

Bridgeville, PA 15017

(Address of principal executive offices, including zip code)

(412) 257-7600

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer or a smaller reporting company. See definition of "large accelerated filer", "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer

Accelerated filer

Non-accelerated filer (Do not check if a smaller reporting company) Smaller reporting company

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes No

As of July 28, 2014, there were 7,072,019 shares of the Registrant's common stock outstanding.

NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

	DESCRIPTION	PAGE NO.
PART I.	FINANCIAL INFORMATION	
Item 1.	<u>Financial Statements</u>	1
	<u>Consolidated Statements of Operations</u>	1
	<u>Consolidated Balance Sheets</u>	2
	<u>Consolidated Statements of Cash Flow</u>	3
	<u>Notes to the Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements</u>	4
	<u>Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations</u>	9
Item 2.	<u>Operations</u>	
Item 3.	<u>Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk</u>	17
Item 4.	<u>Controls and Procedures</u>	17
PART II.	OTHER INFORMATION	
Item 1.	<u>Legal Proceedings</u>	17
Item 1A.	<u>Risk Factors</u>	17
Item 2.	<u>Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds</u>	17
Item 3.	<u>Defaults Upon Senior Securities</u>	18
Item 4.	<u>Mine Safety Disclosures</u>	18
Item 5.	<u>Other Information</u>	18
Item 6.	<u>Exhibits</u>	18
	SIGNATURES	18

Part I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

UNIVERSAL STAINLESS & ALLOY PRODUCTS, INC.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS

(Dollars in Thousands, Except Per Share Information)

(Unaudited)

	Three months ended June 30,		Six months ended June 30,	
	2014	2013	2014	2013
Net sales	\$ 52,309	\$ 42,887	\$ 98,976	\$ 92,022
Cost of products sold	43,899	37,579	84,506	82,068
Gross margin	8,410	5,308	14,470	9,954
Selling, general and administrative expenses	5,169	4,869	9,797	9,348
Operating income	3,241	439	4,673	606
Interest expense and other financing costs	(1,042)	(837)	(1,905)	(1,526)
Other (expense) income, net	(1)	35	3	63
Income (loss) before income taxes	2,198	(363)	2,771	(857)
Provision (benefit) for income taxes	749	(841)	1,821	(1,375)
Net income	\$ 1,449	\$ 478	\$ 950	\$ 518
Net income per common share - Basic	\$ 0.21	\$ 0.07	\$ 0.14	\$ 0.07
Net income per common share - Diluted	\$ 0.20	\$ 0.06	\$ 0.13	\$ 0.06
Weighted average shares of common stock outstanding				
Basic	7,031,041	6,940,831	7,022,983	6,934,182
Diluted	7,110,761	7,485,405	7,112,093	7,494,125

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

1

UNIVERSAL STAINLESS & ALLOY PRODUCTS, INC.

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

(Dollars in Thousands)

	June 30, 2014	December 31, 2013
	(Unaudited)	(Derived from audited statements)
ASSETS		
Current assets:		
Cash	\$ 165	\$ 307
Accounts receivable (less allowance for doubtful accounts of \$85 and \$84, respectively)	31,924	21,447
Inventory, net	96,250	82,593
Deferred income taxes	8,440	13,042
Other current assets	3,863	3,906
Total current assets	140,642	121,295
Property, plant and equipment, net	199,635	203,590
Goodwill	20,268	20,268
Other long-term assets	2,314	2,771
Total assets	\$ 362,859	\$ 347,924
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$ 26,785	\$ 14,288
Accrued employment costs	4,252	3,430
Current portion of long-term debt	3,000	3,000
Other current liabilities	902	1,023
Total current liabilities	34,939	21,741
Long-term debt	88,805	86,796
Deferred income taxes	39,277	42,532
Other long-term liabilities	526	397
Total liabilities	163,547	151,466
Commitments and contingencies (Note 6)		

Stockholders' equity:		
Senior preferred stock, par value \$0.001 per share; 1,980,000 shares authorized; 0 shares issued and outstanding	-	-
Common stock, par value \$0.001 per share; 20,000,000 shares authorized; 7,364,124 and 7,310,138 shares issued, respectively	7	7
Additional paid-in capital	51,592	49,688
Retained earnings	150,003	149,053
Treasury stock, at cost; 292,855 common shares held	(2,290)	(2,290)
 Total stockholders' equity	 199,312	 196,458
 Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	 \$ 362,859	 \$ 347,924

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

UNIVERSAL STAINLESS & ALLOY PRODUCTS, INC.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOW

(Dollars in Thousands)

(Unaudited)

	Six months ended June 30,	
	2014	2013
Operating Activities:		
Net income	\$ 950	\$ 518
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization	8,723	8,279
Deferred income tax	1,347	(826)
Share-based compensation expense	1,032	922
Changes in assets and liabilities:		
Accounts receivable, net	(10,477)	491
Inventory, net	(14,495)	(57)
Accounts payable	12,497	3,461
Accrued employment costs	822	(779)
Income taxes	433	(670)
Other, net	(402)	(715)
Net cash provided by operating activities	430	10,624
Investing Activity:		
Capital expenditures	(3,472)	(6,998)
Net cash used in investing activity	(3,472)	(6,998)

Financing Activities:			
Borrowings under revolving credit facility		45,207	45,854
Payments on revolving credit facility		(41,698)	(49,156)
Payments on term loan facility		(1,500)	-
Proceeds from the issuance of common stock		891	613
Payment of deferred financing costs		-	(487)
Purchase of treasury stock		-	(38)
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities		2,900	(3,214)
Net (decrease) increase in cash		(142)	412
Cash at beginning of period		307	321
Cash at end of period	\$	165	\$ 733

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

UNIVERSAL STAINLESS & ALLOY PRODUCTS, INC.

NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 1: Nature of Business and Basis of Presentation

Universal Stainless & Alloy Products, Inc., and its wholly-owned subsidiaries (“Universal”, “we”, “our” or the “Company”), manufacture and market semi-finished and finished specialty steel products, including stainless steel, nickel alloys, tool steel and certain other alloyed steels. Our manufacturing process involves melting, remelting, heat treating, hot and cold rolling, forging, machining and cold drawing of semi-finished and finished specialty steels. Our products are sold to service centers, forgers, rerollers, original equipment manufacturers and wire redrawers. Our customers further process our products for use in a variety of industries, including the aerospace, power generation, oil and gas and heavy equipment manufacturing industries. We also perform conversion services on materials supplied by customers.

The accompanying unaudited consolidated statements include the accounts of Universal Stainless & Alloy Products, Inc. and its subsidiaries and are prepared in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles (“U.S. GAAP”) for interim financial reports and the instructions for Form 10-Q and Rule 10-01 of Regulation S-X. Accordingly, certain information and footnote disclosures normally included in financial statements prepared under U.S. GAAP have been condensed or omitted pursuant to such regulations. However, we believe that the disclosures are adequate to make the information presented not misleading. These consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with our most recently audited financial statements and the notes thereto included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission. In the opinion of management, the accompanying financial statements include all adjustments necessary to present a fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements for the periods shown. Interim results are not necessarily indicative of the operating results for the full fiscal year or any future period. The preparation of these financial statements in conformity with U.S. GAAP requires us to make estimates and judgments that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses, and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities. Actual results may differ from our estimates. The consolidated financial statements include our accounts and the accounts of our wholly-owned subsidiaries. All intercompany transactions and balances have been eliminated.

Certain prior year amounts have been reclassified to conform to the 2014 presentation.

Recently Adopted Accounting Pronouncement

In July 2013, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (“FASB”) issued Accounting Standard Update (“ASU”) 2013-11 Income Taxes (Topic 740): Presentation of an Unrecognized Tax Benefit When a Net Operating Loss Carryforward, a Similar Tax Loss, or a Tax Credit Carryforward Exists. We adopted ASU 2013-11 in 2014. The update did not have a material impact on our consolidated financial statements.

Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncement

In May 2014, the FASB issued ASU 2014-09 “Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606)”. This topic converges the guidance within U.S. GAAP and International Financial Reporting Standards and supersedes Accounting Standards Codification 605, Revenue Recognition. The new standard requires companies to recognize revenue to depict the transfer of goods or services to customers in amounts that reflect the consideration to which the company expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services. The new standard will also result in enhanced disclosures about revenue, provide guidance for transactions that were not previously addressed comprehensively, and improve guidance for multiple-element arrangements. The new guidance is effective for annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2016, including interim reporting periods within that reporting period and early

application is not permitted. We are currently evaluating the impact that this standard will have on our consolidated financial statements.

4

Note 2: Net Income per Common Share

The following table sets forth the computation of basic and diluted net income per common share:

	Three months ended June 30,		Six months ended June 30,	
(dollars in thousands, except per share amounts)	2014	2013	2014	2013
Numerator:				
Net income	\$ 1,449	\$ 478	\$ 950	\$ 518
Adjustment for interest expense on convertible notes (A)	-	(32)	-	(65)
Net income, as adjusted	\$ 1,449	\$ 446	\$ 950	\$ 453
Denominator:				
Weighted average number of shares of common stock outstanding	7,031,041	6,940,831	7,022,983	6,934,182
Weighted average effect of dilutive stock options and other stock compensation	79,720	115,686	89,110	131,766
Weighted average effect of assumed conversion of convertible notes	-	428,888	-	428,177
Weighted average number of shares of common stock outstanding, as adjusted	7,110,761	7,485,405	7,112,093	7,494,125
Net income per common share:				
Net income per common share - Basic	\$ 0.21	\$ 0.07	\$ 0.14	\$ 0.07
Net income per common share - Diluted	\$ 0.20	\$ 0.06	\$ 0.13	\$ 0.06

The adjustment for interest expense on convertible notes is net of tax. An adjustment for interest expense on convertible notes was excluded from the income per share calculation for the three and six months ended June 30, 2014 as a result of the convertible notes being antidilutive. For the three and six months ended June 30, 2013, the adjustment is a reduction to net income as a result of our annualized effective tax rate for 2013.

We had granted options to purchase 352,800 and 321,000 shares of common stock at an average price of \$36.23 and \$35.96 for the three months ended June 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively, which were excluded in the computation of diluted net income per common share. We had granted options to purchase 268,300 and 250,000 shares of common stock at an average price of \$36.55 and \$37.08 for the six months ended June 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively, which were excluded in the computation of diluted net income per common share. These outstanding options were not included in the computation of diluted net income per common share because their respective exercise prices were greater than the average market price of our common stock. In addition, the calculation of diluted earnings per share

for the three and six months ended June 30, 2014 excluded 428,888 and 428,177 shares, respectively, for the assumed conversion of convertible notes as a result of being anti-dilutive.

5

Note 3: Inventory

Our inventory consists of raw materials, primarily comprised of ferrous and non-ferrous scrap metal and alloys such as nickel, chrome, molybdenum, manganese and copper. Our semi-finished and finished steel products are work-in-process in various stages of production or are finished products waiting to be shipped to our customers. Inventory is stated at the lower of cost or market with cost principally determined on a weighted average cost method. Such costs include the acquisition cost for raw materials and supplies, direct labor and applied manufacturing overhead. We assess market based upon actual and estimated transactions at or around the balance sheet date. Provisions are made for slow-moving inventory based upon management's expected method of disposition. Operating supplies are primarily comprised of forge dies and production molds and rolls that are consumed over their useful lives. Inventories consisted of the following:

(in thousands)	June 30, 2014	December 31, 2013
Raw materials and starting stock	\$ 7,073	\$ 6,848
Semi-finished and finished steel products	82,145	69,333
Operating materials	8,872	8,463
Gross inventory	98,090	84,644
Less: inventory reserves	(1,840)	(2,051)
Total inventory, net	\$ 96,250	\$ 82,593

Note 4: Long-Term Debt

Long-term debt consisted of the following:

(in thousands)	June 30, 2014	December 31, 2013
Revolving credit facility	\$ 52,350	\$ 49,350
Term loan	17,000	18,500
Convertible notes	20,000	20,000
Swing loan credit facility	2,455	1,946
	91,805	89,796

Less: current portion of long-term debt	(3,000)	(3,000)
Long-term debt	\$ 88,805	\$ 86,796
Credit Facility		

We have a Credit Agreement, as amended to date (the “Credit Agreement”), with a syndication of banks which provides for a \$105.0 million senior secured revolving credit facility (the “Revolver”) and a \$20.0 million senior secured term loan facility (the “Term Loan” and together with the Revolver, the “Facilities”) that expires in March 2017. Under the Credit Agreement, our loan availability under the Revolver is calculated monthly based upon our accounts receivable and inventory balances.

We are required to pay a commitment fee of 0.25% based on the daily unused portion of the Revolver. The Revolver also provides for up to \$7.0 million of swing loans so long as the sum of the outstanding swing loans and the outstanding borrowings under the Revolver do not exceed the borrowing base at any given time. The Term Loan is payable in quarterly installments in the principal amount of \$750,000 which began on July 1, 2013, with the balance of the Term Loan payable in full on March 19, 2017.

Amounts outstanding under the Facilities, at our option, will bear interest at either a base rate or a LIBOR-based rate (the “LIBOR Option”), in either case calculated in accordance with the terms of the Credit Agreement. We elected to use the LIBOR Option during the six months ended June 30, 2014, which was 3.16% at June 30, 2014. Interest on the Facilities is payable monthly.

We are required to maintain a trailing twelve month EBITDA under the Credit Agreement of \$12.0 million for the second quarter of 2014, and \$14.0 million for the third quarter of 2014. Beginning with the fourth quarter of 2014, we will be required to maintain a leverage ratio not exceeding a ratio decreasing from 3.75 to 1.00 for the period December 31, 2014 to March 31, 2015, 3.50 to 1.00 for the period June 30, 2015 to September 30, 2015, 3.25 to 1.00 at December 31, 2015 and 3.00 to 1.00 from March 31, 2016 through

maturity. We are required to maintain a fixed charge coverage ratio of 1.0 to 1.0 for the second and third quarters of 2014, and we will be required to maintain a fixed charge coverage ratio of 1.1 to 1.0 from the fourth quarter of 2014 to maturity. We were in compliance with our covenants at June 30, 2014 and 2013.

Convertible Notes

In connection with the acquisition of the North Jackson facility, in August 2011, we issued \$20.0 million in convertible notes (the "Notes") to the sellers of the North Jackson facility as partial consideration of the acquisition. The Notes are subordinated obligations and rank junior to the Facilities. The Notes bear interest at a fixed rate of 4.0% per annum, payable in cash semi-annually in arrears on each June 18 and December 18, beginning on December 18, 2011. Unless earlier converted, the Notes mature and the unpaid principal balance is due on August 17, 2017. The Notes and any accrued and unpaid interest are convertible into shares of our common stock at the option of the holder at an initial conversion price of \$47.1675 per share of common stock. The conversion price associated with the Notes may be adjusted in certain circumstances. We may prepay any outstanding Notes, in whole or in part, on any date after August 17, 2014 during a fiscal quarter if our share price is greater than 140% of the then current conversion price for at least 20 of the trading days in the 30 consecutive trading day period ending on the last trading day of the immediately preceding quarter.

Note 5: Fair Value Measurement

The fair value hierarchy has three levels based on the inputs used to determine fair value, which are as follows:

Level 1 — Unadjusted quoted prices available in active markets for the identical assets or liabilities at the measurement date.

Level 2 — Unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for similar assets or liabilities, or unadjusted quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in markets that are not active, or inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability.

Level 3 — Unobservable inputs that cannot be corroborated by observable market data and reflect the use of significant management judgment. These values are generally determined using pricing models for which the assumptions utilize management's estimates of market participant assumptions.

The fair value hierarchy requires the use of observable market data when available. In instances where the inputs used to measure fair value fall into different levels of the fair value hierarchy, the fair value measurement has been determined based on the lowest level input significant to the fair value measurement in its entirety. Our assessment of the significance of a particular item to the fair value measurement in its entirety requires judgment, including the consideration of inputs specific to the asset or liability.

The carrying amounts of our cash, accounts receivable and accounts payable approximated fair value at June 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013 due to their short-term maturities (Level 1). The fair value of the Term Loan, Revolver and swing loans at June 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013 approximated the carrying amount as the interest rate is based upon floating short-term interest rates (Level 2). At June 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013, the fair value of our Notes was approximately \$23.3 million (Level 2).

Note 6: Commitments and Contingencies

From time to time, various lawsuits and claims have been or may be asserted against us relating to the conduct of our business, including routine litigation relating to commercial and employment matters. The ultimate cost and outcome

of any litigation or claim cannot be predicted with certainty. Management believes, based on information presently available, that the likelihood that the ultimate outcome of any such pending matter will have a material adverse effect on our financial condition, or liquidity or a material impact on our results of operations is remote, although the resolution of one or more of these matters may have a material adverse effect on our results of operations for the period in which the resolution occurs.

Note 7: Income Taxes

Management estimates the annual effective income tax rate quarterly, based on current annual forecasted results. Items unrelated to current year ordinary income are recognized entirely in the period identified as a discrete item of tax. The quarterly income tax provision is comprised of tax on ordinary income provided at the most recent estimated annual effective tax rate, increased or decreased for the tax effect of discrete items.

For the six months ended June 30, 2014 and 2013, our estimated annual effective tax rates applied to ordinary income were 34.4% and (117.5)%, respectively. Our overall effective tax rates for the three and six months ended June 30, 2014, which reflects federal and state taxable income, also includes net discrete tax expenses of \$869,000 due to a change in the state tax rate to zero percent (0%) for qualified New York manufacturers, a settlement with Pennsylvania regarding certain expenses deducted, and research and development (“R&D”) tax credits. On March 31, 2014, new tax legislation was enacted in New York that reduced the state net income tax rate to zero percent (0%) for qualified manufacturers, such as ourselves, for tax years beginning on or after January 1,

2014. Prior to this legislation, our facility in Dunkirk operated in a New York State Empire Zone and qualified to benefit from investments made and employees hired, and as such, we had recorded a deferred tax asset on these investments. As a result of this new legislation, we have placed a full valuation allowance on our remaining corresponding deferred tax asset in the amount of \$596,000 during the six months ended June 30, 2014. In addition, we reached a settlement with Pennsylvania on certain expenses which had been deducted for state income tax purposes during the 2005-2007 tax years. As a result of this matter, we recorded a discrete tax charge of \$247,000, net of the federal tax benefit, during the six months ended June 30, 2014 related to this settlement and all remaining open tax years.

The effective tax rate for the six months ended June 30, 2013 was positively affected by the benefit of \$368,000 for R&D tax credits, which was considered to be a discrete tax item. Our effective tax rates for the three and six months ended June 30, 2013 benefited from a reduced state apportionment factor, which resulted in approximately \$254,000 of discrete income tax benefit. Including the effect of the discrete tax items, our effective tax rates for the three months ended June 30, 2014 and 2013 was 34.1% and (231.7)%, respectively. For the six months ended June 30, 2014 and 2013, our effective tax rates were 65.7% and (160.4)%, respectively.

ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Forward-Looking Statements

This Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q contains or incorporates forward looking statements within the meaning of the Private Securities Reform Act of 1995, which involves risks and uncertainties. The following information should be read in conjunction with the unaudited consolidated financial information and the notes thereto included in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q. You should not place undue reliance on these forward looking statements. Actual events or results may differ materially due to competitive factors and other factors referred to in Part 1A. Risk Factors in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2013, our other filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission and elsewhere in this Quarterly Report. These factors may cause our actual results to differ materially from any forward looking statement. These forward looking statements are based on current expectations, estimates, forecasts, and projections about the industry and markets in which we operate, and management's beliefs and assumptions. In addition, other written or oral statements that constitute forward looking statements may be made by us or on our behalf. Words such as "expect," "anticipate," "intend," "plan," "believe," "could," "estimate," "may," "target," variations of such words and similar expressions are intended to identify such forward-looking statements. These statements are not guarantees of future performance and involve risks, uncertainties, and assumptions that are difficult to predict.

Business Overview

We manufacture and market semi-finished and finished specialty steel products, including stainless steel, nickel alloys, tool steel and certain other alloyed steels. Our manufacturing process involves melting, remelting, heat treating, hot and cold rolling, forging, machining and cold drawing of semi-finished and finished specialty steels. Our products are sold to rerollers, forgers, service centers, original equipment manufacturers and wire redrawers. Our customers further process our products for use in a variety of industries, including the aerospace, power generation, oil and gas and general industrial markets. We also perform conversion services on materials supplied by customers.

During the second quarter of 2014, we continued to see increased demand for our products as our revenues increased to \$52.3 million, an increase of \$5.6 million, or 12.1%, compared to the first quarter of 2014. In our primary end markets, we saw a sequential increase in our second quarter 2014 aerospace net sales of \$3.5 million, or 13.0%, over the first quarter of 2014. In our power generation and oil and gas end markets, our net sales were up \$1.1 million, or 21.0%, and \$1.2 million, or 27.2%, respectively, over first quarter 2014 levels as business conditions improved in both of these end markets. During the second quarter of 2014, we saw net sales of our premium alloy products increase to \$4.3 million, which was a 57.7% increase over first quarter 2014 sales levels. Our premium alloy products are primarily sold to the aerospace end market. Our six month 2014 net sales were approximately \$99.0 million, or a 7.6% increase, compared to net sales of \$92.0 million in the same period of 2013. Our backlog, before surcharges, increased by approximately 3.6% over the first quarter of 2014 to \$61.0 million. We continue to add new products to our portfolio as well as adding new customers as we achieve approvals of our newer products. In July 2014, our Bridgeville, Dunkirk and North Jackson facilities achieved GE Aviation's S-400 and S-1000 approvals, which designates them as a Certified Materials Test Laboratory for the testing of materials for GE Aviation as well as a material supplier with the requisite quality processes to meet GE Aviation's rigorous standards for its products. As we move into the third quarter of 2014, our bookings remain consistent with those of the second quarter.

Over the first half of 2014, our overall manufacturing activity levels have increased significantly compared to 2013 activity levels, thus we were better able to absorb costs due to more consistent levels of demand and production throughout the first half of 2014 as compared to 2013. We continue to focus our attention on reducing scrap rates and improving yields, while controlling plant spending at each of our operating units. As a result of these efforts and improved business conditions, our gross margins continue to improve. Our gross margin as a percentage of sales in the second quarter was 16.1% compared to 13.0% posted in the first quarter of 2014 and 3.7% in the fourth quarter of 2013. We have also experienced a better alignment of surcharges compared to 2013, as nickel prices increased over the first half of 2014 compared to 2013 price levels. We remain diligent in our efforts to control costs and capital expenditures while managing our working capital requirements as we execute our strategy to move to higher value added products to further drive profitability and growth.

9

Results of Operations

Three months ended June 30, 2014 as compared to the three months ended June 30, 2013

(in thousands, except per shipped ton information)	Three months ended June 30,						Percentage variance
	2014		2013		Dollar / ton variance		
	Amount	Percentage of net sales	Amount	Percentage of net sales			
Net sales:							
Stainless steel	\$ 42,045	80.4 %	\$ 32,193	75.1 %	\$ 9,852	30.6 %	
High-strength low alloy steel	3,451	6.6	3,865	9.0	(414)	(10.7)	
Tool steel	3,389	6.5	5,118	11.9	(1,729)	(33.8)	
High-temperature alloy steel	1,795	3.4	805	1.9	990	123.0	
Conversion services and other sales	1,629	3.1	906	2.1	723	79.8	
Total net sales	52,309	100.0	42,887	100.0	9,422	22.0	
Cost of products sold	43,899	83.9	37,579	87.6	6,320	16.8	
Gross margin	8,410	16.1	5,308	12.4	3,102	58.4	
Selling, general and administrative expenses	5,169	9.9	4,869	11.4	300	6.2	
Operating income	3,241	6.2	439	1.0	2,802	NM	
Interest expense and other financing costs	(1,042)	(2.0)	(837)	(2.0)	(205)	24.5	
Other (expense) income, net	(1)	-	35	0.1	(36)	(102.9)	
Income (loss) before income taxes	2,198	4.2	(363)	(0.9)	2,561	NM	
Provision (benefit) for income taxes	749	1.4	(841)	(2.0)	1,590	(189.1)	
Net income	\$ 1,449	2.8 %	\$ 478	1.1 %	\$ 971	203.1	
Tons shipped	9,921		8,559		1,362	15.9	
Sales dollars per shipped ton	\$ 5,273		\$ 5,011		\$ 262	5.2 %	
NM – Not meaningful							

Market Segment Information

(in thousands)	Three months ended June 30,							
	2014		2013		Dollar	Percentage		
	Amount	Percentage of net sales	Amount	Percentage of net sales	variance		variance	
Net sales:								
Service centers	\$ 34,971	66.9 %	\$ 29,103	67.9 %	\$ 5,868		20.2 %	
Forgers	7,080	13.5	4,433	10.3	2,647		59.7	
Rerollers	4,627	8.8	5,578	13.0	(951)		(17.0)	
Original equipment manufacturers	4,002	7.7	2,867	6.7	1,135		39.6	
Conversion services and other sales	1,629	3.1	906	2.1	723		79.8	
Total net sales	\$ 52,309	100.0 %	\$ 42,887	100.0 %	\$ 9,422		22.0 %	

10

Melt Type Information

(in thousands)	Three months ended June 30,					
	2014		2013		Dollar variance	Percentage variance
	Amount	Percentage of net sales	Amount	Percentage of net sales		
Net sales:						
Specialty alloys	\$ 46,424	88.8 %	\$ 40,097	93.5 %	\$ 6,327	15.8 %
Premium alloys (A)	4,256	8.1	1,884	4.4	2,372	125.9
Conversion services and other sales	1,629	3.1	906	2.1	723	79.8
Total net sales	\$ 52,309	100.0 %	\$ 42,887	100.0 %	\$ 9,422	22.0 %

(A) Premium alloys represent all vacuum induction melted (VIM) products.

The majority of our products are sold to service centers/processors rather than the ultimate end market customers. The end market information in this Quarterly Report is our estimate based upon our knowledge of our customers and the grade of material sold to them, which they will in-turn sell to the ultimate end market customer.

End Market Information

(in thousands)	Three months ended June 30,					
	2014		2013		Dollar variance	Percentage variance
	Amount	Percentage of net sales	Amount	Percentage of net sales		
Net sales:						
Aerospace	\$ 30,190	57.7 %	\$ 24,990	58.2 %	\$ 5,200	20.8 %
Power generation	6,552	12.5	4,531	10.6	2,021	44.6
Oil & gas	5,406	10.3	4,484	10.5	922	20.6
Heavy equipment	3,697	7.1	5,518	12.9	(1,821)	(33.0)
General industrial, conversion services and other sales	6,464	12.4	3,364	7.8	3,100	92.2
Total net sales	\$ 52,309	100.0 %	\$ 42,887	100.0 %	\$ 9,422	22.0 %

Net sales:

Net sales for the three months ended June 30, 2014 increased \$9.4 million, or 22.0%, as compared to the three months ended June 30, 2013. This increase primarily reflects a 15.9% increase in consolidated shipments for the three months ended June 30, 2014, compared to the same prior year period. In addition, our sales dollars per shipped ton increased

by 5.2% from the three months ended June 30, 2013 to the three months ended June 30, 2014. The increase in both sales and sales dollars per shipped ton is partially a result of increased base prices/surcharges as well as favorable product mix. Our product sales to all of our end markets, except heavy equipment, increased, as noted in the above table. During the three months ended June 30, 2014, we recognized a \$2.4 million, or 125.9%, increase in premium alloy sales when compared to the three months ended June 30, 2013. Our premium alloy sales increased from 4.4% of total sales for the three months ended June 30, 2013 to 8.1% for the three months ended June 30, 2014. Our premium alloy sales are primarily for the aerospace end market.

Gross margin:

Our gross margin, as a percentage of sales, was 16.1% and 12.4% for the three months ended June 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively. The improvement in our gross margin for the three months ended June 30, 2014 as compared to the three months ended June 30, 2013, is largely a result of improved yields, lower scrap rates, better product mix, and higher operating levels due to improving business conditions.

Selling, general and administrative expenses:

Our selling, general and administrative (“SG&A”) expenses consist primarily of employee costs, which include salaries, payroll taxes and benefit related costs, legal and accounting services, stock compensation and insurance costs. SG&A expenses increased by \$300,000 in the three months ended June 30, 2014 as compared to the three months ended June 30, 2013 primarily due to increased employee related costs which were partially offset by a decrease in severance expense. We incurred \$356,000 in severance expense in the three months ended June 30, 2013 from the departure of a senior executive. There were no similar severance expenses in the three months ended June 30, 2014. As a percentage of sales, our SG&A expenses decreased from 11.4% during the three months ended June 30, 2013 to 9.9% for the three months ended June 30, 2014 primarily as a result of the 22.0% increase in our net sales quarter over quarter.

Interest expense and other financing costs:

Our interest expense and other financing costs increased from \$837,000 for the three months ended June 30, 2013 to \$1.0 million for the three months ended June 30, 2014. This increase is primarily due to higher interest rates incurred on our debt in 2014 when compared to 2013 and higher deferred financing amortization costs as a result of our two amendments to our credit facilities in 2013. Our interest rates are determined by a LIBOR-based rate plus an applicable margin based upon our quarterly leverage ratio. During the three months ended June 30, 2014 and 2013, we recognized \$160,000 and \$115,000, respectively, of deferred financing amortization.

Income tax provision (benefit):

For the three months ended June 30, 2014 and 2013, our estimated annual effective tax rates applied to ordinary income were 34.4% and (117.5)%, respectively.

Our effective tax rates for the three months ended June 30, 2014 and 2013 were 34.1% and (231.7)%, respectively. Our effective tax rate for the quarter ended June 30, 2013 reflects a benefit from a reduced state apportionment factor based upon year-to-date sales, which resulted in approximately \$254,000 of discrete income tax benefit.

Net income:

Our net income increased from \$478,000, or \$0.06 per diluted share, for the three months ended June 30, 2013 to \$1.4 million, or \$0.20 per diluted share, for the three months ended June 30, 2014 for the reasons stated above.

Edgar Filing: UNIVERSAL STAINLESS & ALLOY PRODUCTS INC - Form 10-Q

Six months ended June 30, 2014 as compared to the six months ended June 30, 2013

(in thousands, except per shipped ton information)	Six months ended June 30,							
	2014			2013				
	Amount	Percentage of net sales		Amount	Percentage of net sales	Dollar / ton variance	Percentage variance	
Net sales:								
Stainless steel	\$ 78,672	79.6 %		\$ 67,670	73.4 %	\$ 11,002	16.3	%
High-strength low alloy steel	7,246	7.3		10,458	11.4	(3,212)	(30.7)	
Tool steel	7,061	7.1		10,102	11.0	(3,041)	(30.1)	
High-temperature alloy steel	3,015	3.0		2,075	2.3	940	45.3	
Conversion services and other sales	2,982	3.0		1,717	1.9	1,265	73.7	
Total net sales	98,976	100.0		92,022	100.0	6,954	7.6	
Cost of products sold	84,506	85.4		82,068	89.2	2,438	3.0	
Gross margin	14,470	14.6		9,954	10.8	4,516	45.4	
Selling and administrative expenses	9,797	9.9		9,348	10.2	449	4.8	
Operating income	4,673	4.7		606	0.6	4,067	NM	
Interest expense and other financing costs	(1,905)	(1.9)		(1,526)	(1.7)	(379)	24.8	
Other income, net	3	-		63	0.1	(60)	(95.2)	
Income (loss) before income taxes	2,771	2.8		(857)	(1.0)	3,628	(423.3)	
Provision (benefit) for income taxes	1,821	1.8		(1,375)	(1.5)	3,196	(232.4)	
Net income	\$ 950	1.0 %		\$ 518	0.5 %	\$ 432	83.4	
Tons shipped	19,246			18,185		1,061	5.8	
Sales dollars per shipped ton	\$ 5,143			\$ 5,060		\$ 83	1.6	%
NM – Not meaningful								

Market Segment Information

(in thousands) Six months ended June 30,
2014 2013

	Amount	Percentage of net sales		Amount	Percentage of net sales		Dollar variance	Percentage variance	
Net sales:									
Service centers	\$ 63,762	64.4 %		\$ 61,612	67.0 %		\$ 2,150	3.5	%
Forgers	13,462	13.6		11,062	12.0		2,400	21.7	
Rerollers	10,852	11.0		11,080	12.0		(228)	(2.1)	
Original equipment manufacturers	7,918	8.0		6,551	7.1		1,367	20.9	
Conversion services and other sales	2,982	3.0		1,717	1.9		1,265	73.7	
Total net sales	\$ 98,976	100.0 %		\$ 92,022	100.0 %		\$ 6,954	7.6	%

Melt Type Information

(in thousands)	Six months ended June 30,				Dollar variance	Percentage variance	
	2014	2013	Amount	Percentage of net sales			
Net sales:							
Specialty alloys	\$ 89,040	90.0 %	\$ 86,219	93.7 %	\$ 2,821	3.3	%
Premium alloys (A)	6,954	7.0	4,086	4.4	2,868	70.2	
Conversion services and other sales	2,982	3.0	1,717	1.9	1,265	73.7	
Total net sales	\$ 98,976	100.0 %	\$ 92,022	100.0 %	\$ 6,954	7.6	%

(A) Premium alloys represent all vacuum induction melted (VIM) products.

The majority of our products are sold to service centers/processors rather than the ultimate end market customers. The end market information in this Quarterly Report is our estimate based upon our knowledge of our customers and the grade of material sold to them, which they will in-turn sell to the ultimate end market customer.

End Market Information

(in thousands)	Six months ended June 30,				Dollar variance	Percentage variance	
	2014	2013	Amount	Percentage of net sales			
Net sales:							
Aerospace	\$ 56,897	57.5 %	\$ 50,725	55.1 %	\$ 6,172	12.2	%
Power generation	11,967	12.1	10,290	11.2	1,677	16.3	
Oil & gas	9,655	9.8	10,776	11.7	(1,121)	(10.4)	
Heavy equipment	7,656	7.7	11,034	12.0	(3,378)	(30.6)	
General industrial, conversion services and other sales	12,801	12.9	9,197	10.0	3,604	39.2	
Total net sales	\$ 98,976	100.0 %	\$ 92,022	100.0 %	\$ 6,954	7.6	%

Net sales:

Net sales for the six months ended June 30, 2014 increased \$7.0 million, or 7.6%, as compared to the six months ended June 30, 2013. This increase primarily reflects a 5.8% increase in consolidated shipments for the six months ended June 30, 2014, compared to the six months ended June 30, 2013. In addition, our sales dollars per shipped ton

increased by 1.6% from the six months ended June 30, 2013 to the six months ended June 30, 2014. The increase in both sales and sales dollars per shipped ton is partially a result of increased base prices/surcharges as well as favorable product mix. Our product sales to all of our end markets, except heavy equipment and oil and gas, increased as noted in the above table. During the six months ended June 30, 2014, we recognized a \$2.9 million, or 70.2%, increase in premium alloy sales when compared to the same period in 2013. Our premium alloy sales increased from 4.4% of total sales for the six months ended June 30, 2013 to 7.0% in the current period. Our premium alloy sales are primarily for the aerospace end market.

Gross margin:

Our gross margin, as a percentage of sales, was 14.6% and 10.8% for the six months ended June 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively. The improvement in our gross margin over the first half of 2014 when compared to the same prior year period is largely a result of a better product mix, improved yields and scrap rates, and higher operating levels due to improving business conditions.

Selling, general and administrative expenses:

Our SG&A expenses increased by \$449,000 in the six months ended June 30, 2014 as compared to the six months ended June 30, 2013 primarily due to increased employee related costs which were offset by a decrease in severance expense. We incurred \$356,000 in severance expense in the six months ended June 30, 2013 from the departure of a senior executive. There were no similar severance expenses in the six months ended June 30, 2014. As a percentage of sales, our SG&A expenses decreased to 9.9% for the six months ended June 30, 2014, as compared to 10.2% during the six months ended June 30, 2013.

Interest expense and other financing costs:

Our interest expense and other financing costs increased from \$1.5 million for the six months ended June 30, 2013 to \$1.9 million for the six months ended June 30, 2014. This increase is primarily due to higher interest rates incurred on our debt in 2014 when compared to 2013 and higher deferred financing amortization costs as a result of our two amendments to our credit facilities in 2013. Our interest rates are determined by a LIBOR-based rate plus an applicable margin based upon our quarterly leverage ratio. During the six months ended June 30, 2014 and 2013, we recognized \$325,000 and \$196,000, respectively, of deferred financing amortization.

Income tax provision (benefit):

Our effective tax rates for the six months ended June 30, 2014 and 2013 were 65.7% and (160.4)%, respectively. Our overall effective tax rate for the six months ended June 30, 2014, which reflects federal and state taxable income, also includes net discrete tax expenses of \$869,000 due to a change in the state tax rate to zero percent (0%) for qualified New York manufacturers, a settlement with Pennsylvania regarding certain expenses deducted, and research and development (“R&D”) tax credits. On March 31, 2014, new tax legislation was enacted in New York that reduced the state net income tax rate to zero percent (0%) for qualified manufacturers, such as ourselves, for tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2014. Prior to this legislation, our facility in Dunkirk operated in a New York State Empire Zone and qualified to benefit from investments made and employees hired, and as such, we had recorded a deferred tax asset on these investments. Our effective tax rate for the six months ended June 30, 2013 reflects a benefit from a reduced state apportionment factor based upon year-to-date sales. Our effective tax rate for the six months ended June 30, 2013 also included a net discrete tax benefit of \$368,000 for research and development tax credits. An extension of the research and development tax credit for 2014 has not been enacted by Congress. Our estimated annual effective tax rate on ordinary income for 2014 is 34.4%.

Net income:

Our net income increased from \$518,000, or \$0.06 per diluted share, for the six months ended June 30, 2013 to \$950,000, or \$0.13 per diluted share, for the six months ended June 30, 2014 for the reasons stated above.

Recently Adopted Accounting Pronouncement

In July 2013, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (“FASB”) issued Accounting Standard Update (“ASU”) 2013-11 Income Taxes (Topic 740): Presentation of an Unrecognized Tax Benefit When a Net Operating Loss Carryforward, a Similar Tax Loss, or a Tax Credit Carryforward Exists. We adopted ASU 2013-11 in 2014. The update did not have a material impact on our consolidated financial statements.

Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncement

In May 2014, the FASB issued ASU 2014-09 “Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606)”. This topic converges the guidance within U.S. generally accepted accounting principles (“U.S. GAAP”) and International Financial Reporting Standards and supersedes Accounting Standards Codification 605, Revenue Recognition. The new standard requires companies to recognize revenue to depict the transfer of goods or services to customers in amounts that reflect the consideration to which the company expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services. The new standard will also result in enhanced disclosures about revenue, provide guidance for transactions that were not previously addressed comprehensively, and improve guidance for multiple-element arrangements. The new guidance is effective for annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2016, including interim reporting periods within that reporting period and early application is not permitted. We are currently evaluating the impact that this standard will have on our consolidated financial statements.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

Historically, we have financed our operating activities through cash provided by operations and cash provided through our credit facilities. At June 30, 2014, our managed working capital, defined as net accounts receivable plus net inventory minus accounts payable, increased by \$11.6 million to \$101.4 million compared to \$89.8 million at December 31, 2013. Our net accounts receivable

balances increased \$10.5 million primarily as a result of a 29.8% increase in net sales for the quarter ended June 30, 2014 compared to the quarter ended December 31, 2013. Inventory levels increased by \$13.7 million to \$96.3 million as of June 30, 2014 from \$82.6 million as of December 31, 2013 due to our strategic increase in our inventory levels on certain product grades as a result of increased customer activity and anticipated higher sales levels over the last half of 2014. Our accounts payable balance increased by \$12.5 million to \$26.8 million as of June 30, 2014 from \$14.3 million as of December 31, 2013 due to increased operating activity and the timing of vendor payments.

Net cash provided by operating activities:

During the six months ended June 30, 2014, we generated net cash from operating activities of \$430,000. The net increase in our accounts payable and other accruals and assets provided \$13.4 million in cash which was offset by the increase in our net inventory and net accounts receivable which used \$14.5 million and \$10.5 million of cash, respectively. In addition, during the six months ended June 30, 2014, our net income adjusted for non-cash expenses generated approximately \$12.1 million of cash.

During the six months ended June 30, 2013, we generated net cash from operating activities of \$10.6 million. The net increase in our accounts payable provided \$3.5 million in cash, which was partially offset by changes in our other assets and liabilities which used \$1.7 million of cash. In addition, during the six months ended June 30, 2013, our net income adjusted for non-cash expenses generated approximately \$8.9 million of cash.

Net cash used in investing activity:

During the six months ended June 30, 2014, we used \$3.5 million in cash for capital expenditures compared to \$7.0 million during the six months ended June 30, 2013. The primary reason for reduced capital spending during the six months ended June 30, 2014 as compared to the same period in 2013 was that we completed the North Jackson facility build-out during the first half of 2013 with capital expenditures of \$3.7 million. We believe that overall capital expenditures in 2014 will be similar to 2013 spending levels, as we anticipate higher capital spending on certain projects over the last half of 2014.

Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities:

During the six months ended June 30, 2014, our financing activities provided \$2.9 million in cash. Net cash provided from borrowings under our credit facility was approximately \$2.0 million; additionally, we received \$891,000 in receipts from the exercise of stock options and the issuance of stock under our Employee Stock Purchase Plan. Our borrowings increased to support increased inventory and operating levels.

During the six months ended June 30, 2013, we used \$3.2 million in cash for our financing activities. Of that amount, approximately \$3.3 million of our cash was utilized to reduce our bank debt. In addition, we used \$487,000 to amend our credit facility during the six months ended June 30, 2013, which was offset by the receipt of \$613,000 from the exercise of stock options and the issuance of stock under our Employee Stock Purchase Plan.

We believe that our cash flows from continuing operations as well as available borrowings under our credit facility are adequate to satisfy our working capital, capital expenditure requirements, and other contractual obligations for the foreseeable future, including at least the next 12 months.

We continuously monitor market price fluctuations of key raw materials. The market values for these raw materials continue to fluctuate based on supply and demand, market disruptions, and other factors. We maintain sales price surcharge mechanisms on certain of our products, priced at time of shipment, to mitigate the risk of raw material cost fluctuations. There can be no assurance that these sales price adjustments will completely offset our raw material

costs.

The following table reflects the average market values per pound for selected months during the last 18-month period:

	June 2014	December 2013	June 2013	December 2012
Nickel	\$ 8.42	\$ 6.31	\$ 6.47	\$ 7.90
Chrome	\$ 1.16	\$ 1.04	\$ 1.00	\$ 0.98
Molybdenum	\$ 14.75	\$ 9.73	\$ 10.63	\$ 11.38
Carbon scrap	\$ 0.18	\$ 0.19	\$ 0.16	\$ 0.17

Sources: Nickel is the daily average LME Cash Settlement Price; Chrome and Molybdenum is the final monthly average as published by Ryan's Notes; Carbon is the consumer price for #1 Industrial Bundles in the Pittsburgh, PA area as reported in American Metal Market.

16

We have a Credit Agreement, as amended to date (the “Credit Agreement”), with a syndication of banks which provides for a \$105.0 million senior secured revolving credit facility (the “Revolver”) and a \$20.0 million senior secured term loan facility (the “Term Loan” and together with the Revolver, the “Facilities”) that expires in March 2017. Under the Credit Agreement, our loan availability under the Revolver is calculated monthly based upon our accounts receivable and inventory balances.

We are required to pay a commitment fee of 0.25% based on the daily unused portion of the Revolver. The Revolver also provides for up to \$7.0 million of swing loans so long as the sum of the outstanding swing loans and the outstanding borrowings under the Revolver do not exceed the borrowing base at any given time. The Term Loan is payable in quarterly installments in the principal amount of \$750,000 which began on July 1, 2013, with the balance of the Term Loan payable in full on March 19, 2017.

Amounts outstanding under the Facilities, at our option, will bear interest at either a base rate or a LIBOR-based rate (the “LIBOR Option”), in either case calculated in accordance with the terms of the Credit Agreement. We elected to use the LIBOR Option during the six months ended June 30, 2014, which was 3.16% at June 30, 2014. Interest on the Facilities is payable monthly.

We are required to maintain a trailing twelve month EBITDA under the Credit Agreement of \$12.0 million for the second quarter of 2014, and \$14.0 million for the third quarter of 2014. Beginning with the fourth quarter of 2014, we will be required to maintain a leverage ratio not exceeding a ratio decreasing from 3.75 to 1.00 for the period December 31, 2014 to March 31, 2015, 3.50 to 1.00 for the period June 30, 2015 to September 30, 2015, 3.25 to 1.00 at December 31, 2015 and 3.00 to 1.00 from March 31, 2016 through maturity. We are required to maintain a fixed charge coverage ratio of 1.0 to 1.0 for the second and third quarters of 2014, and we will be required to maintain a fixed charge coverage of 1.1 to 1.0 from the fourth quarter of 2014 to maturity. We were in compliance with our covenants at June 30, 2014 and 2013.

In connection with the acquisition of the North Jackson facility, in August 2011, we issued \$20.0 million in convertible notes (the “Notes”) to the sellers of the North Jackson facility as partial consideration of the acquisition. The Notes are subordinated obligations and rank junior to the Facilities. The Notes bear interest at a fixed rate of 4.0% per annum, payable in cash semi-annually in arrears on each June 18 and December 18, beginning on December 18, 2011. Unless earlier converted, the Notes mature and the unpaid principal balance is due on August 17, 2017. The Notes and any accrued and unpaid interest are convertible into shares of our common stock at the option of the holder at an initial conversion price of \$47.1675 per share of common stock. The conversion price associated with the Notes may be adjusted in certain circumstances. We may prepay any outstanding Notes, in whole or in part, on any date after August 17, 2014 during a fiscal quarter if our share price is greater than 140% of the then current conversion price for at least 20 of the trading days in the 30 consecutive trading day period ending on the last trading day of the immediately preceding quarter.

Item 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

The Company has reviewed its market risk and believes there are no significant changes from that disclosed in the Company’s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2013, except as provided in this Form 10-Q in “Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations.”

Item 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

The Company’s management, including the Company’s Chairman, President and Chief Executive Officer and its Vice President of Finance, Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer, performed an evaluation of the effectiveness of the Company’s disclosure controls and procedures. Based on that evaluation, the Company’s Chairman, President and

Chief Executive Officer and its Vice President of Finance, Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer concluded that, as of the end of the fiscal period covered by this quarterly report, the Company's disclosure controls and procedures are effective. During the fiscal quarter ended June 30, 2014 there were no changes in the Company's internal control over financial reporting which have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, the Company's internal control over financial reporting.

Part II. OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

There are no material changes from the legal proceedings disclosed in Item 3. of the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2013.

Item 1A. RISK FACTORS

There are no material changes from the risk factors disclosed in Item 1A. of the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2013.

Item 2. UNREGISTERED SALES OF EQUITY SECURITIES AND USE OF PROCEEDS

None.

Item 3. DEFAULTS UPON SENIOR SECURITIES

None.

Item 4. MINE SAFETY DISCLOSURES

Not Applicable.

Item 5. OTHER INFORMATION

None.

Item 6. EXHIBITS

Exhibit

Number Exhibit

- 31.1 Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) and 15d-14(a), as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (filed herewith).
- 31.2 Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) and 15d-14(a), as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (filed herewith).
- 32.1 Certification of Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Rule 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (filed herewith).
- 101 The following financial information from this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the fiscal quarter ended June 30, 2014, formatted in XBRL (Extensible Business Reporting Language) and filed electronically herewith: (i) the Consolidated Balance Sheets; (ii) the Consolidated Statements of Operations; (iii) the Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows; and (iv) the Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (filed herewith).

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

Date: July 31, 2014

/s/ Dennis M. Oates
Dennis M. Oates
Chairman, President and Chief Executive Officer
(Principal Executive Officer)

/s/ Michael D. Bornak
Michael D. Bornak
Vice President of Finance,
Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer
(Principal Financial and Accounting
Officer)

18
