COMMUNITY HEALTH SYSTEMS INC
Form 10-Q
April 29, 2011

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UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549

Form 10-Q
QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d)
OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934
For the quarterly period ended March 31, 2011
Commission file number 001-15925
COMMUNITY HEALTH SYSTEMS, INC.
(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware	**13-3893191**
(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)	*(I.R.S. Employer Identification Number)*
4000 Meridian Boulevard **Franklin, Tennessee**	**37067**
(Address of principal executive offices)	*(Zip Code)*

(Registrant s telephone number)
615-465-7000

Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes þ No o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§ 232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes þ No o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of large accelerated filer, accelerated filer and smaller reporting company in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one):

Large accelerated filer þ	Accelerated filer o	Non-accelerated filer o (Do not check if a smaller reporting company)	Smaller reporting company o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes o No þ

As of April 20, 2011, there were outstanding 94,967,424 shares of the Registrant s Common Stock, $0.01 par value.

Community Health Systems, Inc.
Form 10-Q
For the Three Months Ended March 31, 2011

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PART I FINANCIAL INFORMATION
Item 1. ***Financial Statements***

COMMUNITY HEALTH SYSTEMS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS
(In thousands, except share data)
(Unaudited)

	March 31, 2011	December 31, 2010
ASSETS		
Current assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	$ 270,716	$ 299,169
Patient accounts receivable, net of allowance for doubtful accounts of $1,699,935 and $1,639,198 at March 31, 2011 and December 31, 2010, respectively	1,766,122	1,714,542
Supplies	329,275	329,114
Prepaid income taxes	65,030	118,464
Deferred income taxes	115,819	115,819
Prepaid expenses and taxes	112,486	100,754
Other current assets	176,545	193,331
Total current assets	2,835,993	2,871,193
Property and equipment	8,663,963	8,528,335
Less accumulated depreciation and amortization	(2,217,546)	(2,089,776)
Property and equipment, net	6,446,417	6,438,559
Goodwill	4,225,768	4,195,289
Other assets, net	1,210,101	1,193,082
Total assets	$ 14,718,279	$ 14,698,123
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY		
Current liabilities		
Current maturities of long-term debt	$ 65,952	$ 63,139
Accounts payable	547,683	526,338
Deferred income taxes	8,882	8,882
Accrued interest	84,502	146,415
Accrued liabilities	898,810	897,266
Total current liabilities	1,605,829	1,642,040
Long-term debt	8,794,146	8,808,382
Deferred income taxes	608,177	608,177

Other long-term liabilities	952,406	1,001,675
Total liabilities	11,960,558	12,060,274
Redeemable noncontrolling interests in equity of consolidated subsidiaries	385,438	387,472
EQUITY		
Community Health Systems, Inc. stockholders equity		
Preferred stock, $.01 par value per share, 100,000,000 shares authorized; none issued		
Common stock, $.01 par value per share, 300,000,000 shares authorized; 94,927,260 shares issued and 93,951,711 shares outstanding at March 31, 2011, and 93,644,862 shares issued and 92,669,313 shares outstanding at December 31, 2010	949	936
Additional paid-in capital	1,149,002	1,126,751
Treasury stock, at cost, 975,549 shares at March 31, 2011 and December 31, 2010	(6,678)	(6,678)
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(192,640)	(230,927)
Retained earnings	1,360,706	1,299,382
Total Community Health Systems, Inc. stockholders equity	2,311,339	2,189,464
Noncontrolling interests in equity of consolidated subsidiaries	60,944	60,913
Total equity	2,372,283	2,250,377
Total liabilities and equity	$ 14,718,279	$ 14,698,123

See accompanying notes to the condensed consolidated financial statements.

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COMMUNITY HEALTH SYSTEMS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME
(In thousands, except share and per share data)
(Unaudited)

	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2011	**2010**
t operating revenues	$ 3,405,342	$ 3,125,50
erating costs and expenses:		
laries and benefits	1,402,121	1,269,57
ovision for bad debts	407,871	373,66
pplies	464,156	429,59
her operating expenses	624,795	567,08
nt	64,757	63,63
preciation and amortization	160,677	146,70
tal operating costs and expenses	3,124,377	2,850,26
come from operations	280,965	275,24
erest expense, net	164,172	160,36
uity in earnings of unconsolidated affiliates	(18,130)	(12,58
come from continuing operations before income taxes	134,923	127,47
ovision for income taxes	43,782	40,98
come from continuing operations	91,141	86,48
scontinued operations, net of taxes:		
ss from operations of entities sold and held for sale	(1,214)	(1,48
pairment of long-lived assets of hospital held for sale	(8,368)	
ss on sale	(3,234)	
ss from discontinued operations	(12,816)	(1,48
t income	78,325	84,99
ss: Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests	17,001	14,98
t income attributable to Community Health Systems, Inc.	$ 61,324	$ 70,00
sic earnings (loss) per share attributable to Community Health Systems, Inc. common stockholders:		
ntinuing operations	$ 0.81	$ 0.7
scontinued operations	(0.14)	(0.0
t income	$ 0.67	$ 0.7

luted earnings (loss) per share attributable to Community Health Systems, Inc. common stockholders (1):				
ntinuing operations	$	0.80	$	0.7
scontinued operations		(0.14)		(0.0
t income	$	0.67	$	0.7
eighted-average number of shares outstanding:				
sic		91,008,405		91,615,27
luted		92,136,819		92,836,45

(1) Total per share amounts may not add due to rounding.

See accompanying notes to the condensed consolidated financial statements.

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COMMUNITY HEALTH SYSTEMS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS
(In thousands)
(Unaudited)

	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2011	**2010**
Cash flows from operating activities		
Net income	$ 78,325	$ 84,996
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization	161,318	147,679
Stock-based compensation expense	9,918	9,763
Loss on sale	3,234	
Impairment of long-lived assets of hospital held for sale	8,368	
Excess tax benefit relating to stock-based compensation	(4,675)	(4,349)
Other non-cash expenses, net	(11,173)	(3,957)
Changes in operating assets and liabilities, net of effects of acquisitions and divestitures:		
Patient accounts receivable	(56,454)	(94,204)
Supplies, prepaid expenses and other current assets	14,336	(6,908)
Accounts payable, accrued liabilities and income taxes	(14,938)	167,470
Other	(748)	(1,130)
Net cash provided by operating activities	187,511	299,360
Cash flows from investing activities		
Acquisitions of facilities and other related equipment	(45,422)	(180)
Purchases of property and equipment	(153,875)	(126,553)
Proceeds from disposition of ancillary operations	14,583	
Proceeds from sale of property and equipment	7,587	346
Increase in other non-operating assets	(32,277)	(36,991)
Net cash used in investing activities	(209,404)	(163,378)
Cash flows from financing activities		
Proceeds from exercise of stock options	18,125	24,007
Excess tax benefit relating to stock-based compensation	4,675	4,349
Stock buy-back		(40)
Proceeds from noncontrolling investors in joint ventures	863	1,255
Redemption of noncontrolling investments in joint ventures	(225)	
Distributions to noncontrolling investors in joint ventures	(15,333)	(16,874)
Repayments of long-term indebtedness	(14,665)	(13,154)
Net cash used in financing activities	(6,560)	(457)

Net change in cash and cash equivalents	(28,453)	135,525
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	299,169	344,541
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	$ 270,716	$ 480,066
Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information:		
Interest payments	$ 226,124	$ 220,202
Income taxes (refunds received) paid, net	$ (677)	$ 934

See accompanying notes to the condensed consolidated financial statements.

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COMMUNITY HEALTH SYSTEMS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED) (Continued)

1. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements of Community Health Systems, Inc. and its subsidiaries (the Company) as of March 31, 2011 and December 31, 2010 and for the three-month periods ended March 31, 2011 and March 31, 2010, have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (U.S. GAAP). In the opinion of management, such information contains all adjustments, consisting only of normal recurring adjustments, necessary for a fair presentation of the results for such periods. All intercompany transactions and balances have been eliminated. The results of operations for the three months ended March 31, 2011, are not necessarily indicative of the results to be expected for the full fiscal year ending December 31, 2011. Certain information and disclosures normally included in the notes to consolidated financial statements have been condensed or omitted as permitted by the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission (the SEC). The Company believes the disclosures are adequate to make the information presented not misleading. The accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and notes thereto for the year ended December 31, 2010, contained in the Company s Annual Report on Form 10-K.

Noncontrolling interests in less-than-wholly-owned consolidated subsidiaries of the parent are presented as a component of total equity on the condensed consolidated balance sheets to distinguish between the interests of the parent company and the interests of the noncontrolling owners. Noncontrolling interests that are redeemable or may become redeemable at a fixed or determinable price at the option of the holder or upon the occurrence of an event outside of the control of the Company are presented in mezzanine equity on the condensed consolidated balance sheets.

During the three months ended March 31, 2011, the Company sold a multi-specialty physician clinic and made the decision to sell a hospital. Accordingly, as of March 31, 2011, this hospital has been classified as held for sale. The condensed consolidated statement of income for the three months ended March 31, 2010 has been restated to reclassify the results of operations for these entities to discontinued operations. The condensed consolidated balance sheet as of December 31, 2010 has been restated to present the long-lived assets of the disposal group as held for sale for comparative purposes with the March 31, 2011 presentation.

Throughout these notes to the condensed consolidated financial statements, Community Health Systems, Inc. (the Parent), and its consolidated subsidiaries are referred to on a collective basis as the Company. This drafting style is not meant to indicate that the publicly-traded Parent or any subsidiary of the Parent owns or operates any asset, business, or property. The hospitals, operations and businesses described in this filing are owned and operated, and management services provided, by distinct and indirect subsidiaries of Community Health Systems, Inc.

2. ACCOUNTING FOR STOCK-BASED COMPENSATION

Stock-based compensation awards are granted under the Community Health Systems, Inc. 2000 Stock Option and Award Plan amended and restated as of March 24, 2009 (the 2000 Plan) and the Community Health Systems, Inc. 2009 Stock Option and Award Plan amended and restated as of March 18, 2011 (the 2009 Plan).

The 2000 Plan allows for the grant of incentive stock options intended to qualify under Section 422 of the Internal Revenue Code (IRC), as well as stock options which do not so qualify, stock appreciation rights, restricted stock, restricted stock units, performance-based shares or units and other share awards. Prior to being amended in 2009, the 2000 Plan also allowed for the grant of phantom stock. Persons eligible to receive grants under the 2000 Plan include the Company s directors, officers, employees and consultants. To date, all options granted under the 2000 Plan have been nonqualified stock options for tax purposes. Generally, vesting of these granted options occurs in one-third increments on each of the first three anniversaries of the award date. Options granted prior to 2005 have a 10-year contractual term, options granted in 2005 through 2007 have an eight-year contractual term and options granted in 2008 through February 2011 have a 10-year contractual term. As of March 31, 2011, 64,508 shares of unissued common stock were reserved for future grants under the 2000 Plan.

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COMMUNITY HEALTH SYSTEMS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED) (Continued)

The 2009 Plan, which was adopted by the Board of Directors of the Parent as of March 24, 2009 and approved by stockholders on May 19, 2009, provides for the grant of incentive stock options intended to qualify under Section 422 of the IRC and for the grant of stock options which do not so qualify, stock appreciation rights, restricted stock, restricted stock units, performance-based shares or units and other share awards. Persons eligible to receive grants under the 2009 Plan include the Company s directors, officers, employees and consultants. Options granted in 2011 have a 10-year contractual term. As of March 31, 2011, 2,954,289 shares of unissued common stock were reserved for future grants under the 2009 Plan.

The exercise price of all options granted is equal to the fair value of the Company s common stock on the option grant date.

The following table reflects the impact of total compensation expense related to stock-based equity plans on the reported operating results for the respective periods (in thousands):

	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2011	**2010**
Effect on income from continuing operations before income taxes	$ (9,918)	$ (9,763)
Effect on net income	$ (6,298)	$ (5,931)

At March 31, 2011, $89.7 million of unrecognized stock-based compensation expense was expected to be recognized over a weighted-average period of 29 months. Of that amount, $19.2 million related to outstanding unvested stock options was expected to be recognized over a weighted-average period of 28 months and $70.5 million related to outstanding unvested restricted stock, restricted stock units and phantom shares was expected to be recognized over a weighted-average period of 29 months. There were no modifications to awards during the three months ended March 31, 2011.

The fair value of stock options was estimated using the Black Scholes option pricing model with the following assumptions and weighted-average fair values during the three months ended March 31, 2011 and 2010:

	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2011	**2010**
Expected volatility	31.2%	33.5%
Expected dividends		
Expected term	4.0 years	3.1 years
Risk-free interest rate	1.74%	1.48%

In determining expected term, the Company examined concentrations of option holdings and historical patterns of option exercises and forfeitures, as well as forward-looking factors, in an effort to determine if there were any discernable employee populations. From this analysis, the Company identified two primary employee populations, one consisting of certain senior executives and the other consisting of substantially all other recipients.

The expected volatility rate was estimated based on historical volatility. In determining expected volatility, the Company also reviewed the market-based implied volatility of actively traded options of its common stock and determined that historical volatility utilized to estimate the expected volatility did not differ significantly from the implied volatility.

The expected term computation is based on historical exercise and cancellation patterns and forward-looking factors, where present, for each population identified. The risk-free interest rate is based on the U.S. Treasury yield curve in effect at the time of the grant. The pre-vesting forfeiture rate is based on historical rates and forward-looking

factors for each population identified. The Company adjusts the estimated forfeiture rate to its actual experience.

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COMMUNITY HEALTH SYSTEMS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED) (Continued)

Options outstanding and exercisable under the 2000 Plan and the 2009 Plan as of March 31, 2011, and changes during the three months then ended, were as follows (in thousands, except share and per share data):

	Shares	Weighted - Average Exercise Price	Weighted - Average Remaining Contractual Term	Aggregate Intrinsic Value as of March 31, 2011
Outstanding at December 31, 2010	7,834,332	$ 32.08		
Granted	1,329,000	37.96		
Exercised	(595,431)	30.44		
Forfeited and cancelled	(64,508)	34.84		
Outstanding at March 31, 2011	8,503,393	$ 33.10	6.1 years	$ 59,253
Exercisable at March 31, 2011	5,794,134	$ 32.74	4.6 years	$ 42,636

The weighted-average grant date fair value of stock options granted during the three months ended March 31, 2011 and 2010 was $10.34 and $8.47, respectively. The aggregate intrinsic value (the number of in-the-money stock options multiplied by the difference between the Company s closing stock price on the last trading day of the reporting period ($39.99) and the exercise price of the respective stock options) in the table above represents the amount that would have been received by the option holders had all option holders exercised their options on March 31, 2011. This amount changes based on the market value of the Company s common stock. The aggregate intrinsic value of options exercised during the three months ended March 31, 2011 and 2010 was $5.9 million and $9.7 million, respectively. The aggregate intrinsic value of options vested and expected to vest approximates that of the outstanding options.

The Company has also awarded restricted stock under the 2000 Plan and the 2009 Plan to its directors and employees of certain subsidiaries. The restrictions on these shares generally lapse in one-third increments on each of the first three anniversaries of the award date. Certain of the restricted stock awards granted to the Company s senior executives contain a performance objective that must be met in addition to any vesting requirements. If the performance objective is not attained, the awards will be forfeited in their entirety. Once the performance objective has been attained, restrictions will lapse in one-third increments on each of the first three anniversaries of the award date. Notwithstanding the above-mentioned performance objectives and vesting requirements, the restrictions will lapse earlier in the event of death, disability or termination of employment by the Company for any reason other than for cause of the holder of the restricted stock, or change in control of the Company. Restricted stock awards subject to performance standards are not considered outstanding for purposes of determining earnings per share until the performance objectives have been satisfied.

COMMUNITY HEALTH SYSTEMS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED) (Continued)

Restricted stock outstanding under the 2000 Plan and the 2009 Plan as of March 31, 2011, and changes during the three months then ended, were as follows:

	Shares	Weighted - Average Grant Date Fair Value
Unvested at December 31, 2010	2,125,291	$27.92
Granted	1,084,949	37.96
Vested	(962,662)	27.27
Forfeited		
Unvested at March 31, 2011	2,247,578	33.04

On February 25, 2009, under the 2000 Plan, each of the Company s outside directors received a grant of shares of phantom stock equal in value to approximately $130,000 divided by the closing price of the Company s common stock on that date ($18.18), or 7,151 shares per director (a total of 42,906 shares of phantom stock). Pursuant to a March 24, 2009 amendment to the 2000 Plan, future grants of this type will be denominated as restricted stock unit awards. On May 19, 2009, the newly elected outside director received a grant of 7,151 restricted stock units under the 2000 Plan, having a value at the time of $180,706 based upon the closing price of the Company s common stock on that date of $25.27. On February 24, 2010, six of the Company s seven outside directors each received a grant of 4,130 restricted stock units under the 2000 Plan, having a value at the time of approximately $140,000 based upon the closing price of the Company s common stock on that date of $33.90. One outside director, who did not stand for reelection in 2010, did not receive a grant on February 24, 2010. On February 23, 2011, each of the Company s six outside directors received a grant of 3,688 restricted stock units under the 2009 Plan, having a value at the time of approximately $140,000 based upon the closing price of the Company s common stock on that date of $37.96. Vesting of these shares of phantom stock and restricted stock units occurs in one-third increments on each of the first three anniversaries of the award date. During the three months ended March 31, 2011, 20,176 shares vested at a weighted-average grant date fair value of $24.61. None of these grants were canceled during the three months ended March 31, 2011. As of March 31, 2011, there were 55,340 shares of phantom stock and restricted stock units unvested at a weighted-average grant date fair value of $31.39.

Under the Directors Fees Deferral Plan, the Company s outside directors may elect to receive share equivalent units in lieu of cash for their directors fees. These share equivalent units are held in the plan until the director electing to receive the share equivalent units retires or otherwise terminates his/her directorship with the Company. Share equivalent units are converted to shares of common stock of the Company at the time of distribution based on the closing market price of the Company s common stock on that date. The following table represents the amount of directors fees which were deferred during each of the respective periods, and the number of share equivalent units into which such directors fees would have converted had each of the directors who had deferred such fees retired or terminated his/her directorship with the Company as of the end of the respective periods (in thousands, except share equivalent units):

	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2011	2010
Directors fees earned and deferred into plan	$ 55	$ 45

Share equivalent units	1,375	1,219

At March 31, 2011, a total of 20,176 share equivalent units were deferred in the plan with an aggregate fair value of $0.8 million, based on the closing market price of the Company s common stock at March 31, 2011 of $39.99.

COMMUNITY HEALTH SYSTEMS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED) (Continued)

3. COST OF REVENUE

Substantially all of the Company s operating costs and expenses are cost of revenue items. Operating costs that could be classified as general and administrative by the Company would include the Company s corporate office costs at its Franklin, Tennessee office, which were $41.7 million and $37.8 million for the three months ended March 31, 2011 and 2010, respectively. Included in these amounts is stock-based compensation expense of $9.9 million and $9.8 million for the three months ended March 31, 2011 and 2010, respectively.

4. USE OF ESTIMATES

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the condensed consolidated financial statements. Actual results could differ from these estimates under different assumptions or conditions.

5. ACQUISITIONS AND DIVESTITURES

Acquisitions

Effective October 1, 2010, one or more subsidiaries of the Company completed the acquisition of Forum Health based in Youngstown, Ohio, a healthcare system of two acute care hospitals, a rehabilitation hospital and other healthcare providers. This healthcare system includes Northside Medical Center (355 licensed beds) located in Youngstown, Ohio, and Trumbull Memorial Hospital (311 licensed beds) located in Warren, Ohio. This healthcare system also includes Hillside Rehabilitation Hospital (69 licensed beds) located in Warren, Ohio, as well as several outpatient clinics and other ancillary facilities. The total cash consideration paid for fixed assets and working capital was approximately $93.4 million and $27.8 million, respectively, with additional consideration of $40.3 million assumed in liabilities, for a total consideration of $161.5 million. This acquisition transaction was accounted for as a purchase business combination. Based upon the Company s final purchase price allocation relating to this acquisition as of March 31, 2011, approximately $8.1 million of goodwill has been recorded.

Effective October 1, 2010, one or more subsidiaries of the Company completed the acquisition of Bluefield Regional Medical Center (240 licensed beds) located in Bluefield, West Virginia. The total cash consideration paid for fixed assets was approximately $35.4 million, with additional consideration of $8.9 million assumed in liabilities as well as a credit applied at closing of $1.8 million for negative acquired working capital, for a total consideration of $42.5 million. This acquisition transaction was accounted for as a purchase business combination. Based upon the Company s final purchase price allocation relating to this acquisition as of March 31, 2011, approximately $2.4 million of goodwill has been recorded.

Effective July 7, 2010, one or more subsidiaries of the Company completed the acquisition of Marion Regional Healthcare System located in Marion, South Carolina. This healthcare system includes Marion Regional Hospital (124 licensed beds), an acute care hospital, along with a related skilled nursing facility and other ancillary services. The total cash consideration paid for fixed assets and working capital was approximately $18.6 million and $5.8 million, respectively, with additional consideration of $3.9 million assumed in liabilities, for a total consideration of $28.3 million. This acquisition transaction was accounted for as a purchase business combination. Based upon the Company s final purchase price allocation relating to this acquisition as of March 31, 2011, no goodwill has been recorded.

Additionally, during the three months ended March 31, 2011, the Company paid approximately $44.7 million to acquire the operating assets and related businesses of certain physician practices, clinics and other ancillary businesses that operate within the communities served by its hospitals. In connection with these acquisitions, the Company allocated approximately $9.9 million of the consideration paid to property and equipment, $3.0 million to net working capital, $1.5 million to other intangible assets, and the remainder, approximately $30.3 million consisting of intangible assets that do not qualify for separate recognition, was allocated to goodwill. These acquisition transactions were accounted for as purchase business combinations.

Approximately $3.3 million and $0.6 million of acquisition costs related to prospective and closed acquisitions were expensed during the three months ended March 31, 2011 and 2010, respectively.

COMMUNITY HEALTH SYSTEMS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED) (Continued)

Discontinued Operations

Effective February 1, 2011, the Company sold Willamette Community Medical Group, which is a physician clinic operating as Oregon Medical Group (OMG), located in Springfield, Oregon, with a carrying amount of net assets, including an allocation of reporting unit goodwill, of $19.7 million to Oregon Healthcare Resources, LLC, for $14.6 million in cash.

In March 2011, the Company made the decision to sell one of its hospitals. Accordingly, this hospital has been classified as held for sale as of March 31, 2011.

The Company has classified the results of operations for OMG and one hospital held for sale as discontinued operations in the accompanying condensed consolidated statements of income for the three months ended March 31, 2011 and 2010.

Net operating revenues and loss from discontinued operations for the respective periods are as follows (in thousands):

	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2011	**2010**
Net operating revenues	$ 20,794	$ 35,215
Loss from operations of entities sold and held for sale before income taxes	(1,900)	(2,330)
Impairment of long-lived assets of hospital held for sale	(13,095)	
Loss on sale	(5,061)	
Loss from discontinued operations, before taxes	(20,056)	(2,330)
Benefit from income taxes	7,240	841
Loss from discontinued operations, net of taxes	$ (12,816)	$ (1,489)

Interest expense was allocated to discontinued operations based on sale proceeds available for debt repayment.

The long-lived assets as of December 31, 2010 of the physician clinic and hospital classified as held for sale during the three months ended March 31, 2011 totaled approximately $23.5 million, and are included in the accompanying condensed consolidated balance sheet in other assets, net.

The long-lived assets of the hospital held for sale, net of impairment as of March 31, 2011 are included in the accompanying condensed consolidated balance sheet in other assets, net.

6. INCOME TAXES

The total amount of unrecognized benefit that would affect the effective tax rate, if recognized, was approximately $7.2 million as of March 31, 2011. It is the Company s policy to recognize interest and penalties related to unrecognized benefits in its condensed consolidated statements of income as income tax expense. During the three months ended March 31, 2011, the Company decreased liabilities by $0.2 million and increased interest and penalties by approximately $0.1 million. A total of approximately $1.4 million of interest and penalties is included in the amount of the liability for uncertain tax positions at March 31, 2011.

The Company believes that it is reasonably possible that approximately $2.3 million of its current unrecognized tax benefit may be recognized within the next 12 months as a result of a lapse of the statute of limitations and settlements with taxing authorities.

The Company, or one of its subsidiaries, files income tax returns in the U.S. federal jurisdiction and various state jurisdictions. The Company has extended the federal statute of limitations for Triad Hospitals, Inc. (Triad) for the tax periods ended December 31, 1999, December 31, 2000, April 30, 2001, June 30, 2001, December 31, 2001,

December 31, 2002 and December 31, 2003. The Company is currently under examination by the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) regarding the federal tax return of Triad for the tax periods ended December 31, 2004, December 31, 2005, December 31, 2006 and July 25, 2007. The Company believes the results of this examination will not be material to its consolidated results of operations or consolidated financial position. With few exceptions,

COMMUNITY HEALTH SYSTEMS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
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the Company is no longer subject to state income tax examinations for years prior to 2007 and federal income tax examinations with respect to Community Health Systems, Inc. federal returns for years prior to 2007. The Company s federal income tax returns for the 2007 and 2008 tax years are currently under examination by the IRS. The Company believes the results of this examination will not be material to its consolidated results of operations or consolidated financial position.

Cash paid for income taxes, net of refunds received, resulted in a net cash refund of $0.7 million for the three months ended March 31, 2011 and net cash paid of $0.9 million for the three months ended March 31, 2010.

7. GOODWILL AND OTHER INTANGIBLE ASSETS

The changes in the carrying amount of goodwill for the three months ended March 31, 2011, are as follows (in thousands):

Balance as of December 31, 2010 (as previously reported)	$ 4,199,905
Goodwill allocated to disposal and hospital held for sale	(4,616)
Balance as of December 31, 2010 (as adjusted)	4,195,289
Goodwill acquired as part of acquisitions during 2011	30,532
Consideration adjustments and purchase price allocation adjustments for prior year s acquisitions	(53)
Balance as of March 31, 2011	$ 4,225,768

Goodwill is allocated to each identified reporting unit, which is defined as an operating segment or one level below the operating segment (referred to as a component of the entity). Management has determined that the Company s operating segments meet the criteria to be classified as reporting units. At March 31, 2011, the hospital operations reporting unit, the home care agency operations reporting unit, and the hospital management services reporting unit had approximately $4.2 billion, $35.9 million and $33.3 million, respectively, of goodwill.

Goodwill is evaluated for impairment at the same time every year and when an event occurs or circumstances change that, more likely than not, reduce the fair value of the reporting unit below its carrying value. There is a two-step method for determining goodwill impairment. Step one is to compare the fair value of the reporting unit with the unit s carrying amount, including goodwill. If this test indicates the fair value is less than the carrying value, then step two is required to compare the implied fair value of the reporting unit s goodwill with the carrying value of the reporting unit s goodwill. The Company has selected September 30 as its annual testing date. The Company performed its last annual goodwill evaluation as of September 30, 2010, which evaluation took place during the fourth quarter of 2010. No impairment was indicated by this evaluation.

The Company estimates the fair value of the related reporting units using both a discounted cash flow model as well as an EBITDA multiple model. The cash flow forecasts are adjusted by an appropriate discount rate based on the Company s estimate of a market participant s weighted-average cost of capital. These models are both based on the Company s best estimate of future revenues and operating costs and are reconciled to the Company s consolidated market capitalization, with consideration of the amount a potential acquirer would be required to pay, in the form of a control premium, in order to gain sufficient ownership to set policies, direct operations and control management decisions.

The gross carrying amount of the Company s other intangible assets subject to amortization was $62.3 million at March 31, 2011 and $60.5 million at December 31, 2010, and the net carrying amount was $36.1 million at both March 31, 2011 and December 31, 2010. The carrying amount of the Company s other intangible assets not subject to amortization was $44.8 million and $44.4 million at March 31, 2011 and December 31, 2010, respectively. Other intangible assets are included in other assets, net on the Company s condensed consolidated balance sheets. Substantially all of the Company s intangible assets are contract-based intangible assets related to operating licenses, management contracts, or non-compete agreements entered into in connection with prior acquisitions.

The weighted-average amortization period for the intangible assets subject to amortization is approximately nine years. There are no expected residual values related to these intangible assets. Amortization expense on these intangible assets was $1.9 million and $3.3 million during the three months ended March 31, 2011 and 2010, respectively. Amortization expense on intangible assets is estimated to be $6.1 million for the remainder of 2011, $6.8 million in 2012, $4.7 million in 2013, $2.9 million in 2014, $2.5 million in 2015 and $13.1 million in 2016 and thereafter.

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COMMUNITY HEALTH SYSTEMS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
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The gross carrying amount of capitalized software for internal use was approximately $383.4 million and $356.5 million at March 31, 2011 and December 31, 2010, respectively, and the net carrying amount considering accumulated amortization was approximately $217.9 million and $209.4 million at March 31, 2011 and December 31, 2010, respectively. The estimated amortization period for capitalized internal-use software is generally three years, except for capitalized costs related to significant system conversions, which is generally eight years. There is no expected residual value for capitalized internal-use software. At March 31, 2011, there was approximately $64.3 million of capitalized costs for internal-use software that is currently in the development stage and will begin amortization once the software project is complete and ready for its intended use. Amortization expense on capitalized internal-use software was $17.9 million and $9.1 million during the three months ended March 31, 2011 and 2010, respectively. Amortization expense on capitalized internal-use software is estimated to be $60.1 million for the remainder of 2011, $69.0 million in 2012, $33.4 million in 2013, $15.0 million in 2014, $14.6 million in 2015 and $25.8 million in 2016 and thereafter.

8. EARNINGS PER SHARE

The following table sets forth the components of the numerator and denominator for the computation of basic and diluted earnings per share for income from continuing operations, discontinued operations and net income attributable to Community Health Systems, Inc. common stockholders (in thousands, except share data):

	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2011	**2010**
Numerator:		
Income from continuing operations, net of taxes	$ 91,141	$ 86,485
Less: Income from continuing operations attributable to noncontrolling interests, net of taxes	17,001	14,989
Income from continuing operations attributable to Community Health Systems, Inc. common stockholders basic and diluted	$ 74,140	$ 71,496
Loss from discontinued operations, net of taxes	$ (12,816)	$ (1,489)
Less: Loss from discontinued operations attributable to noncontrolling interests, net of taxes		
Loss from discontinued operations attributable to Community Health Systems, Inc. common stockholders basic and diluted	$ (12,816)	$ (1,489)
Denominator:		
Weighted-average number of shares outstanding basic	91,008,405	91,615,275
Effect of dilutive securities:		
Restricted stock awards	253,866	324,389
Employee stock options	865,691	879,305
Other equity based awards	8,857	17,482
Weighted-average number of shares outstanding diluted	92,136,819	92,836,451

Dilutive securities outstanding not included in the computation of earnings per share because their effect is antidilutive:		
Employee stock options	4,395,292	5,360,231

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COMMUNITY HEALTH SYSTEMS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
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9. STOCKHOLDERS EQUITY

Authorized capital shares of the Company include 400,000,000 shares of capital stock consisting of 300,000,000 shares of common stock and 100,000,000 shares of preferred stock. Each of the aforementioned classes of capital stock has a par value of $0.01 per share. Shares of preferred stock, none of which were outstanding as of March 31, 2011, may be issued in one or more series having such rights, preferences and other provisions as determined by the Board of Directors without approval by the holders of common stock.

On September 15, 2010, the Company commenced a new open market repurchase program for up to 4,000,000 shares of the Company s common stock, not to exceed $100 million in repurchases. This program will conclude at the earliest of three years from the commencement date, when the maximum number of shares has been repurchased or when the maximum dollar amount has been expended. During the three months ended March 31, 2011, the Company did not repurchase any shares under this program. The cumulative number of shares that have been repurchased and retired under this program through March 31, 2011 is 451,272 shares at a weighted-average price of $30.81 per share.

On December 9, 2009, the Company commenced the predecessor open market repurchase program for up to 3,000,000 shares of the Company s common stock, not to exceed $100 million in repurchases. This program concluded in September 2010 when purchases approximately totaled the permitted maximum dollar amount. During the three months ended March 31, 2010, the Company did not repurchase any shares under this program. During the year ended December 31, 2010, the Company repurchased and retired 2,964,528 shares, which is the cumulative number of shares that were repurchased under this program, at a weighted-average price of $33.69 per share.

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COMMUNITY HEALTH SYSTEMS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
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The following schedule presents the reconciliation of the carrying amount of total equity, equity attributable to the Company, and equity attributable to the noncontrolling interests for the three-month period ended March 31, 2011 (in thousands):

		Community Health Systems, Inc. Stockholders						
	Redeemable Noncontrolling Interests	Common Stock	Additional Paid-in Capital	Treasury Stock	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)	Retained Earnings	Noncontrolling Interests	Total Stockholders Equity
Balance, December 31, 2010	$ 387,472	$ 936	$ 1,126,751	$ (6,678)	$ (230,927)	$ 1,299,382	$ 60,913	$ 2,250,377
Comprehensive income:								
Net income	11,656					61,324	5,345	66,669
Net change in fair value of interest rate swaps					36,446			36,446
Net change in fair value of available-for-sale securities					1,069			1,069
Amortization and recognition of unrecognized pension cost components					772			772
Total comprehensive income	11,656				38,287	61,324	5,345	104,956
Distributions to noncontrolling interests, net of contributions	(8,903)						(5,567)	(5,567)
Purchase of subsidiary shares from noncontrolling interests	(225)							
Other reclassifications of noncontrolling interests	(1,971)						253	253
Adjustment to redemption value of redeemable noncontrolling interests	(2,591)		2,591					2,591
Issuance of common stock in connection with the exercise of stock options		6	18,125					18,131
Cancellation of restricted stock for tax withholdings on vested shares		(3)	(13,058)					(13,061)
Excess tax benefit from exercise of stock options			4,675					4,675
Share-based compensation		10	9,918					9,928
Balance, March 31, 2011	$ 385,438	$ 949	$ 1,149,002	$ (6,678)	$ (192,640)	$ 1,360,706	$ 60,944	$ 2,372,283

COMMUNITY HEALTH SYSTEMS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED) (Continued)

10. COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

The following table presents the components of comprehensive income, net of related taxes (in thousands):

	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2011	**2010**
Net income	$ 78,325	$ 84,996
Net change in fair value of interest rate swaps	36,446	(11,357)
Net change in fair value of available-for-sale securities	1,069	155
Amortization and recognition of unrecognized pension cost components	772	4,475
Comprehensive income	116,612	78,269
Less: Comprehensive income attributable to noncontrolling interests	17,001	14,989
Comprehensive income attributable to Community Health Systems, Inc.	$ 99,611	$ 63,280

The net change in fair value of the interest rate swaps, the net change in fair value of available-for-sale securities and the amortization and recognition of unrecognized pension cost components are included in accumulated other comprehensive loss on the accompanying condensed consolidated balance sheets.

11. EQUITY INVESTMENTS

As of March 31, 2011, the Company owned equity interests of 27.5% in four hospitals in Las Vegas, Nevada, and 26.1% in one hospital in Las Vegas, Nevada, in which Universal Health Systems, Inc. owns the majority interest, and an equity interest of 38.0% in three hospitals in Macon, Georgia, in which HCA Inc. owns the majority interest.

Summarized combined financial information for the three months ended March 31, 2011 and 2010, for these unconsolidated entities in which the Company owns an equity interest is as follows (in thousands):

	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2011	**2010**
Revenues	$372,591	$357,478
Operating costs and expenses	317,987	324,520
Income from continuing operations before taxes	54,584	32,932

The summarized financial information for the three months ended March 31, 2011 and 2010 was derived from the unaudited financial information provided to the Company by those unconsolidated entities.

The Company s investment in all of its unconsolidated affiliates was $425.8 million and $409.5 million at March 31, 2011 and December 31, 2010, respectively, and is included in other assets, net in the accompanying condensed consolidated balance sheets. Included in the Company s results of operations is the Company s equity in pre-tax earnings from all of its investments in unconsolidated affiliates, which was $18.1 million and $12.6 million for the three months ended March 31, 2011 and 2010, respectively.

COMMUNITY HEALTH SYSTEMS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
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12. LONG-TERM DEBT

Credit Facility and Notes

In connection with the consummation of the acquisition of Triad in July 2007, the Company s wholly-owned subsidiary CHS/Community Health Systems, Inc. (CHS) obtained approximately $7.2 billion of senior secured financing under a new credit facility (the Credit Facility) with a syndicate of financial institutions led by Credit Suisse, as administrative agent and collateral agent, and issued approximately $3.0 billion aggregate principal amount of 8.875% senior notes due 2015 (the Notes). The Company used the net proceeds of $3.0 billion from the Notes offering and the net proceeds of approximately $6.1 billion of term loans under the Credit Facility to acquire the outstanding shares of Triad, to refinance certain of Triad s indebtedness and the Company s indebtedness, to complete certain related transactions, to pay certain costs and expenses of the transactions and for general corporate uses. Specifically, the Company repaid its outstanding debt under the previously outstanding credit facility, the 6.50% senior subordinated notes due 2012 and certain of Triad s existing indebtedness.

The Credit Facility consisted of an approximately $6.1 billion funded term loan facility with a maturity of seven years, a $400 million delayed draw term loan facility with a maturity of seven years and a $750 million revolving credit facility with a maturity of six years. As of December 31, 2007, the $400 million delayed draw term loan facility had been reduced to $300 million at the request of CHS. During the fourth quarter of 2008, $100 million of the delayed draw term loan was drawn by CHS, reducing the delayed draw term loan availability to $200 million at December 31, 2008. In January 2009, CHS drew down the remaining $200 million of the delayed draw term loan. The revolving credit facility also includes a subfacility for letters of credit and a swingline subfacility. The Credit Facility requires quarterly amortization payments of each term loan facility equal to 0.25% of the outstanding amount of the term loans. On November 5, 2010, CHS entered into an amendment and restatement of its existing Credit Facility. The amendment extends by two and a half years, until January 25, 2017, the maturity date of $1.5 billion of the existing term loans under the Credit Facility and increases the pricing on these term loans to LIBOR plus 350 basis points. If more than $50 million of the Notes remain outstanding on April 15, 2015, without having been refinanced, then the maturity date for the extended term loans will be accelerated to April 15, 2015. The maturity date of the balance of the term loans of approximately $4.5 billion remains unchanged at July 25, 2014. The amendment also increases CHS s ability to issue additional indebtedness under the uncommitted incremental facility to $1.0 billion from $600 million, permits CHS to issue Term A term loans under the incremental facility, and provides up to $2.0 billion of borrowing capacity from receivable transactions, an increase of $0.5 billion, of which $1.7 billion would be required to be used for repayment of existing term loans.

The term loan facility must be prepaid in an amount equal to (1) 100% of the net cash proceeds of certain asset sales and dispositions by the Company and its subsidiaries, subject to certain exceptions and reinvestment rights, (2) 100% of the net cash proceeds of issuances of certain debt obligations or receivables based financing by the Company and its subsidiaries, subject to certain exceptions, and (3) 50%, subject to reduction to a lower percentage based on the Company s leverage ratio (as defined in the Credit Facility generally as the ratio of total debt on the date of determination to the Company s EBITDA, as defined, for the four quarters most recently ended prior to such date), of excess cash flow (as defined) for any year, commencing in 2008, subject to certain exceptions. Voluntary prepayments and commitment reductions are permitted in whole or in part, without any premium or penalty, subject to minimum prepayment or reduction requirements.

The obligor under the Credit Facility is CHS. All of the obligations under the Credit Facility are unconditionally guaranteed by the Company and certain existing and subsequently acquired or organized domestic subsidiaries. All obligations under the Credit Facility and the related guarantees are secured by a perfected first priority lien or security interest in substantially all of the assets of the Company, CHS and each subsidiary guarantor, including equity interests held by the Company, CHS or any subsidiary guarantor, but excluding, among others, the equity interests of non-significant subsidiaries, syndication subsidiaries, securitization subsidiaries and joint venture subsidiaries.

COMMUNITY HEALTH SYSTEMS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED) (Continued)

The loans under the Credit Facility bear interest on the outstanding unpaid principal amount at a rate equal to an applicable percentage plus, at CHS s option, either (a) an Alternate Base Rate (as defined) determined by reference to the greater of (1) the Prime Rate (as defined) announced by Credit Suisse or (2) the Federal Funds Effective Rate (as defined) plus one-half of 1.0% or (3) the adjusted London Interbank Offered Rate (LIBOR) on such day for a three-month interest period commencing on the second business day after such day plus 1%, or (b) a reserve adjusted LIBOR for dollars (Eurodollar rate) (as defined). The applicable percentage for Alternate Base Rate loans is 1.25% for term loans due 2014 and is 2.25% for term loans due 2017. The applicable percentage for Eurodollar rate loans is 2.25% for term loans due 2014 and 3.5% for term loans due 2017. The applicable percentage for revolving loans is 1.25% for Alternate Base Rate revolving loans and 2.25% for Eurodollar revolving loans, in each case subject to reduction based on the Company s leverage ratio. Loans under the swingline subfacility bear interest at the rate applicable to Alternate Base Rate loans under the revolving credit facility.

CHS has agreed to pay letter of credit fees equal to the applicable percentage then in effect with respect to Eurodollar rate loans under the revolving credit facility times the maximum aggregate amount available to be drawn under all letters of credit outstanding under the subfacility for letters of credit. The issuer of any letter of credit issued under the subfacility for letters of credit will also receive a customary fronting fee and other customary processing charges. CHS was initially obligated to pay commitment fees of 0.50% per annum (subject to reduction based upon the Company s leverage ratio) on the unused portion of the revolving credit facility. For purposes of this calculation, swingline loans are not treated as usage of the revolving credit facility. With respect to the delayed draw term loan facility, CHS was also obligated to pay commitment fees of 0.50% per annum for the first nine months after the closing of the Credit Facility, 0.75% per annum for the next three months after such nine-month period and thereafter, 1.0% per annum. In each case, the commitment fee was paid on the unused amount of the delayed draw term loan facility. After the draw down of the remaining $200 million of the delayed draw term loan in January 2009, CHS no longer pays any commitment fees for the delayed draw term loan facility. CHS paid arrangement fees on the closing of the Credit Facility and pays an annual administrative agent fee.

The Credit Facility contains customary representations and warranties, subject to limitations and exceptions, and customary covenants restricting the Company s and its subsidiaries ability, subject to certain exceptions, to, among other things (1) declare dividends, make distributions or redeem or repurchase capital stock, (2) prepay, redeem or repurchase other debt, (3) incur liens or grant negative pledges, (4) make loans and investments and enter into acquisitions and joint ventures, (5) incur additional indebtedness or provide certain guarantees, (6) make capital expenditures, (7) engage in mergers, acquisitions and asset sales, (8) conduct transactions with affiliates, (9) alter the nature of the Company s businesses, (10) grant certain guarantees with respect to physician practices, (11) engage in sale and leaseback transactions or (12) change the Company s fiscal year. The Company is also required to comply with specified financial covenants (consisting of a leverage ratio and an interest coverage ratio) and various affirmative covenants.

Events of default under the Credit Facility include, but are not limited to, (1) CHS s failure to pay principal, interest, fees or other amounts under the credit agreement when due (taking into account any applicable grace period), (2) any representation or warranty proving to have been materially incorrect when made, (3) covenant defaults subject, with respect to certain covenants, to a grace period, (4) bankruptcy events, (5) a cross default to certain other debt, (6) certain undischarged judgments (not paid within an applicable grace period), (7) a change of control, (8) certain ERISA-related defaults and (9) the invalidity or impairment of specified security interests, guarantees or subordination provisions in favor of the administrative agent or lenders under the Credit Facility.

The Notes were issued by CHS in connection with the Triad acquisition in the principal amount of approximately $3.0 billion. The Notes will mature on July 15, 2015. The Notes bear interest at the rate of 8.875% per annum, payable semiannually in arrears on January 15 and July 15, commencing January 15, 2008. Interest on the Notes accrues from the date of original issuance. Interest is calculated on the basis of a 360-day year comprised of twelve 30-day months.

Except as set forth below, CHS is not entitled to redeem the Notes prior to July 15, 2011.

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On and after July 15, 2011, CHS is entitled, at its option, to redeem all or a portion of the Notes upon not less than 30 nor more than 60 days notice, at the redemption prices (expressed as a percentage of principal amount on the redemption date), plus accrued and unpaid interest, if any, to the redemption date (subject to the right of holders of record on the relevant record date to receive interest due on the relevant interest payment date), if redeemed during the 12-month period commencing on July 15 of the years set forth below:

Period	Redemption Price
2011	104.438%
2012	102.219%
2013 and thereafter	100.000%

CHS is entitled, at its option, to redeem the Notes, in whole or in part, at any time prior to July 15, 2011, upon not less than 30 or more than 60 days notice, at a redemption price equal to 100% of the principal amount of Notes redeemed plus the Applicable Premium (as defined), and accrued and unpaid interest, if any, as of the applicable redemption date.

Pursuant to a registration rights agreement entered into at the time of the issuance of the Notes, as a result of an exchange offer made by CHS, substantially all of the Notes issued in July 2007 were exchanged in November 2007 for new notes (the Exchange Notes) having terms substantially identical in all material respects to the Notes (except that the Exchange Notes were issued under a registration statement pursuant to the Securities Act of 1933, as amended). References to the Notes shall also be deemed to include the Exchange Notes unless the context provides otherwise.

As of March 31, 2011, the availability for additional borrowings under the Credit Facility was $750 million pursuant to the revolving credit facility, of which $81.9 million was set aside for outstanding letters of credit. CHS has the ability to amend the Credit Facility to provide for one or more tranches of term loans in an aggregate principal amount of $1.0 billion, which CHS has not yet accessed. CHS also has the ability to add up to $300 million of borrowing capacity from receivable transactions (including securitizations) under the Credit Facility, which has not yet been accessed. As of March 31, 2011, the weighted-average interest rate under the Credit Facility, excluding swaps, was 3.3%.

The Company paid interest of $226.1 million and $220.2 million on borrowings during the three months ended March 31, 2011 and 2010, respectively.

13. FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The fair value of financial instruments has been estimated by the Company using available market information as of March 31, 2011 and December 31, 2010, and valuation methodologies considered appropriate. The estimates presented are not necessarily indicative of amounts the Company could realize in a current market exchange (in thousands):

	March 31, 2011		December 31, 2010	
	Carrying Amount	Estimated Fair Value	Carrying Amount	Estimated Fair Value
Assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	$ 270,716	$ 270,716	$ 299,169	$ 299,169
Available-for-sale securities	32,733	32,733	31,570	31,570
Trading securities	39,052	39,052	35,092	35,092
Liabilities:				
Credit Facility	5,986,789	5,945,598	5,999,337	5,882,124
Senior notes	2,784,331	2,930,508	2,784,331	2,923,548

Other debt	39,656	39,656	36,122	36,122

Cash and cash equivalents. The carrying amount approximates fair value due to the short-term maturity of these instruments (less than three months).

Available-for-sale securities. Estimated fair value is based on closing price as quoted in public markets.

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Trading securities. Estimated fair value is based on closing price as quoted in public markets.

Credit Facility. Estimated fair value is based on information from the Company s bankers regarding relevant pricing for trading activity among the Company s lending institutions.

Senior notes. Estimated fair value is based on the average bid and ask price as quoted by the bank who served as underwriter in the sale of these notes.

Other debt. The carrying amount of all other debt approximates fair value due to the nature of these obligations.

Interest rate swaps. The fair value of interest rate swap agreements is the amount at which they could be settled, based on estimates calculated by the Company using a discounted cash flow analysis based on observable market inputs and validated by comparison to estimates obtained from the counterparty. The Company incorporates credit valuation adjustments (CVAs) to appropriately reflect both its own nonperformance or credit risk and the respective counterparty s nonperformance or credit risk in the fair value measurements. In adjusting the fair value of its interest rate swap agreements for the effect of nonperformance or credit risk, the Company has considered the impact of any netting features included in the agreements.

The Company assesses the effectiveness of its hedge instruments on a quarterly basis. For the three months ended March 31, 2011 and 2010, the Company completed an assessment of the cash flow hedge instruments and determined the hedges to be highly effective. The Company has also determined that the ineffective portion of the hedges do not have a material effect on the Company s consolidated financial position, operations or cash flows. The counterparties to the interest rate swap agreements expose the Company to credit risk in the event of nonperformance. However, at March 31, 2011, each swap agreement entered into by the Company was in a net liability position so that the Company would be required to make the net settlement payments to the counterparties; the Company does not anticipate nonperformance by those counterparties. The Company does not hold or issue derivative financial instruments for trading purposes.

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Interest rate swaps consisted of the following at March 31, 2011:

Swap #	Notional Amount (in 000 s)	Fixed Interest Rate	Termination Date	Fair Value (in 000 s)
1	$300,000	5.1140%	August 8, 2011	$ 5,095
2	100,000	4.7185%	August 19, 2011	1,682
3	100,000	4.7040%	August 19, 2011	1,689
4	100,000	4.6250%	August 19, 2011	1,646
5	200,000	4.9300%	August 30, 2011	3,790
6	200,000	3.0920%	September 18, 2011	2,527
7	100,000	3.0230%	October 23, 2011	1,444
8	200,000	4.4815%	October 26, 2011	4,599
9	200,000	4.0840%	December 3, 2011	4,815
10	100,000	3.8470%	January 4, 2012	2,477
11	100,000	3.8510%	January 4, 2012	2,490
12	100,000	3.8560%	January 4, 2012	2,493
13	200,000	3.7260%	January 8, 2012	4,859
14	200,000	3.5065%	January 16, 2012	4,601
15	250,000	5.0185%	May 30, 2012	12,306
16	150,000	5.0250%	May 30, 2012	7,395
17	200,000	4.6845%	September 11, 2012	11,056
18	100,000	3.3520%	October 23, 2012	3,846
19	125,000	4.3745%	November 23, 2012	6,793
20	75,000	4.3800%	November 23, 2012	4,278
21	150,000	5.0200%	November 30, 2012	10,260
22	200,000	2.2420%	February 28, 2013	4,867
23	100,000	5.0230%	May 30, 2013	8,478
24	300,000	5.2420%	August 6, 2013	28,369
25	100,000	5.0380%	August 30, 2013	9,144
26	50,000	3.5860%	October 23, 2013	2,903
27	50,000	3.5240%	October 23, 2013	2,825
28	100,000	5.0500%	November 30, 2013	9,729
29	200,000	2.0700%	December 19, 2013	3,697
30	100,000	5.2310%	July 25, 2014	11,507
31	100,000	5.2310%	July 25, 2014	11,507
32	200,000	5.1600%	July 25, 2014	22,554
33	75,000	5.0405%	July 25, 2014	8,158
34	125,000	5.0215%	July 25, 2014	13,519
35	100,000	2.6210%	July 25, 2014	3,046
36	100,000	3.1100%	July 25, 2014	4,636
37	100,000	3.2580%	July 25, 2014	5,116
38	200,000	2.6930%	October 26, 2014	3,680 (1)
39	300,000	3.4470%	August 8, 2016	10,636 (2)
40	200,000	3.4285%	August 19, 2016	6,666 (3)
41	100,000	3.4010%	August 19, 2016	3,203 (4)
42	200,000	3.5000%	August 30, 2016	7,142 (5)

43	100,000	3.0050%	November 30, 2016	1,967

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COMMUNITY HEALTH SYSTEMS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED) (Continued)

(1) This interest rate swap becomes effective October 26, 2011, concurrent with the termination of swap #8.

(2) This interest rate swap becomes effective August 8, 2011, concurrent with the termination of swap #1.

(3) This interest rate swap becomes effective August 19, 2011, concurrent with the termination of swap #2 and #4.

(4) This interest rate swap becomes effective August 19, 2011, concurrent with the termination of swap #3.

(5) This interest rate swap becomes effective August 30, 2011, concurrent with the termination of swap #5.

The Company is exposed to certain risks relating to its ongoing business operations. The risk managed by using derivative instruments is interest rate risk. Interest rate swaps are entered into to manage interest rate fluctuation risk associated with the term loans in the Credit Facility. Companies are required to recognize all derivative instruments as either assets or liabilities at fair value in the condensed consolidated balance sheet. The Company designates its interest rate swaps as cash flow hedges. For derivative instruments that are designated and qualify as cash flow hedges, the effective portion of the gain or loss on the derivative is reported as a component of other comprehensive income (OCI) and reclassified into earnings in the same period or periods during which the hedged transactions affect earnings. Gains and losses on the derivative representing either hedge ineffectiveness or hedge components excluded from the assessment of effectiveness are recognized in current earnings.

Assuming no change in March 31, 2011 interest rates, approximately $189.3 million of interest expense resulting from the spread between the fixed and floating rates defined in each interest rate swap agreement will be recognized during the next 12 months. If interest rate swaps do not remain highly effective as a cash flow hedge, the derivatives gains or losses resulting from the change in fair value reported through OCI will be reclassified into earnings.

The following tabular disclosure provides the amount of pre-tax gain (loss) recognized in the condensed consolidated balance sheets as a component of OCI during the three months ended March 31, 2011 and 2010 (in thousands):

Derivatives in Cash Flow Hedging Relationships	Amount of Pre-Tax Gain (Loss) Recognized in OCI on Derivative (Effective Portion) Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2011	2010
Interest rate swaps	$ 4,113	$ (70,908)

The following tabular disclosure provides the location of the effective portion of the pre-tax loss reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive loss (AOCL) into interest expense on the condensed consolidated statements of income during the three months ended March 31, 2011 and 2010 (in thousands):

Location of Loss Reclassified from AOCL into Income (Effective Portion)	Amount of Pre-Tax Loss Reclassified from AOCL into Income (Effective Portion) Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2011	2010
Interest expense, net	$ (52,923)	$ (53,164)

The fair values of derivative instruments in the condensed consolidated balance sheets as of March 31, 2011 and December 31, 2010 were as follows (in thousands):

	Asset Derivatives				Liability Derivatives			
	March 31, 2011		December 31, 2010		March 31, 2011		December 31, 2010	
	Balance Sheet Location	Fair Value	Balance Sheet Location	Fair Value	Balance Sheet Location	Fair Value	Balance Sheet Location	Fair Value
Derivatives designated as hedging instruments	Other assets, net	$	Other assets, net	$	Other long-term liabilities	$283,490	Other long-term liabilities	$340,526

COMMUNITY HEALTH SYSTEMS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED) (Continued)

14. FAIR VALUE

Fair Value Hierarchy

Fair value is a market-based measurement, not an entity-specific measurement. Therefore, a fair value measurement should be determined based on the assumptions that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability. As a basis for considering market participant assumptions in fair value measurements, the Company utilizes the U.S. GAAP fair value hierarchy that distinguishes between market participant assumptions based on market data obtained from sources independent of the reporting entity (observable inputs that are classified within Levels 1 and 2 of the hierarchy) and the reporting entity s own assumption about market participant assumptions (unobservable inputs classified within Level 3 of the hierarchy).

The inputs used to measure fair value are classified into the following fair value hierarchy:

Level 1: Quoted market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2: Observable market-based inputs or unobservable inputs that are corroborated by market data.

Level 3: Unobservable inputs that are supported by little or no market activity and are significant to the fair value of the assets or liabilities. Level 3 includes values determined using pricing models, discounted cash flow methodologies, or similar techniques reflecting the Company s own assumptions.

In instances where the determination of the fair value hierarchy measurement is based on inputs from different levels of the fair value hierarchy, the level in the fair value hierarchy within which the entire fair value measurement falls is based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement in its entirety. The Company s assessment of the significance of a particular input to the fair value measurement in its entirety requires judgment of factors specific to the asset or liability.

The following table sets forth, by level within the fair value hierarchy, the financial assets and liabilities recorded at fair value on a recurring basis as of March 31, 2011 and December 31, 2010 (in thousands):

	March 31, 2011	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Available-for-sale securities	$ 32,733	$ 32,733	$	$
Trading securities	39,052	39,052		
Total assets	$ 71,785	$ 71,785	$	$
Fair value of interest rate swap agreements	$ 283,490	$	$ 283,490	$
Total liabilities	$ 283,490	$	$ 283,490	$

	December 31, 2010	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Available-for-sale securities	$ 31,570	$ 31,570	$	$
Trading securities	35,092	35,092		
Total assets	$ 66,662	$ 66,662	$	$

Fair value of interest rate swap agreements	$ 340,526	$	$ 340,526	$
Total liabilities	$ 340,526	$	$ 340,526	$

COMMUNITY HEALTH SYSTEMS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED) (Continued)

Available-for-sale securities and trading securities classified as Level 1 are measured using quoted market prices.

The valuation of the Company s interest rate swap agreements is determined using market valuation techniques, including discounted cash flow analysis on the expected cash flows of each agreement. This analysis reflects the contractual terms of the agreement, including the period to maturity, and uses observable market-based inputs, including forward interest rate curves. The fair value of interest rate swap agreements are determined by netting the discounted future fixed cash payments and the discounted expected variable cash receipts. The variable cash receipts are based on the expectation of future interest rates based on observable market forward interest rate curves and the notional amount being hedged.

The Company incorporates CVAs to appropriately reflect both its own nonperformance or credit risk and the respective counterparty s nonperformance or credit risk in the fair value measurements. In adjusting the fair value of its interest rate swap agreements for the effect of nonperformance or credit risk, the Company has considered the impact of any netting features included in the agreements. The CVA on the Company s interest rate swap agreements at March 31, 2011 resulted in a decrease in the fair value of the related liability of $13.2 million and an after-tax adjustment of $8.4 million to OCI. The CVA on the Company s interest rate swap agreements at December 31, 2010 resulted in a decrease in the fair value of the related liability of $3.9 million and an after-tax adjustment of $2.5 million to OCI.

The majority of the inputs used to value its interest rate swap agreements, including the forward interest rate curves and market perceptions of the Company s credit risk used in the CVAs, are observable inputs available to a market participant. As a result, the Company has determined that the interest rate swap valuations are classified in Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy.

15. RECENT ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

In August 2010, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued Accounting Standards Update (ASU) 2010-24, which provides clarification to companies in the healthcare industry on the accounting for professional liability insurance. This ASU states that receivables related to insurance recoveries should not be netted against the related claim liability and such claim liabilities should be determined without considering insurance recoveries. This ASU is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2010 and was adopted by the Company on January 1, 2011. The adoption of this ASU had an immaterial impact to the condensed consolidated balance sheet at March 31, 2011 and no impact to the condensed consolidated statement of income for the three months ended March 31, 2011.

In August 2010, the FASB issued ASU 2010-23, which requires a company in the healthcare industry to use its direct and indirect costs of providing charity care as the measurement basis for charity care disclosures. This ASU also requires additional disclosures of the method used to determine such costs. The Company adopted this ASU on January 1, 2011. In the ordinary course of business, the Company renders services to patients who are financially unable to pay for hospital care. Included in the provision for contractual allowances is the value (at the Company s standard charges) of these services to patients who are unable to pay that is eliminated from net operating revenues when it is determined they qualify under the Company s charity care policy. The estimated cost incurred by the Company to provide these services to patients who are unable to pay was approximately $30.7 million and $26.2 million for the three months ended March 31, 2011 and 2010, respectively. The estimated cost of these charity care services was determined using a ratio of cost to gross charges and applying that ratio to the gross charges associated with providing care to charity patients for the period. Gross charges associated with providing care to charity patients includes only the related charges for those patients who are financially unable to pay and qualify under the Company s charity care policy and that do not otherwise qualify for reimbursement from a governmental program.

COMMUNITY HEALTH SYSTEMS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED) (Continued)

16. SEGMENT INFORMATION

The Company operates in three distinct operating segments, represented by hospital operations (which includes its general acute care hospitals and related healthcare entities that provide inpatient and outpatient healthcare services), home care agency operations (which provide in-home outpatient care), and hospital management services (which provides executive management and consulting services to non-affiliated acute care hospitals). Only the hospital operations segment meets the criteria as a separate reportable segment. The financial information for the home care agencies and hospital management services segments do not meet the quantitative thresholds for a separate identifiable reportable segment and are combined into the corporate and all other reportable segment.

The distribution between reportable segments of the Company s revenues and income from continuing operations before income taxes is summarized in the following tables (in thousands):

	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2011	2010
Revenues:		
Hospital operations	$ 3,335,758	$ 3,057,335
Corporate and all other	69,584	68,172
Total	$ 3,405,342	$ 3,125,507
Income from continuing operations before income taxes:		
Hospital operations	$ 177,339	$ 162,865
Corporate and all other	(42,416)	(35,391)
Total	$ 134,923	$ 127,474

17. CONTINGENCIES

The Company is a party to various legal proceedings incidental to its business. In the opinion of management, any ultimate liability with respect to these actions will not have a material adverse effect on the Company s consolidated financial position, cash flows or results of operations. With respect to all litigation matters, the Company considers the likelihood of a negative outcome. If the Company determines the likelihood of a negative outcome is probable and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated, the Company records an estimated loss for the expected outcome of the litigation. If the likelihood of a negative outcome is reasonably possible and the Company is able to determine an estimate of the possible loss or a range of loss, the Company discloses that fact together with the estimate of the possible loss or range of loss. However, it is difficult to predict the outcome or estimate a possible loss or range of loss in some instances because litigation is subject to significant uncertainties. For all of the legal matters below, the Company believes that a negative outcome is reasonably possible, but the Company is unable to determine an estimate of the possible loss or a range of loss.

In a letter dated October 4, 2007, the Civil Division of the Department of Justice notified the Company that, as a result of an investigation into the way in which different state Medicaid programs apply to the federal government for matching or supplemental funds that are ultimately used to pay for a small portion of the services provided to Medicaid and indigent patients, it believes the Company and three of its New Mexico hospitals have caused the State of New Mexico to submit improper claims for federal funds in violation of the Federal False Claims Act. In a letter dated January 22, 2008, the Civil Division notified the Company that based on its investigation, it has calculated that these three hospitals received ineligible federal participation payments from August 2000 to June 2006 of approximately $27.5 million. The Civil Division also advised the Company that were it to proceed to trial, it would

seek treble damages plus an appropriate penalty for each of the violations of the False Claims Act. This investigation has culminated in the federal government s intervention in a qui tam lawsuit styled U.S. ex rel. Baker vs. Community Health Systems, Inc. The federal government filed its complaint in intervention on June 30, 2009. The relator filed a second amended complaint on July 1, 2009. Both of these complaints expand the time period during which alleged improper payments were made. The Company filed motions to dismiss all of the federal government s and the relator s claims on August 28, 2009. On March 19, 2010, the court granted in part and denied in part the Company s motion to dismiss as to the relator s complaint. On July 7, 2010, the court denied the Company s

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COMMUNITY HEALTH SYSTEMS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED) (Continued)

motion to dismiss the federal government s complaint in intervention. The Company has filed its answer and pretrial discovery has begun. The Company is vigorously defending this action.

On June 12, 2008, two of the Company s hospitals received letters from the U.S. Attorney s Office for the Western District of New York requesting documents in an investigation it was conducting into billing practices with respect to kyphoplasty procedures performed during the period January 1, 2002, through June 9, 2008. On September 16, 2008, one of the Company s hospitals in South Carolina also received an inquiry. Kyphoplasty is a surgical spine procedure that returns a compromised vertebrae (either from trauma or osteoporotic disease process) to its previous height, reducing or eliminating severe pain. The Company has been informed that similar investigations have been initiated at unaffiliated facilities in Alabama, South Carolina, Indiana and other states. The Company believes that this investigation is related to a qui tam settlement between the same U.S. Attorney s office and the manufacturer and distributor of the Kyphon product, which is used in performing the kyphoplasty procedure. The Company is cooperating with the investigation by collecting and producing material responsive to the requests. The Company is continuing to evaluate and discuss this matter with the federal government.

18. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The Company evaluated all material events occurring subsequent to the balance sheet date for events requiring disclosure or recognition in the condensed consolidated financial statements.

On April 8, 2011, the Company received a document subpoena, dated March 31, 2011, from the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Office of Inspector General (the OIG), in connection with an investigation of possible improper claims submitted to Medicare and Medicaid. The subpoena, issued from the OIG s Chicago, Illinois office, requested documents from all of the Company s hospitals and appears to concern emergency department processes and procedures, including the Company s hospitals use of the Pro-MED Clinical Information System, which is a third-party software system that assists with the management of patient care and provides operational support and data collection for emergency department management and has the ability to track discharge, transfer and admission recommendations of emergency department physicians. The subpoena also requests other information about the Company s relationships with emergency department physicians, including financial arrangements. The subpoena s requests are very similar to those contained in the Civil Investigative Demands received by the Company s Texas hospitals from the Office of the Attorney General of the State of Texas on November 15, 2010.

On April 11, 2011, Tenet Healthcare Corporation (Tenet) filed suit against the Company, Wayne T. Smith and W. Larry Cash in the U.S. District Court for the Northern District of Texas. The suit alleges the Company committed violations of certain federal securities laws by making certain statements in various proxy materials filed with the SEC in connection with the Company s offer to purchase Tenet. Tenet alleges that the Company engaged in a practice to under-utilize observation status and over-utilize inpatient admission status and asserts that by doing so, the Company created undisclosed financial and legal liability to federal, state and private payors. The suit seeks declaratory and injunctive relief and Tenet s costs. On April 19, 2011, the Company filed a motion to dismiss the complaint. Until the court rules on the motion to dismiss, the Company and other defendants are not required to file a formal answer to the complaint, however, on April 28, 2011, the Company responded to the allegations during its earnings release conference call as discussed in the Company s Form 8-K furnished on April 28, 2011. The Company will continue to vigorously defend this suit.

On April 18, 2011, the Company announced that it has offered $6.00 per share in cash to acquire all outstanding shares of Tenet. The offer was made in a letter to Tenet s Board of Directors on April 18, 2011, and rejected by Tenet on April 22, 2011. On December 9, 2010, the Company made public its previous offer to acquire all outstanding shares of Tenet for $6.00 per share, including $5.00 per share in cash and $1.00 per share in the Company s common stock, which represented a premium of 40 percent over Tenet s closing stock price on December 9, 2010. The offer was made in a letter to Tenet s Board of Directors on November 12, 2010, and rejected by Tenet on December 6, 2010. On December 20, 2010, the Company announced its intention to nominate director nominees for election to Tenet s Board of Directors at Tenet s 2011 Annual Meeting of Stockholders, and on January 14, 2011, a full slate of 10 independent director nominees was nominated. All 10 positions on Tenet s Board are up for election at its 2011 annual

meeting, which has been delayed until November 3, 2011.

On April 22, 2011, a joint motion was filed by the relator and the U.S. Department of Justice in the case styled United States ex rel. and Reuille vs. Community Health Systems Professional Services Corporation and Lutheran Musculoskeletal Center, LLC d/b/a Lutheran Hospital, in the United States District Court for the Northern District of Indiana, Fort Wayne Division. The lawsuit was originally filed under seal on January 7, 2009. The suit is brought under the False Claims Act and alleges that Lutheran Hospital of Indiana billed the Medicare program for (a) false 23 hour observation after outpatient surgeries and procedures, and (b) intentional assignment of inpatient status to one-day stays for cases that do not meet Medicare criteria for inpatient intensity of service or severity of illness. The relator had worked in the case management department of Lutheran Hospital of Indiana but was reassigned to another department in the fall of 2006. This facility was acquired by the Company as part of the July 25, 2007 merger transaction with Triad. The complaint also includes allegations of age discrimination in Ms. Reuille s 2006 reassignment and retaliation in connection with her resignation on October 1, 2008. The Company had cooperated fully with the government in its investigation of this matter, but had been unaware of the exact nature of the allegations in the complaint. On December 27, 2010, the government filed a notice that it declined to intervene in this suit. The current motion contains additional information about how the government intends to proceed with an investigation regarding allegations of improper billing for inpatient care at other hospitals associated with Community Health Systems, Inc. . . . asserted in other qui tam complaints in other jurisdictions. The motion states that the Department of Justice has now consolidated its investigations of the Company and other related entities and that the Civil Division of the Department of Justice, multiple United States Attorneys offices, and the Office of Inspector General for the Department of Health and Human Services (the HHS) are now closely coordinating their investigation of these overlapping allegations. The Attorney General of Texas has initiated an investigation; the United States intends to work cooperatively with Texas and any other States investigating these allegations. The motion also states that the Office of Audit Services for the Office of Investigations for HHS has been engaged to conduct a national audit of certain of the Company s Medicare claims. The government confirmed that it considers the allegations made in the complaint styled Tenet Healthcare Corporation vs. Community Health Systems, Inc., et al. filed in the United States District Court for the Northern District of Texas, Dallas Division on April 11, 2011 to be related to the allegations in the qui tam and to what the government is now describing as a consolidated investigation. Because qui tam suits are filed under seal, no one but the relator and the government knows that the suit has been filed or what allegations are being made by the relator on behalf of the government. Initially, the government has 60 days to make a determination about whether to intervene in a case and to act as the plaintiff or to decline to intervene and allow the relator to act as the plaintiff in the suit, but extensions of time are frequently granted to allow the government additional time to investigate the allegations. Even if, in the course of an investigation, the court partially unseals a complaint to allow the government and a defendant to work to a resolution of the complaint s allegations, the defendant is prohibited from revealing to anyone even that the partial unsealing has occurred. As the investigation proceeds, the Company may learn of additional qui tam suits filed against the Company or its affiliated hospitals or related entities, or that contact letters, document requests, or medical record requests the Company has received in the past from various governmental agencies are generated from qui tam cases filed under seal. The motion filed on April 22, 2011 concludes by requesting a stay of the litigation in the Reuille case for 180 days, and on April 25, 2011, the court granted the motion. The Company s management company subsidiary, Community Health Systems Professional Services Corporation, the defendant in the Reuille case, consented to the request for the stay. The Company is cooperating fully with the government in its investigations and is currently unable to predict the outcome of these investigations.

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COMMUNITY HEALTH SYSTEMS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED) (Continued)

19. SUPPLEMENTAL CONDENSED CONSOLIDATING FINANCIAL INFORMATION

In connection with the consummation of the Triad acquisition, CHS obtained approximately $7.2 billion of senior secured financing under the Credit Facility and issued the Notes in the aggregate principal amount of approximately $3.0 billion. The Notes are senior unsecured obligations of CHS and are guaranteed on a senior basis by the Company and by certain of its existing and subsequently acquired or organized 100% owned domestic subsidiaries.

The Notes are fully and unconditionally guaranteed on a joint and several basis. The following condensed consolidating financial statements present Community Health Systems, Inc. (as parent guarantor), CHS (as the issuer), the subsidiary guarantors, the subsidiary non-guarantors and eliminations. These condensed consolidating financial statements have been prepared and presented in accordance with SEC Regulation S-X Rule 3-10 Financial Statements of Guarantors and Issuers of Guaranteed Securities Registered or Being Registered.

The accounting policies used in the preparation of this financial information are consistent with those elsewhere in the consolidated financial statements of the Company, except as noted below:

Intercompany receivables and payables are presented gross in the supplemental consolidating balance sheets.

Cash flows from intercompany transactions are presented in cash flows from financing activities, as changes in intercompany balances with affiliates, net.

Income tax expense is allocated from the parent guarantor to the income producing operations (other guarantors and non-guarantors) and the issuer through stockholders equity. As this approach represents an allocation, the income tax expense allocation is considered non-cash for statement of cash flow purposes.

Interest expense, net has been presented to reflect net interest expense and interest income from outstanding long-term debt and intercompany balances.

The Company s intercompany activity consists primarily of daily cash transfers for purposes of cash management, the allocation of certain expenses and expenditures paid for by the parent on behalf of its subsidiaries, and the push down of investment in its subsidiaries. The Company s subsidiaries generally do not purchase services from each other; thus, the intercompany transactions do not represent revenue generating transactions. All intercompany transactions eliminate in consolidation.

From time to time, the Company sells and/or repurchases noncontrolling interests in consolidated subsidiaries, which may change subsidiaries between guarantors and non-guarantors. Amounts for prior periods are restated to reflect the status of guarantors or non-guarantors as of March 31, 2011.

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COMMUNITY HEALTH SYSTEMS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
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Condensed Consolidating Balance Sheet
March 31, 2011

	Parent Guarantor	Issuer	Other Guarantors	Non-Guarantors	Eliminations	Consolidated
			(In thousands)			
ASSETS						
Current assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents	$	$	$ 239,156	$ 31,560	$	$ 270,716
Patient accounts receivable, net of allowance for doubtful accounts			984,020	782,102		1,766,122
Supplies			197,963	131,312		329,275
Deferred income taxes	115,819					115,819
Prepaid expenses and taxes	65,030	66	87,263	25,157		177,516
Other current assets		1	122,258	54,286		176,545
Total current assets	180,849	67	1,630,660	1,024,417		2,835,993
Intercompany receivable	1,154,688	9,403,219	1,464,886	1,565,933	(13,588,726)	
Property and equipment, net			3,959,406	2,487,011		6,446,417
Goodwill			2,381,122	1,844,646		4,225,768
Other assets, net of accumulated amortization		124,628	472,653	612,820		1,210,101
Net investment in subsidiaries	1,609,673	5,533,091	2,179,643		(9,322,407)	
Total assets	$ 2,945,210	$ 15,061,005	$ 12,088,370	$ 7,534,827	$ (22,911,133)	$ 14,718,279
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY						
Current liabilities:						
Current maturities of long-term debt	$	$ 49,874	$ 14,634	$ 1,444	$	$ 65,952
Accounts payable			448,418	99,265		547,683
Deferred income taxes	8,882					8,882
Accrued interest		84,385	115	2		84,502
Accrued liabilities	7,580	567	568,799	321,864		898,810
Total current liabilities	16,462	134,826	1,031,966	422,575		1,605,829
Long-term debt		8,722,005	44,060	28,081		8,794,146
Intercompany payable		4,311,012	8,717,061	6,056,381	(19,084,454)	
Deferred income taxes	608,177					608,177

Other long-term liabilities	9,232	283,490	379,462	280,222		952,406
Total liabilities	633,871	13,451,333	10,172,549	6,787,259	(19,084,454)	11,960,558
Redeemable noncontrolling interests in equity of consolidated subsidiaries				385,438		385,438
Equity:						
Community Health Systems, Inc. stockholders equity:						
Preferred stock						
Common stock	949		1	2	(3)	949
Additional paid-in capital	1,149,002	663,251	709,125	110,836	(1,483,212)	1,149,002
Treasury stock, at cost	(6,678)					(6,678)
Accumulated other comprehensive (loss) income	(192,640)	(192,640)	(11,149)		203,789	(192,640)
Retained earnings	1,360,706	1,139,061	1,217,844	190,348	(2,547,253)	1,360,706
Total Community Health Systems, Inc. stockholders equity	2,311,339	1,609,672	1,915,821	301,186	(3,826,679)	2,311,339
Noncontrolling interests in equity of consolidated subsidiaries				60,944		60,944
Total equity	2,311,339	1,609,672	1,915,821	362,130	(3,826,679)	2,372,283
Total liabilities and equity	$ 2,945,210	$ 15,061,005	$ 12,088,370	$ 7,534,827	$ (22,911,133)	$ 14,718,279

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COMMUNITY HEALTH SYSTEMS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED) (Continued)
Condensed Consolidating Balance Sheet
December 31, 2010

	Parent Guarantor	Issuer	Other Guarantors	Non-Guarantors	Eliminations	Consolidated
			(In thousands)			
ASSETS						
Current assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents	$	$	$ 212,035	$ 87,134	$	$ 299,169
Patient accounts receivable, net of allowance for doubtful accounts			971,220	743,322		1,714,542
Supplies			196,957	132,157		329,114
Deferred income taxes	115,819					115,819
Prepaid expenses and taxes	118,464	116	89,172	11,466		219,218
Other current assets		41	138,923	54,367		193,331
Total current assets	234,283	157	1,608,307	1,028,446		2,871,193
Intercompany receivable	1,079,295	9,002,158	1,146,838	1,484,130	(12,712,421)	
Property and equipment, net			3,935,523	2,503,036		6,438,559
Goodwill			2,375,371	1,819,918		4,195,289
Other assets, net of accumulated amortization		131,352	460,476	601,254		1,193,082
Net investment in subsidiaries	1,510,062	5,316,212	2,061,042		(8,887,316)	
Total assets	$ 2,823,640	$ 14,449,879	$ 11,587,557	$ 7,436,784	$ (21,599,737)	$ 14,698,123
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY						
Current liabilities:						
Current maturities of long-term debt	$	$ 49,953	$ 11,063	$ 2,123	$	$ 63,139
Accounts payable			362,154	164,184		526,338
Deferred income taxes	8,882					8,882
Accrued interest		146,297	116	2		146,415
Accrued liabilities	7,595	567	569,991	319,113		897,266
Total current liabilities	16,477	196,817	943,324	485,422		1,642,040
Long-term debt		8,734,473	44,819	29,090		8,808,382
Intercompany payable		3,668,003	8,384,585	5,913,971	(17,966,559)	
Deferred income taxes	608,177					608,177

Other long-term liabilities	9,522	340,526	372,693	278,934		1,001,675
Total liabilities	634,176	12,939,819	9,745,421	6,707,417	(17,966,559)	12,060,274
Redeemable noncontrolling interests in equity of consolidated subsidiaries				387,472		387,472
Equity:						
Community Health Systems, Inc. stockholders equity:						
Preferred stock						
Common stock	936		1	2	(3)	936
Additional paid-in capital	1,126,751	640,683	682,686	103,401	(1,426,770)	1,126,751
Treasury stock, at cost	(6,678)					(6,678)
Accumulated other comprehensive (loss) income	(230,927)	(230,927)	(12,990)		243,917	(230,927)
Retained earnings	1,299,382	1,100,304	1,172,439	177,579	(2,450,322)	1,299,382
Total Community Health Systems, Inc. stockholders equity	2,189,464	1,510,060	1,842,136	280,982	(3,633,178)	2,189,464
Noncontrolling interests in equity of consolidated subsidiaries				60,913		60,913
Total equity	2,189,464	1,510,060	1,842,136	341,895	(3,633,178)	2,250,377
Total liabilities and equity	$ 2,823,640	$ 14,449,879	$ 11,587,557	$ 7,436,784	$ (21,599,737)	$ 14,698,123

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COMMUNITY HEALTH SYSTEMS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED) (Continued)
Condensed Consolidating Statement of Income
Three Months Ended March 31, 2011

	Parent Guarantor	Issuer	Other Guarantors	Non-Guarantors	Eliminations	Consolidated
			(In thousands)			
Net operating revenues	$	$	$ 1,939,904	$ 1,465,438	$	$ 3,405,342
Operating costs and expenses:						
Salaries and benefits			746,661	655,460		1,402,121
Provision for bad debts			243,783	164,088		407,871
Supplies			264,240	199,916		464,156
Other operating expenses			347,477	277,318		624,795
Rent			30,833	33,924		64,757
Depreciation and amortization			94,795	65,882		160,677
Total operating costs and expenses			1,727,789	1,396,588		3,124,377
Income from operations			212,115	68,850		280,965
Interest expense, net		28,103	121,366	14,703		164,172
Equity in earnings of unconsolidated affiliates	(61,324)	(73,967)	(36,211)		153,372	(18,130)
Income from continuing operations before income taxes	61,324	45,864	126,960	54,147	(153,372)	134,923
Provision for (benefit from) income taxes		(15,460)	45,832	13,410		43,782
Income from continuing operations	61,324	61,324	81,128	40,737	(153,372)	91,141
Discontinued operations, net of taxes:						
Loss from operations of entities sold and held for sale			(916)	(298)		(1,214)
Impairment of long-lived assets of hospital held for sale			(8,368)			(8,368)
Loss on sale				(3,234)		(3,234)
Loss from discontinued operations			(9,284)	(3,532)		(12,816)
Net income	61,324	61,324	71,844	37,205	(153,372)	78,325
Less: Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests				17,001		17,001
Net income attributable to Community Health Systems, Inc.	$ 61,324	$ 61,324	$ 71,844	$ 20,204	$ (153,372)	$ 61,324

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COMMUNITY HEALTH SYSTEMS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED) (Continued)
Condensed Consolidating Statement of Income
Three Months Ended March 31, 2010

	Parent Guarantor	Issuer	Other Guarantors	Non-Guarantors	Eliminations	Consolidated
			(In thousands)			
Net operating revenues	$	$	$ 1,795,098	$ 1,330,409	$	$ 3,125,507
Operating costs and expenses:						
Salaries and benefits			682,601	586,973		1,269,574
Provision for bad debts			225,909	147,756		373,665
Supplies			242,542	187,055		429,597
Other operating expenses			306,657	260,427		567,084
Rent			29,697	33,938		63,635
Depreciation and amortization			85,419	61,287		146,706
Total operating costs and expenses			1,572,825	1,277,436		2,850,261
Income from operations			222,273	52,973		275,246
Interest expense, net		29,014	117,518	13,828		160,360
Equity in earnings of unconsolidated affiliates	(70,007)	(82,544)	(26,402)		166,365	(12,588)
Income from continuing operations before income taxes	70,007	53,530	131,157	39,145	(166,365)	127,474
Provision for (benefit from) income taxes		(16,477)	48,529	8,937		40,989
Income from continuing operations	70,007	70,007	82,628	30,208	(166,365)	86,485
Discontinued operations, net of taxes:						
Loss from operations of entities sold and held for sale			(821)	(668)		(1,489)
Impairment of long-lived assets of hospital held for sale						
Loss on sale						
Loss from discontinued operations			(821)	(668)		(1,489)
Net income	70,007	70,007	81,807	29,540	(166,365)	84,996
Less: Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests				14,989		14,989
Net income attributable to Community Health Systems, Inc.	$ 70,007	$ 70,007	$ 81,807	$ 14,551	$ (166,365)	$ 70,007

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COMMUNITY HEALTH SYSTEMS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED) (Continued)
Condensed Consolidating Statement of Cash Flows
Three Months Ended March 31, 2011

	Parent Guarantor	Issuer	Other Guarantors	Non-Guarantors	Eliminations	Consolidated
			(In thousands)			
Cash flows from operating activities:						
Net cash (used in) provided by operating activities	$ (21,885)	$ (83,202)	$ 277,942	$ 14,656	$	$ 187,511
Cash flows from investing activities:						
Acquisitions of facilities and other related equipment			(10,727)	(34,695)		(45,422)
Purchases of property and equipment			(64,312)	(89,563)		(153,875)
Proceeds from disposition of ancillary operations				14,583		14,583
Proceeds from sale of property and equipment			473	7,114		7,587
Increase in other non-operating assets			(36,201)	3,924		(32,277)
Net cash used in investing activities			(110,767)	(98,637)		(209,404)
Cash flows from financing activities:						
Proceeds from exercise of stock options	18,125					18,125
Excess tax benefit relating to stock-based compensation	4,675					4,675
Stock buy-back						
Proceeds from noncontrolling investors in joint ventures				863		863
Redemption of noncontrolling investments in joint ventures				(225)		(225)
Distributions to noncontrolling investors in joint ventures				(15,333)		(15,333)
Changes in intercompany balances with affiliates, net	(915)	95,750	(138,566)	43,731		
Repayments of long-term indebtedness		(12,548)	(1,488)	(629)		(14,665)
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	21,885	83,202	(140,054)	28,407		(6,560)
Net change in cash and cash equivalents			27,121	(55,574)		(28,453)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period			212,035	87,134		299,169
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	$	$	$ 239,156	$ 31,560	$	$ 270,716

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COMMUNITY HEALTH SYSTEMS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED) (Continued)
Condensed Consolidating Statement of Cash Flows
Three Months Ended March 31, 2010

	Parent Guarantor	Issuer	Other Guarantors	Non-Guarantors	Eliminations	Consolidated
			(In thousands)			
Cash flows from operating activities:						
Net cash (used in) provided by operating activities	$ (15,289)	$ (82,693)	$ 282,828	$ 114,514	$	$ 299,360
Cash flows from investing activities:						
Acquisitions of facilities and other related equipment				(180)		(180)
Purchases of property and equipment			(79,039)	(47,514)		(126,553)
Proceeds from disposition of ancillary operations						
Proceeds from sale of property and equipment			337	9		346
Increase in other non-operating assets			(17,277)	(19,714)		(36,991)
Net cash used in investing activities			(95,979)	(67,399)		(163,378)
Cash flows from financing activities:						
Proceeds from exercise of stock options	24,007					24,007
Excess tax benefit relating to stock-based compensation	4,349					4,349
Stock buy-back	(40)					(40)
Proceeds from noncontrolling investors in joint ventures				1,255		1,255
Redemption of noncontrolling investments in joint ventures						
Distributions to noncontrolling investors in joint ventures				(16,874)		(16,874)
Changes in intercompany balances with affiliates, net	(13,027)	93,561	(12,121)	(68,413)		
Repayments of long-term indebtedness		(10,868)	(880)	(1,406)		(13,154)
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	15,289	82,693	(13,001)	(85,438)		(457)
Net change in cash and cash equivalents			173,848	(38,323)		135,525
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period			238,495	106,046		344,541
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	$	$	$ 412,343	$ 67,723	$	$ 480,066

Item 2. ***Management s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations***

You should read this discussion together with our unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements and accompanying notes included herein.

Throughout this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, Community Health Systems, Inc., the parent company, and its consolidated subsidiaries are referred to on a collective basis using words like we, our, us and the Company . This drafting style is not meant to indicate that the publicly-traded parent company or any subsidiary of the parent company owns or operates any asset, business, or property. The hospitals, operations and businesses described in this filing are owned and operated, and management services provided, by distinct and indirect subsidiaries of Community Health Systems, Inc.

Executive Overview

We are one of the largest publicly-traded operators of hospitals in the United States. We provide healthcare services through these hospitals that we own and operate in non-urban and selected urban markets. We generate revenue primarily by providing a broad range of general hospital healthcare services to patients in the communities in which we are located. We currently own and operate 130 hospitals comprised of 126 general acute care hospitals and four stand-alone rehabilitation or psychiatric hospitals, including one hospital held for sale at March 31, 2011. In addition, we own and operate home care agencies, located primarily in markets where we also operate a hospital, and through our wholly-owned subsidiary, Quorum Health Resources, LLC, or QHR, we provide management and consulting services to non-affiliated general acute care hospitals located throughout the United States. For the hospitals and home care agencies that we own and operate, we are paid for our services by governmental agencies, private insurers and directly by the patients we serve. For our management and consulting services, we are paid by the non-affiliated hospitals utilizing our services.

Our net operating revenues for the three months ended March 31, 2011 increased to approximately $3.4 billion, as compared to approximately $3.1 billion for the three months ended March 31, 2010. Income from continuing operations, before noncontrolling interests, for the three months ended March 31, 2011 increased 5.4% over the three months ended March 31, 2010 to $91.1 million compared to $86.5 million. This increase in income from continuing operations during the three months ended March 31, 2011, as compared to the three months ended March 31, 2010, is due primarily to the execution of our revenue growth initiatives at those hospitals owned throughout both periods, general rate and reimbursement increases and our effective management of operating expenses. Our successful physician recruiting efforts have also been a key driver in the execution of our operating strategies. Total inpatient admissions for the three months ended March 31, 2011 increased 1.4%, compared to the three months ended March 31, 2010, and adjusted admissions for the three months ended March 31, 2011 increased 4.7%, compared to the three months ended March 31, 2010. This increase in inpatient and adjusted admissions was due primarily to acquisitions during the past twelve months.

During the three months ended March 31, 2011, we sold a multi-specialty physician clinic and identified a hospital as held for sale. Accordingly, the related results of operations, adjustment to fair value and the loss on sale have been classified as discontinued operations in the condensed consolidated statements of income for the three-month periods ended March 31, 2011 and 2010.

Self-pay revenues represented approximately 12.3% and 11.4% of our net operating revenues for the three months ended March 31, 2011 and 2010, respectively. The amount of foregone revenue related to providing charity care services as a percentage of net operating revenues was approximately 4.4% and 4.0% for the three months ended March 31, 2011 and 2010, respectively. Direct and indirect costs incurred by us in providing charity care services were approximately 0.9% and 0.8% of net operating revenues for the three months ended March 31, 2011 and 2010, respectively.

The Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act, or PPACA, was signed into law on March 23, 2010. In addition, the Health Care and Education Affordability Reconciliation Act of 2010, or Reconciliation Act, which contains a number of amendments to PPACA, was signed into law on March 30, 2010. These healthcare acts, referred to collectively as the Reform Legislation, include a mandate that requires substantially all U.S. citizens to maintain medical insurance coverage which will ultimately increase the number of persons with access to health insurance in the United States. The Reform Legislation should result in a reduction in uninsured patients, which should reduce our

expense from uncollectible accounts receivable; however, this legislation makes a number of other changes to Medicare and Medicaid, such as reductions to the Medicare annual market basket update for federal fiscal years 2010 through 2019, a productivity offset to the Medicare market basket update beginning October 1, 2011, and a reduction to the Medicare and Medicaid disproportionate share payments, that could adversely impact the reimbursement received under these programs. The various provisions in the Reform Legislation that directly or indirectly affect reimbursement are scheduled to take effect over a

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number of years, and we cannot predict their impact at this time. Other provisions of the Reform Legislation, such as requirements related to employee health insurance coverage, should increase our operating costs.

Also included in the Reform Legislation are provisions aimed at reducing fraud, waste and abuse in the healthcare industry. These provisions allocate significant additional resources to federal enforcement agencies and expand the use of private contractors to recover potentially inappropriate Medicare and Medicaid payments. The Reform Legislation amends several existing federal laws, including the federal anti-kickback statute and the False Claims Act, making it easier for government agencies and private plaintiffs to prevail in lawsuits brought against healthcare providers. These amendments also make it easier for potentially severe fines and penalties to be imposed on healthcare providers accused of violating applicable laws and regulations.

In a number of markets, we have partnered with local physicians in the ownership of our facilities. Such investments have been permitted under an exception to the physician self-referral law, or the Stark Law, that allows physicians to invest in an entire hospital (as opposed to individual hospital departments). The Reform Legislation changes the whole hospital exception to the Stark Law. The Reform Legislation permits existing physician investments in a whole hospital to continue under a grandfather clause if the arrangement satisfies certain requirements and restrictions, but physicians became prohibited, from the time the Reform Legislation became effective, from increasing the aggregate percentage of their ownership in the hospital. The Reform Legislation also restricts the ability of existing physician-owned hospitals to expand the capacity of their facilities. Physician investments in hospitals that are under development are protected by the grandfather clause only if the physician investments were made prior to the time the Reform Legislation became effective and the hospital has a Medicare provider agreement with an effective date on or prior to December 31, 2010.

The impact of the Reform Legislation on each of our hospitals will vary depending on payor mix and a variety of other factors. We anticipate that many of the provisions in the Reform Legislation will be subject to further clarification and modification through the rule-making process, the development of agency guidance and judicial interpretations. Moreover, a number of state attorneys general are challenging the legality of certain aspects of the Reform Legislation. Currently, rulings in five separate Federal District Courts, regarding the constitutionality of the Reform Legislation, have been split, with three courts ruling in favor of the legislation and two courts ruling that part or all of the Reform Legislation was unconstitutional. These decisions are likely to be appealed and may ultimately end up before the United States Supreme Court. We cannot predict the impact the Reform Legislation may have on our business, results of operations, cash flow, capital resources and liquidity or the ultimate outcome of the judicial rulings. Furthermore, we cannot predict whether we will be able to modify certain aspects of our operations to offset any potential adverse consequences from the Reform Legislation.

On April 18, 2011, we announced that we have offered $6.00 per share in cash to acquire all outstanding shares of Tenet Healthcare Corporation, or Tenet. The offer was made in a letter to Tenet s Board of Directors on April 18, 2011, and rejected by Tenet on April 22, 2011. On December 9, 2010, we made public our previous offer to acquire all outstanding shares of Tenet for $6.00 per share, including $5.00 per share in cash and $1.00 per share in our common stock, which represented a premium of 40 percent over Tenet s closing stock price on December 9, 2010. The offer was made in a letter to Tenet s Board of Directors on November 12, 2010, and rejected by Tenet on December 6, 2010. On December 20, 2010, we announced our intention to nominate director nominees for election to Tenet s Board of Directors at Tenet s 2011 Annual Meeting of Stockholders, and on January 14, 2011, a full slate of 10 independent director nominees was nominated. All 10 positions on Tenet s Board are up for election at its 2011 annual meeting, which has been delayed until November 3, 2011.

On April 11, 2011, Tenet filed suit against the Company, Wayne T. Smith and W. Larry Cash alleging we engaged in a practice to under-utilize observation status and over-utilize inpatient admission status and asserts that by doing so, we created undisclosed financial and legal liability to federal, state and private payors. Also, on April 22, 2011 the Company was advised that the Department of Justice has consolidated its investigations of the Company and other related entities regarding allegations of improper billing for inpatient care. See Legal Proceedings in Part II, Item 1 of this Form 10-Q for a further discussion of these matters.

As a result of our current levels of cash, available borrowing capacity, long-term outlook on our debt repayments and our continued projection of our ability to generate cash flows, we do not anticipate a significant impact on our

ability to invest the necessary capital in our business over the next twelve months and into the foreseeable future. We believe there continues to be ample opportunity for growth in substantially all of our markets by decreasing the need for patients to travel outside their communities for healthcare services. Furthermore, we continue to benefit from synergies from the acquisition of Triad Hospitals, Inc., or Triad, as well as our more recent acquisitions and will continue to strive to improve operating efficiencies and procedures in order to improve our profitability at all of our hospitals.

Sources of Consolidated Net Operating Revenues

The following table presents the approximate percentages of net operating revenues derived from Medicare, Medicaid, managed care, self-pay and other sources for the periods indicated. The data for the periods presented are not strictly comparable due to the effect that hospital acquisitions have had on these statistics.

	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2011	**2010**
Medicare	27.5%	27.8%
Medicaid	9.6%	10.2%
Managed Care and other third-party payors	50.6%	50.6%
Self-pay	12.3%	11.4%
Total	100.0%	100.0%

As shown above, we receive a substantial portion of our revenues from the Medicare and Medicaid programs. Included in Managed Care and other third-party payors is net operating revenues from insurance companies with which we have insurance provider contracts, Medicare Managed Care, insurance companies for which we do not have insurance provider contracts, workers compensation carriers, and non-patient service revenue, such as rental income and cafeteria sales. In the future, we generally expect revenues received from the Medicare and Medicaid programs to increase due to the general aging of the population. In addition, the Reform Legislation will increase the number of insured patients which should reduce revenues from self-pay patients and reduce the provision for bad debts. The Reform Legislation, however, imposes significant reductions in amounts the government pays Medicare Managed Care plans. Other provisions in the Reform Legislation impose minimum medical-loss ratios and require insurers to meet specific benefit requirements. In addition, specified managed care programs, insurance companies, and employers are actively negotiating the amounts paid to hospitals. The trend toward increased enrollment in managed care may adversely affect our net operating revenue growth. There can be no assurance that we will retain our existing reimbursement arrangements or that these third-party payors will not attempt to further reduce the rates they pay for our services.

Net operating revenues include amounts estimated by management to be reimbursable by Medicare and Medicaid under prospective payment systems and provisions of cost-based reimbursement and other payment methods. In addition, we are reimbursed by non-governmental payors using a variety of payment methodologies. Amounts we receive for treatment of patients covered by these programs are generally less than the standard billing rates. We account for the differences between the estimated program reimbursement rates and the standard billing rates as contractual allowance adjustments, which we deduct from gross revenues to arrive at net operating revenues. Final settlements under some of these programs are subject to adjustment based on administrative review and audit by third parties. We account for adjustments to previous program reimbursement estimates as contractual allowance adjustments and report them in the periods that such adjustments become known. Contractual allowance adjustments related to final settlements and previous program reimbursement estimates impacted net operating revenues and net income by an insignificant amount in each of the three-month periods ended March 31, 2011 and 2010. In the future, we expect the percentage of revenues received from the Medicare program to increase due to the general aging of the population.

Currently, several states utilize supplemental reimbursement programs for the purpose of providing reimbursement to providers to offset a portion of the cost of providing care to Medicaid and indigent patients. These programs are designed with input from CMS and are funded with a combination of state and federal resources, including, in certain instances, fees or taxes levied on the providers. Similar programs are also being considered by other states. After these supplemental programs are signed into law, we recognize revenue and related expenses in the period in which amounts are estimable and collection is reasonably assured. Reimbursement under these programs is reflected in net operating revenues and included as Medicaid revenues in the table above, and fees, taxes or other program related

costs are reflected in other operating costs and expenses.

The payment rates under the Medicare program for hospital inpatient and outpatient acute care services are based on a prospective payment system, depending upon the diagnosis of a patient s condition. These rates are indexed for inflation annually, although increases have historically been less than actual inflation. On August 16, 2010, CMS issued the final rule to adjust this index by 2.6% for hospital inpatient acute care services that are reimbursed under the prospective payment system. The final rule also makes other payment adjustments that, coupled with the 0.25% reduction to hospital inpatient rates implemented pursuant to the Reform Legislation referred to below, yield a net 0.4% reduction in reimbursement for hospital inpatient acute care services beginning October 1, 2010. The Reform Legislation implemented a 0.25% reduction to hospital inpatient rates effective April 1, 2010 and 0.25% reductions to hospital outpatient rates effective each of January 1, 2010 and January 1, 2011. Reductions in the rate of increase or overall reductions in Medicare reimbursement may cause a decline in the growth of our net operating revenues. In addition, specified managed care programs, insurance companies and employers are actively negotiating the amounts paid to hospitals. The trend toward increased enrollment in managed care may adversely affect our net operating revenue growth.

Results of Operations

Our hospitals offer a variety of services involving a broad range of inpatient and outpatient medical and surgical services. These include general acute care, emergency room, general and specialty surgery, critical care, internal medicine, obstetrics, diagnostic services, psychiatric and rehabilitation services. The strongest demand for hospital services generally occurs during January through April and the weakest demand for these services occurs during the summer months. Accordingly, eliminating the effect of new acquisitions, our net operating revenues and earnings are historically highest during the first quarter and lowest during the third quarter.

The following tables summarize, for the periods indicated, selected operating data.

	Three Months Ended March 31, 2011	Three Months Ended March 31, 2010
	(Expressed as a percentage of net operating revenues)	
Consolidated		
Net operating revenues	100.0%	100.0%
Operating expenses (a)	(87.0)	(86.5)
Depreciation and amortization	(4.7)	(4.7)
Income from operations	8.3	8.8
Interest expense, net	(4.8)	(5.1)
Equity in earnings of unconsolidated affiliates	0.5	0.4
Income from continuing operations before income taxes	4.0	4.1
Provision for income taxes	(1.3)	(1.3)
Income from continuing operations	2.7	2.8
Loss from discontinued operations, net of taxes	(0.4)	(0.1)
Net income	2.3	2.7
Less: Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests	(0.5)	(0.5)
Net income attributable to Community Health Systems, Inc.	1.8%	2.2%

	Three Months Ended March 31, 2011
Percentage increase (decrease) from same period prior year:	
Net operating revenues	9.0%
Admissions	1.4
Adjusted admissions (b)	4.7
Average length of stay	2.3
Net income attributable to Community Health Systems, Inc. (c)	(12.4)
Same-store percentage increase (decrease) from same period prior year (d):	
Net operating revenues	5.1%
Admissions	(3.4)
Adjusted admissions (b)	

(a) Operating expenses include salaries and benefits, provision for bad debts, supplies, rent and other operating expenses.

(b) Adjusted admissions is a general measure of combined inpatient and outpatient volume. We computed adjusted admissions by multiplying admissions by gross patient revenues and then dividing that number by gross inpatient revenues.

(c) Includes loss from discontinued operations.

(d) Includes acquired hospitals to the extent we operated them in both periods.

Three Months Ended March 31, 2011 Compared to Three Months Ended March 31, 2010

Net operating revenues increased $279.8 million to approximately $3.4 billion for the three months ended March 31, 2011, from approximately $3.1 billion for the three months ended March 31, 2010. Growth from hospitals owned throughout both periods contributed $160.8 million of that increase and hospitals acquired in 2010 contributed $119.0 million. On a same-store basis, net operating revenues increased 5.1%. The increased net operating revenues contributed by hospitals that we owned throughout both periods were primarily attributable to general rate and reimbursement increases.

On a consolidated basis, inpatient admissions increased by 1.4% and adjusted admissions increased by 4.7%. On a same-store basis, inpatient admissions decreased by 3.4% during the three months ended March 31, 2011. This increase in inpatient and adjusted admissions was due primarily to acquisitions during the past twelve months. This decrease in same-store inpatient admissions was due primarily to a decrease in admissions from lower birth rates driven by the downturn in the economy, reductions in one day stays of which over 75% related to non-Medicare patients, reductions due to weather and certain service closures during the three months ended March 31, 2011, as compared to the three months ended March 31, 2010.

Operating expenses, excluding depreciation and amortization, as a percentage of net operating revenues, increased 0.5% to 87.0% for the three months ended March 31, 2011, compared to 86.5% for the three months ended March 31, 2010. Salaries and benefits, as a percentage of net operating revenues, increased 0.6% to 41.2% for the three months ended March 31, 2011, compared to 40.6% for the three months ended March 31, 2010. This increase is due primarily to the impact of recent acquisitions and an increase in the number of employed physicians, which offset efficiencies gained at hospitals owned throughout both periods. Provision for bad debts as a percentage of net operating revenues, remained consistent at 12.0% for each of the three-month periods ended March 31, 2011 and 2010. Supplies, as a percentage of net operating revenues, decreased 0.1% to 13.6% for the three months ended March 31, 2011, as compared to 13.7% for the three months ended March 31, 2010. Other operating expenses, as a percentage of net operating revenues, increased 0.1% to 18.3% for the three months ended March 31, 2011, as compared to 18.2% for the three months ended March 31, 2010. Rent, as a percentage of net operating revenues, decreased 0.1% to 1.9% for the three months ended March 31, 2011, as compared to 2.0% for the three months ended March 31, 2010. Equity in earnings of unconsolidated affiliates, as a percentage of net operating revenues, increased 0.1% to 0.5% for the three months ended March 31, 2011, compared to 0.4% for the three months ended March 31, 2010.

Depreciation and amortization, as a percentage of net operating revenues, remained consistent at 4.7% for each of the three-month periods ended March 31, 2011 and 2010.

Interest expense, net, increased by $3.8 million from $160.4 million for the three months ended March 31, 2010 to $164.2 million for the three months ended March 31, 2011. An increase in interest rates during the three months ended March 31, 2011, compared to the three months ended March 31, 2010, resulted in an increase in interest expense of $5.2 million. These increases were offset by a decrease in interest expense of $0.8 million due to a decrease in our average outstanding debt during the three months ended March 31, 2011, compared to March 31, 2010. Additionally, interest expense decreased by $0.6 million as a result of more interest being capitalized during the three months ended March 31, 2011, as compared to the three months ended March 31, 2010, as the current year period had more major construction projects.

The net of the above mentioned changes resulted in income from continuing operations before income taxes increasing $7.4 million from $127.5 million for the three months ended March 31, 2010 to $134.9 million for the three months ended March 31, 2011.

Provision for income taxes increased from $41.0 million for the three months ended March 31, 2010 to $43.8 million for the three months ended March 31, 2011, due primarily to an increase in income from continuing operations before income taxes in the comparable period in 2010, as discussed above. Our effective tax rates were 32.4% and 32.2% for the three months ended March 31, 2011 and 2010, respectively.

Income from continuing operations, as a percentage of net operating revenues, decreased from 2.8% for the three months ended March 31, 2010 to 2.7% for the three months ended March 31, 2011. The decrease in income from continuing operations, as a percentage of net operating revenues, is primarily a result of the increase in salaries and benefits as a percentage of net operating revenues. Net income, as a percentage of net operating revenues, decreased

from 2.7% for the three months ended March 31, 2010 to 2.3% for the three months ended March 31, 2011. The decrease in net income, as a percentage of net operating revenues, is primarily due to the loss on discontinued operations from the loss on sale, impairment of hospital held for sale and loss on entities sold and held for sale.

Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests as a percentage of net operating revenues, remained consistent at 0.5% for each of the three-month periods ended March 31, 2011 and 2010.

Net income attributable to Community Health Systems, Inc. was $61.3 million for the three months ended March 31, 2011, compared to $70.0 million for the three months ended March 31, 2010, representing a decrease of 12.4%. The decrease in net income is primarily due to the loss on discontinued operations from the loss on sale, impairment of hospital held for sale and loss on entities sold and held for sale.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

Net cash provided by operating activities decreased $111.8 million, from $299.4 million for the three months ended March 31, 2010 to $187.5 million for the three months ended March 31, 2011. The decrease in cash flows, in comparison to the prior year period, is primarily from a decrease in net income of $6.7 million and a decrease in cash flow from the change in accounts payable, accrued liabilities and income taxes of $182.4 million, due primarily to the timing of payments during the periods, which included accelerating the funding of our 401(k) Plan matching contribution in the first quarter of 2011, compared to funding it in the second quarter of 2010. These decreases were offset by an increase in depreciation and amortization expense, a non-cash expense of $13.6 million, an increase in other non-cash expenses of $4.3 million, an increase in cash flow from the change in accounts receivable of $37.8 million, an increase in cash flow from the change in supplies, prepaid expenses and other current assets of $21.2 million and an increase in cash flow from the change in other assets and liabilities of $0.4 million.

The cash used in investing activities was $209.4 million for the three months ended March 31, 2011, compared to $163.4 million for the three months ended March 31, 2010. The increase in cash flows used in investing activities, in comparison to the prior year period, was primarily due to an increase in cash used for acquisition of facilities and other related equipment of $45.2 million and an increase in cash used for purchasing property and equipment of $27.3 million. Other changes in cash used in investing activities were an increase in proceeds from the disposition of ancillary operations of $14.6 million, a decrease in cash used for other non-operating assets of $4.7 million and an increase in proceeds received from the sale of property and equipment of $7.2 million.

The cash used in financing activities was $6.6 million for the three months ended March 31, 2011, compared to $0.5 million for the three months ended March 31, 2010. The increase in cash used in financing activities is due primarily to a decrease in proceeds from the exercise of stock options.

Capital Expenditures

Cash expenditures related to purchases of facilities were $45.4 million for the three months ended March 31, 2011, compared to $0.2 million for the three months ended March 31, 2010. The expenditures during the three months ended March 31, 2011 were for the purchase of surgery centers and physician practices and the settlement of working capital items from 2010 acquisitions. The expenditures during the three months ended March 31, 2010 were for the purchase of non-hospital facilities, and no hospitals were acquired during this period.

Excluding the cost to construct replacement hospitals, our cash expenditures for routine capital for the three months ended March 31, 2011 totaled $119.4 million, compared to $125.4 million for the three months ended March 31, 2010. These capital expenditures related primarily to the purchase of additional equipment, minor renovations and information systems infrastructure. Costs to construct replacement hospitals for the three months ended March 31, 2011 totaled $34.5 million, compared to $1.2 million for the three months ended March 31, 2010. The costs to construct replacement hospitals for the three months ended March 31, 2011 represented both planning and construction costs for the four replacement hospitals discussed below. The costs to construct replacement hospitals for the three months ended March 31, 2010 represented planning costs for future construction projects since there were no replacement hospitals under construction.

Pursuant to hospital purchase agreements in effect as of March 31, 2011, as part of an acquisition in 2007, we agreed to build a replacement hospital in Valparaiso, Indiana by April 2011, and as part of an acquisition in 2009, we agreed to build a replacement hospital in Siloam Springs, Arkansas by February 2013. Due to delays in receiving government approved building and zoning permits, the replacement facility in Valparaiso, Indiana is not expected to be completed until the fourth quarter of 2012. Also, as required by an amendment to a lease agreement entered into in 2005, we agreed to build a replacement facility at Barstow Community Hospital in Barstow, California. Estimated construction costs, including equipment costs, are approximately $318.5 million for these three replacement facilities. In addition, in October 2008, after the purchase of the noncontrolling owner s interest in our Birmingham, Alabama facility, we initiated the purchase of a site, which includes a partially constructed hospital structure, for a potential replacement to our existing Birmingham facility. In September 2010, we received approval of our request for a certificate of need from the Alabama Certificate of Need Review Board; however, this certificate of need remains subject to an appeal process. Our estimated construction costs, including the acquisition of the site and equipment costs, are approximately $280.0 million for the Birmingham replacement facility.

Capital Resources

Net working capital was approximately $1.230 billion at March 31, 2011, compared to approximately $1.229 billion at December 31, 2010.

In connection with the consummation of the Triad acquisition in July 2007, we obtained approximately $7.2 billion of senior secured financing under a Credit Facility with a syndicate of financial institutions led by Credit Suisse, as administrative agent and collateral agent. The Credit Facility consisted of an approximately $6.1 billion funded term loan facility with a maturity of seven years, a $300 million delayed draw term loan facility (reduced by us from $400 million) with a maturity of seven years and a $750 million revolving credit facility with a maturity of six years. During the fourth quarter of 2008, $100 million of the delayed draw term loan had been drawn down by us, reducing the delayed draw term loan availability to $200 million at December 31, 2008. In January 2009, we drew down the remaining $200 million of the delayed draw term loan. The revolving credit facility also includes a subfacility for letters of credit and a swingline subfacility. The Credit Facility requires quarterly amortization payments of each term loan facility equal to 0.25% of the outstanding amount of the term loans. On November 5, 2010, we entered into an amendment and restatement of our existing Credit Facility. The amendment extends by two and a half years, until January 25, 2017, the maturity date of $1.5 billion of the existing term loans under the Credit Facility and increases the pricing on these term loans to London Interbank Offered Rate, or LIBOR, plus 350 basis points. If more than $50 million of our Notes remain outstanding on April 15, 2015, without having been refinanced, then the maturity date for the extended term loans will be accelerated to April 15, 2015. The maturity date of the balance of the term loans of approximately $4.5 billion remains unchanged at July 25, 2014. The amendment also increases our ability to issue additional indebtedness under the uncommitted incremental facility to $1.0 billion from $600 million, permits us to issue Term A term loans under the incremental facility, and provides up to $2.0 billion of borrowing capacity from receivable transactions, an increase of $0.5 billion, of which $1.7 billion would be required to be used for repayment of existing term loans.

The term loan facility must be prepaid in an amount equal to (1) 100% of the net cash proceeds of certain asset sales and dispositions by us and our subsidiaries, subject to certain exceptions and reinvestment rights, (2) 100% of the net cash proceeds of issuances of certain debt obligations or receivables based financing by us and our subsidiaries, subject to certain exceptions, and (3) 50%, subject to reduction to a lower percentage based on our leverage ratio (as defined in the Credit Facility generally as the ratio of total debt on the date of determination to our EBITDA, as defined, for the four quarters most recently ended prior to such date), of excess cash flow (as defined) for any year, commencing in 2008, subject to certain exceptions. Voluntary prepayments and commitment reductions are permitted in whole or in part, without any premium or penalty, subject to minimum prepayment or reduction requirements.

The obligor under the Credit Facility is CHS/Community Health Systems, Inc., or CHS, a wholly-owned subsidiary of Community Health Systems, Inc. All of our obligations under the Credit Facility are unconditionally guaranteed by Community Health Systems, Inc. and certain existing and subsequently acquired or organized domestic subsidiaries. All obligations under the Credit Facility and the related guarantees are secured by a perfected first

priority lien or security interest in substantially all of the assets of Community Health Systems, Inc., CHS and each subsidiary guarantor, including equity interests held by us or any subsidiary guarantor, but excluding, among others, the equity interests of non-significant subsidiaries, syndication subsidiaries, securitization subsidiaries and joint venture subsidiaries.

The loans under the Credit Facility bear interest on the outstanding unpaid principal amount at a rate equal to an applicable percentage plus, at our option, either (a) an Alternate Base Rate (as defined) determined by reference to the greater of (1) the Prime Rate (as defined) announced by Credit Suisse or (2) the Federal Funds Effective Rate (as defined) plus one-half of 1.0% or (3) the adjusted LIBOR rate on such day for a three-month interest period commencing on the second business day after such day plus 1%, or (b) a reserve adjusted LIBOR for dollars (Eurodollar rate) (as defined). The applicable percentage for Alternate Base Rate loans is 1.25% for term loans due 2014 and 2.25% for term loans due 2017. The applicable percentage for Eurodollar rate loans is 2.25% for term loans due 2014 and 3.5% for term loans due 2017. The applicable percentage for revolving loans was initially 1.25% for Alternate Base Rate revolving loans and 2.25% for Eurodollar revolving loans, in each case subject to reduction based on our leverage ratio. Loans under the swingline subfacility bear interest at the rate applicable to Alternate Base Rate loans under the revolving credit facility.

We have agreed to pay letter of credit fees equal to the applicable percentage then in effect with respect to Eurodollar rate loans under the revolving credit facility times the maximum aggregate amount available to be drawn under all letters of credit outstanding under the subfacility for letters of credit. The issuer of any letter of credit issued under the subfacility for letters of credit will also receive a customary fronting fee and other customary processing charges. We were initially obligated to pay commitment fees of 0.50% per annum (subject to reduction based upon our leverage ratio), on the unused portion of the revolving credit facility. For purposes of this calculation, swingline loans are not treated as usage of the revolving credit facility. With respect to the delayed draw term loan facility, we were also obligated to pay commitment fees of 0.50% per annum for the first nine months after the close of the Credit Facility and 0.75% per annum for the next three months after such nine-month period and thereafter 1.0% per annum. In each case, the commitment fee was based on the unused amount of the delayed draw term loan facility. After the draw down of the remaining $200 million of the delayed draw term loan in January 2009, we no longer pay any commitment fees for the delayed draw term loan facility. We also paid arrangement fees on the closing of the Credit Facility and pay an annual administrative agent fee.

The Credit Facility contains customary representations and warranties, subject to limitations and exceptions, and customary covenants restricting our and our subsidiaries ability, subject to certain exception, to, among other things, (1) declare dividends, make distributions or redeem or repurchase capital stock, (2) prepay, redeem or repurchase other debt, (3) incur liens or grant negative pledges, (4) make loans and investments and enter into acquisitions and joint ventures, (5) incur additional indebtedness or provide certain guarantees, (6) make capital expenditures, (7) engage in mergers, acquisitions and asset sales, (8) conduct transactions with affiliates, (9) alter the nature of our businesses, (10) grant certain guarantees with respect to physician practices, (11) engage in sale and leaseback transactions or (12) change our fiscal year. We and our subsidiaries are also required to comply with specified financial covenants (consisting of a leverage ratio and an interest coverage ratio) and various affirmative covenants.

Events of default under the Credit Facility include, but are not limited to, (1) our failure to pay principal, interest, fees or other amounts under the credit agreement when due (taking into account any applicable grace period), (2) any representation or warranty proving to have been materially incorrect when made, (3) covenant defaults subject, with respect to certain covenants, to a grace period, (4) bankruptcy events, (5) a cross default to certain other debt, (6) certain undischarged judgments (not paid within an applicable grace period), (7) a change of control, (8) certain ERISA-related defaults and (9) the invalidity or impairment of specified security interests, guarantees or subordination provisions in favor of the administrative agent or lenders under the Credit Facility.

As of March 31, 2011, the availability for additional borrowings under our Credit Facility was approximately $750 million pursuant to the revolving credit facility, of which $81.9 million was set aside for outstanding letters of credit. We believe that these funds, along with internally generated cash and continued access to the bank credit and capital markets, will be sufficient to finance future acquisitions, capital expenditures and working capital requirements through the next 12 months and into the foreseeable future.

As of March 31, 2011, we are currently a party to the following interest rate swap agreements to limit the effect of changes in interest rates on approximately 89% of our variable rate debt. On each of these swaps, we receive a variable rate of interest based on the three-month LIBOR in exchange for the payment by us of a fixed rate of interest. We currently pay, on a quarterly basis, a margin above LIBOR of 225 basis points for revolving credit and term loans

due 2014 and 350 basis points for term loans due 2017 under the Credit Facility.

Swap #	**Notional Amount (in 000 s)**	**Fixed Interest Rate**	**Termination Date**	**Fair Value (in 000 s)**
1	$300,000	5.1140%	August 8, 2011	$ 5,095
2	100,000	4.7185%	August 19, 2011	1,682
3	100,000	4.7040%	August 19, 2011	1,689
4	100,000	4.6250%	August 19, 2011	1,646
5	200,000	4.9300%	August 30, 2011	3,790
6	200,000	3.0920%	September 18, 2011	2,527
7	100,000	3.0230%	October 23, 2011	1,444
8	200,000	4.4815%	October 26, 2011	4,599
9	200,000	4.0840%	December 3, 2011	4,815
10	100,000	3.8470%	January 4, 2012	2,477
11	100,000	3.8510%	January 4, 2012	2,490
12	100,000	3.8560%	January 4, 2012	2,493
13	200,000	3.7260%	January 8, 2012	4,859
14	200,000	3.5065%	January 16, 2012	4,601
15	250,000	5.0185%	May 30, 2012	12,306
16	150,000	5.0250%	May 30, 2012	7,395
17	200,000	4.6845%	September 11, 2012	11,056
18	100,000	3.3520%	October 23, 2012	3,846
19	125,000	4.3745%	November 23, 2012	6,793
20	75,000	4.3800%	November 23, 2012	4,278
21	150,000	5.0200%	November 30, 2012	10,260
22	200,000	2.2420%	February 28, 2013	4,867
23	100,000	5.0230%	May 30, 2013	8,478
24	300,000	5.2420%	August 6, 2013	28,369
25	100,000	5.0380%	August 30, 2013	9,144
26	50,000	3.5860%	October 23, 2013	2,903
27	50,000	3.5240%	October 23, 2013	2,825
28	100,000	5.0500%	November 30, 2013	9,729
29	200,000	2.0700%	December 19, 2013	3,697
30	100,000	5.2310%	July 25, 2014	11,507
31	100,000	5.2310%	July 25, 2014	11,507
32	200,000	5.1600%	July 25, 2014	22,554
33	75,000	5.0405%	July 25, 2014	8,158
34	125,000	5.0215%	July 25, 2014	13,519
35	100,000	2.6210%	July 25, 2014	3,046
36	100,000	3.1100%	July 25, 2014	4,636
37	100,000	3.2580%	July 25, 2014	5,116
38	200,000	2.6930%	October 26, 2014	3,680 (1)
39	300,000	3.4470%	August 8, 2016	10,636 (2)
40	200,000	3.4285%	August 19, 2016	6,666 (3)
41	100,000	3.4010%	August 19, 2016	3,203 (4)
42	200,000	3.5000%	August 30, 2016	7,142 (5)
43	100,000	3.0050%	November 30, 2016	1,967

(1) This interest rate swap becomes effective October 26, 2011, concurrent with the termination of swap #8.

(2) This interest rate swap becomes effective August 8, 2011, concurrent with the termination of swap #1.

(3) This interest rate swap becomes effective August 19, 2011, concurrent with the termination of swap #2 and #4.

(4) This interest rate swap becomes effective August 19, 2011, concurrent with the termination of swap #3.

(5) This interest rate swap becomes effective August 30, 2011, concurrent with the termination of swap #5.

The Credit Facility and/or the Notes contain various covenants that limit our ability to take certain actions including, among other things, our ability to:

- incur, assume or guarantee additional indebtedness;
- issue redeemable stock and preferred stock;
- repurchase capital stock;
- make restricted payments, including paying dividends and making investments;
- redeem debt that is junior in right of payment to the notes;
- create liens without securing the notes;
- sell or otherwise dispose of assets, including capital stock of subsidiaries;
- enter into agreements that restrict dividends from subsidiaries;
- merge, consolidate, sell or otherwise dispose of substantial portions of our assets;
- enter into transactions with affiliates; and
- guarantee certain obligations.

In addition, our Credit Facility contains restrictive covenants and requires us to maintain specified financial ratios and satisfy other financial condition tests. Our ability to meet these restricted covenants and financial ratios and tests can be affected by events beyond our control, and we cannot assure you that we will meet those tests. A breach of any of these covenants could result in a default under our Credit Facility and/or the Notes. Upon the occurrence of an event of default under our Credit Facility or the Notes, all amounts outstanding under our Credit Facility and the Notes may become due and payable and all commitments under the Credit Facility to extend further credit may be terminated.

We believe that internally generated cash, availability for additional borrowings under our Credit Facility of $750 million (consisting of a $750 million revolving credit facility, of which $81.9 million is set aside for outstanding letters of credit as of March 31, 2011) and our ability to amend the Credit Facility to provide for one or more tranches of term loans in an aggregate principal amount of $1.0 billion, our ability to add up to $300 million of borrowing capacity from receivable transactions (including securitizations) and our continued access to the bank credit and capital markets will be sufficient to finance acquisitions, capital expenditures and working capital requirements through the next 12 months. We believe these same sources of cash, borrowings under our Credit Facility as well as access to bank credit and capital markets will be available to us beyond the next 12 months and into the foreseeable future.

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On December 22, 2008, we filed a universal automatic shelf registration statement on Form S-3ASR that will permit us, from time to time, in one or more public offerings, to offer debt securities, common stock, preferred stock, warrants, depositary shares, or any combination of such securities. The shelf registration statement will also permit our subsidiary, CHS, to offer debt securities that would be guaranteed by us, from time to time in one or more public offerings. The terms of any such future offerings would be established at the time of the offering.

The ratio of earnings to fixed charges for the three months ended March 31, 2011 is as follows:

	Three Months Ended March 31, 2011
Ratio of earnings to fixed charges (1)	1.64x

(1) There are no shares of preferred stock outstanding.

Off-balance Sheet Arrangements

Our consolidated operating results for the three months ended March 31, 2011 and 2010, included $63.1 million and $61.1 million, respectively, of net operating revenues and $5.6 million and $6.0 million, respectively, of income from operations generated from five hospitals operated by us under operating lease arrangements. In accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, or U.S. GAAP, the respective assets and the future lease obligations under these arrangements are not recorded on our condensed consolidated balance sheet. Lease costs under these arrangements are included in rent expense and totaled approximately $3.1 million for each of the three-month periods ended March 31, 2011 and 2010. The current terms of these operating leases expire between June 2012 and December 2020, not including lease extension options. If we allow these leases to expire, we would no longer generate revenue nor incur expenses from these hospitals.

In the past, we have utilized operating leases as a financing tool for obtaining the operations of specified hospitals without acquiring, through ownership, the related assets of the hospital and without a significant outlay of cash at the front end of the lease. We utilize the same operating strategies to improve operations at those hospitals held under operating leases as we do at those hospitals that we own. We have not entered into any operating leases for hospital operations since December 2000.

During the year ended December 31, 2010, we entered into an agreement with the lessor of Cleveland Regional Medical Center, or Cleveland Regional, our leased facility in Cleveland, TX, to exchange our ownership interest in certain real estate at Hill Regional Medical Center, or Hill Regional, in Hillsboro, TX for the lessor s ownership interest in the real estate at Cleveland Regional. The related lease agreement was amended to incorporate Hill Regional as a leased asset with no change to the remaining lease term or payment schedule. No monetary consideration was exchanged in this transaction, and the transaction qualifies as a non-taxable, like-kind exchange under the regulations in Section 1031 of the Internal Revenue Code. The assets of Cleveland Regional are included in the condensed consolidated balance sheet at fair value on the date of this transaction; however, as a result of our continuing involvement in the Hill Regional assets, the exchange with the lessor does not qualify for sale treatment under U.S. GAAP. Accordingly, the transaction has been accounted for as a financing obligation and the assets of Hill Regional will remain on the condensed consolidated balance sheet as assets recorded under a financing obligation. Starting in the fourth quarter of 2010, future payments under the lease are amortized against the financing obligation rather than recorded as rent expense.

Noncontrolling Interests

We have sold noncontrolling interests in certain of our subsidiaries or acquired subsidiaries with existing noncontrolling interest ownership positions. As of March 31, 2011, we have hospitals in 25 of the markets we serve, with noncontrolling physician ownership interests ranging from less than 1% to 40%, including one hospital that also had a non-profit entity as a partner. In addition, we have three other hospitals with noncontrolling interests owned by non-profit entities. Redeemable noncontrolling interests in equity of consolidated subsidiaries was $385.4 million and $387.5 million as of March 31, 2011 and December 31, 2010, respectively. Noncontrolling interests in equity of

consolidated subsidiaries was $60.9 million at both March 31, 2011 and December 31, 2010. The amount of net income attributable to noncontrolling interests was $17.0 million and $15.0 million for the three months ended March 31, 2011 and 2010, respectively. As a result of the change in the Stark Law whole hospital exception included in the Reform Legislation, we will not introduce physician ownership at any of our wholly-owned facilities or increase the aggregate percentage of physician ownership in any of our existing joint ventures.

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Reimbursement, Legislative and Regulatory Changes

The Reform Legislation was enacted in the context of other ongoing legislative and regulatory efforts, which would reduce or otherwise adversely affect the payments we receive from Medicare and Medicaid. Within the statutory framework of the Medicare and Medicaid programs, including programs currently unaffected by the Reform Legislation, there are substantial areas subject to administrative rulings, interpretations, and discretion which may further affect payments made under those programs, and the federal and state governments might, in the future, reduce the funds available under those programs or require more stringent utilization and quality reviews of hospital facilities. Additionally, there may be a continued rise in managed care programs and additional restructuring of the financing and delivery of healthcare in the United States. These events could cause our future financial results to decline. We cannot estimate the impact of Medicare and Medicaid reimbursement changes that have been enacted or are under consideration. We cannot predict whether additional reimbursement reductions will be made or whether any such changes would have a material adverse effect on our business, financial conditions, results of operations, cash flow, capital