

NETSOL TECHNOLOGIES INC

Form 10-Q

February 13, 2018

UNITED STATES

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, DC 20549

FORM 10-Q

(Mark One)

☒ Quarterly report pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

For the quarterly period ended December 31, 2017

☐ For the transition period from _____ to _____

Commission file number: 0-22773

NETSOL TECHNOLOGIES, INC.

(Exact name of Registrant as specified in its charter)

NEVADA

95-4627685

(State or other Jurisdiction of (I.R.S. Employer NO.)

Incorporation or Organization)

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23975 Park Sorrento, Suite 250, Calabasas, CA 91302
(Address of principal executive offices) (Zip Code)

(818) 222-9195 / (818) 222-9197
(Issuer's telephone/facsimile numbers, including area code)

Indicate by check mark whether the issuer: (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the issuer was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.

Yes ☒ No ☐

Indicate by a check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, or a non-accelerated filer. See definition of "accelerated filer and large accelerated filer" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check One):

Large Accelerated Filer <input type="checkbox"/>	Accelerated Filer <input type="checkbox"/>
Non-Accelerated Filer <input type="checkbox"/>	Small Reporting Company <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act)

Yes ☐ No ☒

The issuer had 11,395,401 shares of its \$.01 par value Common Stock and no Preferred Stock issued and outstanding as of February 10, 2018.

NETSOL TECHNOLOGIES, INC.

	Page No.
<u>PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION</u>	
<u>Item 1. Financial Statements (Unaudited)</u>	
<u>Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets as of December 31, 2017 and June 30, 2017</u>	3
<u>Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations for the Three and Six Months Ended December 31, 2017 and 2016</u>	4
<u>Condensed Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income (Loss) for the Three and Six Months Ended December 31, 2017 and 2016</u>	5
<u>Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for the Six Months Ended December 31, 2017 and 2016</u>	6
<u>Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements</u>	8
<u>Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations</u>	30
<u>Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk</u>	45
<u>Item 4. Controls and Procedures</u>	46
 <u>PART II. OTHER INFORMATION</u>	
<u>Item 1. Legal Proceedings</u>	47
<u>Item 1A Risk Factors</u>	47
<u>Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity and Use of Proceeds</u>	47
<u>Item 3. Defaults Upon Senior Securities</u>	47
<u>Item 4. Mine Safety Disclosures</u>	47
<u>Item 5. Other Information</u>	48
<u>Item 6. Exhibits</u>	48

PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION**Item 1. Financial Statements (Unaudited)****NETSOL TECHNOLOGIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS****(UNAUDITED)**

	As of December 31, 2017	As of June 30, 2017
ASSETS		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 10,004,650	\$ 14,172,954
Accounts receivable, net of allowance of \$347,413 and \$571,511	19,106,677	6,583,199
Accounts receivable, net - related party	2,582,403	1,644,942
Revenues in excess of billings	16,094,026	19,126,389
Revenues in excess of billings - related party	107,562	80,705
Convertible note receivable - related party	750,000	200,000
Other current assets	2,819,183	2,463,886
Total current assets	51,464,501	44,272,075
Restricted cash	90,000	90,000
Revenues in excess of billings, net - long term	6,668,854	5,173,538
Property and equipment, net	18,443,494	20,370,703
Other assets	3,543,315	3,211,295
Intangible assets, net	14,810,605	17,043,151
Goodwill	9,516,568	9,516,568
Total assets	\$ 104,537,337	\$ 99,677,330
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ 7,560,298	\$ 6,880,194
Current portion of loans and obligations under capitalized leases	10,133,100	10,222,795
Unearned revenues	10,082,346	3,925,702
Common stock to be issued	88,324	88,324
Total current liabilities	27,864,068	21,117,015
Loans and obligations under capitalized leases; less current maturities	250,883	366,762
Total liabilities	28,114,951	21,483,777
Commitments and contingencies		
Stockholders' equity:		
Preferred stock, \$.01 par value; 500,000 shares authorized;	-	-
	113,954	112,254

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Common stock, \$.01 par value; 14,500,000 shares authorized; 11,395,401 shares issued and 11,221,347 outstanding as of December 31, 2017 and 11,225,385 shares issued and 11,190,606 outstanding as of June 30, 2017

Additional paid-in-capital	125,354,035	124,409,998
Treasury stock (At cost, 174,054 shares and 34,779 shares as of December 31, 2017 and June 30, 2017, respectively)	(1,055,330)	(454,310)
Accumulated deficit	(42,036,467)	(42,301,390)
Stock subscription receivable	(221,000)	(297,511)
Other comprehensive loss	(20,276,030)	(18,074,570)
Total NetSol stockholders' equity	61,879,162	63,394,471
Non-controlling interest	14,543,224	14,799,082
Total stockholders' equity	76,422,386	78,193,553
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$ 104,537,337	\$ 99,677,330

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

NETSOL TECHNOLOGIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS

(UNAUDITED)

	For the Three Months Ended December 31,		For the Six Months Ended December 31,	
	2017	2016 Restated	2017	2016 Restated
Net Revenues:				
License fees	\$235,932	\$3,769,557	\$561,998	\$9,223,352
Maintenance fees	3,568,448	3,588,899	7,042,173	7,112,696
Services	9,087,191	6,619,158	16,104,928	12,175,293
License fees - related party	217,105	-	261,513	246,957
Maintenance fees - related party	101,251	51,345	204,214	181,976
Services - related party	1,236,508	1,829,827	3,090,385	3,994,981
Total net revenues	14,446,435	15,858,786	27,265,211	32,935,255
Cost of revenues:				
Salaries and consultants	5,362,092	5,979,804	10,826,252	11,873,153
Travel	287,901	836,240	801,013	1,548,135
Depreciation and amortization	1,168,103	1,318,764	2,341,216	2,649,636
Other	939,986	1,065,727	1,796,568	2,038,065
Total cost of revenues	7,758,082	9,200,535	15,765,049	18,108,989
Gross profit	6,688,353	6,658,251	11,500,162	14,826,266
Operating expenses:				
Selling and marketing	1,932,140	2,713,478	3,643,436	5,057,516
Depreciation and amortization	222,785	271,485	468,658	540,582
Provision for bad debts	-	1,026	-	1,026
General and administrative	4,026,706	3,932,387	7,814,264	8,551,583
Research and development cost	189,891	91,607	374,976	184,539
Total operating expenses	6,371,522	7,009,983	12,301,334	14,335,246
Income from operations	316,831	(351,732)	(801,172)	491,020
Other income and (expenses)				
Loss on sale of assets	(8,939)	(32,339)	(16,069)	(34,742)
Interest expense	(109,675)	(62,127)	(227,746)	(116,602)
Interest income	115,570	23,416	252,481	53,856
Gain (loss) on foreign currency exchange transactions	1,737,967	(621,887)	2,754,329	(1,036,783)
Share of net loss from equity investment	(203,336)	-	(270,898)	-
Other income	14,511	6,823	15,610	28,383
Total other income (expenses)	1,546,098	(686,114)	2,507,707	(1,105,888)

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Net income (loss) before income taxes	1,862,929	(1,037,846)	1,706,535	(614,868)
Income tax provision	(200,927)	(338,884)	(225,798)	(378,759)
Net income (loss)	1,662,002	(1,376,730)	1,480,737	(993,627)
Non-controlling interest	(1,027,581)	(791,664)	(1,215,814)	(1,560,878)
Net income (loss) attributable to NetSol	\$634,421	\$(2,168,394)	\$264,923	\$(2,554,505)
Net income (loss) per share:				
Net income (loss) per common share				
Basic	\$0.06	\$(0.20)	\$0.02	\$(0.24)
Diluted	\$0.06	\$(0.20)	\$0.02	\$(0.24)
Weighted average number of shares outstanding				
Basic	11,159,075	10,877,446	11,115,346	10,783,685
Diluted	11,171,543	10,877,446	11,127,814	10,783,685

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

NETSOL TECHNOLOGIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)
(UNAUDITED)

	For the Three Months Ended December 31,		For the Six Months Ended December 31,	
	2017	2016 Restated	2017	2016 Restated
Net income (loss)	\$634,421	\$(2,168,394)	\$264,923	\$(2,554,505)
Other comprehensive income (loss):				
Translation adjustment	(2,453,890)	(944,837)	(3,279,634)	149,237
Translation adjustment attributable to non-controlling interest	841,009	276,575	1,078,174	(47,138)
Net translation adjustment	(1,612,881)	(668,262)	(2,201,460)	102,099
Comprehensive income (loss) attributable to NetSol	\$(978,460)	\$(2,836,656)	\$(1,936,537)	\$(2,452,406)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

NETSOL TECHNOLOGIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS
(UNAUDITED)

	For the Six Months Ended December 31,	
	2017	2016 Restated
Cash flows from operating activities:		
Net income (loss)	\$1,480,737	\$(993,627)
Adjustments to reconcile net income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization	2,809,874	3,190,218
Provision for bad debts	-	1,026
Share of net loss from investment under equity method	270,898	-
Loss on sale of assets	16,069	34,742
Stock based compensation	833,530	1,525,775
Fair market value of warrants and stock options granted	-	21,804
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		
Accounts receivable	(13,231,059)	3,678,110
Accounts receivable - related party	(1,637,829)	829,285
Revenues in excess of billing	602,676	(7,592,495)
Revenues in excess of billing - related party	(32,308)	285,791
Other current assets	(524,547)	585,147
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	887,824	334,241
Unearned revenue	6,469,146	(1,830,619)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	(2,054,989)	69,398
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Purchases of property and equipment	(543,123)	(1,074,316)
Sales of property and equipment	193,241	181,087
Convertible note receivable - related party	(500,000)	-
Investment in WRLD3D	(50,000)	(705,555)
Net cash used in investing activities	(899,882)	(1,598,784)
Cash flows from financing activities:		
Proceeds from the exercise of stock options and warrants	215,311	429,452
Proceeds from exercise of subsidiary options	7,755	18,089
Purchase of treasury stock	(601,020)	(38,885)
Dividend paid by subsidiary to non-controlling interest	(417,853)	(968,657)
Proceeds from bank loans	708,457	-
Payments on capital lease obligations and loans - net	(361,814)	(69,998)
Net cash used in financing activities	(449,164)	(629,999)
Effect of exchange rate changes	(764,269)	107,241
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	(4,168,304)	(2,052,144)

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Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of the period	14,172,954	11,557,527
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	\$ 10,004,650	\$ 9,505,383

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

Page 6

NETSOL TECHNOLOGIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (CONTINUED)
(UNAUDITED)

For the Six Months
 Ended December 31,
 2017 2016

SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURES:

Cash paid during the period for:

Interest	\$ 189,769	\$ 123,682
Taxes	\$ 226,098	\$ 77,414

NON-CASH INVESTING AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES:

Provided services for investment in WRDL3D	\$ 553,678	\$ 549,621
Assets acquired under capital lease	\$ 113,220	\$ -

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

NETSOL TECHNOLOGIES, INC.

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2017

(UNAUDITED)

NOTE 1 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION AND PRINCIPLES OF CONSOLIDATION

The Company designs, develops, markets, and exports proprietary software products to customers in the automobile financing and leasing, banking, and financial services industries worldwide. The Company also provides system integration, consulting, and IT products and services in exchange for fees from customers.

The consolidated condensed interim financial statements included herein have been prepared by the Company, without audit, pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission. Certain information and footnote disclosures normally included in financial statements prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles have been condensed or omitted pursuant to such rules and regulations, although the Company believes that the disclosures are adequate to make the information presented not misleading. The year-end condensed consolidated balance sheet data was derived from audited financial statements, but does not include all disclosures required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

These statements reflect all adjustments, consisting of normal recurring adjustments, which, in the opinion of management, are necessary for fair presentation of the information contained therein. It is suggested that these condensed consolidated financial statements be read in conjunction with the financial statements and notes thereto included in the Company's annual report on Form 10-K for the year ended June 30, 2017. The Company follows the same accounting policies in preparation of interim reports. Results of operations for the interim periods are not indicative of annual results.

The accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements include the accounts of NetSol Technologies, Inc. and subsidiaries (collectively, the "Company") as follows:

Wholly owned Subsidiaries

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NetSol Technologies Americas, Inc. (“NTA”)

NetSol Connect (Private), Ltd. (“Connect”)

NetSol Technologies Australia Pty Ltd. (“Australia”)

NetSol Technologies Europe Limited (“NTE”)

NTPK (Thailand) Co. Limited (“NTPK Thailand”)

NetSol Technologies (Beijing) Co. Ltd. (“NetSol Beijing”)

NetSol Technologies (GmbH) (“NTG”)

Majority-owned Subsidiaries

NetSol Technologies, Ltd. (“NetSol PK”)

NetSol Innovation (Private) Limited (“NetSol Innovation”)

NetSol Technologies Thailand Limited (“NetSol Thai”)

Virtual Lease Services Holdings Limited (“VLSH”)

Virtual Lease Services Limited (“VLS”)

Virtual Lease Services (Ireland) Limited (“VLSIL”)

For comparative purposes, prior year’s condensed consolidated financial statements have been reclassified to conform to report classifications of the current period. Below is the table of reclassified amounts:

	For the Three Months Ended December 31, 2016		For the Six Months Ended December 31, 2016	
	Originally reported	Reclassified	Originally reported	Reclassified
Net Revenues:				
Services	\$6,984,084	\$6,619,158	\$12,790,801	\$12,175,293
Services - related party	1,464,901	1,829,827	3,379,473	3,994,981
	\$8,448,985	\$8,448,985	\$16,170,274	\$16,170,274

Operating expenses:

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Provision for bad debts	\$-	\$ 1,026	\$-	\$ 1,026
General and administrative	3,933,413	3,932,387	8,552,609	8,551,583
	\$3,933,413	\$3,933,413	\$8,552,609	\$8,552,609

Page 8

NETSOL TECHNOLOGIES, INC.

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2017

(UNAUDITED)

NOTE 2 – ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Use of Estimates

The preparation of consolidated financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. The areas requiring significant estimates are provision for doubtful accounts, provision for taxation, useful life of depreciable assets, useful life of intangible assets, contingencies, and estimated contract costs. The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Concentration of Credit Risk

Cash includes cash on hand and demand deposits in accounts maintained within the United States as well as in foreign countries. Certain financial instruments, which subject the Company to concentration of credit risk, consist of cash and restricted cash. The Company maintains balances at financial institutions which, from time to time, may exceed Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation insured limits for the banks located in the United States. Balances at financial institutions within certain foreign countries are not covered by insurance. As of December 31, 2017, and June 30, 2017, the Company had uninsured deposits related to cash deposits in accounts maintained within foreign entities of approximately \$8,463,863 and \$11,564,343, respectively. The Company has not experienced any losses in such accounts.

The Company's operations are carried out globally. Accordingly, the Company's business, financial condition and results of operations may be influenced by the political, economic and legal environments of each country and by the general state of the country's economy. The Company's operations in each foreign country are subject to specific considerations and significant risks not typically associated with companies in economically developed nations. These

include risks associated with, among others, the political, economic and legal environments and foreign currency exchange. The Company's results may be adversely affected by changes in governmental policies with respect to laws and regulations, anti-inflationary measures, currency conversion and remittance abroad, and rates and methods of taxation, among other things.

Fair Value of Financial Instruments

The Company applies the provisions of ASC 820-10, "*Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures*." ASC 820-10 defines fair value, and establishes a three-level valuation hierarchy for disclosures of fair value measurement that enhances disclosure requirements for fair value measures. For certain financial instruments, including cash and cash equivalents, restricted cash, accounts receivable, accounts payable and short-term debt, the carrying amounts approximate fair value due to their relatively short maturities. The carrying amounts of the long-term debt approximate their fair values based on current interest rates for instruments with similar characteristics.

The three levels of valuation hierarchy are defined as follows:

Level 1: Valuations consist of unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets and liabilities and has the highest priority.

Level 2: Valuations rely on quoted prices in markets that are not active or observable inputs over the full term of the asset or liability.

Level 3: Valuations are based on prices or third party or internal valuation models that require inputs that are significant to the fair value measurement and are less observable and thus have the lowest priority.

NETSOL TECHNOLOGIES, INC.**NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS****DECEMBER 31, 2017****(UNAUDITED)**

The Company's financial assets that are measured at fair value on a recurring basis as of December 31, 2017, are as follows:

	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total Assets
Revenue in excess of billing - long term	\$ -	\$ -	\$6,668,854	\$6,668,854
Total	\$ -	\$ -	\$6,668,854	\$6,668,854

The Company's financial assets that were measured at fair value on a recurring basis as of June 30, 2017, were as follows:

	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total Assets
Revenue in excess of billing - long term	\$ -	\$ -	\$5,173,538	\$5,173,538
Total	\$ -	\$ -	\$5,173,538	\$5,173,538

The reconciliation from June 30, 2017 to December 31, 2017 is as follows:

	Revenue in excess of billing - long term	Fair value discount	Total
Balance at June 30, 2017	\$5,483,869	\$(310,331)	\$5,173,538
Additions	1,469,379	\$(85,057)	1,384,322
Amortization during the period	-	110,994	110,994
Balance at December 31, 2017	\$6,953,248	\$(284,394)	\$6,668,854

The Company applied the discounted cash flow method to calculate the fair value and used NetSol PK's weighted average borrowing rate, ranging from 3.93% to 4.43%.

Management analyzes all financial instruments with features of both liabilities and equity under ASC 480, "*Distinguishing Liabilities From Equity*" and ASC 815, "*Derivatives and Hedging*." Derivative liabilities are adjusted to reflect fair value at each period end, with any increase or decrease in the fair value being recorded in results of operations as adjustments to fair value of derivatives. The effects of interactions between embedded derivatives are calculated and accounted for in arriving at the overall fair value of the financial instruments. In addition, the fair values of freestanding derivative instruments such as warrant and option derivatives are valued using the Black-Scholes model.

New Accounting Pronouncements

Recent Accounting Standards Adopted by the Company:

In November 2015, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued ASU 2015-17, *Balance Sheet Classification of Deferred Taxes* (ASU 2015-17), which changes how deferred taxes are classified on the balance sheet and is effective for financial statements issued for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2016, with early adoption permitted. ASU 2015-17 requires all deferred tax assets and liabilities to be classified as non-current. The adoption of this guidance did not have a material impact on the Company's results of operations, financial position or disclosures.

In March 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-09, *Improvements to Employee Share-Based Payment Accounting*. The guidance simplifies accounting for share-based payments, most notably by requiring all excess tax benefits and tax deficiencies to be recorded as income tax benefits or expense in the income statement and by allowing entities to recognize forfeitures of awards when they occur. This new guidance is effective for annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2016 and may be adopted prospectively or retroactively. The adoption of this guidance did not have a material impact on the Company's results of operations, financial position or disclosures.

NETSOL TECHNOLOGIES, INC.

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2017

(UNAUDITED)

Accounting Standards Recently Issued but Not Yet Adopted by the Company:

In May 2014, the (“FASB”) issued Accounting Standards Update (“ASU”) 2014-09, *Revenue from Contracts with Customers*, which provides a single comprehensive model for entities to use in accounting for revenue arising from contracts with customers and will supersede most current revenue recognition guidance. The standard’s core principle is that a company will recognize revenue when it transfers promised goods or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration to which the company expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services. In August 2015, the FASB deferred the effective date of the new revenue standard by one year, which will make it effective for the Company in the first quarter of its fiscal year ending June 30, 2019. The Company is currently in the process of evaluating the impact of adoption of this ASU on its consolidated financial statements.

In January 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-01, *Recognition and Measurement of Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities* (ASU 2016-01), which requires equity investments that are not accounted for under the equity method of accounting to be measured at fair value with changes recognized in net income and updates certain presentation and disclosure requirements. ASU 2016-01 is effective beginning after December 15, 2017. The adoption of this guidance is not expected to have a material impact on the Company’s results of operations, financial position or disclosures.

In February 2016, the FASB issued ASU No. 2016-02, *Leases*, which requires lessees to recognize right-of-use assets and lease liabilities, for all leases, with the exception of short-term leases, at the commencement date of each lease. This ASU requires lessees to apply a dual approach, classifying leases as either finance or operating leases based on the principle of whether or not the lease is effectively a financed purchase by the lessee. This classification will determine whether lease expense is recognized based on an effective interest method or on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease. This ASU is effective for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2018 and interim periods within those annual periods. Early adoption is permitted. The amendments of this update should be applied using a modified retrospective approach, which requires lessees and lessors to recognize and measure leases at the beginning of the earliest period presented. The Company is currently evaluating the impact of the adoption of this standard on its consolidated financial statements.

In August 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-15, *Clarification of Certain Cash Receipts and Cash Payments*, which eliminates the diversity in practice related to the classification of certain cash receipts and payments in the statement of cash flows, by adding or clarifying guidance on eight specific cash flow issues. This guidance is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2017, including interim periods within those fiscal years, with early adoption permitted. The amendments in this update should be applied retrospectively to all periods presented, unless deemed impracticable, in which case, prospective application is permitted. The adoption of this guidance is not expected to have a material impact on the Company's results of operations, financial position or disclosures.

On November 17, 2016, the FASB issued Accounting Standards Update No. 2016-18, *Statement of Cash Flows (Topic 230): Restricted Cash*. It is intended to reduce diversity in the presentation of restricted cash and restricted cash equivalents in the statement of cash flows. The new standard requires that restricted cash and restricted cash equivalents be included as components of total cash and cash equivalents as presented on the statement of cash flows. As a result, entities will no longer present transfers between cash and cash equivalents and restricted cash and restricted cash equivalents in the statement of cash flows. ASU 2016-18 is effective for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2017, including interim periods within those fiscal years. Earlier adoption is permitted. The Company maintains restricted cash balances and will show restricted cash as part of cash and restricted cash equivalents in the statement of cash flows.

In January 2017, the FASB issued ASU No. 2017-01, *Clarifying the Definition of a Business*, which clarifies and provides a more robust framework to use in determining when a set of assets and activities is a business. The amendments in this update should be applied prospectively on or after the effective date. This update is effective for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2017, and interim periods within those periods. Early adoption is permitted for acquisition or deconsolidation transactions occurring before the issuance date or effective date and only when the transactions have not been reported in issued or made available for issuance financial statements. The Company does not expect the adoption to have any significant impact on its Consolidated Financial Statements.

In January 2017, the FASB issued ASU No. 2017-04, *Simplifying the Test for Goodwill Impairment*. Under the new standard, goodwill impairment would be measured as the amount by which a reporting unit's carrying value exceeds its fair value, not to exceed the carrying value of goodwill. This ASU eliminates existing guidance that requires an entity to determine goodwill impairment by calculating the implied fair value of goodwill by hypothetically assigning the fair value of a reporting unit to all of its assets and liabilities as if that reporting unit had been acquired in a business combination. This update is effective for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2019, and interim periods within those periods. Early adoption is permitted for interim or annual goodwill impairment test performed on testing dates after January 1, 2017. The Company will apply this guidance to applicable impairment tests after the adoption date.

NETSOL TECHNOLOGIES, INC.

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2017

(UNAUDITED)

In May 2017, the FASB issued ASU 2017-09, *Compensation-Stock Compensation (Topic 718): Scope of Modification Accounting*, which clarifies when changes to the terms or conditions of a share-based payment award must be accounted for as modifications. The new guidance will reduce diversity in practice and result in fewer changes to the terms of an award being accounted for as a modification. The standard is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2017, including interim periods within those fiscal years. The new standard will be effective prospectively for the Company for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2018. Early adoption is permitted. The Company is currently evaluating the impact of the adoption of the new standard on its consolidated financial statements and related disclosures.

In July 2017, the FASB issued ASU No. 2017-11, *“Earnings Per Share (Topic 260); Distinguishing Liabilities from Equity (Topic 480); Derivatives and Hedging (Topic 815): (Part I) Accounting for Certain Financial Instruments with Down Round Features, (Part II) Replacement of the Indefinite Deferral for Mandatorily Redeemable Financial Instruments of Certain Nonpublic Entities and Certain Mandatorily Redeemable Noncontrolling Interests with a Scope Exception”*. The ASU was issued to address the complexity associated with applying generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) for certain financial instruments with characteristics of liabilities and equity. The ASU, among other things, eliminates the need to consider the effects of down round features when analyzing convertible debt, warrants and other financing instruments. As a result, a freestanding equity-linked financial instrument (or embedded conversion option) no longer would be accounted for as a derivative liability at fair value as a result of the existence of a down round feature. The amendments are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2018, and should be applied retrospectively. Early adoption is permitted, including adoption in an interim period. The Company is currently in the process of evaluating the impact of the adoption of this standard on its consolidated financial statements.

All other newly issued accounting pronouncements not yet effective have been deemed either immaterial or not applicable.

NOTE 3 – EARNINGS PER SHARE

Basic earnings per share are computed based on the weighted average number of shares of common stock outstanding during the period. Diluted earnings per share is computed based on the weighted average number of shares of common stock plus the effect of dilutive potential common shares outstanding during the period using the treasury stock method. Dilutive potential common shares include outstanding stock options, warrants, and stock awards.

NETSOL TECHNOLOGIES, INC.

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2017

(UNAUDITED)

The components of basic and diluted earnings per share were as follows:

	For the three months ended December 31, 2017			For the six months ended December 31, 2017		
	Net Income	Shares	Per Share	Net Income	Shares	Per Share
Basic income per share:						
Net income available to common shareholders	\$634,421	11,159,075	\$0.06	\$264,923	11,115,346	\$0.02
Effect of dilutive securities						
Stock options	-	12,468	-	-	12,468	-
Diluted income per share	\$634,421	11,171,543	\$0.06	\$264,923	11,127,814	\$0.02

	For the three months ended December 31, 2016			For the six months ended December 31, 2016		
	Net Loss	Shares	Per Share	Net Loss	Shares	Per Share
	Restated		Restated	Restated		Restated
Basic loss per share:						
Net loss available to common shareholders	\$(2,168,394)	10,877,446	\$(0.20)	\$(2,554,505)	10,783,685	\$(0.24)
Effect of dilutive securities						
Stock options	-	-	-	-	-	-
Diluted loss per share	\$(2,168,394)	10,877,446	\$(0.20)	\$(2,554,505)	10,783,685	\$(0.24)

The following potential dilutive shares were excluded from the shares used to calculate diluted earnings per share as their inclusion would be anti-dilutive.

For the Three Months Ended December 31, 2017	2016	For the Six Months Ended December 31, 2017	2016
--	------	--	------

Stock Options	-	480,133	-	480,133
Warrants	-	11,075	-	11,075
Share Grants	285,956	629,258	285,956	629,258
	285,956	1,120,466	285,956	1,120,466

NOTE 4 – OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME AND FOREIGN CURRENCY:

The accounts of NTE, VLSH and VLS use the British Pound; VLSIL and NTG use the Euro; NetSol PK, Connect, and NetSol Innovation use the Pakistan Rupee; NTPK Thailand and NetSol Thai use the Thai Baht; Australia uses the Australian dollar; and NetSol Beijing uses the Chinese Yuan as the functional currencies. NetSol Technologies, Inc., and its subsidiary, NTA, use the U.S. dollar as the functional currency. Assets and liabilities are translated at the exchange rate on the balance sheet date, and operating results are translated at the average exchange rate throughout the period. Accumulated translation losses classified as an item of accumulated other comprehensive loss in the stockholders' equity section of the consolidated balance sheet were \$20,276,030 and \$18,074,570 as of December 31, 2017 and June 30, 2017, respectively. During the three and six months ended December 31, 2017, comprehensive income (loss) in the consolidated statements of comprehensive income (loss) included a translation loss attributable to NetSol of \$1,612,881 and \$2,201,460, respectively. During the three and six months ended December 31, 2016, comprehensive income (loss) in the consolidated statements of operations included a translation loss of \$668,262 and translation income of \$102,099, respectively.

NETSOL TECHNOLOGIES, INC.

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2017

(UNAUDITED)

NOTE 5 – RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

NetSol-Innovation

In November 2004, the Company entered into a joint venture with Insurer, formerly *Innovation Group*, called NetSol-Innovation. NetSol-Innovation provides support services to Insurer. During the three and six months ended December 31, 2017, NetSol Innovation provided services of \$796,757 and \$1,928,513, respectively. During the three and six months ended December 31, 2016, NetSol-Innovation provided services of \$1,401,144 and \$2,956,619, respectively. Accounts receivable at December 31, 2017 and June 30, 2017 were \$2,429,771 and \$1,462,078, respectively.

Investec Asset Finance

In October 2011, NTE entered into an agreement with Investec Asset Finance to acquire VLS. NTE and VLS provide support services to Investec. During the three and six months ended December 31, 2017, NTE and VLS provided license, maintenance and services of \$442,699 and \$1,043,891, respectively. During the three and six months ended December 31, 2016, NTE and VLS provided license, maintenance and services of \$115,102 and \$851,787, respectively. Accounts receivable at December 31, 2017 and June 30, 2017 were \$113,310 and \$133,218, respectively.

WRLD3D

On May 31, 2017, Faizaan Ghauri, son of CEO Najeeb Ghauri, and an employee of the Company was appointed CEO of WRLD3D, Inc. (“WRLD3D”) a non-public company. On March 2, 2016, the Company purchased a 4.9% interest in WRLD3D for \$1,111,111 and the Company’s subsidiary NetSol PK purchased a 12.2% investment in WRLD3D for \$2,777,778 which will be earned over future periods by providing IT and enterprise software solutions. See Note 7

and Note 11.

G-FORCE

Najeeb Ghauri, CEO and Chairman of the Board, and Naeem Ghauri, Director, have a financial interest in G-Force, LLC, which purchased a 4.9% investment in WRD3D, Inc. for \$1,111,111. See Note 11 "Other Long-Term Assets"

NOTE 6 – MAJOR CUSTOMERS

The Company is a strategic business partner for Daimler Financial Services (which consists of a group of many companies in different countries), which accounts for approximately 35.90% and 41.54% of revenue for the six months ended December 31, 2017 and 2016, respectively. The revenue from this customer is shown in the Asia – Pacific segment. Accounts receivable at December 31, 2017 and June 30, 2017, were \$12,761,829 and \$1,620,717, respectively. Revenue in excess of billing at December 31, 2017 was \$16,674,348, which included \$6,668,854 shown as long term. Revenue in excess of billing at June 30, 2017 was \$18,579,540, which included \$5,173,538 shown as long term.

On December 21, 2015, the Company entered into a 10-year contract with Daimler Financial Services to provide license, maintenance and services for 12 countries in the Asia Pacific Region. The implementation phase is expected to be over a five-year period with maintenance and support over 10 years. The contract is a fixed fee arrangement with total license and maintenance fees of approximately €71,000,000 (approximately \$85,054,591) with services to be separately agreed upon and billed as they are performed. The customer will make fixed annual payments of €5,850,000 (approximately \$7,008,019) for years 1-5 and €8,350,000 (approximately \$10,002,899) for years 6-10. Under the terms of the contract, the customer has the right to withdraw from certain modules and terminate the agreement as to certain countries based on good cause or business reasons prior to the beginning of implementation.

On, September 4, 2017, the Company amended the agreement which provided for an additional €7,700,000 (approximately \$9,277,108) to be earned over the remaining life of the contract. The amended agreement provides for €7,000,000 (approximately \$8,433,735) to be paid in the current fiscal year with €100,000 (approximately \$120,482) to be paid each year over the remaining seven years.

NETSOL TECHNOLOGIES, INC.

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2017

(UNAUDITED)

NOTE 7 – CONVERTIBLE NOTE RECEIVABLE – RELATED PARTY

The Company entered into an agreement with WRLD3D, whereby the Company was issued a Convertible Promissory Note (the “Convertible Note”) which was fully executed on May 25, 2017. The maximum principal amount of the Convertible Note is \$750,000, and as of December 31, 2017, the Company had disbursed the full amount. The Convertible Note bears interest at 5% per annum and all unpaid interest and principal is due and payable upon the Company’s request on or after February 1, 2018. The Convertible Note is convertible into Series BB Preferred shares at the lesser of (i) the price paid per share for the equity security by the investors in the qualified financing and (ii) \$0.6788 per share (adjusted for any stock dividends, combinations, splits, recapitalizations or the like with respect to WRLD3D’s Series BB Preferred Stock after the date of the Convertible Note). The Convertible Note is convertible upon the occurrence of the following events:

1. Upon a qualified financing which is an equity financing of at least \$2,000,000.
2. Optionally, upon an equity financing less than \$2,000,000.
3. Optionally after the maturity date.
4. Upon a change of control.

NOTE 8 - OTHER CURRENT ASSETS

Other current assets consisted of the following:

	As of December 31, 2017	As of June 30, 2017
Prepaid Expenses	\$660,417	\$597,687
Advance Income Tax	979,296	1,052,935
Employee Advances	114,147	128,100
Security Deposits	84,934	103,255
Other Receivables	648,237	252,590
Other Assets	332,152	329,319
Total	\$2,819,183	\$2,463,886

NOTE 9 – REVENUE IN EXCESS OF BILLINGS – LONG TERM

Revenue in excess of billings, net consisted of the following:

	As of December 31, 2017	As of June 30, 2017
Revenue in excess of billing - long term	\$6,953,248	\$5,483,869
Present value discount	(284,394)	(310,331)
Net Balance	\$6,668,854	\$5,173,538

Pursuant to revenue recognition for contract accounting, the Company has recorded revenue in excess of billings long-term for amounts billable after one year. During the three and six months ended December 31, 2017, the Company accreted \$59,272 and \$110, 994, respectively, which is recorded in interest income. The Company used the discounted cash flow method with interest rates ranging from 3.93% to 4.43%.

NETSOL TECHNOLOGIES, INC.**NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS****DECEMBER 31, 2017****(UNAUDITED)****NOTE 10 - PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT**

Property and equipment consisted of the following:

	As of December 31, 2017	As of June 30, 2017
Office Furniture and Equipment	\$3,908,883	\$3,755,710
Computer Equipment	25,788,684	26,693,730
Assets Under Capital Leases	1,522,708	1,965,650
Building	8,794,381	9,243,866
Land	2,299,047	2,428,626
Autos	1,287,043	1,270,339
Improvements	534,900	592,652
Subtotal	44,135,646	45,950,573
Accumulated Depreciation	(25,692,152)	(25,579,870)
Property and Equipment, Net	\$18,443,494	\$20,370,703

For the three and six months ended December 31, 2017, depreciation expense totaled \$707,668 and \$1,436,327, respectively. Of these amounts, \$484,883 and \$967,669, respectively, are reflected in cost of revenues. For the three and six months ended December 31, 2016, depreciation expense totaled \$902,678 and \$1,801,981, respectively. Of these amounts, \$631,193 and \$1,261,399, respectively, are reflected in cost of revenues.

Following is a summary of fixed assets held under capital leases as of December 31, 2017 and June 30, 2017:

	As of December 31, 2017	As of June 30, 2017
Computers and Other Equipment	\$236,518	\$309,863
Furniture and Fixtures	65,084	227,914
Vehicles	1,221,106	1,427,873
Total	1,522,708	1,965,650
Less: Accumulated Depreciation - Net	(568,087)	(711,622)
	\$954,621	\$1,254,028

NOTE 11 – OTHER LONG TERM ASSETS

	As of December 31, 2017	As of June 30, 2017
Investment	(1) \$3,389,801	\$3,057,020
Long Term Security Deposits	153,514	154,275
Total	\$3,543,315	\$3,211,295

(1) Investment in WRLD3D

On March 2, 2016, the Company purchased a 4.9% interest in WRLD3D, a non-public company, for \$1,111,111. The Company paid \$555,556 at the initial closing and \$555,555 on September 1, 2016. NetSol PK, the subsidiary of the Company, purchased a 12.2% investment in WRLD3D, for \$2,777,778 which will be earned over future periods by providing IT and enterprise software solutions. Per the agreement, NetSol PK is to provide a minimum of \$200,000 of services in each three-month period and the entire balance is required to be provided within three years of the date of the agreement. If NetSol PK fails to provide the future services, it may be required to forfeit the unearned shares back to WRLD3D. As of December 31, the investment earned by NetSol PK is \$2,549,587.

NETSOL TECHNOLOGIES, INC.

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2017

(UNAUDITED)

In connection with the investment, the Company and NetSol PK received a warrant to purchase preferred stock of WRLD3D which included the following key terms and features:

The warrants are exercisable into shares of the “Next Round Preferred”, only if and when the Next Round Preferred is issued by WRLD3D in a “Qualified Financing”.

The warrants expire on March 2, 2020.

“Next Round Preferred” is defined as occurring if WRLD3D’s preferred stock (or securities convertible into preferred stock) are issued in a Qualified Financing that occurs after March 2, 2016.

“Qualified Financing” is defined as financing with total proceeds of at least \$2 million.

The total number of common stock shares to be issued is equal to \$1,250,000 divided by the per share price of the Next Round Preferred.

The exercise price of the warrants is equal to the greater of

a) 70% of the per share price of the Next Round Preferred sold in a Qualified Financing, or

25,000,000 divided by the total number of shares of common stock outstanding immediately prior to the Qualified Financing (on a fully-diluted basis, excluding the number of common stock shares issuable upon the exercise of any given warrant).

The Company had originally accounted for the investment under the cost method. On May 31, 2017, the Company determined that it met the significant influence criteria since the newly appointed CEO of WRLD3D is the son of the CEO, Najeeb Ghauri, and also an employee of the Company; therefore, the Company changed the accounting treatment from the cost method to the equity method.

During the three and six months ended December 31, 2017, NetSol PK provided services valued at \$315,408 and \$583,708, respectively. During the three and six months ended December 31, 2016, NetSol PK provided services valued at \$300,963 and \$549,621, respectively. This revenue is recorded as services-related party. These services are recorded as accounts receivable until approved by WRLD3D after which the shares are released from restriction. Accounts receivable at December 31, 2017 and June 30, 2017 were \$39,322 and \$49,646, respectively. Revenue in excess of billing at December 31, 2017 and June 30, 2017 were \$107,562 and \$80,705, respectively. During the three and six months ended December 31, 2017, NetSol PK services valued at \$285,378 and \$553,678, respectively, were

released from restriction. During the three and six months ended December 31, 2016, NetSol PK services valued at \$300,963 and \$549,621, respectively, were released from restriction. Under the equity method of accounting, the Company recorded its share of net loss of \$203,336 and \$270,898 for the three and six months ended December 31, 2017, respectively.

NOTE 12 - INTANGIBLE ASSETS

Intangible assets consisted of the following:

	As of December 31, 2017	As of June 30, 2017
Product Licenses - Cost	\$47,244,997	\$47,244,997
Effect of Translation Adjustment	(4,850,984)	(3,134,488)
Accumulated Amortization	(27,583,408)	(27,067,358)
Net Balance	\$14,810,605	\$17,043,151

(A) Product Licenses

Product licenses include internally developed original license issues, renewals, enhancements, copyrights, trademarks, and trade names. Product licenses are amortized on a straight-line basis over their respective lives, and the unamortized amount of \$14,810,605 will be amortized over the next 5.5 years. Amortization expense for the three and six months ended December 31, 2017 was \$683,220 and \$1,373,547, respectively. Amortization expense for the three and six months ended December 31, 2016 was \$687,571 and \$1,388,237, respectively.

NETSOL TECHNOLOGIES, INC.

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2017

(UNAUDITED)

(B) Future Amortization

Estimated amortization expense of intangible assets over the next five years is as follows:

Year ended:

December 31, 2018	\$2,630,334
December 31, 2019	2,630,334
December 31, 2020	2,630,334
December 31, 2021	2,630,334
December 31, 2022	2,630,334
Thereafter	1,658,935
	\$14,810,605

NOTE 13 - ACCOUNTS PAYABLE AND ACCRUED EXPENSES

Accounts payable and accrued expenses consisted of the following:

	As of December 31, 2017	As of June 30, 2017
Accounts Payable	\$1,639,112	\$1,466,265
Accrued Liabilities	5,086,258	4,498,958
Accrued Payroll & Taxes	488,491	520,719
Taxes Payable	167,994	174,485
Other Payable	178,443	219,767
Total	\$7,560,298	\$6,880,194

NETSOL TECHNOLOGIES, INC.**NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS****DECEMBER 31, 2017****(UNAUDITED)****NOTE 14 – DEBTS**

Notes payable and capital leases consisted of the following:

Name	As of December 31, 2017		
	Total	Current Maturities	Long-Term Maturities
D&O Insurance	(1) \$105,023	\$105,023	\$ -
Bank Overdraft Facility	(2) -	-	-
Loan Payable Bank - Export Refinance	(3) 4,521,613	4,521,613	-
Loan Payable Bank - Running Finance	(4) 678,217	678,217	-
Loan Payable Bank - Export Refinance II	(5) 3,165,130	3,165,130	-
Loan Payable Bank - Running Finance II	(6) 1,356,484	1,356,484	-
	9,826,467	9,826,467	-
Subsidiary Capital Leases	(7) 557,516	306,633	250,883
	\$10,383,983	\$10,133,100	\$ 250,883

Name	As of June 30, 2017		
	Total	Current Maturities	Long-Term Maturities
D&O Insurance	(1) \$87,485	\$87,485	\$ -
Bank Overdraft Facility	(2) 221,379	221,379	-
Loan Payable Bank - Export Refinance	(3) 4,776,461	4,776,461	-
Loan Payable Bank - Export Refinance II	(5) 1,910,585	1,910,585	-
Loan Payable Bank - Running Finance II	(6) 2,865,877	2,865,877	-
	9,861,787	9,861,787	-
Subsidiary Capital Leases	(7) 727,770	361,008	366,762
	\$10,589,557	\$10,222,795	\$ 366,762

(1) The Company finances Directors' and Officers' ("D&O") liability insurance, Errors and Omissions ("E&O") liability insurance and some account payables, for which the D&O and E&O balances are renewed on an annual basis and, as such, are recorded in current maturities. The interest rate on these financings were ranging from 4.8% to 7.69% as of December 31, 2017 and June 30, 2017.

(2) The Company's subsidiary, NTE, has an overdraft facility with HSBC Bank plc whereby the bank would cover any overdrafts up to £300,000, or approximately \$405,405. The annual interest rate was 4.75% as of December 31, 2017. Total outstanding balance as of December 31, 2017 was £Nil. Interest expense for three and six months ended December 31, 2017, was \$5,991 and \$8,045, respectively. Interest expense for three and six months ended December 31, 2016, was \$nil.

This overdraft facility requires that the aggregate amount of invoiced trade debtors (net of provisions for bad and doubtful debts and excluding intra-group debtors) of NTE, not exceeding 90 days old, will not be less than an amount equal to 200% of the facility. As of December 31, 2017, NTE was in compliance with this covenant.

(3) The Company's subsidiary, NetSol PK, has an export refinance facility with Askari Bank Limited, secured by NetSol PK's assets. This is a revolving loan that matures every six months. Total facility amount is Rs. 500,000,000 or \$4,521,613 at December 31, 2017 and June 30, 2017. The interest rate for the loans was 3% at December 31, 2017 and June 30, 2017. Interest expense for the three and six months ended December 31, 2017 was \$35,533 and \$71,431, respectively. Interest expense for the three and six months ended December 31, 2016 was \$28,527 and \$57,592, respectively.

(4) The Company's subsidiary, NetSol PK, has a running finance facility with Askari Bank Limited, secured by NetSol PK's assets. Total facility amount is Rs. 75,000,000 or \$678,242, at December 31, 2017. NetSol PK used Rs. 74,997,233 or \$678,217, at December 31, 2017. The interest rate for the loans was 8.16% at December 31, 2017.

NETSOL TECHNOLOGIES, INC.

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2017

(UNAUDITED)

This facility requires NetSol PK to maintain a long-term debt equity ratio of 60:40 and the current ratio of 1:1. As of December 31, 2017, NetSol PK was in compliance with this covenant.

(5) The Company's subsidiary, NetSol PK, has an export refinance facility with Samba Bank Limited, secured by NetSol PK's assets. This is a revolving loan that matures every six months. Total facility amount is Rs. 350,000,000 or \$3,165,130 and Rs. 200,000,000 or \$1,910,585, at December 31, 2017 and June 30, 2017, respectively. The interest rate for the loans was 3% at December 31, 2017 and June 30, 2017. Interest expense for the three and six months ended December 31, 2017 was \$17,656 and \$39,778, respectively. Interest expense for three and six months ended December 31, 2016, was \$nil.

(6) The Company's subsidiary, NetSol PK, has a running finance facility with Samba Bank Limited, secured by NetSol PK's assets. Total facility amount is Rs. 150,000,000 or \$1,356,484 and Rs. 300,000,000 or \$2,865,877, at December 31, 2017 and June 30, 2017, respectively. The interest rate for the loans was 8.13% at December 31, 2017 and June 30, 2017, respectively. Interest expense for the three and six months ended December 31, 2017 was \$35,626 and \$79,721, respectively. Interest expense for three and six months ended December 31, 2016, was \$nil.

During the tenure of loan, the facilities from Samba Bank Limited require NetSol PK to maintain at a minimum a current ratio of 1:1, an interest coverage ratio of 4 times, a leverage ratio of 2 times, and a debt service coverage ratio of 4 times. As of December 31, 2017, NetSol PK was in compliance with these covenants.

(6) The Company leases various fixed assets under capital lease arrangements expiring in various years through 2022. The assets and liabilities under capital leases are recorded at the lower of the present value of the minimum lease payments or the fair value of the asset. The assets are secured by the assets themselves. Depreciation of assets under capital leases is included in depreciation expense for the three months ended December 31, 2017 and 2016.

Following is the aggregate minimum future lease payments under capital leases as of December 31, 2017:

	Amount
Minimum Lease Payments	
Due FYE 12/31/18	\$ 336,546
Due FYE 12/31/19	220,855
Due FYE 12/31/20	36,412
Due FYE 12/31/21	5,182
Due FYE 12/31/22	-
Total Minimum Lease Payments	598,995
Interest Expense relating to future periods	(41,479)
Present Value of minimum lease payments	557,516
Less: Current portion	(306,633)
Non-Current portion	\$250,883

NOTE 15 - STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

During the six months ended December 31, 2017, the Company issued 26,136 shares of common stock for services rendered by officers of the Company. These shares were valued at the fair market value of \$163,350.

During the six months ended December 31, 2017, the Company issued 9,699 shares of common stock for services rendered by the independent members of the Board of Directors as part of their board compensation. These shares were valued at the fair market value of \$55,080.

During the six months ended December 31, 2017, the Company issued 98,408 shares of its common stock to employees pursuant to the terms of their employment agreements valued at \$605,107.

NETSOL TECHNOLOGIES, INC.

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2017

(UNAUDITED)

During the six months ended December 31, 2017, the Company collected subscription receivable of \$76,511 related to the exercise of stock options in previous years.

During the six months ended December 31, 2017, the Company received \$138,800 pursuant to a stock option agreement for the exercise of 35,773 shares of common stock at a price of \$3.88 per share.

During the six months ended December 31, 2017, the Company paid \$601,020 to purchase 139,275 of shares of its common stock from the open market at an average price of \$4.32 per share.

NOTE 16 - INCENTIVE AND NON-STATUTORY STOCK OPTION PLAN

Common stock purchase options and warrants consisted of the following:

OPTIONS:

	# of shares	Weighted Ave Exercise Price	Weighted Average Remaining Contractual Life (in years)	Aggregated Intrinsic Value
Outstanding and exercisable, June 30, 2016	610,133	\$ 4.90	0.99	\$ 799,030
Granted	79,838	\$ 4.53		
Exercised	(84,838)	\$ 4.49		

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Expired / Cancelled	(130,000)	\$ 7.50		
Outstanding and exercisable, June 30, 2017	475,133	\$ 4.20	1.05	\$ 8,413
Granted	-	-		
Exercised	(35,773)	\$ 3.88		
Expired / Cancelled	(1,000)	\$ 16.00		
Outstanding and exercisable, December 31, 2017	438,360	\$ 4.20	0.57	\$ 319,465

The following table summarizes information about stock options and warrants outstanding and exercisable at December 31, 2017.

Exercise Price	Number Outstanding and Exercisable	Weighted Average Remaining Contractual Life	Weighted Ave Exercise Price
<u>OPTIONS:</u>			
\$ 3.88	384,898	0.49	\$ 3.88
\$ 6.50	53,462	1.10	\$ 6.50
Totals	438,360	0.57	\$ 4.20

NETSOL TECHNOLOGIES, INC.**NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS****DECEMBER 31, 2017****(UNAUDITED)**

The following table summarizes stock grants awarded as compensation:

	# of shares	Weighted Average Grant Date Fair Value (\$)
Unvested, June 30, 2016	630,228	\$ 6.07
Granted	222,146	\$ 5.92
Forfeited / Cancelled	(5,000)	\$ 5.55
Vested	(427,175)	\$ 5.90
Unvested, June 30, 2017	420,199	\$ 6.07
Vested	(134,243)	\$ 6.13
Unvested, December 31, 2017	285,956	\$ 6.18

For the three and six months ended December 31, 2017, the Company recorded compensation expense of \$405,721 and \$833,530, respectively. For the three and six months ended December 31, 2016, the Company recorded compensation expense of \$682,640 and \$1,547,579, respectively. The compensation expense related to the unvested stock grants as of December 31, 2017 was \$1,731,908 which will be recognized during the fiscal years 2018 through 2022.

NOTE 17 – TAXES**U.S. Tax Reform**

On December 22, 2017, the U.S. government enacted comprehensive tax legislation commonly referred to as the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act (the “Tax Act”). The Tax Act significantly revises the future ongoing U.S. corporate income tax by, among other things, lowering U. S. corporate income tax rates and implementing a territorial tax system. As the Company has a June 30 fiscal year-end, the lower corporate income tax rate will be phased in, resulting in a U.S.

statutory federal rate of approximately 28% for our fiscal year ending June 30, 2018, and 21% for subsequent fiscal years.

There are also certain transitional impacts of the Tax Act. As part of the transition to the new territorial tax system, the Tax Act imposes a one-time repatriation tax on deemed repatriation of historical earnings of foreign subsidiaries. As of December 31, 2017, the provisional undistributed earnings of foreign subsidiaries were \$22.8 million which the Company anticipates being able to offset fully with net operating loss carry forwards. In addition, the modified territorial tax system includes a new anti-deferral provision, referred to as global intangible low taxed income (“GILTI”), which subjects certain foreign income to current U.S. tax.

The changes included in the Tax Act are broad and complex. The final transition impacts of the Tax Act may differ from the above estimate, possibly materially, due to, among other things, changes in interpretations of the Tax Act, any legislative action to address questions that arise because of the Tax Act, any changes in accounting standards for income taxes or related interpretations in response to the Tax Act, or any updates or changes to estimates the company has utilized to calculate the transition impacts, including impacts from changes to current year earnings estimates and foreign exchange rates of foreign subsidiaries.

In December 2017, the Securities and Exchange Commission (“SEC”) issued Staff Accounting Bulletin No. 118, “Income Tax Accounting Implications of the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act” (“SAB 118”), which provides guidance on accounting for the tax effects of the Tax Reform Act. Under SAB 118, companies are able to record a reasonable estimate of the impacts of the Tax Reform Act if one is able to be determined and report it as a provisional amount during the measurement period. The measurement period is not to extend beyond one year from the enactment date. Impacts of the Tax Reform Act that a company is not able to make a reasonable estimate for should not be recorded until a reasonable estimate can be made during the measurement period.

We currently anticipate finalizing and recording any resulting adjustments by the end of our current fiscal year ending June 30, 2018.

NETSOL TECHNOLOGIES, INC.

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2017

(UNAUDITED)

NOTE 18 – CONTINGENCIES

On April 7, 2017, Conister Bank Limited filed a complaint in the High Court of Justice Chancery Division, as claim no. HC-2017-001045 against our subsidiary, Virtual Lease Services Limited (“VLS”). The complaint alleges that VLS was in willful default of their agreements with Conister Bank Limited by failing to fulfill its obligations under the agreements with Conister. The complaint alleges damages in excess of £200,000 (approximately \$270,270). VLS has responded to the complaint and its expenses are currently covered by available insurance. VLS denies all claims and intends to vigorously defend the action.

NOTE 19 – OPERATING SEGMENTS

The Company has identified three segments for its products and services; North America, Europe and Asia-Pacific. Our reportable segments are business units located in different global regions. Each business unit provides similar products and services; license fees for leasing and asset-based software, related maintenance fees, and implementation and IT consulting services. Separate management of each segment is required because each business unit is subject to different operational issues and strategies due to their particular regional location. The Company accounts for intra-company sales and expenses as if the sales or expenses were to third parties and eliminates them in the consolidation.

The following table presents a summary of identifiable assets as of December 31, 2017 and June 30, 2017:

	As of December 31, 2017	As of June 30, 2017
Identifiable assets:		
Corporate headquarters	\$3,308,334	\$2,922,514
North America	5,513,464	6,717,366

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Europe	6,590,233	6,056,514
Asia - Pacific	89,125,306	83,980,936
Consolidated	\$104,537,337	\$99,677,330

The following table presents a summary of investment under equity method as of December 31, 2017 and June 30, 2017:

	As of December 31, 2017	As of June 30, 2017
Investment in WRLD3D:		
Corporate headquarters	\$1,033,486	\$1,111,111
Asia - Pacific	2,356,315	1,945,909
Consolidated	\$3,389,801	\$3,057,020

NETSOL TECHNOLOGIES, INC.**NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS****DECEMBER 31, 2017****(UNAUDITED)**

The following table presents a summary of operating information for the three and six months ended December 31:

	For the Three Months Ended December 31,		For the Six Months Ended December 31,	
	2017	2016 Restated	2017	2016 Restated
Revenues from unaffiliated customers:				
North America	\$ 1,287,638	\$ 1,513,997	\$ 2,135,710	\$ 3,355,428
Europe	1,661,213	1,298,037	3,109,037	1,888,578
Asia - Pacific	10,258,128	11,530,506	18,464,352	23,267,335
	13,206,979	14,342,540	23,709,099	28,511,341
Revenue from affiliated customers				
Europe	442,699	115,102	1,043,891	1,467,295
Asia - Pacific	796,757	1,401,144	2,512,221	2,956,619
	1,239,456	1,516,246	3,556,112	4,423,914
Consolidated	\$ 14,446,435	\$ 15,858,786	\$ 27,265,211	\$ 32,935,255
Intercompany revenue				
Europe	\$ 139,228	\$ 95,053	\$ 241,703	\$ 231,180
Asia - Pacific	768,431	1,462,603	1,145,368	1,922,554
Eliminated	\$ 907,659	\$ 1,557,656	\$ 1,387,071	\$ 2,153,734
Net income (loss) after taxes and before non-controlling interest:				
Corporate headquarters	\$(1,258,717)	\$(1,190,559)	\$(2,296,641)	\$(2,179,432)
North America	65,194	(71,134)	(230,452)	(266,817)
Europe	180,655	(698,364)	280,045	(1,293,771)
Asia - Pacific	2,674,870	583,327	3,727,785	2,746,393
Consolidated	\$ 1,662,002	\$(1,376,730)	\$ 1,480,737	\$(993,627)

The following table presents a summary of capital expenditures for the six months ended December 31:

	For the Six Months Ended December 31,	
	2017	2016
Capital expenditures:		
North America	\$-	\$41,275
Europe	123,335	273,794
Asia - Pacific	419,788	759,247
Consolidated	\$543,123	\$1,074,316

Page 24

NETSOL TECHNOLOGIES, INC.**NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS****DECEMBER 31, 2017****(UNAUDITED)****NOTE 20 – NON-CONTROLLING INTEREST IN SUBSIDIARY**

The Company had non-controlling interests in several of its subsidiaries. The balance of non-controlling interest was as follows:

SUBSIDIARY	Non-Controlling Interest %	Non-Controlling Interest at December 31, 2017
NetSol PK	33.83	% \$ 12,386,620
NetSol-Innovation	49.90	% 1,749,551
VLS, VLSH & VLSIL Combined	49.00	% 407,132
NetSol Thai	0.006	% (79)
Total		\$ 14,543,224

SUBSIDIARY	Non-Controlling Interest %	Non-Controlling Interest at June 30, 2017
NetSol PK	33.80	% \$ 12,887,938
NetSol-Innovation	49.90	% 1,599,734
VLS, VLHS & VLSIL Combined	49.00	% 311,502
NetSol Thai	0.006	% (92)
Total		\$ 14,799,082

NetSol PK

During the six months ended December 31, 2017, employees of NetSol PK exercised 50,000 of options of common stock pursuant to employees exercising stock options and NetSol PK received cash of \$7,755 resulting in an increase in non-controlling interest from 33.80% to 33.83%.

During the six months ended December 31, 2017, NetSol PK paid a cash dividend of \$1,234,991.

NOTE 21 – RESTATEMENT OF PREVIOUSLY ISSUED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

During the preparation of the Company's Form 10-Q for the nine months ended March 31, 2017, misstatements were identified in the previous financial statements relating to the recording of revenue in the proper period. The restated financial statements for the periods affected were disclosed in Note 19 of the Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statement contained in the Company's Form 10-Q for the nine months ended March 31, 2017.

On December 21, 2015, the Company signed a 10-year contract for a 12-country installation of its NFS Ascent product which included a perpetual license, continued maintenance on the existing product and then maintenance on NFS Ascent upon installation. The Company did not appropriately apply the percentage-of-completion method for this arrangement in accordance with ASC 605-35. As a result, for quarter ended September 30, 2016, license revenue was understated by \$1,953,935 and for the quarter ended December 31, 2016, license revenue was overstated by \$1,580,529.

The Company charges maintenance revenue on the license value plus any additional customization that the customer may require. For one customer, the Company did not increase the maintenance fee for the additional customization that was performed during the year. This resulted in an understatement of maintenance revenue of \$120,976 for the quarter ended September 30, 2016 and an overstatement of maintenance revenue of \$198,797 for the quarter ended December 31, 2016.

The following tables present the restated financial statements for the three and six months ended December 31, 2016.

NETSOL TECHNOLOGIES, INC.

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2017

(UNAUDITED)

Balance Sheet			
As of December 31, 2016			
	As Originally Presented	Amount of Restatement	As Restated
ASSETS			
Current assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$9,505,383		\$9,505,383
Accounts receivable, net of allowance of \$495,760 and \$492,498	5,840,490		5,840,490
Accounts receivable, net - related party	4,303,380		4,303,380
Revenues in excess of billings	17,646,488	373,406	18,019,894
Revenues in excess of billings - related party	469,030		469,030
Other current assets	2,904,650		2,904,650
Total current assets	40,669,421	373,406	41,042,827
Restricted cash	90,000		90,000
Property and equipment, net	21,873,277		21,873,277
Other assets	2,054,938		2,054,938
Intangible assets, net	18,423,439		18,423,439
Goodwill	9,516,568		9,516,568
Total assets	\$92,627,643	\$ 373,406	\$93,001,049
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY			
Current liabilities:			
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$7,373,097		\$7,373,097
Current portion of loans and obligations under capitalized leases	4,368,930		4,368,930
Unearned revenues	2,806,804	77,821	2,884,625
Common stock to be issued	88,324		88,324
Total current liabilities	14,637,155	77,821	14,714,976
Long term loans and obligations under capitalized leases; less current maturities	501,554		501,554
Total liabilities	15,138,709	77,821	15,216,530
Commitments and contingencies			
Stockholders' equity:			
Preferred stock, \$.01 par value; 500,000 shares authorized;	-	-	-
Common stock, \$.01 par value; 14,500,000 shares authorized; 10,993,054 shares issued and 10,958,275 outstanding as of December 31, 2016 and 10,713,372 shares issued and 10,686,093 outstanding as	109,931		109,931

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of June 30, 2016

Additional paid-in-capital	123,019,215		123,019,215
Treasury stock (34,779 shares and 27,279 shares)	(454,310)		(454,310)
Accumulated deficit	(40,074,755)	196,890	(39,877,865)
Stock subscription receivable	(450,220)		(450,220)
Other comprehensive loss	(18,628,395)		(18,628,395)
Total NetSol stockholders' equity	63,521,466	196,890	63,718,356
Non-controlling interest	13,967,468	98,695	14,066,163
Total stockholders' equity	77,488,934	295,585	77,784,519
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$92,627,643	\$373,406	\$93,001,049

Page 26

NETSOL TECHNOLOGIES, INC.

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2017

(UNAUDITED)

	For the Three Months Ended December 31, 2016			For the Six Months Ended December 31, 2016		
	As Originally Presented	Amount of Restatement	As Restated	As Originally Presented	Amount of Restatement	As Restated
Net Revenues:						
License fees	\$5,350,086	\$(1,580,529)	\$3,769,557	\$8,849,946	\$373,406	\$9,223,352
Maintenance fees	3,787,696	(198,797)	3,588,899	7,190,517	(77,821)	7,112,696
Services	6,984,084		6,984,084	12,790,801		12,790,801
License fees - related party	-		-	246,957		246,957
Maintenance fees - related party	51,345		51,345	181,976		181,976
Services - related party	1,464,901		1,464,901	3,379,473		3,379,473
Total net revenues	17,638,112	(1,779,326)	15,858,786	32,639,670	295,585	32,935,255
Cost of revenues:						
Salaries and consultants	5,979,804		5,979,804	11,873,153		11,873,153
Travel	836,240		836,240	1,548,135		1,548,135
Depreciation and amortization	1,318,764		1,318,764	2,649,636		2,649,636
Other	1,065,727		1,065,727	2,038,065		2,038,065
Total cost of revenues	9,200,535	-	9,200,535	18,108,989	-	18,108,989
Gross profit	8,437,577	(1,779,326)	6,658,251	14,530,681	295,585	14,826,266
Operating expenses:						
Selling and marketing	2,713,478		2,713,478	5,057,516		5,057,516
Depreciation and amortization	271,485		271,485	540,582		540,582
General and administrative	3,933,413		3,933,413	8,552,609		8,552,609
Research and development cost	91,607		91,607	184,539		184,539
Total operating expenses	7,009,983	-	7,009,983	14,335,246	-	14,335,246
Income (loss) from operations	1,427,594	(1,779,326)	(351,732)	195,435	295,585	491,020

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Other income and (expenses)

Loss on sale of assets	(32,339)	(32,339)	(34,742)	(34,742)
Interest expense	(62,127)	(62,127)	(116,602)	(116,602)
Interest income	23,416	23,416	53,856	53,856
Loss on foreign currency exchange transactions	(621,887)	(621,887)	(1,036,783)	(1,036,783)
Other income	6,823	6,823	28,383	28,383
Total other income (expenses)	(686,114) -	(686,114)	(1,105,888) -	(1,105,888)

Net income (loss) before income taxes	741,480	(1,779,326)	(1,037,846)	(910,453)	295,585	(614,868)
Income tax provision	(338,884)		(338,884)	(378,759)		(378,759)
Net income (loss) from continuing operations	402,596	(1,779,326)	(1,376,730)	(1,289,212)	295,585	(993,627)
Non-controlling interest	(1,388,272)	596,608	(791,664)	(1,462,183)	(98,695)	(1,560,878)
Net income (loss) attributable to NetSol	\$ (985,676)	\$ (1,182,718)	\$ (2,168,394)	\$ (2,751,395)	\$ 196,890	\$ (2,554,505)

Net income (loss) per share:

Net income (loss) per common share

Basic	\$ (0.09)	\$ (0.11)	\$ (0.20)	\$ (0.26)	\$ 0.03	\$ (0.24)
Diluted	\$ (0.09)	\$ (0.11)	\$ (0.20)	\$ (0.26)	\$ 0.03	\$ (0.24)

Weighted average number of shares outstanding

Basic	10,877,446	10,877,446	10,877,446	10,783,685	10,783,685	10,783,685
Diluted	10,877,446	10,877,446	10,877,446	10,783,685	10,783,685	10,783,685

NETSOL TECHNOLOGIES, INC.

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2017

(UNAUDITED)

	For the Three Months Ended December 31, 2016		
	As Originally Presented	Amount of Restatement	As Restated
Net income (loss)	\$ (985,676)	\$ (1,182,718)	\$ (2,168,394)
Other comprehensive income (loss):			
Translation adjustment	(944,837)	-	(944,837)
Comprehensive income (loss)	(1,930,513)	(1,182,718)	(3,113,231)
Comprehensive income (loss) attributable to non-controlling interest	(276,575)	-	(276,575)
Comprehensive income (loss) attributable to NetSol	\$ (1,653,938)	\$ (1,182,718)	\$ (2,836,656)

	For the Six Months Ended December 31, 2016		
	As Originally Presented	Amount of Restatement	As Restated
Net income (loss)	\$ (2,751,395)	\$ 262,469	\$ (2,488,926)
Other comprehensive income (loss):			
Translation adjustment	149,237	-	149,237
Comprehensive income (loss)	(2,602,158)	262,469	(2,339,689)
Comprehensive income (loss) attributable to non-controlling interest	47,138	-	47,138
Comprehensive income (loss) attributable to NetSol	\$ (2,649,296)	\$ 262,469	\$ (2,386,827)

NETSOL TECHNOLOGIES, INC.

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2017

(UNAUDITED)

	For the Six Months Ended December 31, 2016		
	As Originally Presented	Amount of Restatement	As Restated
Cash flows from operating activities:			
Net income (loss)	\$(1,289,212)	\$ 295,585	\$(993,627)
Adjustments to reconcile net income (loss) to net cash used in operating activities:			
Depreciation and amortization	3,190,218		3,190,218
Provision for bad debts	1,026		1,026
Loss on sale of assets	34,742		34,742
Stock issued for services	1,525,775		1,525,775
Fair market value of warrants and stock options granted	21,804		21,804
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:			
Accounts receivable	3,678,110		3,678,110
Accounts receivable - related party	829,285		829,285
Revenues in excess of billing	(7,219,089)	(373,406)	(7,592,495)
Revenues in excess of billing - related party	285,791		285,791
Other current assets	585,147		585,147
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	334,241		334,241
Unearned revenue	(1,908,440)	77,821	(1,830,619)
Net cash used in operating activities	69,398	-	69,398
Cash flows from investing activities:			
Purchases of property and equipment	(1,074,316)		(1,074,316)
Sales of property and equipment	181,087		181,087
Purchase of treasury stock	(38,885)		(38,885)
Investment	(705,555)		(705,555)
Net cash used in investing activities	(1,637,669)	-	(1,637,669)
Cash flows from financing activities:			
Proceeds from the exercise of stock options and warrants	429,452		429,452
Proceeds from exercise of subsidiary options	18,089		18,089
Dividend paid by subsidiary to Non controlling interest	(968,657)		(968,657)
Payments on capital lease obligations and loans - net	(69,998)		(69,998)
Net cash provided by financing activities	(591,114)	-	(591,114)

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Effect of exchange rate changes	107,241		107,241
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	(2,052,144)	-	(2,052,144)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of the period	11,557,527		11,557,527
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	\$9,505,383	\$ -	\$9,505,383

Page 29

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

The following discussion is intended to assist in an understanding of the Company's financial position and results of operations for the three and six months ended December 31, 2017. The following discussion should be read in conjunction with the information included within our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended June 30, 2017, and the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements and notes thereto included elsewhere in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q.

Forward-Looking Information

This report contains certain forward-looking statements and information relating to the Company that is based on the beliefs of its management as well as assumptions made by and information currently available to its management. When used in this report, the words "anticipate", "believe", "estimate", "expect", "intend", "plan", and similar expressions as they relate to the Company or its management, are intended to identify forward-looking statements. These statements reflect management's current view of the Company with respect to future events and are subject to certain risks, uncertainties and assumptions. Should any of these risks or uncertainties materialize, or should underlying assumptions prove incorrect, actual results may vary materially from those described in this report as anticipated, estimated or expected. The Company's realization of its business aims could be materially and adversely affected by any technical or other problems in, or difficulties with, planned funding and technologies, third party technologies which render the Company's technologies obsolete, the unavailability of required third party technology licenses on commercially reasonable terms, the loss of key research and development personnel, the inability or failure to recruit and retain qualified research and development personnel, or the adoption of technology standards which are different from technologies around which the Company's business ultimately is built. The Company does not intend to update these forward-looking statements.

Business Overview

NetSol Technologies, Inc. (NasdaqCM: NTWK) is a worldwide provider of IT and enterprise software solutions. We believe that our solutions constitute mission critical applications for clients, as they encapsulate end-to-end business processes, facilitating faster processing and increased transactions.

The Company's primary source of revenue is the licensing, customization, enhancement and maintenance of its suite of financial applications under the brand name NFSTM (NetSol Financial Suite) and NFS AscendTM for leading businesses in the global lease and finance industry.

NetSol's clients include Dow-Jones 30 Industrials and Fortune 500 manufacturers and financial institutions, global vehicle manufacturers, and enterprise technology providers, all of which are serviced by NetSol delivery locations around the globe.

Founded in 1997, NetSol is headquartered in Calabasas, California. While the Company follows a global strategy for sales and delivery of its portfolio of solutions and services, it continues to maintain regional offices in the following locations:

North America Los Angeles Area

Europe London Metropolitan area

Asia Pacific Lahore, Karachi, Bangkok, Beijing, Jakarta and Sydney

NetSol's offerings include its flagship global solution, NFS™. A robust suite of five software applications, it is an end-to-end solution for the lease and finance industry covering the complete leasing and financing cycle, starting from quotation origination through end of contract transactions. The five software applications under NFS™ have been designed and developed for a highly flexible setting and are capable of dealing with multinational, multi-company, multi-asset, multi-lingual, multi-distributor and multi-manufacturer environments. Each application is a complete system in itself and can be used independently to address specific sub-domains of the leasing/financing cycle. When used together, they fully automate the entire leasing/financing cycle for any size company, including those with multi-billion-dollar portfolios.

NFS Ascent™

NFS Ascent™ is the Company's next-generation platform, offering a technologically advanced solution for the auto and equipment finance and leasing industry. NFS Ascent's™ architecture and user interfaces were designed based on the Company's collective experience with global Fortune 500 companies over the past 30 years. The platform's framework allows auto captive and asset finance companies to rapidly transform legacy driven technology into a state-of-the-art IT and business process environment. At the core of the NFS Ascent™ platform is a lease accounting and contract processing engine, which allows for an array of interest calculation methods, as well as robust accounting of multibillion dollar lease portfolios under various generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), as well as international financial reporting standards (IFRS). NFS Ascent™, with its distributed and clustered deployment across parallel application and high-volume data servers, enables finance companies to process voluminous data in a hyper speed environment. NFS Ascent™ has been developed using the latest tools and technologies and its n-tier SOA architecture allows the system to greatly improve a myriad of areas including, but not limited to, scalability, performance, fault tolerance and security.

NFS Digital

NetSol launched NFS digital in 2014. It enables a sales force for the finance and leasing company across different channels such as point of sale, field investigation and auditing, and allows end customers to access their contract details through a self-service mobile application. NFS digital includes mAccount, mPOS, mDealer, mAuditor, and Mobile Field Investigator (mFI).

LeasePak

In North America, NTA has and continues to develop the LeasePak CMS product. LeasePak streamlines the lease management lifecycle, enabling superior lease and loan portfolio management, flexible financial products (lease or loan terms) and sophisticated financial analysis and management to reducing operating costs and improve profits. It is scalable from a basic offering to a collection of highly specialized add on modules for systems, portfolios and accrual methods for virtually all sizes and varying complexity of operations. It is part of the vehicle leasing infrastructure at leading Fortune 500 banks and manufacturers, as well as for some of the industry's leading independent lessors. It handles every aspect of the lease or loan lifecycle, including credit application origination, credit adjudication, pricing, documentation, booking, payments, customer service, collections, midterm adjustments, and end-of-term options and asset disposition. It is also integrated with important partners in the asset-finance ecosystem, such as Vertex Series O.

LeasePak-SaaS

NTA also offers the LeasePak Software-as-a-Service (“SaaS”) business line, which provides high performance with a reduced total cost of ownership. SaaS offers a proven deployment option whereby customers only require access to the internet to use the software. With an elastic cloud price, revenue stream predictability and improved return on investment for customers, management believes that its SaaS customers will experience the performance, the reliability and the speed usually associated with a highly scalable private cloud. LeasePak-SaaS targets small and mid-sized leasing and finance companies.

LeaseSoft

In addition to offering NFS Ascent™ to the European market, NTE has some regional offerings, including LeaseSoft and LoanSoft. LeaseSoft is a full lifecycle lease and finance system aimed predominantly at the UK funder market, including modules to support web portals and an electronic data interchange manager to facilitate integration between funders and introducers. LoanSoft is similar to LeaseSoft, but optimized for the consumer loan market.

Highlights

Listed below are a few of NetSol’s major successes achieved in the six months ended December 31, 2017:

We amended the 12 county NFS Ascent™ contract securing €7.7 million Euros (approximately \$9.3 million) in future revenues in addition to what was previously projected from the customer. The revenue will be recognized over the contract term as the support services are performed.

Pursuant to the 12 country NFS Ascent™ contract, we successfully implemented the Loan Origination System and the Wholesale Financial System in Thailand and Korea, respectively.

Pursuant to the 12 country NFS Ascent™ contract, we delivered the first major release of NFS Ascent™ to China.

An increase in software modification requests from some of our existing customers spread across the various regions contributed reasonably to the revenues for the quarter. A trend which is believed will be continued in the following quarters.

We signed a chargeable proof of concept agreement with one of the oldest and largest banks in Australia. The proof of concept project will add to our revenues and assist us in making further progress in the selection process for our NFS Ascent™ product.

Mizhou Balimore, a Japanese bank in Indonesia, went live with the first phase of its NFS Ascent™ digital solution. Our existing customer, an auto finance company of a leading bank in Indonesia, kicked off its leasing project. We believe that this is likely to help increase revenues in the following quarters of the current fiscal year. This kick off has further strengthened our relationship with this Indonesian business partner paving the way for further success in the market. Additionally, all the branches of the same business partner successfully went live with NFS Ascent™ during the first quarter of the current fiscal year culminating into a maturing and long-standing delivery commitment. NFS Ascent™ and Ascent Digital continue to generate interest across all major regions and industries as some significant new prospects have come through the pipeline, further strengthening projections and forecasts. Revenue could also be boosted as customization requests grow in addition to new business volume.

Our success, in the near term, will depend, in large part, on the Company's ability to continue to grow revenues and improve profits, adequately capitalize for growth in various markets and verticals, make progress in the North American and European markets and, continue to streamline sales and marketing efforts in every market we operate. However, management's outlook for the continuing operations, which has been consolidated and has been streamlined, remains optimistic.

Management has identified the following material trends affecting NetSol.

Positive trends:

Improving U.S. economy generally, and particularly auto and banking markets.

According to Automotive World December 2017 publication, global demand for light weight trucks is expected to reach an all-time high in 2018.

Total industry sales of more than 20 million vehicles annually by 2018, according to John Murphy, an analyst for Bank of America Merrill Lynch annual industry outlook.

Robust Chinese markets as asset based leasing and finance sector are far from maturity levels.

Latin American markets, primarily in Mexico, remain largely untapped.

Pakistan economy growth in gross domestic product reached 4.7% in 2016, according to the Pakistan Bureau of Statistics; and improved credit ratings by Bloomberg, S&P, Moody's and Forbes Pakistan security and geopolitical environment has improved.

China investment or CPEC (China Pakistan Economic Corridor) has exceeded \$50 billion from originally \$46 billion in Pakistan on energy and infrastructure projects.

New emerging markets and IT destinations in Thailand, Malaysia, Indonesia, China and Australia.

Continued interest from Fortune 500 multinational auto captives and global companies in NetSol Ascent™.

Continuing interest from existing clients in the NFS™ legacy systems in emerging and developing markets.
Growing demand and traction for upgrading to NFS Ascent™ by existing tier one auto captive clients.
Increased visits to NetSol PK by senior executives of existing clients and potential new customers.

Negative trends:

Continued Global terrorism and extremism threats in European countries.
Geopolitical unrest in the Middle East and potential terrorism and the disruption risk it creates.
Restricted liquidity and financial burden due to tighter internal processes and limited budgets might cause delays in the receivables from some clients.
The threats of conflict between in the Middle Eastern countries could potentially create volatility in oil prices, causing readjustments of corporate budgets and consumer spending slowing global auto sales.

CHANGES IN FINANCIAL CONDITION

Quarter Ended December 31, 2017 compared to December 31, 2016

The following table sets forth the items in our unaudited condensed consolidated statement of operations for the quarter ended December 31, 2017 and 2016 as a percentage of revenues.

	For the Three Months Ended December 31,		2016		
	2017	%	Restated		%
Net Revenues:					
License fees	\$235,932	1.63	% \$3,769,557	23.77	%
Maintenance fees	3,568,448	24.70	% 3,588,899	22.63	%
Services	9,087,191	62.90	% 6,619,158	41.74	%
License fees - related party	217,105	1.50	% -	0.00	%
Maintenance fees - related party	101,251	0.70	% 51,345	0.32	%
Services - related party	1,236,508	8.56	% 1,829,827	11.54	%
Total net revenues	14,446,435	100.00	% 15,858,786	100.00	%
Cost of revenues:					
Salaries and consultants	5,362,092	37.12	% 5,979,804	37.71	%
Travel	287,901	1.99	% 836,240	5.27	%
Depreciation and amortization	1,168,103	8.09	% 1,318,764	8.32	%
Other	939,986	6.51	% 1,065,727	6.72	%
Total cost of revenues	7,758,082	53.70	% 9,200,535	58.02	%
Gross profit	6,688,353	46.30	% 6,658,251	41.98	%
Operating expenses:					
Selling and marketing	1,932,140	13.37	% 2,713,478	17.11	%
Depreciation and amortization	222,785	1.54	% 271,485	1.71	%
Provision for bad debts	-	0.00	% 1,026	0.01	%
General and administrative	4,026,706	27.87	% 3,932,387	24.80	%
Research and development cost	189,891	1.31	% 91,607	0.58	%
Total operating expenses	6,371,522	44.10	% 7,009,983	44.20	%
Income (loss) from operations	316,831	2.19	% (351,732)	-2.22	%
Other income and (expenses)					
Loss on sale of assets	(8,939)	-0.06	% (32,339)	-0.20	%
Interest expense	(109,675)	-0.76	% (62,127)	-0.39	%

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Interest income	115,570	0.80	%	23,416	0.15	%
Gain (loss) on foreign currency exchange transactions	1,737,967	12.03	%	(621,887)	-3.92	%
Share of net loss from equity investment	(203,336)	-1.41	%	-	0.00	%
Other income	14,511	0.10	%	6,823	0.04	%
Total other income (expenses)	1,546,098	10.70	%	(686,114)	-4.33	%
Net income (loss) before income taxes	1,862,929	12.90	%	(1,037,846)	-6.54	%
Income tax provision	(200,927)	-1.39	%	(338,884)	-2.14	%
Net income (loss)	1,662,002	11.50	%	(1,376,730)	-8.68	%
Non-controlling interest	(1,027,581)	-7.11	%	(791,664)	-4.99	%
Net income (loss) attributable to NetSol	\$634,421	4.39	%	\$(2,168,394)	-13.67	%

Page 33

A significant portion of our business is conducted in currencies other than the U.S. dollar. We operate in several geographical regions as described in Note 19 “Operating Segments” within the Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements. Weakening of the value of the U.S. dollar compared to foreign currency exchange rates generally has the effect of increasing our revenues but also increasing our expenses denominated in currencies other than the U.S. dollar. Similarly, strengthening of the U.S. dollar compared to foreign currency exchange rates generally has the effect of reducing our revenues but also reducing our expenses denominated in currencies other than the U.S. dollar. We plan our business accordingly by deploying additional resources to areas of expansion, while continuing to monitor our overall expenditures given the economic uncertainties of our target markets. In order to provide a framework for assessing how our underlying businesses performed excluding the effect of foreign currency fluctuations, we compare the changes in results from one period to another period using constant currency. In order to calculate our constant currency results, we apply the current period results to the prior period foreign currency exchange rates. In the table below, we present the change based on actual results in reported currency and in constant currency.

	For the Three Months Ended December 31,				Favorable (Unfavorable) Change in Constant Currency	Favorable (Unfavorable) Change due to Currency Fluctuation	Total Favorable (Unfavorable) Change as Reported
	2017	%	2016 Restated	%			
Net Revenues:	14,446,435	100.00 %	15,858,786	100.00 %	(1,506,082)	93,731	(1,412,351)
Cost of revenues:	7,758,082	53.70 %	9,200,535	58.02 %	1,473,242	(30,789)	1,442,453
Gross profit	6,688,353	46.30 %	6,658,251	41.98 %	(32,840)	62,942	30,102
Operating expenses:	6,371,522	44.10 %	7,009,983	44.20 %	730,914	(92,453)	638,461
Income (loss) from operations	316,831	2.19 %	(351,732)	-2.22 %	698,074	(29,511)	668,563

Net revenues for the quarter ended December 31, 2017 and 2016 are broken out among the segments as follows:

	2017			2016		
	Revenue	%		Revenue Restated	%	
North America	\$1,287,638	8.91 %		\$1,513,997	9.55 %	
Europe	2,103,912	14.56 %		1,413,139	8.91 %	
Asia-Pacific	11,054,885	76.52 %		12,931,650	81.54 %	
Total	\$14,446,435	100.00 %		\$15,858,786	100.00 %	

Revenues

License fees

License fees for the three months ended December 31, 2017 were \$235,932 compared to \$3,769,557 for the three months ended December 31, 2016 reflecting a decrease of \$3,533,625 with a change in constant currency of \$3,556,109. The decrease in license revenue for the fiscal three months ended December 31, 2017 compared to 2016 is primarily due to the decrease of license revenue recognized for the 12 country NFS Ascent™ contract. During the current quarter, we had license revenues through sales of our regional offerings in the U.S. and the U.K.

License fees – related party

License fees from related party for the three months ended December 31, 2017 were \$217,105 compared to \$Nil for the three months ended December 31, 2016 reflecting an increase of \$217,105 with a change in constant currency of \$210,400.

Maintenance fees

Maintenance fees for the three months ended December 31, 2017 were \$3,568,448 compared to \$3,588,899 for the three months ended December 31, 2016 reflecting a decrease of \$20,451 with a change in constant currency of \$51,595. Maintenance fees begin once a customer has “gone live” with our product. The decrease was due to some customers not renewing their maintenance agreements. We anticipate maintenance fees to gradually increase as we implement both our NFS legacy product and NFS Ascent™.

Maintenance fees – related party

Maintenance fees from related party for the three months ended December 31, 2017 were \$101,251 compared to \$51,345 for the three months ended December 31, 2016 reflecting an increase of \$49,906 with a change in constant currency of \$44,670. The decrease was due to the fluctuation in usage of active users.

Services

Services income for the three months ended December 31, 2017 was \$9,087,191 compared to \$6,619,158 for the three months ended December 31, 2016 reflecting an increase of \$2,468,033 with a change in constant currency of \$2,451,053. The services revenue increase was due to an increase in services revenue associated with new implementations and change requests. Services revenue is derived from services provided to both current customers as well as services provided to new customers as part of the implementation process.

Services – related party

Services income from related party for the three months ended December 31, 2017 was \$1,236,508 compared to \$1,829,827 for the three months ended December 31, 2016 reflecting a decrease of \$593,319 with a change in constant currency of \$604,501. The decrease in related party service revenue is due to a decrease in revenue from our joint venture with linsurer.

Gross Profit

The gross profit was \$6,688,353, for the three months ended December 31, 2017 as compared with \$6,658,251 for the three months ended December 31, 2016. This is an increase of \$30,102 with a decrease in constant currency of \$32,840. The gross profit percentage for the three months ended December 31, 2017 increased to 46.30% from 41.98% for the three months ended December 31, 2016. The cost of sales was \$7,758,082 for the three months ended December 31, 2017 compared to \$9,200,535 for the three months ended December 31, 2016 for a decrease of \$1,442,453 and on a constant currency basis a decrease of \$1,473,242. As a percentage of sales, cost of sales decreased from 58.02% for the three months ended December 31, 2016 to 53.70% for the three months ended December 31, 2017.

Salaries and consultant fees decreased by \$617,712 from \$5,979,804 for the three months ended December 31, 2016 to \$5,362,092 for the three months ended December 31, 2017 and on a constant currency basis decreased \$629,888. The decrease in salaries and consultant fees is due to the right sizing of technical employees at key locations including Pakistan, Thailand, China, UK and North America. As a percentage of sales, salaries and consultant expense decreased from 37.71% for the three months ended December 31, 2016 to 37.12% for the three months ended December 31, 2017.

Depreciation and amortization expense decreased to \$1,168,103 compared to \$1,318,764 for the three months ended December 31, 2016 or a decrease of \$150,661 and on a constant currency basis a decrease of \$143,439. Depreciation and amortization expense decreased as some products became fully amortized.

Operating Expenses

Operating expenses were \$6,371,522 for the three months ended December 31, 2017 compared to \$7,009,983, for the three months ended December 31, 2016 for a decrease of 9.11% or \$638,461 and on a constant currency basis a decrease of 10.43% or \$730,914. As a percentage of sales, it decreased from 44.2% to 44.1%. The decrease in operating expenses was primarily due to decreases in selling and marketing expenses, salaries and wages, and depreciation.

Selling and marketing expenses decreased by \$781,338 or 28.79% and on a constant currency basis a decrease of \$816,557 or 30.09%. The decrease in selling and marketing expenses is due to reduction in staff, decrease in our salaries and commissions, travel expenses, and business development costs to market and sell NFS Ascent™ globally.

General and administrative expenses were \$4,026,706 for the three months ended December 31, 2017 compared to \$3,933,413 at December 31, 2016 or an increase of \$93,293 or 2.37% and on a constant currency basis an increase of \$42,545 or 1.08%. During the three months ended December 31, 2017, salaries decreased by approximately \$155,400 or \$174,016 on a constant currency basis due to the decrease in the number of employees, minimal annual raises, less share grants and options, offset by an increase in professional services of approximately \$73,308 or \$69,760 on a constant currency basis and other general and administrative expenses of approximately \$176,411 or \$147,827 on a constant currency basis.

Income/Loss from Operations

Income from operations was \$316,831 for the three months ended December 31, 2017 compared to loss of \$351,732 for the three months ended December 31, 2016. This represents an increase of \$668,563 with an increase of \$698,074 on a constant currency basis for the three months ended December 31, 2017 compared with the three months ended December 31, 2016. As a percentage of sales, income from operations was 2.19% for the three months ended December 31, 2017 compared to a loss of 2.22% for the three months ended December 31, 2016.

Other income and expense

Other income was \$1,546,098 for the three months ended December 31, 2017 compared with a loss of \$686,114 for the three months ended December 31, 2016. This represents an increase of \$2,232,212 with an increase of \$2,243,765 on a constant currency basis. The increase is primarily due to the foreign currency exchange transactions. The

majority of the contracts with NetSol PK are either in U.S. dollars or Euros; therefore, the currency fluctuations will lead to foreign currency exchange gains or losses depending on the value of the Pakistan Rupee ("PKR") compared to the U.S. dollar and the Euro. In December 2017, Pakistan's central bank withdrew its support of the PKR, which caused the PKR to drop in value. During the three months ended December 31, 2017, we recognized a gain of \$1,737,967 in foreign currency exchange transactions compared to a loss of \$621,887 for the three months ended December 31, 2016. During the three months ended December 31, 2017, the value of the U.S. dollar and the Euro increased 4.30% and 5.76%, respectively, compared to the PKR. During the three months ended December 31, 2016, the value of the U.S. dollar increased 1.08% and the Euro decreased 5.14% compared to the PKR.

Non-controlling Interest

For the three months ended December 31, 2017 and 2016, the net income attributable to non-controlling interest was \$1,027,581 and \$791,664, respectively. The increase in non-controlling interest is primarily due to the increase in net income of NetSol PK offset by a decrease in net income of NetSol Innovation.

Net Income / Loss attributable to NetSol

Net income was \$634,421 for the three months ended December 31, 2017 compared to a loss of \$2,168,394 for the three months ended December 31, 2016. This is an increase of \$2,802,815 with an increase of \$2,843,590 on a constant currency basis, compared to the prior year. For the three months ended December 31, 2017, net income per share was \$0.06 for basic and diluted shares compared to a loss of \$0.20 for basic and diluted shares for the three months ended December 31, 2016.

Six Months Ended December 31, 2017 compared to December 31, 2016

The following table sets forth the items in our unaudited condensed consolidated statement of operations for the six months ended December 31, 2017 and 2016 as a percentage of revenues.

	For the Six Months Ended December 31,			2016		
	2017	%		Restated	%	
Net Revenues:						
License fees	\$561,998	2.06	%	\$9,223,352	28.00	%
Maintenance fees	7,042,173	25.83	%	7,112,696	21.60	%
Services	16,104,928	59.07	%	12,175,293	36.97	%
License fees - related party	261,513	0.96	%	246,957	0.75	%
Maintenance fees - related party	204,214	0.75	%	181,976	0.55	%
Services - related party	3,090,385	11.33	%	3,994,981	12.13	%
Total net revenues	27,265,211	100.00	%	32,935,255	100.00	%
Cost of revenues:						
Salaries and consultants	10,826,252	39.71	%	11,873,153	36.05	%
Travel	801,013	2.94	%	1,548,135	4.70	%
Depreciation and amortization	2,341,216	8.59	%	2,649,636	8.04	%
Other	1,796,568	6.59	%	2,038,065	6.19	%
Total cost of revenues	15,765,049	57.82	%	18,108,989	54.98	%
Gross profit	11,500,162	42.18	%	14,826,266	45.02	%
Operating expenses:						
Selling and marketing	3,643,436	13.36	%	5,057,516	15.36	%
Depreciation and amortization	468,658	1.72	%	540,582	1.64	%
Provision for bad debts	-	0.00	%	1,026	0.00	%
General and administrative	7,814,264	28.66	%	8,551,583	25.96	%
Research and development cost	374,976	1.38	%	184,539	0.56	%
Total operating expenses	12,301,334	45.12	%	14,335,246	43.53	%
Income (loss) from operations	(801,172)	-2.94	%	491,020	1.49	%
Other income and (expenses)						
Loss on sale of assets	(16,069)	-0.06	%	(34,742)	-0.11	%
Interest expense	(227,746)	-0.84	%	(116,602)	-0.35	%
Interest income	252,481	0.93	%	53,856	0.16	%
Gain (loss) on foreign currency exchange transactions	2,754,329	10.10	%	(1,036,783)	-3.15	%
Share of net loss from equity investment	(270,898)	-0.99	%	-	0.00	%
Other income	15,610	0.06	%	28,383	0.09	%
Total other income (expenses)	2,507,707	9.20	%	(1,105,888)	-3.36	%

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Net income (loss) before income taxes	1,706,535	6.26	%	(614,868)	-1.87	%
Income tax provision	(225,798)	-0.83	%	(378,759)	-1.15	%
Net income (loss)	1,480,737	5.43	%	(993,627)	-3.02	%
Non-controlling interest	(1,215,814)	-4.46	%	(1,560,878)	-4.74	%
Net income (loss) attributable to NetSol	\$264,923	0.97	%	\$(2,554,505)	-7.76	%

Page 37

A significant portion of our business is conducted in currencies other than the U.S. dollar. We operate in several geographical regions as described in Note 19 “Operating Segments” within the Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements. Weakening of the value of the U.S. dollar compared to foreign currency exchange rates generally has the effect of increasing our revenues but also increasing our expenses denominated in currencies other than the U.S. dollar. Similarly, strengthening of the U.S. dollar compared to foreign currency exchange rates generally has the effect of reducing our revenues but also reducing our expenses denominated in currencies other than the U.S. dollar. We plan our business accordingly by deploying additional resources to areas of expansion, while continuing to monitor our overall expenditures given the economic uncertainties of our target markets. In order to provide a framework for assessing how our underlying businesses performed excluding the effect of foreign currency fluctuations, we compare the changes in results from one period to another period using constant currency. In order to calculate our constant currency results, we apply the current period results to the prior period foreign currency exchange rates. In the table below, we present the change based on actual results in reported currency and in constant currency.

	For the Six Months Ended December 31,				Favorable (Unfavorable) Change in Constant Currency	Favorable (Unfavorable) Change due to Currency Fluctuation	Total Favorable (Unfavorable) Change as Reported
	2017	%	2016 Restated	%			
Net Revenues:	27,265,211	100.00 %	32,935,255	100.00 %	(5,650,244)	(19,800)	(5,670,044)
Cost of revenues:	15,765,049	57.82 %	18,108,989	54.98 %	2,269,770	74,170	2,343,940
Gross profit	11,500,162	42.18 %	14,826,266	45.02 %	(3,380,474)	54,370	(3,326,104)
Operating expenses:	12,301,334	45.12 %	14,335,246	43.53 %	2,097,944	(64,032)	2,033,912
Income (loss) from operations	(801,172)	-2.94 %	491,020	1.49 %	(1,282,530)	(9,662)	(1,292,192)

Net revenues for the six months ended December 31, 2017 and 2016 are broken out among the segments as follows:

	2017			2016	
	Revenue	%		Revenue Restated	%
North America	\$2,135,710	7.83 %		\$3,355,428	10.19 %
Europe	4,152,928	15.23 %		3,355,873	10.19 %
Asia-Pacific	20,976,573	76.94 %		26,223,954	79.62 %
Total	\$27,265,211	100.00 %		\$32,935,255	100.00 %

Revenues

License fees

License fees for the six months ended December 31, 2017 were \$561,998 compared to \$9,223,352 for the six months ended December 31, 2016 reflecting a decrease of \$8,661,354 with a change in constant currency of \$8,683,204. The decrease in license revenue for the fiscal six months ended December 31, 2017 compared to 2016 is primarily due to the decrease of license revenue recognized for the 12 country NFS Ascent™ contract. During the current quarter, we had license revenues through sales of our regional offerings in the U.S. and the U.K.

License fees – related party

License fees from related party for the six months ended December 31, 2017 were \$261,513 compared to \$246,957 for the six months ended December 31, 2016 reflecting an increase of \$14,556 with a change in constant currency of \$7,851.

Maintenance fees

Maintenance fees for the six months ended December 31, 2017 were \$7,042,173 compared to \$7,112,696 for the six months ended December 31, 2016 reflecting a decrease of \$70,523 with a change in constant currency of \$80,252. Maintenance fees begin once a customer has “gone live” with our product. The decrease was due to some customers not renewing their maintenance agreements. We anticipate maintenance fees to gradually increase as we implement both our NFS legacy product and NFS Ascent™.

Maintenance fees – related party

Maintenance fees from related party for the six months ended December 31, 2017 were \$204,214 compared to \$181,976 for the six months ended December 31, 2016 reflecting an increase of \$22,238 with a change in constant currency of \$17,002. The increase was due to the fluctuation in usage of active users.

Services

Services income for the six months ended December 31, 2017 was \$16,104,928 compared to \$12,175,293 for the six months ended December 31, 2016 reflecting an increase of \$3,929,635 with a change in constant currency of \$3,987,343. The services revenue increase was due to an increase in services revenue associated with new implementations and change requests. Services revenue is derived from services provided to both current customers as well as services provided to new customers as part of the implementation process.

Services – related party

Services income from related party for the six months ended December 31, 2017 was \$3,090,385 compared to \$3,994,981 for the six months ended December 31, 2016 reflecting a decrease of \$904,596 with a change in constant currency of \$898,984. The decrease in related party service revenue is due to a decrease in revenue from our joint venture with the company, linsurer.

Gross Profit

The gross profit was \$11,500,162, for the six months ended December 31, 2017 as compared with \$14,826,266 for the six months ended December 31, 2016. This is a decrease of \$3,326,104 with a change in constant currency of \$3,380,474. The gross profit percentage for the six months ended December 31, 2017 decreased to 42.18% from 45.02% for the six months ended December 31, 2016. The cost of sales was \$15,765,049 for the six months ended December 31, 2017 compared to \$18,108,989 for the six months ended December 31, 2016 for a decrease of \$2,343,940 and on a constant currency basis a decrease of \$2,269,770. As a percentage of sales, cost of sales increased from 54.98% for the six months ended December 31, 2016 to 57.82% for the six months ended December 31, 2017.

Salaries and consultant fees decreased by \$1,046,901 from \$11,873,153 for the six months ended December 31, 2016 to \$10,826,252 for the six months ended December 31, 2017 and on a constant currency basis decreased \$972,201. The decrease in salaries and consultant fees is due to the right sizing of technical employees at key locations including Pakistan, Thailand, China, UK and North America. As a percentage of sales, salaries and consultant expense increased from 36.05% for the six months ended December 31, 2016 to 39.71% for the six months ended December 31, 2017.

Depreciation and amortization expense decreased to \$2,341,216 compared to \$2,649,636 for the six months ended December 31, 2016 or a decrease of \$308,420 and on a constant currency basis a decrease of \$283,783. Depreciation and amortization expense decreased as some products became fully amortized.

Operating Expenses

Operating expenses were \$12,301,334 for the six months ended December 31, 2017 compared to \$14,335,246, for the six months ended December 31, 2016 for a decrease of 14.19% or \$2,033,912 and on a constant currency basis a decrease of 14.63% or \$2,097,944. As a percentage of sales, it increased from 43.53% to 45.12%. The decrease in operating expenses was primarily due to decreases in selling and marketing expenses, salaries and wages and depreciation.

Selling and marketing expenses decreased by \$1,414,080 or 27.96% and on a constant currency basis a decrease of \$1,445,637 or 28.58%. The decrease in selling and marketing expenses is due to reduction in staff, decrease in our salaries and commissions, travel expenses, and business development costs to market and sell NFS Ascent™ globally.

General and administrative expenses were \$7,814,264 for the six months ended December 31, 2017 compared to \$8,552,609 at December 31, 2016 or a decrease of \$738,345 or 8.63% and on a constant currency basis an increase of \$768,732 or 8.99%. During the six months ended December 31, 2017, salaries decreased by approximately \$1,052,356 or \$1,043,147 on a constant currency basis due to the decrease in the number of employees, minimal annual raises, less share grants and options, offset by an increase in other general and administrative expenses of approximately \$249,382 or \$213,461 on a constant currency basis and professional services approximately \$65,655 or \$61,980 on constant currency bases.

Loss from Operations

Loss from operations was \$801,172 for the six months ended December 31, 2017 compared to income of \$491,020 for the six months ended December 31, 2016. This represents a decrease of \$1,292,192 with a decrease of \$1,282,530 on a constant currency basis for the six months ended December 31, 2017 compared with the six months ended December 31, 2016. As a percentage of sales, loss from operations was 2.94% for the six months ended December 31, 2017 compared to income of 1.49% for the six months ended December 31, 2016.

Other Income and Expense

Other income was \$2,507,707 for the six months ended December 31, 2017 compared with a loss of \$1,105,888 for the six months ended December 31, 2016. This represents an increase of \$3,613,595 with an increase of \$3,641,001 on a constant currency basis. The increase is primarily due to the foreign currency exchange transactions. The

majority of the contracts with NetSol PK are either in U.S. dollars or Euros; therefore, the currency fluctuations will lead to foreign currency exchange gains or losses depending on the value of the PKR compared to the U.S. dollar and the Euro. In December 2017, Pakistan's central bank withdrew its support of the PKR, which caused the PKR to drop in value. During the six months ended December 31, 2017, we recognized a gain of \$2,754,329 in foreign currency exchange transactions compared to a loss of \$1,036,783 for the six months ended December 31, 2017. During the six months ended December 31, 2017, the value of the U.S. dollar and the Euro increased 5.63% and 10.77%, respectively, compared to the PKR. During the six months ended December 31, 2016, the value of the U.S. dollar and the Euro decreased 0.69% and 5.93%, respectively, compared to the PKR.

Non-controlling Interest

For the six months ended December 31, 2017 and 2016, the net income attributable to non-controlling interest was \$1,215,814 and \$1,560,878, respectively. The decrease in non-controlling interest is primarily due to the decrease in net income of NetSol Innovation.

Net Income / Loss attributable to NetSol

Net income was \$264,923 for the six months ended December 31, 2017 compared to a loss of \$2,554,505 for the six months ended December 31, 2016. This is an increase of \$2,819,428 with an increase of \$2,851,849 on a constant currency basis, compared to the prior year. For the six months ended December 31, 2017, net income per share was \$0.02 for basic and diluted shares compared to a loss of \$0.24 for basic and diluted shares for the six months ended December 31, 2016.

Non-GAAP Financial Measures

Regulation S-K Item 10(e), "Use of Non-GAAP Financial Measures in Commission Filings," defines and prescribes the conditions for use of non-GAAP financial information. Our measures of adjusted EBITDA and adjusted EBITDA per basic and diluted share meet the definition of a non-GAAP financial measure.

We define the non-GAAP measures as follows:

EBITDA is GAAP net income or loss before net interest expense, income tax expense, depreciation and amortization.

Non-GAAP adjusted EBITDA is EBITDA less stock-based compensation expense.

Adjusted EBITDA per basic and diluted share – Adjusted EBITDA allocated to common stock divided by the weighted average shares outstanding and diluted shares outstanding.

We use non-GAAP measures internally to evaluate the business and believe that presenting non-GAAP measures provides useful information to investors regarding the underlying business trends and performance of our ongoing operations as well as useful metrics for monitoring our performance and evaluating it against industry peers. The non-GAAP financial measures presented should be used in addition to, and in conjunction with, results presented in accordance with GAAP, and should not be relied upon to the exclusion of GAAP financial measures. Management strongly encourages investors to review our consolidated financial statements in their entirety and not to rely on any single financial measure in evaluating the Company.

The non-GAAP measures reflect adjustments based on the following items:

EBITDA: We report EBITDA as a non-GAAP metric by excluding the effect of net interest expense, income tax expense, depreciation and amortization from net income or loss because doing so makes internal comparisons to our historical operating results more consistent. In addition, we believe providing an EBITDA calculation is a more useful comparison of our operating results to the operating results of our peers.

Stock-based compensation expense: We have excluded the effect of stock-based compensation expense from the non-GAAP adjusted EBITDA and non-GAAP adjusted EBITDA per basic and diluted share calculations. Although stock-based compensation expense is calculated in accordance with current GAAP and constitutes an ongoing and recurring expense, such expense is excluded from non-GAAP results because it is not an expense which generally requires cash settlement by NetSol, and therefore is not used by us to assess the profitability of our operations. We also believe the exclusion of stock-based compensation expense provides a more useful comparison of our operating results to the operating results of our peers.

Non-controlling interest: We add back the non-controlling interest in calculating gross adjusted EBITDA and then subtract out the income taxes, depreciation and amortization and net interest expense attributable to the non-controlling interest to arrive at a net adjusted EBITDA.

Our reconciliation of the non-GAAP financial measures of adjusted EBITDA and non-GAAP earnings per basic and diluted share to the most comparable GAAP measures for the three and six months ended December 31, 2017 and 2016 are as follows:

		Three Months		Six Months
	Three Months	Ended	Six Months	Ended
	Ended	December 31, 2016	Ended	December 31, 2016
	December 31, 2017	Restated	December 31, 2017	Restated
Net Income (loss) before preferred dividend, per GAAP	\$634,421	\$(2,168,394)	\$264,923	\$(2,554,505)
Non-controlling interest	1,027,581	791,664	1,215,814	1,560,878
Income taxes	200,927	338,884	225,798	378,759
Depreciation and amortization	1,390,888	1,590,249	2,809,874	3,190,218
Interest expense	109,675	62,127	227,746	116,602
Interest (income)	(115,570)	(23,416)	(252,481)	(53,856)
EBITDA	\$3,247,922	\$591,114	\$4,491,674	\$2,638,096
Add back:				
Non-cash stock-based compensation	405,721	660,319	833,530	1,547,579
Adjusted EBITDA, gross	\$3,653,643	\$1,251,433	\$5,325,204	\$4,185,675
Less non-controlling interest (a)	(1,562,303)	(1,550,729)	(2,264,167)	(3,183,972)
Adjusted EBITDA, net	\$2,091,340	\$(299,296)	\$3,061,037	\$1,001,703
Weighted Average number of shares outstanding				
Basic	11,159,075	10,877,446	11,115,346	10,783,685
Diluted	11,171,543	10,877,446	11,127,814	10,939,177
Basic adjusted EBITDA	\$0.19	\$(0.03)	\$0.28	\$0.09
Diluted adjusted EBITDA	\$0.19	\$(0.03)	\$0.28	\$0.09

(a)The reconciliation of adjusted EBITDA of non-controlling interest to net income attributable to non-controlling interest is as follows

Net Income attributable to non-controlling interest	\$1,027,581	\$791,664	\$1,215,814	\$1,560,878
Income Taxes	29,945	23,907	40,423	37,781
Depreciation and amortization	465,138	730,672	932,320	1,556,538
Interest expense	34,463	12,991	73,535	31,333
Interest (income)	(36,918)	(34,947)	(82,075)	(51,397)
EBITDA	\$1,520,209	\$1,524,287	\$2,180,017	\$3,135,133
Add back:				
Non-cash stock-based compensation	42,094	26,442	84,150	48,839
Adjusted EBITDA of non-controlling interest	\$1,562,303	\$1,550,729	\$2,264,167	\$3,183,972

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

Our cash position was \$10,004,650 at December 31, 2017, compared to \$14,172,954 at June 30, 2017.

Net cash used in operating activities was \$2,054,989 for the six months ended December 31, 2017 compared to net cash provided by operating activities of \$69,398 for the six months ended December 31, 2016. At December 31, 2017, we had current assets of \$51,464,501 and current liabilities of \$27,864,068. We had accounts receivable of \$21,689,080 at December 31, 2017 compared to \$8,228,141 at June 30, 2017. The increase in accounts receivable includes \$8,433,735 due to billing for the code split per the amended DFS contract of which approximately \$4,216,737 was received in January 2018. We had revenues in excess of billings of \$22,870,442 at December 31, 2017 compared to \$24,380,632 at June 30, 2017 of which \$6,668,854 and \$5,173,538 is shown as long term as of December 31, 2017 and June 30, 2017, respectively. The long-term portion is discounted by \$284,394 and \$310,331 at December 31, 2017 and June 30, 2017, respectively, using the discounted cash flow method with interest rates ranging from 3.93% to 4.43% which is NetSol PK's weighted average borrowing rate. During the six months ended December 31, 2017, our revenues in excess of billings were reclassified to accounts receivable pursuant to billing requirements detailed in each contract. The combined totals for accounts receivable and revenues in excess of billings increased by \$11,950,749 from \$32,608,773 at June 30, 2017 to \$44,559,522 at December 31, 2017. The increase is due to recognition of revenue according to progress of contracts and billing for the amended DFS contract. Accounts payable and accrued expenses, and current portions of loans and lease obligations amounted to \$7,560,298 and \$10,133,100, respectively at December 31, 2017. Accounts payable and accrued expenses, and current portions of loans and lease obligations amounted to \$6,880,194 and \$10,222,795, respectively at June 30, 2017.

The average days sales outstanding for the six months ended December 31, 2017 and 2016 were 260 and 145 days, respectively, for each period. The days sales outstanding have been calculated by taking into consideration the average combined balances of accounts receivable and revenue in excess of billings.

Net cash used in investing activities was \$899,882 for the six months ended December 31, 2017, compared to \$1,598,784 for the six months ended December 31, 2016. We had purchases of property and equipment of \$543,123 compared to \$1,074,316 for the comparable period last fiscal year. For the six months ended December 31, 2017, we invested \$500,000 in a short-term convertible note receivable from WRLD3D. For the six months ended December 31, 2017, we invested \$50,000 in WRLD3D compared to \$705,555 for the six months ended December 31, 2016.

Net cash used in financing activities was \$449,164, compared to \$629,999 for the six months ended December 31, 2017, and 2016, respectively. The six months ended December 31, 2017 included the cash inflow of \$215,311 from the exercising of stock options and warrants compared to \$429,452 for the same period last year. During the six months ended December 31, 2017, we purchased 139,275 shares of our common stock from the open market for \$601,020 compared to 7,500 shares of common stock for \$38,885 for the same period last year. During the six months ended December 31, 2017, we had net payments for bank loans and capital leases of \$361,814 compared to \$69,998 for the six months ended December 31, 2016. We are operating in various geographical regions of the world through our various subsidiaries. Those subsidiaries have financial arrangements from various financial institutions to meet both their short and long-term funding requirements. These loans will become due at different maturity dates as described in Note 14 of the financial statements. We are in compliance with the covenants of the financial arrangements and there is no default, which may lead to early payment of these obligations. We anticipate paying back all these obligations on their respective due dates from its own sources.

We typically fund the cash requirements for our operations in the U.S. through our license, services, and maintenance agreements, intercompany charges for corporate services, and through the exercise of options and warrants. As of December 31, 2017, we had approximately \$10 million of cash, cash equivalents and marketable securities of which approximately \$8.46 million is held by our foreign subsidiaries. As of June 30, 2017, we had approximately \$14.17 million of cash, cash equivalents and marketable securities of which approximately \$11.56 million is held by our foreign subsidiaries. The Tax Act, which was passed on December 22, 2017, imposes a one-time repatriation tax on deemed repatriation of historical earnings of foreign subsidiaries. As of December 31, 2017, the provisional undistributed earnings of foreign subsidiaries were \$22.8 million which we anticipate being able to offset fully with net operating loss carry forwards.

We remain open to strategic relationships that would provide value added benefits. The focus will remain on continuously improving cash reserves internally and reduced reliance on external capital raise.

As a growing company, we have on-going capital expenditure needs based on our short term and long-term business plans. Although our requirements for capital expenses vary from time to time, for the next 12 months, we anticipate needing \$2 million for APAC, U.S. and Europe new business development activities and infrastructure enhancements, which we expect to provide from current operations.

While there is no guarantee that any of these methods will result in raising sufficient funds to meet our capital needs or that even if available will be on terms acceptable to us, we will be very cautious and prudent about any new capital raise given the global market uncertainties. However, we are very conscious of the dilutive effect and price pressures in raising equity-based capital.

Financial Covenants

Our UK based subsidiary, NTE, has an approved overdraft facility of £300,000 (\$405,405) which requires that the aggregate amount of invoiced trade debtors (net of provisions for bad and doubtful debts and excluding intra-group debtors) of NTE, not exceeding 90 days old, will not be less than an amount equal to 200% of the facility. The Pakistani subsidiary, NetSol PK has an approved facility for export refinance from Askari Bank Limited amounting to Rupees 500 million (\$4,521,613) and a running finance facility of Rupees 75 million (\$678,217) which requires NetSol PK to maintain a long-term debt equity ratio of 60:40 and the current ratio of 1:1. NetSol PK also has an approved export refinance facility of Rs. 350 million (\$3,165,130) and a running finance facility of Rs. 150 million (\$1,356,484) from Samba Bank Limited. During the tenure of loan, these two facilities require NetSol PK to maintain at a minimum a current ratio of 1:1, an interest coverage ratio of 4 times, a leverage ratio of 2 times, and a debt service coverage ratio of 4 times.

As of the date of this report, we are in compliance with the financial covenants associated with our borrowings. The maturity dates of the borrowings of respective subsidiaries may accelerate if they do not comply with these covenants. In case of any change in control in subsidiaries, they may have to repay their respective credit facilities.

CRITICAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Our financial statements and accompanying notes are prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States (“U.S. GAAP”). Preparing financial statements requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenue, and expenses. These estimates and assumptions are affected by management’s application of accounting policies. Critical accounting policies for us include revenue recognition and multiple element arrangements, intangible assets, software development costs, and goodwill.

REVENUE RECOGNITION

The Company derives revenues from the following sources: (1) software licenses, (2) services, which include implementation and consulting services, and (3) maintenance, which includes post contract support.

The Company recognizes revenue from license contracts without major customization when a non-cancelable, non-contingent license agreement has been signed, delivery of the software has occurred, the fee is fixed or determinable, and collectability is probable. Delivery is considered to have occurred upon electronic transfer of the license key that provides immediate availability of the product to the purchaser. Determining whether and when some of these criteria have been satisfied often involves assumptions and judgments that can have a significant impact on the timing and amount of revenue the Company reports.

If an arrangement does not qualify for separate accounting of the software license and consulting transactions, then new software license revenue is generally recognized together with the consulting services based on contract accounting using either the percentage-of-completion or completed contract method. Contract accounting is applied to any arrangements: (1) that include milestones or customer specific acceptance criteria that may affect collection of the software license fees; (2) where services include significant modification or customization of the software; (3) where significant consulting services are provided for in the software license contract without additional charge or are substantially discounted; or (4) where the software license payment is tied to the performance of consulting services.

Revenue from consulting services is recognized as the services are performed for time-and-materials contracts. Revenue from training and development services is recognized as the services are performed.

Revenue from maintenance agreements is recognized ratably over the term of the maintenance agreement, typically one year.

Multiple Element Arrangements

The Company may enter into multiple element revenue arrangements in which a customer may purchase a number of different combinations of software licenses, consulting services, maintenance and support, as well as training and development.

Vendor specific objective evidence (“VSOE”) of fair value for each element is based on the price for which the element is sold separately. The Company determines the VSOE of fair value of each element based on historical evidence of the Company’s stand-alone sales of these elements to third-parties or from the stated renewal rate for the elements contained in the initial software license arrangement. When VSOE of fair value does not exist for any undelivered element, revenue is deferred until the earlier of the point at which such VSOE of fair value exists or until all elements of the arrangement have been delivered. The only exception to this guidance is when the only undelivered element is maintenance and support or other services, then the entire arrangement fee is recognized ratably over the performance period.

INTANGIBLE ASSETS

Intangible assets consist of product licenses, renewals, enhancements, copyrights, trademarks, trade names, and customer lists. Intangible assets with finite lives are amortized over the estimated useful life and are evaluated for impairment at least on an annual basis and whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value may not be recoverable. We assess recoverability by determining whether the carrying value of such assets will be recovered through the undiscounted expected future cash flows. If the future undiscounted cash flows are less than the carrying amount of these assets, we recognize an impairment loss based on the excess of the carrying amount over the fair value of the assets.

SOFTWARE DEVELOPMENT COSTS

Costs incurred to internally develop computer software products or to enhance an existing product are recorded as research and development costs and expensed when incurred until technological feasibility for the respective product is established. Thereafter, all software development costs are capitalized and reported at the lower of unamortized cost or net realizable value. Capitalization ceases when the product or enhancement is available for general release to customers.

The Company makes on-going evaluations of the recoverability of its capitalized software projects by comparing the amount capitalized for each product to the estimated net realizable value of the product. If such evaluations indicate that the unamortized software development costs exceed the net realizable value, the Company writes off the amount which the unamortized software development costs exceed net realizable value. Capitalized and purchased computer software development costs are being amortized ratably based on the projected revenue associated with the related software or on a straight-line basis.

STOCK-BASED COMPENSATION

Our stock-based compensation expense is estimated at the grant date based on the award's fair value as calculated by the Black-Scholes-Merton (BSM) option pricing model and is recognized as expense over the requisite service period. The BSM model requires various highly judgmental assumptions including expected volatility and expected term. If any of the assumptions used in the BSM model changes significantly, stock-based compensation expense may differ materially in the future from that recorded in the current period. In addition, we are required to estimate the expected forfeiture rate and only recognize expense for those shares expected to vest. We estimate the forfeiture rate based on historical experience and our expectations regarding future pre-vesting termination behavior of employees. To the extent our actual forfeiture rate is different from our estimate; stock-based compensation expense is adjusted accordingly.

GOODWILL

Goodwill represents the excess of the aggregate purchase price over the fair value of the net assets acquired in a purchase businesses combination. Goodwill is reviewed for impairment on an annual basis, or more frequently if events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of goodwill may be impaired. The goodwill impairment test is a two-step test. Under the first step, the fair value of the reporting unit is compared with its carrying value (including goodwill). If the fair value of the reporting unit is less than its carrying value, an indication of goodwill impairment exists for the reporting unit and the enterprise must perform step two of the impairment test

(measurement). Under step two, an impairment loss is recognized for any excess of the carrying amount of the reporting unit's goodwill over the implied fair value of that goodwill. The implied fair value of goodwill is determined by allocating the fair value of the reporting unit in a manner similar to a purchase price allocation. The residual fair value after this allocation is the implied fair value of the reporting unit goodwill. Fair value of the reporting unit is determined using a discounted cash flow analysis. If the fair value of the reporting unit exceeds its carrying value, step two does not need to be performed.

RECENT ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

For information with respect to recent accounting pronouncements and the impact of these pronouncements on our consolidated financial statements, see Note 2 of Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements included elsewhere in this Quarterly Report.

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risks.

None.

Item 4. Controls and Procedures

Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

Our management, with the participation of our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, evaluated the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures pursuant to Rule 13a-15 under the Exchange Act, as of the end of the period covered by this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q. Based upon that evaluation, the Chief Financial Officer and Chief Executive Officer concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures were ineffective.

The material weakness relates to the lack of qualified Internal Audit resources dedicated to documenting and testing legacy accounting systems and Corporate functions.

The Company is in the process of remediating the material weakness, including, but not limited to, by continuing the implementation of a leading cloud-based global ERP system, as approved by the Company's Board in fiscal year 2016, which is already live in certain locations, and is expected to be completed by June 30, 2018. Further, the Company engaged an internal audit consulting firm to advise and assist with the remediation and internal control improvements, including to assist with the expansion and training of the Company's internal audit function, and to augment corporate oversight and internal audit coverage.

Changes in Internal Control over Financial Reporting

Except for progress made in the remediation actions described above, there were no changes in our internal controls over financial reporting during the three months ended December 31, 2017, that have materially affected, or are reasonable likely to materially affect, the Company's internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a – 15(f) and 15d – 15(f)).

PART II OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1. Legal Proceedings

On April 7, 2017, Conister Bank Limited filed a complaint in the High Court of Justice Chancery Division, as claim no. HC-2017-001045 against our subsidiary, Virtual Lease Services Limited (“VLS”). The complaint alleges that VLS was in willful default of their agreements with Conister Bank Limited by failing to fulfill its obligations under the agreements with Conister. The complaint alleges damages in excess of £200,000 (approximately \$270,270). VLS has responded to the complaint and its expenses are currently covered by available insurance. VLS denies all claims and intends to vigorously defend the action.

Item 1A. Risk Factors

None.

Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds

The repurchases provided in the table below were made through the quarter ended December 31, 2017:

Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities (1)

Month	Total Number of Shares Purchased	Average Price Paid Per Share	Total Number of Shares Purchased as Part of Publicly Announced Plans or Programs	Maximum Number of Shares that may be Purchased Under the Plans or Programs
Jul-17	20,247	\$ 4.32	20,247	-
Aug-17	91,533	\$ 4.51	111,780	-
Sep-17	-	\$ -	111,780	-
Oct-17	27,495	\$ 3.65	139,275	-

Nov-17	-	\$ -	-	-
Dec-17	-	\$ -	-	-
Total	139,275	\$ 4.32	139,275	1,000,000

On July 18, 2017, the Company announced that it had authorized a stock repurchase program permitting the Company to repurchase up to 1,000,000 of its shares of common stock through December 15, 2017. The shares were to be repurchased from time to time in open market transactions or privately negotiated transactions in the Company's discretion. The repurchase plan expired on its own terms on December 15, 2017.

Item 3. Defaults Upon Senior Securities

None.

Item 4. Mine Safety Disclosures

Not applicable.

Item 5. Other Information

On February 9, 2018, the Board of Directors of the Company amended and restated the bylaws of the Company. The Company has attached a copy of the Amended and Restated Bylaws of NetSol Technologies, Inc. dated February 9, 2018 (the “Bylaws”) in its entirety as Exhibit 3.10. The Bylaws were amended and restated to consolidate into one comprehensive document all prior amendments and to reflect prior amendments to the Articles of Incorporation relevant to the Bylaws. This document is further amended as follows:

To change the Company’s name in the Bylaws from NetSol International, Inc. to NetSol Technologies, Inc consistent with the Company’s Articles of Incorporation.

Article II, Section 2 and Section 4, amending to clarify that the minimum and maximum number of board members to 3 and 9, respectively, and to confirm the board’s ability to fill board vacancies.

Article IV, Section 2 amending the date of the annual shareholders meeting to be in line with the Company’s current fiscal year end and practices.

Item 6. Exhibits

3.10 Amended and Restated Bylaws of NetSol Technologies, Inc. dated February 9, 2018.

31.1 Certification pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (CEO)

31.2 Certification pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (CFO)

32.1 Certification pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (CEO)

32.2 Certification pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (CFO)

SIGNATURES

In accordance with the requirements of the Exchange Act, the registrant caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

NETSOL TECHNOLOGIES, INC.

Date: February 13, 2018 */s/ Najeeb U. Ghauri*
NAJEEB U. GHAURI
Chief Executive Officer

Date: February 13, 2018 */s/ Roger K. Almond*
ROGER K. ALMOND
Chief Financial Officer
Principal Accounting Officer

