectively. The Company’s adoption of this ASU for the reporting period ended March 31, 2012, as required, did not have a material effect on the Company’s consolidated financial statements.

CapLease, Inc. and Subsidiaries

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

(Dollar amounts in thousands, except per share amounts; totals may not add due to rounding)

June 30, 2012 (unaudited)

In June 2011, the FASB issued new accounting guidance ASU 2011-05, Presentation of Comprehensive Income, which amends various sections of ASC 220 and allows an entity the option to present the total of comprehensive income, the components of net income, and the components of other comprehensive income either in a single continuous statement of comprehensive income or in two separate but consecutive statements. In both choices, an entity is required to present each component of net income along with total net income, each component of other comprehensive income along with a total for other comprehensive income, and a total amount for comprehensive income. ASU 2011-05 eliminates the option to present the components of other comprehensive income as part of the statement of changes in stockholders' equity. The amendments in ASU 2011-05 do not change the items that must be reported in other comprehensive income or when an item of other comprehensive income must be reclassified to net income. ASU 2011-05 should be applied retrospectively. For public entities, the amendments in ASU 2011-05 are effective for fiscal years, and interim periods within those years, beginning after December 15, 2011. The Company elected early adoption of this ASU for the reporting period ended December 31, 2011, as permitted by the ASU. The Company's adoption of this ASU did not have a material effect on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

In December 2011, the FASB issued new accounting guidance ASU 2011-12, Deferral of the Effective Date for Amendments to the Presentation of Reclassifications of Items Out of Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income in Accounting Standard Update No. 2011-05, which amends various sections of ASC 220-10. The amended sections indefinitely defer the effective date of the presentation of reclassification adjustments out of accumulated other comprehensive income on the components of net income and other comprehensive income, which ASU 2011-05 would require. All other requirements of ASU 2011-05 are unaffected by this new guidance. For public entities, the amendments in ASU 2011-12 are effective concurrent with ASU 2011-05, for fiscal years and interim periods within those years, beginning after December 15, 2011. The Company has elected to adopt this ASU for the reporting period ended December 31, 2011, as it is required to be adopted concurrently with ASU 2011-05. The Company's adoption of this ASU did not have a material effect on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

In December 2011, the FASB issued new accounting guidance ASU No. 2011-11, Balance Sheet (ASC Topic 210): Disclosures about Offsetting Assets and Liabilities. ASU No. 2011-11 creates new disclosure requirements about the nature of an entity's rights of setoff and related arrangements associated with its financial instruments and derivative instruments. The changes to the ASC as a result of this update are effective for periods beginning on or after January 1, 2013 (January 1, 2013 for the Company) and must be shown retrospectively for all comparative periods presented. This guidance requires new disclosures only, and will have no impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

In December 2011, the FASB issued new accounting guidance ASU No. 2011-10, Derecognition of in Substance Real Estate – a Scope Clarification, which amends ASC Topic 360, Property, Plant and Equipment. ASU No. 2011-10 states that when an investor ceases to have a controlling financial interest in an entity that is in-substance real estate as a result of a default on the entity's nonrecourse debt, the investor should apply the guidance under ASC Subtopic 360-20, Property, Plant and Equipment – Real Estate Sales to determine whether to derecognize the entity's assets (including real estate) and liabilities (including the nonrecourse debt). The changes to the ASC as a result of this update are effective prospectively for deconsolidation events occurring during fiscal years, and interim periods within those years, beginning on or after June 15, 2012 (January 1, 2013 for the Company). Adoption of this guidance will not impact the Company's consolidated financial statements.



In July 2012, the FASB issued new accounting guidance ASU 2012-02, Intangibles – Goodwill and Other (Topic 250): Testing Indefinite-Lived Intangible Assets for Impairment, which amends various sections of ASC 350. The amendments update guidance with respect to annual impairment testing of indefinite-lived intangible assets. The standards update is effective for annual and interim impairment tests performed for fiscal years beginning after September 15, 2012, and early adoption is permitted. Adoption of this guidance is not expected to impact the Company's consolidated financial statements.

## CapLease, Inc. and Subsidiaries

## Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

(Dollar amounts in thousands, except per share amounts; totals may not add due to rounding)

June 30, 2012 (unaudited)

## Reclassifications

Certain prior year amounts have been reclassified to conform to the current presentation. There was no effect on net income (loss) or equity related to these reclassifications.

## 3. Real Estate Investments

Real estate held for investment and related intangible liabilities consisted of the following at June 30, 2012 and December 31, 2011:

	Jun 30, 2012 Unaudited	Dec 31, 2011
<b>Real estate investments:</b>		
Land	\$209,909	\$203,184
Building and improvements	1,344,851	1,304,655
Construction in progress, land	3,221	2,345
Construction in progress, building and improvements	17,805	6,277
Intangible assets	162,719	165,963
Less: Accumulated depreciation and amortization	(287,675 )	(280,898 )
Real estate investments, net	\$1,450,830	\$1,401,526
<b>Intangible liabilities on real estate investments:</b>		
Intangible liabilities	\$47,908	\$47,908
Less: Accumulated amortization	(13,783 )	(12,689 )
Intangible liabilities on real estate investments, net	\$34,125	\$35,219

CapLease, Inc. and Subsidiaries  
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements  
(Dollar amounts in thousands, except per share amounts; totals may not add due to rounding)

June 30, 2012 (unaudited)

During the quarter ended June 30, 2012, the Company acquired the following properties:

Month Acquired	Tenant or Guarantor	Location	Purchase Price	Lease Expires	Net Rentable Square Feet
May	AT&T Services, Inc.	2270 Lakeside Blvd., Richardson, TX	\$29,324	March 2020	203,239
May	MetroPCS Communications, Inc.	2250 Lakeside Blvd., Richardson, TX	16,676	November 2018	115,583
June	Praxair, Inc. (1)	1585 Sawdust Rd., The Woodlands, TX	40,450	May 2022	175,035

(1) As of June 30, 2012, approximately 39% of the property was leased to four other tenants.

In addition to the above properties acquired during the quarter, the Company also continued to fund the construction of the office building for Cimarex Energy Co. described below.

The Company sold one owned property investment (the vacant Johnston, Rhode Island property) during the quarter ended June 30, 2012. See Note 6.

#### Lease Extensions

During March 2012, the Company entered into a five year lease extension for the 1,045,153 square foot warehouse property located in Breinigsville, Pennsylvania and leased to a subsidiary of Nestlé Holdings, Inc. The lease extension commences January 1, 2013 and the rental rate is \$4.40 per square foot increasing 3% per annum.

During April 2012, the Company entered into a five year lease extension for the 751,021 square foot warehouse property located in Lathrop, California with the current subtenant at the property, Del Monte Corporation. The lease extension commences January 1, 2013 and the rental rate is \$3.32 per square foot increasing 2.5% per annum.

The Company's lease with the United States Government (National Institutes of Health) at the office building located in North Bethesda, Maryland was scheduled to mature in May 2012. The tenant remains in occupancy of the building and has requested an 18 month lease extension (until November 2013). A formal lease extension is currently in the process of being signed by the parties.

#### Development Activities

During July 2011, the Company entered into a joint venture that is developing a 17 story office building primarily on a build-to-suit basis for Cimarex Energy Co. with an estimated total investment of \$55,000. The Company owns a 99% ownership interest in and is obligated to fund approximately one-half of the costs of the project, with the other half of the project costs to be funded by Bank of Oklahoma pursuant to a loan agreement it has entered into with the Company's 99% owned joint venture entity. The Company consolidates the joint venture for financial accounting purposes.

Construction activity and funding of the project commenced during the third quarter of 2011.

The table below details the Company's investment in the Cimarex joint venture as of June 30, 2012. The information included in the table below represents management's estimates and expectations at June 30, 2012 which are subject to change. The Company's disclosures regarding certain projections or estimates of completion dates may not reflect actual results.

Location	Tenant	Property Type	Approximate Square Feet	Lease Term (years)(1)	Investment through 6/30/12	Estimated Remaining Funding(2)	Estimated Total Investment(3)	Estimated Completion Date
Tulsa, Oklahoma	Cimarex Energy Co.	Office Building	324,000	12	\$ 20,314	\$ 34,686	\$ 55,000	Q1 2013

(1) The lease is in force and rent will commence as building floors are completed and delivered to the tenant and the 12 year lease term will commence upon completion and delivery of all building floors to the tenant.

## CapLease, Inc. and Subsidiaries

## Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

(Dollar amounts in thousands, except per share amounts; totals may not add due to rounding)

June 30, 2012 (unaudited)

- (2) The Company has entered into a construction/term loan with Bank of Oklahoma to fund a portion of the total investment. Upon completion of construction, up to \$31,000 is expected to have been funded from borrowings under the loan agreement with Bank of Oklahoma. See Note 9.
- (3) Interest and fees the Company will earn during the construction period are expected to reduce the total investment to \$53,000.

## Straight-Line Rent Adjustment

As described under "Revenue Recognition" in Note 2 above, the Company recognizes rental revenue from its owned properties on a straight-line basis as required by relevant accounting guidance. The impact of the straight-line rent adjustment on rental revenue is recorded on the Company's Consolidated Balance Sheet through accrued rental income and deferred rental income. Amounts for accrued rental income and deferred rental income as of June 30, 2012 and December 31, 2011, were as follows:

	Jun 30, 2012 Unaudited	Dec 31, 2011
Accrued Rental Income	\$ 34,614	\$ 41,387
Deferred Rental Income	1,281	2

Accrued rental income is included in "Other assets" on the Company's Consolidated Balance Sheet. See Note 8. Deferred rental income is included in "Accounts payable and other liabilities" on the Company's Consolidated Balance Sheet. See Note 10.

## Depreciation and Amortization Expense

Depreciation expense and amortization of intangible assets and liabilities on real estate investments for the three and six months ended June 30, 2012 and June 30, 2011, were as follows:

	For the three months ended June 30,		For the six months ended June 30,	
	2012	2011	2012	2011
Depreciation on real estate (included in depreciation and amortization expense)	\$ 8,252	\$ 7,768	\$ 16,356	\$ 15,462
Amortization of in-place leases (included in depreciation and amortization expense)	3,555	3,593	7,174	7,193
Amortization of above-market leases (included as a reduction	348	361	708	722

of rental revenue)				
Amortization of below-market leases (included as an increase to rental revenue)	547	546	1,093	1,093

As of June 30, 2012, the Company's weighted average amortization period on intangible assets was 7.8 years, and the weighted average amortization period on intangible liabilities was 25.4 years.

CapLease, Inc. and Subsidiaries  
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements  
(Dollar amounts in thousands, except per share amounts; totals may not add due to rounding)

June 30, 2012 (unaudited)

Scheduled amortization on existing intangible assets and liabilities on real estate investments as of June 30, 2012, was as follows:

	Intangible Assets	Intangible Liabilities
2012	\$ 7,597	\$ 1,093
2013	10,133	2,051
2014	9,776	1,954
2015	9,116	1,678
2016	7,530	1,614
Thereafter	22,743	25,736
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$ 66,895</b>	<b>\$ 34,125</b>

#### Owned Property Investment and Financing Strategy

All of the Company's owned properties are subject to financing and have been pledged as collateral to the Company's lender that has provided the applicable financing. Many of these properties are owned and financed on a long-term basis with fixed rate, non-recourse debt. Each property is owned through a separate and distinct special purpose entity, or SPE, with the property and the related lease or leases on the property generally representing the sole assets of the SPE and the sole collateral available to the Company's lender in the event the Company defaults on the debt that finances the property. Also see Note 2. Certain of the Company's owned properties are pledged to Wells Fargo Bank, N.A., as lender under the new revolving credit agreement described at Note 9, to secure the Company's borrowings from time to time outstanding thereunder. These properties are otherwise unencumbered and the related debt can be repaid and the lender's lien released at any time without payment of a penalty or premium to the lender.

#### 4. Loans Held for Investment

Loans held for investment at June 30, 2012 and December 31, 2011, are summarized in the following table. These investments consist predominantly of mortgage loans on properties subject to leases to investment grade tenants. As of June 30, 2012, the weighted average credit rating of the underlying tenants was BBB+ from Standard & Poor's. As of June 30, 2012, none of the Company's loans held for investment were on non-accrual status or past due 90 days or more.

	Jun 30, 2012 Unaudited	Dec 31, 2011
Principal	\$ 34,545	\$ 37,622
Discount	(3,855 )	(3,913 )
Cost basis	30,690	33,709
Allowance for loan losses	(500 )	(500 )
Carrying amount of loans	30,190	33,209
Deferred origination fees, net	(65 )	(70 )
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$ 30,125</b>	<b>\$ 33,139</b>

As of each of June 30, 2012 and December 31, 2011, the Company's loan investments carried interest rates ranging from 5.28% to 9.32%. At June 30, 2012 and December 31, 2011, the weighted average effective interest rate on the Company's loan investments, as measured against its cost basis, was 7.1% and 7.3%, respectively.

The Company's loan portfolio is comprised primarily of fully amortizing or nearly fully amortizing first mortgage loans on commercial real estate leased to a single tenant. Payments of debt service on the Company's loans is, in substantially all cases, funded directly by rent payments typically paid into a lockbox account by the underlying tenant. Therefore, the Company's monitoring of the credit quality of its loans held for investment is focused primarily on an analysis of the tenant, including review of tenant credit ratings (including changes in ratings) and other measures of tenant credit quality, trends in the tenant's industry and general economic conditions, and an analysis of measures of collateral coverage, such as an estimate of the loan's loan-to-value (LTV) ratio (principal amount outstanding divided by estimated value of the property) and its remaining term until maturity.



CapLease, Inc. and Subsidiaries  
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements  
(Dollar amounts in thousands, except per share amounts; totals may not add due to rounding)

June 30, 2012 (unaudited)

The following table is a summary of the Company's loans held for investment by credit category with the credit ratings of the underlying tenants presented as of each applicable balance sheet date:

Credit rating (1)	Carry Value	
	6/30/12 (unaudited)	12/31/11
Investment grade rating of A- or A3 and above	\$ 16,427	\$ 16,664
Investment grade rating of below A- or A3	9,062	9,239
Non-investment grade rating	5,201	7,806
General loan loss reserve	(500 )	(500 )
	<b>\$ 30,190</b>	<b>\$ 33,209</b>

(1) Reflects the underlying tenant's or lease guarantor's actual or implied senior unsecured credit rating from S&P or equivalent rating if rated only by Moody's.

As of June 30, 2012, the Company has a general loan loss reserve of \$500, reflecting management's estimate of losses that have probably occurred in its mortgage loan portfolio. The loan loss reserve was established at December 31, 2008, and to date the Company has not had any actual losses charged against the allowance.

During the six months ended June 30, 2012, the Company received net proceeds of \$709 in satisfaction of the outstanding balance of its loan to a franchise lending joint venture. The amount received is included in "Gain (loss) on investments, net" in the Company's Consolidated Statement of Operations. The Company previously recorded aggregate losses of \$1,432 related to this investment, including \$444 during the quarter ended June 30, 2009 and \$988 during the quarter ended June 30, 2011.

#### 5. Commercial Mortgage-Backed Securities

As of June 30, 2012, the Company classifies all of its commercial mortgage-backed securities as "available for sale" for financial accounting purposes and carries those securities on the Consolidated Balance Sheet at fair value with the net unrealized gains or losses included in Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss), a component of Stockholders' Equity on the Company's Consolidated Balance Sheet.

A detailed schedule of the Company's securities investments at June 30, 2012 follows:

Description	Face Amount (1)		Cost Basis		Fair Value	
	Jun 30, 2012 Unaudited	Dec 31, 2011	Jun 30, 2012 Unaudited	Dec 31, 2011	Jun 30, 2012 Unaudited	Dec 31, 2011
Certificated Mortgage Loan (with Alcatel-Lucent USA Inc. as tenant in Highlands Ranch, CO) (rated B)	\$23,487	\$24,527	\$23,759	\$24,818	\$22,104	\$20,648
Certificated Mortgage Loan (with CVS Corporation as tenant / multi-property) (rated BBB+)	16,546	16,867	16,546	16,867	18,133	17,410

Edgar Filing: CapLease, Inc. - Form 10-Q

Certificated Mortgage Loan (with Koninklijke Ahold, N.V. as tenant / multi-property) (rated BBB)	6,805	7,489	6,884	7,578	7,667	8,395
BACM 2006-4, Class H (rated CCC)	4,000	4,000	–	–	80	800
BACMS 2002-2, Class V-1 (7-Eleven, Inc.) (rated AA-)	684	656	589	555	589	555
BACMS 2002-2, Class V-2 (Sterling Jewelers) (not rated)	1,045	1,001	879	828	882	828
CALFS 1997-CTL1, Class D (rated B-)	2,848	3,000	2,848	3,000	2,592	1,200
CapLease CDO 2005-1, Class A (rated BBB+)	2,379	2,661	2,044	2,326	2,141	2,345
CapLease CDO 2005-1, Class B (rated BBB-)	2,000	2,000	1,400	1,400	1,603	1,410
CMLBC 2001-CMLB-1, Class H (rated B-)	11,907	11,907	7,229	7,139	3,172	2,639
CMLBC 2001-CMLB-1, Class J (rated D)	6,383	6,383	559	756	574	672
NLFC 1999-LTL-1, Class X (IO) (rated AAA)	3,677	3,916	3,677	3,916	3,589	2,533
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$81,762</b>	<b>\$84,405</b>	<b>\$66,415</b>	<b>\$69,181</b>	<b>\$63,126</b>	<b>\$59,435</b>

(1) Reflects face amount, or, in the case of the NLFC 1999-LTL-1 Class X (IO) bond, amortized cost.

All credit ratings in the above table are as of June 30, 2012.

CapLease, Inc. and Subsidiaries  
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements  
(Dollar amounts in thousands, except per share amounts; totals may not add due to rounding)

June 30, 2012 (unaudited)

The Company evaluated each of its securities for other-than-temporary impairment at June 30, 2012, and determined that no other-than-temporary impairment charges on its securities were appropriate.

Unrealized gains and losses on securities at June 30, 2012 and December 31, 2011, included as a component of Other Comprehensive Income (Loss) on the Company's Consolidated Balance Sheet, consisted of the following, and did not include any other-than-temporary impairment charges:

	Jun 30, 2012 Unaudited	Dec 31, 2011
Unrealized gains on securities available for sale	\$ 2,769	\$ 2,189
Unrealized losses on securities available for sale	(6,058 )	(11,936 )

The following table summarizes the Company's securities in an unrealized loss position as of June 30, 2012.

	Aggregate Fair Value	Aggregate Unrealized Loss	Number of Securities
In unrealized loss position less than 12 consecutive months	\$ 3,588	\$ 89	1
In unrealized loss position 12 or more consecutive months	\$ 27,868	\$ 5,969	3

Credit ratings on the 3 securities in a continuous unrealized loss position for more than 12 consecutive months as of June 30, 2012, range from B to B- with a weighted average of B and those securities have a weighted average maturity of approximately 6.2 years. The Company believes that none of the unrealized losses on investment securities are other-than-temporary because management expects the Company will receive all contractual principal and interest related to these investments. In addition, the Company did not have the intent to sell the securities or believe it would be required to sell them as of June 30, 2012.

At June 30, 2012 and December 31, 2011, the weighted average effective interest rate (yield to maturity on adjusted cost basis) on securities was approximately 8.6% and 8.4%, respectively.

## 6. Assets Sold and Discontinued Operations

### Six Months Ended June 30, 2012

The Company sold one investment during the six months ended June 30, 2012. During June, the Company sold the vacant Johnston, Rhode Island property to the former tenant at the building. As part of the sale, the Company also settled its litigation with the former tenant regarding its end-of-lease surrender obligations. The Company sold the property for a cash purchase price of \$9,750, before transactions expenses. The Company recognized a loss on such sale during the quarter ended June 30, 2012, of \$15,229. The loss is included as a component of discontinued operations under the caption "Loss on investments" on the Company's Consolidated Statement of Operations. The operating results of the sold property have been reclassified as a component of discontinued operations for all periods

presented.

Six Months Ended June 30, 2011

The Company sold the following investments during the six months ended June 30, 2011.

During May 2011, the Company sold two long-term mortgage loans each backed by a single retail store leased to Home Depot USA, Inc., one store located in Chelsea, Massachusetts and the other located in Tullytown, Pennsylvania. The loans had an aggregate carry value of \$16,002, and generated sales proceeds of \$16,935. The Company's net gain on sale of the loans after estimated expenses of \$271 was \$662, and is included as a component of "Gain (loss) on investments, net" on the Company's Consolidated Statement of Operations.

19

---

CapLease, Inc. and Subsidiaries

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

(Dollar amounts in thousands, except per share amounts; totals may not add due to rounding)

June 30, 2012 (unaudited)

During May 2011, the Company sold one of its commercial mortgage-backed securities investments (WBCMT 2006-C27, Class C). The total of \$11,000 face amount of securities were sold at a dollar price of \$79.50 per \$100 of face amount, and the Company recognized a loss on investment during the quarter ended June 30, 2011 of \$2,397. The loss is included as a component of "Gain (loss) on investments, net" in the Company's Consolidated Statement of Operations. The aggregate carrying amount of the securities was \$11,142 as of March 31, 2011.

During February 2011, the Company sold two commercial mortgage-backed securities investments, both of which were secured by portions of the mortgage financing on the office building located at 180 Maiden Lane, New York, New York (WBCMT 2004-C15, Class 180ML-D and Class 180ML-E). The total of \$23,000 face amount of securities were sold at a dollar price of \$98 per \$100 of face amount, and the Company recognized a loss on investment during the quarter ended June 30, 2011 of \$490. The loss is included as a component of "Gain (loss) on investments, net" in the Company's Consolidated Statement of Operations. The aggregate carrying amount of these securities was \$22,236 as of December 31, 2010.

#### Discontinued Operations

Income (loss) from discontinued operations for the three and six months ended June 30, 2012, is comprised of the operating results of the Company's former Johnston, Rhode Island office property which was sold during June 2012. Income (loss) from discontinued operations for the three and six months ended June 30, 2011, is comprised of the operating results of the following assets that were sold during subsequent periods.

- the Company's former Johnston, Rhode Island office property;
- the Company's former Hartford, Connecticut office property that was transferred to the lender in full satisfaction of the mortgage debt during December 2011;
  - the Company's former Pennsauken, New Jersey retail property which was sold during August 2011; and
  - the Company's former Simi Valley, California retail property which was sold during September 2011.

#### 7. Fair Value

The Company is required to disclose fair value information about all of its financial instruments (as defined under prevailing accounting guidance), whether or not these instruments are measured at fair value on the Company's Consolidated Balance Sheet. Under such guidance, substantially all of the Company's assets and liabilities other than its owned property investments are classified as financial instruments.

The Company estimates that the fair values of cash and cash equivalents, other assets, accounts payable and other liabilities, and dividends and distributions payable approximate their carrying values due to the short-term maturities of these items.

The carrying amounts, notional or face amounts and estimated fair values of the Company's other financial instruments (as defined under GAAP) at June 30, 2012 and December 31, 2011, are as follows:

Edgar Filing: CapLease, Inc. - Form 10-Q

	Carrying Amount		Notional Amount		Estimated Fair Value	
	6/30/2012	12/31/2011	6/30/2012	12/31/2011	6/30/2012	12/31/2011
<b>Assets:</b>	<b>(unaudited)</b>		<b>(unaudited)</b>		<b>(unaudited)</b>	
Loans held for investment	\$ 30,190	\$ 33,209	\$ 34,545	\$ 37,622	\$ 33,718	\$ 35,120
Commercial mortgage-backed securities	63,126	59,435	81,762	84,405	63,126	59,435
<b>Liabilities:</b>						
Mortgages on real estate investments	\$ 962,597	\$ 972,924	\$ 961,181	\$ 969,004	\$ 1,001,693	\$ 1,002,247
Credit agreements	64,385	70,668	64,385	70,668	64,385	70,668
Secured term loan	79,674	88,142	79,674	88,142	75,316	78,302
Convertible senior notes	34,843	34,522	35,009	35,009	35,003	34,997
Other long-term debt	30,930	30,930	30,930	30,930	29,584	29,421

CapLease, Inc. and Subsidiaries

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

(Dollar amounts in thousands, except per share amounts; totals may not add due to rounding)

June 30, 2012 (unaudited)

The fair values indicated above are indicative of the interest rate and credit spread environment as of June 30, 2012 and December 31, 2011, respectively, and may not take into consideration the effects of subsequent interest rate, credit spread fluctuations, or changes in the ratings of the underlying tenants on the related leases. The methodologies used and key assumptions made to estimate fair values are as follows:

**Loans held for investment**—The fair value of the Company's fixed-rate loan portfolio is estimated with a discounted cash flow analysis, utilizing scheduled cash flows and discount rates estimated by management to approximate those that a willing buyer and seller might use.

**Commercial mortgage-backed securities**—The fair values of the securities reflect management's best estimate and require a considerable amount of judgment and assumptions. Management evaluates a variety of inputs and then estimates fair value based on those inputs. The primary inputs evaluated by management are broker quotations, collateral values, subordination levels, and liquidity of the security.

**Credit agreements**—Management believes that the stated interest rate (which floats based on short-term interest rates) approximates market rates (when compared to similar credit facilities with similar credit risk). As such, the fair value of these obligations is estimated to be equal to the outstanding principal amount.

**Mortgages on real estate investments and secured term loan** —The fair value of mortgages payable on real estate investments and the secured term loan is estimated using a discounted cash flow analysis, based on management's estimates of market interest rates. For mortgages where the Company has an early prepayment right, management also considers the prepayment amount to evaluate the fair value.

**Convertible senior notes** —The carry value of convertible senior notes reflects the impact of accounting guidance for the notes adopted as of January 1, 2009. See Note 9. The fair value is estimated using a discounted cash flow analysis, based on management's estimates of market interest rates, and indications of market yields, where available.

**Other long-term debt**—The fair value of the Company's other long-term debt is estimated using a discounted cash flow analysis, based on management's estimates of market interest rates.

On January 1, 2008, the Company adopted accounting guidance (codified at FASB ASC 820) that defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value under GAAP, and expands disclosures about fair value measurements. The guidance does not impose any new requirements around which assets and liabilities are to be measured at fair value, and instead applies to asset and liability balances required or permitted to be measured at fair value under existing accounting pronouncements.

The guidance applies principally to the Company's securities investments, all of which are classified as available for sale for accounting purposes and, as such, are measured at fair value on a recurring basis on the Company's financial statements.

FASB ASC 820 establishes a valuation hierarchy based on the transparency of inputs used in the valuation of an asset or liability. Classification is based on the lowest level of inputs that is significant to the fair value measurement. The valuation hierarchy contains three levels:

- Level 1 – Quoted prices are available in active markets for identical assets or liabilities at the reporting date. As of June 30, 2012, the Company has not classified any of its securities as Level 1.
- Level 2 – Pricing inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for substantially the full term of the asset or liability. Level 2 assets include quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets; quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities that are not active; and inputs other than quoted prices that are observable, such as models or other valuation methodologies. As of June 30, 2012, the Company has classified two certificated mortgage loans (one with CVS Corporation as underlying tenant and the other with Koninklijke Ahold, N.V. as underlying tenant), as well as its sole remaining generic commercial mortgage-backed security investment (BACM 2006-4, Class H), as Level 2.