CPI AEROSTRUCTURES INC Form 10-Q November 12, 2010

CPI AEROSTRUCTURES, INC.

UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, DC 20549

FORM 10-Q

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15 (d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period Commission File Number 1-11398 ended September 30, 2010

CPI AEROSTRUCTURES, INC.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

New York 11-2520310

(State or other jurisdiction (IRS Employer Identification Number)

of incorporation or organization)

60 Heartland Blvd., Edgewood, NY 11717 (Address of principal executive offices) (zip code)

(631) 586-5200

(Registrant's telephone number including area code)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant: (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15 (d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes x No o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes £ No £

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act:

Large accelerated filer o Accelerated filer o

Non-accelerated filer o Smaller reporting company x

(Do not check if a smaller reporting

company)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes No x

of November 10, 2010, the number of shares of common stock, par value \$.001 per share, outstanding was	
665,756.	

CPI AEROSTRUCTURES, INC.

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CONDENSED BALANCE SHEETS

Part I - Financial Information

Item 1 – Financial Statements

		September December 30 31
		2010 2009
		(Unaudited) (Note 1)
ASSETS		
Current Assets:		
Cash	\$651,220	\$2,224,825
Accounts receivable, net	2,479,335	5,403,932
Costs and estimated earnings in excess of billings on uncompleted		
contracts	52,898,198	43,018,221
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	429,753	451,068
Total current assets	56,458,506	51,098,046
Plant and equipment, net	828,378	853,820
Deferred income taxes	697,000	526,000
Other assets	29,313	59,265
Total Assets	\$58,013,197	\$52,537,131
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$6,751,724	\$5,859,182
Accrued expenses	334,055	610,448
Current portion of long-term debt	683,023	636,592
Line of credit		2,200,000
Income tax payable	2,069,006	2,368,374
Deferred income taxes	305,000	305,000
Total current liabilities	10,142,808	11,979,596
	4.040.60#	4 004 055
Long-term debt, net of current portion	1,349,695	1,801,357
Other liabilities	238,548	238,664
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Total Liabilities	11,731,051	14,019,617
01 1 11 1 P '		
Shareholders' Equity:		
Common stock - \$.001 par value; authorized 50,000,000 shares,		
issued 6,772,590 and 6,122,524 shares, respectively, and	6.772	(100
outstanding 6,650,756 and 6,033,690 shares, respectively	6,773	6,123
Additional paid-in capital	31,929,522	27,369,043
Retained earnings	15,383,459	11,888,028
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(56,382)	(52,874)

Treasury stock, 121,834 and 88,834 shares, respectively (at cost)	(981,226)	(692,806)
Total Shareholders' Equity	46,282,146	38,517,514
Total Liabilities and Shareholders' Equity	\$58,013,197	\$52,537,131
	See Notes to Condensed Fina	ancial Statements

CPI AEROSTRUCTURES, INC.

CONDENSED INCOME STATEMENTS

For	For the Three Months Ended			e Nine	
		Mont	Ionths Ended		
	September	: 30,	Sep	tember	
		30,			
201	0	2009	2010	2009	
	(Unaudite	ed)	(Unaudited)		
Revenue	\$12,976,084	\$9,916,357	\$36,526,238\$	631,045,283	
Cost of sales	9,593,671	7,356,561	27,043,414		
Gross profit	3,382,413	2,559,796	9,482,824	7,454,947	
Selling, general and administrative expenses	s 1,181,369	1,144,432	4,051,737	3,689,109	
Income from operations	2,201,044	1,415,364	5,431,087	3,765,838	
Interest expense Income before provision for	29,681	56,702	129,656	190,767	
income taxes	2,171,363	1,358,662	5,301,431	3,575,071	
Provision for income taxes	742,000	414,000	1,806,000	1,216,000	
Net income	\$1,429,363	\$944,662	\$3,495,431	\$2,359,071	
Income per common share – basic	\$0.21	\$0.16	\$0.54	\$0.39	
Income per common share – diluted	\$0.21	\$0.15	\$0.53	\$0.38	
Shares used in computing income per commshare:	non				
Basic	5	,995,465	6,417,729	5,991,969	
	6,650,756		, ,		
Diluted	6,972,156	6,224,962	6,641,159	6,192,595	



See Notes to Condensed Financial Statements

CPI AEROSTRUCTURES, INC.

CONDENSED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

For the Nine Months Ended September 30,	2010	2009
1	(Unaudited)	
Cash flows from operating activities:	,	,
Net income	\$3,495,431	\$2,359,071
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net		
cash used in operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization	271,941	245,734
Deferred rent	(3,624)	5,872
Stock option expense	528,643	444,232
Deferred portion of provision for income taxes	(171,000)	(139,500)
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		,
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable	2,924,597	(2,021,489)
Increase in costs and estimated earnings in excess of billings on		
uncompleted contracts	(9,879,977)	(5,611,170)
Decrease in prepaid expenses and other assets	51,267	306,849
Increase in accounts payable and accrued expenses	715,847	1,769,967
Increase in billing in excess of costs on uncompleted contracts		238,156
(Increase) decrease in income taxes payable	(299,368)	550,373
Decrease in other liabilities		(3,500)
Net cash used in operating activities	(2,366,243)	(1,855,405)
Cash used in investing activities - purchase of plant and equipment	(144,807)	(111,890)
Cash flows from financing activities:		,
Repayments of long-term debt	(506,925)	(472,369)
Proceeds from line of credit		2,700,000
Repayment of line of credit	(2,200,000)	
Proceeds from exercise of stock options	112,500	
Proceeds from sale of common stock	3,531,870	
Net cash provided by financing activities	937,445	2,227,631
1 5	ŕ	
Net increase (decrease) in cash	(1,573,605)	260,336
Cash at beginning of period	2,224,825	424,082
Cash at end of period	\$651,220	\$684,418
Supplemental disclosures of cash flow information:		
Non-Cash Investing and Financing Activities		
Settlement of other receivables	\$60,000	\$60,000
Equipment acquired under capital lease	\$101,694	\$47,180
Accrued expenses settled in exchange for common stock	\$99,697	\$51,540
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Cash paid during the period for:		
Interest	\$127,780	\$172,235
Income taxes	\$2,276,367	\$808,627

See Notes to Condensed Financial Statements

CPI AEROSTRUCTURES, INC.

NOTES TO CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

1. INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The condensed financial statements of CPI Aerostructures, Inc. (the "Company") as of September 30, 2010 and for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2010 and 2009 have been prepared pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission. Certain information and note disclosures normally included in annual financial statements prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America have been condensed or omitted pursuant to those rules and regulations, although the Company believes that the disclosures made are adequate to make the information not misleading.

The condensed balance sheet at December 31, 2009 has been derived from the audited financial statements at that date, but does not include all of the information and notes required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States for complete financial statements. It is suggested that these condensed financial statements be read in conjunction with the financial statements and notes thereto included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2009.

For comparability, certain 2009 amounts have been reclassified, where appropriate, to conform to the financial statement presentation used in 2010.

2. STOCK-BASED COMPENSATION

The Company accounts for compensation expense associated with stock options based on the fair value of the options on the date of issue.

The Company's net income for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2010 includes approximately \$32,000 and \$529,000, respectively, of non-cash compensation expense related to the Company's stock options. The Company's net income for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2009 includes approximately \$40,000 and \$444,000, respectively, of non-cash compensation expense related to the Company's stock options. The non-cash compensation expense related to all of the Company's stock-based compensation arrangements is recorded as a component of selling, general and administrative expenses.

The estimated fair value of each option award granted was determined on the date of grant using the Black-Scholes option valuation model. The following weighted-average assumptions were used for the options granted during the nine months ended September 30, 2010 and 2009:

2010

2.5% and 2.6%, respectively

2009 1.65% and 1.66%, respectively

Risk-free interest rate

Expected volatility	97% and 97%, respectively	97.0% and 95.8%, respectively
Dividend	0%	0%
yield	_	
Expected	5 years	5 years
option term		

NOTES TO CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

A summary of the status of the Company's stock option plans as of September 30, 2010 and changes during the nine months ended September 30, 2010 is as follows:

				Weighted average remaining	
			Weighted average	contractual term (in	Aggregate
Fixed Options	Options		Exercise Price	years)	Intrinsic Value
Outstanding					
at beginning of period		1,052,333	\$6.47		
Granted		80,000	7.38		
Exercised/forfeited		(215,000)	5.60		
Outstanding and expected to					
vest,					
at end of period		917,333	\$6.76	2.91	\$3,055,379
Vested					
at end of period		879,000	\$6.75	2.67	\$2,886,546

As of September 30, 2010, there was \$133,000 of unrecognized compensation cost related to non-vested stock option awards which will be amortized through March 2012.

During the nine months ended September 30, 2010, 10,000 stock options were exercised for cash resulting in proceeds to the Company of \$79,500. During the same period an additional 125,000 options were exercised, pursuant to provisions of the stock option plan. The Company received \$33,000 cash and 33,000 shares of its common stock in exchange for the 125,000 shares issued in the exercise. The 33,000 shares that the Company received were valued at \$288,420, the fair market value of the shares on the date of exercise, and were added to treasury stock.

3. DERIVATIVE INSTRUMENTS AND FAIR VALUE

Our use of derivative instruments has been to hedge interest rates. These derivative contracts are entered into with financial institutions. We do not use derivative instruments for trading purposes and we have procedures in place to monitor and control their use.

We record these derivative financial instruments on the condensed balance sheets at fair value. For derivative instruments that are designated and qualify as a cash flow hedge, the effective portion of the gain or loss on the derivative instrument is reported as a component of other comprehensive income (loss) and reclassified into earnings in the same period or periods during which the hedged transaction affects earnings.

NOTES TO CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

Any ineffective portion of the gain or loss on the derivative instrument for a cash flow hedge is recorded in the results of operations immediately. For derivative instruments not designated as hedging instruments, the gain or loss is recognized in the results of operations immediately. See below for a discussion of our use of derivative instruments, management of credit risk inherent in derivative instruments and fair value information.

In October 2008, the Company entered into an interest rate swap with the objective of reducing our exposure to cash flow volatility arising from interest rate fluctuations associated with certain debt. The notional amount, maturity date, and currency of these contracts match those of the underlying debt. The Company has designated this interest rate swap contract as a cash flow hedge. The Company measures ineffectiveness by comparing the cumulative change in the forward contact with the cumulative change in the hedged item. No material ineffectiveness was recognized in the quarter ended September 30, 2010. As of September 30, 2010 and December 31, 2009, we had a net deferred loss associated with cash flow hedges of approximately \$85,000 and \$80,000, respectively, due to the interest rate swap which has been included in Other Liabilities.

As a result of the use of derivative instruments, the Company is exposed to risk that the counterparties may fail to meet their contractual obligations. Recent adverse developments in the global financial and credit markets could negatively impact the creditworthiness of our counterparties and cause one or more of our counterparties to fail to perform as expected. To mitigate the counterparty credit risk, we only enter into contracts with carefully selected major financial institutions based upon their credit ratings and other factors, and continually assess the creditworthiness of counterparties. To date, all counterparties have performed in accordance with their contractual obligations.

Fair Value

At September 30, 2010 and December 31, 2009, the fair values of cash, accounts receivable, accounts payable and accrued expenses approximated their carrying values because of the short-term nature of these instruments.

	September 30, 2010 Carrying Amount	Fair Value
Debt Short-term borrowings and long-term debt	\$2,032,718	\$2,032,718
Debt	December 31, 200 Carrying Amount	9 Fair Value
Short-term borrowings and long-term debt	\$4,637,949	\$4,637,949

We estimated the fair value of debt using market quotes and calculations based on market rates.

NOTES TO CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

The following table presents the fair values of those financial liabilities measured on a recurring basis as of September 30, 2010 and December 31, 2009:

		Fair Value Measurements September 30, 2010			
		Quoted Prices in			
		Active Markets	Significant Other	Significant	
		for Identical	Observable Inputs	Unobservable	
Description	Total	assets (Level 1)	(Level 2)	Inputs (Level 3)	
Interest Rate Swap, net	\$85,427		\$85,427		
Total	\$85,427		\$85,427		
		Fair V Quoted Prices in	alue Measurements	December 31, 2009	
		Active Markets	Significant Other		
		for Identical	Observable Inputs	Significant Unobservable	
Description	Total	assets (Level 1)	(Level 2)	Inputs (Level 3)	
Interest Rate Swap, net	\$80,113		\$80,113		
Total	\$80,113		\$80,113		

The fair value of the Company's interest rate swap was determined by comparing the fixed rate set at the inception of the transaction to the "replacement swap rate," which represents the market rate for an offsetting interest rate swap with the same notional amounts and final maturity date. The market value is then determined by calculating the present value interest differential between the contractual swap and the replacement swap.

As of September 30, 2010 and December 31, 2009, \$85,427and \$80,113, respectively, was included in Other Liabilities related to the fair value of the Company's interest rate swap, and \$56,382 and \$52,874, respectively, net of tax of \$29,045 and \$27,239, was included in Other Comprehensive Income and Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss.

The change in unrealized gain (loss) from the Company's interest rate swaps of \$(185) and \$4,007 is included in other comprehensive income for the three months ended September 30, 2010 and 2009, respectively. The change in unrealized gain (loss) from the Company's interest rate swaps of \$(3,508) and \$22,427 is included in other comprehensive income for the nine months ended September 30, 2010 and 2009, respectively.

Comprehensive income was \$1,429,178 and \$940,655 for the three months ended September 30, 2010 and 2009, respectively. Comprehensive income was \$3,491,923 and \$2,336,644, for the nine months ended September 30, 2010 and 2009, respectively.

NOTES TO CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

4. COSTS AND ESTIMATED EARNINGS ON UNCOMPLETED CONTRACTS

Costs and estimated earnings in excess of billings on uncompleted contracts consist of:

	September 30, 2010			
	U.S			
	Government	Commercial	Total	
Costs incurred on uncompleted				
Contracts	\$110,345,774		\$32,490,028	\$142,835,802
Estimated earnings	56,049,690		16,863,913	72,913,603
Sub-total	166,395,464		49,353,941	215,749,405
Less billings to date	128,348,911		34,502,296	162,851,207
Costs and estimated earnings				
in excess of billings on				
uncompleted contracts	\$38,046,5	553	\$14,851,645	\$52,898,198
	December 31, 2009			
	U.S		,	
	Government	Commercial	Total	
Costs incurred on uncompleted				
contracts	\$86,564,289	\$2	9,253,639	\$115,817,928
Estimated earnings	49,753,060	1	4,358,779	64,111,839
Sub-total	136,317,349	4	3,612,418	179,929,767
Less billings to date	107,742,619	2	9,168,927	136,911,546
Costs and estimated earnings in excess of				
billings on uncompleted contracts	\$28,574,730	\$1	4,443,491	\$43,018,221

Revisions in the estimated gross profits on contracts and contract amounts are made in the period in which the circumstances requiring the revisions occur. During the nine months ended September 30, 2010, the effect of such revisions in total estimated contract profits resulted in a decrease to the total gross profit to be earned on the contract of approximately \$2,400,000, from that which would have been reported had the revised estimate been used as the basis of recognition of contract profits in prior years.

Although management believes it has established adequate procedures for estimating costs to complete on uncompleted open contracts, it is at least reasonably possible that additional significant costs could occur on contracts prior to completion.

NOTES TO CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

5. INCOME PER COMMON SHARE

Basic income per common share is computed using the weighted average number of shares outstanding. Diluted income per common share for the three and nine month period ended September 30, 2010 and 2009 is computed using the weighted-average number of shares outstanding adjusted for the incremental shares attributed to outstanding options to purchase common stock. Incremental shares of 321,400 and 223,430 were used in the calculation of diluted income per common share in the three and nine month period ended September 30, 2010. Incremental shares of 75,000 and 100,000 were not included in the diluted earnings per share calculations for the three and nine month period ended September 30, 2010, respectively, as their exercise price was in excess of the Company's average stock price for the respective period and, accordingly, these shares are not assumed to be exercised for the diluted earnings per share calculation, as they would be anti-dilutive. Incremental shares of 229,497 and 200,627 were used in the calculation of diluted income per common share in the three and nine month period ended September 30, 2009, respectively. Incremental shares of 420,000 and 603,333 were not included in the diluted earnings per share calculations for the three and nine month period ended September 30, 2009 as their exercise price was in excess of the Company's average stock price for the period and, accordingly, these shares are not assumed to be exercised for the diluted earnings per share calculation, as they would be anti-dilutive.

6. LINE OF CREDIT

On July 7, 2009, the Company and Sovereign Bank amended the terms of the Sovereign Revolving Facility, increasing the existing revolving credit facility under the Credit Agreement from an aggregate of \$2.5 million to an aggregate of \$3.5 million and extending the term of the revolving credit facility from August 2010 to August 2011.

The Credit Agreement was further amended to increase the commitment fee from 0.25% to 0.50% per annum on the average daily unused portion of the revolving credit commitment commencing September 30, 2009, and to permit the Company's sale of a certain single customer accounts receivable.

On May 26, 2010, the Company and Sovereign Bank entered into a third amendment to the Sovereign Revolving Facility increasing the existing revolving credit facility under the Credit Agreement from an aggregate of \$3.5 million to an aggregate of \$4.0 million and extending the term of the revolving credit facility from August 2011 to August 2013. In addition, the interest rate on borrowings under the revolving credit facility was decreased to (i) the greater of 3.75% or 3.25% in excess of the LIBOR Rate or (ii) the greater of 3.75% or 0.50% in excess of Sovereign Bank's prime rate, as elected by the Company in accordance with the Credit Agreement.

As of September 30, 2010, the Company was in compliance with all of the financial covenants contained in the credit agreement and no balance was outstanding under the Sovereign Revolving Facility.

7. LONG-TERM DEBT

On October 22, 2008, the Company obtained a \$3.0 million term loan from Sovereign Bank to be amortized over five years (the "Sovereign Term Facility"). Prior to entering into the term loan, the Company had borrowed \$2.5 million under the Sovereign Revolving Facility to fund the initial tooling costs related to a long-term contract award. The Company used the proceeds from the Sovereign Term Facility to repay the borrowings under the Sovereign Revolving Facility and to pay for additional tooling related to the long-term contract. The Sovereign Term Facility bears interest at LIBOR (2.76% at September 30, 2010) plus 2.5% and is secured by all of the assets of the Company.

Concurrent with entering into the Sovereign Term Facility, Sovereign Bank amended the terms of the Sovereign Revolving Facility extending the term until August 2010 and amending the covenants, as defined, commencing in the fourth quarter of 2008.

The terms and conditions of the Sovereign Revolving Facility are applicable to the Sovereign Term Facility.

Additionally, the Company and Sovereign Bank entered into a five-year interest rate swap agreement, in the notional amount of \$3 million. Under the interest rate swap, the Company pays an amount to Sovereign Bank representing interest on the notional amount at a rate of 5.8% and receives an amount from Sovereign representing interest on the notional amount at a rate equal to the one-month LIBOR. The effect of this interest rate swap will be the Company paying a fixed interest rate of 5.8% over the term of the Sovereign Term Facility.

NOTES TO CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

The maturities of the Sovereign Term Facility are as follows:

Three months
ending
December 31,
2010 \$150,000
Year ending
December 31,
2011 600,000
2012 600,000
2013 550,000
\$1,900,000

8. MAJOR CUSTOMERS

During the nine months ended September 30, 2010 and 2009, 23% and 37%, respectively, of revenue was directly from the U.S. government. In addition, during the nine months ended September 30, 2010, the Company's three largest commercial customers accounted for 31%, 22% and 12% of revenue, respectively. During the nine months ended September 30, 2009, the Company's three largest Commercial customers accounted for 24%, 16% and 13% of revenue, respectively.

9. EQUITY

On April 6, 2010, the Company sold 500,000 shares of common stock at a sale price of \$7.80 per share, upon the closing of a "registered direct" offering primarily to institutional investors. The gross proceeds of the offering were \$3.9 million and net proceeds, after deducting the placement agent's fee and estimated offering expenses, were approximately \$3.5 million.

A portion of the net proceeds from the sale of common stock was used to pay off the revolving credit facility with Sovereign Bank.

CPI AEROSTRUCTURES, INC.

Item 2 – Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

The following discussion should be read in conjunction with the Company's Condensed Financial Statements and notes thereto contained in this report.

Forward Looking Statements

When used in this Form 10-Q and in future filings by us with the Securities and Exchange Commission, the words or phrases "will likely result," "management expects" or "we expect," "will continue," "is anticipated," "estimated" or similar expressions are intended to identify "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. Readers are cautioned not to place undue reliance on any such forward-looking statements, each of which speaks only as of the date made. Such statements are subject to certain risks and uncertainties that could cause actual results to differ materially from historical earnings and those presently anticipated or projected. The risks are included in Item 1A - Risk Factors of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2009 and Item 2 Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations included in this Form 10-Q. We have no obligation to publicly release the result of any revisions which may be made to any forward-looking statements to reflect anticipated or unanticipated events or circumstances occurring after the date of such statements.

Business Operations

We are engaged in the contract production of structural aircraft parts principally for the U.S. Air Force and other branches of the U.S. armed forces, either as a prime contractor or as a subcontractor for other defense prime contractors. Our strategy for growth has focused on government and military sales as a prime contractor and increasingly as a subcontractor for leading aerospace prime contractors.

Due to our success as a subcontractor to defense prime contractors and growth in the commercial sector, we are also pursuing opportunities to increase our commercial subcontracting business.

Marketing and New Business

During the nine months ended September 30, 2010, we received approximately \$57.3 million of new contract awards, which included approximately \$8.0 million of government prime contract awards, approximately \$44.7 million of government subcontract awards and approximately \$4.6 million of commercial subcontract awards, compared to a

total of \$15.0 million of new contract awards, of all types, in the same period last year.

We have approximately \$384 million in formalized bids outstanding as of November 5, 2010 and continue to make bids on contracts on a weekly basis. While we cannot predict the probability of obtaining or the timing of awards, some of these outstanding proposals are significant in amount.

CPI AEROSTRUCTURES, INC.

Item 2 – Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

The lengths of our contracts vary but are typically between nine months and two years for U.S. government contracts (although our T-38 contract and our C-5 TOP contract are for periods of ten years and seven years, respectively), and up to ten years for commercial contracts. Except in cases where contract terms permit us to bill on a progress basis, we must incur upfront costs in producing assemblies and bill our customers upon delivery. Because of the upfront costs incurred, the timing of our billings and the nature of the percentage-of-completion method of accounting described below, there can be a significant disparity between the periods in which (a) costs are expended, (b) revenue and earnings are recorded and (c) cash is received.

Critical Accounting Policies

Revenue Recognition

We recognize revenue from our contracts over the contractual period under the percentage-of-completion ("POC") method of accounting. Under the POC method of accounting, sales and gross profit are recognized as work is performed based on the relationship between actual costs incurred and total estimated costs at the completion of the contract. Recognized revenues that will not be billed under the terms of the contract until a later date are recorded as an asset captioned "Costs and estimated earnings in excess of billings on uncompleted contracts." Contracts where billings to date have exceeded recognized revenues are recorded as a liability captioned "Billings in excess of costs and estimated earnings on uncompleted contracts." Changes to the original estimates may be required during the life of the contract. Estimates are reviewed monthly and the effect of any change in the estimated gross margin percentage for a contract is reflected in cost of sales in the period the change becomes known. The use of the POC method of accounting involves considerable use of estimates in determining revenues, costs and profits and in assigning the amounts to accounting periods. As a result, there can be a significant disparity between earnings (both for accounting and tax purposes) as reported and actual cash received by us during any reporting period. We continually evaluate all of the issues related to the assumptions, risks and uncertainties inherent with the application of the POC method of accounting; however, we cannot assure you that our estimates will be accurate. If our estimates are not accurate or a contract is terminated, we will be forced to adjust revenue in later periods. Furthermore, even if our estimates are accurate, we may have a shortfall in our cash flow and we may need to borrow money to fund our work in process or to pay taxes until the reported earnings materialize as actual cash receipts.

CPI AEROSTRUCTURES, INC.

Item2 – Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations
Results of Operations
Revenue
Revenue for the three months ended September 30, 2010 was \$12,976,084 compared to \$9,916,357 for the same period last year, representing an increase of \$3,059,727 or 30.9%. For the nine months ended September 30, 2010 revenue was \$36,526,238 compared to \$31,045,283 for the same period last year, representing an increase or \$5,480,955 or 17.7%.
We generate revenue from government contracts for which we act as a prime contractor or as a subcontractor as well as from commercial contracts. Revenue generated from prime government contracts for the nine months ended September 30, 2010 was \$8,221,185 compared to \$9,973,342 for the nine months ended September 30, 2009, a decrease of \$1,752,157 or 17.6%. This anticipated decrease resulted from our refocused marketing efforts or subcontracting work over the last two years. Revenue generated from government subcontracts for the nine months ended September 30, 2010 was \$22,563,530 compared to \$10,851,080 for the nine months ended September 30, 2009 an increase of \$11,712,450 or 107.9%. The increase in revenue is primarily the result of work performed for the Boeing Company on the A-10 attack jet and Northrop Grumman Corporation on the E-2D surveillance airplane. Revenue generated from commercial contracts was \$5,741,523 for the nine months ended September 30 2010 compared to \$10,220,861 for the nine months ended September 30, 2009, a decrease of \$4,479,338 or 43.8%. The decrease in revenue from commercial contracts is the result of a decrease in work performed on the Gulfstream G650 executive jet, an expected result of normal scheduling and delivery requirements of this long-term production program.
Gross Profit
Gross profit for the three months ended September 30, 2010 was \$3,382,413 compared to \$2,550,706 for the three

Gross profit for the three months ended September 30, 2010 was \$3,382,413 compared to \$2,559,796 for the three months ended September 30, 2009, an increase of \$822,617. As a percentage of revenue, gross profit for the three months ended September 30, 2010 was 26.1% compared to 25.8% for the same period last year. Gross profit for the nine months ended September 30, 2010 was \$9,482,824 compared to \$7,454,947 for the nine months ended September 30, 2009, an increase of \$2,027,877. As a percentage of revenue, gross profit for the nine months ended September 30, 2010 was 26.0% compared to 24.0% for the same period last year. As our three long-term subcontract

programs have matured, we have improved our efficiency and have overcome the normal program costs associated with the start up phase of long-term programs. Our gross margin of 26.0% for the nine months ended September 30, 2010 is within our expected gross margin percentage range.

We expect gross margin percentage to be the range of 24%-26% for the remainder of 2010.

CPI AEROSTRUCTURES, INC.

Item2 – Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

Selling, General and Administrative Expenses

Selling, general and administrative expenses for the three months ended September 30, 2010 were \$1,181,369 compared to \$1,144,432 for the three months ended September 30, 2009, an increase of \$36,937, or 3.2%. For the nine months ended September 30, 2010, selling, general and administrative expenses were \$4,051,737 compared to \$3,689,109 for the same period last year, an increase of \$362,628, or 9.8%. The increase is primarily due to a \$128,000 increase in public fees, a \$125,000 increase in accrued bonus, and a \$105,000 increase in salaries and payroll taxes.

Income Before Provision for Income Taxes

Income before provision for income taxes for the three months ended September 30, 2010 was \$2,171,363 compared to \$1,358,662 for the same period last year, an increase of \$812,701. For the nine months ended September 30, 2010, income before provision for income taxes was \$5,301,431 compared to \$3,575,071 for the same period last year, and increase of \$1,726,360.

Provision for Income Taxes

Provision for income taxes was \$742,000 for the three months ended September 30, 2010, or 34% of pre-tax income, compared to \$414,000 or 30% of pre-tax income for the three months ended September 30, 2009. Provision for income taxes was \$1,806,000 for the nine months ended September 30, 2010, or 34% of pre-tax income compared to \$1,216,000 or 34% of pre-tax income for the nine months ended September 30, 2009.

CPI AEROSTRUCTURES, INC.

Item2 – Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations
Net Income
Net income for the three months ended September 30, 2010 was \$1,429,363, or \$0.21 per basic share, compared to net income of \$944,662, or \$0.16 per basic share, for the same period last year. For the nine months ended September 30, 2010, net income was \$3,495,431, or \$0.54 per basic share, compared to net income of \$2,359,071, or \$0.39 per basic share, for the same period last year. Diluted income per share for the three months ended September 30, 2010 was \$0.21, calculated utilizing 6,972,156 average shares outstanding. Diluted income per share for the nine months ended September 30, 2010 was \$0.53, calculated utilizing 6,641,159 average shares outstanding. Diluted income per share for the three months ended September 30, 2009 was \$0.15, calculated utilizing 6,224,962 average shares outstanding. Diluted income per share for the nine months ended September 30, 2009 was \$0.38, calculated utilizing 6,192,595 average shares outstanding.
Liquidity and Capital Resources
General
At September 30, 2010, we had working capital of \$46,315,698 compared to \$39,118,450 at December 31, 2009, an increase of \$7,197,248, or 18.4%.
Cash Flow
A large portion of our cash is used to pay for materials and processing costs associated with contracts that are in process and which do not provide for progress payments. Contracts that permit us to bill on a progress basis must be classified as "on time" for us to apply for progress payments. Costs for which we are not able to bill on a progress basis

are components of "Costs and estimated earnings in excess of billings on uncompleted contracts" on our condensed balance sheets and represent the aggregate costs and related earnings for uncompleted contracts for which the customer has not yet been billed. These costs and earnings are recovered upon shipment of products and presentation

of billings in accordance with contract terms.

Because the POC method of accounting requires us to use estimates in determining revenue, costs and profits and in assigning the amounts to accounting periods, there can be a significant disparity between earnings (both for accounting and tax purposes) as reported and actual cash that we receive during any reporting period. Accordingly, it is possible that we may have a shortfall in our cash flow and may need to borrow money until the reported earnings materialize into actual cash receipts.

At September 30, 2010, we had a cash balance of \$651,220 compared to \$2,224,825 at December 31, 2009. During the nine months ended September 30, 2010, we used cash to pay taxes of \$2,276,367 and we repaid \$2,200,000 of our line of credit with Sovereign Bank.

Stock Offering

On April 6, 2010, we sold 500,000 shares of common stock at a sale price of \$7.80 per share, upon the closing of a "registered direct" offering primarily to institutional investors. The gross proceeds of the offering were \$3.9 million and net proceeds, after deducting the placement agent's fee and estimated offering expenses payable by us, were approximately \$3.5 million.

The net proceeds from the sale of common stock in the offering are available to fund working capital and for other general corporate purposes and were used to pay off our revolving credit facility with Sovereign Bank.

CPI AEROSTRUCTURES, INC.

Item2 – Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations
Credit Facilities
Line of Credit
In August 2007, we entered into a two-year, \$2,500,000 revolving credit facility with Sovereign Bank (the "Sovereign Revolving Facility"), secured by all of our assets.
On July 7, 2009, the Company and Sovereign Bank amended the terms of the Sovereign Revolving Facility, increasing the existing revolving credit facility under the Credit Agreement from an aggregate of \$2,500,000 to an aggregate of \$3,500,000 and extending the term of the revolving credit facility from August 2010 to August 2011.
The Credit Agreement was further amended to increase the commitment fee from 0.25% to 0.50% per annum on the average daily unused portion of the revolving credit commitment commencing September 30, 2009, and to permit the Company's sale of certain accounts receivable.
On May 26, 2010, the Company entered into a third amendment to its credit agreement with Sovereign Bank increasing the existing revolving credit facility under the Credit Agreement from an aggregate of \$3,500,000 to an aggregate of \$4,000,000 and extending the term of the revolving credit facility from August 2011 to August 2013. In addition, the interest rate on borrowings under the revolving credit facility was decreased to (i) the greater of 3.75% or 3.25% in excess of the LIBOR Rate or (ii) the greater of 3.75% or 0.50% in excess of Sovereign Bank's prime rate, as elected by the Company in accordance with the Credit Agreement.
As of September 30, 2010, we were in compliance with all of the financial covenants contained in the credit agreement and we had no balance outstanding under the Sovereign Revolving Facility.
Term Loan
On October 22, 2008, we obtained a \$3 million term loan from Sovereign Bank to be amortized over five years (the

"Sovereign Term Facility"). Prior to entering into the term loan we had borrowed \$2.5 million under the Sovereign Revolving Facility to fund the initial tooling costs related to the previously mentioned long-term contract with Spirit. We used the proceeds from the Sovereign Term Facility to repay the borrowings under the Sovereign Revolving Facility and to pay for additional tooling related to the Spirit contract. The Sovereign Term Facility bears

interest at LIBOR plus 2.5% and is secured by all of our assets.

Concurrent with entering into the Sovereign Term Facility, Sovereign Bank amended the terms of the Sovereign Revolving Facility extending the term until August 2010 and amending the covenants, as defined, commencing in the fourth quarter of 2009.

The terms and conditions of the Sovereign Revolving Facility are applicable to the Sovereign Term Facility.

Additionally, the Company and Sovereign Bank entered into a five-year interest rate swap agreement, in the notional amount of \$3 million. Under the interest rate swap, the Company pays an amount to Sovereign Bank representing interest on the notional amount of 5.8% and receives an amount from Sovereign representing interest on the notional amount at a rate equal to the one-month LIBOR plus 2.5%. The effect of this interest rate swap will be the Company paying a fixed interest rate of 5.8% over the term of the Sovereign Term Facility.

CPI AEROSTRUCTURES, INC.

Item 3 – Quantitive and Qualitative Disclosure About Market Risk

Not Applicable

Item 4 – Controls and Procedures

Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

The Company's management has established disclosure controls and procedures designed to ensure that information it is required to disclose in the reports that it files or submits under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act") is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within time periods specified in the Securities and Exchange Commission rules and forms. Such disclosure controls and procedures include, without limitation, controls and procedures designed to ensure that information the Company is required to disclose in the reports that it files or submits under the Exchange Act is accumulated and communicated to the Company's management to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

Based on an evaluation of the Company's disclosure controls and procedures as of September 30, 2010 made by management, under the supervision and with the participation of the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer have concluded that the Company's disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) promulgated under the Exchange Act) were effective as of September 30, 2010.

Changes in Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

No change in our internal control over financial reporting occurred during the quarter ended September 30, 2010 that has materially affected or is reasonably likely to materially affect our internal control over financial reporting.

CPI AEROSTRUCTURES, INC.

Part II: Other Information

Item 6 – Exhibits

Exhibit 31.1	Section 302 Certification by Chief Executive Officer and President
Exhibit 31.2	Section 302 Certification by Chief Financial Officer (Principal
	Accounting Officer)
Exhibit 32	Section 906 Certification by Chief Executive Officer and Chief
	Financial Officer

CPI AEROSTRUCTURES, INC.

SIGNATURES

In accordance with the requirements of the Exchange Act, the registrant has caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

CPI AEROSTRUCTURES, INC.

Dated: November 12, 2010 By./s/ Edward J. Fred

Edward J. Fred

Chief Executive Officer and President

Dated: November 12, 2010 By./s/ Vincent Palazzolo

Vincent Palazzolo

Chief Financial Officer (Principal Accounting

Officer)