

BRYN MAWR BANK CORP
Form 10-Q
November 06, 2015
Table Of Contents

UNITED STATES

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

Form 10-Q

**Quarterly Report Under Section 13 or 15(d)
of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934**

For Quarter ended September 30, 2015

Commission File Number 1-35746

Bryn Mawr Bank Corporation

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Pennsylvania **23-2434506**
(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization) **(I.R.S. Employer identification No.)**

801 Lancaster Avenue, Bryn Mawr, Pennsylvania
(Address of principal executive offices)

19010
(Zip Code)

Registrant's telephone number, including area code (610) 525-1700

Not Applicable

Former name, former address and fiscal year, if changed since last report.

Indicate by checkmark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports to be filed by Section 13 or 15 (d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes No

Indicate by checkmark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, or a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See definition of "accelerated filer", "large accelerated filer", and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer Accelerated filer

Non-accelerated filer Smaller reporting company

Indicate by checkmark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act) Yes No

Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer's classes of common stock, as of the latest practicable date.

| Classes | Outstanding at November 3, 2015 |
|-----------------------------|--|
| Common Stock, par value \$1 | 17,168,714 |

Table Of Contents

BRYN MAWR BANK CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

FORM 10-Q

QUARTER ENDED September 30, 2015

Index

PART I - FINANCIAL INFORMATION

ITEM 1. Financial Statements (unaudited)

Consolidated Financial Statements Page 3

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements Page 8

ITEM 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations Page 45

ITEM 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk Page 63

ITEM 4. Controls and Procedures Page 63

PART II - OTHER INFORMATION Page 63

ITEM 1. Legal Proceedings Page 63

ITEM 1A. Risk Factors Page 63

ITEM 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds Page 64

ITEM 3. Defaults Upon Senior Securities Page 64

ITEM 4. Mine Safety Disclosures Page 64

ITEM 5. Other Information Page 64

ITEM 6. Exhibits Page 65

Table Of Contents**PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION****ITEM 1. Financial Statements****BRYN MAWR BANK CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES****Consolidated Balance Sheets - Unaudited**

| <i>(dollars in thousands)</i> | (unaudited) September 30, 2015 | December 31, 2014 |
|---|--|------------------------------|
| Assets | | |
| Cash and due from banks | \$ 17,161 | \$ 16,717 |
| Interest bearing deposits with banks | 100,980 | 202,552 |
| Cash and cash equivalents | 118,141 | 219,269 |
| Investment securities available for sale, at fair value (amortized cost of \$337,978 and \$227,553 as of September 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014 respectively) | 341,421 | 229,577 |
| Investment securities, trading | 3,451 | 3,896 |
| Loans held for sale | 8,721 | 3,882 |
| Portfolio loans and leases, originated | 1,804,834 | 1,535,004 |
| Portfolio loans and leases, acquired | 423,930 | 117,253 |
| Total portfolio loans and leases | 2,228,764 | 1,652,257 |
| Less: Allowance for originated loan and lease losses | (15,900) | (14,500) |
| Less: Allowance for acquired loan and lease | (35) | (86) |

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| | | | | |
|---|--------------|---|--------------|---|
| losses | | | | |
| Total allowance for loans and lease losses | (15,935 |) | (14,586 |) |
| Net portfolio loans and leases | 2,212,829 | | 1,637,671 | |
| Premises and equipment, net | 44,370 | | 33,748 | |
| Accrued interest receivable | 7,744 | | 5,560 | |
| Deferred income taxes | 11,216 | | 7,209 | |
| Mortgage servicing rights | 5,031 | | 4,765 | |
| Bank owned life insurance | 38,157 | | 20,535 | |
| Federal Home Loan Bank stock | 11,742 | | 11,523 | |
| Goodwill | 104,338 | | 35,781 | |
| Intangible assets | 25,356 | | 22,521 | |
| Other investments | 9,499 | | 5,226 | |
| Other assets | 10,726 | | 5,343 | |
| Total assets | \$ 2,952,742 | | \$ 2,246,506 | |
| Liabilities | | | | |
| Deposits: | | | | |
| Non-interest-bearing | \$ 605,607 | | \$ 446,903 | |
| Interest-bearing | 1,634,237 | | 1,241,125 | |
| Total deposits | 2,239,844 | | 1,688,028 | |
| Short-term borrowings | 24,264 | | 23,824 | |
| Long-term FHLB advances and other borrowings | 254,893 | | 260,146 | |
| Subordinated notes | 29,466 | | - | |
| Accrued interest payable | 1,444 | | 1,040 | |
| Other liabilities | 34,676 | | 27,994 | |
| Total liabilities | 2,584,587 | | 2,001,032 | |
| Shareholders' equity | | | | |
| Common stock, par value \$1; authorized 100,000,000 shares; issued 20,853,511 and 16,742,135 shares as of September 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, respectively, and outstanding of 17,166,323 and 13,769,336 as of September 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, respectively | 20,854 | | 16,742 | |
| Paid-in capital in excess of par value | 226,980 | | 100,486 | |
| Less: Common stock in treasury at cost - 3,687,188 and 2,972,799 shares as of September 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, respectively | (53,000 |) | (31,642 |) |

| | | |
|--|--------------|--------------|
| Accumulated other comprehensive loss, net of tax benefit | (11,040) | (11,704) |
| Retained earnings | 184,361 | 171,592 |
| Total shareholders' equity | 368,155 | 245,474 |
| Total liabilities and shareholders' equity | \$ 2,952,742 | \$ 2,246,506 |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the unaudited consolidated financial statements.

Table Of Contents**BRYN MAWR BANK CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES****Consolidated Statements of Income - Unaudited**

| | Three Months Ended September 30, | | Nine Months Ended September 30, | |
|---|---|-------------|--|-------------|
| | 2015 | 2014 | 2015 | 2014 |
| <i>(dollars in thousands, except per share data)</i> | | | | |
| Interest income: | | | | |
| Interest and fees on loans and leases | \$25,620 | \$19,710 | \$76,352 | \$58,628 |
| Interest on cash and cash equivalents | 107 | 46 | 346 | 127 |
| Interest on investment securities: | | | | |
| Taxable | 1,135 | 863 | 3,616 | 2,705 |
| Non-taxable | 125 | 100 | 366 | 304 |
| Dividends | 42 | 30 | 96 | 87 |
| Total interest income | 27,029 | 20,749 | 80,776 | 61,851 |
| Interest expense on: | | | | |
| Deposits | 1,076 | 742 | 3,166 | 2,144 |
| Short-term borrowings | 8 | 3 | 39 | 12 |
| FHLB advances and other borrowings | 881 | 828 | 2,642 | 2,354 |
| Subordinated notes | 231 | - | 231 | - |
| Total interest expense | 2,196 | 1,573 | 6,078 | 4,510 |
| Net interest income | 24,833 | 19,176 | 74,698 | 57,341 |
| Provision for loan and lease losses | 1,200 | 550 | 2,619 | 1,200 |
| Net interest income after provision for loan and lease losses | 23,633 | 18,626 | 72,079 | 56,141 |
| Non-interest income: | | | | |
| Fees for wealth management services | 9,194 | 9,099 | 27,899 | 27,511 |
| Insurance commissions | 1,065 | 164 | 2,903 | 369 |
| Service charges on deposits | 721 | 663 | 2,185 | 1,920 |
| Loan servicing and other fees | 397 | 431 | 1,585 | 1,305 |
| Net gain on sale of loans | 685 | 440 | 2,271 | 1,301 |
| Net gain on sale of investment securities available for sale | 60 | - | 873 | 81 |
| Net (loss) gain on sale of other real estate owned ("OREO") | - | (49 |) 90 | 171 |
| Dividend on bank stocks | 138 | 126 | 1,052 | 404 |
| Other operating income | 1,090 | 669 | 3,434 | 2,377 |
| Total non-interest income | 13,350 | 11,543 | 42,292 | 35,439 |
| Non-interest expenses: | | | | |
| Salaries and wages | 10,941 | 9,110 | 32,875 | 27,244 |
| Employee benefits | 2,590 | 1,652 | 7,937 | 5,440 |
| Occupancy and bank premises | 2,557 | 1,881 | 7,831 | 5,497 |
| Furniture, fixtures, and equipment | 1,712 | 1,078 | 4,712 | 3,150 |
| Advertising | 410 | 310 | 1,446 | 1,104 |
| Amortization of intangible assets | 953 | 633 | 2,890 | 1,906 |
| Due diligence, merger-related and merger integration expenses | 1,015 | 775 | 4,810 | 1,416 |

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| | | | | |
|---|----------------|----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| Professional fees | 843 | 701 | 2,343 | 2,208 |
| Pennsylvania bank shares tax | 433 | 412 | 1,299 | 1,192 |
| Information technology | 1,053 | 678 | 2,569 | 2,024 |
| Other operating expenses | 2,896 | 2,731 | 10,102 | 8,305 |
| Total non-interest expenses | 25,403 | 19,961 | 78,814 | 59,486 |
| Income before income taxes | 11,580 | 10,208 | 35,557 | 32,094 |
| Income tax expense | 4,084 | 3,702 | 12,448 | 11,295 |
| Net income | \$7,496 | \$6,506 | \$23,109 | \$20,799 |
| Basic earnings per common share | \$0.43 | \$0.48 | \$1.31 | \$1.54 |
| Diluted earnings per common share | \$0.42 | \$0.47 | \$1.29 | \$1.50 |
| Dividends declared per share | \$0.20 | \$0.19 | \$0.58 | \$0.55 |
| Weighted-average basic shares outstanding | 17,572,421 | 13,600,348 | 17,610,353 | 13,539,327 |
| Dilutive shares | 261,877 | 272,516 | 320,067 | 294,114 |
| Adjusted weighted-average diluted shares | 17,834,298 | 13,872,864 | 17,930,520 | 13,833,441 |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the unaudited consolidated financial statements.

Table Of Contents**BRYN MAWR BANK CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES****Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income - Unaudited**

| <i>(dollars in thousands)</i> | Three Months Ended September 30, 2015 | | Nine Months Ended September 30, 2014 | |
|--|--|----------------|---|-----------------|
| Net income | \$7,496 | \$6,506 | \$23,109 | \$20,799 |
| Other comprehensive income (loss): | | | | |
| Net change in unrealized gains (losses) on investment securities available for sale: | | | | |
| Net unrealized gains (losses) arising during the period, net of tax expense (benefit) of \$503, \$(227), \$803 and \$1,090, respectively | 935 | (421) | 1,489 | 2,025 |
| Less: reclassification adjustment for net gains on sales realized in net income, net of tax expense of \$21, \$0, \$306 and \$28, respectively | (39) | - | (567) | (53) |
| Unrealized investment gains (losses), net of tax expense (benefit) of \$482, \$(227), \$497 and \$1,062, respectively | 896 | (421) | 922 | 1,972 |
| Net change in fair value of derivative used for cash flow hedge: | | | | |
| Change in fair value of hedging instruments, net of tax benefit of \$(188), \$(4), \$(216) and \$(257), respectively | (349) | (8) | (400) | (477) |
| Net change in unfunded pension liability: | | | | |
| Change in unfunded pension liability, net of tax expense of \$26, \$25, \$76 and \$74, respectively | 47 | 46 | 142 | 139 |
| Total other comprehensive (loss) income | 594 | (383) | 664 | 1,634 |
| Total comprehensive income | \$8,090 | \$6,123 | \$23,773 | \$22,433 |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the unaudited consolidated financial statements.

Table Of Contents**BRYN MAWR BANK CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES****Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows - Unaudited***(dollars in thousands)*

| | Nine Months Ended September 30, | |
|---|--|-------------|
| | 2015 | 2014 |
| Operating activities: | | |
| Net Income | \$23,109 | \$20,799 |
| Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities: | | |
| Provision for loan and lease losses | 2,619 | 1,200 |
| Depreciation of fixed assets | 3,510 | 2,401 |
| Net amortization of investment premiums and discounts | 2,486 | 1,786 |
| Net gain on sale of investment securities available for sale | (873) | (81) |
| Net gain on sale of loans | (2,271) | (1,301) |
| Stock based compensation cost | 1,047 | 911 |
| Amortization and net impairment of mortgage servicing rights | 531 | 357 |
| Net accretion of fair value adjustments | (4,029) | (2,244) |
| Amortization of intangible assets | 2,890 | 1,906 |
| Impairment of other real estate owned ("OREO") | 90 | - |
| Net gain on sale of OREO | (90) | (171) |
| Net increase in cash surrender value of bank owned life insurance ("BOLI") | (568) | (231) |
| Other, net | 1,770 | (2,454) |
| Loans originated for resale | (110,098) | (41,192) |
| Proceeds from loans sold | 107,240 | 42,065 |
| Provision for deferred income taxes | 2,753 | 2,025 |
| Excess tax benefit from stock-based compensation | (715) | (720) |
| Change in income taxes payable/receivable | 1,824 | 269 |
| Change in accrued interest receivable | (90) | 67 |
| Change in accrued interest payable | 109 | 33 |
| Net cash provided by operating activities | 31,244 | 25,425 |
| Investing activities: | | |
| Purchases of investment securities available for sale | (124,161) | (41,647) |
| Proceeds from maturity of investment securities and paydowns of mortgage-related securities | 48,968 | 29,230 |
| Proceeds from sale of investment securities available for sale | 64,528 | 4,165 |
| Net change in FHLB stock | 4,762 | (1,235) |
| Proceeds from calls of investment securities | 80,465 | 29,450 |
| Net change in other investments | (4,223) | (155) |
| Net portfolio loan and lease originations | (150,812) | (98,144) |
| Purchases of premises and equipment | (5,194) | (3,422) |
| Purchases of BOLI | (5,000) | - |
| Acquisitions, net of cash acquired | 16,129 | - |
| Proceeds from sale of OREO | 928 | 1,325 |
| Net cash used in investing activities | (73,610) | (80,433) |
| Financing activities: | | |

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| | | |
|---|-----------|----------|
| Change in deposits | 70,780 | 19,004 |
| Change in short-term borrowings | (108,066) | 3,089 |
| Dividends paid | (10,395) | (7,597) |
| Change in FHLB advances and other borrowings | (24,883) | 25,021 |
| Net proceeds from issuance of subordinated debentures | 29,466 | - |
| Excess tax benefit from stock-based compensation | 715 | 720 |
| Proceeds from sale of treasury stock from deferred compensation plans | - | 79 |
| Net purchase of treasury stock | (21,402) | (920) |
| Proceeds from issuance of common stock | 20 | 45 |
| Proceeds from exercise of stock options | 5,003 | 2,061 |
| Net cash (used in) provided by financing activities | (58,762) | 41,502 |
| | | |
| Change in cash and cash equivalents | (101,128) | (13,506) |
| Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period | 219,269 | 81,071 |
| Cash and cash equivalents at end of period | \$118,141 | \$67,565 |

Supplemental cash flow information:

Cash paid during the year for:

| | | |
|--------------|---------|---------|
| Income taxes | \$7,301 | \$9,005 |
| Interest | \$5,674 | \$4,477 |

Non-cash information:

| | | |
|--|-----------|---------|
| Change in other comprehensive loss | \$664 | \$1,634 |
| Change in deferred tax due to change in comprehensive income | \$357 | \$879 |
| Transfer of loans to other real estate owned | \$401 | \$1,193 |
| Issuance of shares and options for acquisitions | \$123,734 | - |
| Acquisition of noncash assets and liabilities: | | |
| Assets acquired | 727,379 | - |
| Liabilities assumed | 619,774 | - |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the unaudited consolidated financial statements.

Table Of Contents**BRYN MAWR BANK CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES****Consolidated Statements of Changes In Shareholders' Equity - Unaudited***(dollars in thousands, except per share information)*

| | For the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2015 | | | | | | Total Shareholders' Equity |
|---|---|-------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------|---|------------------------------|---|
| | Shares of Common Stock Issued | Common Stock | Paid-in Capital | Treasury Stock | Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss | Retained Earnings | |
| Balance December 31, 2014 | 16,742,135 | \$ 16,742 | \$ 100,486 | \$(31,642) | \$ (11,704) | \$ 171,592 | \$ 245,474 |
| Net income | - | - | - | - | - | 23,109 | 23,109 |
| Dividends declared, \$0.58 per share | - | - | - | - | - | (10,340) | (10,340) |
| Other comprehensive income, net of tax expense of \$357 | - | - | - | - | 664 | - | 664 |
| Stock based compensation | - | - | 1,047 | - | - | - | 1,047 |
| Excess tax benefit from stock-based compensation | - | - | 715 | - | - | - | 715 |
| Retirement of treasury stock | (4,418) | (4) | (40) | 44 | - | - | - |
| Cancellation of forfeited restricted stock awards | (27,375) | (27) | 27 | - | - | - | - |
| Net purchase of treasury stock | - | - | - | (21,402) | - | - | (21,402) |
| Shares issued in acquisitions | 3,878,304 | 3,878 | 117,513 | - | - | - | 121,391 |
| Options assumed in acquisitions | - | - | 2,343 | - | - | - | 2,343 |
| Common stock issued: Dividend Reinvestment and Stock Purchase Plan | 663 | 1 | 19 | - | - | - | 20 |
| Share-based awards and options exercises | 264,202 | 264 | 4,870 | - | - | - | 5,134 |
| Balance September 30, 2015 | 20,853,511 | \$ 20,854 | \$ 226,980 | \$(53,000) | \$ (11,040) | \$ 184,361 | \$ 368,155 |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the unaudited consolidated financial statements.

Table Of Contents**BRYN MAWR BANK CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES****Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements****(Unaudited)****Note 1 - Basis of Presentation**

The unaudited consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles (“GAAP”). In the opinion of Bryn Mawr Bank Corporation’s (the “Corporation”) management, all adjustments necessary for a fair presentation of the consolidated financial position and the results of operations for the interim periods presented have been included. These unaudited consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the audited consolidated financial statements and notes thereto in the Corporation’s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the twelve months ended December 31, 2014 (the “2014 Annual Report”).

The results of operations for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015 are not necessarily indicative of the results to be expected for the full year.

Note 2 - Earnings per Common Share

Basic earnings per common share excludes dilution and is computed by dividing income available to common shareholders by the weighted-average common shares outstanding during the period. Diluted earnings per common share takes into account the potential dilution computed pursuant to the treasury stock method that could occur if stock options were exercised and converted into common stock, as well as the effect of restricted and performance shares becoming unrestricted common stock. The effects of stock options are excluded from the computation of diluted earnings per share in periods in which the effect would be anti-dilutive. All weighted average shares, actual shares and per share information in the financial statements have been adjusted retroactively for the effect of stock dividends and splits.

| <i>(dollars in thousands except per share data)</i> | Three Months Ended | | Nine Months Ended | |
|---|-----------------------|------------|-----------------------|------------|
| | September 30, 2015 | 2014 | September 30, 2015 | 2014 |
| Numerator: | | | | |
| Net income available to common shareholders | \$7,496 | \$6,506 | \$23,109 | \$20,799 |
| | 17,572,421 | 13,600,348 | 17,610,353 | 13,539,327 |

| | | | | |
|---|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| Denominator for basic earnings per share – weighted | | | | |
| average shares outstanding | | | | |
| Effect of dilutive common shares | 261,877 | 272,516 | 320,067 | 294,114 |
| Denominator for diluted earnings per share – adjusted | | | | |
| weighted average shares outstanding | 17,834,298 | 13,872,864 | 17,930,420 | 13,833,441 |
| Basic earnings per share | \$0.43 | \$0.48 | \$1.31 | \$1.54 |
| Diluted earnings per share | \$0.42 | \$0.47 | \$1.29 | \$1.50 |
| Anti-dilutive shares excluded from computation of average dilutive earnings per share | — | — | — | — |

Table Of Contents**Note 3 - Business Combinations****Robert J. McAllister Agency, Inc. (“RJM”)**

The acquisition of RJM, an insurance brokerage headquartered in Rosemont, Pennsylvania, was completed on April 1, 2015. The consideration paid by the Corporation was \$1.0 million, of which \$500 thousand was paid at closing and five contingent cash payments, not to exceed \$100 thousand each, will be payable on each of March 31, 2016, March 31, 2017, March 31, 2018, March 31, 2019, and March 31, 2020, subject to the attainment of certain revenue targets during the related periods. The acquisition will enhance the Corporation’s ability to offer comprehensive insurance solutions to both individual and business clients.

In connection with the RJM acquisition, the consideration paid and the fair value of identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed as of the date of acquisition are summarized in the following table:

(dollars in thousands)

Consideration paid:

| | |
|------------------------------|--------|
| Cash paid at closing | \$ 500 |
| Contingent payment liability | 500 |
| Value of consideration | 1,000 |

Assets acquired:

| | |
|--|-----|
| Cash operating accounts | 20 |
| Intangible assets – customer relationships | 424 |
| Intangible assets – non-competition agreements | 257 |
| Intangible assets – trade name | 129 |
| Other assets | 4 |
| Total assets | 834 |

Liabilities assumed:

| | |
|------------------------|-----|
| Deferred tax liability | 336 |
| Other liabilities | 46 |
| Total liabilities | 382 |

Net assets acquired 452

Goodwill resulting from acquisition of RJM \$ 548

The fair values of the assets acquired and liabilities assumed are preliminary estimates. The fair value estimates are subject to adjustment if additional information becomes available during the measurement period in accordance with Accounting Standards Codification (ASC) Topic 805. Such adjustments may change the amount of the purchase price allocation to goodwill.

Continental Bank Holdings, Inc. (“CBH”)

On January 1, 2015, the previously announced merger (the “Merger”) of CBH with and into the Corporation, and the merger of Continental Bank with and into The Bryn Mawr Trust Company, the wholly-owned subsidiary of the Corporation (the “Bank”), as contemplated by the Agreement and Plan of Merger, by and between CBH and the Corporation, dated as of May 5, 2014 (as amended by the Amendment to Agreement and Plan of Merger, dated as of October 23, 2014, the “Agreement”), were completed. In accordance with the Agreement, the aggregate share consideration paid to CBH shareholders consisted of 3,878,383 shares (which included fractional shares paid in cash) of the Corporation’s common stock. Shareholders of CBH received 0.45 shares of Corporation common stock for each share of CBH common stock they owned as of the effective date of the Merger. Holders of options to purchase shares of CBH common stock received options to purchase shares of Corporation common stock, converted at the same ratio of 0.45. In addition, \$1,323,000 was paid to certain warrant holders to cash-out certain warrants. In accordance with the acquisition method of accounting, assets acquired and liabilities assumed were preliminarily adjusted to their fair values as of the date of the Merger. The excess of consideration paid above the fair value of net assets acquired was recorded as goodwill. This goodwill is not amortizable nor is it deductible for income tax purposes.

Table Of Contents

In connection with the Merger, the consideration paid and the estimated fair value of identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed as of the date of the Merger are summarized in the following table:

(dollars in thousands)

Consideration paid:

| | |
|-----------------------------------|-----------|
| Common shares issued (3,878,304) | \$121,391 |
| Cash in lieu of fractional shares | 2 |
| Cash-out of certain warrants | 1,323 |
| Fair value of options assumed | 2,343 |
| Value of consideration | 125,059 |

Assets acquired:

| | |
|--|---------|
| Cash and due from banks | 17,934 |
| Investment securities available for sale | 181,838 |
| Loans | 424,737 |
| Premises and equipment | 9,037 |
| Deferred income taxes | 7,453 |
| Bank-owned life insurance | 12,054 |
| Core deposit intangible | 4,191 |
| Favorable lease asset | 724 |
| Other assets | 17,974 |
| Total assets | 675,942 |

Liabilities assumed:

| | |
|-------------------------------------|---------|
| Deposits | 481,674 |
| FHLB and other long-term borrowings | 19,726 |
| Short-term borrowings | 108,609 |
| Unfavorable lease liability | 2,884 |
| Other liabilities | 5,999 |
| Total liabilities | 618,892 |

Net assets acquired 57,050

Goodwill resulting from acquisition of CBH \$68,009

The following table details the effect, on goodwill, of adjustments to the initial fair value estimates of the assets acquired and liabilities assumed:

Goodwill resulting from acquisition of CBH based on initial fair value estimates: \$65,838

Effect on goodwill of adjustments to:

Assets:

| | |
|-----------------|-------|
| Portfolio loans | 1,864 |
|-----------------|-------|

| | |
|---|-----------------|
| Deferred income taxes | (1,165) |
| Favorable lease asset | 68 |
| Other assets | 111 |
| Liabilities: | |
| Other liabilities | 1,293 |
| Adjusted goodwill resulting from acquisition of CBH as of September 30, 2015 | \$68,009 |

The fair values of the assets acquired and liabilities assumed are preliminary estimates. The fair value estimates are subject to adjustment if additional information becomes available during the measurement period in accordance with ASC Topic 805. Such adjustments may change the amount of the purchase price allocation to goodwill while changes to other assets and liabilities may impact the statement of income due to adjustments in the yield and/or amortization/accretion of the adjusted assets and liabilities.

Table Of Contents**Pro Forma Income Statements**

The following pro forma income statements for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2015 present the pro forma results of operations of the combined institution (CBH and the Corporation) had the merger occurred on January 1, 2014 and January 1, 2015, respectively. The pro forma income statement adjustments are limited to the effects of fair value mark amortization and accretion and intangible asset amortization. No cost savings or additional merger expenses have been included in the pro forma results of operations for the three or nine months ended September 30, 2014.

| <i>(dollars in thousands)</i> | Three Months Ended | | Nine Months Ended | |
|---|--------------------|------------|-------------------|------------|
| | September 30, | | September 30, | |
| | 2015 | 2014 | 2015 | 2014 |
| Net interest income | \$24,833 | \$25,027 | \$74,698 | \$74,702 |
| Provision for loan and lease losses | 1,200 | 850 | 2,619 | 2,057 |
| Net interest income after provision for loan and lease losses | 23,633 | 24,177 | 72,079 | 72,645 |
| Non-interest income | 13,350 | 11,812 | 42,292 | 37,088 |
| Non-interest expense | 25,403 | 24,106 | 78,814 | 72,970 |
| Income before income taxes | 11,580 | 11,883 | 35,557 | 36,763 |
| Income tax expense | 4,084 | 4,279 | 12,448 | 13,017 |
| Net income | \$7,496 | \$7,604 | \$23,109 | \$23,746 |
| Per share data*: | | | | |
| Weighted-average basic shares outstanding | 17,572,421 | 17,478,652 | 17,610,353 | 17,417,631 |
| Dilutive shares | 261,877 | 351,099 | 320,067 | 372,697 |
| Adjusted weighted-average diluted shares | 17,834,298 | 17,829,751 | 17,930,420 | 17,790,328 |
| Basic earnings per common share | \$0.43 | \$0.44 | \$1.31 | \$1.36 |
| Diluted earnings per common share | \$0.42 | \$.043 | \$1.29 | \$1.33 |

* Assumes that the shares of common stock outstanding as of December 31, 2014 for CBH were outstanding for the full three and nine months ended September 30, 2014 and therefore equal the weighted average shares of common stock outstanding for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014. The merger conversion of 8,618,629 shares of CBH common stock equals 3,878,304 shares of Corporation common stock (8,618,629 times 0.45, minus 79 fractional shares paid in cash).

Table Of Contents**Powers Craft Parker and Beard, Inc. (“PCPB”)**

The acquisition of PCPB, an insurance brokerage headquartered in Rosemont, Pennsylvania, was completed on October 1, 2014. The consideration paid by the Corporation was \$7.0 million, of which \$5.4 million was paid at closing. The remaining \$1.6 million consists of three contingent payments, with each payment not to exceed \$542 thousand. Each payment is subject to the attainment of certain revenue targets during the applicable periods. The measurement periods for the three contingent payments are the twelve month periods ending September 30, 2015, 2016 and 2017. As of September 30, 2015, the revenue targets for the twelve month period ended September 30, 2015 had been satisfied and payment of \$542 thousand is scheduled to occur during the fourth quarter of 2015. The acquisition of PCPB has enabled the Corporation to offer a comprehensive line of insurance solutions to both individual and business clients.

In connection with the PCPB acquisition, the consideration paid and the fair value of identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed as of the date of acquisition are summarized in the following table:

(dollars in thousands)

Consideration paid:

| | |
|------------------------------|---------|
| Cash paid at closing | \$5,399 |
| Contingent payment liability | 1,625 |
| Value of consideration | 7,024 |

Assets acquired:

| | |
|--|-------|
| Cash operating accounts | 1,274 |
| Other investments | 302 |
| Premises and equipment | 100 |
| Intangible assets – customer relationships | 3,280 |
| Intangible assets – non-competition agreements | 1,580 |
| Intangible assets – trade name | 955 |
| Other assets | 850 |
| Total assets | 8,341 |

Liabilities assumed:

| | |
|------------------------|-------|
| Deferred tax liability | 2,437 |
| Other liabilities | 1,818 |
| Total liabilities | 4,255 |

Net assets acquired 4,086

Goodwill resulting from acquisition of PCPB \$2,938

As of December 31, 2014, the Corporation had finalized its fair value estimates related to the acquisition of PCPB.

Due Diligence, Merger-Related and Merger Integration Expenses

Due diligence, merger-related and merger integration expenses include consultant costs, investment banker fees, contract breakage fees, retention bonuses for severed employees, salary and wages for redundant staffing involved in the integration of the institutions and bonus accruals for members of the merger integration team. The following table details the costs identified and classified as due diligence, merger-related and merger integration costs for the periods indicated:

| <i>(dollars in thousands)</i> | Three Months Ended September 30, | | Nine months Ended September 30, | |
|---|---|-------|--|---------|
| | 2015 | 2014 | 2015 | 2014 |
| Advertising | \$36 | \$— | \$83 | \$— |
| Employee benefits | 60 | — | 213 | — |
| Furniture, fixtures and equipment | 64 | 1 | 93 | 1 |
| Professional fees | 319 | 693 | 2,084 | 819 |
| Salaries and wages | 480 | 28 | 1,224 | 29 |
| Other | 56 | 53 | 1,113 | 567 |
| Total due diligence, merger-related and merger integration expenses | \$1,015 | \$775 | \$4,810 | \$1,416 |

Table Of Contents**Note 4 - Investment Securities**

The amortized cost and fair value of investment securities available for sale are as follows:

As of September 30, 2015

| | Amortized Cost | Gross | Gross | Fair Value |
|---|-------------------|---------------------|----------------------|---------------|
| | | Unrealized Gains | Unrealized Losses | |
| <i>(dollars in thousands)</i> | | | | |
| U.S. Treasury securities | \$ 101 | \$ — | \$ — | \$ 101 |
| Obligations of the U.S. government and agencies | 90,927 | 732 | (20) | 91,639 |
| Obligations of state and political subdivisions | 43,976 | 179 | (24) | 44,131 |
| Mortgage-backed securities | 152,918 | 2,603 | (11) | 155,510 |
| Collateralized mortgage obligations | 32,614 | 358 | (19) | 32,953 |
| Other investments | 17,442 | 16 | (371) | 17,087 |
| Total | \$ 337,978 | \$ 3,888 | \$ (445) | \$ 341,421 |

As of December 31, 2014

| | Amortized Cost | Gross | Gross | Fair Value |
|---|-------------------|---------------------|----------------------|---------------|
| | | Unrealized Gains | Unrealized Losses | |
| <i>(dollars in thousands)</i> | | | | |
| U.S. Treasury securities | \$ 102 | \$ — | \$ (2) | \$ 100 |
| Obligations of the U.S. government and agencies | 66,881 | 171 | (290) | 66,762 |
| Obligations of state and political subdivisions | 28,955 | 137 | (47) | 29,045 |
| Mortgage-backed securities | 79,498 | 1,914 | (30) | 81,382 |
| Collateralized mortgage obligations | 34,618 | 299 | (120) | 34,797 |
| Other investments | 17,499 | 173 | (181) | 17,491 |
| Total | \$ 227,553 | \$ 2,694 | \$ (670) | \$ 229,577 |

The following tables detail the amount of investment securities available for sale that were in an unrealized loss position as of the dates indicated:

As of September 30, 2015

| | Less than 12 Months | | 12 Months or Longer | | Total | |
|---|------------------------|----------------------|------------------------|----------------------|---------------|----------------------|
| | Fair Value | Unrealized Losses | Fair Value | Unrealized Losses | Fair Value | Unrealized Losses |
| <i>(dollars in thousands)</i> | | | | | | |
| Obligations of the U.S. government and agencies | \$8,201 | \$ (8) | \$2,994 | \$ (12) | \$11,195 | \$ (20) |
| Obligations of state and political subdivisions | 11,003 | (18) | 2,484 | (6) | 13,487 | (24) |
| Mortgage-backed securities | 5,511 | (11) | — | — | 5,511 | (11) |
| Collateralized mortgage obligations | 3,081 | (10) | 2,618 | (9) | 5,699 | (19) |
| Other investments | 15,271 | (371) | — | — | 15,271 | (371) |
| Total | \$43,067 | \$ (418) | \$8,096 | \$ (27) | \$51,163 | \$ (445) |

Page 13

Table Of Contents**As of December 31, 2014**

| <i>(dollars in thousands)</i> | Less than 12 Months | | 12 Months or Longer | | Total | |
|---|--------------------------------|------------------------------|--------------------------------|------------------------------|-----------------------|------------------------------|
| | Fair Value | Unrealized Losses | Fair Value | Unrealized Losses | Fair Value | Unrealized Losses |
| U.S. Treasury securities | \$— | \$ — | \$100 | \$ (2) | \$100 | \$ (2) |
| Obligations of the U.S. government and agencies | 16,822 | (28) | 22,691 | (262) | 39,513 | (290) |
| Obligations of state and political subdivisions | 4,777 | (19) | 4,060 | (28) | 8,837 | (47) |
| Mortgage-backed securities | 2,289 | (14) | 3,814 | (16) | 6,103 | (30) |
| Collateralized mortgage obligations | 3,274 | (22) | 9,507 | (98) | 12,781 | (120) |
| Other investments | 13,717 | (181) | — | — | 13,717 | (181) |
| Total | \$40,879 | \$ (264) | \$40,172 | \$ (406) | \$81,051 | \$ (670) |

Management evaluates the Corporation's investment securities available for sale that are in an unrealized loss position in order to determine if the decline in fair value is other than temporary. The available for sale investment portfolio includes debt securities issued by U.S. government agencies, U.S. government-sponsored agencies, state and local municipalities and other issuers. All fixed income investment securities in the Corporation's available for sale investment portfolio are rated as investment grade. Factors considered in the evaluation include the current economic climate, the length of time and the extent to which the fair value has been below cost, interest rates and the bond rating of each security. The unrealized losses presented in the tables above are temporary in nature and are primarily related to market interest rates rather than the underlying credit quality of the issuers. The Corporation does not believe that these unrealized losses are other-than-temporary. The Corporation does not have the intent to sell these securities prior to their maturity or the recovery of their cost bases and believes that it is more likely than not that it will not have to sell these securities prior to their maturity or the recovery of their cost bases.

As of September 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, securities having fair values of \$148.6 million and \$91.9 million, respectively, were specifically pledged as collateral for public funds, trust deposits, the Federal Reserve Bank of Philadelphia discount window program, Federal Home Loan Bank of Pittsburgh ("FHLB") borrowings and other purposes. The FHLB has a blanket lien on non-pledged, mortgage-related loans and securities as part of the Corporation's borrowing agreement with the FHLB.

The amortized cost and fair value of investment securities available for sale as of September 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, by contractual maturity, are shown below:

| <i>(dollars in thousands)</i> | September 30, 2015 | | December 31, 2014 | |
|-------------------------------|---------------------------|--------------|--------------------------|--------------|
| | Amortized Fair | | Amortized Fair | |
| | Cost | Value | Cost | Value |

| | | | | |
|--|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| Investment securities ¹ : | | | | |
| Due in one year or less | \$8,426 | \$8,433 | \$15,254 | \$15,277 |
| Due after one year through five years | 70,623 | 70,908 | 59,433 | 59,463 |
| Due after five years through ten years | 36,500 | 36,650 | 23,151 | 23,067 |
| Due after ten years | 21,355 | 21,775 | — | — |
| Subtotal | 136,904 | 137,766 | 97,838 | 97,807 |
| Mortgage-related securities ² | 185,532 | 188,463 | 114,116 | 116,179 |
| Total | \$322,436 | \$326,229 | \$211,954 | \$213,986 |

¹ *Included in the investment portfolio, but not in the table above, are mutual funds with a fair value of \$15.2 million and \$15.6 million as of September 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, respectively, which have no stated maturity.*

² *Expected maturities of mortgage-related securities may differ from contractual maturities as borrowers may have the right to call or prepay obligations with or without call or prepayment penalties.*

As of September 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, the Corporation's investment securities held in trading accounts were comprised of a deferred compensation trust which is invested in marketable securities whose diversification is at the discretion of the deferred compensation plan participants.

Table Of Contents**Note 5 - Loans and Leases**

The loan and lease portfolio consists of loans and leases originated by the Corporation, as well as loans acquired in mergers and acquisitions. These mergers and acquisitions include the January 2015 acquisition of CBH, the November 2012 transaction with First Bank of Delaware and the July 2010 acquisition of First Keystone Financial, Inc. Many of the tables in this footnote are presented for all loans as well as supplemental tables for *originated* and *acquired* loans.

A. The table below details all portfolio loans and leases as of the dates indicated:

| | September 30, 2015 | December 31, 2014 |
|--|--|-----------------------------|
| Loans held for sale | \$8,721 | \$3,882 |
| Real estate loans: | | |
| Commercial mortgage | \$971,983 | \$689,528 |
| Home equity lines and loans | 212,258 | 182,082 |
| Residential mortgage | 399,730 | 313,442 |
| Construction | 82,820 | 66,267 |
| Total real estate loans | 1,666,791 | 1,251,319 |
| Commercial and industrial | 488,977 | 335,645 |
| Consumer | 22,350 | 18,480 |
| Leases | 50,646 | 46,813 |
| Total portfolio loans and leases | 2,228,764 | 1,652,257 |
| Total loans and leases | \$2,237,485 | \$1,656,139 |
| Loans with fixed rates | \$1,114,739 | \$927,009 |
| Loans with adjustable or floating rates | 1,122,746 | 729,130 |
| Total loans and leases | \$2,237,485 | \$1,656,139 |
| Net deferred loan origination costs included in the above loan table | \$220 | \$324 |

The table below details the Corporation's *originated* portfolio loans and leases as of the dates indicated:

| | September 30, 2015 | December 31, 2014 |
|---------------------|--|-----------------------------|
| Loans held for sale | \$8,721 | \$3,882 |
| Real estate loans: | | |

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| | | |
|--|-------------|-------------|
| Commercial mortgage | \$758,266 | \$637,100 |
| Home equity lines and loans | 171,297 | 164,554 |
| Residential mortgage | 304,370 | 276,596 |
| Construction | 72,216 | 66,206 |
| Total real estate loans | 1,306,149 | 1,144,456 |
| Commercial and industrial | 426,058 | 325,264 |
| Consumer | 21,981 | 18,471 |
| Leases | 50,646 | 46,813 |
| Total portfolio loans and leases | 1,804,834 | 1,535,004 |
| Total loans and leases | \$1,813,555 | \$1,538,886 |
| Loans with fixed rates | \$928,606 | \$856,203 |
| Loans with adjustable or floating rates | 884,949 | 682,683 |
| Total originated loans and leases | \$1,813,555 | \$1,538,886 |
| Net deferred loan origination costs included in the above loan table | 220 | 324 |

Table Of Contents

The table below details the Corporation's *acquired* portfolio loans as of the dates indicated:

| | September 30, | December 31, |
|---|--------------------------|-------------------------|
| | 2015 | 2014 |
| Real estate loans: | | |
| Commercial mortgage | \$ 213,717 | \$ 52,428 |
| Home equity lines and loans | 40,961 | 17,528 |
| Residential mortgage | 95,360 | 36,846 |
| Construction | 10,604 | 61 |
| Total real estate loans | 360,642 | 106,863 |
| Commercial and industrial | 62,919 | 10,381 |
| Consumer | 369 | 9 |
| Total portfolio loans and leases | 423,930 | 117,253 |
| Total loans and leases | \$ 423,930 | \$ 117,253 |
| Loans with fixed rates | \$ 186,133 | \$ 70,806 |
| Loans with adjustable or floating rates | 237,797 | 46,447 |
| Total acquired loans and leases | \$ 423,930 | \$ 117,253 |

B. Components of the net investment in leases are detailed as follows:

| <i>(dollars in thousands)</i> | September 30, | December 31, |
|--|--------------------------|-------------------------|
| | 2015 | 2014 |
| Minimum lease payments receivable | \$ 57,187 | \$ 53,131 |
| Unearned lease income | (8,816) | (8,546) |
| Initial direct costs and deferred fees | 2,275 | 2,228 |
| Total | \$ 50,646 | \$ 46,813 |

C. Non-Performing Loans and Leases⁽¹⁾

The following table details *all* non-performing portfolio loans and leases as of the dates indicated:

| <i>(dollars in thousands)</i> | September 30, | December 31, |
|-------------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------|
|-------------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------|

| | 2015 | 2014 |
|--------------------------------------|-------------|-------------|
| Non-accrual loans and leases: | | |
| Commercial mortgage | \$ 931 | \$ 668 |
| Home equity lines and loans | 1,661 | 1,061 |
| Residential mortgage | 5,249 | 5,693 |
| Construction | 34 | 263 |
| Commercial and industrial | 4,337 | 2,390 |
| Consumer | 2 | — |
| Leases | 101 | 21 |
| Total | \$ 12,315 | \$ 10,096 |

Purchased credit-impaired loans, which have been recorded at their fair values at acquisition, and which are performing, are excluded from this table, with the exception of \$837 thousand and \$572 thousand of purchased credit-impaired loans as of September 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, respectively, which became non-performing subsequent to acquisition.

Table Of Contents

The following table details non-performing *originated* portfolio loans and leases as of the dates indicated:

| <i>(dollars in thousands)</i> | September 30, | December 31, |
|---|--------------------------|-------------------------|
| | 2015 | 2014 |
| Non-accrual originated loans and leases: | | |
| Commercial mortgage | \$ 374 | \$ — |
| Home equity lines and loans | 1,493 | 904 |
| Residential mortgage | 4,107 | 4,662 |
| Construction | 34 | 263 |
| Commercial and industrial | 2,760 | 1,583 |
| Consumer | 2 | — |
| Leases | 101 | 21 |
| Total | \$ 8,871 | \$ 7,433 |

The following table details non-performing *acquired* portfolio loans⁽¹⁾ as of the dates indicated:

| <i>(dollars in thousands)</i> | September 30, | December 31, |
|---|--------------------------|-------------------------|
| | 2015 | 2014 |
| Non-accrual acquired loans and leases: | | |
| Commercial mortgage | \$ 557 | \$ 668 |
| Home equity lines and loans | 168 | 157 |
| Residential mortgage | 1,142 | 1,031 |
| Construction | — | — |
| Commercial and industrial | 1,577 | 807 |
| Consumer | — | — |
| Total | \$ 3,444 | \$ 2,663 |

Purchased credit-impaired loans, which have been recorded at their fair values at acquisition, and which are performing, are excluded from this table, with the exception of \$837 thousand and \$572 thousand of purchased credit-impaired loans as of September 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, respectively, which became non-performing subsequent to acquisition.

D. Purchased Credit-Impaired Loans

The outstanding principal balance and related carrying amount of credit-impaired loans, for which the Corporation applies ASC 310-30, *Accounting for Purchased Loans with Deteriorated Credit Quality*, to account for the interest earned, as of the dates indicated, are as follows:

| | September 30, | December 31, |
|--------------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------|
| <i>(dollars in thousands)</i> | 2015 | 2014 |
| Outstanding principal balance | \$ 27,626 | \$ 12,491 |
| Carrying amount ⁽¹⁾ | \$ 19,095 | \$ 9,045 |

Includes \$1.0 million and \$105 thousand of purchased credit-impaired loans as of September 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, respectively, for which the Corporation could not estimate the timing or amount of expected cash flows to be collected at acquisition, and for which no accretable yield is recognized. Additionally, the table⁽¹⁾ above includes \$837 thousand and \$572 thousand of purchased credit-impaired loans as of September 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, respectively, which became non-performing subsequent to acquisition, which are disclosed in Note 5C, above, and which also have no accretable yield.

The following table presents changes in the accretable discount on purchased credit-impaired loans, for which the Corporation applies ASC 310-30, for the nine months ended September 30, 2015:

| <i>(dollars in thousands)</i> | Accretable Discount |
|---|--------------------------------|
| Balance, December 31, 2014 | \$ 5,357 |
| Accretion | (1,631) |
| Reclassifications from nonaccretable difference | 204 |
| Additions/adjustments | 3,132 |
| Disposals | (339) |
| Balance, September 30, 2015 | \$ 6,723 |

Table Of Contents**E. Age Analysis of Past Due Loans and Leases**

The following tables present an aging of *all* portfolio loans and leases as of the dates indicated:

| Accruing Loans and Leases | | | | | | | | |
|----------------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|----------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| <i>(dollars in thousands)</i> | | | | | | | | |
| | 30 – 59 | 60 – 89 | Over 89 | Total Past Due | Current | Total | Nonaccrual | Total |
| | Days Past Due | Days Past Due | Days Past Due | Days Past Due | | Loans and Leases | Loans and Leases | Loans and Leases |
| As of September 30, 2015 | | | | | | | | |
| Commercial mortgage | \$ 740 | \$ — | \$ — | \$ 740 | \$ 970,312 | \$ 971,052 | \$ 931 | \$ 971,983 |
| Home equity lines and loans | 264 | 709 | — | 973 | 209,624 | 210,597 | 1,661 | 212,258 |
| Residential mortgage | 1,655 | 433 | — | 2,088 | 392,393 | 394,481 | 5,249 | 399,730 |
| Construction | — | — | — | — | 82,786 | 82,786 | 34 | 82,820 |
| Commercial and industrial | 894 | 100 | — | 994 | 483,646 | 484,640 | 4,337 | 488,977 |
| Consumer | 22 | — | — | 22 | 22,326 | 22,348 | 2 | 22,350 |
| Leases | 123 | 20 | — | 143 | 50,402 | 50,545 | 101 | 50,646 |
| | \$ 3,698 | \$ 1,262 | \$ — | \$ 4,960 | \$ 2,211,489 | \$ 2,216,449 | \$ 12,315 | \$ 2,228,764 |

| Accruing Loans and Leases | | | | | | | | |
|----------------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|----------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| <i>(dollars in thousands)</i> | | | | | | | | |
| | 30 – 59 | 60 – 89 | Over 89 | Total Past Due | Current | Total | Nonaccrual | Total |
| | Days Past Due | Days Past Due | Days Past Due | Days Past Due | | Loans and Leases | Loans and Leases | Loans and Leases |
| As of December 31, 2014 | | | | | | | | |
| Commercial mortgage | \$ 71 | \$ 1,185 | \$ — | \$ 1,256 | \$ 687,604 | \$ 688,860 | \$ 668 | \$ 689,528 |
| Home equity lines and loans | 26 | — | — | 26 | 180,995 | 181,021 | 1,061 | 182,082 |

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| | | | | | | | | |
|---------------------------|--------|----------|------|----------|--------------|--------------|-----------|--------------|
| Residential mortgage | 381 | 123 | — | 504 | 307,245 | 307,749 | 5,693 | 313,442 |
| Construction | — | — | — | — | 66,004 | 66,004 | 263 | 66,267 |
| Commercial and industrial | 390 | — | — | 390 | 332,865 | 333,255 | 2,390 | 335,645 |
| Consumer | 19 | 3 | — | 22 | 18,458 | 18,480 | — | 18,480 |
| Leases | 18 | 17 | — | 35 | 46,757 | 46,792 | 21 | 46,813 |
| | \$ 905 | \$ 1,328 | \$ — | \$ 2,233 | \$ 1,639,928 | \$ 1,642,161 | \$ 10,096 | \$ 1,652,257 |

The following tables present an aging of *originated* portfolio loans and leases as of the dates indicated:

(dollars in thousands)

| | Accruing Loans and Leases | | | | Current | Total | | Total |
|-----------------------------|---------------------------|---------------|---------------|----------------|-------------|---------------------------|-----------------------------|-------------|
| | 30 – 59 | 60 – 89 | Over 89 | Total Past Due | | Accruing Loans and Leases | Nonaccrual Loans and Leases | |
| As of September 30, 2015 | Days Past Due | Days Past Due | Days Past Due | Days Past Due | | | | |
| Commercial mortgage | \$683 | \$— | \$— | \$683 | \$757,209 | \$757,892 | \$ 374 | \$758,266 |
| Home equity lines and loans | 264 | 709 | — | 973 | 168,831 | 169,804 | 1,493 | 171,297 |
| Residential mortgage | 1,383 | 99 | — | 1,482 | 298,781 | 300,263 | 4,107 | 304,370 |
| Construction | — | — | — | — | 72,182 | 72,182 | 34 | 72,216 |
| Commercial and industrial | 625 | 100 | — | 725 | 422,573 | 423,298 | 2,760 | 426,058 |
| Consumer | 22 | — | — | 22 | 21,957 | 21,979 | 2 | 21,981 |
| Leases | 123 | 20 | — | 143 | 50,402 | 50,545 | 101 | 50,646 |
| | \$3,100 | \$928 | \$— | \$4,028 | \$1,791,935 | \$1,795,963 | \$ 8,871 | \$1,804,834 |

(dollars in thousands)

| | Accruing Loans and Leases | | | | Current | Total | | Total |
|-----------------------------|---------------------------|---------------|---------------|----------------|-------------|---------------------------|-----------------------------|-------------|
| | 30 – 59 | 60 – 89 | Over 89 | Total Past Due | | Accruing Loans and Leases | Nonaccrual Loans and Leases | |
| As of December 31, 2014 | Days Past Due | Days Past Due | Days Past Due | Days Past Due | | | | |
| Commercial mortgage | \$— | \$1,185 | \$— | \$1,185 | \$635,914 | \$637,099 | \$ — | \$637,099 |
| Home equity lines and loans | 19 | — | — | 19 | 163,631 | 163,650 | 904 | 164,554 |
| Residential mortgage | 218 | 123 | — | 341 | 271,593 | 271,934 | 4,662 | 276,596 |
| Construction | — | — | — | — | 65,943 | 65,943 | 263 | 66,206 |
| Commercial and industrial | 119 | — | — | 119 | 323,561 | 323,680 | 1,583 | 325,263 |
| Consumer | 19 | 3 | — | 22 | 18,450 | 18,472 | — | 18,472 |
| Leases | 18 | 17 | — | 35 | 46,757 | 46,792 | 21 | 46,813 |
| | \$393 | \$1,328 | \$— | \$1,721 | \$1,525,849 | \$1,527,570 | \$ 7,433 | \$1,535,003 |

Table Of Contents

The following tables present an aging of *acquired* portfolio loans and leases as of the dates indicated:

| <i>(dollars in thousands)</i> | Accruing Loans and Leases | | | | | Total | | Total |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------------|-------------|-------------|--------------|----------------|------------------|-------------------|--------------|
| | 30 – | 60 – | Over | Total | Current | Accruing | Nonaccrual | |
| | 59 | 89 | 89 | | | | | |
| | Days | Days | Days | Due | Loans | Loans and | Loans | |
| As of September 30, 2015 | Past | Past | Past | Due | | and | Loans and | and |
| | Due | Due | Due | | Leases | Leases | Leases | |
| Commercial mortgage | \$57 | \$— | \$— | \$57 | \$213,103 | \$213,160 | \$ 557 | \$213,717 |
| Home equity lines and loans | — | — | — | — | 40,793 | 40,793 | 168 | 40,961 |
| Residential mortgage | 272 | 334 | — | 606 | 93,612 | 94,218 | 1,142 | 95,360 |
| Construction | — | — | — | — | 10,604 | 10,604 | — | 10,604 |
| Commercial and industrial | 269 | — | — | 269 | 61,073 | 61,342 | 1,577 | 62,919 |
| Consumer | — | — | — | — | 369 | 369 | — | 369 |
| | \$598 | \$334 | \$— | \$932 | \$419,554 | \$420,486 | \$ 3,444 | \$423,930 |

| <i>(dollars in thousands)</i> | Accruing Loans and Leases | | | | | Total | | Total |
|--------------------------------|----------------------------------|-------------|-------------|--------------|----------------|------------------|-------------------|--------------|
| | 30 – | 60 – | Over | Total | Current | Accruing | Nonaccrual | |
| | 59 | 89 | 89 | | | | | |
| | Days | Days | Days | Due | Loans | Loans and | Loans | |
| As of December 31, 2014 | Past | Past | Past | Due | | and | Loans and | and |
| | Due | Due | Due | | Leases | Leases | Leases | |
| Commercial mortgage | \$71 | \$— | \$— | \$71 | \$51,690 | \$51,761 | \$ 668 | \$52,429 |
| Home equity lines and loans | 7 | — | — | 7 | 17,364 | 17,371 | 157 | 17,528 |
| Residential mortgage | 163 | — | — | 163 | 35,652 | 35,815 | 1,031 | 36,846 |
| Construction | — | — | — | — | 61 | 61 | — | 61 |
| Commercial and industrial | 271 | — | — | 271 | 9,304 | 9,575 | 807 | 10,382 |
| Consumer | — | — | — | — | 8 | 8 | — | 8 |
| | \$512 | \$— | \$— | \$512 | \$114,079 | \$114,591 | \$ 2,663 | \$117,254 |

F. Allowance for Loan and Lease Losses (the “Allowance”)

The following tables detail the roll-forward of the Allowance for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015:

| <i>(dollars in thousands)</i> | Commercial Mortgage | Home Equity Lines and Loans | Residential Mortgage | Construction | Commercial and Industrial | Consumer | Leases | Unallocated | Total |
|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------|--|---------------------------------|---------------------|--|-----------------|---------------|--------------------|--------------|
| Balance, June 30, 2015 | \$ 3,659 | \$ 1,969 | \$ 1,808 | \$ 1,462 | \$ 4,886 | \$ 324 | \$ 499 | \$ 352 | \$ 14,959 |
| Charge-offs | — | — | (32) | — | (44) | (32) | (200) | — | (308) |
| Recoveries | — | 21 | 21 | 1 | 6 | 6 | 29 | — | 84 |
| Provision for loan and lease losses | 1,360 | (244) | 438 | (474) | (205) | (20) | 179 | 166 | 1,200 |
| Balance, September 30, 2015 | \$ 5,019 | \$ 1,746 | \$ 2,235 | \$ 989 | \$ 4,643 | \$ 278 | \$ 507 | \$ 518 | \$ 15,935 |

| <i>(dollars in thousands)</i> | Commercial Mortgage | Home Equity Lines and Loans | Residential Mortgage | Construction | Commercial and Industrial | Consumer | Leases | Unallocated | Total |
|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------|--|---------------------------------|---------------------|--|-----------------|---------------|--------------------|--------------|
| Balance, December 31, 2014 | \$ 3,948 | \$ 1,917 | \$ 1,736 | \$ 1,367 | \$ 4,533 | \$ 238 | \$ 468 | \$ 379 | \$ 14,586 |
| Charge-offs | (50) | (204) | (546) | — | (315) | (108) | (325) | — | (1,548) |
| Recoveries | 23 | 89 | 30 | 3 | 32 | 14 | 87 | — | 278 |
| Provision for loan and lease losses | 1,098 | (56) | 1,015 | (381) | 393 | 134 | 277 | 139 | 2,619 |
| Balance September 30, 2015 | \$ 5,019 | \$ 1,746 | \$ 2,235 | \$ 989 | \$ 4,643 | \$ 278 | \$ 507 | \$ 518 | \$ 15,935 |

Table Of Contents

The following table details the roll-forward of the Allowance for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014:

| <i>(dollars in thousands)</i> | Commercial Mortgage | Home Equity Lines and Loans | Residential Mortgage | Construction | Commercial and Industrial | Consumer | Leases | Unallocated | Total |
|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------|--|---------------------------------|---------------------|--|-----------------|---------------|--------------------|--------------|
| Balance, June 30, 2014 | \$ 3,831 | \$ 2,594 | \$ 2,387 | \$ 1,000 | \$ 4,658 | \$ 261 | \$ 441 | \$ 298 | \$ 15,470 |
| Charge-offs | (80) | (95) | (11) | — | (19) | (42) | (246) | — | (493) |
| Recoveries | — | — | 9 | — | 1 | 7 | 55 | — | 72 |
| Provision for loan and lease losses | 169 | (340) | (136) | 245 | 458 | (43) | 199 | (2) | 550 |
| Balance, September 30, 2014 | \$ 3,920 | \$ 2,159 | \$ 2,249 | \$ 1,245 | \$ 5,098 | \$ 183 | \$ 449 | \$ 296 | \$ 15,599 |

| <i>(dollars in thousands)</i> | Commercial Mortgage | Home Equity Lines and Loans | Residential Mortgage | Construction | Commercial and Industrial | Consumer | Leases | Unallocated | Total |
|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------|--|---------------------------------|---------------------|--|-----------------|---------------|--------------------|--------------|
| Balance, December 31, 2013 | \$ 3,797 | \$ 2,204 | \$ 2,446 | \$ 845 | \$ 5,011 | \$ 259 | \$ 604 | \$ 349 | \$ 15,515 |
| Charge-offs | (100) | (538) | (28) | — | (188) | (113) | (368) | — | (1,335) |
| Recoveries | 1 | 2 | 21 | — | 55 | 13 | 127 | — | 219 |
| Provision for loan and lease losses | 222 | 491 | (190) | 400 | 220 | 24 | 86 | (53) | 1,200 |
| Balance September 30, 2014 | \$ 3,920 | \$ 2,159 | \$ 2,249 | \$ 1,245 | \$ 5,098 | \$ 183 | \$ 449 | \$ 296 | \$ 15,599 |

The following table details the allocation of the Allowance for *all* portfolio loans and leases by portfolio segment based on the methodology used to evaluate the loans and leases for impairment as of September 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014:

| <i>(dollars in thousands)</i> | Commercial Mortgage | Home Equity Lines and Loans | Residential Mortgage | Construction | Commercial and Industrial | Consumer | Leases | Unallocated | Total |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------|--|---------------------------------|---------------------|--|-----------------|---------------|--------------------|--------------|
| As of September 30, 2015 | | | | | | | | | |

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Allowance on loans and leases:

| | | | | | | | | | |
|--|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|---------------|-----------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|------------------|
| Individually evaluated for impairment | \$ — | \$ — | \$ 76 | \$ — | \$ 629 | \$ 7 | \$ — | \$ — | \$ 712 |
| Collectively evaluated for impairment | 5,019 | 1,746 | 2,159 | 989 | 4,014 | 271 | 507 | 518 | 15,223 |
| Purchased credit-impaired ⁽¹⁾ | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Total | \$ 5,019 | \$ 1,746 | \$ 2,235 | \$ 989 | \$ 4,643 | \$ 278 | \$ 507 | \$ 518 | \$ 15,935 |

As of December 31, 2014

Allowance on loans and leases:

| | | | | | | | | | |
|--|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|------------------|
| Individually evaluated for impairment | \$ — | \$ 4 | \$ 184 | \$ — | \$ 448 | \$ 32 | \$ — | \$ — | \$ 668 |
| Collectively evaluated for impairment | 3,948 | 1,913 | 1,552 | 1,366 | 4,085 | 206 | 468 | 379 | 13,917 |
| Purchased credit-impaired ⁽¹⁾ | — | — | — | 1 | — | — | — | — | 1 |
| Total | \$ 3,948 | \$ 1,917 | \$ 1,736 | \$ 1,367 | \$ 4,533 | \$ 238 | \$ 468 | \$ 379 | \$ 14,586 |

⁽¹⁾Purchased credit-impaired loans are evaluated for impairment on an individual basis.

The following table details the carrying value for *all* portfolio loans and leases by portfolio segment based on the methodology used to evaluate the loans and leases for impairment as of September 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014:

(dollars in thousands)

| | Commercial Mortgage | Home Equity Lines and Loans | Residential Mortgage | Construction | Commercial and Industrial | Consumer | Leases | Total |
|--|--------------------------------|--|---------------------------------|---------------------|--|------------------|------------------|---------------------|
| As of September 30, 2015 | | | | | | | | |
| Carrying value of loans and leases: | | | | | | | | |
| Individually evaluated for impairment | \$ 444 | \$ 1,758 | \$ 8,081 | \$ 34 | \$ 5,013 | \$ 33 | \$ — | \$ 15,363 |
| Collectively evaluated for impairment | 958,000 | 210,328 | 391,632 | 78,850 | 482,533 | 22,317 | 50,646 | 2,194,306 |
| Purchased credit-impaired ⁽¹⁾ | 13,539 | 172 | 17 | 3,936 | 1,431 | — | — | 19,095 |
| Total | \$ 971,983 | \$ 212,258 | \$ 399,730 | \$ 82,820 | \$ 488,977 | \$ 22,350 | \$ 50,646 | \$ 2,228,764 |
| As of December 31, 2014 | | | | | | | | |
| Carrying value of loans and leases: | | | | | | | | |
| | \$ 97 | \$ 1,155 | \$ 8,642 | \$ 264 | \$ 3,460 | \$ 31 | \$ — | \$ 13,649 |

| | | | | | | | | |
|---|------------|------------|------------|-----------|------------|-----------|-----------|--------------|
| Individually evaluated for impairment | | | | | | | | |
| Collectively evaluated for impairment | 680,820 | 180,912 | 304,773 | 65,942 | 331,854 | 18,449 | 46,813 | 1,629,563 |
| Purchased credit-impaired ⁽¹⁾ | 8,611 | 15 | 27 | 61 | 331 | — | — | 9,045 |
| Total | \$ 689,528 | \$ 182,082 | \$ 313,442 | \$ 66,267 | \$ 335,645 | \$ 18,480 | \$ 46,813 | \$ 1,652,257 |

(1) Purchased credit-impaired loans are evaluated for impairment on an individual basis.

Table Of Contents

The following table details the allocation of the Allowance for *originated* portfolio loans and leases by portfolio segment based on the methodology used to evaluate the loans and leases for impairment as of September 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014:

(dollars in thousands)

| | Commercial Mortgage | Home Equity Lines and Loans | Residential Mortgage | Construction | Commercial and Industrial | Consumer Leases | Unallocated | Total |
|---------------------------------------|------------------------|---|-------------------------|--------------|---------------------------------|--------------------|-------------|-----------|
| As of September 30, 2015 | | | | | | | | |
| Allowance on loans and leases: | | | | | | | | |
| Individually evaluated for impairment | \$ — | \$ — | \$ 54 | \$ — | \$ 616 | \$ 7 | \$ — | \$ 677 |
| Collectively evaluated for impairment | 5,019 | 1,746 | 2,159 | 989 | 4,014 | 271 | 507 | 15,223 |
| Total | \$ 5,019 | \$ 1,746 | \$ 2,213 | \$ 989 | \$ 4,630 | \$ 278 | \$ 507 | \$ 15,900 |
| As of December 31, 2014 | | | | | | | | |
| Allowance on loans and leases: | | | | | | | | |
| Individually evaluated for impairment | \$ — | \$ 4 | \$ 162 | \$ — | \$ 448 | \$ 32 | \$ — | \$ 646 |
| Collectively evaluated for impairment | 3,948 | 1,851 | 1,551 | 1,366 | 4,085 | 206 | 468 | 13,854 |
| Total | \$ 3,948 | \$ 1,855 | \$ 1,713 | \$ 1,366 | \$ 4,533 | \$ 238 | \$ 468 | \$ 14,500 |

The following table details the carrying value for *originated* portfolio loans and leases by portfolio segment based on the methodology used to evaluate the loans and leases for impairment as of September 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014:

(dollars in thousands)

| | Commercial Mortgage | Home Equity Lines and Loans | Residential Mortgage | Construction | Commercial and Industrial | Consumer Leases | Total |
|-------------------------------------|------------------------|---|-------------------------|--------------|---------------------------------|--------------------|-----------|
| As of September 30, 2015 | | | | | | | |
| Carrying value of loans and leases: | | | | | | | |
| Individually evaluated for | \$ 374 | \$ 1,607 | \$ 6,548 | \$ 34 | \$ 3,753 | \$ 33 | \$ 12,349 |

| | | | | | | | | | |
|---------------------------------------|------------|------------|------------|-----------|------------|-----------|-----------|--------------|--|
| impairment | | | | | | | | | |
| Collectively evaluated for impairment | 757,892 | 169,690 | 297,822 | 72,182 | 422,305 | 21,948 | 50,646 | 1,792,485 | |
| Total | \$ 758,266 | \$ 171,297 | \$ 304,370 | \$ 72,216 | \$ 426,058 | \$ 21,981 | \$ 50,646 | \$ 1,804,834 | |
| As of December 31, 2014 | | | | | | | | | |
| Carrying value of loans and leases: | | | | | | | | | |
| Individually evaluated for impairment | \$ — | \$ 998 | \$ 7,211 | \$ 264 | \$ 2,632 | \$ 31 | \$ — | \$ 11,136 | |
| Collectively evaluated for impairment | 637,099 | 163,557 | 269,385 | 65,942 | 322,632 | 18,440 | 46,813 | 1,523,868 | |
| Total | \$ 637,099 | \$ 164,555 | \$ 276,596 | \$ 66,206 | \$ 325,264 | \$ 18,471 | \$ 46,813 | \$ 1,535,004 | |

The following table details the allocation of the Allowance for *acquired* portfolio loans and leases by portfolio segment based on the methodology used to evaluate the loans and leases for impairment as of September 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014:

(dollars in thousands)

| | Commercial Mortgage | Home Equity Lines and Loans | Residential Mortgage | Construction | Commercial and Industrial | Consumer Leases | Unallocated | Total |
|--|------------------------|---|-------------------------|--------------|---------------------------------|--------------------|-------------|-------|
| As of September 30, 2015 | | | | | | | | |
| Allowance on loans and leases: | | | | | | | | |
| Individually evaluated for impairment | \$ — | \$ — | \$ 22 | \$ — | \$ 13 | \$ — | \$ — | \$ 35 |
| Collectively evaluated for impairment | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Purchased credit-impaired ⁽¹⁾ | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Total | \$ — | \$ — | \$ 22 | \$ — | \$ 13 | \$ — | \$ — | \$ 35 |
| As of December 31, 2014 | | | | | | | | |
| Allowance on loans and leases: | | | | | | | | |
| Individually evaluated for impairment | \$ — | \$ — | \$ 22 | \$ — | \$ — | \$ — | \$ — | \$ 22 |
| Collectively evaluated for impairment | — | 62 | 1 | — | — | — | — | 63 |
| Purchased credit-impaired ⁽¹⁾ | — | — | — | 1 | — | — | — | 1 |
| Total | \$ — | \$ 62 | \$ 23 | \$ 1 | \$ — | \$ — | \$ — | \$ 86 |

⁽¹⁾Purchased credit-impaired loans are evaluated for impairment on an individual basis.

Table Of Contents

The following table details the carrying value for *acquired* portfolio loans and leases by portfolio segment based on the methodology used to evaluate the loans and leases for impairment as of September 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014:

(dollars in thousands)

| | Commercial Mortgage | Home Equity Lines and Loans | Residential Mortgage | Construction | Commercial and Industrial | Consumer | Leases | Total |
|--|------------------------|---|-------------------------|------------------|---------------------------------|---------------|-------------|-------------------|
| As of September 30, 2015 | | | | | | | | |
| Carrying value of loans and leases: | | | | | | | | |
| Individually evaluated for impairment | \$ 70 | \$ 151 | \$ 1,533 | \$ — | \$ 1,260 | \$ — | \$ — | \$ 3,014 |
| Collectively evaluated for impairment | 200,108 | 40,638 | 93,810 | 6,668 | 60,228 | 369 | — | 401,821 |
| Purchased credit-impaired ⁽¹⁾ | 13,539 | 172 | 17 | 3,936 | 1,431 | — | — | 19,095 |
| Total | \$ 213,717 | \$ 40,961 | \$ 95,360 | \$ 10,604 | \$ 62,919 | \$ 369 | \$ — | \$ 423,930 |
| As of December 31, 2014 | | | | | | | | |
| Carrying value of loans and leases: | | | | | | | | |
| Individually evaluated for impairment | \$ 97 | \$ 157 | \$ 1,431 | \$ — | \$ 828 | \$ — | \$ — | \$ 2,513 |
| Collectively evaluated for impairment | 43,721 | 17,355 | 35,388 | — | 9,222 | 9 | — | 105,695 |
| Purchased credit-impaired ⁽¹⁾ | 8,611 | 15 | 27 | 61 | 331 | — | — | 9,045 |
| Total | \$ 52,429 | \$ 17,527 | \$ 36,846 | \$ 61 | \$ 10,381 | \$ 9 | \$ — | \$ 117,253 |

⁽¹⁾ Purchased credit-impaired loans are evaluated for impairment on an individual basis.

As part of the process of determining the Allowance for the different segments of the loan and lease portfolio, Management considers certain credit quality indicators. For the commercial mortgage, construction and commercial and industrial loan segments, periodic reviews of the individual loans are performed by both in-house staff as well as external loan reviewers. The result of these reviews is reflected in the risk grade assigned to each loan. These internally assigned grades are as follows:

Pass – Loans considered satisfactory with no indications of deterioration.

Special mention - Loans classified as special mention have a potential weakness that deserves management's close attention. If left uncorrected, these potential weaknesses may result in deterioration of the repayment prospects for the loan or of the institution's credit position at some future date.

Substandard - Loans classified as substandard are inadequately protected by the current net worth and payment capacity of the obligor or of the collateral pledged, if any. Substandard loans have a well-defined weakness or weaknesses that jeopardize the liquidation of the debt. They are characterized by the distinct possibility that the institution will sustain some loss if the deficiencies are not corrected.

Doubtful - Loans classified as doubtful have all the weaknesses inherent in those classified as substandard, with the added characteristic that the weaknesses make collection or liquidation in full, on the basis of currently existing facts, conditions, and values, highly questionable and improbable.

In addition, for the remaining segments of the loan and lease portfolio, which include residential mortgage, home equity lines and loans, consumer, and leases, the credit quality indicator used to determine this component of the Allowance is based on performance status.

The following tables detail the carrying value of *all* portfolio loans and leases by portfolio segment based on the credit quality indicators used to determine the Allowance as of September 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014:

Credit Risk Profile by Internally Assigned Grade

| <i>(dollars in thousands)</i> | Commercial Mortgage | | Construction | | Commercial and Industrial | | Total | |
|-------------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------|----------------------|---------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------|----------------------|---------------------|
| | September 30, | December 31, | September 30, | December 31, | September 30, | December 31, | September 30, | December 31, |
| | 2015 | 2014 | 2015 | 2014 | 2015 | 2014 | 2015 | 2014 |
| Pass | \$951,164 | \$683,549 | \$78,149 | \$66,004 | \$476,838 | \$329,299 | \$1,506,151 | \$1,078,852 |
| Special Mention | 6,590 | 4,364 | — | — | 2,877 | 1,149 | 9,467 | 5,513 |
| Substandard | 14,229 | 1,615 | 2,670 | 263 | 7,344 | 5,197 | 24,243 | 7,075 |
| Doubtful | — | — | 2,001 | — | 1,918 | — | 3,919 | — |
| Total | \$971,983 | \$689,528 | \$82,820 | \$66,267 | \$488,977 | \$335,645 | \$1,543,780 | \$1,091,440 |

Table Of Contents**Credit Risk Profile by Payment Activity**

| <i>(dollars in thousands)</i> | Residential Mortgage | | Home Equity Lines and Loans | | Consumer | | Leases | | Total | |
|-------------------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------|------------------------------------|---------------------|----------------------|---------------------|----------------------|---------------------|----------------------|---------------------|
| | September 30, | December 31, | September 30, | December 31, | September 30, | December 31, | September 30, | December 31, | September 30, | December 31, |
| | 2015 | 2014 | 2015 | 2014 | 2015 | 2014 | 2015 | 2014 | 2015 | 2014 |
| Performing | \$394,481 | \$307,749 | \$210,597 | \$181,021 | \$22,348 | \$18,480 | \$50,545 | \$46,792 | \$677,971 | \$554,042 |
| Non-performing | 5,249 | 5,693 | 1,661 | 1,061 | 2 | — | 101 | 21 | 7,013 | 6,775 |
| Total | \$399,730 | \$313,442 | \$212,258 | \$182,082 | \$22,350 | \$18,480 | \$50,646 | \$46,813 | \$684,984 | \$560,817 |

The following tables detail the carrying value of *originated* portfolio loans and leases by portfolio segment based on the credit quality indicators used to determine the Allowance as of September 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014:

Credit Risk Profile by Internally Assigned Grade

| <i>(dollars in thousands)</i> | Commercial Mortgage | | Construction | | Commercial and Industrial | | Total | |
|-------------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------|----------------------|---------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------|----------------------|---------------------|
| | September 30, | December 31, | September 30, | December 31, | September 30, | December 31, | September 30, | December 31, |
| | 2015 | 2014 | 2015 | 2014 | 2015 | 2014 | 2015 | 2014 |
| Pass | \$746,856 | \$631,910 | \$71,402 | \$65,943 | \$417,340 | \$319,723 | \$1,235,598 | \$1,017,576 |
| Special Mention | 5,622 | 4,364 | — | — | 2,743 | 1,149 | 8,365 | 5,513 |
| Substandard | 5,788 | 825 | 814 | 263 | 4,057 | 4,391 | 10,659 | 5,479 |
| Doubtful | — | — | — | — | 1,918 | — | 1,918 | — |
| Total | \$758,266 | \$637,099 | \$72,216 | \$66,206 | \$426,058 | \$325,263 | \$1,256,540 | \$1,028,568 |

Credit Risk Profile by Payment Activity

| <i>(dollars in thousands)</i> | Residential Mortgage | | Home Equity Lines and Loans | | Consumer | | Leases | | Total | |
|-------------------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------|------------------------------------|---------------------|----------------------|---------------------|----------------------|---------------------|----------------------|---------------------|
| | September 30, | December 31, | September 30, | December 31, | September 30, | December 31, | September 30, | December 31, | September 30, | December 31, |
| | 2015 | 2014 | 2015 | 2014 | 2015 | 2014 | 2015 | 2014 | 2015 | 2014 |
| Performing | \$300,263 | \$271,933 | \$169,804 | \$163,651 | \$21,979 | \$18,471 | \$50,545 | \$46,792 | \$542,591 | \$500,847 |
| Non-performing | 4,107 | 4,663 | 1,493 | 904 | 2 | — | 101 | 21 | 5,703 | 5,588 |
| Total | \$304,370 | \$276,596 | \$171,297 | \$164,555 | \$21,981 | \$18,471 | \$50,646 | \$46,813 | \$548,294 | \$506,435 |

The following tables detail the carrying value of *acquired* portfolio loans and leases by portfolio segment based on the credit quality indicators used to determine the Allowance as of September 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014:

Credit Risk Profile by Internally Assigned Grade

| <i>(dollars in thousands)</i> | Commercial Mortgage | | Construction | | Commercial and Industrial | | Total | |
|-------------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------|----------------------|---------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------|----------------------|---------------------|
| | September 30, | December 31, | September 30, | December 31, | September 30, | December 31, | September 30, | December 31, |
| | 2015 | 2014 | 2015 | 2014 | 2015 | 2014 | 2015 | 2014 |
| Pass | \$204,308 | \$ 51,639 | \$6,747 | \$ 61 | \$59,498 | \$ 9,576 | \$270,553 | \$ 61,276 |
| Special Mention | 968 | — | — | — | 134 | — | 1,102 | — |
| Substandard | 8,441 | 790 | 1,856 | — | 3,287 | 806 | 13,584 | 1,596 |
| Doubtful | — | — | 2,001 | — | — | — | 2,001 | — |
| Total | \$213,717 | \$ 52,429 | \$10,604 | \$ 61 | \$62,919 | \$ 10,382 | \$287,240 | \$ 62,872 |

Credit Risk Profile by Payment Activity

| <i>(dollars in thousands)</i> | Residential Mortgage | | Home Equity Lines and Loans | | Consumer | | Total | |
|-------------------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------|------------------------------------|---------------------|----------------------|---------------------|----------------------|---------------------|
| | September 30, | December 31, | September 30, | December 31, | September 30, | December 31, | September 30, | December 31, |
| | 2015 | 2014 | 2015 | 2014 | 2015 | 2014 | 2015 | 2014 |
| Performing | \$94,218 | \$ 35,816 | \$40,793 | \$ 17,370 | \$ 369 | \$ 9 | \$135,380 | \$ 53,195 |
| Non-performing | 1,142 | 1,030 | 168 | 157 | — | — | 1,310 | 1,187 |
| Total | \$95,360 | \$ 36,846 | \$40,961 | \$ 17,527 | \$ 369 | \$ 9 | \$136,690 | \$ 54,382 |

Table Of Contents**G. Troubled Debt Restructurings (“TDRs”)**

The restructuring of a loan is considered a “troubled debt restructuring” if both of the following conditions are met: (i) the borrower is experiencing financial difficulties, and (ii) the creditor has granted a concession. The most common concessions granted include one or more modifications to the terms of the debt, such as (a) a reduction in the interest rate for the remaining life of the debt, (b) an extension of the maturity date at an interest rate lower than the current market rate for new debt with similar risk, (c) a temporary period of interest-only payments, (d) a reduction in the contractual payment amount for either a short period or remaining term of the loan, and (e) for leases, a reduced lease payment. A less common concession granted is the forgiveness of a portion of the principal.

The determination of whether a borrower is experiencing financial difficulties takes into account not only the current financial condition of the borrower, but also the potential financial condition of the borrower, were a concession not granted. Similarly, the determination of whether a concession has been granted is very subjective in nature. For example, simply extending the term of a loan at its original interest rate or even at a higher interest rate could be interpreted as a concession unless the borrower could readily obtain similar credit terms from a different lender.

The following table presents the balance of TDRs as of the indicated dates:

| <i>(dollars in thousands)</i> | September 30, 2015 | December 31, 2014 |
|---|-----------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| TDRs included in nonperforming loans and leases | \$ 3,711 | \$ 4,315 |
| TDRs in compliance with modified terms | 4,062 | 4,157 |
| Total TDRs | \$ 7,773 | \$ 8,472 |

The following table presents information regarding loan and lease modifications categorized as TDRs for the three months ended September 30, 2015:

| <i>(dollars in thousands)</i> | For the Three Months Ended September 30, 2015 | Post-Modification |
|-------------------------------|--|-------------------------|
| | Number of Concessions Recorded | Outstanding Recorded |
| | | |

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| | | Investment | Investment |
|--------|---|------------|------------|
| Leases | 1 | \$ 70 | \$ 70 |
| Total | 1 | \$ 70 | \$ 70 |

The following table presents information regarding the types of loan and lease modifications made for the three months ended September 30, 2015:

Number of Contracts for the Three Months Ended September 30, 2015

| | Interest Rate Change and Term Extension | Interest Rate Change and/or Interest-Only Period | Contractual Payment Reduction (Leases only) | Forgiveness of Interest |
|--------|--|--|---|----------------------------|
| Leases | — | — | 1 | — |
| Total | — | — | 1 | — |

The following table presents information regarding loan and lease modifications categorized as TDRs for the nine months ended September 30, 2015:

| | For the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2015 | |
|-----------------------------|---|-------------------------|
| | Pre-Modification | Post-Modification |
| (dollars in thousands) | Number of Outstanding Recorded Contracts | Outstanding Recorded |
| | Investment | Investment |
| Residential mortgage | 2 \$ 383 | \$ 383 |
| Home equity lines and loans | 1 22 | 22 |
| Leases | 2 82 | 82 |
| Total | 5 \$ 487 | \$ 487 |

The following table presents information regarding the types of loan and lease modifications made for the nine months ended September 30, 2015:

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Number of Contracts for the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2015

| | Interest Rate Change | Interest Rate Change and Term Extension | Interest Rate Change and/or Interest-Only Period | Contractual Payment Reduction (Leases only) | Forgiveness of Interest |
|-----------------------------|----------------------|---|--|---|-------------------------|
| Residential mortgage | — | — 2 | — | — | — |
| Home equity lines and loans | — | — | 1 | — | — |
| Leases | — | — | — | 2 | — |
| Total | — | — 2 | 1 | 2 | — |

During the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015, there were no defaults of loans or leases that had been previously modified to troubled debt restructurings.

Table Of Contents**H. Impaired Loans**

The following tables detail the recorded investment and principal balance of impaired loans by portfolio segment, their related Allowance and interest income recognized as of the dates or for the periods indicated:

(dollars in thousands)

| As of or for the three months ended September 30, 2015 | Recorded Investment⁽²⁾ | Principal Balance | Related Allowance | Average Principal Balance | Interest Income Recognized | Cash-Basis Interest Income Recognized |
|---|--|--------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--|
| Impaired loans with related Allowance: | | | | | | |
| Residential mortgage | \$ 707 | \$ 721 | \$ 76 | \$ 723 | \$ 8 | \$ — |
| Commercial and industrial | 2,988 | 3,077 | 629 | 3,278 | 13 | — |
| Consumer | 33 | 32 | 7 | 33 | — | — |
| Total | \$ 3,728 | \$ 3,830 | \$ 712 | \$ 4,034 | \$ 21 | \$ — |
| Impaired loans without related Allowance ^{(1) (3)} : | | | | | | |
| Commercial mortgage | \$ 444 | \$ 453 | \$ — | \$ 461 | \$ — | \$ — |
| Home equity lines and loans | 1,758 | 1,764 | — | 1,886 | 1 | — |
| Residential mortgage | 7,374 | 8,263 | — | 8,643 | 31 | — |
| Construction | 34 | 804 | — | 879 | — | — |
| Commercial and industrial | 2,025 | 2,084 | — | 2,182 | 1 | — |
| Total | \$ 11,635 | \$ 13,368 | \$ — | \$ 14,051 | \$ 33 | \$ — |
| Grand total | \$ 15,363 | \$ 17,198 | \$ 712 | \$ 18,085 | \$ 54 | \$ — |

⁽¹⁾ The table above does not include the recorded investment of \$178 thousand of impaired leases without a related Allowance.

⁽²⁾ Recorded investment equals principal balance less partial charge-offs and interest payments on non-performing loans that have been applied to principal.

⁽³⁾ This table excludes all purchased credit-impaired loans, which are discussed in Note 5D, above.

(dollars in thousands)

| As of or for the nine months ended September 30, 2015 | Recorded Investment⁽²⁾ | Principal Balance | Related Allowance | Average Principal Balance | Interest Income Recognized | Cash-Basis Interest Income Recognized |
|--|--|--------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--|
| Impaired loans with related Allowance: | | | | | | |
| Residential mortgage | \$ 707 | \$ 721 | \$ 76 | \$ 726 | \$ 25 | \$ — |
| Commercial and industrial | 2,988 | 3,077 | 629 | 3,225 | 39 | — |
| Consumer | 33 | 32 | 7 | 33 | 1 | — |
| Total | \$ 3,728 | \$ 3,830 | \$ 712 | \$ 3,984 | \$ 65 | \$ — |

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Impaired loans without related Allowance^{(1) (3)}:

| | | | | | | |
|-----------------------------|-----------|-----------|--------|-----------|--------|------|
| Commercial mortgage | \$ 444 | \$ 453 | \$ — | \$ 461 | \$ — | \$ — |
| Home equity lines and loans | 1,758 | 1,764 | — | 1,900 | 4 | — |
| Residential mortgage | 7,374 | 8,263 | — | 8,687 | 92 | — |
| Construction | 34 | 804 | — | 926 | — | — |
| Commercial and industrial | 2,025 | 2,084 | — | 1,727 | 4 | — |
| Total | \$ 11,635 | \$ 13,368 | \$ — | \$ 13,701 | \$ 100 | \$ — |
| Grand total | \$ 15,363 | \$ 17,198 | \$ 712 | \$ 17,685 | \$ 165 | \$ — |

⁽¹⁾ The table above does not include the recorded investment of \$178 thousand of impaired leases without a related Allowance.

⁽²⁾ Recorded investment equals principal balance less partial charge-offs and interest payments on non-performing loans that have been applied to principal.

⁽³⁾ This table excludes all purchased credit-impaired loans, which are discussed in Note 5D, above.

(dollars in thousands)

| | Recorded Investment ⁽²⁾ | Principal Balance | Related Allowance | Average Principal Balance | Interest Income Recognized | Cash-Basis Interest Income Recognized |
|---|---------------------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|---------------------------------|----------------------------------|--|
| As of or for the three months ended September 30, 2014 | | | | | | |
| Impaired loans with related Allowance: | | | | | | |
| Home equity lines and loans | \$ 272 | \$ 360 | \$ 120 | \$ 360 | \$ — | \$ — |
| Residential mortgage | 4,766 | 4,755 | 613 | 4,863 | 38 | — |
| Commercial and industrial | 3,012 | 3,213 | 892 | 3,250 | 15 | — |
| Consumer | 33 | 33 | 32 | 33 | — | — |
| Total | \$ 8,083 | \$ 8,361 | \$ 1,657 | \$ 8,506 | \$ 53 | \$ — |
| Impaired loans without related Allowance ^{(1) (3)} : | | | | | | |
| Commercial mortgage | \$ 646 | \$ 667 | \$ — | \$ 713 | \$ — | \$ — |
| Home equity lines and loans | 965 | 969 | — | 1,067 | 2 | — |
| Residential mortgage | 4,548 | 4,873 | — | 5,253 | 29 | — |
| Construction | 263 | 1,225 | — | 1,316 | — | — |
| Commercial and industrial | 638 | 641 | — | 661 | — | — |
| Total | \$ 7,060 | \$ 8,375 | \$ — | \$ 9,010 | \$ 31 | \$ — |
| Grand total | \$ 15,143 | \$ 16,736 | \$ 1,657 | \$ 17,516 | \$ 84 | \$ — |

⁽¹⁾ The table above does not include the recorded investment of \$43 thousand of impaired leases without a related Allowance.

⁽²⁾ Recorded investment equals principal balance less partial charge-offs and interest payments on non-performing loans that have been applied to principal.

⁽³⁾ This table excludes all purchased credit-impaired loans, which are discussed in Note 5D, above.

Table Of Contents*(dollars in thousands)*

| | Recorded Investment | Principal Balance | Related Allowance | Average Principal Balance | Interest Income Recognized | Cash-Basis Interest Income Recognized |
|---|--------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|--|---|--|
| As of or for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 | | | | | | |
| Impaired loans with related Allowance: | | | | | | |
| Home equity lines and loans | \$ 272 | \$ 360 | \$ 120 | \$ 359 | \$ 6 | \$ — |
| Residential mortgage | 4,766 | 4,755 | 613 | 4,774 | 115 | — |
| Commercial and industrial | 3,012 | 3,213 | 892 | 3,276 | 34 | — |
| Consumer | 33 | 33 | 32 | 33 | 1 | — |
| Total | \$ 8,083 | \$ 8,361 | \$ 1,657 | \$ 8,442 | \$ 156 | \$ — |
| Impaired loans without related Allowance ^{(1) (3)} : | | | | | | |
| Commercial mortgage | \$ 646 | \$ 667 | \$ — | \$ 716 | \$ 18 | \$ — |
| Home equity lines and loans | 965 | 969 | — | 1,075 | 9 | — |
| Residential mortgage | 4,548 | 4,873 | — | 5,235 | 103 | — |
| Construction | 263 | 1,225 | — | 1,495 | — | — |
| Commercial and industrial | 638 | 641 | — | 670 | 2 | — |
| Total | \$ 7,060 | \$ 8,375 | \$ — | \$ 9,191 | \$ 132 | \$ — |
| Grand total | \$ 15,143 | \$ 16,736 | \$ 1,657 | \$ 17,633 | \$ 288 | \$ — |

⁽¹⁾ The table above does not include the recorded investment of \$43 thousand of impaired leases without a related Allowance.

⁽²⁾ Recorded investment equals principal balance less partial charge-offs and interest payments on non-performing loans that have been applied to principal.

⁽³⁾ This table excludes all purchased credit-impaired loans, which are discussed in Note 5D, above.

(dollars in thousands)

| | Recorded Investment⁽²⁾ | Principal Balance | Related Allowance |
|---|--|------------------------------|------------------------------|
| As of December 31, 2014 | | | |
| Impaired loans with related allowance: | | | |
| Home equity lines and loans | \$ 111 | \$ 198 | \$ 4 |
| Residential mortgage | 3,273 | 3,260 | 184 |
| Commercial and industrial | 2,069 | 2,527 | 448 |
| Consumer | 31 | 32 | 32 |
| Total | 5,484 | 6,017 | 668 |
| Impaired loans ⁽¹⁾⁽³⁾ without related allowance: | | | |
| Commercial mortgage | 97 | 97 | — |
| Home equity lines and loans | 1,044 | 1,137 | — |

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| | | | |
|---------------------------|-----------|-----------|--------|
| Residential mortgage | 5,369 | 5,794 | — |
| Construction | 264 | 1,225 | — |
| Commercial and industrial | 1,391 | 1,403 | — |
| Total | 8,165 | 9,656 | — |
| Grand total | \$ 13,649 | \$ 15,673 | \$ 668 |

(1) *The table above does not include the recorded investment of \$63 thousand of impaired leases without a related Allowance.*

(2) *Recorded investment equals principal balance less partial charge-offs and interest payments on non-performing loans that have been applied to principal.*

(3) *This table excludes all purchased credit-impaired loans, which are discussed in Note 5D, above.*

Table Of Contents**I. Loan Mark**

Loans acquired in mergers and acquisitions are recorded at fair value as of the date of the transaction. This adjustment to the acquired principal amount is referred to as the “Loan Mark”. With the exception of purchased credit impaired loans, whose Loan Mark is accounted for under ASC 310-30, the Loan Mark is amortized or accreted as an adjustment to yield over the lives of the loans. The following tables detail, for *acquired loans*, the outstanding principal, remaining loan mark, and recorded investment, by portfolio segment, as of the dates indicated:

| <i>(dollars in thousands)</i> | As of September 30, 2015 | | |
|-------------------------------|--------------------------|--------------|------------|
| | Outstanding | Remaining | Recorded |
| | Principal | Loan Mark | Investment |
| Commercial mortgage | \$220,395 | \$ (6,678) | \$ 213,717 |
| Home equity lines and loans | 43,047 | (2,086) | 40,961 |
| Residential mortgage | 98,742 | (3,382) | 95,360 |
| Construction | 12,301 | (1,697) | 10,604 |
| Commercial and industrial | 67,227 | (4,308) | 62,919 |
| Consumer | 396 | (27) | 369 |
| Total | 442,108 | \$ (18,178) | \$ 423,930 |

| <i>(dollars in thousands)</i> | As of December 31, 2014 | | |
|-------------------------------|-------------------------|-------------|------------|
| | Outstanding | Remaining | Recorded |
| | Principal | Loan Mark | Investment |
| Commercial mortgage | \$56,605 | \$ (4,177) | \$ 52,428 |
| Home equity lines and loans | 18,106 | (578) | 17,528 |
| Residential mortgage | 37,742 | (896) | 36,846 |
| Construction | 85 | (24) | 61 |
| Commercial and industrial | 11,128 | (747) | 10,381 |
| Consumer | 9 | — | 9 |
| Total | \$ 123,675 | \$ (6,422) | \$ 117,253 |

Note 6 - Deposits

The following table details the components of deposits:

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| | September 30, | December 31, |
|------------------------------------|------------------|-----------------|
| <i>(dollars in thousands)</i> | 2015 | 2014 |
| Interest-bearing checking accounts | \$330,683 | \$277,228 |
| Money market accounts | 748,983 | 566,354 |
| Savings accounts | 192,995 | 138,992 |
| Wholesale non-maturity deposits | 65,636 | 66,693 |
| Wholesale time deposits | 57,671 | 73,458 |
| Time deposits | 238,269 | 118,400 |
| Total interest-bearing deposits | 1,634,237 | 1,241,125 |
| Non-interest-bearing deposits | 605,607 | 446,903 |
| Total deposits | \$2,239,844 | \$1,688,028 |

Table Of Contents**Note 7 - Borrowings****A. Short-term borrowings**

The Corporation's short-term borrowings (original maturity of one year or less), which consist of a revolving line of credit with a correspondent bank, funds obtained from overnight repurchase agreements with commercial customers, FHLB advances with original maturities of one year or less and overnight fed funds, are detailed below.

A summary of short-term borrowings is as follows:

| <i>(dollars in thousands)</i> | September 30, | December 31, |
|-------------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------|
| | 2015 | 2014 |
| Overnight fed funds* | \$ — | \$ — |
| Short-term FHLB advances* | — | — |
| Repurchase agreements | 24,264 | 23,824 |
| Total short-term borrowings | \$ 24,264 | \$ 23,824 |

*Although period-end balance is zero, these borrowing types may contribute to the average balances in the table below.

The following table sets forth information concerning short-term borrowings:

| <i>(dollars in thousands)</i> | Three Months Ended | | Nine Months Ended | |
|---|-------------------------------|-------------|------------------------------|-------------|
| | September 30, | | September 30, | |
| | 2015 | 2014 | 2015 | 2014 |
| Balance at period-end | \$24,264 | \$13,980 | \$24,264 | \$13,980 |
| Maximum amount outstanding at any month-end | 28,220 | 28,017 | 38,546 | 28,017 |
| Average balance outstanding during the period | 39,352 | 14,074 | 28,166 | 14,798 |
| Weighted-average interest rate: | | | | |
| As of period-end | 0.10 | % | 0.10 | % |
| | 0.10 | % | 0.10 | % |

Paid during the period 0.11 % 0.10 % 0.13 % 0.13 %

B. Long-term FHLB Advances and Other Borrowings

The Corporation's long-term FHLB advances and other borrowings consist of advances from the FHLB with original maturities of greater than one year and an adjustable-rate commercial loan from a correspondent bank.

The following table presents the remaining periods until maturity of the long-term FHLB advances and other borrowings:

| <i>(dollars in thousands)</i> | September 30, 2015 | December 31, 2014 |
|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| Within one year | \$ 60,000 | \$ 25,535 |
| Over one year through five years | 189,893 | 227,111 |
| Over five years through ten years | 5,000 | 7,500 |
| Total | \$ 254,893 | \$ 260,146 |

Table Of Contents

The following table presents rate and maturity information on long-term FHLB advances and other borrowings:

| <i>(dollars in thousands)</i> | Maturity Range ⁽¹⁾ | | Weighted Average Rate ⁽¹⁾ | Coupon Rate ⁽¹⁾ | | Balance | | |
|----------------------------------|-------------------------------|------------|--|-------------------------------|-------|--------------------------|----------------------|-------------------|
| | From | To | | From | To | September 30, 2015 | December 31, 2014 | |
| Description | | | | | | | | |
| Fixed amortizing ⁽¹⁾ | 04/09/2015 | 04/09/2015 | 3.57 | % | 3.57% | 3.57% | \$— | \$ 535 |
| Bullet maturity – fixed rate | 02/23/2016 | 12/19/2020 | 1.46 | % | 0.80% | 2.41% | 198,612 | 193,240 |
| Bullet maturity – variable rate | 01/04/2016 | 11/28/2017 | 0.38 | % | 0.25% | 0.54% | 35,000 | 45,000 |
| Convertible-fixed ⁽²⁾ | 01/03/2018 | 08/20/2018 | 2.94 | % | 2.58% | 3.50% | 21,281 | 21,371 |
| Total | | | | | | | \$254,893 | \$ 260,146 |

⁽¹⁾Maturity range, weighted average rate and coupon rate range refers to September 30, 2015 balances, except Fixed Amortizing.

⁽²⁾FHLB advances whereby the FHLB has the option, at predetermined times, to convert the fixed interest rate to an adjustable interest rate indexed to the London Interbank Offered Rate ("LIBOR"). The Corporation has the option to prepay these advances, without penalty, if the FHLB elects to convert the interest rate to an adjustable rate. As of September 30, 2015, substantially all FHLB advances with this convertible feature are subject to conversion in fiscal 2015. These advances are included in the maturity ranges in which they mature, rather than the period in which they are subject to conversion.

C. Other Borrowings Information

As of September 30, 2015 the Corporation had a maximum borrowing capacity with the FHLB of approximately \$1.11 billion, of which the unused capacity was \$824.0 million. In addition, there were unused capacities of \$64.0 million in overnight federal funds line, \$75.4 million of Federal Reserve Discount Window borrowings and \$5.0 million in a revolving line of credit from a correspondent bank as of September 30, 2015. In connection with its FHLB borrowings, the Corporation is required to hold the capital stock of the FHLB. The amount of FHLB capital stock held was \$11.7 million and \$11.5 million as of September 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, respectively. The carrying amount of the FHLB capital stock approximates its redemption value.

Note 8 – Subordinated Debt

On August 6, 2015, the Corporation completed the issuance of \$30 million in aggregate principal amount of fixed-to-floating rate subordinated notes (the "Notes") due 2025 in a private placement transaction to institutional

accredited investors.

The net proceeds of the offering, which totaled \$29.5 million, increased Tier 2 regulatory capital and the Corporation intends to use the net proceeds for general corporate purposes including share repurchases, funding the termination of the Corporation's pension plan, possible acquisitions and organic growth. The debt issuance costs are included as a direct deduction from the debt liability and the costs are amortized to interest expense using the effective interest method.

The Notes bear interest at an annual fixed rate of 4.75% from the date of issuance until August 14, 2020, with the first interest payment on the Notes occurring on February 15, 2016 and semi-annually thereafter each August 15 and February 15 through August 15, 2020. Thereafter, the Notes will bear interest at a variable rate that will reset quarterly to a level equal to the then-current three-month LIBOR rate plus 3.068% until August 15, 2025, or any early redemption date, payable quarterly on November 15, February 15, May 15 and August 15 of each year. Beginning with the interest payment date of August 15, 2020, and on any scheduled interest payment date thereafter, the Corporation has the option to redeem the Notes in whole or in part at a redemption price equal to 100% of the principal amount of the redeemed Notes, plus accrued and unpaid interest to the date of the redemption.

In conjunction with the issuance, the Corporation engaged the Kroll Bond Rating Agency ("KBRA") to assign a senior unsecured long-term debt rating, a subordinated debt rating and a short-term rating to the Corporation. As a result of their evaluation, KBRA assigned the Corporation a senior unsecured debt rating of A-, a subordinated debt rating of BBB+ and a short-term rating of K2.

Note 9 - Derivatives and Hedging Activities

In December, 2012, the Corporation entered into a forward-starting interest rate swap to hedge the cash flows of a \$15 million floating-rate FHLB borrowing. The interest rate swap involves the exchange of the Corporation's floating rate interest payments on the underlying principal amount. This swap was designated, and qualified, for cash-flow hedge accounting. The term of the swap begins November 30, 2015 and ends November 28, 2022. For derivative instruments that are designated and qualify as hedging instruments, the effective portion of gains or losses is reported as a component of other comprehensive income, and is subsequently reclassified into earnings as an adjustment to interest expense in the periods in which the hedged forecasted transaction affects earnings.

Table Of Contents

The following table details the Corporation's derivative positions as of the balance sheet dates indicated:

As of September 30, 2015:

| <i>(dollars in thousands)</i> | | | | Current | | Fair Value of | |
|-------------------------------|------------|------------|------------|--------------------|--------------|---------------|-------------|
| Notional | Trade | Effective | Maturity | Receive (Variable) | Projected | Pay Fixed | Asset |
| Amount | Date | Date | Date | Index | Receive Rate | Swap Rate | (Liability) |
| \$ 15,000 | 12/13/2012 | 11/30/2015 | 11/28/2022 | US 3-Month LIBOR | 1.724 | % 2.376% | \$ (655) |

As of December 31, 2014:

| <i>(dollars in thousands)</i> | | | | Current | | Fair Value of | |
|-------------------------------|------------|------------|------------|--------------------|--------------|---------------|-------------|
| Notional | Trade | Effective | Maturity | Receive (Variable) | Projected | Pay Fixed | Asset |
| Amount | Date | Date | Date | Index | Receive Rate | Swap Rate | (Liability) |
| \$ 15,000 | 12/13/2012 | 11/30/2015 | 11/28/2022 | US 3-Month LIBOR | 2.335 | % 2.376% | \$ (39) |

For each of the three and nine month periods ended September 30, 2015 and 2014, there were no reclassifications of the interest-rate swap's fair value from other comprehensive income to earnings.

Note 10 – Stock-Based Compensation**A. General Information**

Prior to April 25, 2007, all shares authorized for grant as stock-based compensation were limited to grants of stock options. On April 25, 2007, the shareholders of the Corporation approved the Corporation's "2007 Long-Term Incentive Plan" (the "2007 LTIP") under which a total of 428,996 shares of the Corporation's common stock were made available for award grants. On April 28, 2010, the shareholders of the Corporation approved the Corporation's "2010 Long Term

Incentive Plan” (the “2010 LTIP”) under which a total of 445,002 shares of the Corporation’s common stock were made available for award grants. On April 30, 2015, the shareholders of the Corporation approved the Amended and Restated Bryn Mawr Bank Corporation 2010 Long-Term Incentive Plan (the “Amended 2010 LTIP”), under which the total number of shares of Corporation Common Stock made available for award grants was increased by 500,000 shares to 945,002 shares.

In addition to the shareholder-approved plans mentioned in the preceding paragraph, the Corporation periodically authorizes grants of stock-based compensation as inducement awards to new employees. This type of award does not require shareholder approval in accordance with Rule 5635(c)(4) of the Nasdaq listing rules.

Equity awards are authorized to be in the form of, among others, options to purchase the Corporation’s common stock, restricted stock awards or units (“RSAs” or “RSUs”) and performance stock awards or units (“PSAs” or “PSUs”).

RSAs and RSUs have a restriction based on the passage of time and may also have a restriction based on non-market-related performance criteria. The fair value of the RSAs and RSUs is based on the closing price on the day preceding the date of the grant.

The PSAs and PSUs also have a restriction based on the passage of time, but also have a restriction based on performance criteria related to the Corporation’s total shareholder return relative to the performance of the community bank index for the respective period. The amount of PSAs or PSUs earned will not exceed 100% of the PSAs or PSUs awarded. The fair value of the PSAs and PSUs is calculated using the Monte Carlo Simulation method.

B. Stock Options

Stock-based compensation cost is measured at the grant date, based on the fair value of the award and is recognized as an expense over the vesting period. The fair value of stock option grants is determined using the Black-Scholes pricing model. The assumptions necessary for the calculation of the fair value are expected life of options, annual volatility of stock price, risk-free interest rate and annual dividend yield.

Table Of Contents

The following table provides information about options outstanding for the three months ended September 30, 2015:

| | Shares | Weighted Average Exercise Price | Weighted Average Grant Date Fair Value |
|---|---------------|--|---|
| Options outstanding, June 30, 2015 | 401,307 | \$ 20.39 | \$ 6.99 |
| Options assumed in Merger | — | \$ — | \$ — |
| Forfeited | — | \$ — | \$ — |
| Expired | — | \$ — | \$ — |
| Exercised | (29,369) | \$ 20.20 | \$ 9.39 |
| Options outstanding, September 30, 2015 | 371,938 | \$ 20.41 | \$ 6.81 |

The following table provides information about options outstanding for the nine months ended September 30, 2015:

| | Shares | Weighted Average Exercise Price | Weighted Average Grant Date Fair Value |
|---|---------------|--|---|
| Options outstanding, December 31, 2014 | 447,966 | \$ 20.94 | \$ 4.75 |
| Options assumed in the Merger | 181,256 | \$ 17.73 | \$ 12.94 |
| Forfeited | — | \$ — | \$ — |
| Expired | — | \$ — | \$ — |
| Exercised | (257,284) | \$ 19.45 | \$ 7.55 |
| Options outstanding, September 30, 2015 | 371,938 | \$ 20.41 | \$ 6.81 |

As of September 30, 2015, there were no unvested stock options.

For the three months ended September 30, 2015, the Corporation did not recognize any expense related to stock options. For the nine months ended September 30, 2015, the Corporation recognized \$3 thousand of expense related to stock options assumed in the Merger. As of September 30, 2015, there was no unrecognized expense related to stock

options.

Proceeds, related tax benefits realized from options exercised and intrinsic value of options exercised during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014 are detailed below:

| | Three Months Ended September 30, | | Nine Months Ended September 30, | |
|---|--|--------|---------------------------------------|----------|
| <i>(dollars in thousands)</i> | 2015 | 2014 | 2015 | 2014 |
| Proceeds from exercise of stock options | \$ 593 | \$ 683 | \$ 5,003 | \$ 2,061 |
| Related tax benefit recognized | 10 | 82 | 456 | 256 |
| Net proceeds of options exercised | \$ 603 | \$ 765 | \$ 5,459 | \$ 2,317 |
| Intrinsic value of options exercised | \$ 246 | \$ 309 | \$ 2,710 | \$ 886 |

The following table provides information about options outstanding and exercisable at September 30, 2015:

| <i>(dollars in thousands, except exercise price)</i> | Outstanding | Exercisable |
|--|--------------------|--------------------|
| Number of shares | 371,938 | 371,938 |
| Weighted average exercise price | \$ 20.41 | \$ 20.41 |
| Aggregate intrinsic value | \$ 3,966 | \$ 3,966 |
| Weighted average contractual term in years | 2.7 | 2.7 |

C. Restricted Stock Awards and Performance Stock Awards

The Corporation has granted RSAs, RSUs, PSAs and PSUs under the 2007 LTIP, 2010 LTIP and Amended 2010 LTIP.

RSAs and RSUs

The compensation expense for the RSAs and RSUs is measured based on the market price of the stock on the day prior to the grant date and is recognized on a straight line basis over the vesting period.

For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015, the Corporation recognized \$111 thousand and \$311 thousand, respectively, of expense related to the Corporation's RSAs and RSUs. As of September 30, 2015, there was \$708 thousand of unrecognized compensation cost related to RSAs and RSUs. This cost will be recognized over a weighted average period of 2.0 years.

Table Of Contents

The following table details the unvested RSAs and RSUs for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015:

| | Three Months Ended | | Nine Months Ended | |
|-------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| | September 30, 2015 | | September 30, 2015 | |
| | Weighted | | Weighted | |
| | Number of Shares | Average Grant Date Fair Value | Number of Shares | Average Grant Date Fair Value |
| Beginning balance | 49,387 | \$ 24.79 | 46,281 | \$ 23.17 |
| Granted | 6,000 | \$ 29.23 | 15,514 | \$ 29.55 |
| Vested | (18,148) | \$ 20.57 | (24,556) | \$ 20.54 |
| Forfeited | — | \$ — | — | \$ — |
| Ending balance | 37,239 | \$ 27.56 | 37,239 | \$ 27.56 |

For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015, the Corporation recorded a \$58 thousand and \$79 thousand, respectively, tax benefit related to the vesting of RSAs and RSUs.

PSAs and PSUs

The compensation expense for PSAs and PSUs is measured based on the grant date fair value as calculated using the Monte Carlo Simulation method.

For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015, the Corporation recognized \$200 thousand and \$733 thousand, respectively, of expense related to the PSAs and PSUs. As of September 30, 2015, there was \$2.1 million of unrecognized compensation cost related to PSAs. This cost will be recognized over a weighted average period of 2.2 years.

For both the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015, the Corporation recorded \$172 thousand of tax benefit related to the vesting of PSAs and PSUs.

The following table details the unvested PSAs and PSUs for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015:

| | Three Months Ended | | Nine Months Ended | |
|-------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| | September 30, 2015 | | September 30, 2015 | |
| | Weighted | | Weighted | |
| | Number of Shares | Average Grant Date Fair Value | Number of Shares | Average Grant Date Fair Value |
| Beginning balance | 252,477 | \$ 20.44 | 217,318 | \$ 21.10 |
| Granted | 52,474 | \$ 16.04 | 92,474 | \$ 16.42 |
| Vested | (70,171) | \$ 21.91 | (70,171) | \$ 21.91 |
| Forfeited | (15,618) | \$ 19.33 | (20,459) | \$ 19.75 |
| Ending balance | 219,162 | \$ 18.99 | 219,162 | \$ 18.99 |

Note 11 - Pension and Other Post-Retirement Benefit Plans

The Corporation has three defined benefit pension plans: the qualified defined-benefit plan (the “QDBP”) which covers all employees over age 20 1/2 who meet certain service requirements, and two non-qualified defined-benefit pension plans (“SERP I” and “SERP II”) which are restricted to certain senior officers of the Corporation.

SERP I provides each participant with the equivalent pension benefit provided by the QDBP on any compensation and bonus deferrals that exceed the IRS limit applicable to the QDBP.

On February 12, 2008, the Corporation amended the QDBP and SERP I to freeze further increases in the defined-benefit amounts to all participants, effective March 31, 2008.

On May 29, 2015, by unanimous consent, the Board of Directors of the Corporation voted to terminate the QDBP. On June 2, 2015, notices were sent to participants informing them of the termination. Final distributions to participants are expected to be completed by December 31, 2015. As of September 30, 2015, the Corporation had, as a component

of its accumulated other comprehensive loss, an \$11.5 million unrealized loss related to the QDBP. This balance approximates the after-tax effect, to net income, of the termination of the QDBP, which will be recognized during the three months ending December 31, 2015. Participants in the QDBP for whom benefit payments have not yet begun will have the option of receiving either a lump-sum payment or an annuity. The effect, to net income, will be impacted by the number of QDBP participants choosing the lump-sum option versus the annuity option. Participants who have already begun to receive benefit payments will receive an annuity, which will replace their current benefit payments.

On April 1, 2008, the Corporation added SERP II, a non-qualified defined-benefit plan which was restricted to certain senior officers of the Corporation. Effective January 1, 2013, the Corporation curtailed SERP II, as further increases to the defined-benefit amounts to over 20% of the participants have been frozen.

Table Of Contents

The Corporation also has a postretirement benefit plan (“PRBP”) that covers certain retired employees and a group of current employees. The PRBP was closed to new participants in 1994. In 2007, the Corporation amended the PRBP to allow for settlement of obligations to certain current and retired employees. Certain retired participant obligations were settled in 2007 and current employee obligations were settled in 2008.

The following tables provide details of the components of the net periodic benefits cost (benefit) for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014:

| <i>(dollars in thousands)</i> | Three Months Ended September 30, | | | | | |
|-------------------------------------|---|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| | SERP I | | QDBP | | PRBP | |
| | 2015 | 2014 | 2015 | 2014 | 2015 | 2014 |
| Service cost | \$— | \$ 19 | \$— | \$— | \$— | \$— |
| Interest cost | 47 | 46 | 397 | 411 | 5 | 8 |
| Expected return on plan assets | — | — | (805) | (837) | — | — |
| Amortization of prior service costs | — | 3 | — | — | — | — |
| Amortization of net loss | 16 | 10 | 479 | 97 | 9 | 14 |
| Net periodic benefit cost | \$63 | \$ 78 | \$ 71 | \$(329) | \$ 14 | \$ 22 |

| <i>(dollars in thousands)</i> | Nine Months Ended September 30, | | | | | |
|-------------------------------------|--|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| | SERP I | | QDBP | | PRBP | |
| | 2015 | 2014 | 2015 | 2014 | 2015 | 2014 |
| Service cost | \$— | \$55 | \$— | \$— | \$— | \$— |
| Interest cost | 139 | 137 | 1,192 | 1,231 | 14 | 22 |
| Expected return on plan assets | — | — | (2,413) | (2,511) | — | — |
| Amortization of prior service costs | — | 10 | — | — | — | — |
| Amortization of net loss | 48 | 32 | 1,436 | 293 | 28 | 44 |
| Net periodic benefit cost | \$187 | \$234 | \$215 | \$(987) | \$42 | \$ 66 |

QDBP: No contributions to the QDBP were made for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015.

SERP I and SERP II: The Corporation contributed \$117 thousand and \$191 thousand during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015, respectively, and is expected to contribute an additional \$117 thousand to the SERP I and SERP II plans for the remaining three months of 2015.

PRBP: In 2005, the Corporation capped the maximum annual payment under the PRBP at 120% of the 2005 benefit. This maximum was reached in 2008 and the cap is not expected to be increased above this level.

Note 12 - Segment Information

FASB Codification 280 – “Segment Reporting” identifies operating segments as components of an enterprise which are evaluated regularly by the Corporation’s Chief Operating Decision Maker, our Chief Executive Officer, in deciding how to allocate resources and assess performance. The Corporation has applied the aggregation criterion set forth in this codification to the results of its operations.

The Corporation’s Banking segment consists of commercial and retail banking. The Banking segment is evaluated as a single strategic unit which generates revenues from a variety of products and services. The Banking segment generates interest income from its lending (including leasing) and investing activities and is dependent on the gathering of lower cost deposits from its branch network or borrowed funds from other sources for funding its loans, resulting in the generation of net interest income. The Banking segment also derives revenues from other sources including gains on the sale of available for sale investment securities, gains on the sale of residential mortgage loans, service charges on deposit accounts, cash sweep fees, overdraft fees, BOLI income and interchange revenue associated with its Visa Check Card offering.

Table Of Contents

The Wealth Management segment has responsibility for a number of activities within the Corporation, including trust administration, other related fiduciary services, custody, investment management and advisory services, employee benefits and IRA administration, estate settlement, tax services and brokerage. Bryn Mawr Trust of Delaware and Lau Associates are included in the Wealth Management segment of the Corporation since they have similar economic characteristics, products and services to those of the Wealth Management Division of the Corporation. PCPB, which was merged with the Corporation's existing insurance subsidiary, Insurance Counsellors of Bryn Mawr ("ICBM"), and RJM, which was acquired on April 1, 2015, now operate under the Powers Craft Parker and Beard, Inc. name. The Wealth Management Division has assumed oversight responsibility for all insurance services of the Corporation. Prior to the PCPB and RJM acquisitions, ICBM was reported through the Banking segment. Any adjustments to prior year figures are immaterial and are not reflected in the tables below.

The following tables detail segment information for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014:

| <i>(dollars in thousands)</i> | Three Months Ended September 30, 2015 | | | Three Months Ended September 30, 2014 | | |
|---|--|--------------------------|---------------------|--|--------------------------|---------------------|
| | Banking | Wealth Management | Consolidated | Banking | Wealth Management | Consolidated |
| Net interest income | \$ 24,832 | \$ 1 | \$ 24,833 | \$ 19,175 | \$ 1 | \$ 19,176 |
| Less: loan loss provision | 1,200 | — | 1,200 | 550 | — | 550 |
| Net interest income after loan loss provision | 23,632 | 1 | 23,633 | 18,625 | 1 | 18,626 |
| Other income: | | | | | | |
| Fees for wealth management services | — | 9,194 | 9,194 | — | 9,099 | 9,099 |
| Service charges on deposit accounts | 721 | — | 721 | 663 | — | 663 |
| Loan servicing and other fees | 397 | — | 397 | 431 | — | 431 |
| Net gain on sale of loans | 685 | — | 685 | 440 | — | 440 |
| Net gain on sale of available for sale securities | 60 | — | 60 | — | — | — |
| Net gain on sale of other real estate owned | — | — | — | (49) | — | (49) |
| Insurance commissions | — | 1,065 | 1,065 | 76 | — | 76 |
| Other operating income | 1,193 | 35 | 1,228 | 873 | 10 | 883 |

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| | | | | | | |
|--|----------|----------|-----------|----------|----------|-----------|
| Total other income | 3,056 | 10,294 | 13,350 | 2,434 | 9,109 | 11,543 |
| Other expenses: | | | | | | |
| Salaries & wages | 7,355 | 3,586 | 10,941 | 6,179 | 2,931 | 9,110 |
| Employee benefits | 1,868 | 722 | 2,590 | 945 | 707 | 1,652 |
| Occupancy & equipment | 2,145 | 412 | 2,557 | 1,507 | 374 | 1,881 |
| Amortization of intangible assets | 279 | 674 | 953 | 68 | 565 | 633 |
| Professional fees | 839 | 4 | 843 | 694 | 7 | 701 |
| Other operating expenses | 6,558 | 961 | 7,519 | 5,160 | 824 | 5,984 |
| Total other expenses | 19,044 | 6,359 | 25,403 | 14,553 | 5,408 | 19,961 |
| Segment profit | 7,644 | 3,936 | 11,580 | 6,506 | 3,702 | 10,208 |
| Intersegment (revenues) expenses* | (105) | 105 | — | (93) | 93 | — |
| Pre-tax segment profit after eliminations | \$ 7,539 | \$ 4,041 | \$ 11,580 | \$ 6,413 | \$ 3,795 | \$ 10,208 |
| % of segment pre-tax profit after eliminations | 65.1 % | 34.9 % | 100.0 % | 62.8 % | 37.2 % | 100.0 % |
| Segment assets (<i>dollars in millions</i>) | \$ 2,913 | \$ 40 | \$ 2,953 | \$ 2,084 | \$ 40 | \$ 2,124 |

*Inter-segment revenues consist of rental payments, interest on deposits and management fees.

| <i>(dollars in thousands)</i> | Nine Months Ended September 30, 2015 | | | Nine Months Ended September 30, 2014 | | |
|---|--------------------------------------|-------------------|--------------|--------------------------------------|-------------------|--------------|
| | Banking | Wealth Management | Consolidated | Banking | Wealth Management | Consolidated |
| Net interest income | \$74,696 | \$ 2 | \$ 74,698 | \$57,339 | \$ 2 | \$ 57,341 |
| Less: loan loss provision | 2,619 | — | 2,619 | 1,200 | — | 1,200 |
| Net interest income after loan loss provision | 72,077 | 2 | 72,079 | 56,139 | 2 | 56,141 |
| Other income: | | | | | | |
| Fees for wealth management services | — | 27,899 | 27,899 | — | 27,511 | 27,511 |
| Service charges on deposit accounts | 2,185 | — | 2,185 | 1,920 | — | 1,920 |
| Loan servicing and other fees | 1,585 | — | 1,585 | 1,305 | — | 1,305 |
| Net gain on sale of loans | 2,271 | — | 2,271 | 1,301 | — | 1,301 |
| Net gain on sale of available for sale securities | 873 | — | 873 | 81 | — | 81 |
| Net loss on sale of other real estate owned | 90 | — | 90 | 171 | — | 171 |
| Insurance commissions | — | 2,903 | 2,903 | 231 | — | 231 |
| Other operating income | 4,373 | 113 | 4,486 | 2,838 | 81 | 2,919 |
| Total other income | 11,377 | 30,915 | 42,292 | 7,847 | 27,592 | 35,439 |

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|--|----------|-----------|-----------|----------|-----------|-----------|--|--|--|--|
| Other expenses: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Salaries & wages | 22,330 | 10,545 | 32,875 | 18,185 | 9,059 | 27,244 | | | | |
| Employee benefits | 5,742 | 2,195 | 7,937 | 3,213 | 2,227 | 5,440 | | | | |
| Occupancy & equipment | 6,585 | 1,246 | 7,831 | 4,389 | 1,108 | 5,497 | | | | |
| Amortization of intangible assets | 900 | 1,990 | 2,890 | 210 | 1,696 | 1,906 | | | | |
| Professional fees | 2,260 | 83 | 2,343 | 2,144 | 64 | 2,208 | | | | |
| Other operating expenses | 22,068 | 2,870 | 24,938 | 14,696 | 2,495 | 17,191 | | | | |
| Total other expenses | 59,885 | 18,929 | 78,814 | 42,837 | 16,649 | 59,486 | | | | |
| Segment profit | 23,569 | 11,988 | 35,557 | 21,149 | 10,945 | 32,094 | | | | |
| Intersegment (revenues) expenses* | (317) | 317 | — | (279) | 279 | — | | | | |
| Pre-tax segment profit after eliminations | \$23,252 | \$ 12,305 | \$ 35,557 | \$20,870 | \$ 11,224 | \$ 32,094 | | | | |
| % of segment pre-tax profit after eliminations | 65.4 % | 34.6 % | 100.0 % | 65.0 % | 35.0 % | 100.0 % | | | | |
| Segment assets (<i>dollars in millions</i>) | \$2,913 | \$ 40 | \$ 2,953 | \$2,084 | \$ 40 | \$ 2,124 | | | | |

* Inter-segment revenues consist of rental payments, interest on deposits and management fees.

Table Of Contents

Other segment information is as follows:

Wealth Management Segment Information

| | <i>(dollars in millions)</i> | |
|---|------------------------------|--------------------------|
| | September 30, 2015 | December 31, 2014 |
| Assets under management, administration, supervision and brokerage: | \$8,218.3 | \$7,699.9 |

Note 13 - Mortgage Servicing Rights

The following tables summarize the Corporation's activity related to mortgage servicing rights ("MSRs") for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014:

| <i>(dollars in thousands)</i> | Three Months Ended September 30, | |
|-------------------------------|---|-------------|
| | 2015 | 2014 |
| Balance, beginning of period | \$4,970 | \$4,760 |
| Additions | 277 | 161 |
| Amortization | (180) | (128) |
| Recovery | 8 | 3 |
| Impairment | (44) | — |
| Balance, end of period | \$5,031 | \$4,796 |
| Fair value | \$5,339 | \$5,719 |

| <i>(dollars in thousands)</i> | Nine Months Ended September 30, | |
|---|--|-------------|
| | 2015 | 2014 |
| Balance, beginning of period | \$4,765 | \$4,750 |
| Additions | 796 | 403 |
| Amortization | (443) | (371) |
| Recovery | 30 | 14 |
| Impairment | (117) | — |
| Balance, end of period | \$5,031 | \$4,796 |
| Fair value | \$5,339 | \$5,719 |
| Residential mortgage loans serviced for others, end of period | \$601,999 | \$594,156 |

As of September 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, key economic assumptions and the sensitivity of the current fair value of MSR to immediate 10 and 20 percent adverse changes in those assumptions are as follows:

| <i>(dollars in thousands)</i> | September 30, 2015 | December 31, 2014 |
|---|-------------------------------|------------------------------|
| Fair value amount of MSRs | \$ 5,339 | \$ 5,456 |
| Weighted average life (in years) | 6.0 | 6.3 |
| Prepayment speeds (constant prepayment rate)* | 11.6 | 10.5 |
| Impact on fair value: | | |
| 10% adverse change | \$ (200) | \$ (201) |
| 20% adverse change | \$ (387) | \$ (390) |
| Discount rate | 10.50 % | 10.50 % |
| Impact on fair value: | | |
| 10% adverse change | \$ (198) | \$ (213) |
| 20% adverse change | \$ (382) | \$ (411) |

* Represents the weighted average prepayment rate for the life of the MSR asset.

These assumptions and sensitivities are hypothetical and should be used with caution. Changes in fair value based on a 10% variation in assumptions generally cannot be extrapolated because the relationship of the change in assumptions to the change in fair value may not be linear. Also, the effect of a variation in a particular assumption on the fair value of the MSRs is calculated without changing any other assumption. In reality, changes in one factor may result in changes in another, which could magnify or counteract the sensitivities.

Table Of Contents**Note 14 - Goodwill and Other Intangibles**

The Corporation's goodwill and intangible assets related to the acquisitions of Lau Associates, LLC ("Lau") in July, 2008, First Keystone Financial, Inc. ("FKF") in July, 2010, the Private Wealth Management Group of the Hershey Trust Company ("PWMG") in May, 2011, Davidson Trust Company ("DTC") in May, 2012, the loan and deposit accounts and a branch location of First Bank of Delaware ("FBD") in November, 2012, PCPB in October, 2014, CBH in January, 2015 and RJM in April, 2015 are detailed below:

| <i>(dollars in thousands)</i> | Balance | Additions/ | Amortization | Balance | Amortization |
|-------------------------------|-----------------|--------------------|---------------------|------------------|---------------------|
| | December | Adjustments | | September | Period |
| | 31, 2014 | | | 30, 2015 | (Years) |
| Goodwill – Wealth segment | \$ 20,412 | \$ — | \$ — | \$ 20,412 | Indefinite |
| Goodwill – Banking segment | 12,431 | 68,009 | — | 80,440 | Indefinite |
| Goodwill – Insurance segment | 2,938 | 548 | — | 3,486 | Indefinite |
| Total | \$ 35,781 | \$ 68,557 | \$ — | \$ 104,338 | |
| Core deposit intangible | \$ 1,066 | \$ 4,191 | \$ (756 |) \$ 4,501 | 10 |
| Customer relationships | 15,562 | 424 | (1,194 |) 14,792 | 10 to 20 |
| Non-compete agreements | 3,728 | 257 | (790 |) 3,195 | 5 to 10 |
| Trade name | 2,165 | 129 | (6 |) 2,288 | 10 |
| Favorable lease | — | 724 | (144 |) 580 | 5.75 |
| Total | \$ 22,521 | \$ 5,725 | \$ (2,890 |) \$ 25,356 | |
| Grand total | \$ 58,302 | \$ 74,282 | \$ (2,890 |) \$ 129,694 | |

The Corporation performed its annual review of goodwill and identifiable intangible assets as of December 31, 2014 in accordance with ASC 350, "Intangibles Goodwill and Other." For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015, the Corporation determined there were no events that would necessitate impairment testing of goodwill and other intangible assets.

Note 15 – Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss

The following tables detail the components of accumulated other comprehensive (loss) income for the three and nine month periods ended September 30, 2015 and 2014:

| <i>(dollars in thousands)</i> | Net Change in | Net | Net | Accumulated |
|-------------------------------|----------------------|------------------|------------------|--------------------|
| | Unrealized | Change in | Change in | Other |
| | Gains | | Unfunded | |

| | on Available-for- Sale Investment Securities | Fair Value of Derivative Used for Cash Flow Hedge | Pension Liability | Comprehensive Loss |
|-----------------------------|---|--|------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| Balance, June 30, 2015 | \$ 1,342 | (76) | (12,900) | (11,634) |
| Net change | 896 | (349) | 47 | 594 |
| Balance, September 30, 2015 | \$ 2,238 | (425) | (12,853) | (11,040) |
| Balance, June 30, 2014 | \$ 1,536 | 274 | (5,358) | (3,548) |
| Net change | (421) | (8) | 46 | (383) |
| Balance, September 30, 2014 | \$ 1,115 | 266 | (5,312) | (3,931) |

Table Of Contents

| <i>(dollars in thousands)</i> | Net Change in Unrealized Gains on Available-for- Sale Investment Securities | Net Change in Fair Value of Derivative Used for Cash Flow Hedge | Net Change in Unfunded Pension Liability | Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss |
|-------------------------------|--|--|---|---|
| Balance, December 31, 2014 | \$ 1,316 | \$ (25) | \$ (12,995) | \$ (11,704) |
| Net change | 922 | (400) | 142 | 664 |
| Balance, September 30, 2015 | \$ 2,238 | (425) | (12,853) | (11,040) |
| Balance, December 31, 2013 | \$ (857) | \$ 743 | \$ (5,451) | \$ (5,565) |
| Net change | 1,972 | (477) | 139 | 1,634 |
| Balance, September 30, 2014 | \$ 1,115 | 266 | (5,312) | (3,931) |

The following tables detail the amounts reclassified from each component of accumulated other comprehensive loss to each component's applicable income statement line, for the three and nine month periods ended September 30, 2015 and 2014:

| Description of Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss Component | Amount Reclassified from Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss For The Three Months Ended September 30, 2015 2014 | Affected Income Statement Category |
|--|--|--|
| <i>Net unrealized gain on investment securities available for sale:</i> | | |
| Realization of (gain) loss on sale of investment securities available for sale | \$ (60) \$ — | Net gain on sale of available for sale investment securities |
| Less: income tax expense | 21 — | Less: income tax expense |
| Net of income tax | \$ (39) \$ — | Net of income tax |
| <i>Unfunded pension liability:</i> | | |

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| | | | |
|--|--------|--------|---|
| Amortization of net loss included in net periodic pension costs* | \$ 504 | \$ 121 | Employee benefits |
| Amortization of prior service cost included in net periodic pension costs* | — | 3 | Employee benefits |
| Total expense before income tax benefit | 504 | 124 | Total expense before income tax benefit |
| Less: income tax benefit | 176 | 43 | Less: income tax benefit |
| | \$ 328 | \$ 81 | Net of income tax |

Table Of Contents

| Description of Accumulated Other | Amount Reclassified from Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss | | |
|--|--|----------|--|
| Comprehensive Loss Component | For The Nine Months Ended | | Affected Income Statement Category |
| | September 30, 2015 | 2014 | |
| <i>Net unrealized gain on investment securities available for sale:</i> | | | |
| Realization of gain on sale of investment securities available for sale | \$ (873) | \$ (81) | Net gain on sale of available for sale investment securities |
| Less: income tax expense | 306 | 28 | Less: income tax expense |
| Net of income tax | \$ (567) | \$ (53) | Net of income tax |
| <i>Unfunded pension liability:</i> | | | |
| Amortization of net loss included in net periodic pension costs* | \$ 1,512 | \$ 369 | Employee benefits |
| Amortization of prior service cost included in net periodic pension costs* | — | 10 | Employee benefits |
| Total expense before income tax benefit | 1,512 | 379 | Total expense before income tax benefit |
| Less: income tax benefit | 529 | 133 | Less: income tax benefit |
| Net of income tax | \$ 983 | \$ 246 | Net of income tax |

*Accumulated other comprehensive loss components are included in the computation of net periodic pension cost. See Note 11 - Pension and Other Post-Retirement Benefit Plans

Note 16 - Shareholders' Equity**Dividend**

On October 22, 2015, the Corporation's Board of Directors declared a regular quarterly dividend of \$0.20 per share payable December 1, 2015 to shareholders of record as of November 3, 2015. During the third quarter of 2015, the Corporation paid or accrued, as applicable, a regular quarterly dividend of \$0.20 per share. This dividend totaled \$3.6 million, based on outstanding shares and restricted stock units as of August 4, 2015 of 17,973,008. During the second quarter of 2015, the Corporation paid or accrued, as applicable, a regular quarterly dividend of \$0.19 per share. This dividend totaled \$ 3.4 million, based on outstanding shares and restricted stock units as of May 12, 2015 of

18,039,474. During the first quarter of 2015, the Corporation paid or accrued, as applicable, a regular quarterly dividend of \$0.19 per share. This dividend totaled \$3.4 million, based on outstanding shares and restricted stock units as of February 3, 2015 of 17,815,479.

S-3 Shelf Registration Statement and Offerings Thereunder

In March 2015, the Corporation filed a shelf registration statement on Form S-3 (the “Shelf Registration Statement”) to replace its 2012 Shelf Registration Statement, which was set to expire in April 2015. The Shelf Registration Statement allows the Corporation to raise additional capital through offers and sales of registered securities consisting of common stock, debt securities, warrants to purchase common stock, stock purchase contracts and units or units consisting of any combination of the foregoing securities. Using the prospectus in the Shelf Registration Statement, together with applicable prospectus supplements, the Corporation may sell, from time to time, in one or more offerings, such securities in a dollar amount up to \$200 million, in the aggregate.

In addition, the Corporation has in place under its Shelf Registration Statement a Dividend Reinvestment and Stock Purchase Plan (the “Plan”), which allows it to issue up to 1,500,000 shares of registered common stock. The Plan allows for the grant of a request for waiver (“RFW”) above the Plan’s maximum investment of \$120 thousand per account per year. An RFW is granted based on a variety of factors, including the Corporation’s current and projected capital needs, prevailing market prices of the Corporation’s common stock and general economic and market conditions.

For the nine months ended September 30, 2015, the Corporation issued 663 shares and raised \$20 thousand through the Plan. No RFWs were approved during the nine months ended September 30, 2015. No other sales of securities were executed under the Shelf Registration Statement during the nine months ended September 30, 2015.

Table Of Contents

Options

In addition to shares issued through the Plan, the Corporation also issues shares through the exercise of stock options. During the nine months ended September 30, 2015, 257,284 shares were issued pursuant to the exercise of stock options, increasing shareholders' equity by \$5.0 million.

Stock Repurchase Program

On August 6, 2015, the Corporation announced a stock repurchase program (the "2015 Program") under which the Corporation may repurchase up to 1,200,000 shares of the Corporation's common stock, at an aggregate purchase price not to exceed \$40 million. The 2015 Program became effective upon the completion of the Corporation's prior stock repurchase program, which was announced on February 24, 2006 (the "2006 Program") under which the Corporation was permitted to repurchase up to 450,000 shares of the Corporation's common stock, not to exceed \$10 million. The 2006 Program was exhausted during August 2015. During the three months ended September 30, 2015, the Corporation repurchased 49,700 shares under the 2006 Program at an average price of \$29.33 per share and 554,400 shares under the 2015 Program at an average price of \$29.84 per share. All share repurchases under both the 2006 Program and the 2015 Program were accomplished in open market transactions. As of September 30, 2015, the maximum number of shares remaining authorized for repurchase under the 2015 Program was 645,600.

Note 17 - Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes

The Corporation recognizes the financial statement benefit of a tax position only after determining that the Corporation would be more likely than not to sustain the position following an examination. For tax positions meeting the more-likely-than-not threshold, the amount recognized in the financial statements is the largest benefit that has a greater than 50% likelihood of being realized upon settlement with the relevant tax authority.

The Corporation is subject to income taxes in the United States federal jurisdiction and multiple state jurisdictions. The Corporation is no longer subject to U.S. federal income tax examination by taxing authorities for years before 2011.

The Corporation's policy is to record interest and penalties on uncertain tax positions as income tax expense. No interest or penalties were accrued for the three or nine month periods ended September 30, 2015 or 2014.

Note 18 - Fair Value Measurement

The following disclosures are made in conjunction with the application of fair value measurements.

FASB ASC 820 “Fair Value Measurement” establishes a fair value hierarchy based on the nature of data inputs for fair value determinations, under which the Corporation is required to value each asset using assumptions that market participants would utilize to value that asset. When the Corporation uses its own assumptions, it is required to disclose additional information about the assumptions used and the effect of the measurement on earnings or the net change in assets for the period.

The Corporation’s investment securities available for sale, which generally include state and municipal securities, U.S. government agency securities and mortgage-related securities, are reported at fair value. These securities are valued by an independent third party. The third party’s evaluations are based on market data. They utilize evaluated pricing models that vary by asset and incorporate available trade, bid and other market information. For securities that do not trade on a daily basis, their pricing applications apply available information such as benchmarking and matrix pricing. The market inputs normally sought in the evaluation of securities include benchmark yields, reported trades, broker/dealer quotes (only obtained from market makers or broker/dealers recognized as market participants), issuer spreads, two-sided markets, benchmark securities, bids, offers and reference data. For certain securities, additional inputs may be used or some market inputs may not be applicable. Inputs are prioritized differently on any given day based on market conditions.

U.S. Government agency securities are evaluated and priced using multi-dimensional relational models and option-adjusted spreads. State and municipal securities are evaluated on a series of matrices including reported trades and material event notices. Mortgage-related securities are evaluated using matrix correlation to treasury or floating index benchmarks, prepayment speeds, monthly payment information and other benchmarks. Other available for sale investments are evaluated using a broker-quote based application, including quotes from issuers. The Corporation has a sufficient understanding of the third party service’s valuation models, assumptions and inputs used in determining the fair value of available for sale investments to enable management to maintain an appropriate system of internal control.

The value of the investment portfolio is determined using three broad levels of inputs:

Level 1 – Quoted prices in active markets for identical securities.

Level 2 – Quoted prices for similar instruments in active markets; quoted prices for identical or similar instruments in markets that are not active and model-derived valuations whose inputs are observable or whose significant value drivers are observable.

Level 3 – Instruments whose significant value drivers are unobservable.

These levels are not necessarily an indication of the risks or liquidity associated with these investments. The following tables summarize the assets at September 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014 that are recognized on the Corporation's balance sheet using fair value measurement determined based on the differing levels of input.

Table Of Contents

The following table sets forth the fair value of assets measured on a recurring and non-recurring basis as of September 30, 2015:

| <i>(dollars in millions)</i> | Total | Level 1 | Level 2 | Level 3 |
|---|--------------|--------------------|----------------|--------------------|
| Assets Measured at Fair Value on a Recurring Basis: | | | | |
| Investment securities (available for sale and trading): | | | | |
| U.S. Treasury securities | \$0.1 | \$ 0.1 | \$ — | \$ — |
| Obligations of the U.S. government agency securities | 91.6 | — | 91.6 | — |
| Obligations of state & political subdivisions | 44.1 | — | 44.1 | — |
| Mortgage-backed securities | 155.5 | — | 155.5 | — |
| Collateralized mortgage obligations | 33.0 | — | 33.0 | — |
| Mutual funds | 18.7 | 18.7 | — | — |
| Other debt securities | 1.9 | — | 1.9 | — |
| Total assets measured on a recurring basis at fair value | \$344.9 | 18.8 | 326.1 | — |
| Assets Measured at Fair Value on a Non-Recurring Basis | | | | |
| Mortgage servicing rights | \$5.3 | \$ — | \$ — | \$ 5.3 |
| Impaired loans and leases | 14.7 | — | — | 14.7 |
| Other real estate owned (“OREO”) | 1.0 | \$ — | \$ — | \$ 1.0 |
| Total assets measured on a non-recurring basis at fair value | \$21.0 | \$ | \$ — | \$ 21.0 |

The following table sets forth the fair value of assets measured on a recurring and non-recurring basis as of December 31, 2014:

| <i>(dollars in millions)</i> | Total | Level 1 | Level 2 | Level 3 |
|---|--------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| Assets Measured at Fair Value on a Recurring Basis: | | | | |
| Investment securities (available for sale and trading): | | | | |
| U.S. Treasury securities | \$0.1 | \$0.1 | \$— | \$— |
| Obligations of the U.S. government agency securities | 66.8 | — | 66.8 | — |
| Obligations of state & political subdivisions | 29.0 | — | 29.0 | — |
| Mortgage-backed securities | 81.4 | — | 81.4 | — |
| Collateralized mortgage obligations | 34.8 | — | 34.8 | — |
| Mutual funds | 19.5 | 19.5 | — | — |
| Other debt securities | 1.9 | — | 1.9 | — |
| Total assets measured on a recurring basis at fair value | \$233.5 | \$19.6 | \$213.9 | \$— |
| Assets Measured at Fair Value on a Non-Recurring Basis | | | | |
| Mortgage servicing rights | \$5.5 | \$— | \$— | \$5.5 |
| Impaired loans and leases | 13.0 | — | — | 13.0 |
| OREO | 1.1 | — | — | 1.1 |

| | | | | |
|--|--------|-----|-----|--------|
| Total assets measured on a non-recurring basis at fair value | \$19.6 | \$— | \$— | \$19.6 |
|--|--------|-----|-----|--------|

During the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015, an increase of \$515 thousand and \$9 thousand, respectively, were recorded in the Allowance as a result of adjusting the carrying value and estimated fair value of the impaired loans in the above tables. As it relates to the fair values of assets measured on a recurring basis, there have been no transfers between levels during the three or nine months ended September 30, 2015.

Impaired Loans

The Corporation evaluates and values impaired loans at the time the loan is identified as impaired, and the fair values of such loans are estimated using Level 3 inputs in the fair value hierarchy. Each loan's collateral has a unique appraisal and management's discount of the value is based on the factors unique to each impaired loan. The significant unobservable input in determining the fair value is management's subjective discount on appraisals of the collateral securing the loan, which range from 10% - 50%. Collateral may consist of real estate and/or business assets including equipment, inventory and/or accounts receivable and the value of these assets is determined based on the appraisals by qualified licensed appraisers hired by the Corporation. Appraised and reported values may be discounted based on management's historical knowledge, changes in market conditions from the time of valuation, estimated costs to sell, and/or management's expertise and knowledge of the client and the client's business.

The Corporation has an appraisal policy in which an appraisal is obtained for a commercial loan at the point at which the loan either becomes nonperforming or is downgraded to a substandard or worse classification. For consumer loans, the Corporation obtains updated appraisals when a loan becomes 90 days past due or when it receives other information that may indicate possible impairment. Based on the appraisals obtained by the Corporation, an appropriate Allowance is allocated to the particular loan.

Other Real Estate Owned

Other real estate owned consists of properties acquired as a result of foreclosures and deeds in-lieu-of foreclosure. Properties are classified as OREO and are reported at the lower of cost or fair value less cost to sell, and are classified as Level 3 in the fair value hierarchy.

Table Of Contents

Mortgage Servicing Rights

MSRs do not trade in an active, open market with readily observable prices. Accordingly, the Corporation obtains the fair value of the MSRs using a third-party pricing provider. The provider determines the fair value by discounting projected net servicing cash flows of the remaining servicing portfolio. The valuation model used by the provider considers market loan prepayment predictions and other economic factors which the Corporation considers to be significant unobservable inputs. The fair value of MSRs is mostly affected by changes in mortgage interest rates since rate changes cause the loan prepayment acceleration factors to increase or decrease. All assumptions are market driven. The Corporation has a sufficient understanding of the third party service's valuation models, assumptions and inputs used in determining the fair value of MSRs to enable management to maintain an appropriate system of internal control. Mortgage servicing rights are classified within Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy as the valuation is model driven and primarily based on unobservable inputs.

Note 19 - Fair Value of Financial Instruments

FASB ASC 825, "Disclosures about Fair Value of Financial Instruments" requires disclosure of the fair value information about financial instruments, whether or not recognized in the balance sheet, for which it is practicable to estimate such value. In cases where quoted market prices are not available, fair values are based on estimates using present value or other fair value techniques. Those techniques are significantly affected by the assumptions used, including the discount rate and estimates of future cash flows. In that regard, the derived fair value estimates cannot be substantiated by comparison to independent markets and, in many cases, could not be realized in immediate settlement of the instrument. The aggregate fair value amounts presented below do not represent the underlying value of the Corporation.

The following methods and assumptions were used to estimate the fair value of each class of financial instruments for which it is practicable to estimate that value:

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The carrying amounts reported in the balance sheet for cash and cash equivalents approximate their fair values.

Investment Securities

Estimated fair values for investment securities are generally valued by an independent third party based on market data, utilizing pricing models that vary by asset and incorporate available trade, bid and other market information. Management reviews, annually, the process utilized by its independent third-party valuation experts. On a quarterly basis, Management tests the validity of the prices provided by the third party by selecting a representative sample of the portfolio and obtaining actual trade results, or if actual trade results are not available, competitive broker pricing. See Note 4 of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for more information.

Loans Held for Sale

The fair value of loans held for sale is based on pricing obtained from secondary markets.

Net Portfolio Loans and Leases

For variable-rate loans that re-price frequently and which have no significant change in credit risk, estimated fair values are based on carrying values. Fair values of certain mortgage loans and consumer loans are estimated using discounted cash flow analyses, using interest rates currently being offered for loans with similar terms to borrowers of similar credit quality and is indicative of an entry price. The estimated fair value of nonperforming loans is based on discounted estimated cash flows as determined by the internal loan review of the Corporation or the appraised fair value of the underlying collateral, as determined by independent third party appraisers. This technique does not reflect an exit price.

Impaired Loans

The Corporation evaluates and values impaired loans at the time the loan is identified as impaired, and the fair values of such loans are estimated using Level 3 inputs in the fair value hierarchy. Each loan's collateral has a unique appraisal and management's discount of the value is based on the factors unique to each impaired loan. The significant unobservable input in determining the fair value is management's subjective discount on appraisals of the collateral securing the loan, which range from 10% - 50%. Collateral may consist of real estate and/or business assets including equipment, inventory and/or accounts receivable and the value of these assets is determined based on the appraisals by qualified licensed appraisers hired by the Corporation. Appraised and reported values may be discounted based on management's historical knowledge, changes in market conditions from the time of valuation, estimated costs to sell, and/or management's expertise and knowledge of the client and the client's business.

Table Of Contents

Mortgage Servicing Rights

The fair value of the MSR for these periods was determined using a proprietary third-party valuation model that calculates the present value of estimated future servicing income. The model incorporates assumptions that market participants use in estimating future net servicing income, including estimates of prepayment speeds and discount rates. Due to the proprietary nature of the valuation model used, the Corporation classifies the value of MSR as using Level 3 inputs.

Other Assets

The carrying amount of accrued interest receivable, income taxes receivable and other investments approximates fair value. The fair value of the interest-rate swap derivative is derived from quoted prices for similar instruments in active markets and is classified as using Level 2 inputs.

Deposits

The estimated fair values disclosed for noninterest-bearing demand deposits, savings, NOW accounts, and market rate accounts are, by definition, equal to the amounts payable on demand at the reporting date (i.e., their carrying amounts). Fair values for certificates of deposit are estimated using a discounted cash flow calculation that applies interest rates currently being offered on certificates to a schedule of expected monthly maturities on the certificate of deposit. FASB Codification 825 defines the fair value of demand deposits as the amount payable on demand as of the reporting date and prohibits adjusting estimated fair value from any value derived from retaining those deposits for an expected future period of time.

Short-term borrowings

The carrying amount of short-term borrowings, which include overnight repurchase agreements, fed funds and FHLB advances with original maturity of one year or less, approximates their fair value.

Long-term FHLB Advances and Other Borrowings

The fair value of long-term FHLB advances and other borrowings (with original maturities of greater than one year) is established using a discounted cash flow calculation that applies interest rates currently being offered on mid-term and long term borrowings.

Subordinated Notes

The fair value of the Notes are estimated by discounting the principal balance using the FHLB yield curve for the term to the call date as the Corporation has the option to call the Notes. The Notes are classified within Level 2 in the fair value hierarchy.

Other Liabilities

The carrying amounts of accrued interest payable and other accrued payables approximate fair value.

Off-Balance Sheet Instruments

Estimated fair values of the Corporation's commitments to extend credit, standby letters of credit and financial guarantees are not included in the table below as their carrying values generally approximate their fair values. These instruments generate fees that approximate those currently charged to originate similar commitments.

As of the dates indicated, the carrying amount and estimated fair value of the Corporation's financial instruments are as follows:

| | Fair Value Hierarchy | As of September 30, 2015 | | As of December 31 2014 | |
|---|----------------------|--------------------------|----------------------|------------------------|----------------------|
| | | Carrying Amount | Estimated Fair Value | Carrying Amount | Estimated Fair Value |
| <i>(dollars in thousands)</i> | | | | | |
| Financial assets: | Level* | Amount | Fair Value | Amount | Fair Value |
| Cash and cash equivalents | Level 1 | \$ 118,141 | \$ 118,163 | \$ 219,269 | \$ 219,269 |
| Investment securities, available for sale | See Note 17 | 341,421 | 341,421 | 229,577 | 229,577 |

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| | | | | | |
|--|---------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| Investment securities, trading | Level 2 | 3,451 | 3,451 | 3,896 | 3,896 |
| Loans held for sale | Level 2 | 8,721 | 8,721 | 3,882 | 3,882 |
| Net portfolio loans and leases | Level 3 | 2,212,829 | 2,258,027 | 1,637,671 | 1,666,052 |
| Mortgage servicing rights | Level 3 | 5,031 | 5,338 | 4,765 | 5,456 |
| Other assets | See Note 17** | 28,985 | 28,985 | 22,309 | 22,309 |
| Total financial assets | | \$2,718,579 | \$2,764,106 | \$2,121,369 | \$2,150,441 |
| Financial liabilities: | | | | | |
| Deposits | Level 2 | \$2,239,845 | \$2,239,756 | \$1,688,028 | \$1,687,409 |
| Short-term borrowings | Level 2 | 24,264 | 24,218 | 23,824 | 23,824 |
| Long-term FHLB advances and other borrowings | Level 2 | 254,893 | 256,713 | 260,146 | 259,826 |
| Subordinated notes | Level 2 | 29,466 | 27,159 | — | — |
| Other liabilities | Level 2 | 36,119 | 36,119 | 29,034 | 29,034 |
| Total financial liabilities | | \$2,584,587 | \$2,583,965 | \$2,001,032 | \$2,000,093 |

*See Note 18 for a description of fair value hierarchy levels.

**Included in Other Liabilities as of September 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014 was a \$654 thousand derivative and a \$39 thousand derivative, respectively, for which fair values were determined using Level 2 inputs.

Table Of Contents

Note 20 - New Accounting Pronouncements

FASB ASU 2015-05, “Intangibles — Goodwill and Other — Internal-Use Software (Subtopic 350-40): Customer’s Accounting for Fees Paid in a Cloud Computing Arrangement.”

Issued in April 2015, ASU 2015-05 provides guidance to customers about whether a cloud computing arrangement includes a software license. If a cloud computing arrangement includes a software license, then the customer should account for the software license element of the arrangement consistent with the acquisition of other software licenses. If a cloud computing arrangement does not include a software license, the customer should account for the arrangement as a service contract. The guidance will not change GAAP for a customer’s accounting for service contracts. For public business entities, the amendments in this update will be effective for annual periods, including interim periods within those annual periods, beginning after December 15, 2015. Early adoption is permitted for all entities. The Corporation is currently evaluating the impact of this guidance and does not anticipate a material impact on its consolidated financial statements.

FASB ASU 2015-02, “Consolidation.”

Issued in February 2015, ASU 2015-02 responds to concerns about the current accounting for consolidation of certain legal entities. Entities expressed concerns that current generally accepted accounting principles might require a reporting entity to consolidate another legal entity in situations in which the reporting entity’s contractual rights do not give it the ability to act primarily on its own behalf, the reporting entity does not hold a majority of the legal entity’s voting rights, or the reporting entity is not exposed to a majority of the legal entity’s economic benefits or obligations. Financial statement users asserted that in certain of those situations in which consolidation is ultimately required, deconsolidated financial statements are necessary to better analyze the reporting entity’s economic and operational results. Previously, the FASB issued an indefinite deferral for certain entities to partially address those concerns. However, the amendments in this update rescind that deferral and address those concerns by making changes to the consolidation guidance. The amendments in this update impact all reporting entities involved with limited partnerships or similar entities and require reporting entities to re-evaluate these entities for consolidation. In some cases, consolidation conclusions may change. In other cases, a reporting entity will need to provide additional disclosures if an entity that currently isn’t considered a variable interest entity is considered a variable interest entity under the new guidance. For public business entities, the guidance is effective for annual and interim periods beginning after December 15, 2015. Early adoption is permitted. The Corporation is currently evaluating the impact of this guidance and does not anticipate a material impact on its consolidated financial statements.

FASB ASU 2015-01, “Income Statement: Extraordinary and Unusual Items.”

Issued in January 2015, ASU 2015-01 eliminates from GAAP the concept of extraordinary items and the associated disclosure requirements. Subtopic 225-20, “Income Statement—Extraordinary and Unusual Items” required that an entity separately classify, present, and disclose extraordinary events and transactions. Presently, an event or transaction is presumed to be an ordinary and usual activity of the reporting entity unless evidence clearly supports its classification as an extraordinary item. Paragraph 225-20-45-2 includes the following two criteria that must both be met for extraordinary classification: (i) unusual in nature, and (ii) infrequency of occurrence. If an event or transaction meets the criteria for extraordinary classification, an entity is required to segregate the extraordinary item from the results of ordinary operations and show the item separately in the income statement, net of tax, after income from continuing operations. The entity also is required to disclose applicable income taxes and either present or disclose earnings-per-share data applicable to the extraordinary item. The Corporation has evaluated the impact of this guidance and has determined that it will not have a material impact on its consolidated financial statements.

FASB ASU 2014-14, “Classification of Certain Government-Guaranteed Mortgage Loans upon Foreclosure (a consensus of the FASB Emerging Issues Task Force).”

Issued in August 2014, ASU 2014-14 requires creditors to derecognize certain foreclosed government-guaranteed mortgage loans and to recognize a separate other receivable that is measured at the amount the creditor expects to recover from the guarantor, and to treat the guarantee and the receivable as a single unit of account. The standard is effective for public business entities for annual periods, and interim periods within those annual periods, beginning after December 15, 2014. An entity can elect a prospective or a modified retrospective transition method, but must use the same transition method that it elected under FASB ASU No. 2014-04, Reclassification of Residential Real Estate Collateralized Consumer Mortgage Loans upon Foreclosure. Early adoption, including adoption in an interim period, is permitted if the entity already adopted ASU 2014-04. The Corporation has evaluated the impact of the adoption of this guidance and has determined that it will not have a significant impact on its consolidated financial statements.

Table Of Contents

FASB ASU 2014-09, “Revenue from Contracts with Customers.”

Issued in May 2014, ASU No. 2014-09 requires an entity to recognize the amount of revenue to which it expects to be entitled for the transfer of promised goods or services to customers. ASU 2014-09 will replace most existing revenue recognition guidance in U.S. GAAP when it becomes effective. The new standard is effective for annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2016, including interim periods within that reporting period. Early application is not permitted. The standard permits the use of either the retrospective or cumulative effect transition method. The Corporation is evaluating the effect that ASU 2014-09 will have on its consolidated financial statements and related disclosures. The Corporation has not yet selected a transition method nor has it determined the effect of the standard on its ongoing financial reporting.

FASB ASU 2014-01, “Investments - Equity Method and Joint Ventures (Topic 323), Accounting for Investments in Qualified Affordable Housing Projects.”

Issued in January 2014, ASU 2014-01 provides guidance on accounting for investments by a reporting entity in flow-through limited liability entities that manage or invest in affordable housing projects that qualify for the low-income housing tax credit. The amendments in this update permit reporting entities to make an accounting policy election to account for their investments in qualified affordable housing projects using the proportional amortization method if certain conditions are met. Under the proportional amortization method, an entity amortizes the initial cost of the investment in proportion to the tax credits and other tax benefits received and recognizes the net investment performance in the income statement as a component of income tax expense (benefit). For those investments in qualified affordable housing projects not accounted for using the proportional amortization method, the investment should be accounted for as an equity method investment or a cost method investment in accordance with Subtopic 970-323. The amendments in this update should be applied retrospectively to all periods presented. A reporting entity that uses the effective yield method to account for its investments in qualified affordable housing projects before the date of adoption may continue to apply the effective yield method for those preexisting investments. The amendments in this update are effective for public business entities for annual periods and interim reporting periods within those annual periods, beginning after December 15, 2014. The Corporation has evaluated the effect of the adoption of this guidance and it will not have an impact on the presentation of the Corporation’s consolidated financial statements.

FASB ASU 2014-04, “Receivables – Troubled Debt Restructurings by Creditors (Subtopic 310-40): Reclassification of Residential Real Estate Collateralized Consumer Mortgage Loans upon Foreclosure (a consensus of the FASB Emerging Issues Task Force).”

Issued in January 2014, ASU 2014-04 clarifies when an “in substance repossession or foreclosure” occurs, that is, when a creditor should be considered to have received physical possession of residential real estate property collateralizing a consumer mortgage loan, such that all or a portion of the loan should be derecognized and the real estate property

recognized. ASU 2014-04 states that a creditor is considered to have received physical possession of residential real estate property collateralizing a consumer mortgage loan, upon either the creditor obtaining legal title to the residential real estate property upon completion of a foreclosure, or the borrower conveying all interest in the residential real estate property to the creditor to satisfy that loan through completion of a deed in lieu of foreclosure or through a similar legal agreement. The amendments of ASU 2014-04 also require interim and annual disclosure of both the amount of foreclosed residential real estate property held by the creditor and the recorded investment in consumer mortgage loans collateralized by residential real estate property that are in the process of foreclosure. The amendments of ASU 2014-04 are effective for interim and annual periods beginning after December 15, 2014, and may be applied using either a modified retrospective transition method or a prospective transition method as described in ASU 2014-04. The adoption of ASU 2014-04 will be a change in presentation only, for the newly required disclosures, and will not have a significant impact to the Corporation's consolidated financial statements.

FASB ASU 2014-11, "Transfers and Servicing (Topic 860): Repurchase-to Maturity Transactions, Repurchase Financings, and Disclosures."

Issued in June 2014, ASU 2014 aligns the accounting for repurchase-to-maturity transactions and repurchase financing arrangements with the accounting for other typical repurchase agreements, i.e., these transactions will be accounted for as secured borrowings. The ASU also requires additional disclosures about repurchase agreements and similar transactions. For public business entities, the accounting changes and certain disclosure requirements are effective for interim or annual periods beginning after December 15, 2014. Other disclosure requirements are effective for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2014, and for interim periods beginning after March 15, 2015. Early application is prohibited. The Corporation has evaluated the effect of the adoption of this guidance and has determined that it will not have a significant impact on the presentation of the Corporation's consolidated financial statements.

ASU 2015-16 (Topic 805), "Simplifying the Accounting for Measurement-Period Adjustments."

Issued in September 2015, ASU 2015-16 eliminates the requirement for an acquirer to retrospectively adjust the financial statements for measurement-period adjustments that occur in periods after a business combination is consummated. The ASU is effective for public business entities for annual and interim periods in fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2015. Early adoption is permitted. The Corporation has evaluated the impact of this guidance and has determined that it will not have a material impact on its consolidated financial statements.

ASU 2015-03 (Subtopic 835-30), "Simplifying the Presentation of Debt Issuance Costs."

Issued in April 2015, ASU 2015-03 requires entities to present debt issuance costs related to a recognized debt liability on the balance sheet as a direct deduction from the debt liability, similar to the presentation of debt discounts. Entities will no longer record the cost of issuing debt as a separate asset, except when the cost is incurred before receipt of the funding from the associated debt liability. The ASU is effective for public business entities for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2015, and interim periods within those fiscal years. Early adoption is permitted

for financial statements that have not been previously issued. The Corporation has elected to early-adopt this guidance, and is reflected in the presentation of the sub debt issued during the three months ended September 30, 2015.

Table Of Contents

ITEM 2 Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Results of Operation and Financial Condition

The following is the Corporation’s discussion and analysis of the significant changes in the financial condition, results of operations, capital resources and liquidity presented in the accompanying consolidated financial statements. Current performance does not guarantee, and may not be indicative of, similar performance in the future.

Brief History of the Corporation

The Bryn Mawr Trust Company (the “Bank”) received its Pennsylvania banking charter in 1889 and is a member of the Federal Reserve System. In 1986, Bryn Mawr Bank Corporation (the “Corporation”) was formed and on January 2, 1987, the Bank became a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Corporation. The Bank and Corporation are headquartered in Bryn Mawr, Pennsylvania, a western suburb of Philadelphia. The Corporation and its subsidiaries provide community banking, business banking, residential mortgage lending, consumer and commercial lending to customers through its 26 full-service branches and eight limited-hour retirement community offices located throughout the Montgomery, Delaware and Chester counties of Pennsylvania and New Castle county in Delaware. The Corporation and its subsidiaries also provide wealth management and insurance advisory services through its network of Wealth Management and insurance offices located in Bryn Mawr, Devon and Hershey, Pennsylvania as well as Greenville, Delaware. The Corporation’s stock trades on the NASDAQ Stock Market (“NASDAQ”) under the symbol BMTC. The goal of the Corporation is to become the preeminent community bank and wealth management organization in the Philadelphia area.

The Corporation operates in a highly competitive market area that includes local, national and regional banks as competitors along with savings banks, credit unions, insurance companies, trust companies, registered investment advisors and mutual fund families. The Corporation and its subsidiaries are regulated by many agencies including the Securities and Exchange Commission (“SEC”), NASDAQ, the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (“FDIC”), the Federal Reserve Board and the Pennsylvania Department of Banking and Securities.

Critical Accounting Policies, Judgments and Estimates

The accounting and reporting policies of the Corporation and its subsidiaries conform with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles (“GAAP”). All inter-company transactions are eliminated in consolidation and certain reclassifications are made when necessary to conform the previous year’s financial statements to the current year’s presentation. In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the Corporation is required to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets and liabilities as of the dates of the balance sheets and revenues and expenditures for the periods presented. However, there are uncertainties inherent in making these estimates and actual results could differ from these estimates. The Corporation has identified certain areas that require estimates and

assumptions, which include the allowance for loan and lease losses (the “Allowance”), the valuation of goodwill and intangible assets, the fair value of investment securities, the valuation of mortgage servicing rights, deferred tax assets and liabilities, benefit plans and stock-based compensation.

These critical accounting policies, along with other significant accounting policies, are presented in Footnote 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, in the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements in the Corporation’s 2014 Annual Report on Form 10-K (the “2014 Annual Report”).

Acquisition of Robert J. McAllister Agency, Inc. (“RJM”)

The acquisition of RJM, an insurance brokerage headquartered in Rosemont, Pennsylvania, was completed on April 1, 2015. The consideration paid by the Corporation was \$1.0 million, of which \$500 thousand was paid at closing and five contingent cash payments, not to exceed \$100 thousand each, will be payable on each of March 31, 2016, March 31, 2017, March 31, 2018, March 31, 2019, and March 31, 2020, subject to the attainment of certain revenue targets during the related periods. The acquisition will enhance the Corporation’s ability to offer comprehensive insurance solutions to both individual and business clients.

Acquisition of Continental Bank Holdings, Inc. (“CBH”)

On January 1, 2015, the previously announced merger (the “Merger”) of CBH with and into the Corporation, and the merger of Continental Bank with and into The Bryn Mawr Trust Company, the wholly-owned subsidiary of the Corporation (the “Bank”), as contemplated by the Agreement and Plan of Merger, by and between CBH and the Corporation, dated as of May 5, 2014 (as amended by the Amendment to Agreement and Plan of Merger, dated as of October 23, 2014, the “Agreement”), were completed. In accordance with the Agreement, the aggregate share consideration paid to CBH shareholders consisted of 3,878,383 shares (which included fractional shares paid in cash) of the Corporation’s common stock. Shareholders of CBH received 0.45 shares of Corporation common stock for each share of CBH common stock they owned as of the effective date of the Merger. Holders of options to purchase shares of CBH common stock received options to purchase shares of Corporation common stock, converted at the same ratio of 0.45. In addition, \$1,323,000 was paid to certain warrant holders to cash-out certain warrants. The aggregate consideration paid to former CBH shareholders totaled \$125.1 million.

Table Of Contents

The acquisition of CBH reflects the Corporation's acquisition strategy and desire to pursue opportunities within the greater Philadelphia marketplace. We believe that the merger with CBH provides the Corporation with the opportunity to further expand its business into the greater Philadelphia marketplace in a relatively cost-effective manner, with immediate expansion of our branch office network without incurring all of the start-up costs associated with expanding organically.

Executive Overview

The following items highlight the Corporation's results of operations for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015, as compared to the same periods in 2014, and the changes in its financial condition as of September 30, 2015 as compared to December 31, 2014. The reader should bear in mind that the results of operations for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015 and the financial condition as of September 30, 2015 as compared to the same periods in 2014 and to December 31, 2014, respectively, are primarily affected by the January 1, 2015 acquisition of CBH. More detailed information related to these highlights can be found in the sections that follow.

Three Month Results of Operations

Net income for the three months ended September 30, 2015 was \$7.5 million, an increase of \$990 thousand as compared to net income of \$6.5 million for the same period in 2014. Diluted earnings per share was \$0.42 for the three months ended September 30, 2015 as compared to \$0.47 for the same period in 2014.

Return on average equity ("ROE") and return on average assets ("ROA") for the three months ended September 30, 2015 were 7.90% and 1.00%, respectively, as compared to ROE and ROA of 10.58% and 1.21%, respectively, for the same period in 2014.

Tax-equivalent net interest income increased \$5.7 million, or 29.5%, to \$25.0 million for the three months ended September 30, 2015, as compared to \$19.3 million for the same period in 2014.

The Corporation recorded a provision for loan and lease losses (the "Provision"), of \$1.2 million for the three months ended September 30, 2015, an increase of \$650 thousand from the \$550 thousand Provision recorded for the same period in 2014.

Non-interest income of \$13.4 million for the three months ended September 30, 2015 increased \$1.8 million, or 15.7%, as compared to \$11.5 million for the same period in 2014.

Fees for wealth management services and insurance revenue of \$9.2 million and \$1.1 million, respectively, for the three months ended September 30, 2015 increased \$95 thousand and \$930 thousand, respectively, from the same period in 2014.

Non-interest expense of \$25.4 million for the three months ended September 30, 2015 increased \$5.4 million, from \$20.0 million for the same period in 2014. Included in non-interest expense was \$1.0 million of due diligence, merger-related and merger integration expenses for the three months ended September 30, 2015 as compared to \$775 thousand for the same period in 2014.

Nine Month Results of Operations

Net income for the nine months ended September 30, 2015 was \$23.1 million, an increase of \$2.3 million as compared to net income of \$20.8 million for the same period in 2014. Diluted earnings per share was \$1.31 for the nine months ended September 30, 2015 as compared to \$1.50 for the same period in 2014.

ROE and ROA for the nine months ended September 30, 2015 were 8.22% and 1.05%, respectively, as compared to ROE and ROA of 11.68% and 1.33%, respectively, for the same period in 2014.

Tax-equivalent net interest income increased \$17.4 million, or 30.2%, to \$75.1 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2015, as compared to \$57.7 million for the same period in 2014.

Table Of Contents

The Corporation recorded a Provision of \$2.6 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2015, an increase of \$1.4 million from the \$1.2 million Provision recorded for the same period in 2014.

Non-interest income of \$42.3 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2015 increased \$6.9 million, or 19.3%, as compared to \$35.4 million for the same period in 2014.

Fees for wealth management services and insurance revenue of \$27.9 million and \$2.9 million, respectively, for the nine months ended September 30, 2015 increased \$388 thousand and \$2.5 million, respectively, from the same period in 2014.

Non-interest expense of \$78.8 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2015 increased \$19.3 million, from \$59.5 million for the same period in 2014. Included in non-interest expense was \$4.8 million of due diligence, merger-related and merger integration expenses for the nine months ended September 30, 2015 as compared to \$1.4 million for the same period in 2014.

Changes in Financial Condition

Total assets of \$2.95 billion as of September 30, 2015 increased \$706.2 million from December 31, 2014.

Shareholders' equity of \$368.2 million as of September 30, 2015 increased \$122.7 million from \$245.5 million as of December 31, 2014.

Total portfolio loans and leases as of September 30, 2015 were \$2.23 billion, an increase of \$576.5 million from the December 31, 2014 balance.

Total non-performing loans and leases of \$12.3 million represented 0.55% of portfolio loans and leases as of September 30, 2015 as compared to \$10.1 million, or 0.61% of portfolio loans and leases as of December 31, 2014.

The \$15.9 million Allowance, as of September 30, 2015, represented 0.71% of portfolio loans and leases, as compared to \$14.6 million, or 0.88% of portfolio loans and leases as of December 31, 2014.

Total deposits of \$2.24 billion as of September 30, 2015 increased \$551.8 million from \$1.69 billion as of December 31, 2014.

Wealth Management assets under management, administration, supervision and brokerage as of September 30, 2015 were \$8.22 billion, an increase of \$518.4 million from December 31, 2014.

Key Performance Ratios

Key financial performance ratios for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014 are shown in the table below:

| | Three Months Ended September 30, | | Nine months Ended September 30, | |
|--|--|--------|---------------------------------------|--------|
| | 2015 | 2014 | 2015 | 2014 |
| Annualized return on average equity | 7.90% | 10.58% | 8.22% | 11.68% |
| Annualized return on average assets | 1.00% | 1.21% | 1.05% | 1.33% |
| Efficiency ratio ¹ | 66.5% | 65.0% | 67.4% | 64.1% |
| Tax-equivalent net interest margin | 3.65% | 3.87% | 3.75% | 3.97% |
| Basic earnings per share | \$0.43 | \$0.48 | \$1.31 | \$1.54 |
| Diluted earnings per share | \$0.42 | \$0.47 | \$1.29 | \$1.50 |
| Dividend per share | \$0.20 | \$0.19 | \$0.58 | \$0.55 |
| Dividend declared per share to net income per basic common share | 46.9% | 39.6% | 44.2% | 35.7% |

¹ The efficiency ratio is calculated by dividing non-interest expense by the sum of net interest income and non-interest income.

Table Of Contents

The following table presents certain key period-end balances and ratios as of September 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014:

| <i>(dollars in millions, except per share amounts)</i> | September 30, 2015 | December 31, 2014 | | |
|---|-----------------------|----------------------|-------|---|
| Book value per share | \$ 21.45 | \$ 17.83 | | |
| Tangible book value per share | \$ 13.89 | \$ 13.59 | | |
| Allowance as a percentage of loans and leases | 0.71 | % | 0.88 | % |
| Tier I capital to risk weighted assets | 11.85 | % | 11.99 | % |
| Tangible common equity ratio | 8.45 | % | 8.55 | % |
| Loan to deposit ratio | 99.9 | % | 98.1 | % |
| Wealth assets under management, administration, supervision and brokerage | \$ 8,218.3 | \$ 7,699.9 | | |
| Portfolio loans and leases | \$ 2,228.8 | \$ 1,652.3 | | |
| Total assets | \$ 2,952.7 | \$ 2,246.5 | | |
| Shareholders' equity | \$ 368.2 | \$ 245.5 | | |

The following sections discuss, in detail, the Corporation's results of operations for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015, as compared to the same periods in 2014, and the changes in its financial condition as of September 30, 2015 as compared to December 31, 2014.

Components of Net Income

Net income is comprised of five major elements:

Net Interest Income, or the difference between the interest income earned on loans, leases and investments and the interest expense paid on deposits and borrowed funds;

Provision For Loan and Lease Losses, or the amount added to the Allowance to provide for estimated inherent losses on portfolio loans and leases;

Non-Interest Income, which is made up primarily of Wealth Management revenue, insurance revenue, gains and losses from the sale loans, gains and losses from the sale of investment securities available for sale and other fees from loan and deposit services;

Non-Interest Expense, which consists primarily of salaries and employee benefits, occupancy, intangible asset amortization, professional fees and other operating expenses; and

Income Taxes, which include state and federal jurisdictions.

TAX-EQUIVALENT NET INTEREST INCOME

Net interest income is the primary source of the Corporation's revenue. The below tables present a summary, for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014, of the Corporation's average balances and tax-equivalent yields earned on its interest-earning assets and the tax-equivalent rates paid on its interest-bearing liabilities. The tax-equivalent net interest margin is the tax-equivalent net interest income as a percentage of average interest-earning assets. The tax-equivalent net interest spread is the difference between the weighted average tax-equivalent yield on interest-earning assets and the weighted average cost of interest-bearing liabilities. The effect of noninterest-bearing liabilities represents the effect on the net interest margin of net funding provided by noninterest-earning assets, noninterest-bearing liabilities and shareholders' equity.

Tax-equivalent net interest income increased \$5.7 million, or 29.5%, to \$25.0 million for the three months ended September 30, 2015, as compared to \$19.3 million for the same period in 2014. The increase in net interest income between the periods was largely related to the interest income generated by loans acquired in the Merger. Average loans for the three months ended September 30, 2015 increased by \$561.4 million from the same period in 2014. The increase in interest income resulting from loans acquired in the Merger was partially offset by an increase in interest expense on interest-bearing deposits. Average interest bearing deposits for the three months ended September 30, 2015 increased by \$459.5 million as compared to the same period in 2014, primarily related to the deposits acquired in the Merger. In addition, on August 6, 2015, the Corporation issued \$30.0 million of 4.75% fixed-to-floating rate subordinated notes. The average balance of these notes, for the three months ended September 30, 2015, was \$18.2 million and the interest expense of \$231 thousand had a 2 basis point effect on the tax-equivalent net interest margin for the period.

Table Of Contents

Tax-equivalent net interest income increased \$17.4 million, or 30.2%, to \$75.1 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2015, as compared to \$57.7 million for the same period in 2014. The increase in net interest income between the periods was largely related to the interest income generated by loans acquired in the Merger. Average loans for the nine months ended September 30, 2015 increased by \$537.6 million from the same period in 2014. The increase in interest income resulting from loans acquired in the Merger was partially offset by an increase in interest expense on interest-bearing deposits. Average interest bearing deposits for the nine months ended September 30, 2015 increased by \$469.1 million as compared to the same period in 2014, primarily related to the deposits acquired in the Merger.

Analyses of Interest Rates and Interest Differential

The table below presents the major asset and liability categories on an average daily balance basis for the periods presented, along with interest income, interest expense and key rates and yields.

| <i>(dollars in thousands)</i> | For the Three Months Ended September 30, | | | | | | | |
|--|---|---|---|--|----------------------------|---|---|--|
| | 2015 | | | | 2014 | | | |
| | Average Balance | Interest Income/ Expense | Average Rates Earned/ Paid | | Average Balance | Interest Income/ Expense | Average Rates Earned/ Paid | |
| Assets: | | | | | | | | |
| Interest-bearing deposits with banks | \$ 165,723 | \$ 107 | 0.26 % | | \$ 78,324 | \$ 46 | 0.23 % | |
| Investment securities - available for sale: | | | | | | | | |
| Taxable | 310,582 | 1,172 | 1.50 % | | 230,457 | 884 | 1.52 % | |
| Non-taxable ⁽³⁾ | 41,424 | 186 | 1.78 % | | 35,034 | 149 | 1.69 % | |
| Total investment securities - available for sale | 352,006 | 1,358 | 1.53 % | | 265,491 | 1,033 | 1.54 % | |
| Investment securities - trading | 4,022 | 5 | 0.49 % | | 3,599 | 9 | 0.99 % | |
| Loans and leases ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾⁽³⁾ | 2,191,652 | 25,698 | 4.65 % | | 1,630,218 | 19,767 | 4.81 % | |
| Total interest-earning assets | 2,713,403 | 27,168 | 3.97 % | | 1,977,632 | 20,855 | 4.18 % | |
| Cash and due from banks | 17,160 | | | | 12,739 | | | |
| Allowance for loan and lease losses | (15,066) | | | | (15,672) | | | |
| Other assets | 265,811 | | | | 153,110 | | | |
| Total assets | \$ 2,981,308 | | | | \$ 2,127,809 | | | |
| Liabilities: | | | | | | | | |
| Savings, NOW, and market rate accounts | \$ 1,260,529 | 584 | 0.18 % | | \$ 965,281 | 430 | 0.18 % | |
| Wholesale deposits | 133,277 | 203 | 0.60 % | | 98,232 | 175 | 0.71 % | |
| Time deposits | 251,170 | 289 | 0.46 % | | 121,986 | 137 | 0.45 % | |
| Total interest-bearing deposits | 1,644,976 | 1,076 | 0.26 % | | 1,185,499 | 742 | 0.25 % | |

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| | | | | | | | | |
|--|-------------|-----------|------|---|-------------|-----------|------|---|
| Short-term borrowings | 28,166 | 8 | 0.11 | % | 14,074 | 3 | 0.08 | % |
| Long-term FHLB advances and other borrowings | 248,606 | 881 | 1.41 | % | 235,091 | 828 | 1.40 | % |
| Subordinated notes | 18,190 | 231 | 5.04 | % | — | — | — | % |
| Total borrowings | 294,962 | 1,120 | 1.51 | % | 249,165 | 831 | 1.32 | % |
| | | | | | | | | |
| Total interest-bearing liabilities | 1,939,938 | 2,196 | 0.45 | % | 1,434,664 | 1,573 | 0.43 | % |
| | | | | | | | | |
| Non-interest-bearing deposits | 625,547 | | | | 426,883 | | | |
| Other liabilities | 39,219 | | | | 22,298 | | | |
| Total non-interest-bearing liabilities | 664,766 | | | | 449,181 | | | |
| Total liabilities | 2,604,704 | | | | 1,883,845 | | | |
| Shareholders' equity | 376,604 | | | | 243,964 | | | |
| Total liabilities and shareholders' equity | \$2,981,308 | | | | \$2,127,809 | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| Net interest spread | | | 3.52 | % | | | 3.75 | % |
| Effect of non-interest-bearing liabilities | | | 0.13 | % | | | 0.12 | % |
| Tax-equivalent net interest income and margin on earning assets ⁽³⁾ | | \$ 24,972 | 3.65 | % | | \$ 19,282 | 3.87 | % |
| Tax-equivalent adjustment ⁽³⁾ | | \$ 139 | 0.02 | % | | \$ 106 | 0.02 | % |

(1) *Nonaccrual loans have been included in average loan balances, but interest on nonaccrual loans has been excluded for purposes of determining interest income.*

(2) *Loans include portfolio loans and leases and loans held for sale.*

(3) *Tax rate used for tax-equivalent calculations is 35%.*

Table Of Contents

| <i>(dollars in thousands)</i> | For the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2015 | | | | 2014 | | | |
|--|--|-------------------------|---------------------------|--|-----------------|-------------------------|---------------------------|--|
| | Average Balance | Interest Income/Expense | Average Rates Earned/Paid | | Average Balance | Interest Income/Expense | Average Rates Earned/Paid | |
| Assets: | | | | | | | | |
| Interest-bearing deposits with banks | \$184,689 | \$346 | 0.25 % | | \$72,341 | \$127 | 0.23 % | |
| Investment securities - available for sale: | | | | | | | | |
| Taxable | 318,510 | 3,691 | 1.55 % | | 237,053 | 2,759 | 1.56 % | |
| Non-taxable ⁽³⁾ | 37,871 | 546 | 1.93 % | | 35,853 | 453 | 1.69 % | |
| Total investment securities - available for sale | 356,381 | 4,237 | 1.59 % | | 272,906 | 3,212 | 1.57 % | |
| Investment securities - trading | 3,985 | 21 | 0.70 % | | 3,519 | 33 | 1.25 % | |
| Loans and leases ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾⁽³⁾ | 2,131,278 | 76,548 | 4.80 % | | 1,593,718 | 58,810 | 4.93 % | |
| Total interest-earning assets | 2,676,333 | 81,152 | 4.05 % | | 1,942,484 | 62,182 | 4.28 % | |
| Cash and due from banks | 17,484 | | | | 12,371 | | | |
| Allowance for loan and lease losses | (14,760) | | | | (15,835) | | | |
| Other assets | 257,896 | | | | 153,798 | | | |
| Total assets | \$2,936,953 | | | | \$2,092,818 | | | |
| Liabilities: | | | | | | | | |
| Savings, NOW, and market rate accounts | \$1,245,857 | 1,753 | 0.19 % | | \$958,588 | 1,254 | 0.17 % | |
| Wholesale deposits | 134,607 | 586 | 0.58 % | | 89,063 | 437 | 0.66 % | |
| Time deposits | 264,168 | 827 | 0.42 % | | 127,863 | 453 | 0.47 % | |
| Total interest-bearing deposits | 1,644,632 | 3,166 | 0.26 % | | 1,175,514 | 2,144 | 0.24 % | |
| Short-term borrowings | 39,352 | 39 | 0.13 % | | 14,798 | 12 | 0.11 % | |
| Long-term FHLB advances and other borrowings | 254,810 | 2,642 | 1.39 % | | 223,532 | 2,354 | 1.41 % | |
| Subordinated notes | 6,130 | 231 | 5.04 % | | — | — | — % | |
| Total borrowings | 300,292 | 2,912 | 1.30 % | | 238,330 | 2,366 | 1.33 % | |
| Total interest-bearing liabilities | 1,944,924 | 6,078 | 0.42 % | | 1,413,844 | 4,510 | 0.43 % | |
| Non-interest-bearing deposits | 580,356 | | | | 419,542 | | | |
| Other liabilities | 35,978 | | | | 21,403 | | | |
| Total non-interest-bearing liabilities | 616,334 | | | | 440,945 | | | |
| Total liabilities | 2,561,258 | | | | 1,854,789 | | | |
| Shareholders' equity | 375,695 | | | | 238,029 | | | |
| Total liabilities and shareholders' equity | \$2,936,953 | | | | \$2,092,818 | | | |
| Net interest spread | | | 3.63 % | | | | 3.85 % | |
| Effect of non-interest-bearing liabilities | | | 0.12 % | | | | 0.12 % | |
| Tax-equivalent net interest income and margin on earning assets ⁽³⁾ | | \$75,074 | 3.75 % | | | \$57,672 | 3.97 % | |
| Tax-equivalent adjustment ⁽³⁾ | | \$376 | 0.02 % | | | \$331 | 0.02 % | |

- (1) *Nonaccrual loans have been included in average loan balances, but interest on nonaccrual loans has been excluded for purposes of determining interest income.*
- (2) *Loans include portfolio loans and leases and loans held for sale.*
- (3) *Tax rate used for tax-equivalent calculations is 35%.*

Rate/Volume Analysis (tax-equivalent basis)*

The rate/volume analysis in the table below analyzes dollar changes in the components of interest income and interest expense as they relate to the change in balances (volume) and the change in interest rates (rate) of tax-equivalent net interest income for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015 as compared to the same periods in 2014, allocated by rate and volume. The change in interest income and/or expense due to both volume and rate has been allocated to changes in volume.

| <i>(dollars in thousands)</i> | 2015 Compared to 2014 | | | | | |
|--|-----------------------|---------|---------|-------------------|-----------|----------|
| | Three Months Ended | | | Nine Months Ended | | |
| | September 30, | | | September 30, | | |
| | Volume | Rate | Total | Volume | Rate | Total |
| Interest income | | | | | | |
| Interest-bearing deposits with other banks | \$49 | \$12 | \$61 | \$191 | \$28 | \$219 |
| Investment securities | 333 | (12) | 321 | 986 | 27 | 1,013 |
| Loans and leases | 6,814 | (883) | 5,931 | 19,811 | (2,073) | 17,738 |
| Total interest income | \$7,196 | \$(883) | \$6,313 | \$20,988 | \$(2,018) | \$18,970 |
| Interest expense: | | | | | | |
| Savings, NOW and market rate accounts | \$154 | \$— | \$154 | \$331 | \$168 | \$499 |
| Wholesale non-maturity deposits | 16 | (12) | 4 | 46 | (39) | 7 |
| Time deposits | 146 | 6 | 152 | 474 | (100) | 374 |
| Wholesale time deposits | 33 | (9) | 24 | 173 | (31) | 142 |
| Borrowed funds** | 50 | 8 | 58 | 347 | (32) | 315 |
| Subordinated notes | 231 | — | 231 | 231 | — | 231 |
| Total interest expense | 630 | (7) | 623 | 1,602 | (34) | 1,568 |
| Interest differential | \$6,566 | \$(876) | \$5,690 | \$19,386 | \$(1,984) | \$17,402 |

*The tax rate used in the calculation of the tax-equivalent income is 35%.

**Borrowed funds include short-term borrowings and Federal Home Loan Bank advances and other borrowings.

Table Of Contents**Tax-Equivalent Net Interest Margin**

The tax-equivalent net interest margin of 3.65% for the three months ended September 30, 2015 was a 22 basis point decrease from 3.87% for the same period in 2014. The decrease was largely the result of the 21 basis point decline in tax-equivalent yield on loans, accompanied by a \$735.8 million increase in average loan balances. The decline in yield on portfolio loans was primarily related to the lower yields earned on the loans acquired in the Merger. In addition, average interest-bearing deposits, which increased by \$459.5 million, included a 1 basis point increase in the tax-equivalent rate paid. In addition, the \$30.0 million of 4.75% subordinated notes issued during the third quarter of 2015 contributed to the decrease in tax-equivalent net interest margin.

The tax-equivalent net interest margin of 3.75% for the nine months ended September 30, 2015 was a 22 basis point decrease from 3.97% for the same period in 2014. The decrease was largely the result of the 13 basis point decline in tax-equivalent yield on loans, accompanied by a \$537.6 million increase in average loan balances. The decline in yield on portfolio loans was primarily related to the lower yields earned on the loans acquired in the Merger. In addition, average interest-bearing deposits, which increased by \$469.2 million, included a 2 basis point increase in the tax-equivalent rate paid.

The tax-equivalent net interest margin and related components for the past five consecutive quarters are shown in the table below:

| Quarter | Interest-Earning Asset Yield | Interest-Bearing Liability Cost | Net Interest Spread | Effect of Non-Interest Bearing Sources | Net Interest Margin |
|------------------------------|------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------|--|---------------------|
| 3 rd Quarter 2015 | 3.97% | 0.45% | 3.52% | 0.13% | 3.65% |
| 2 nd Quarter 2015 | 4.10% | 0.40% | 3.70% | 0.11% | 3.81% |
| 1 st Quarter 2015 | 4.09% | 0.40% | 3.69% | 0.10% | 3.79% |
| 4 th Quarter 2014 | 4.14% | 0.43% | 3.71% | 0.13% | 3.84% |
| 3 rd Quarter 2014 | 4.18% | 0.43% | 3.75% | 0.12% | 3.87% |

Interest Rate Sensitivity

The Corporation actively manages its interest rate sensitivity position. The objectives of interest rate risk management are to control exposure of net interest income to risks associated with interest rate movements and to achieve sustainable growth in net interest income. The Corporation's Asset Liability Committee ("ALCO"), using policies and procedures approved by the Corporation's Board of Directors, is responsible for the management of the Corporation's interest rate sensitivity position. The Corporation manages interest rate sensitivity by changing the mix, pricing and re-pricing characteristics of its assets and liabilities, through the management of its investment portfolio, its offerings of loan and selected deposit terms and through wholesale funding. Wholesale funding consists of multiple sources including borrowings from the FHLB, the Federal Reserve Bank of Philadelphia's discount window, certificates of deposit from institutional brokers, including the Certificate of Deposit Account Registry Service ("CDARS"), the Insured Network Deposit ("IND") Program, the Charity Deposits Corporation ("CDC"), the Insured Cash Sweep ("ICS") and the Pennsylvania Local Government Investment Trust ("PLGIT").

The Corporation uses several tools to manage its interest rate risk including interest rate sensitivity analysis, or gap analysis, market value of portfolio equity analysis, interest rate simulations under various rate scenarios and tax-equivalent net interest margin reports. The results of these reports are compared to limits established by the Corporation's ALCO policies and appropriate adjustments are made if the results are outside the established limits.

The following table demonstrates the annualized result of an interest rate simulation and the estimated effect that a parallel interest rate shift, or "shock", in the yield curve and subjective adjustments in deposit pricing, might have on the Corporation's projected net interest income over the next 12 months.

Table Of Contents

This simulation assumes that there is no growth in interest-earning assets or interest-bearing liabilities over the next 12 months. The changes to net interest income shown below are in compliance with the Corporation's policy guidelines.

Summary of Interest Rate Simulation

| | Change in Net Interest Income Over the Twelve Months Beginning After | | | Change in Net Interest Income Over the Twelve Months Beginning After | | |
|-------------------|---|------------|----|---|------------|----|
| | September 30, 2015 | | | December 31, 2014 | | |
| | Amount | Percentage | | Amount | Percentage | |
| +300 basis points | \$4,236 | 4.21 | % | \$5,144 | 6.65 | % |
| +200 basis points | \$2,255 | 2.24 | % | \$2,812 | 3.64 | % |
| +100 basis points | \$515 | 0.51 | % | \$755 | 0.98 | % |
| -100 basis points | \$(2,629) | (2.61 |)% | \$(1,983) | (2.56 |)% |

The above interest rate simulation suggests that the Corporation's balance sheet is slightly asset sensitive as of September 30, 2015 in the +100 basis point scenario, demonstrating that a 100 basis point increase in interest rates would have a small, but positive impact on net interest income over the next 12 months. The loan portfolio acquired from CBH has a larger percentage of variable rate loans than the Corporation's loan portfolio as of December 31, 2014. However, many of the variable-rate consumer loans acquired in the Merger have been adjusted to their floor interest rates, and, as a result, rising rates would not immediately increase net interest income. In the minus 100 basis point scenario, net interest income would decrease by more than that indicated as of December 31, 2014, as much of the deposit base is at its floor interest-rate level, while many of the commercial loan products do not have interest rate floors. The added loan and deposit volume acquired in the Merger magnifies the effect of the interest rate change scenarios.

The interest rate simulation is an estimate based on assumptions, which are derived from past behavior of customers, along with expectations of future behavior relative to interest rate changes. In today's uncertain economic environment and the current extended period of very low interest rates, the reliability of the Corporation's assumptions in the interest rate simulation model is more uncertain than in other periods. Actual customer behavior may be significantly different than expected behavior, which could cause an unexpected outcome and may result in lower net interest income.

Gap Analysis

The interest sensitivity, or gap analysis, shows interest rate risk by identifying re-pricing gaps in the Corporation's balance sheet. All assets and liabilities are categorized in the following table according to their behavioral sensitivity, which is usually the earliest of either: re-pricing, maturity, contractual amortization, prepayments or likely call dates. Non-maturity deposits, such as NOW, savings and money market accounts are spread over various time periods based on the expected sensitivity of these rates considering liquidity and the investment preferences of the Corporation. Non-rate-sensitive assets and liabilities are placed in a separate period. Capital is spread over time periods to reflect the Corporation's view of the maturity of these funds.

The following table presents the Corporation's interest rate sensitivity position or gap analysis as of September 30, 2015:

| <i>(dollars in millions)</i> | 0 to 90 | 91 to 365 | 1 - 5 | Over | Non-Rate | Total |
|---|-----------------|------------------|-------------------|-----------------|------------------|-------------------|
| | Days | Days | Years | 5 Years | Sensitive | |
| Assets: | | | | | | |
| Interest-bearing deposits with banks | \$ 96.0 | \$ 4.9 | \$ — | \$ — | \$ — | \$ 100.9 |
| Investment securities – available for sale | 38.3 | 59.0 | 160.3 | 83.8 | — | 341.4 |
| Investment securities – trading | 3.5 | — | — | — | — | 3.5 |
| Loans and leases ⁽¹⁾ | 700.3 | 248.0 | 950.5 | 338.7 | — | 2,237.5 |
| Allowance for loan and lease losses | — | — | — | — | (15.9) | (15.9) |
| Cash and due from banks | — | — | — | — | 17.2 | 17.2 |
| Other assets | — | — | — | — | 268.1 | 268.1 |
| Total assets | \$ 838.1 | \$ 311.9 | \$ 1,110.8 | \$ 422.5 | \$ 269.4 | \$ 2,952.7 |
| Liabilities and shareholders' equity: | | | | | | |
| Demand, non-interest-bearing | \$ 37.5 | \$ 112.3 | \$ 157.7 | \$ 298.1 | \$ — | \$ 605.6 |
| Savings, NOW and market rate | 91.6 | 274.8 | 623.4 | 282.8 | — | 1,272.6 |
| Time deposits | 56.5 | 133.1 | 48.2 | 0.5 | — | 238.3 |
| Wholesale non-maturity deposits | 65.6 | — | — | — | — | 65.6 |
| Wholesale time deposits | 11.6 | — | 46.1 | — | — | 57.7 |
| Short-term borrowings | 24.2 | — | — | — | — | 24.2 |
| Long-term FHLB advances and other borrowings | 65.0 | 40.0 | 145.1 | 4.7 | — | 254.8 |
| Subordinated notes | — | — | 29.5 | — | — | 29.5 |
| Other liabilities | — | — | — | — | 36.2 | 36.2 |
| Shareholders' equity | 13.1 | 39.4 | 210.3 | 105.4 | — | 368.2 |
| Total liabilities and shareholders' equity | \$ 365.1 | \$ 599.6 | \$ 1,260.3 | \$ 691.5 | \$ 36.2 | \$ 2,952.7 |

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| | | | | | | |
|--|----------|-------------|------------|----------|------|------------|
| Interest-earning assets | \$ 838.1 | \$ 311.9 | \$ 1,110.8 | \$ 422.5 | \$ — | \$ 2,683.3 |
| Interest-bearing liabilities | 314.5 | 447.9 | 892.3 | 288.0 | — | 1,942.7 |
| Difference between interest-earning assets and interest-bearing liabilities | \$ 523.6 | \$ (136.0) | \$ 218.5 | \$ 134.5 | \$ — | \$ 740.6 |
| Cumulative difference between interest earning assets and interest-bearing liabilities | \$ 523.6 | \$ 387.6 | \$ 606.1 | \$ 740.6 | \$ — | \$ 740.6 |
| Cumulative earning assets as a % of cumulative interest bearing liabilities | 266 | % 151 | % 137 | % 138 | % | |

¹ Loans include portfolio loans and loans held for sale

Table Of Contents

The table above indicates that the Corporation is asset-sensitive in the immediate to 90-day time frame and may experience an increase in net interest income during that time period if rates rise. Conversely, if rates decline, net interest income may decline. It should be noted that the gap analysis is only one tool used to measure interest rate sensitivity and should be used in conjunction with other measures such as the interest rate simulation discussed above. The gap analysis measures the timing of changes in rate, but not the true weighting of any specific component of the Corporation's balance sheet. The asset-sensitive position reflected in this gap analysis is similar to the Corporation's position at December 31, 2014.

PROVISION FOR LOAN AND LEASE LOSSES

For the three months ended September 30, 2015, the Corporation recorded a Provision of \$1.2 million as compared to \$550 thousand for the same period in 2014. For the nine months ended September 30, 2015, a Provision of \$2.6 million was recorded, as compared to \$1.2 million for the same period in 2014. The increase in Provision for the nine months ended September 30, 2015 was partially related to the increased loan volume, as originated portfolio loans increased by \$152.3 million during the period. This increase in portfolio loans does not include the loans acquired in the Merger. In addition to the increase in loan volume, during the third quarter of 2015, a \$1.9 million commercial and industrial loan became impaired, to which a specific Allowance was assigned which totaled \$514 thousand. For a general discussion of the Allowance, and our policies related thereto, refer to page 41 of the Corporation's 2014 Annual Report.

Asset Quality and Analysis of Credit Risk

As of September 30, 2015, total nonperforming loans and leases increased by \$2.2 million, to \$12.3 million, representing 0.55% of portfolio loans and leases, as compared to \$10.1 million, or 0.61% of portfolio loans and leases as of December 31, 2014. The decrease in percentage of nonperforming loans relative to total portfolio loans and leases was largely related to the \$501.0 million increase in portfolio loans and leases, the majority of which were added in the Merger. For the nine months ended September 30, 2015, full and partial charge-offs of nonperforming loans that were present as of December 31, 2014 totaled \$1.3 million. Once a loan is determined to be collateral dependent, a full or partial charge-off is recorded in order to recognize the loss. In addition to the charge-offs, loans foreclosed upon and added to OREO totaled \$289 thousand and loans and leases that became nonperforming during the nine months ended September 30, 2015 totaled \$6.1 million. These increases in nonperforming loans were offset by principal reductions of \$1.9 million and returns of loans to performing status of \$767 thousand.

As of September 30, 2015, the Allowance of \$15.9 million represented 0.71% of portfolio loans and leases, a 17 basis point decrease from 0.88% as of December 31, 2014. The percentage decrease was primarily related to the addition of

\$424.2 million of portfolio loans acquired in the Merger. In accordance with purchase accounting, the Allowance associated with the acquired loan portfolio was eliminated and the portfolio was recorded at its fair value, which includes adjustments for interest rates as well as estimates of future losses in the acquired portfolio. The Allowance on originated portfolio loans, as a percentage of originated portfolio loans was 0.88% as of September 30, 2015 as compared to 0.94% as of December 31, 2014.

As of September 30, 2015, the Corporation had OREO valued at \$1.0 million, as compared to \$1.1 million as of December 31, 2014. The balance as of September 30, 2015 was comprised of eight residential properties. Five of the residential properties were acquired in the Merger, and one was the result of the foreclosure of a loan acquired in the Merger. The remaining properties were the result of foreclosures of originated loans. All properties are recorded at the lower of cost or fair value less cost to sell. Proceeds from the sale of OREO properties totaled \$928 thousand for the nine months ended September 30, 2015, with a net gain on sale of \$90 thousand recognized.

Table Of Contents

As of September 30, 2015, the Corporation had \$7.8 million of troubled debt restructurings (“TDRs”), of which \$4.1 million were in compliance with the modified terms, and hence, excluded from non-performing loans and leases. As of December 31, 2014, the Corporation had \$8.5 million of TDRs, of which \$4.2 million were in compliance with the modified terms, and as such, were excluded from non-performing loans and leases.

As of September 30, 2015, the Corporation had a recorded investment of \$15.5 million of impaired loans and leases which included \$7.8 million of TDRs. Impaired loans and leases are those for which it is probable that the Corporation will not be able to collect all scheduled principal and interest in accordance with the original terms of the loans and leases. Impaired loans and leases as of December 31, 2014 totaled \$13.7 million, which included \$8.5 million of TDRs. Refer to Note 5H in the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for more information regarding the Corporation’s impaired loans and leases.

The Corporation continues to be diligent in its credit underwriting process and proactive with its loan review process, including the engagement of the services of an independent outside loan review firm, which helps identify developing credit issues. These proactive steps include the procurement of additional collateral (preferably outside the current loan structure) whenever possible and frequent contact with the borrower. The Corporation believes that timely identification of credit issues and appropriate actions early in the process serve to mitigate overall losses.

Nonperforming Assets and Related Ratios

| <i>(dollars in thousands)</i> | September 30, 2015 | December 31, 2014 | | |
|--|-----------------------|----------------------|-------|---|
| Non-Performing Assets: | | | | |
| Non-accrual loans and leases | \$12,315 | \$10,096 | | |
| Other real estate owned | 1,010 | 1,147 | | |
| Total non-performing assets | \$13,325 | \$11,243 | | |
| Troubled Debt Restructures: | | | | |
| TDRs included in non-performing loans | \$3,711 | \$4,315 | | |
| TDRs in compliance with modified terms | 4,062 | 4,157 | | |
| Total TDRs | \$7,773 | \$8,472 | | |
| Loan and Lease quality indicators: | | | | |
| Allowance for loan and lease losses to non-performing loans and leases | 129.4 | % | 144.5 | % |
| Non-performing loans and leases to total portfolio loans and leases | 0.55 | % | 0.61 | % |

| | | | | |
|---|-------------|---|-------------|---|
| Allowance for loan and lease losses to total portfolio loans and leases | 0.71 | % | 0.88 | % |
| Non-performing assets to total assets | 0.45 | % | 0.50 | % |
| Total portfolio loans and leases | \$2,228,764 | | \$1,652,257 | |
| Allowance for loan and lease losses | \$15,935 | | \$14,586 | |

NON-INTEREST INCOME

Three Months Ended September 30, 2015 Compared to the Same Period in 2014

Non-interest income for the three months ended September 30, 2015 increased \$1.8 million as compared to the same period in 2014. Largely contributing to this increase was an increase of \$930 thousand in insurance revenues, as the fees and commissions resulting from the acquisitions of Powers Craft Parker and Beard, Inc. (“PCPB”) and RJM continued to increase this source of non-interest income. The gain on sale of loans increased by \$245 thousand, or 55.7%, for the three months ended September 30, 2015 as compared to the same period in 2014. Loan sales include the sale of residential mortgages as well as the sale of SBA-guaranteed portions of small business loans.

Nine Months Ended September 30, 2015 Compared to the Same Period in 2014

Non-interest income for the nine months ended September 30, 2015 increased \$6.9 million as compared to the same period in 2014. Largely contributing to the increase was an increase of \$2.5 million in insurance revenues, from fees and commissions related to PCPB and RJM. Gain on sale of loans increased by \$970 thousand, or 74.6%, for the nine months ended September 30, 2015 as compared to the same period in 2014. In addition, as a result of the sales of \$63.7 million of available for sale investment securities during the nine months ended September 30, 2015, the majority of which had been acquired in the Merger, gain on sale of available for sale investment securities increased by \$792 thousand for the nine months ended September 30, 2015 as compared to the same period in 2014.

Table Of Contents

The following table provides supplemental information regarding mortgage loan originations and sales:

| | As of or for the | | As of or for the | |
|--|------------------|---------|------------------|---------|
| | Three Months | | Nine Months | |
| | Ended | | Ended | |
| | September 30, | | September 30, | |
| <i>(dollars in millions)</i> | 2015 | 2014 | 2015 | 2014 |
| Residential mortgage loans held in portfolio | \$399.7 | \$314.1 | \$399.7 | \$314.1 |
| Mortgage originations | \$76.2 | \$29.9 | \$175.2 | \$87.3 |
| Total mortgage loans sold | \$41.1 | \$16.8 | \$105.8 | \$41.2 |
| Percent of originated mortgage loans sold | 53.9 % | 56.2 % | 60.4 % | 47.1 % |
| Percent of sold with servicing-retained | 74.2 % | 96.8 % | 78.7 % | 98.3 % |
| Percent of sold with servicing-released | 25.8 % | 3.2 % | 21.3 % | 1.7 % |
| Mortgage servicing rights at period end ("MSRs") | \$5.0 | \$4.8 | \$5.0 | \$4.8 |
| Net gain on sale of residential mortgage loans | \$0.4 | \$0.4 | \$2.0 | \$3.6 |
| Residential mortgage loans serviced for others | \$602.0 | \$616.6 | \$602.0 | \$616.6 |

The following table provides details of **other operating income** for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014:

| | Three | Nine Months |
|--|-----------|-------------|
| | Months | Ended |
| | Ended | September |
| | September | 30, |

| | 30, | | | |
|---|------------|-------|---------|---------|
| <i>(dollars in thousands)</i> | 2015 | 2014 | 2015 | 2014 |
| Merchant interchange fees | \$335 | \$254 | \$956 | \$703 |
| Commissions and fees | 240 | 174 | 622 | 478 |
| Bank-owned life insurance (“BOLI”) income | 216 | 76 | 568 | 231 |
| Safe deposit box rentals | 97 | 98 | 293 | 297 |
| Other investment income | 129 | 14 | 252 | 111 |
| Rental income | 43 | 23 | 134 | 117 |
| Miscellaneous other income | 30 | 59 | 609 | 440 |
| Other operating income | \$1,090 | \$698 | \$3,434 | \$2,377 |

NON-INTEREST EXPENSE

Three Months Ended September 30, 2015 Compared to the Same Period in 2014

Non-interest expense for the three months ended September 30, 2015 increased \$5.4 million, to \$25.4 million, as compared to \$20.0 million for the same period in 2014. Increases of \$1.8 million, \$938 thousand and \$676 thousand in salary and wages, employee benefits and occupancy expenses, respectively, much of which was related to the addition of the Continental staff and offices, contributed to the increase. In addition, furniture, fixtures and equipment expenses increased by \$634 thousand for the third quarter of 2015 as compared to the same period in 2014, related not only to the additional expenses brought on by the Merger, but also related to the amortization of several information technology-related improvement projects which were placed into service during the second half of 2015.

Nine Months Ended September 30, 2015 Compared to the Same Period in 2014

Non-interest expense for the nine months ended September 30, 2015 increased \$19.3 million, to \$78.8 million, as compared to \$59.5 million for the same period in 2014. Largely accounting for the increase was a \$3.4 million increase in due diligence, merger-related and merger integration costs associated with, for the most part, the Merger and the integration of Continental Bank’s operations into the Bank’s. Due diligence, merger-related and merger integration expenses include consultant costs, investment banker fees, contract breakage fees, retention bonuses for severed employees, salary and wages for redundant staffing involved in the integration of the two institutions and bonus accruals for members of the merger integration team. In addition, salaries and wages, employee benefits, occupancy and furniture, fixtures and equipment expenses increased primarily as a result of the facilities and staff added in the Merger, as well as the amortization of several information technology-related improvement projects which were placed into service during the second half of 2015.

Table Of Contents

The following table provides details of **other operating expenses** for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014:

| | Three Months Ended September 30, | | Nine Months Ended September 30, | |
|-------------------------------------|---|---------|--|---------|
| <i>(dollars in thousands)</i> | 2015 | 2014 | 2015 | 2014 |
| Debt prepayment penalties | \$— | \$— | \$177 | \$— |
| Deferred compensation trust expense | (290) | (88) | (84) | 95 |
| Director fees | 163 | 121 | 471 | 381 |
| Dues and subscriptions | 110 | 95 | 332 | 270 |
| FDIC insurance | 335 | 265 | 1,078 | 778 |
| Insurance | 201 | 192 | 576 | 587 |
| Loan processing | 388 | 190 | 1,009 | 551 |
| Miscellaneous | 85 | 480 | 1,175 | 1,599 |
| MSR amortization | 181 | 129 | 443 | 371 |
| MSR impairment (recovery) | 35 | (4) | 87 | (14) |
| OREO impairment | 52 | — | 191 | — |
| Other taxes | 13 | 17 | 56 | 53 |
| Outsourced services | 105 | 108 | 315 | 324 |
| Portfolio maintenance | 84 | 100 | 274 | 274 |
| Postage | 139 | 108 | 421 | 369 |
| Stationary and supplies | 155 | 102 | 480 | 333 |
| Swap termination penalties | — | — | 344 | — |
| Telephone | 426 | 362 | 1,194 | 1,019 |
| Temporary help and recruiting | 489 | 393 | 1,014 | 826 |
| Travel and entertainment | 225 | 161 | 549 | 489 |
| Other operating expense | \$2,896 | \$2,731 | \$10,102 | \$8,305 |

INCOME TAXES

Income tax expense for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015 was \$4.1 million and \$12.4 million, respectively, as compared to \$3.7 million and \$11.3 million, respectively, for the same periods in 2014. The tax expense recorded reflects a decrease in the effective tax rate from 36.3% for the third quarter of 2014 to 35.3% for the

third quarter of 2015 and a decrease in the effective tax rate from 35.2% for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 to 35.0% for the same period in 2015. The decrease in effective tax rate for the three months ended September 30, 2015 as compared to the same period in 2014 was primarily related to a decrease in non-deductible merger expenses for the third quarter of 2015 as compared to the same period in 2014. The decrease in effective tax rate for the nine months ended September 30, 2015 as compared to the same period in 2014 was primarily related to increases in tax-free investment and loan interest.

Table Of Contents**BALANCE SHEET ANALYSIS**

Total assets as of September 30, 2015 of \$2.95 billion increased \$706.2 million from \$2.25 billion as of December 31, 2014. The primary cause of this 31.4% increase in total assets was the Merger, which was completed on January 1, 2015. In order to illustrate the change in the Corporation's balance sheet excluding the addition of the CBH balance sheet, the table below shows the January 1, 2015 pro-forma balance sheet immediately subsequent to the acquisition of CBH.

| | Bryn Mawr Bank Corporation | Continental Bank Holdings, Inc. | Bryn Mawr Bank Corporation | Bryn Mawr Bank Corporation | Change from January 1, 2015 | Change from January 1, 2015 | |
|---|---|--|--|--|---|--|--|
| <i>(dollars in thousands)</i> | December 31, 2014 (Actual) | January 1, 2015 (acquired) | January 1, 2015 (Pro forma) | September 30, 2015 (Actual) | Pro Forma to September 30, 2015 (\$) | Pro Forma to September 30, 2015 (%) | |
| Assets | | | | | | | |
| Cash and due from banks | \$ 16,717 | \$ 5,818 | \$ 22,535 | \$ 17,161 | \$ (5,374) | (23.8)% | |
| Interest-bearing deposits with banks | 202,552 | 10,791 | 213,343 | 100,980 | (112,363) | (52.7)% | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | 219,269 | 16,609 | 235,878 | 118,141 | (117,737) | (49.9)% | |
| Investment securities available for sale | 229,577 | 181,838 | 411,415 | 341,421 | (69,994) | (17.0)% | |
| Investment securities, trading | 3,896 | — | 3,896 | 3,451 | (445) | (11.4)% | |
| Loans held for sale | 3,882 | 507 | 4,389 | 8,721 | 4,332 | 98.7 % | |
| Portfolio loans and leases | 1,652,257 | 424,230 | 2,076,487 | 2,228,764 | 152,277 | 7.3 % | |
| Less: Allowance for loan and lease losses | (14,586) | — | (14,586) | (15,935) | (1,349) | 9.2 % | |
| Net portfolio loans and leases | 1,637,671 | 424,230 | 2,061,901 | 2,212,829 | 150,928 | 7.3 % | |
| Premises and equipment, net | 33,748 | 9,037 | 42,785 | 44,370 | 1,585 | 3.7 % | |
| Accrued interest receivable | 5,560 | 2,094 | 7,654 | 7,744 | 90 | 1.2 % | |
| Deferred income taxes | 7,209 | 7,453 | 14,662 | 11,216 | (3,446) | (23.5)% | |
| Mortgage servicing rights | 4,765 | — | 4,765 | 5,031 | 266 | 5.6 % | |
| Bank-owned life insurance | 20,535 | 12,054 | 32,589 | 38,157 | 5,568 | 17.1 % | |
| FHLB stock | 11,523 | 4,981 | 16,504 | 11,742 | (4,762) | (28.9)% | |
| Goodwill | 35,781 | 68,009 | 103,790 | 104,338 | 548 | 0.5 % | |
| Intangible assets | 22,521 | 4,915 | 27,436 | 25,356 | (2,080) | (7.6)% | |

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| | | | | | | | |
|--|--------------|------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|-------|----|
| Other investments | 5,226 | 50 | 5,276 | 9,499 | 4,223 | 80.0 | % |
| Other assets | 5,343 | 10,849 | 16,192 | 10,726 | (5,466) | (33.8 |)% |
| Total assets | \$ 2,246,506 | \$ 742,626 | \$ 2,989,132 | \$ 2,952,742 | \$ (36,390) | (1.2 |)% |
| Liabilities | | | | | | | |
| Deposits: | | | | | | | |
| Non-interest-bearing | \$ 446,903 | \$ 93,852 | \$ 540,755 | \$ 605,607 | \$ 64,852 | 12.0 | % |
| Interest-bearing | 1,241,125 | 387,822 | 1,628,947 | 1,634,237 | 5,290 | 0.3 | % |
| Total deposits | 1,688,028 | 481,674 | 2,169,702 | 2,239,844 | 70,142 | 3.2 | % |
| Short-term borrowings | 23,824 | 108,609 | 132,433 | 24,264 | (108,169) | (81.7 |)% |
| FHLB advances and other borrowings | 260,146 | 19,726 | 279,872 | 254,893 | (24,979) | (8.9 |)% |
| Subordinated notes | — | — | — | 29,466 | 29,466 | 100.0 | % |
| Accrued interest payable | 1,040 | 295 | 1,335 | 1,444 | 109 | 8.2 | % |
| Other liabilities | 27,994 | 8,588 | 36,582 | 34,676 | (1,906) | (5.2 |)% |
| Total liabilities | 2,001,032 | 618,892 | 2,619,924 | 2,584,587 | (35,337) | (1.3 |)% |
| Shareholders' equity | | | | | | | |
| Common stock | 16,742 | 3,878 | 20,620 | 20,854 | 234 | 1.1 | % |
| Paid-in capital in excess of par value | 100,486 | 119,856 | 220,342 | 226,980 | 6,638 | 3.0 | % |
| Common stock in treasury, at cost | (31,642) | — | (31,642) | (53,000) | (21,358) | 67.5 | % |
| Accumulated other comprehensive loss, net of tax benefit | (11,704) | — | (11,704) | (11,040) | 664 | (5.7 |)% |
| Retained earnings | 171,592 | — | 171,592 | 184,361 | 12,769 | 7.4 | % |
| Total shareholders' equity | 245,474 | 123,734 | 369,208 | 368,155 | (1,053) | (0.3 |)% |
| Total liabilities and shareholders' equity | \$ 2,246,506 | \$ 742,626 | \$ 2,989,132 | \$ 2,952,742 | \$ (36,390) | (1.2 |)% |

Table Of Contents**Loans and Leases**

The table below compares the portfolio loans and leases outstanding at September 30, 2015 to December 31, 2014:

| <i>(dollars in thousands)</i> | September 30, 2015 | | December 31, 2014 | | Change | |
|----------------------------------|--------------------|----------------------|-------------------|----------------------|-----------|---------|
| | Balance | Percent of Portfolio | Balance | Percent of Portfolio | Amount | Percent |
| Commercial mortgage | \$971,983 | 43.6 % | \$689,528 | 41.8 % | \$282,455 | 41.0 % |
| Home equity lines & loans | 212,258 | 9.5 % | 182,082 | 11.0 % | 30,176 | 16.6 % |
| Residential mortgage | 399,730 | 17.9 % | 313,442 | 19.0 % | 86,288 | 27.5 % |
| Construction | 82,820 | 3.7 % | 66,267 | 4.0 % | 16,553 | 25.0 % |
| Commercial and industrial | 488,977 | 22.0 % | 335,645 | 20.3 % | 153,332 | 45.7 % |
| Consumer | 22,350 | 1.0 % | 18,480 | 1.1 % | 3,870 | 20.9 % |
| Leases | 50,646 | 2.3 % | 46,813 | 2.9 % | 3,833 | 8.2 % |
| Total portfolio loans and leases | 2,228,764 | 100.0 % | 1,652,257 | 100.0 % | 576,507 | 34.9 % |
| Loans held for sale | 8,721 | | 3,882 | | 4,839 | 124.7 % |
| Total loans and leases | \$2,237,485 | | \$1,656,139 | | \$581,346 | 35.1 % |

As the above table indicates, total portfolio loans increased by \$576.5 million from December 31, 2014 to September 30, 2015. This 34.9% increase in portfolio loans was partially related to the \$424.2 million of loans acquired in the Merger. Excluding the loans acquired in the Merger, portfolio loans increased by \$152.3 million, or 7.3%, from the balance immediately following the Merger.

Cash and Investment Securities

As of September 30, 2015, liquidity remained strong as the Corporation had \$82.3 million of cash balances at the Federal Reserve and \$18.7 million in other interest-bearing accounts, along with significant borrowing capacity as discussed in the "Liquidity" section below.

Investment securities available for sale as of September 30, 2015 totaled \$341.4 million, as compared to \$229.6 million as of December 31, 2014, primarily as a result of the \$181.8 million of available for sale investments acquired in the Merger. The increase related to the Merger was partially offset by sales, during the nine months ended September 30, 2015, of \$63.7 million of investment securities available for sale.

Table Of Contents**Deposits, Borrowings and Subordinated Debt**

Deposits and borrowings as of September 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014 were as follows:

| <i>(dollars in thousands)</i> | September 30, 2015 | | December 31, 2014 | | Change | |
|---------------------------------|--------------------|---------------------|-------------------|---------------------|-----------|----------|
| | Balance | Percent of Deposits | Balance | Percent of Deposits | Amount | Percent |
| Interest-bearing checking | \$330,683 | 14.8 % | \$277,228 | 16.4 % | \$53,455 | 19.3 % |
| Money market | 748,983 | 33.5 % | 566,354 | 33.5 % | 182,629 | 32.2 % |
| Savings | 192,995 | 8.6 % | 138,992 | 8.2 % | 54,003 | 38.9 % |
| Wholesale non-maturity deposits | 65,636 | 2.9 % | 66,693 | 4.0 % | (1,057) | (1.6)% |
| Wholesale time deposits | 57,671 | 2.6 % | 73,458 | 4.4 % | (15,787) | (21.5)% |
| Retail time deposits | 238,269 | 10.6 % | 118,400 | 7.0 % | 119,869 | 101.2 % |
| Interest-bearing deposits | 1,634,237 | 73.0 % | 1,241,125 | 73.5 % | 393,112 | 31.7 % |
| Non-interest-bearing deposits | 605,607 | 27.0 % | 446,903 | 26.5 % | 158,704 | 35.5 % |
| Total deposits | \$2,239,844 | 100.0 % | \$1,688,028 | 100.0 % | \$551,816 | 32.7 % |

Total deposits as of September 30, 2015 increased \$551.8 million from the levels present as of December 31, 2014, largely as a result of the deposits assumed in the Merger. In addition, excluding the deposits from the Merger, non-interest-bearing deposits increased by \$64.9 million during the nine months ended September 30, 2015.

| <i>(dollars in thousands)</i> | September 30, 2015 | | December 31, 2014 | | Change | |
|--|--------------------|-----------------------|-------------------|-----------------------|----------|---------|
| | Balance | Percent of Borrowings | Balance | Percent of Borrowings | Amount | Percent |
| Short-term borrowings | \$24,264 | 7.9 % | \$23,824 | 8.4 % | \$440 | 1.8 % |
| Long-term FHLB advances and other borrowings | 254,893 | 82.6 % | 260,146 | 91.6 % | (5,253) | (2.0)% |
| Subordinated notes | 29,466 | 9.5 % | — | — | 29,466 | 100.0 % |
| Borrowed funds | \$308,623 | 100.0 % | \$283,970 | 100.0 % | \$24,653 | (4.5)% |

Long-term FHLB advances and other borrowings decreased by \$5.3 million during the nine months ended September 30, 2015, which included \$19.7 million of long-term FHLB advances assumed in the Merger which were prepaid during the first quarter of 2015, incurring a prepayment penalty of \$177 thousand.

Capital

Consolidated shareholder's equity of the Corporation was \$368.2 million, or 12.5% of total assets as of September 30, 2015, as compared to \$245.5 million, or 10.9% of total assets as of December 31, 2014. Equity issued in the Merger totaled \$123.7 million. The following table presents the Corporation's and Bank's capital ratios and the minimum capital requirements to be considered "Well Capitalized" by regulators as of September 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014:

| <i>(dollars in thousands)</i> | Actual | | Minimum to be Well Capitalized | |
|--|-----------|---------|--------------------------------|---------|
| | Amount | Ratio | Amount | Ratio |
| September 30, 2015: | | | | |
| Total (Tier II) capital to risk weighted assets | | | | |
| Corporation | \$316,352 | 13.84 % | \$228,646 | 10.00 % |
| Bank | 295,328 | 12.96 % | 227,937 | 10.00 % |
| Tier I capital to risk weighted assets | | | | |
| Corporation | 270,951 | 11.85 % | 182,917 | 8.00 % |
| Bank | 279,393 | 12.26 % | 182,349 | 8.00 % |
| Common equity Tier I capital to risk weighted assets | | | | |
| Corporation | 270,951 | 11.85 % | 148,620 | 6.50 % |
| Bank | 279,393 | 12.26 % | 148,159 | 6.50 % |
| Tier I Leverage ratio (Tier I capital to total quarterly average assets) | | | | |
| Corporation | 270,951 | 9.44 % | 143,542 | 5.00 % |
| Bank | 279,393 | 9.75 % | 143,315 | 5.00 % |
| Tangible common equity to tangible assets | | | | |
| Corporation | 238,461 | 8.45 % | — | — |
| Bank | 249,095 | 8.84 % | — | — |
| December 31, 2014: | | | | |
| Total (Tier II) capital to risk weighted assets ⁽¹⁾ | | | | |
| Corporation | \$217,317 | 12.86 % | \$169,071 | 10.00 % |
| Bank | 207,680 | 12.32 % | 168,557 | 10.00 % |
| Tier I capital to risk weighted assets | | | | |
| Corporation | 202,734 | 11.99 % | 101,442 | 6.00 % |
| Bank | 193,043 | 11.45 % | 101,134 | 6.00 % |
| Tier I leverage ratio (Tier I capital to total quarterly average assets) | | | | |
| Corporation | 202,734 | 9.54 % | 106,306 | 5.00 % |
| Bank | 193,043 | 9.09 % | 106,173 | 5.00 % |
| Tangible common equity to tangible assets ⁽¹⁾ | | | | |
| Corporation | 187,172 | 8.55 % | — | — |
| Bank | 177,480 | 8.13 % | — | — |

(1) There is no official regulatory guideline for the tangible common equity to tangible asset ratio.

Table Of Contents

On January 1, 2015, new regulatory risk-based capital rules became effective. These new capital requirements, commonly referred to as “Basel III” regulatory reforms increased the minimum Tier I capital ratio in order to be considered well-capitalized from 6.0% to 8.0%. In addition, a new capital ratio, the Common Equity Tier I ratio was introduced, with a minimum, well-capitalized level of 6.5%. The new rules provided for smaller banking institutions (less than \$250 billion in consolidated assets) an opportunity to make a one-time election to opt out of including most elements of accumulated other comprehensive income in regulatory capital. Importantly, the opt-out excludes from regulatory capital not only unrealized gains and losses on available-for-sale debt securities, but also accumulated net gains and losses on cash-flow hedges and amounts attributable to defined benefit postretirement plans. On April 30, 2015, in connection with the filing of its March 31, 2015 Call Report, the Bank elected to opt-out of including these items in regulatory capital. For more information regarding Basel III, refer to Part I, Item 1 of the Corporation’s 2014 Annual Report, under the heading “Capital Adequacy.”

Both the Corporation and the Bank exceed the capital levels to be considered “well capitalized” that are required by their respective regulators at the end of each period presented. The capital ratios as of September 30, 2015 for both the Bank and the Corporation have improved from their December 31, 2014 levels, primarily as a result of the \$123.7 million of equity issued in the CBH merger, as well as decreases in accumulated other comprehensive losses between the dates. Neither the Corporation nor the Bank is under any agreement with regulatory authorities which would have a material effect on liquidity, capital resources or operations of the Corporation or the Bank.

Liquidity

The Corporation’s liquidity position is managed on a daily basis as part of the daily settlement function and continuously as part of the formal asset liability management process. The Bank’s liquidity is maintained by managing its core deposits as the primary source, purchasing federal funds, selling loans in the secondary market, borrowing from the FHLB and the Federal Reserve Bank, and purchasing and issuing wholesale certificates of deposit as its secondary sources.

Unused availability is detailed on the following table:

| <i>(dollars in millions)</i> | Available Funds as of September | Percent of Total Borrowing Capacity | Available Funds as of December | Percent of Total Borrowing Capacity | Dollar Change | Percent Change |
|------------------------------|--|--|---|--|------------------|-------------------|
|------------------------------|--|--|---|--|------------------|-------------------|

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| | 30, | | | 31, 2014 | | | | |
|--|----------|-------|---|----------|-------|---|----------|--------|
| | 2015 | | | | | | | |
| Federal Home Loan Bank of Pittsburgh | \$ 824.0 | 74.3 | % | \$ 608.2 | 68.9 | % | \$ 215.8 | 35.5 % |
| Federal Reserve Bank of Philadelphia | 75.4 | 100.0 | % | 71.9 | 100.0 | % | 3.5 | 4.9 % |
| Fed Funds Lines (six banks) | 64.0 | 100.0 | % | 64.0 | 100.0 | % | — | — % |
| Revolving line of credit with correspondent bank | 5.0 | 100.0 | % | 5.0 | 100.0 | % | — | — % |
| | \$ 968.4 | 77.3 | % | \$ 749.1 | 75.1 | % | \$ 219.3 | 29.3 % |

Quarterly, the ALCO reviews the Corporation's liquidity needs and reports its findings to the Risk Management Committee of the Corporation's Board of Directors.

The Corporation has an agreement with CDC to provide up to \$5 million, excluding accrued interest, of money market deposits at an agreed upon rate currently at 0.45%. The Corporation had \$2.7 million in balances, including accrued interest, as of September 30, 2015 under this program. The Corporation can request an increase in the agreement amount as it deems necessary. In addition, the Corporation has an agreement with IND to provide up to \$40 million, excluding accrued interest, of money market and NOW funds at an agreed upon interest rate equal to the current Fed Funds rate plus 20 basis points. The Corporation had \$39.3 million in balances as of September 30, 2015 under this program.

Table Of Contents

The Corporation continually evaluates the cost and mix of its retail and wholesale funding sources relative to earning assets and expected future earning-asset growth. The Corporation believes that with its current branch network, along with the available borrowing capacity at FHLB and other sources, it has sufficient capacity available to fund expected earning-asset growth.

Discussion of Segments

The Corporation has two principal segments as defined by FASB ASC 280, “*Segment Reporting*.” The segments are Banking and Wealth Management (see Note 12 in the accompanying Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements).

The Wealth Management Segment, as discussed in the Non-Interest Income section above recorded a pre-tax segment profit (“PTSP”) of \$4.0 million and \$12.3 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015, respectively, as compared to PTSP of \$3.8 million and \$11.2 million, for the same respective periods in 2014. The Wealth Management Segment provided 34.9% and 34.6% of the Corporation’s pre-tax profit for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015, respectively, as compared to 37.2% and 35.0% for the same respective periods in 2014.

The Banking Segment recorded a PTSP of \$7.5 million and \$23.3 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015, respectively, as compared to PTSP of \$6.4 million and \$20.9 million, for the same respective periods in 2014. The Banking Segment provided 65.1% and 65.4% of the Corporation’s pre-tax profit for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015, respectively, as compared to 62.8% and 65.0% for the same respective periods in 2014.

Off Balance Sheet Risk

The Corporation is a party to financial instruments with off-balance sheet risk in the normal course of business to meet the financing needs of its customers. These financial instruments include commitments to extend credit and standby letters of credit.

Commitments to extend credit are agreements to lend to a customer as long as there is no violation of any condition established in the loan agreement. Total commitments to extend credit at September 30, 2015 were \$627.0 million, as compared to \$479.0 million at December 31, 2014.

Standby letters of credit are conditional commitments issued by the Bank to a customer for a third party. Such standby letters of credit are issued to support private borrowing arrangements. The credit risk involved in issuing standby letters of credit is similar to that involved in granting loan facilities to customers. The Corporation's obligation under standby letters of credit at September 30, 2015 amounted to \$15.7 million, as compared to \$15.3 million at December 31, 2014.

Estimated fair values of the Corporation's off-balance sheet instruments are based on fees and rates currently charged to enter into similar loan agreements, taking into account the remaining terms of the agreements and the counterparties' credit standing. Since fees and rates charged for off-balance sheet items are at market levels when set, there is no material difference between the stated amount and the estimated fair value of off-balance sheet instruments.

Contractual Cash Obligations of the Corporation as of September 30, 2015:

| <i>(dollars in millions)</i> | Total | Within 1 Year | 2 – 3 Years | 4 – 5 Years | After 5 Years |
|--|-----------|------------------|----------------|----------------|------------------|
| Deposits without a stated maturity | \$1,918.8 | \$1,918.8 | \$— | \$— | \$— |
| Wholesale and retail time deposits | 295.9 | 200.2 | 82.0 | 13.7 | — |
| Short-term borrowings | 24.3 | 24.3 | — | — | — |
| Long-term FHLB advances and other borrowings | 254.9 | 60.0 | 126.7 | 63.2 | 5.0 |
| Operating leases | 74.5 | 5.2 | 10.3 | 9.1 | 49.9 |
| Purchase obligations | 10.8 | 4.3 | 5.5 | 0.9 | 0.1 |
| Total | \$2,579.2 | \$2,212.8 | \$224.5 | \$86.9 | 55.0 |

Other Information

Effects of Inflation

Inflation has some impact on the Corporation's operating costs. Unlike many industrial companies, however, substantially all of the Corporation's assets and liabilities are monetary in nature. As a result, interest rates have a more significant impact on the Corporation's performance than the general level of inflation. Over short periods of time, interest rates may not necessarily move in the same direction or in the same magnitude as prices of goods and services.

Table Of Contents

Effects of Government Monetary Policies

The earnings of the Corporation are and will be affected by domestic economic conditions and the monetary and fiscal policies of the United States government and its agencies. An important function of the Federal Reserve Board is to regulate the money supply and interest rates. Among the instruments used to implement those objectives are open market operations in United States government securities and changes in reserve requirements against member bank deposits. These instruments are used in varying combinations to influence overall growth and distribution of bank loans, investments, and deposits, and their use may also affect rates charged on loans or paid for deposits.

The Corporation is a member of the Federal Reserve System and, therefore, the policies and regulations of the Federal Reserve Board have a significant effect on its deposits, loans and investment growth, as well as the rate of interest earned and paid, and are expected to affect the Corporation's operations in the future. The effect of such policies and regulations upon the future business and earnings of the Corporation cannot be predicted.

Special Cautionary Notice Regarding Forward Looking Statements

Certain of the statements contained in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, including, without limitation, this Item 2 of Part I, may constitute forward-looking statements for the purposes of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and may involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors which may cause actual results, performance or achievements of the Corporation to be materially different from future results, performance or achievements expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements. These forward-looking statements include statements with respect to the Corporation's financial goals, business plans, business prospects, credit quality, credit risk, reserve adequacy, liquidity, origination and sale of residential mortgage loans, mortgage servicing rights, the effect of changes in accounting standards, and market and pricing trends loss. The words "may", "would", "could", "will", "likely", "expect," "anticipate," "intend", "estimate", "plan", "forecast", "project" similar expressions are intended to identify such forward-looking statements. The Corporation's actual results may differ materially from the results anticipated by the forward-looking statements due to a variety of factors, including without limitation:

the effect of future economic conditions on the Corporation and its customers, including economic factors which affect consumer confidence in the securities markets, wealth creation, investment and savings patterns, the real estate market, and the Corporation's interest rate risk exposure and credit risk;

changes in the securities markets with respect to the market values of financial assets and the stability of particular securities markets;

any future downgrades in the credit rating of the U.S. Government and federal agencies;

governmental monetary and fiscal policies, as well as legislation and regulatory changes;

results of examinations by the Federal Reserve Board, including the possibility that the Federal Reserve Board may, among other things, require us to increase our allowance for loan losses or to write down assets;

changes in accounting requirements or interpretations;

changes in existing statutes, regulatory guidance, legislation or judicial decisions that adversely affect our business, including changes in federal income tax, state income taxes, without limitation, the Pennsylvania Bank Shares Tax or other tax regulations;

the risks of changes in interest rates on the level and composition of deposits, loan demand, and the value of loan collateral and securities, as well as interest rate risk;

the effects of competition from other commercial banks, thrifts, mortgage companies, consumer finance companies, credit unions, securities brokerage firms, insurance companies, money-market and mutual funds and other institutions operating in the Corporation's trade market area and elsewhere including institutions operating locally, regionally, nationally and internationally and such competitors offering banking products and services by mail, telephone, computer and the Internet;

any extraordinary events (such as natural disasters, acts of terrorism, wars or political conflicts);

the Corporation's need for capital;

the Corporation's success in continuing to generate new business in its existing markets, as well as its success in identifying and penetrating targeted markets and generating a profit in those markets in a reasonable time;

the Corporation's ability to continue to generate investment results for customers and the ability to continue to develop investment products in a manner that meets customers' needs;

differences in the actual financial results, cost savings, and revenue enhancements associated with our acquisitions;

changes in consumer and business spending, borrowing and savings habits and demand for financial services in our investment products in a manner that meets customers' needs;

Table Of Contents

the Corporation's timely development of competitive new products and services in a changing environment and the acceptance of such products and services by customers;

the Corporation's ability to originate, sell and service residential mortgage loans;

the accuracy of assumptions underlying the establishment of reserves for loan losses and estimates in the value of collateral, the market value of mortgage servicing rights and various financial assets and liabilities;

the Corporation's ability to retain key members of the senior management team;

the ability of key third-party providers to perform their obligations to the Corporation and the Bank;

technological changes being more difficult or expensive than anticipated;

the businesses of the Corporation and CBH will not be integrated successfully or such integration may be more difficult, time-consuming or costly than expected;

revenues now that the Corporation's acquisition of CBH has been completed may be lower than expected;

deposit attrition, operating costs, customer loss and business disruption as a result of the Corporation's acquisition of CBH, including, without limitation, difficulties in maintaining relationships with employees, may be greater than expected;

material differences in the actual financial results of the Corporation's merger and acquisition activities compared with expectations, such as with respect to the full realization of anticipated cost savings and revenue enhancements within the expected time frame, including as to the Corporation's acquisition of CBH; and

the Corporation's success in managing the risks involved in the foregoing.

All written or oral forward-looking statements attributed to the Corporation and the Bank are expressly qualified in their entirety by use of the foregoing cautionary statements. All forward-looking statements included in this Quarterly Report and incorporated documents are based upon the Corporation's beliefs and assumptions as of the date of this Quarterly Report. The Corporation assumes no obligation to update any forward-looking statement. In light of these risks, uncertainties and assumptions, the forward-looking statements discussed in this Quarterly Report or incorporated documents might not occur and you should not put undue reliance on any forward-looking statements.

ITEM 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risks

See the discussion of quantitative and qualitative disclosures about market risks in the Corporation's 2014 Annual Report, as updated by the disclosure in "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Results of Operations – Interest Rate Summary," "– Summary of Interest Rate Simulation," and "– Gap Analysis" in this quarterly report on Form 10-Q.

ITEM 4. Controls and Procedures

As of the end of the period covered by this report, the Corporation carried out an evaluation, under the supervision and with the participation of the Corporation's management, including the Corporation's Chief Executive Officer, Francis J. Leto, and Chief Financial Officer, Michael W. Harrington, of the effectiveness of the design and operation of the Corporation's disclosure controls and procedures as defined in the Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e). Based upon the evaluation, the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer concluded that the Corporation's disclosure controls and procedures were effective as of September 30, 2015.

There were no changes in the Corporation's internal controls over financial reporting during the last fiscal quarter that materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, the Corporation's internal control over financial reporting.

PART II OTHER INFORMATION.

ITEM 1. Legal Proceedings.

None.

ITEM 1A. Risk Factors

None.

Table Of Contents**ITEM 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds****Share Repurchase**

The following table presents the shares repurchased by the Corporation during the third quarter of 2015 ⁽¹⁾ :

| Period | Total Number of Shares Purchased⁽²⁾ | Average Price Paid Per Share | Total Number of Shares Purchased as Part of Publicly Announced Plans or Programs | Maximum Number of Shares that May Yet Be Purchased Under the Plan or Programs |
|--|---|---|---|--|
| July 1, 2015 – July 31, 2015 | 20,976 | \$ 29.53 | 20,200 | 86,705 |
| August 1, 2015 – August 31, 2015 | 208,306 | \$ 29.34 | 188,400 | 1,041,100 |
| September 1, 2015 – September 30, 2015 | 396,628 | \$ 30.06 | 395,500 | 645,600 |
| Total | 625,910 | \$ 29.80 | 604,100 | 645,600 |

On August 6, 2015, the Corporation announced a stock repurchase program (the “2015 Program”) under which the Corporation may repurchase up to 1,200,000 shares of the Corporation’s common stock, at an aggregate purchase price not to exceed \$40 million. The 2015 Program became effective upon the completion of the Corporation’s prior stock repurchase program, which was announced on February 24, 2006 (the “2006 Program”) under which the Corporation was permitted to repurchase up to 450,000 shares of the Corporation’s common stock, not to exceed \$10 million. The 2006 Program was exhausted during August 2015. There is no expiration date on the 2015 Program and the Corporation has no plans for an early termination of the 2015 Program. All share repurchases under both the 2006 Program and the 2015 Program were accomplished in open market transactions. As of September 30, 2015, the maximum number of shares remaining authorized for repurchase under the 2015 Program was 645,600.

⁽¹⁾ *On July 1, 2015, 776 shares were purchased by the Corporation’s deferred compensation plans through open market transactions.*

⁽²⁾ *Between August 11, 2015 and September 30, 2015, 21,034 shares were purchased to cover statutory tax withholding requirements on vested stock awards for certain officers of the Corporation*

ITEM 3. Defaults Upon Senior Securities

None.

ITEM 4. Mine Safety Disclosures.

Not applicable.

ITEM 5. Other Information

None.

Page 64

Table Of Contents

ITEM 6. Exhibits

Exhibit No. Description and References

| | |
|-----------------|---|
| 3.1 | Amended and Restated By-Laws, effective November 20, 2007, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.2 of the Corporation's Form 8-K filed with the SEC on November 21, 2007 |
| 3.2 | Amended and Restated Articles of Incorporation, effective November 21, 2007, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 of the Corporation's Form 8-K filed with the SEC on November 21, 2007 |
| 4.1 | Indenture, dated August 6, 2015, by and between Bryn Mawr Bank Corporation and U.S. Bank National Association, as trustee, incorporated by reference to the Corporation's Form 8-K filed with the SEC on August 7, 2015 |
| 4.2 | Forms of 4.75% Subordinated Note due 2025, (included as Exhibit A-1 and Exhibit A-2 to the Indenture filed as Exhibit 4.1), incorporated by reference to the Corporation's Form 8-K filed with the SEC on August 7, 2015 |
| 10.1 | Letter Agreement and General Release, dated July 17, 2015, by and among Bryn Mawr Bank Corporation, The Bryn Mawr Trust Company and J. Duncan Smith, incorporated by reference to the Corporation's Form 8-K filed with the SEC on July 17, 2015 |
| 10.2 | Form of Subordinated Note Purchase Agreement, dated August 6, 2015, by and among Bryn Mawr Bank Corporation and the Purchasers identified therein, incorporated by reference to the Corporation's Form 8-K filed with the SEC on August 8, 2015 |
| 10.3 | Form of Registration Rights Agreement, dated August 6, 2015, by and among Bryn Mawr Bank Corporation and Purchasers identified therein, incorporation by reference to the Corporation's Form 8-K filed with the SEC on August 8, 2015 |
| 10.4 | Employment Letter Agreement, dated September 8, 2015, by and among Bryn Mawr Bank Corporation, The Bryn Mawr Trust Company and Michael W. Harrington, incorporated by reference to the Corporation's Form 8-K filed with the SEC on September 9, 2015 |
| 10.5 | Executive Change-of-Control Severance Agreement, dated as of September 8, 2015, by and between The Bryn Mawr Trust Company and Michael W. Harrington, incorporated by reference to the Corporation's Form 8-K filed with the SEC on September 9, 2015 |
| 31.1 | Certification of the Chief Executive Officer Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, filed herewith |
| 31.2 | Certification of the Chief Financial Officer Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, filed herewith |
| 32.1 | Certification of Chief Executive Officer Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as Adopted Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, filed herewith |
| 32.2 | Certification of Chief Financial Officer Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as Adopted Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, filed herewith |
| 101.INS XBRL | Instance Document, filed herewith |
| 101.SCH XBRL | Taxonomy Extension Schema Document, filed herewith |
| | Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document, filed herewith |

101.CAL
XBRL

101.DEF
XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document, filed herewith

101.LAB
XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document, filed herewith

101.PRE
XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document, filed herewith

Page 65

Table Of Contents

Signatures

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this Report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

Bryn Mawr Bank Corporation

Date: November 6, 2015

By: /s/ Francis J. Leto
Francis J. Leto
President & Chief Executive Officer
(Principal Executive Officer)

Date: November 6, 2015

By: /s/ Michael W. Harrington
Michael W. Harrington
Treasurer & Chief Financial Officer
(Principal Financial Officer)

Table Of Contents

Form 10-Q

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