ISABELLA BANK Corp Form 10-Q November 09, 2018 UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

ý Quarterly Report Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 For the quarterly period ended September 30, 2018 or

"Transition Report Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

For the transition period from to

Commission File Number: 0-18415

Isabella Bank Corporation

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Michigan 38-2830092 (State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization) Identification No.)

401 N. Main St, Mt. Pleasant, MI 48858 (Address of principal executive offices) (Zip code)

(989) 772-9471

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

N/A

(Former name, former address and former fiscal year, if changed since last report)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. ý Yes "No Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (Section 232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). ý Yes "No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, smaller reporting company, or an emerging growth company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," "smaller reporting company," and "emerging growth company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer " Accelerated filer ý

Non-accelerated filer " (Do not check if a smaller reporting company) Smaller reporting company "

Emerging growth company "

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act.

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act).

" Yes ý No

The number of common shares outstanding of the registrant's Common Stock (no par value) was 7,848,174 as of November 7, 2018.

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Forward Looking Statements

This report contains certain forward looking statements within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and Rule 175 promulgated thereunder, and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended and Rule 3b-6 promulgated thereunder. We intend such forward looking statements to be covered by the safe harbor provisions for forward looking statements contained in the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995, and are included in this statement for purposes of these safe harbor provisions. Forward looking statements, which are based on certain assumptions and describe future plans, strategies and expectations, are generally identifiable by use of the words "believe," "expect," "intend," "anticipate," "estimate," "project," or similar expressions. Our ability to predict res or the actual effect of future plans or strategies is inherently uncertain. Factors which could have a material adverse effect on the operations and future prospects include, but are not limited to, changes in: interest rates, general economic conditions, federal or state tax laws, monetary and fiscal policy, the quality or composition of the loan or investment portfolios, demand for loan products, fluctuation in the value of collateral securing our loan portfolio, deposit flows, competition, cyber-security risk, demand for financial services in our market area, and accounting principles, policies and guidelines. These risks and uncertainties should be considered in evaluating forward looking statements and undue reliance should not be placed on such statements. Further information concerning our business, including additional factors that could materially affect our financial results, is included in our filings with the SEC. Glossary of Acronyms and Abbreviations

The acronyms and abbreviations identified below may be used throughout this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q or in our other SEC filings. You may find it helpful to refer back to this page while reading this report.

ACL: Allowance for Credit Losses

AFS: Available-for-sale

ALLL: Allowance for loan and lease losses

AOCI: Accumulated other comprehensive income

ASC: FASB Accounting Standards Codification

ASU: FASB Accounting Standards Update

ATM: Automated Teller Machine

BHC Act: Bank Holding Company Act of 1956

CECL: Current Expected Credit Losses

CFPB: Consumer Financial Protection Bureau

CIK: Central Index Key

CRA: Community Reinvestment Act

DIF: Deposit Insurance Fund

DIFS: Department of Insurance and Financial Services

Directors Plan: Isabella Bank Corporation and Related Companies

Deferred Compensation Plan for Directors

Dividend Reinvestment Plan: Isabella Bank Corporation Stockholder Dividend Reinvestment Plan and Employee Stock Purchase Plan Dodd-Frank Act: Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer

Protection Act of 2010

ESOP: Employee Stock Ownership Plan

Exchange Act: Securities Exchange Act of 1934 FASB: Financial Accounting Standards Board

GAAP: U.S. generally accepted

accounting principles

GLB Act: Gramm-Leach-Bliley Act of

1999

IFRS: International Financial Reporting

Standards

IRR: Interest rate risk

ISDA: International Swaps and

Derivatives Association

JOBS Act: Jumpstart our Business

Startups Act

LIBOR: London Interbank Offered Rate

N/A: Not applicable N/M: Not meaningful

NASDAQ: NASDAQ Stock Market

Index

NASDAQ Banks: NASDAQ Bank Stock

Index

NAV: Net asset value

NOW: Negotiable order of withdrawal

NSF: Non-sufficient funds

OCI: Other comprehensive income (loss)

OMSR: Originated mortgage servicing

rights

OREO: Other real estate owned

OTTI: Other-than-temporary impairment

PBO: Projected benefit obligation

FDI Act: Federal Deposit Insurance Act

FDIC: Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation

FFIEC: Federal Financial Institutions Examinations Council

FRB: Federal Reserve Bank

FHLB: Federal Home Loan Bank

Freddie Mac: Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation

FTE: Fully taxable equivalent

PCAOB: Public Company Accounting

Oversight Board

Rabbi Trust: A trust established to fund

the Directors Plan

SEC: U.S. Securities and Exchange

Commission

SOX: Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

Tax Act: Tax Cuts and Jobs Act, enacted

December 22, 2017

TDR: Troubled debt restructuring XBRL: eXtensible Business Reporting

Language

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PART I – FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Financial Statements.

INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (UNAUDITED)

(Dollars in thousands)

| (Donars in thousands) | September 30 2018 | December 31 2017 |
|--|-------------------|------------------|
| ASSETS | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | | |
| Cash and demand deposits due from banks | \$21,864 | \$25,267 |
| Interest bearing balances due from banks | 26,688 | 5,581 |
| Total cash and cash equivalents | 48,552 | 30,848 |
| AFS securities, at fair value | 501,139 | 548,730 |
| Equity securities, at fair value | _ | 3,577 |
| Mortgage loans AFS | 2,811 | 1,560 |
| Loans | - ,011 | 1,000 |
| Commercial | 668,915 | 634,759 |
| Agricultural | 129,232 | 128,269 |
| Residential real estate | 276,904 | 272,368 |
| Consumer | 64,879 | 56,123 |
| Gross loans | 1,139,930 | 1,091,519 |
| Less allowance for loan and lease losses | 8,100 | 7,700 |
| Net loans | 1,131,830 | 1,083,819 |
| Premises and equipment | 28,186 | 28,450 |
| Corporate owned life insurance policies | 27,547 | 27,026 |
| Accrued interest receivable | 7,669 | 7,063 |
| Equity securities without readily determinable fair values | 24,948 | 23,454 |
| Goodwill and other intangible assets | 48,473 | 48,547 |
| Other assets | 12,508 | 10,056 |
| TOTAL ASSETS | \$1,833,663 | \$1,813,130 |
| LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY | | |
| Deposits | | |
| Noninterest bearing | \$229,269 | \$237,511 |
| NOW accounts | 235,529 | 231,666 |
| Certificates of deposit under \$250 and other savings | 739,859 | 728,090 |
| Certificates of deposit over \$250 | 72,149 | 67,991 |
| Total deposits | 1,276,806 | 1,265,258 |
| Borrowed funds | 359,776 | 344,878 |
| Accrued interest payable and other liabilities | 8,545 | 8,089 |
| Total liabilities | 1,645,127 | 1,618,225 |
| Shareholders' equity | | |
| Common stock — no par value 15,000,000 shares authorized; issued and outstanding | | |
| 7,830,940 shares (including 15,158 shares held in the Rabbi Trust) in 2018 and 7,857,293 | 3 139,480 | 140,277 |
| shares (including 31,769 shares held in the Rabbi Trust) in 2017 | | |
| Shares to be issued for deferred compensation obligations | 5,339 | 5,502 |
| Retained earnings | 55,870 | 51,728 |
| Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) | | (2,602) |
| Total shareholders' equity | 188,536 | 194,905 |
| TOTAL LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY | \$1,833,663 | \$1,813,130 |

See notes to interim condensed consolidated financial statements (unaudited).

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INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME (UNAUDITED) (Dollars in thousands except per share amounts)

| | Three Months Ended September 30 2018 2017 | | Nine Months Ended September 30 2018 2017 | |
|---|--|----------|---|----------|
| Interest income | | | | |
| Loans, including fees | \$12,833 | \$11,297 | \$36,205 | \$32,102 |
| AFS securities | | | | |
| Taxable | 2,031 | 2,037 | 6,263 | 6,338 |
| Nontaxable | 1,301 | 1,406 | 4,014 | 4,234 |
| Federal funds sold and other | 254 | 236 | 771 | 661 |
| Total interest income | 16,419 | 14,976 | 47,253 | 43,335 |
| Interest expense | | | | |
| Deposits | 2,436 | 1,715 | 6,712 | 4,870 |
| Borrowings | 1,795 | 1,485 | 4,661 | 4,189 |
| Total interest expense | 4,231 | 3,200 | 11,373 | 9,059 |
| Net interest income | 12,188 | 11,776 | 35,880 | 34,276 |
| Provision for loan losses | (76) | 49 | 636 | 85 |
| Net interest income after provision for loan losses | 12,264 | 11,727 | 35,244 | 34,191 |
| Noninterest income | | | | |
| Service charges and fees | 1,557 | 1,435 | 4,533 | 4,370 |
| Net gain on sale of mortgage loans | 171 | 153 | 339 | 507 |
| Earnings on corporate owned life insurance policies | 170 | 174 | 521 | 537 |
| Net gains on sale of AFS securities | _ | _ | _ | 142 |
| Other | 965 | 936 | 2,693 | 2,546 |
| Total noninterest income | 2,863 | 2,698 | 8,086 | 8,102 |
| Noninterest expenses | | | | |
| Compensation and benefits | 5,845 | 5,293 | 17,018 | 15,667 |
| Furniture and equipment | 1,500 | 1,377 | 4,550 | 4,073 |
| Occupancy | 870 | 809 | 2,501 | 2,461 |
| Other | 2,857 | 2,660 | 7,883 | 7,396 |
| Total noninterest expenses | 11,072 | 10,139 | 31,952 | 29,597 |
| Income before federal income tax expense | 4,055 | 4,286 | 11,378 | 12,696 |
| Federal income tax expense | 359 | 750 | 887 | 2,180 |
| NET INCOME | \$3,696 | \$3,536 | \$10,491 | \$10,516 |
| Earnings per common share | | | | |
| Basic | \$0.47 | \$0.45 | \$1.33 | \$1.34 |
| Diluted | \$0.46 | \$0.44 | \$1.30 | \$1.31 |
| Cash dividends per common share | \$0.26 | \$0.26 | \$0.78 | \$0.76 |
| | | | | |

See notes to interim condensed consolidated financial statements (unaudited).

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INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (UNAUDITED) (Dollars in thousands)

| | Three M | I onths | Nine Mo | onths | |
|---|---------|----------------|----------|----------|---|
| | Ended E | | Ended | Ended | |
| | Septem | ber 30 | Septem | ber 30 | |
| | 2018 | 2017 | 2018 | 2017 | |
| Net income | \$3,696 | \$3,536 | \$10,491 | \$10,516 | 5 |
| Unrealized gains (losses) on AFS securities | | | | | |
| Unrealized gains (losses) on AFS securities arising during the period | (2,513) | (96 | (12,548 |) 4,151 | |
| Reclassification adjustment for net (gains) losses included in net income | | | _ | (142 |) |
| Tax effect (1) | 522 | 54 | 2,648 | (1,158 |) |
| Unrealized gains (losses) on AFS securities, net of tax | (1,991) | (42 | (9,900 |) 2,851 | |
| Unrealized gains (losses) on derivative instruments arising during the period | 7 | 11 | 160 | (33 |) |
| Tax effect (1) | (2) | (4 |) (34 |) 11 | |
| Unrealized gains (losses) on derivative instruments, net of tax | 5 | 7 | 126 | (22 |) |
| Other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax | (1,986) | (35 | (9,774 |) 2,829 | |
| Comprehensive income | \$1,710 | \$3,501 | \$717 | \$13,345 | 5 |

⁽¹⁾ See "Note 11 – Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income" for tax effect reconciliation.

See notes to interim condensed consolidated financial statements (unaudited).

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INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY (UNAUDITED)

(Dollars in thousands except per share amounts)

| | Common S | tock | | | | | |
|--|--------------------------------|-----------------------------|---|---|--|-----------------------------|----|
| | Common Shares Outstandin | Amount g | Common Shares to be Issued for Deferred Compensation Obligations | Retained Earnings | Accumulated Other Comprehensiv Income (Loss | | |
| Balance, January 1, 2017 | 7,821,069 | \$139,525 | \$ 5,038 | \$46,114 | \$ (2,778) | \$187,89 | 99 |
| Comprehensive income (loss) | | _ | _ | 10,516 | 2,829 | 13,345 | |
| Issuance of common stock | 178,712 | 4,999 | _ | _ | | 4,999 | |
| Common stock transferred from the Rabbi | -, -,, | ., | | | | ., | |
| Trust to satisfy deferred compensation | _ | 176 | (176) | | _ | _ | |
| obligations Share-based payment awards under equity compensation plan | _ | _ | 502 | _ | _ | 502 | |
| Common stock purchased for deferred compensation obligations | _ | (327) | _ | _ | _ | (327 |) |
| Common stock repurchased pursuant to publicly announced repurchase plan | (143,117) | (4,005) | _ | _ | _ | (4,005 |) |
| Cash dividends paid (\$0.76 per common share) | _ | _ | _ | (5,950) | _ | (5,950 |) |
| Balance, September 30, 2017 Balance, January 1, 2018 Comprehensive income (loss) Adoption of ASU 2016-01 | 7,856,664 7,857,293 — | \$140,368 \$140,277 — | \$ 5,364 \$ 5,502 — | \$50,680 \$51,728 10,491 (223) | \$ 51 \$ (2,602) (9,774) 223 | \$196,46 \$194,90 717 | |
| Issuance of common stock | 189,074 | 5,093 | | _ | _ | 5,093 | |
| Common stock transferred from the Rabbi | , | , | | | | , | |
| Trust to satisfy deferred compensation obligations | _ | 612 | (612) | _ | _ | | |
| Share-based payment awards under equity compensation plan | _ | _ | 449 | _ | _ | 449 | |
| Common stock purchased for deferred compensation obligations | | (290) | _ | _ | | (290 |) |
| Common stock repurchased pursuant to publicly announced repurchase plan | (215,427) | (6,212) | _ | _ | _ | (6,212 |) |
| Cash dividends paid (\$0.78 per common share) | _ | _ | _ | (6,126) | _ | (6,126 |) |
| Balance, September 30, 2018 | 7,830,940 | \$139,480 | \$ 5,339 | \$55,870 | \$ (12,153) | \$188,53 | 6 |

See notes to interim condensed consolidated financial statements (unaudited).

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INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (UNAUDITED) (Dollars in thousands)

| (Donars in thousands) | Nine Mor Ended Septemb 2018 | |
|---|--------------------------------------|-----------------|
| ODED ATING A CTIVITIES | 2018 | 2017 |
| OPERATING ACTIVITIES | φ10.401 | φ10.51 <i>C</i> |
| Net income | \$10,491 | \$10,516 |
| Reconciliation of net income to net cash provided by operating activities: | (2) | 0.5 |
| Provision for loan losses | 636 | 85 |
| Impairment of foreclosed assets | | 2 |
| Depreciation | 2,198 | 2,163 |
| Amortization of OMSR | 165 | 257 |
| Amortization of acquisition intangibles | 74 | 91 |
| Net amortization of AFS securities | 1,432 | 1,614 |
| Net unrealized (gains) losses on equity securities, at fair value | 41 | |
| Net (gains) losses on sale of AFS securities | | (142) |
| Net (gains) losses on sale of equity securities, at fair value | ` / | |
| Net gain on sale of mortgage loans | (339) | (507) |
| Increase in cash value of corporate owned life insurance policies | (521) | (537) |
| Share-based payment awards under equity compensation plan | 449 | 502 |
| Origination of loans held-for-sale | (20,072) | (28,436) |
| Proceeds from loan sales | 19,160 | 29,522 |
| Net changes in operating assets and liabilities which provided (used) cash: | | |
| Accrued interest receivable | (606) | (808) |
| Other assets | | (1,491) |
| Accrued interest payable and other liabilities | 456 | 897 |
| Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities | 12,240 | 13,728 |
| INVESTING ACTIVITIES | ,- : • | , |
| Activity in AFS securities | | |
| Sales | | 12,827 |
| Maturities, calls, and principal payments | 64,629 | 78,352 |
| Purchases | • | (83,471) |
| Sale of equity securities, at fair value | 3,537 | (05,171) |
| Net loan principal (originations) collections | • | (66,928) |
| Proceeds from sales of foreclosed assets | 201 | 203 |
| Purchases of premises and equipment | (1,934) | |
| Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities | | (60,627) |
| The easil provided by (used in) investing activities | (13,777) | (00,027) |
| | | |

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INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (continued) (Dollars in thousands)

| | Nine Mor | nths |
|--|----------|----------|
| | Ended | |
| | Septembe | er 30 |
| | 2018 | 2017 |
| FINANCING ACTIVITIES | | |
| Net increase (decrease) in deposits | \$11,548 | \$21,022 |
| Net increase (decrease) in borrowed funds | 14,898 | 29,333 |
| Cash dividends paid on common stock | (6,126) | (5,950) |
| Proceeds from issuance of common stock | 5,093 | 4,999 |
| Common stock repurchased | (6,212) | (4,005) |
| Common stock purchased for deferred compensation obligations | (290) | (327) |
| Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities | 18,911 | 45,072 |
| Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents | 17,704 | (1,827) |
| Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period | 30,848 | 22,894 |
| Cash and cash equivalents at end of period | \$48,552 | \$21,067 |
| SUPPLEMENTAL CASH FLOWS INFORMATION: | | |
| Interest paid | \$11,249 | \$9,000 |
| Income taxes paid | \$— | \$2,470 |
| SUPPLEMENTAL NONCASH INFORMATION: | | |
| Transfers of loans to foreclosed assets | \$215 | \$214 |
| | | |

See notes to interim condensed consolidated financial statements (unaudited).

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NOTES TO INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

(Dollars in thousands except per share amounts)

Note 1 – Basis of Presentation

As used in these notes, as well as in Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations, references to "Isabella," the "Corporation," "we," "our," "us," and similar terms refer to the consolidated entity consisting of Isabella Bank Corporation and its subsidiaries. Isabella Bank Corporation refers solely to the parent holding company, and Isabella Bank or the "Bank" refers to Isabella Bank Corporation's subsidiary, Isabella Bank. The accompanying unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with GAAP for interim financial information and with the instructions to Form 10-Q and Article 10 of Regulation S-X. Accordingly, they do not include all of the information and footnotes required by GAAP for complete financial statements. In our opinion, all adjustments considered necessary for a fair presentation have been included. Operating results for the three and nine month periods ended September 30, 2018 are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the year ending December 31, 2018. For further information, refer to our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2017.

Our accounting policies are materially the same as those discussed in Note 1 to the Consolidated Financial Statements included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2017.

Reclassifications: Certain amounts reported in the interim 2017 consolidated financial statements have been reclassified to conform with the 2018 presentation.

In May 2014, ASU No. 2014-09 was issued and created new Topic 606 to provide a common revenue standard to

Note 2 – Accounting Standards Updates

Recently Adopted Accounting Standards Updates

ASU No. 2014-09: "Revenue from Contracts with Customers"

achieve consistency and clarification to the revenue recognition principles. The guidance outlines steps to achieve the core principle that an entity should recognize revenue to depict the transfer of promised goods or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration to which the entity expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services. These steps consist of: (1) identify the contract with a customer, (2) identify the performance obligations in the contract, (3) determine the transaction price, (4) allocate the transaction price to the performance obligations in the contract, and (5) recognize revenue when (or as) the entity satisfies a performance obligation. The new authoritative guidance, as amended, was effective on January 1, 2018. We reviewed our contracts related to trust and investment services and those related to other noninterest income to determine if changes in income recognition were required as a result of this guidance. Implementation of this guidance did not have a significant impact on our operating results for the three and nine month periods ended September 30, 2018. ASU No. 2016-01: "Financial Instruments - Overall (Subtopic 825-10): Recognition and Measurement of Financial Assets and Liabilities" and ASU No. 2018-03: "Technical Corrections and Improvements to Financial Instruments -Overall (Subtopic 825-10: Recognition and Measurement of Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities" In January 2016, ASU No. 2016-01 was issued and sets forth the following: 1) requires equity investments, with certain exceptions, to be measured at fair value with changes in fair value recognized in net income; 2) simplifies the impairment assessment of equity investments without readily determinable fair values by requiring a qualitative assessment to identify impairment and requiring measurement of the investment at fair value when an impairment exists; 3) for public entities, eliminates the requirement to disclose the method(s) and significant assumptions used to estimate the fair value that is required to be disclosed for financial instruments measured at amortized cost on the balance sheet; 4) for public entities, requires the use of exit price notion when measuring the fair value of financial instruments for disclosure purposes; 5) requires an entity to present separately in other comprehensive income, the portion of the total change in the fair value of a liability resulting from a change in the instrument-specific credit risk when the entity has elected to measure the liability at fair value in accordance with the fair value option for financial instruments; 6) requires separate presentation of financial assets and financial liabilities by measurement category and form of financial asset on the balance sheet or the accompanying notes to the financial statements; and 7) clarifies that an entity should evaluate the need for a valuation allowance on a deferred tax asset related to available-for-sale securities in combination with the entity's other deferred tax assets.

The new authoritative guidance was effective for interim and annual periods beginning after December 15, 2017. As a result of this guidance, the change in the fair value of equity investments has been recorded in net income beginning on January 1, 2018.

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Equity securities are now recorded separately from AFS securities and are recorded at a fair value which approximates an exit price notion. Adoption of this guidance had an insignificant impact on our operations and its future impact will depend on the fair value of these investments at the future measurement dates. The disclosures related to equity investment securities reflect a fully retrospective presentation for comparative purposes.

For discussion of the fair value measurement of financial instruments, refer to "Note 12 – Fair Value".

In February 2018, ASU No. 2018-03 was issued and sets forth correction or improvement amendments for specific issues that may arise within the scope of ASU 2016-01. These amendments have been adopted and did not have a significant impact on our operating results or financial statement disclosures.

ASU No. 2017-08: "Receivables - Nonrefundable Fees and Other Costs (Subtopic 310-20): Premium Amortization on Purchased Callable Debt Securities"

In March 2017, ASU No. 2017-08 amended the amortization period for certain purchased callable debt securities held at a premium. Under current GAAP, entities generally amortize the premium as an adjustment of yield over the contractual life of the instrument. The amendments in this update shorten the amortization period and require the premium to be amortized to the earliest call date. The amendments do not require an accounting change for securities held at a discount; the discount continues to be amortized to maturity.

The new authoritative guidance is effective for interim and annual periods beginning after December 15, 2018 with early adoption permitted. The guidance has been adopted and did not have a significant impact on our operating results or financial statement disclosures.

ASU No. 2017-09: "Compensation - Stock Compensation (Topic 718): Scope of Modification Accounting" In May 2017, ASU No. 2017-09 was issued and provided guidance about which changes to the terms or conditions of a share-based payment award require an entity to apply modification accounting under Topic 718. The current disclosure requirements in Topic 718 apply regardless of whether an entity is required to apply modification accounting under the amendments in this update. An entity should account for the effects of a modification unless all of the following are met:

- 1. The fair value (or calculated value or intrinsic value, if such an alternative measurement method is used) of the modified award is the same as the fair value (or calculated value or intrinsic value, if such an alternative measurement method is used) of the original award immediately before the original award is modified. If the modification does not affect any of the inputs to the valuation technique that the entity uses to value the award, the entity is not required to estimate the value immediately before and after the modification.
- 2. The vesting conditions of the modified award are the same as the vesting conditions of the original award immediately before the original award is modified.
- 3. The classification of the modified award as an equity instrument or a liability instrument is the same as the classification of the original award immediately before the original award is modified.

The new authoritative guidance was effective on January 1, 2018 and did not have a significant impact on our operating results or financial statement disclosures.

Pending Accounting Standards Updates

ASU No. 2016-02: "Leases (Topic 842)"

In February 2016, ASU No. 2016-02 was issued to create Topic 842 - Leases which will require recognition of lease assets and lease liabilities on the balance sheet for leases previously classified as operating leases. Accounting guidance is set forth for both lessee and lessor accounting. Under lessee accounting, a lessee should recognize in the statement of financial position a liability to make lease payments (the lease liability) and a right-of-use asset representing its right to use the underlying asset for the lease term.

For finance leases, a lessee is required to do the following: 1) recognize a right-of-use asset and a lease liability, initially measured at the present value of the lease payments, in the statement of financial position; 2) recognize interest on the lease liability separately from amortization of the right-of-use asset in the statement of comprehensive income; and 3) classify repayments of the principal portion of the lease liability within financing activities and payments of interest on the lease liability and variable lease payments within operating activities in the statement of cash flows. For operating leases, a lessee is required to do the following: 1) recognize a right-of-use asset and a lease liability, initially measured at the present value of the

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lease payments, in the statement of financial position; 2) recognize a single lease cost, calculated so that the cost of the lease is allocated over the lease term on a generally straight-line basis; and 3) classify all cash payments within operating activities in the statement of cash flows.

The accounting applied by a lessor is largely unchanged from that applied under previous GAAP. The new authoritative guidance is effective for interim and annual periods beginning after December 15, 2018. We have and will continue to review our lease agreements to determine the appropriate treatment under this guidance. We do not expect these changes to have a significant impact on our operating results or financial statement disclosures. In July 2018, ASU No. 2018-10 was issued and provided codification improvements for various leasing issues. Also during July 2018, ASU No. 2018-11 was issued for targeted improvements related to the transition of the new guidance. Both updates are effective with the implementation of ASU 2016-02 and are not expected to impact our operating results or financial statement disclosures.

ASU No. 2016-13: "Financial Instruments - Credit Losses (Topic 326): Measurement of Credit Losses on Financial Instruments"

In June 2016, ASU No. 2016-13 was issued and updated the measurement for credit losses for AFS debt securities and assets measured at amortized cost which include loans, trade receivables, and any other financial assets with the contractual right to receive cash. Current GAAP requires an "incurred loss" methodology for recognizing credit losses that delays recognition until it is probable a loss has been incurred. Under the incurred loss approach, entities are limited to a probable initial recognition threshold when credit losses are measured under GAAP; an entity generally only considers past events and current conditions in measuring the incurred loss.

Under the new guidance, the incurred loss impairment methodology in current GAAP is replaced with a methodology that reflects current expected credit losses (CECL). This methodology requires consideration of a broader range of reasonable and supportable information to calculate credit loss estimates. The measurement of expected credit losses is based on relevant information about past events, including historical experience, current conditions, and reasonable and supportable forecasts that affect the collectability of the reported amount. An entity must use judgment in determining the relevant information and estimation methods that are appropriate in its circumstances which applies to assets measured either collectively or individually.

The update allows an entity to revert to historical loss information that is reflective of the contractual term (considering the effect of prepayments) for periods that are beyond the time frame for which the entity is able to develop reasonable and supportable forecasts. In addition, the disclosures of credit quality indicators in relation to the amortized cost of financing receivables, a current disclosure requirement, are further disaggregated by year of origination (or vintage). The vintage information will be useful for financial statement users to better assess changes in underwriting standards and credit quality trends in asset portfolios over time and the effect of those changes on credit losses.

Overall, the update will allow entities the ability to measure expected credit losses without the restriction of incurred or probable losses that exist under current GAAP. For users of the financial statements, the update provides decision-useful information about the expected credit losses on financial instruments and other commitments to extend credit held by a reporting entity at each reporting date. The new authoritative guidance is effective for interim and annual periods beginning after December 15, 2019 and may have a significant impact on our operations and financial statement disclosures as well as that of the banking industry as a whole.

We have invested a considerable amount of effort toward this guidance and will continue to invest considerable effort until its effective date. A committee was formed and has developed a road map to implementation, and the committee is accountable for timely and accurate adoption of the guidance. A company that has been focused on the ALLL for more than 10 years and serves hundreds of financial institutions has been engaged to provide us with education, advisory, and software solutions exclusively related to the ACL. We expect to run parallel processes during 2019, which will help to ensure we are ready to calculate, review, and report the ACL by the required implementation date. ASU No. 2018-13: "Fair Value Measurement (Topic 820): Disclosure Framework-Changes to the Disclosure Requirements for Fair Value Measurement"

In August 2018, ASU No. 2018-13 was issued and provided updated framework related to fair value disclosures. For entities required to make disclosures about recurring or nonrecurring fair value measurements, the update provides

disclosure modifications which include the removal, modification and addition of specific disclosure requirements.

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The new authoritative guidance is effective for interim and annual periods beginning after December 15, 2019 and will impact our financial statement disclosures.

ASU No. 2018-14: "Compensation - Retirement Benefits - Defined Pension Plans - General (Subtopic 715-20): Disclosure Framework - Changes to the Disclosure Requirements for Defined Benefit Plans"

In August 2018, ASU No. 2018-14 was issued and provided updated framework related to defined benefit plans. For employers that sponsor defined benefit pension or other postretirement plans, the update provides disclosure modifications which include the removal of six specific requirements, the addition of two specific requirements and clarification to existing requirements.

Disclosure additions include 1) the weighted-average interest crediting rates for cash balance plans and other plans with promised interest crediting rates; 2) an explanation of the reasons for significant gains and losses related to changes in the benefit obligation for the period. Clarification items relate to 1) the projected benefit obligation (PBO) and fair value of plan assets for plans with PBOs in excess of plan assets; and 2) the accumulated benefit obligation (ABO) and fair value of plan assets for plans with ABOs in excess of plan assets.

The new authoritative guidance is effective for fiscal years ending after December 15, 2020, with early adoption permitted, and will likely impact our financial statement disclosures.

ASU No. 2018-15: "Intangibles - Goodwill and Other - Internal-Use Software (Subtopic 350-40): Customer's Accounting for Implementation Costs Incurred in a Cloud Computing Arrangement That Is a Service Contract" In August 2018, ASU No. 2018-15 was issued and provided guidance on the accounting for implementation, setup, and

other upfront costs (collectively referred to as implementation costs) for entities that are a customer in a hosting arrangement that is a service contract. The guidance also provides clarification on requirements to capitalize implementation costs and the required accounting for expenses related to capitalization of implementation costs. The new authoritative guidance is effective for interim and annual periods beginning after December 15, 2019, with early adoption permitted. The impact on our operating results and financial statement disclosures as a result of this update will depend upon our current and future arrangements and whether or not they meet the requirement to be capitalized.

Note 3 – AFS Securities

The amortized cost and fair value of AFS securities, with gross unrealized gains and losses, are as follows at:

September 30, 2018

| | 3cptcmbcr 30, 2016 | | | |
|--|--|--------------------------------------|--|------------------------------------|
| | Amortized Cost | Gross Unrealized Gains | Gross Unrealized Losses | Fair Value |
| Government sponsored enterprises | \$184 | \$ — | \$ 4 | \$180 |
| States and political subdivisions | 193,195 | 1,328 | 566 | 193,957 |
| Auction rate money market preferred | 3,200 | | 92 | 3,108 |
| Mortgage-backed securities | 196,194 | 21 | 8,079 | 188,136 |
| Collateralized mortgage obligations | 120,096 | 17 | 4,355 | 115,758 |
| Total | \$512,869 | \$ 1,366 | \$ 13,096 | \$501,139 |
| | December | 21 2017 | | |
| | December | 31, 2017 | | |
| | Amortized Cost | Gross | Gross Unrealized Losses | Fair Value |
| Government sponsored enterprises | Amortized | Gross Unrealized | Unrealized | |
| Government sponsored enterprises States and political subdivisions | Amortized Cost | Gross Unrealized Gains | Unrealized Losses | Value |
| • | Amortized Cost \$217 204,131 | Gross Unrealized Gains \$ — | Unrealized Losses \$ 1 | Value \$216 |
| States and political subdivisions | Amortized Cost \$217 204,131 | Gross Unrealized Gains \$ — | Unrealized Losses \$ 1 143 | Value \$216 208,474 |
| States and political subdivisions Auction rate money market preferred | Amortized Cost \$217 204,131 3,200 | Gross Unrealized Gains \$ — 4,486 — | Unrealized Losses \$ 1 143 151 | Value \$216 208,474 3,049 |

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The amortized cost and fair value of AFS securities by contractual maturity at September 30, 2018 are as follows:

| M | atı | 1111 | n | o |
|---|-----|------|---|---|
| | | | | = |

| | Due in One Year or Less | After One Year But Within Five Years | After Five Years But Within Ten Years | After Ten Years | Securities with Variable Monthly Payments or Noncontractual Maturities | Total |
|-------------------------------------|----------------------------------|---|---|--------------------|---|-----------|
| Government sponsored enterprises | \$ | \$ 184 | \$ — | \$— | \$ — | \$184 |
| States and political subdivisions | 22,802 | 80,091 | 61,348 | 28,954 | _ | 193,195 |
| Auction rate money market preferred | _ | _ | _ | _ | 3,200 | 3,200 |
| Mortgage-backed securities | _ | _ | _ | _ | 196,194 | 196,194 |
| Collateralized mortgage obligations | _ | _ | _ | _ | 120,096 | 120,096 |
| Total amortized cost | \$22,802 | \$ 80,275 | \$61,348 | \$ 28,954 | \$ 319,490 | \$512,869 |
| Fair value | \$22,850 | \$ 80,589 | \$61.855 | \$ 28,843 | \$ 307,002 | \$501,139 |

Expected maturities for government sponsored enterprises and states and political subdivisions may differ from contractual maturities because issuers may have the right to call or prepay obligations.

As the auction rate money market preferred stocks have continual call dates, they are not reported by a specific maturity group. Because of their variable monthly payments, mortgage-backed securities and collateralized mortgage obligations are not reported by a specific maturity group.

A summary of the sales activity of AFS securities was as follows for the:

| | Inree | Nine |
|---|-----------|----------------------|
| | Months | Months |
| | Ended | Ended |
| | September | September |
| | 30 | 30 |
| | 2018 2017 | 20 28 17 |
| Proceeds from sales of AFS securities | \$\$ | \$-\$12,827 |
| Gross realized gains (losses) | \$ \$ - | \$ -\$142 |
| Applicable income tax expense (benefit) | \$ \$ - | \$-\$ 48 |
| · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | | |

The following information pertains to AFS securities with gross unrealized losses at September 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017, aggregated by investment category and length of time that individual securities have been in a continuous loss position.

> September 30, 2018 Less Than Twelve Worlths Months or More

| | Gross | Fair | Gross | . Fair | Total |
|--|---------|----------------------|------------|--------------------|------------|
| | Unreali | Fair Zed Value | Unrealized | ¹ Value | Unrealized |
| | Losses | v aruc | Losses | varuc | Losses |
| Government sponsored enterprises | \$4 | \$180 | \$ — | \$ — | \$ 4 |
| States and political subdivisions | 566 | 41,972 | _ | | 566 |
| Auction rate money market preferred | | _ | 92 | 3,108 | 92 |
| Mortgage-backed securities | 2,780 | 89,602 | 5,299 | 96,985 | 8,079 |
| Collateralized mortgage obligations | 2,198 | 72,074 | 2,157 | 39,948 | 4,355 |
| Total | \$5,548 | \$203,828 | \$ 7,548 | \$ 140,041 | \$ 13,096 |
| Number of securities in an unrealized loss position: | | 164 | | 37 | 201 |

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December 31, 2017

Less Than Twelve Moeths Months or More

| | Gross Unreali Losses | Fair zed Value | Gross Unrealized Losses | d Fair Value | Total Unrealized Losses |
|--|----------------------------|----------------------|-------------------------------|--------------------|-------------------------------|
| Government sponsored enterprises | \$1 | \$216 | \$ — | \$ — | \$ 1 |
| States and political subdivisions | 142 | 16,139 | 1 | 188 | 143 |
| Auction rate money market preferred | | | 151 | 3,049 | 151 |
| Mortgage-backed securities | 454 | 72,007 | 1,896 | 76,065 | 2,350 |
| Collateralized mortgage obligations | 701 | 76,435 | 872 | 25,308 | 1,573 |
| Total | \$1,298 | \$164,797 | \$ 2,920 | \$ 104,610 | \$ 4,218 |
| Number of securities in an unrealized loss position: | | 81 | | 24 | 105 |

Unrealized losses on our AFS securities portfolio are the result of recent increases in intermediate-term and long-term benchmark interest rates and not credit issues.

As of September 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017, we conducted an analysis to determine whether any AFS securities currently in an unrealized loss position should be other-than-temporarily impaired. Such analyses considered, among other factors, the following criteria:

Has the value of the investment declined more than what is deemed to be reasonable based on a risk and maturity adjusted discount rate?

Is the investment credit rating below investment grade?

Is it probable the issuer will be unable to pay the amount when due?

Is it more likely than not that we will have to sell the security before recovery of its cost basis?

Has the duration of the investment been extended?

During the fourth quarter of 2016, we identified one municipal bond as other-than-temporarily impaired. While management estimated the OTTI to be realized, we also engaged the services of an independent investment valuation firm to estimate the amount of impairment as of December 31, 2016. The valuation calculated the estimated market value utilizing two different approaches:

- 1) Market Appraisal and Comparable Investments
- 2) Income Discounted Cash Flow Method

The two methods were then weighted, with a higher weighting applied to the Market approach, to determine the estimated impairment. As a result of this analysis, we reduced the carrying value to \$230 which required us to recognize an OTTI of \$770 in earnings for the year ended December 31, 2016. Based on internal analysis of this bond as of September 30, 2018, there was no additional OTTI recognized as of September 30, 2018 and the carrying value of this bond remained at \$230.

Based on our analysis which included the criteria outlined above, the fact that we have asserted that we do not have the intent to sell AFS securities in an unrealized loss position, and considering it is unlikely that we will have to sell any AFS securities in an unrealized loss position before recovery of their cost basis, we do not believe that the values of any other AFS securities are other-than-temporarily impaired as of September 30, 2018 or December 31, 2017, with the exception of the one municipal bond discussed above.

Note 4 – Loans and ALLL

We grant commercial, agricultural, residential real estate, and consumer loans to customers situated primarily in Clare, Gratiot, Isabella, Mecosta, Midland, Montcalm, and Saginaw counties in Michigan. The ability of the borrowers to honor their repayment obligations is often dependent upon the real estate, agricultural, manufacturing, retail, gaming, tourism, health care, higher education, and general economic conditions of this region. Substantially all of our consumer and residential real estate loans are secured by various items of property, while commercial loans are secured primarily by real estate, business assets, and personal guarantees. Some loans are unsecured.

Loans that we have the intent and ability to hold in our portfolio are reported at their outstanding principal balance adjusted for any charge-offs, the ALLL, and any deferred fees or costs. Interest income is accrued over the term of the loan based on the principal amount outstanding. Loan origination fees and certain direct loan origination costs are

capitalized and recognized as a component of interest income over the term of the loan using the level yield method.

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The accrual of interest on commercial, agricultural, and residential real estate loans is discontinued at the time the loan is 90 days or more past due unless the credit is well-secured and in the process of collection. Upon transferring loans to nonaccrual status, we perform an evaluation to determine the net realizable value of the underlying collateral. This evaluation is used to help determine if any charge-offs are necessary. Consumer loans are typically charged-off no later than 180 days past due. Past due status is based on contractual terms of the loan. In all cases, loans are placed on nonaccrual status or charged-off at an earlier date if collection of principal or interest is considered doubtful. For loans that are placed on nonaccrual status or charged-off, all interest accrued in the current calendar year, but not collected, is reversed against interest income while interest accrued in prior calendar years, but not collected, is charged against the ALLL. Loans may be returned to accrual status after six months of continuous performance and achievement of current payment status.

Commercial and agricultural loans include loans for commercial real estate, commercial operating loans, advances to mortgage brokers, farmland and agricultural production, and loans to states and political subdivisions. Repayment of these loans is dependent upon the successful operation and management of a business. We minimize our risk by limiting the amount of direct credit exposure to any one borrower to \$15,000. Borrowers with direct credit needs of more than \$15,000 are serviced through the use of loan participations with other commercial banks. Commercial and agricultural real estate loans commonly require loan-to-value limits of 80% or less. Depending upon the type of loan, past credit history, and current operating results, we may require the borrower to pledge accounts receivable, inventory, property, or equipment. Personal guarantees are generally required from the owners of closely held corporations, partnerships, and sole proprietorships. In addition, we may require annual financial statements, prepare cash flow analyses, and review credit reports.

We entered into a mortgage purchase program in 2016 with a financial institution where we participate in advances to mortgage brokers ("advances"). The mortgage brokers originate residential mortgage loans with the intent to sell them on the secondary market. We participate in the advance to the mortgage broker, which is secured by the underlying mortgage loan, until it is ultimately sold on the secondary market. As such, the average life of each participated advance is approximately 20-30 days. Funds from the sale of the loan are used to pay off our participation in the advance to the mortgage broker. We classify these advances as commercial loans and include the outstanding balance in commercial loans on our consolidated balance sheet. Under the participation agreement, we committed to a maximum outstanding aggregate amount of \$30,000. The difference between our outstanding balances and the maximum outstanding aggregate amount is classified as "Unfunded commitments under lines of credit" in the "Contractual Obligations and Loan Commitments" section of the Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations of this report.

We offer adjustable rate mortgages, construction loans, and fixed rate residential real estate loans which have amortization periods up to a maximum of 30 years. We consider the anticipated direction of interest rates, balance sheet duration, the sensitivity of our balance sheet to changes in interest rates, our liquidity needs, and overall loan demand to determine whether or not to sell fixed rate loans to Freddie Mac.

Our lending policies generally limit the maximum loan-to-value ratio on residential real estate loans to 100% of the lower of the appraised value of the property or the purchase price. Private mortgage insurance is typically required on loans with loan-to-value ratios in excess of 80% unless the loan qualifies for government guarantees.

Underwriting criteria for originated residential real estate loans generally include:

Evaluation of the borrower's ability to make monthly payments.

Evaluation of the value of the property securing the loan.

Ensuring the payment of principal, interest, taxes, and hazard insurance does not exceed 28% of a borrower's gross income.

Ensuring all debt servicing does not exceed 40% of income.

Verification of acceptable credit reports.

Verification of employment, income, and financial information.

Appraisals are performed by independent appraisers and reviewed for appropriateness. Generally, mortgage loan requests are reviewed by our mortgage loan committee or through a secondary market underwriting system; loans in excess of \$500 require the approval of our Internal Loan Committee, the Executive Loan Committee, the Board of

Directors' Loan Committee, or the Board of Directors.

Consumer loans include secured and unsecured personal loans. Loans are amortized for a period of up to 15 years based on the age and value of the underlying collateral. The underwriting emphasis is on a borrower's perceived intent and ability to pay rather than collateral value. No consumer loans are sold to the secondary market.

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The ALLL is established as losses are estimated to have occurred through a provision for loan losses charged to earnings. Loan losses are charged against the ALLL when we believe the uncollectability of the loan balance is probable. Subsequent recoveries, if any, are credited to the ALLL.

The appropriateness of the ALLL is evaluated on a quarterly basis and is based upon a periodic review of the collectability of the loans in light of historical experience, the nature and volume of the loan portfolio, adverse situations that may affect the borrower's ability to repay, estimated value of any underlying collateral, and prevailing economic conditions. This evaluation is inherently subjective as it requires estimates that are susceptible to significant revision as more information becomes available.

The primary factors behind the determination of the level of the ALLL are specific allocations for impaired loans, historical loss percentages, as well as unallocated components. Specific allocations for impaired loans are primarily determined based on the difference between the loan's outstanding balance and the present value of expected future cash flows discounted at the loan's effective interest rate, the loan's obtainable market price, or the fair value of the collateral, less cost to sell. Historical loss allocations are calculated at the loan class and segment levels based on a migration analysis of the loan portfolio, with the exception of advances to mortgage brokers, over the preceding five years. With no historical losses on advances to mortgage brokers, there is no allocation in the commercial segment displayed in the following tables. The unallocated component of the allowance reflects the margin of imprecision inherent in the underlying assumptions used in the methodologies for estimating specific and general losses in the portfolio.

A summary of changes in the ALLL and the recorded investment in loans by segments follows:

| , | | | | | , , | |
|---------------------------|---------|---------------------------|----------------------------|----------|--------------|------------|
| | Allowa | Allowance for Loan Losses | | | | |
| | Three N | Months Ended | d September | 30, 2018 | | |
| | Comme | erc A agricultura | Residentia Real Estat | Consun | ner Unalloca | ated Total |
| July 1, 2018 | \$2,197 | \$ 982 | \$ 2,167 | \$ 882 | \$ 1,972 | \$8,200 |
| Charge-offs | (7 |) — | (61 |) (111 |) — | (179) |
| Recoveries | 80 | | 37 | 38 | | 155 |
| Provision for loan losses | (249 |) (200 | 239 | 93 | 41 | (76) |
| September 30, 2018 | \$2,021 | \$ 782 | \$ 2,382 | \$ 902 | \$ 2,013 | \$8,100 |
| | Allowa | nce for Loan | Losses | | | |
| | Nine M | onths Ended | September 3 | 30, 2018 | | |
| | Comme | er Aigi licultural | Residential Real Estate | Consumer | Unallocated | Total |
| January 1, 2018 | \$1,706 | \$ 611 | \$ 2,563 | \$ 900 | \$ 1,920 | \$7,700 |
| Charge-offs | (501 |)— | (100) | (247) | _ | (848) |
| Recoveries | 284 | | 162 | 166 | | 612 |
| Provision for loan losses | 532 | 171 | (243) | 83 | 93 | 636 |
| September 30, 2018 | \$2,021 | \$ 782 | \$ 2,382 | \$ 902 | \$ 2,013 | \$8,100 |
| | | | | | | |

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| | | Allowance for Loan Losses and Recorded Investment in Loans September 30, 2018 | | | | | ns |
|----------------------------------|----------------------|--|----------------------------|----------------------------|------------------------|---------------|--------------------------|
| | | Commerc | i A gricultural | Residential Real Estate | Consumer | Unallocated | Total |
| ALLL | | | | | | | |
| Individually evaluated for | - | | \$ 193 | \$ 1,400 | \$ <i>—</i> | \$ — | \$2,074 |
| Collectively evaluated for | impairment | | 589 | 982 | 902 | 2,013 | 6,026 |
| Total | | \$2,021 | \$ 782 | \$ 2,382 | \$ 902 | \$ 2,013 | \$8,100 |
| Loans | | ΦΩ Ω 5 Ω | ф 15 O57 | ф 7 . 420 | Φ 10 | | Ф21 254 |
| Individually evaluated for | | | \$ 15,057 | \$ 7,429 260,475 | \$ 10 | | \$31,354 |
| Collectively evaluated for Total | шрантыеш | | 114,175 \$ 129,232 | 269,475 \$ 276,904 | 64,869 \$ 64,879 | | 1,108,576 \$1,139,930 |
| | Allowance fo | | | \$ 270,904 | \$ 0 4 ,679 | | \$1,139,930 |
| | Three Month | | | 2017 | | | |
| | | F | Pecidential | | | T 1 | |
| (| Commerc A adr | 10111111rai | Real Estate | Consumer Un | allocated | Total | |
| July 1, 2017 | \$1,978 \$ 4 | 75 \$ | 5 2,598 | \$ 583 \$ | 1,966 | \$7,600 | |
| • | (8) — | | 77) (| | | (157) | |
| | 134 — | | | | | 208 | |
| Provision for loan losses 6 | * | , , | | 89 6 | | 49 | |
| | \$2,169 \$ 4 | | • | \$ 633 \$ | 1,972 | \$7,700 | |
| | Allowance fo | | | 2017 | | | |
| 1 | Nine Months | | _ | 2017 | | | |
| | Commerc A adr | icultural F | Residential Real Estate | Consumer Un | | Total | |
| <u> </u> | \$1,814 \$ 8 | 84 \$ | 5 2,664 | \$ 624 \$ | 1,414 | \$7,400 | |
| • | (60) — | , | | (190) — | | (370) | |
| | 322 — | | | 123 — | | 585 | |
| Provision for loan losses 9 | | , , | , | | | 85 | |
| September 30, 2017 | \$2,169 \$ 4 | | • | | * | \$7,700 | |
| | | Allowance December | | osses and Rec | orded Inve | stment in Loa | ns |
| | | Commerc | i A gricultural | Residential Real Estate | Consumer | Unallocated | Total |
| ALLL | | | | | | | |
| Individually evaluated for | | | \$ <i>—</i> | \$ 1,480 | \$ <i>—</i> | \$ — | \$2,130 |
| Collectively evaluated for | impairment | 1,056 | 611 | 1,083 | 900 | 1,920 | 5,570 |
| Total | | \$1,706 | \$ 611 | \$ 2,563 | \$ 900 | \$ 1,920 | \$7,700 |
| Loans | | | | . – | | | |
| Individually evaluated for | | | \$ 10,598 | \$ 7,939 | \$ 17 | | \$26,653 |
| Collectively evaluated for | impairment | | 117,671 | 264,429 | 56,106 | | 1,064,866 |
| Total | | \$634,759 | \$ 128,269 | \$ 272,368 | \$ 56,123 | | \$1,091,519 |
| 18 | | | | | | | |

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The following tables display the credit quality indicators for commercial and agricultural credit exposures based on internally assigned credit risk ratings as of:

| | September | r 30, 2018 | | | | | | |
|--|--|--|--|--|--|---|--|--|
| | Commerc | ial | | | Agricultu | ural | | |
| | | | Advances | | | | | |
| | Real Estat | Other | to Mortgage Brokers | Total | Real Esta | a @ ther | Total | Total |
| Rating | | | | | | | | |
| 1 - Excellent | \$22 | \$42 | \$ <i>—</i> | \$64 | \$52 | \$34 | \$86 | \$150 |
| 2 - High quality | 4,518 | 17,255 | _ | 21,773 | 2,947 | 630 | 3,577 | 25,350 |
| 3 - High satisfactory | - | 39,794 | 15,631 | 180,508 | 19,137 | 7,631 | 26,768 | 207,276 |
| 4 - Low satisfactory | | 87,136 | _ | 443,461 | 45,854 | 19,487 | 65,341 | 508,802 |
| 5 - Special mention | 11,739 | 1,795 | | 13,534 | 10,445 | 5,783 | 16,228 | 29,762 |
| 6 - Substandard | 6,302 | 2,133 | | 8,435 | 6,418 | 5,516 | 11,934 | 20,369 |
| 7 - Vulnerable | 897 | 243 | | 1,140 | 2,881 | 2,417 | 5,298 | 6,438 |
| 8 - Doubtful | | | | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| 9 - Loss | | | | | | | | _ |
| Total | \$504,886 | \$148,398 | \$ 15.631 | \$668,915 | \$87,734 | \$41,498 | \$129,232 | \$798,147 |
| | • | - | * | | | | | |
| | December | 31, 2017 | | | | | | |
| | December Commercial | | | | Agriculti | ural | | |
| | | | Advances | | Agricult | ural | | |
| | | ial | Advances to Mortgage Brokers | Total | Agricultu Real Esta | | Total | Total |
| Rating | Commerci | ial | to | Total | | | Total | Total |
| Rating 1 - Excellent | Commerce Real Estat | ial ∙Other | to Mortgage Brokers | | Real Esta | a ⊕ ther | | |
| 1 - Excellent | Commerce Real Estat | eOther | to Mortgage Brokers \$— | \$340 | Real Esta | a ⊕ ther | \$34 | \$374 |
| 1 - Excellent2 - High quality | Real Estat \$24 8,402 | ©ther \$316 12,262 | to Mortgage Brokers \$ | \$340 20,664 | Real Esta \$— 2,909 | a@ther \$34 1,024 | \$34 3,933 | \$374 24,597 |
| 1 - Excellent2 - High quality3 - High satisfactory | Real Estat \$24 8,402 131,826 | \$316 12,262 46,668 | to Mortgage Brokers \$— | \$340 20,664 190,575 | \$— 2,909 21,072 | \$34 1,024 8,867 | \$34 3,933 29,939 | \$374 24,597 220,514 |
| 1 - Excellent2 - High quality3 - High satisfactory4 - Low satisfactory | Real Estat \$24 8,402 131,826 326,166 | \$316 12,262 46,668 75,591 | to Mortgage Brokers \$ | \$340 20,664 190,575 401,757 | \$— 2,909 21,072 47,835 | \$34 1,024 8,867 18,467 | \$34 3,933 29,939 66,302 | \$374 24,597 220,514 468,059 |
| Excellent High quality High satisfactory Low satisfactory Special mention | Real Estat \$24 8,402 131,826 326,166 8,986 | \$316 12,262 46,668 75,591 3,889 | to Mortgage Brokers \$ — 12,081 — | \$340 20,664 190,575 401,757 12,875 | \$— 2,909 21,072 47,835 10,493 | \$34 1,024 8,867 18,467 8,546 | \$34 3,933 29,939 66,302 19,039 | \$374 24,597 220,514 468,059 31,914 |
| Excellent High quality High satisfactory Low satisfactory Special mention Substandard | \$24 8,402 131,826 326,166 8,986 5,521 | \$316 12,262 46,668 75,591 | to Mortgage Brokers \$ — 12,081 — | \$340 20,664 190,575 401,757 12,875 7,819 | \$— 2,909 21,072 47,835 10,493 4,325 | \$34 1,024 8,867 18,467 8,546 2,747 | \$34 3,933 29,939 66,302 19,039 7,072 | \$374 24,597 220,514 468,059 31,914 14,891 |
| Excellent High quality High satisfactory Low satisfactory Special mention Substandard Vulnerable | Real Estat \$24 8,402 131,826 326,166 8,986 | \$316 12,262 46,668 75,591 3,889 | to Mortgage Brokers \$ — 12,081 — | \$340 20,664 190,575 401,757 12,875 | \$— 2,909 21,072 47,835 10,493 | \$34 1,024 8,867 18,467 8,546 | \$34 3,933 29,939 66,302 19,039 | \$374 24,597 220,514 468,059 31,914 |
| Excellent High quality High satisfactory Low satisfactory Special mention Substandard | \$24 8,402 131,826 326,166 8,986 5,521 | \$316 12,262 46,668 75,591 3,889 | to Mortgage Brokers \$ — 12,081 — | \$340 20,664 190,575 401,757 12,875 7,819 | \$— 2,909 21,072 47,835 10,493 4,325 | \$34 1,024 8,867 18,467 8,546 2,747 | \$34 3,933 29,939 66,302 19,039 7,072 | \$374 24,597 220,514 468,059 31,914 14,891 |
| Excellent High quality High satisfactory Low satisfactory Special mention Substandard Vulnerable Doubtful | \$24 8,402 131,826 326,166 8,986 5,521 729 | \$316 12,262 46,668 75,591 3,889 | to Mortgage Brokers \$ — 12,081 — — — — — — — — — | \$340 20,664 190,575 401,757 12,875 7,819 729 — | \$— 2,909 21,072 47,835 10,493 4,325 1,531 — | \$34 1,024 8,867 18,467 8,546 2,747 419 | \$34 3,933 29,939 66,302 19,039 7,072 | \$374 24,597 220,514 468,059 31,914 14,891 2,679 |

Internally assigned credit risk ratings are reviewed, at a minimum, when loans are renewed or when management has knowledge of improvements or deterioration of the credit quality of individual credits. Descriptions of the internally assigned credit risk ratings for commercial and agricultural loans are as follows:

1. EXCELLENT – Substantially Risk Free

Credit has strong financial condition and solid earnings history, characterized by:

- High liquidity, strong cash flow, low
 - leverage.
- Unquestioned ability to meet all obligations
- when due.

Experienced management, with management succession in place.

Secured by cash.

2. HIGH QUALITY – Limited Risk

Credit with sound financial condition and a positive trend in earnings supplemented by:

Favorable liquidity and leverage ratios. Ability to meet all obligations when due.

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Management with successful track record.

Steady and satisfactory earnings history.

If loan is secured, collateral is of high quality and readily marketable.

Access to alternative financing.

Well defined primary and secondary source of repayment.

If supported by guaranty, the financial strength and liquidity of the guarantor(s) are clearly evident.

3. HIGH SATISFACTORY – Reasonable Risk

Credit with satisfactory financial condition and further characterized by:

Working capital adequate to support operations.

Cash flow sufficient to pay debts as scheduled.

Management experience and depth appear favorable.

Loan performing according to terms.

If loan is secured, collateral is acceptable and loan is fully protected.

4. LOW SATISFACTORY - Acceptable Risk

Credit with bankable risks, although some signs of weaknesses are shown:

Would include most start-up businesses.

Occasional instances of trade slowness or repayment delinquency – may have been 10-30 days slow within the past year.

Management's abilities are apparent yet unproven.

Weakness in primary source of repayment with adequate secondary source of repayment.

- Loan structure generally in accordance with
- policy.

If secured, loan collateral coverage is marginal.

To be classified as less than satisfactory, only one of the following criteria must be met.

5. SPECIAL MENTION - Criticized

Credit constitutes an undue and unwarranted credit risk but not to the point of justifying a classification of substandard. The credit risk may be relatively minor yet constitutes an unwarranted risk in light of the circumstances surrounding a specific loan:

Downward trend in sales, profit levels, and margins.

Impaired working capital position.

Cash flow is strained in order to meet debt repayment.

Loan delinquency (30-60 days) and overdrafts may occur.

- Shrinking equity
- cushion.

Diminishing primary source of repayment and questionable secondary source.

Management abilities are questionable.

Weak industry conditions.

Litigation pending against the borrower.

Loan may need to be restructured to improve collateral position or reduce payments.

Collateral or guaranty offers limited protection.

Negative debt service coverage, however the credit is well collateralized and payments are current.

6. SUBSTANDARD - Classified

Credit is inadequately protected by the current net worth and paying capacity of the borrower or of the collateral pledged. There is a distinct possibility we will implement collection procedures if the loan deficiencies are not corrected. Any commercial loan placed on nonaccrual status will be rated "7" or worse. In addition, the following characteristics may apply:

Sustained losses have severely eroded the equity and cash flow.

Deteriorating liquidity.

Serious management problems or internal fraud.

Original repayment terms liberalized.

Likelihood of bankruptcy.

Inability to access other funding sources.

Reliance on secondary source of repayment.

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Litigation filed against borrower.

Interest non-accrual may be warranted.

Collateral provides little or no value.

Requires excessive attention of the loan officer.

Borrower is uncooperative with loan officer.

7. VULNERABLE - Classified

Credit is considered "Substandard" and warrants placing on nonaccrual status. Risk of loss is being evaluated and exit strategy options are under review. Other characteristics that may apply:

Insufficient cash flow to service debt.

Minimal or no payments being received.

Limited options available to avoid the collection process.

Transition status, expect action will take place to collect loan without immediate progress being made.

8. DOUBTFUL – Workout

Credit has all the weaknesses inherent in a "Substandard" loan with the added characteristic that collection and/or liquidation is pending. The possibility of a loss is extremely high, but its classification as a loss is deferred until liquidation procedures are completed, or reasonably estimable. Other characteristics that may apply:

Normal operations are severely diminished or have ceased.

Seriously impaired cash flow.

Original repayment terms materially altered.

Secondary source of repayment is inadequate.

Survivability as a "going concern" is impossible.

Collection process has begun.

Bankruptcy petition has been filed.

Judgments have been filed.

Portion of the loan balance has been charged-off.

9. LOSS – Charge-off

Credit is considered uncollectible and of such little value that their continuance as bankable assets is not warranted. This classification is for charged-off loans but does not mean that the asset has absolutely no recovery or salvage value. These loans are further characterized by:

Liquidation or reorganization under Bankruptcy, with poor prospects of collection.

• Fraudulently overstated assets and/or earnings.

curinigs.

Collateral has marginal or no value.

Debtor cannot be located.

Over 120 days delinquent.

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Our primary credit quality indicator for residential real estate and consumer loans is the individual loan's past due aging. The following tables summarize the past due and current loans as of:

September 30, 2018

| | September 30, 2018 | | | | | | | |
|-------------------------------|--------------------|---------------|---------|------------|------------|-------------|-------------|--|
| | Accruing Interest | | | | Total | | | |
| | and Pas | and Past Due: | | | | Past Due | | |
| | 30-59 | 60-89 | 90 Days | Managamial | and | Cumont | Total | |
| | Days | Days | or More | Nonaccrual | Nonaccrual | Current | Total | |
| Commercial | | | | | | | | |
| Commercial real estate | \$426 | \$— | \$ — | \$ 897 | \$ 1,323 | \$503,563 | \$504,886 | |
| Commercial other | 703 | 815 | _ | 243 | 1,761 | 146,637 | 148,398 | |
| Advances to mortgage brokers | | | _ | | | 15,631 | 15,631 | |
| Total commercial | 1,129 | 815 | | 1,140 | 3,084 | 665,831 | 668,915 | |
| Agricultural | | | | | | | | |
| Agricultural real estate | 70 | 23 | _ | 2,881 | 2,974 | 84,760 | 87,734 | |
| Agricultural other | 50 | 160 | 62 | 2,417 | 2,689 | 38,809 | 41,498 | |
| Total agricultural | 120 | 183 | 62 | 5,298 | 5,663 | 123,569 | 129,232 | |
| Residential real estate | | | | | | | | |
| Senior liens | 1,261 | 458 | 212 | 698 | 2,629 | 233,325 | 235,954 | |
| Junior liens | 9 | | _ | | 9 | 6,157 | 6,166 | |
| Home equity lines of credit | 465 | 34 | _ | | 499 | 34,285 | 34,784 | |
| Total residential real estate | 1,735 | 492 | 212 | 698 | 3,137 | 273,767 | 276,904 | |
| Consumer | | | | | | | | |
| Secured | 66 | | _ | | 66 | 60,956 | 61,022 | |
| Unsecured | 2 | _ | _ | _ | 2 | 3,855 | 3,857 | |
| Total consumer | 68 | | _ | | 68 | 64,811 | 64,879 | |
| Total | \$3,052 | \$1,490 | \$ 274 | \$ 7,136 | \$ 11,952 | \$1,127,978 | \$1,139,930 | |
| | | | | | | | | |

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| | Deceml | per 31, | 2017 | | | | | |
|-------------------------------|---------|----------|---------|------------|------------|-------------|-------------|--|
| | Accruir | ng Inter | est | | Total | | | |
| | and Pas | t Due: | | | Past Due | | | |
| | 30-59 | 60-89 | 90 Days | NT 1 | and | C | TD 4 1 | |
| | Days | Days | or More | Nonaccrual | Nonaccrual | Current | Total | |
| Commercial | • | | | | | | | |
| Commercial real estate | \$295 | \$325 | \$ 54 | \$ 729 | \$ 1,403 | \$480,251 | \$481,654 | |
| Commercial other | 1,069 | 28 | 18 | _ | 1,115 | 139,909 | 141,024 | |
| Advances to mortgage brokers | | | | _ | _ | 12,081 | 12,081 | |
| Total commercial | 1,364 | 353 | 72 | 729 | 2,518 | 632,241 | 634,759 | |
| Agricultural | | | | | | | | |
| Agricultural real estate | 84 | 190 | _ | 1,531 | 1,805 | 86,360 | 88,165 | |
| Agricultural other | 39 | | 104 | 419 | 562 | 39,542 | 40,104 | |
| Total agricultural | 123 | 190 | 104 | 1,950 | 2,367 | 125,902 | 128,269 | |
| Residential real estate | | | | | | | | |
| Senior liens | 3,718 | 234 | 132 | 325 | 4,409 | 225,007 | 229,416 | |
| Junior liens | 69 | 10 | | 23 | 102 | 6,812 | 6,914 | |
| Home equity lines of credit | 293 | | 77 | _ | 370 | 35,668 | 36,038 | |
| Total residential real estate | 4,080 | 244 | 209 | 348 | 4,881 | 267,487 | 272,368 | |
| Consumer | | | | | | | | |
| Secured | 37 | 10 | 10 | _ | 57 | 52,005 | 52,062 | |
| Unsecured | 13 | | _ | _ | 13 | 4,048 | 4,061 | |
| Total consumer | 50 | 10 | 10 | _ | 70 | 56,053 | 56,123 | |
| Total | \$5,617 | \$797 | \$ 395 | \$ 3,027 | \$ 9,836 | \$1,081,683 | \$1,091,519 | |
| Immained I come | | | | | | | | |

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Impaired Loans

Loans may be classified as impaired if they meet one or more of the following criteria:

- 1. There has been a charge-off of its principal balance (in whole or in part);
- 2. The loan has been classified as a TDR; or
- 3. The loan is in nonaccrual status.

Impairment is measured on a loan-by-loan basis for commercial and agricultural loans by comparing the loan's outstanding balance to the present value of expected future cash flows discounted at the loan's effective interest rate, the loan's obtainable market price, or the fair value of the collateral, less cost to sell, if the loan is collateral dependent. Large groups of smaller-balance, homogeneous loans are collectively evaluated for impairment. Large groups of smaller-balance, homogeneous residential real estate and consumer loans are collectively evaluated for impairment by comparing the loan's unpaid principal balance to the present value of expected future cash flows discounted at the loan's effective interest rate.

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We do not recognize interest income on impaired loans in nonaccrual status. For impaired loans not classified as nonaccrual, interest income is recognized daily, as earned, according to the terms of the loan agreement and the principal amount outstanding. The following is a summary of information pertaining to impaired loans as of:

| | Septemb | er 30, 2013 | 8 | December 31, 2017 | | |
|--|--------------------|--------------------------------|------------------------|--------------------|--------------------------------|------------------------|
| | Recorde Balance | Unpaid Principal Balance | Valuation Allowance | Recorde Balance | Unpaid Principal Balance | Valuation Allowance |
| Impaired loans with a valuation allowance | | | | | | |
| Commercial real estate | \$4,324 | \$4,612 | \$ 474 | \$4,089 | \$4,378 | \$ 626 |
| Commercial other | 729 | 729 | 7 | 995 | 995 | 24 |
| Agricultural real estate | 950 | 950 | 148 | | | |
| Agricultural other | 647 | 647 | 45 | _ | _ | |
| Residential real estate senior liens | 7,361 | 7,903 | 1,398 | 7,816 | 8,459 | 1,473 |
| Residential real estate junior liens | 13 | 13 | 2 | 44 | 44 | 7 |
| Total impaired loans with a valuation allowance | 14,024 | 14,854 | 2,074 | 12,944 | 13,876 | 2,130 |
| Impaired loans without a valuation allowance | | | | | | |
| Commercial real estate | 2,451 | 2,525 | | 1,791 | 1,865 | |
| Commercial other | 1,354 | 1,398 | | 1,224 | 1,224 | |
| Agricultural real estate | 7,249 | 7,257 | | 7,913 | 7,913 | |
| Agricultural other | 6,211 | 6,211 | | 2,685 | 2,685 | |
| Home equity lines of credit | 55 | 355 | | 79 | 379 | |
| Consumer secured | 10 | 10 | | 17 | 17 | |
| Total impaired loans without a valuation allowance | 17,330 | 17,756 | | 13,709 | 14,083 | |
| Impaired loans | | | | | | |
| Commercial | 8,858 | 9,264 | 481 | 8,099 | 8,462 | 650 |
| Agricultural | 15,057 | 15,065 | 193 | 10,598 | 10,598 | _ |
| Residential real estate | 7,429 | 8,271 | 1,400 | 7,939 | 8,882 | 1,480 |
| Consumer | 10 | 10 | _ | 17 | 17 | _ |
| Total impaired loans | \$31,354 | \$32,610 | \$ 2,074 | \$26,653 | \$27,959 | \$ 2,130 |
| | | | | | | |

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The following is a summary of information pertaining to impaired loans for the:

Three Months Ended September 30

| | Three Months Ended September 30 | | | |
|--|---------------------------------|------------|----------|------------|
| | 2018 | | 2017 | |
| | Average Interest | | Average | Interest |
| | Recorde | dIncome | Recorde | dIncome |
| | Balance | Recognized | Balance | Recognized |
| Impaired loans with a valuation allowance | | | | |
| Commercial real estate | \$4,195 | \$ 14 | \$4,636 | \$ 68 |
| Commercial other | 778 | 16 | 1,669 | 28 |
| Agricultural real estate | 673 | 40 | _ | |
| Agricultural other | 324 | 45 | _ | |
| Residential real estate senior liens | 7,512 | 17 | 8,333 | 79 |
| Residential real estate junior liens | 18 | | 73 | 1 |
| Home equity lines of credit | _ | | 35 | |
| Total impaired loans with a valuation allowance | 13,500 | 132 | 14,746 | 176 |
| Impaired loans without a valuation allowance | | | | |
| Commercial real estate | 3,076 | 8 | 1,546 | 31 |
| Commercial other | 1,396 | 2 | 93 | 2 |
| Agricultural real estate | 7,193 | 137 | 7,830 | 98 |
| Agricultural other | 5,786 | 68 | 3,221 | 39 |
| Home equity lines of credit | 59 | | 86 | 5 |
| Consumer secured | 11 | _ | 19 | _ |
| Total impaired loans without a valuation allowance | 17,521 | 215 | 12,795 | 175 |
| Impaired loans | | | | |
| Commercial | 9,445 | 40 | 7,944 | 129 |
| Agricultural | 13,976 | 290 | 11,051 | 137 |
| Residential real estate | 7,589 | 17 | 8,527 | 85 |
| Consumer | 11 | _ | 19 | _ |
| Total impaired loans | \$31,021 | \$ 347 | \$27,541 | \$ 351 |

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| | Nine Months Ended September 30 | | | |
|--|--------------------------------|------------|----------|------------|
| | 2018 | | 2017 | |
| | Average Interest | | Average | Interest |
| | Recorde | dIncome | Recorde | dIncome |
| | Balance | Recognized | Balance | Recognized |
| Impaired loans with a valuation allowance | | | | |
| Commercial real estate | \$4,739 | \$ 118 | \$4,765 | \$ 225 |
| Commercial other | 1,263 | 55 | 1,363 | 75 |
| Agricultural real estate | 584 | 46 | | |
| Agricultural other | 108 | 45 | 22 | |
| Residential real estate senior liens | 7,694 | 107 | 8,379 | 245 |
| Residential real estate junior liens | 29 | _ | 75 | 2 |
| Home equity lines of credit | _ | | 23 | |
| Total impaired loans with a valuation allowance | 14,417 | 371 | 14,627 | 547 |
| Impaired loans without a valuation allowance | | | | |
| Commercial real estate | 2,763 | 55 | 1,483 | 83 |
| Commercial other | 1,297 | 21 | 109 | 6 |
| Agricultural real estate | 7,600 | 414 | 5,936 | 218 |
| Agricultural other | 4,105 | 219 | 2,353 | 85 |
| Home equity lines of credit | 68 | 5 | 115 | 15 |
| Consumer secured | 13 | | 22 | |
| Total impaired loans without a valuation allowance | 15,846 | 714 | 10,018 | 407 |
| Impaired loans | | | | |
| Commercial | 10,062 | 249 | 7,720 | 389 |
| Agricultural | 12,397 | 724 | 8,311 | 303 |
| Residential real estate | 7,791 | 112 | 8,592 | 262 |
| Consumer | 13 | | 22 | |
| Total impaired loans | \$30,263 | \$ 1,085 | \$24,645 | \$ 954 |

We had committed to advance \$299 and \$472 in connection with impaired loans, which includes TDRs, as of September 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017, respectively.

Troubled Debt Restructurings

Loan modifications are considered to be TDRs when the modification includes terms outside of normal lending practices to a borrower who is experiencing financial difficulties.

Typical concessions granted include, but are not limited to:

- •Agreeing to interest rates below prevailing market rates for debt with similar risk characteristics.
- •Extending the amortization period beyond typical lending guidelines for loans with similar risk characteristics.
- •Agreeing to an interest only payment structure and delaying principal payments.
- •Forgiving principal.
- •Forgiving accrued interest.

To determine if a borrower is experiencing financial difficulties, factors we consider include:

- The borrower is currently in default on any of their debt.
- The borrower would likely default on any of their debt if the concession is not granted.
- The borrower's cash flow is insufficient to service all of their debt if the concession is not granted.
- The borrower has declared, or is in the process of declaring, bankruptcy.
- The borrower is unlikely to continue as a going concern (if the entity is a business).

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| The following | is a summary | of information | pertaining to | TDRs granted for the: |
|---------------|--------------|----------------|---------------|-----------------------|
|---------------|--------------|----------------|---------------|-----------------------|

| The following is a summary | = | | inted for the: | |
|---|----------------------|--------------------|-------------------------------|-----------------------|
| | Three Months Ende | ed September 30 | | |
| | 2018 | | 2017 | |
| | Null modification | Post-Modification | Null mb Modification | Post-Modification |
| | ofRecorded | Recorded | of Recorded | Recorded |
| | Loansestment | Investment | Lolansestment | Investment |
| Commercial other | _\$ | \$ — | 3 \$ 1,385 | \$ 1,385 |
| Agricultural other | 7 1,327 | 1,327 | | _ |
| Residential real estate | | | | |
| Senior liens | 1 99 | 99 | 2 179 | 179 |
| Junior liens | | _ | | _ |
| Total residential real estate | 1 99 | 99 | 2 179 | 179 |
| Consumer unsecured | | _ | | _ |
| Total | 8 \$ 1,426 | \$ 1,426 | 5 \$ 1,564 | \$ 1,564 |
| Total | Nine Months Ended | • | 5 ф 1,504 | Ψ 1,504 |
| | 2018 | i September 50 | 2017 | |
| | | n Post-Modificatio | | on Post-Modification |
| | of Recorded | Recorded | of Recorded | Recorded |
| | Loalmsvestment | Investment | Loalnsvestment | Investment |
| Commercial other | 4 \$ 1,360 | \$ 1,360 | 6 \$ 1,698 | \$ 1,698 |
| | 22 5,718 | 5,694 | 7 5,445 | 5,445 |
| Agricultural other | 22 3,710 | 3,094 | 7 3,443 | J ,44 J |
| Residential real estate Senior liens | 8 593 | 593 | 5 434 | 434 |
| Junior liens | 0 393 | 393 | 1 8 | 8 |
| | 9 502 | <u> </u> | 6 442 | 6 442 |
| Total residential real estate | 8 393 | 593 | 0 442 | 442 |
| Consumer unsecured | | <u> </u> | — — | — |
| Total | 34 \$ 7,671 | \$ 7,647 | 19 \$ 7,585 | \$ 7,585 |
| The following tables summ | | - | ers in financial diffi | culty for the: |
| | Three Months Ende | ed September 30 | | |
| | 2018 | | 2017 | |
| | | Below Market | | Below Market |
| | Below Market | Interest Rate and | Below Market | Interest Rate and |
| | Interest Rate | Extension of | Interest Rate | Extension of |
| | | Amortization Perio | | Amortization Period |
| | Null mb Modification | Nun Prer Modificat | ion Numble odification | on NumberModification |
| | of Recorded | of Recorded | oRecorded | of Recorded |
| | Lolansestment | Loadnvestment | Lloranesstment | Loalmsvestment |
| Commercial other | _\$ | - \$ - | -\$ | — 3 \$ 1,385 |
| Agricultural other | 5 476 | 2 851 | | |
| Residential real estate | | | | |
| Senior liens | 1 99 | | | 2 179 |
| Junior liens | | | | |
| Total residential real estate | 1 99 | | | 2 179 |
| Consumer unsecured | | | | |
| Total | | | | |
| | 6 \$ 575 | 2 \$ 851 | _\$ - | - 5 \$ 1,564 |

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| | Nine Months Ended September 30 | | | | | |
|-------------------------------|--------------------------------|---------------------|--|---------------------|--|--|
| | 2018 | | 2017 | | | |
| | | Below Market | | Below Market | | |
| | Below Market | Interest Rate and | Below Market | Interest Rate and | | |
| | Interest Rate | Extension of | Interest Rate | Extension of | | |
| | | Amortization Period | | Amortization Period | | |
| | NumPhenModification | Number-Modification | Null modern of the Null modern o | Number-Modification | | |
| | of Recorded | of Recorded | ofRecorded | of Recorded | | |
| | Loalmsvestment | LoanInvestment | Lolansestment | Loansnvestment | | |
| Commercial other | 1 \$ 174 | 3 \$ 1,186 | _\$ _ | 6 \$ 1,698 | | |
| Agricultural other | 12 2,345 | 10 3,373 | 4 1,349 | 3 4,096 | | |
| Residential real estate | | | | | | |
| Senior liens | 2 155 | 6 438 | | 5 434 | | |
| Junior liens | | | 1 8 | | | |
| Total residential real estate | 2 155 | 6 438 | 1 8 | 5 434 | | |
| Consumer unsecured | | | | | | |
| Total | 15 \$ 2,674 | 19 \$ 4,997 | 5 \$ 1,357 | 14 \$ 6,228 | | |

We did not restructure any loans by forgiving principal or accrued interest in the three and nine month periods ended September 30, 2018 or 2017.

Based on our historical loss experience, losses associated with TDRs are not significantly different than other impaired loans within the same loan segment. As such, TDRs, including TDRs that have been modified in the past 12 months that subsequently defaulted, are analyzed in the same manner as other impaired loans within their respective loan segment.

We had no loans that defaulted in the three and nine month periods ended September 30, 2018 and 2017 which were modified within 12 months prior to the default date.

The following is a summary of TDR loan balances as of:

September 30, December 31,

2018 2017 TDRs\$ 28,010 \$ 26,197

Note 5 – Equity Securities Without Readily Determinable Fair Values

Included in equity securities without readily determinable fair values are restricted securities, which are carried at cost, and investments in unconsolidated entities accounted for under the equity method of accounting.

Equity securities without readily determinable fair values consist of the following as of:

| | September 30 | December 31 |
|-------------------------------------|--------------|-------------|
| | 2018 | 2017 |
| FHLB Stock | \$ 15,050 | \$ 13,700 |
| Corporate Settlement Solutions, LLC | 7,565 | 7,421 |
| FRB Stock | 1,999 | 1,999 |
| Other | 334 | 334 |
| Total | \$ 24,948 | \$ 23,454 |
| | | |

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Note 6 – Borrowed Funds

Borrowed funds consist of the following obligations as of:

| | September 30, | | December | : 31, |
|--|---------------|-------|-----------|-------|
| | 2018 | | 2017 | |
| | Amount | Rate | Amount | Rate |
| FHLB advances | \$320,000 | 2.17% | \$290,000 | 1.94% |
| Securities sold under agreements to repurchase without stated maturity dates | 39,776 | 0.10% | 54,878 | 0.12% |
| Total | \$359,776 | 1.94% | \$344,878 | 1.65% |

FHLB advances are collateralized by a blanket lien on all qualified 1-4 family residential real estate loans, specific AFS securities, and FHLB stock.

The following table lists the maturities and weighted average interest rates of FHLB advances as of:

| | September | r 30, | December 31, | | |
|----------------------------|-----------|-------|--------------|-------|--|
| | 2018 | | 2017 | | |
| | Amount | Rate | Amount | Rate | |
| Fixed rate due 2018 | \$20,000 | 1.86% | \$70,000 | 1.96% | |
| Fixed rate due 2019 | 100,000 | 1.94% | 85,000 | 1.87% | |
| Fixed rate due 2020 | 55,000 | 2.18% | 35,000 | 1.80% | |
| Fixed rate due 2021 | 50,000 | 1.91% | 50,000 | 1.91% | |
| Variable rate due 2021 (1) | 10,000 | 2.62% | 10,000 | 1.72% | |
| Fixed rate due 2022 | 20,000 | 1.97% | 20,000 | 1.97% | |
| Fixed rate due 2023 | 35,000 | 3.17% | 10,000 | 3.90% | |
| Fixed rate due 2024 | 20,000 | 2.96% | _ | % | |
| Fixed rate due 2026 | 10,000 | 1.17% | 10,000 | 1.17% | |
| Total | \$320,000 | 2.17% | \$290,000 | 1.94% | |
| (1) | | _ | | | |

⁽¹⁾ Hedged advance (see "Derivative Instruments" section below)

Securities sold under agreements to repurchase are classified as secured borrowings and are reflected at the amount of cash received in connection with the transaction. The securities underlying the agreements have a carrying value and a fair value of \$39,795 and \$54,898 at September 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017, respectively. Such securities remain under our control. We may be required to provide additional collateral based on the fair value of underlying securities. Securities sold under repurchase agreements without stated maturity dates, federal funds purchased, and FRB Discount Window advances generally mature within one to four days from the transaction date. The following tables provide a summary of securities sold under repurchase agreements without stated maturity dates and federal funds purchased. We had no FRB Discount Window advances during the three and nine month periods ended September 30, 2018.

| | Three Months Ended September 30 2018 2017 | | | | | | | |
|---|---|--------------------|------------------|-----------|-----------------------------------|-------------------------|--|--------------|
| | Maximu Month End Balance | Average Balance | During Period | e Rate | Maximu Month End Balance | m Average Balance | Weight Averag Interest During Period | ge t Rate |
| Securities sold under agreements to repurchase withou stated maturity dates | ^{it} \$40,346 | \$34,886 | 0.09 | % | \$58,464 | \$53,846 | 0.13 | % |
| Federal funds purchased FRB Discount Window | _ | 1,375 — | 1.90 | % % | 3,815 | 1,474 82 | 1.20 1.60 | % % |

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| | Nine Months Ended September 30 | | | | | | | |
|---|--------------------------------|--------------------|------------------|-----------|-----------------------------------|-------------------------|--|-----------|
| | 2018 | | | | 2017 | | | |
| | End Balance | Average Balance | During Period | e Rate | Maximu Month End Balance | m Average Balance | Weight Averag Interest During Period | e Rate |
| Securities sold under agreements to repurchase withou stated maturity dates | ^t \$40,346 | \$34,608 | 0.14 | % | \$58,464 | \$55,051 | 0.13 | % |
| Federal funds purchased | 16,200 | 5,000 | 2.52 | % | 5,965 | 3,280 | 1.13 | % |
| FRB Discount Window | _ | | _ | % | _ | 57 | 1.54 | % |

We had pledged AFS securities and 1-4 family residential real estate loans in the following amounts at:

| | September 30 | December 31 |
|---|--------------|-------------|
| | 2018 | 2017 |
| Pledged to secure borrowed funds | \$ 432,217 | \$ 410,988 |
| Pledged to secure repurchase agreements | 39,795 | 54,898 |
| Pledged for public deposits and for other purposes necessary or required by law | 33,978 | 27,976 |
| Total | \$ 505,990 | \$ 493,862 |

AFS securities pledged to repurchase agreements without stated maturity dates consisted of the following at:

| | September 30 | December 31 |
|-------------------------------------|--------------|-------------|
| | 2018 | 2017 |
| States and political subdivisions | \$ 7,045 | \$ 7,332 |
| Mortgage-backed securities | 7,450 | 13,199 |
| Collateralized mortgage obligations | 25,300 | 34,367 |
| Total | \$ 39,795 | \$ 54,898 |

AFS securities pledged to repurchase agreements are monitored to ensure the appropriate level is collateralized. In the event of maturities, calls, significant principal repayments, or significant decline in market values, we have an adequate level of AFS securities to pledge to satisfy required collateral.

As of September 30, 2018, we had the ability to borrow up to an additional \$128,606, based on assets pledged as collateral. We had no investment securities that were restricted to be pledged for specific purposes.

Derivative Instruments

We enter into interest rate swaps to manage exposure to interest rate risk and variability in cash flows. The interest rate swaps, associated with our variable rate borrowings, are designated upon inception as cash flow hedges of forecasted interest payments. We enter into LIBOR-based interest rate swaps that involve the receipt of variable amounts in exchange for fixed rate payments, in effect converting variable rate debt to fixed rate debt.

Cash flow hedges are assessed for effectiveness using regression analysis. The effective portion of changes in fair value are recorded in OCI and subsequently reclassified into interest expense in the same period in which the related interest on the variable rate borrowings affects earnings. In the event that a portion of the changes in fair value were determined to be ineffective, the ineffective amount would be recorded in earnings.

The following tables provide information on derivatives related to variable rate borrowings as of:

| | September 30, 2018 | | | | | |
|-----------------------------------|--------------------|------------------|------------------------|----------|---------------------------|---------------|
| | Pay Rate | Receive Rate | Remaining Life (Years) | | Balance Sheet Location | Fair Value |
| Derivatives designated as hedging | | | | | | |
| instruments | | | | | | |
| Cash Flow Hedges: | | | | | | |
| Interest rate swaps | 1.56% | 3-Month LIBOR | 2.6 | \$10,000 | Other Assets | \$ 451 |

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| | December 31, 2017 | | | | | |
|-----------------------------------|-------------------|------------------|------------------------|----------|---------------------------|---------------|
| | Pay Rate | Receive Rate | Remaining Life (Years) | | Balance Sheet Location | Fair Value |
| Derivatives designated as hedging | | | | | | |
| instruments | | | | | | |
| Cash Flow Hedges: | | | | | | |
| Interest rate swaps | 1.56% | 3-Month LIBOR | 3.3 | \$10,000 | Other Assets | \$ 291 |

Derivatives contain an element of credit risk which arises from the possibility that we will incur a loss as a result of a counterparty failing to meet its contractual obligations. Credit risk is minimized through counterparty collateral, transaction limits and monitoring procedures. We also manage dealer credit risk by entering into interest rate derivatives only with primary and highly rated counterparties, the use of ISDA master agreements, and the use of counterparty limits. We do not anticipate any losses from failure of interest rate derivative counterparties to honor their obligations.

Note 7 – Revenue

Our revenue is comprised primarily of interest income, service charges and fees, gains on the sale of loans and AFS securities, earnings on corporate owned life insurance policies, and other noninterest income. Other noninterest income is typically service and performance driven in nature and comprised primarily of trust and brokerage advisory fees. We recognize revenue, excluding interest income, in accordance with ASC 606, Revenue From Contracts with Customers. Revenue is recognized when our performance obligation has been satisfied according to our contractual obligation.

We record receivables when revenue is unpaid and collectability is reasonably assured. Accounts receivable balances primarily represent amounts due from customers for which revenue has been recognized. Accounts receivable balances are recorded in the consolidated balance sheets in accrued interest receivable and other assets. For the three and nine month periods ended September 30, 2018 and 2017, we satisfied our performance obligations pursuant to contracts with customers. As a result, we have not recorded any contract assets or liabilities. We estimate no returns or allowances for the three and nine month periods ended September 30, 2018 and 2017.

Our contracts with customers define our performance obligations with clearly established pricing which did not require us to allocate or disaggregate revenue by performance obligation. A summary of revenue recognized for each major category of contracts with customers, subject to ASC 606, is as follows for the:

| | Three N | Months | Nine Months | | |
|--|--------------|---------|-------------|---------|--|
| | Ended | | Ended | | |
| | September 30 | | September 3 | | |
| | 2018 | 2017 | 2018 | 2017 | |
| Debit card income | \$600 | \$579 | \$1,809 | \$1,703 | |
| Trust service fees | 562 | 560 | 1,628 | 1,471 | |
| Brokerage advisory fees | 186 | 164 | 516 | 490 | |
| Service charges and fees related to deposit accounts | 83 | 88 | 250 | 259 | |
| Total | \$1,431 | \$1,391 | \$4,203 | \$3,923 | |

A large portion of our revenue consists of interest income which is not subject to the requirements set forth in ASC 606. This recently adopted guidance required us to review our other noninterest revenue sources within the scope of the guidance to ensure appropriate recognition of revenue from contracts with customers. This review process did not identify significant changes related to revenue recognition. As such, we did not record or disclose transactions related to the adoption of this guidance.

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Note 8 – Other Noninterest Expenses

A summary of expenses included in other noninterest expenses is as follows for the:

| J 1 | | | | | |
|-----------------------------------|--------------|---------|-------------|---------|--|
| | Three Months | | Nine Months | | |
| | Ended | | Ended | | |
| | Septem | iber 30 | Septem | nber 30 | |
| | 2018 | 2017 | 2018 | 2017 | |
| Audit and related fees | \$353 | \$322 | \$813 | \$757 | |
| Consulting fees | 189 | 259 | 798 | 672 | |
| ATM and debit card fees | 246 | 253 | 712 | 873 | |
| Loan underwriting fees | 339 | 237 | 653 | 546 | |
| Director fees | 212 | 212 | 643 | 634 | |
| Marketing costs | 285 | 172 | 544 | 361 | |
| FDIC insurance premiums | 185 | 172 | 505 | 480 | |
| Donations and community relations | 141 | 190 | 502 | 488 | |
| Education and travel | 130 | 143 | 346 | 332 | |
| Printing and supplies | 131 | 110 | 336 | 320 | |
| Postage and freight | 108 | 85 | 330 | 304 | |
| All other | 538 | 505 | 1,701 | 1,629 | |
| Total other | \$2,857 | \$2,660 | \$7,883 | \$7,396 | |

Note 9 – Federal Income Taxes

The reconciliation of the provision for federal income taxes and the amount computed at the federal statutory tax rate of income before federal income tax expense, which has significantly changed as a result of the Tax Act, is as follows for the:

| | Three Months Ended September 30 | Nine Months Ended September 30 |
|--|---------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| | 2018 2017 | 2018 2017 |
| Income taxes at statutory rate (21% in 2018 and 34% in 2017) | \$851 \$1,458 | \$2,389 \$4,317 |
| Effect of nontaxable income | | |
| Interest income on tax exempt municipal securities | (259) (452) | (797) (1,361) |
| Earnings on corporate owned life insurance policies | (35) (60) | (109) (183) |
| Effect of tax credits | (200) (186) | (601) (566) |
| Other | (6) (18) |) (25) (54) |
| Total effect of nontaxable income | (500) (716) | (1,532) (2,164) |
| Effect of nondeductible expenses | 8 8 | 30 27 |
| Federal income tax expense | \$359 \$750 | \$887 \$2,180 |

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Note 10 – Computation of Earnings Per Common Share

Basic earnings per common share represents income available to common shareholders divided by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the period. Diluted earnings per common share reflects additional common shares that would have been outstanding if dilutive potential common shares had been issued. Potential common shares that may be issued relate solely to outstanding shares in the Directors Plan.

| | Three Months | Triffic Tyloffulls | |
|---|--------------------|--------------------|--|
| | Ended | Ended | |
| | September 30 | September 30 | |
| | 2018 2017 | 2018 2017 | |
| Average number of common shares outstanding for basic calculation | 7,851,4478,848,317 | 7,876,9417,839,172 | |
| Average potential effect of common shares in the Directors Plan (1) | 200,597192,572 | 199,488 191,548 | |
| Average number of common shares outstanding used to calculate diluted earnings per common share | 8,052,045,040,889 | 8,076,42%,030,720 | |
| Net income | \$3,696 \$ 3,536 | \$10,491 \$10,516 | |
| Earnings per common share | | | |
| Basic | \$0.47 \$ 0.45 | \$1.33 \$1.34 | |
| Diluted | \$0.46 \$ 0.44 | \$1.30 \$1.31 | |
| | | | |

Three Months

Note 11 – Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income

The following tables summarize the changes in AOCI by component for the:

| 8 | | 0 | . J I | | | | | |
|--------------------------------|---------------------------------|------------|----------------------|-----------------------|---------------|------------|------------------------------|-------|
| | Three Months Ended September 30 | | | | | | | |
| | 2018 | | | | 2017 | | | |
| | Unrealized Unrealized | | | | Unrealized | | | |
| | Holding Gains | | D.C 1 | | Holding Gaims | | D . C 1 | |
| | (Losses) (Losses) Defined | T-4-1 | (Losses) | (Losses) | Defined Table | | | |
| | on | on | Benefit Pension Plar | Total in | on | on | Benefit Tota Pension Plan | Total |
| | AFS | Derivative | | | AFS | Derivative | | 1 |
| | Securities Instruments | | | SecuritiesInstruments | | | | |
| Balance, July 1 | \$(7,295) | \$ 351 | \$ (3,223) | \$(10,167) | \$2,923 | \$ 135 | \$ (2,972) | \$86 |
| OCI before reclassifications | (2,513) | 7 | _ | (2,506) | (96) | 11 | _ | (85) |
| Amounts reclassified from AOCI | | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | |
| Subtotal | (2,513) | 7 | _ | (2,506) | (96) | 11 | | (85) |
| Tax effect | 522 | (2) | _ | 520 | 54 | | | ` / |
| | | | | | | | | |

⁽¹⁾ Exclusive of shares held in the Rabbi Trust