AMERICAN NATIONAL INSURANCE CO /TX/ Form 10-Q November 04, 2011

# UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549 FORM 10-Q

**Quarterly Report Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934**For the quarterly period ended September 30, 2011

or

o Transition Report Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 Commission File No. 001- 34280

## **American National Insurance Company**

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Texas 74-0484030

(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)

(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

One Moody Plaza Galveston, Texas 77550-7999 (Address of principal executive offices) (Zip Code) (409) 763-4661

(Registrant s telephone number, including area code)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. b Yes o No Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§229.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). b Yes o No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer or a smaller reporting company. See definitions of large accelerated filer, a accelerated filer and smaller reporting company in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act:

Large accelerated filer o

Accelerated filer b

Non-accelerated filer o

Smaller reporting company o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). o Yes b No

As of October 31, 2011, there were 26,821,284 shares of the registrant s voting common stock, \$1.00 par value per share, outstanding.

# AMERICAN NATIONAL INSURANCE COMPANY TABLE OF CONTENTS

## PART I FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Consolidated Statements of Operations for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2011 and 2010	3
Consolidated Statements of Financial Position as of September 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010	4
Consolidated Statements of Changes in Equity for the nine months ended September 30, 2011 and 2010	5
Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income (Loss) for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2011 and 2010	5
Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for the nine months ended September 30, 2011 and 2010	6
Notes to the Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements	7
ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS	42
ITEM 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK	65
ITEM 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES	65
PART II OTHER INFORMATION	
ITEM 1. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS	66
ITEM 1A. RISK FACTORS	66
ITEM 2. UNREGISTERED SALES OF EQUITY SECURITIES AND USE OF PROCEEDS	67
ITEM 3. DEFAULTS UPON SENIOR SECURITIES	67
ITEM 4. REMOVED AND RESERVED	67
ITEM 5. OTHER INFORMATION	67
ITEM 6. EXHIBIT INDEX	68
Exhibit 31.1 Exhibit 31.2 Exhibit 32.1 Exhibit 32.2 EX-101 INSTANCE DOCUMENT EX-101 SCHEMA DOCUMENT EX-101 CALCULATION LINKBASE DOCUMENT	

EX-101 LABELS LINKBASE DOCUMENT
EX-101 PRESENTATION LINKBASE DOCUMENT
EX-101 DEFINITION LINKBASE DOCUMENT

## PART I FINANCIAL INFORMATION ITEM 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AMERICAN NATIONAL INSURANCE COMPANY CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS

(Unaudited and in thousands, except for per share data)

	Three months ended September 30,				Nine months ended September 30,			
	2	2011	· •	2010		2011	•,	2010
PREMIUMS AND OTHER								
REVENUES								
Premiums								
Life	\$	71,926	\$	71,352	\$	207,786	\$	209,670
Annuity		21,704		51,180		73,304		132,140
Accident and health		57,708		64,288		174,736		200,553
Property and casualty		289,796		297,703		856,958		871,672
Other policy revenues		46,350		46,342		141,860		138,066
Net investment income		225,942		238,081		715,186		667,964
Realized investments gains (losses)		17,531		20,141		62,488		54,702
Other-than-temporary impairments		(4,851)		(1,515)		(4,851)		(4,265)
Other income		7,238		6,144		20,752		19,570
Total premiums and other revenues		733,344		793,716		2,248,219		2,290,072
BENEFITS, LOSSES AND EXPENSES Policyholder benefits								
Life		75,472		73,402		232,013		220,408
Annuity		29,960		56,963		102,770		155,100
Claims incurred		25,500		30,303		102,770		100,100
Accident and health		38,691		43,140		119,764		141,330
Property and casualty		215,226		208,917		685,168		702,134
Interest credited to policyholders account		,				000,000		
balances		82,813		110,847		288,343		284,733
Commissions for acquiring and servicing		32,315		110,017		200,8 18		20 .,700
policies		109,980		120,408		339,603		343,182
Other operating expenses		111,667		114,211		347,133		340,187
Change in deferred policy acquisition		,		,		- · , - ·		,
costs		(5,558)		(13,806)		(42,534)		(46,815)
Total benefits, losses and expenses		658,251		714,082		2,072,260		2,140,259
Income(loss) from continuing operations before federal income tax, and equity in earnings/losses of		75 002		70.624		175.050		140.012
unconsolidated affiliates		75,093		79,634		175,959		149,813

Edgar Filing: AMERICAN NATIONAL INSURANCE CO /TX/ - Form 10-Q

Provision (benefit) for federal income taxes								
Current		12,610		29,162		40,127		48,690
Deferred		6,444		2,095		656		(4,110)
Total provision (benefit) for federal income taxes		19,054		31,257		40,783		44,580
Equity in earnings (losses) of unconsolidated affiliates, net of tax		3,077		(144)		2,839		(75)
Income (loss) from continuing operations Income (loss) from discontinued		59,116		48,233		138,015		105,158
operations, net of tax (See Note 17)				(513)				1,488
Net income (loss) Less: Net income (loss) attributable to		59,116		47,720		138,015		106,646
noncontrolling interest, net of tax		1,547		664		1,906		(1,810)
Net income (loss) attributable to American National Insurance Company and Subsidiaries	\$	57,569	\$	47,056	\$	136,109	\$	108,456
Amounts available to American National Insurance Company common stockholders								
Earnings per share: Basic	\$	2.17	\$	1.77	\$	5.12	\$	4.08
Diluted	Ф	2.17	Ф	1.77	Ф	5.12	Ф	4.08
Ziatou		2.13		1.70		5.10		7.07
Weighted average common shares outstanding Weighted average common shares outstanding and dilutive potential		26,559,950		26,558,832		26,559,865		26,558,832
common shares		26,718,464		26,678,394		26,706,798		26,678,394
See accompanying notes to the unaudited consolidated financial statements.								

3

# AMERICAN NATIONAL INSURANCE COMPANY CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION

(Unaudited and in thousands, except for share and per share data)

	Se	ptember 30, 2011	De	ecember 31, 2010
ASSETS				
Fixed maturity, bonds held-to-maturity, at amortized cost (Fair Value				
\$9,949,686 and \$8,979,834)	\$	9,322,794	\$	8,513,550
Fixed maturity, bonds available-for-sale, at fair value (Amortized cost				
\$4,060,142 and \$3,925,317)		4,309,643		4,123,613
Equity securities, at fair value (Cost \$723,418 and \$720,665)		945,494		1,082,755
Mortgage loans on real estate, net of allowance		2,793,656		2,679,909
Policy loans		389,844		380,505
Investment real estate, net of accumulated depreciation of \$202,095 and				
\$202,111		461,710		521,768
Short-term investments		350,430		486,206
Other invested assets		96,655		119,251
Total investments		18,670,226		17,907,557
Cash and cash equivalents		100,100		101,449
Investments in unconsolidated affiliates		231,867		195,472
Accrued investment income		218,434		201,286
Reinsurance recoverables		411,999		355,188
Prepaid reinsurance premiums		73,228		75,542
Premiums due and other receivables		303,060		287,184
Deferred policy acquisition costs		1,353,340		1,318,426
Property and equipment, net		78,209		77,974
Current tax receivable		1,958		8,579
Other assets		135,362		138,978
Separate account assets		711,135		780,563
Total assets	\$	22,288,918	\$	21,448,198
LIABILITIES				
Future policy benefits:				
Life	\$	2,580,445	\$	2,539,334
Annuity		737,889		865,480
Accident and health		76,102		81,266
Policyholders account balances		11,449,494		10,475,159
Policy and contract claims		1,331,260		1,298,457
Unearned premium reserve		841,654		824,299
Other policyholder funds		270,625		277,285
Liability for retirement benefits		184,030		187,453
Current portion of long-term notes payable				47,632
Long-term notes payable		58,481		12,508
Deferred tax liabilities, net		20,421		53,737
Other liabilities		388,720		368,332

Edgar Filing: AMERICAN NATIONAL INSURANCE CO /TX/ - Form 10-Q

Separate account liabilities	711,135	780,563
Total liabilities	18,650,256	17,811,505
STOCKHOLDERS EQUITY		
Common stock, \$1.00 par value, Authorized 50,000,000 Issued 30,832,449,		
Outstanding 26,821,284 shares	30,832	30,832
Additional paid-in capital	18,526	15,190
Accumulated other comprehensive income	163,032	225,212
Retained earnings	3,534,063	3,459,911
Treasury stock, at cost	(98,490)	(98,494)
Total American National stockholders equity	3,647,963	3,632,651
Noncontrolling interest	(9,301)	4,042
Total stockholders equity	3,638,662	3,636,693
Total liabilities and stockholders equity	\$ 22,288,918	\$ 21,448,198

See accompanying notes to the unaudited consolidated financial statements.

4

**Table of Contents** 

# AMERICAN NATIONAL INSURANCE COMPANY CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

(Unaudited and in thousands, except for per share data)

	N	eptember		
Common Stock		2011	,	2010
Common Stock Balance at beginning and end of the period	\$	30,832	\$	30,832
Additional Paid-In Capital				
Balance as of January 1,		15,190		11,986
Issuance of treasury shares as restricted stock		(4)		
Income tax effect from restricted stock arrangement		(14)		2.260
Amortization of restricted stock		3,354		2,360
Balance at end of the period		18,526		14,346
Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)				
Balance as of January 1,		225,212		117,649
Change in unrealized gain (loss) on available-for-sale securities, net		(61,595)		99,612
Foreign exchange adjustments		(277)		69
Defined benefit plan adjustment		(308)		133
Balance at end of the period		163,032		217,463
Retained Earnings				
Balance as of January 1,		3,459,911		3,398,492
Net income (loss) attributable to American National Insurance Company and		126 100		100.456
Subsidiaries  Cook divides de te common etcalded des (\$2.21 per chare)		136,109		108,456
Cash dividends to common stockholders (\$2.31 per share)		(61,957)		(61,955)
Balance at end of the period		3,534,063		3,444,993
Treasury Stock				
Balance as of January 1,		(98,494)		(98,505)
Issuance of treasury shares as restricted stock		4		
Balance at end of the period		(98,490)		(98,505)
Noncontrolling Interest				
Balance as of January 1,		4,042		12,202
Contributions		29		843
Distributions		(15,278)		(944)

9

Gain (loss) attributable to noncontrolling interest		1,906		(1,810)
Balance at end of the period		(9,301)		10,291
Total Equity	ф	2 (20 ((2	Φ	2 (10 420
Balance at end of the period	\$	3,638,662	\$	3,619,420

## CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)

(Unaudited and in thousands)

	Three months ended September 30,				Nine months ended Septemb 30,			
		2011		2010		2011		2010
Net income (loss) attributable to American National Insurance Company and Subsidiaries	\$	57,569	\$	47,056	\$	136,109	\$	108,456
Other comprehensive income (loss), net of								
tax								
Change in unrealized gain (loss) on								
available-for-sale securities, net		(101,144)		103,635		(61,595)		99,612
Foreign exchange adjustments		(470)		137		(277)		69
Defined benefit plan adjustment		(120)		44		(308)		133
Total other comprehensive income (loss)		(101,734)		103,816		(62,180)		99,814
Total comprehensive income								
(loss) attributable to American National Insurance Company and Subsidiaries	\$	(44,165)	\$	150,872	\$	73,929	\$	208,270

See accompanying notes to the unaudited consolidated financial statements.

# AMERICAN NATIONAL INSURANCE COMPANY CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (Unaudited and in thousands)

	Nine months ended 30,			September		
		2011	-,	2010		
OPERATING ACTIVITIES						
Net income (loss)	\$	138,015	\$	106,646		
Adjustments to reconcile net income (loss) to net cash provided by operating						
activities:						
Realized investments (gains) losses		(62,488)		(57,223)		
Other-than-temporary impairments		4,851		4,265		
Amortization of discounts and premiums on bonds		12,755		12,353		
Net capitalized interest on policy loans and mortgage loans		(21,412)		(22,737)		
Depreciation		30,168		37,601		
Interest credited to policy holders account balances		288,343		284,733		
Charges to policyholders account balances		(141,860)		(138,066)		
Deferred federal income tax (benefit) expense		656		(2,764)		
Deferral of policy acquisition costs		(377,158)		(370,695)		
Amortization of deferred policy acquisition costs		334,624		323,880		
Equity in (earnings) losses of unconsolidated affiliates		(2,839)		75		
Changes in:						
Policyholder liabilities		122,824		119,524		
Reinsurance recoverables		(56,811)		4,475		
Premiums due and other receivables		(15,876)		(21,683)		
Accrued investment income		(17,148)		(14,332)		
Current tax receivable/payable		6,621		12,589		
Liability for retirement benefits		(3,423)		1,050		
Prepaid reinsurance premiums		2,314		6,231		
Other, net		23,318		6,548		
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities		265,474		292,470		
INVESTING ACTIVITIES						
Proceeds from sale/maturity/prepayment of:						
Bonds held-to-maturity		479,123		314,846		
Bonds available-for-sale		330,839		496,073		
Equity securities		76,082		96,528		
Real estate		91,679		28,802		
Mortgage loans		322,949		91,638		
Policy loans		39,317		37,734		
Other invested assets		29,039		8,613		
Disposals of property and equipment		1,358		751		
Distributions from unconsolidated affiliates		22,612		3,902		
Payment for the purchase/origination of:		,		•		
Bonds held-to-maturity		(1,284,363)		(802,600)		
Bonds available-for-sale		(466,316)		(395,588)		
Equity securities		(53,015)		(99,403)		

Real estate	(9,531)	(35,939)
Mortgage loans	(447,627)	(330,497)
Policy loans	(31,727)	(30,114)
Other invested assets	(29,107)	(31,189)
Additions to property and equipment	(13,555)	(7,029)
Contributions to unconsolidated affiliates	(58,560)	(20,882)
Change in short-term investments	135,776	(138,191)
Other, net	19,878	3,136
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	(845,149)	(809,409)
FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Policyholders account deposits	1,722,051	1,342,376
Policyholders account withdrawals	(1,064,860)	(750,417)
Change in notes payable	(1,659)	(790)
Dividends to stockholders	(61,957)	(61,955)
Proceeds from (payments to) noncontrolling interest	(15,249)	(101)
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	578,326	529,113
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	(1,349)	12,174
Beginning of the year	101,449	161,483
Cash attributed to assets held-for-sale (See Note 17)		(8,828)
Balance as of September 30,	\$ 100,100	\$ 164,829

See accompanying notes to the unaudited consolidated financial statements.

6

## NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 1. NATURE OF OPERATIONS

American National Insurance Company and its consolidated subsidiaries (collectively American National ) operate in the insurance industry. Operating on a multiple product line basis, American National offers a broad line of insurance coverage, including individual and group life insurance, health insurance, annuities, and property and casualty insurance. In addition, through non-insurance subsidiaries, American National invests in stocks and real estate. The majority of revenues are generated by the insurance business. Business is conducted in all states and the District of Columbia, as well as Puerto Rico, Guam and American Samoa. Various distribution systems are utilized, including multiple-line exclusive agents, independent agents, third-party marketing organizations, career agents, and direct sales to the public.

## 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND PRACTICES

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles ( GAAP ) and the rules and regulations of the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission ( SEC ) for Form 10-Q. In addition to GAAP, specific SEC requirements applicable to insurance companies are applied to the consolidated financial statements.

The interim consolidated financial statements and notes herein are unaudited. These interim consolidated financial statements reflect all adjustments, which are in the opinion of management, considered necessary for the fair presentation of the consolidated statements of operations, financial position, changes in equity, comprehensive income (loss), and cash flows for the interim periods. These interim consolidated financial statements and notes should be read in conjunction with the annual consolidated financial statements and notes thereto included in American National s Annual Report on Form 10-K as of and for the year ended December 31, 2010. The consolidated results of operations for the interim periods should not be considered indicative of results to be expected for the full year. American National consolidates all entities that are wholly-owned and those in which American National owns less than 100% but controls, as well as any variable interest entities in which American National is the primary beneficiary. Investments in unconsolidated affiliates are accounted for using the equity method of accounting. Certain amounts in prior years have been reclassified to conform to current year presentation.

The preparation of the consolidated financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires the use of estimates and assumptions that affect the reported consolidated financial statement balances. Actual results could differ from those estimates. The following estimates have been identified as critical in that they involve a high degree of judgment and are subject to a significant degree of variability:

Other-than-temporary impairment ( OTTI );

Deferred policy acquisition costs;

Reserves;

Reinsurance:

Pension and postretirement benefit plans;

Litigation contingencies; and

Federal income taxes.

As of September 30, 2011, American National s significant accounting policies and practices remain materially unchanged from those disclosed in Note 2, Summary of Significant Accounting Policies and Practices, of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements included in American National s 2010 Annual Report on Form 10-K.

7

## **3. RECENTLY ISSUED ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS Adoption of New Accounting Standards**

In January 2010, the FASB issued ASU No. 2010-06, Improving Disclosures about Fair Value Measurements. ASU 2010-06 was issued to improve and expand fair value disclosures. Newly required disclosures are as follows: 1) provide information about movements of assets among Levels 1 and 2 of the three-tier fair value hierarchy; 2) provide a reconciliation of purchases, sales, issuance, and settlements of anything valued with a Level 3 method; and 3) provide fair value disclosures for each class of assets and liabilities. This guidance is effective for interim and annual periods commencing after December 15, 2009, except for the disclosure of the reconciliation of the Level 3 activities, which is effective for annual periods commencing after December 15, 2010. American National adopted this guidance on January 1, 2010, except for the disclosure of the reconciliation of the Level 3 activities, which was adopted effective January 1, 2011. American National s adoption of this guidance did not have a material impact on its consolidated financial statements.

In April 2010, the FASB issued ASU No. 2010-15, How Investments Held through Separate Accounts Affect an Insurer's Consolidation Analysis of Those Investments. For accounting purposes, ASU 2010-15 clarifies that an insurance entity should not consider any separate account interests held for the benefit of policyholders in an investment to be the insurer's interests and should not combine those interests with its general account interest in the same investment when assessing the investment for consolidation, unless the separate account interests are held for the benefit of a related-party policyholder. This guidance also clarifies that for the purpose of evaluating whether the retention of specialized accounting for investments in consolidation is appropriate, a separate account arrangement should be considered a subsidiary. The amendments do not require an insurer to consolidate an investment in which a separate account holds a controlling financial interest if the investment is not or would not be consolidated in the stand-alone financial statements of the separate account. ASU 2010-15 is effective for interim and annual periods commencing after December 15, 2010. American National s adoption of this guidance did not have a material effect on its consolidated financial statements.

In July 2010, the FASB issued ASU No. 2010-20, Disclosures about the Credit Quality of Financing Receivables and the Allowance for Credit Losses. Additional disclosures are now required that enable readers of the financial statements to understand the nature of the credit risk inherent in the financing receivable portfolio, how the portfolio s credit risk is analyzed and assessed in order to arrive at the allowance for credit losses for each portfolio, and the changes and underlying reason for the changes in the allowance for credit losses for each portfolio. Disclosures previously required for financing receivables are now required to be disclosed on a disaggregated basis. In addition, new disclosures under ASU 2010-20 are required for each financing receivable class including credit quality indicators of financing receivables at the end of the reporting period, aging of past due financing receivables, the nature and extent of troubled debt restructurings that occurred during the reporting period, the nature and extent of financing receivables modified as troubled debt restructurings within the previous 12 months that defaulted during the reporting period, and significant purchases and sales of financing receivables during the reporting period. The ASU 2010-20 disclosures required as of the end of a reporting period are effective for interim and annual periods ending on or after December 15, 2010. Disclosures concerning the activity that occurs during a reporting period are effective for interim and annual periods beginning on or after December 15, 2010. American National adopted this guidance effective January 1, 2010, except for the disclosure requirements for activities that occur during a reporting period, which was adopted effective January 1, 2011. American National s adoption of this guidance did not have a material impact on its consolidated financial statements.

In January 2011, the FASB issued ASU No. 2011-01, Deferral of the Effective Date of Disclosures about Troubled Debt Restructurings in Update No. 2010-20. This update temporarily delays the effective date of the disclosures about troubled debt restructuring required within ASU 2010-20. The delay was intended to allow the FASB time to complete its deliberations on what constitutes a troubled debt restructuring. ASU 2011-01 is effective upon issuance. Accordingly, this update was retrospectively adopted on December 31, 2010 and did not have a material effect on American National s consolidated financial statements.

8

#### **Table of Contents**

In April 2011, the FASB issued ASU No. 2011-02, A Creditor's Determination of Whether a Restructuring is a Troubled Debt Restructuring. The new guidance clarifies the creditor's evaluation of whether it has granted a concession and whether a borrower is experiencing financial difficulties. In addition, the new guidance precludes the creditor from using the effective interest rate test in the borrower's guidance on restructuring payables when evaluating whether a restructuring constitutes a troubled debt restructuring. ASU 2011-02 is effective for public companies for interim and annual periods beginning on or after June 15, 2011 and must be applied retrospectively to restructurings occurring on or after the beginning of the year. American National's adoption of this guidance did not have a material effect on its consolidated financial statements.

## **Future Adoption of New Accounting Standards**

In October 2010, the FASB issued ASU No. 2010-26, Accounting for Costs Associated with Acquiring or Renewing Insurance Contracts. The new guidance redefines the term acquisition cost and added the term incremental direct cost of contract acquisition to the master glossary. These changes limit the deferrable cost to those costs that are related directly to the successful acquisition of insurance contracts and those that result directly from and are essential to the contract acquisition and costs that would have not been incurred had the contract acquisition not occurred. The new guidance also specifies that advertising costs should be deferred only if the capitalization criteria for direct-response advertising are met. ASU 2010-26 is effective for interim and annual periods, commencing after December 15, 2011. This guidance will be adopted by American National on January 1, 2012. American National is currently assessing the effect of ASU 2010-26 on its consolidated financial statements.

In May 2011, the FASB issued ASU No. 2011-04, Amendments to Achieve Common Fair Value Measurement and Disclosure Requirements in the U.S. GAAP and IFRSs. ASU 2011-04 clarifies the intent of the FASB about the application of existing fair value measurement and disclosure requirements such as: (1) the application of the highest and best use and valuation premise concepts; (2) a requirement specific to measuring the fair value of an instrument classified in a reporting entity s shareholders—equity; and (3) a requirement to disclose unobservable inputs used in the fair value of an instrument categorized within Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy. The new guidance also prohibits the use of block premiums and discounts for all fair value measurement, regardless of hierarchy. In addition, ASU 2011-04 expands the disclosures about fair value measurements. ASU 2011-04 is effective for interim and annual periods, beginning after December 15, 2011. American National is currently assessing the effect of ASU 2011-04 on its consolidated financial statements.

In June 2011, the FASB issued ASU No. 2011-05, Presentation of Comprehensive Income. ASU 2011-05 makes the presentation of other comprehensive income (OCI) more prominent by giving reporting entities two presentation options. Reporting entities can present the total net income and total OCI along with their respective components as one continuous statement or as two separate consecutive statements. The new guidance also eliminates the option to present OCI in the statement of changes in stockholders—equity. In addition, the new guidance requires reporting entities to present reclassification adjustments from OCI to net income on the face of the financial statements. ASU 2011-05 is effective for interim and annual periods, beginning after December 15, 2011. American National—s adoption of this guidance on January 1, 2012 is not expected to have a material effect on its consolidated financial statements.

9

### **Table of Contents**

In July 2011, the FASB issued ASU No. 2011-06, Fees Paid to the Federal Government by Health Insurers. ASU 2011-06 addresses questions about how health insurers should recognize and classify in their income statements fees mandated by the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act, which imposes an annual fee on health insurers for each calendar year beginning on or after January 1, 2014. The new guidance specifies that the liability for the fee should be estimated and recorded in full once the entity provides qualifying health insurance in the applicable calendar year. The corresponding deferred cost is then amortized to expense using a straight-line method of allocation unless another method better allocates the fee over the calendar year that it is payable. ASU 2011-06 is effective for calendar years beginning after December 31, 2013. American National s adoption of this guidance on January 1, 2014 is not expected to have a material effect on its consolidated financial statements.

In September 2011, the FASB issued ASU No. 2011-08, Testing Goodwill for Impairment. ASU 2011-08 allows an assessment of qualitative factors to determine if it is more likely than not that the fair value of a reporting unit is less than its carrying value as a basis to determining whether the two-step goodwill impairment test is necessary. ASU 2011-08 is effective for interim and annual periods beginning after December 15, 2011. American National s adoption of this guidance on January 1, 2012 is not expected to have a material effect on its consolidated financial statements.

10

## **Table of Contents**

## 4. INVESTMENTS

The cost or amortized cost and estimated fair value of investments in fixed maturity and equity securities are shown below (in thousands):

	Cost or Amortized	Septemb Gross Unrealized	oer 30, 2011 Gross Unrealized	Estimated Fair
	Cost	Gains	Losses	Value
Fixed maturity securities				
Bonds held-to-maturity				
U.S. treasury and other U.S. government				
corporations and agencies	\$ 22,277	\$ 231	\$	\$ 22,508
States of the U.S. and political subdivisions of	411.676	20.700	(61)	441.055
the states	411,656	29,780	(61)	441,375
Foreign governments	29,038	4,698	(26.240)	33,736
Corporate debt securities	8,041,927	575,753	(26,349)	8,591,331
Residential mortgage-backed securities	740,757	58,168	(3,456)	795,469
Commercial mortgage-backed securities Collateralized debt securities	31,340	45	(14,693)	16,647
Other debt securities	7,142 38,657	45 3,789	(1,013)	6,174 42,446
Other debt securities	38,037	3,789		42,440
Total bonds held-to-maturity	9,322,794	672,464	(45,572)	9,949,686
Bonds available-for-sale U.S. treasury and other U.S. government corporations and agencies	9,955	1,138	(1)	11,092
States of the U.S. and political subdivisions of	9,933	1,136	(1)	11,092
the states	578,274	36,531	(123)	614,682
Foreign governments	5,000	2,437		7,437
Corporate debt securities	3,223,097	227,317	(33,215)	3,417,199
Residential mortgage-backed securities	211,733	13,796	(825)	224,704
Collateralized debt securities	17,945	1,644	(228)	19,361
Other debt securities	14,138	1,030		15,168
Total bonds available-for-sale	4,060,142	283,893	(34,392)	4,309,643
Total fixed maturity securities	13,382,936	956,357	(79,964)	14,259,329
Equity securities				
Common stock	692,460	246,896	(31,468)	907,888
Preferred stock	30,958	8,068	(1,420)	37,606
Total equity securities	723,418	254,964	(32,888)	945,494

**Total investments in securities** 

\$ 14,106,354

\$ 1,211,321

\$ (112,852)

15,204,823

11

## **Table of Contents**

	Cost or Amortized	Decemb Gross Unrealized	er 31, 2010 Gross Unrealized	Estimated Fair
	Cost	Gains	Losses	Value
Fixed maturity securities	2 222	2 332232		
Bonds held-to-maturity				
U.S. treasury and other U.S. government				
corporations and agencies	\$ 23,117	\$ 288	\$	\$ 23,405
States of the U.S. and political subdivisions of				
the states	422,249	7,117	(6,920)	422,446
Foreign governments	29,020	4,910		33,930
Corporate debt securities	7,293,501	478,353	(33,077)	7,738,777
Residential mortgage-backed securities	661,516	33,702	(3,398)	691,820
Commercial mortgage-backed securities	31,340		(17,758)	13,582
Collateralized debt securities	8,562	80	(327)	8,315
Other debt securities	44,245	3,314		47,559
Total bonds held-to-maturity	8,513,550	527,764	(61,480)	8,979,834
Bonds available-for-sale				
U.S. treasury and other U.S. government				
corporations and agencies	13,268	643	(4)	13,907
States of the U.S. and political subdivisions of				
the states	583,163	15,142	(4,193)	594,112
Foreign governments	5,000	1,967	(= < =0=)	6,967
Corporate debt securities	3,030,671	197,485	(26,587)	3,201,569
Residential mortgage-backed securities	259,560	13,250	(1,417)	271,393
Collateralized debt securities	19,468	1,459	(218)	20,709
Other debt securities	14,187	769		14,956
Total bonds available-for-sale	3,925,317	230,715	(32,419)	4,123,613
Total fixed maturity securities	12,438,867	758,479	(93,899)	13,103,447
Equity securities				
Common stock	690,245	361,048	(5,405)	1,045,888
Preferred stock	30,420	6,714	(267)	36,867
Total equity securities	720,665	367,762	(5,672)	1,082,755
Total investments in securities	\$ 13,159,532	\$ 1,126,241	\$ (99,571)	<b>\$ 14,186,202</b>

12

#### **Investment securities**

Actual maturities will differ from contractual maturities because borrowers may have the right to call or prepay obligations with or without call or prepayment penalties. Residential and commercial mortgage-backed securities, which are not due at a single maturity, have been allocated to their respective categories based on the year of final contractual maturity. The amortized cost and estimated fair value, by contractual maturity of fixed maturity securities are shown below (in thousands):

	<b>September 30, 2011</b>							
	Bonds Hel	ld-to-	Maturity	<b>Bonds Ava</b>	nds Available-for-Sale			
		I	Estimated		]	Estimated		
	Amortized		Fair	Amortized		Fair		
	Cost		Value	Cost		Value		
Due in one year or less	\$ 815,499	\$	830,484	\$ 211,463	\$	216,539		
Due after one year through five years	3,557,030		3,795,130	1,861,964		1,968,865		
Due after five years through ten years	3,917,217		4,219,597	1,499,334		1,596,808		
Due after ten years	1,027,198		1,099,991	482,381		523,691		
	9,316,944		9,945,202	4,055,142		4,305,903		
Without single maturity date	5,850		4,484	5,000		3,740		
Total	\$ 9,322,794	\$	9,949,686	\$ 4,060,142	\$	4,309,643		

Available-for-sale securities are sold throughout the year for various reasons. All gains and losses were determined using specific identification of the securities sold. Proceeds from the sales of these securities, with the gross realized gains and losses, are shown below (in thousands):

	Three months ended September 30,			Nine months ended September 30,				
		2011		2010		2011		2010
Proceeds from sales of available-for-sale								
securities	\$	23,224	\$	120,348	\$	122,574	\$	325,848
Gross realized gains		11,702		8,610		32,679		31,485
Gross realized losses				(23)		(840)		(1,170)

There were no securities transferred from held-to-maturity to available-for-sale during the nine months ended September 30, 2011 and 2010.

### **Derivative Instruments**

American National purchases derivative contracts (equity-indexed options) that serve as economic hedges against fluctuations in the equity markets to which equity-indexed annuity products are exposed. Equity-indexed annuities include a fixed host annuity contract and an equity-indexed embedded derivative. These derivative instruments are not designated as accounting hedges. The following tables detail the volume, estimated fair value and the gains or losses on derivatives related to equity-indexed annuities (in thousands):

	Location of Asset (Liability)	Sep	tember 30	, 2011	December 31,		2010	
		Number			Number			
Derivatives Not Designated	Reported in the Consolidated	of	Notional	Estimated	of	Notional	Estimated	

as Hedging Instruments	Statements of Financial Position	nstruments Amounts	Fair Value In	struments Amount	Fair s Value
Equity-indexed options Equity-indexed annuity embedded derivative	Other invested assets Future policy benefits - Annuity	322 \$770,800 13,464 651,500	. ,	286 \$668,80 12,663 591,10	

	Location of Gains (Losses)	Gains (Losses) Recognized in Income of Derivatives								
Derivatives Not Designated as Hedging Instruments	Recognized in the Consolidated Statements of Operations	Three mon Septem 2011		Nine mon Septem 2011						
Equity-indexed options Equity-indexed annuity embedded derivative	Net investment income Interest credited to policyholders account balances	\$ (23,449) 4,299	\$ 10,231 2,473	\$ (18,152) 7,907	\$ (1,658) (10,438)					

13

## **Table of Contents**

## Unrealized gains (losses) on securities

Unrealized gains (losses) on available-for-sale securities, presented in the stockholders equity section of the consolidated statements of financial position, are net of deferred tax expense of \$130,510,000 and \$158,200,000 as of September 30, 2011 and 2010, respectively.

The change in the net unrealized gains (losses) on available-for-sale securities are shown below (in thousands):

	N	line months en	eptember
		2011	2010
Bonds available-for-sale	\$	51,205	\$ 212,830
Equity securities		(140,014)	29,470
Adjustment to deferred policy acquisition costs		(7,620)	(80,063)
		(96,429)	162,237
Less: Provision (benefit) for federal income taxes		(33,717)	56,760
Change in unrealized (gains) lasses of investments attributable to		(62,712)	105,477
Change in unrealized (gains) losses of investments attributable to participating policyholders interest		1,117	(5,865)
Total	\$	(61,595)	\$ 99,612

Gross unrealized losses on investment securities and the estimated fair value of the related securities, aggregated by investment category and length of time that individual securities have been in a continuous unrealized loss position, are shown below (in thousands):

	<b>September 30, 2011</b>												
	Less	than	12	months		12 Mont	hs or	more	Total				
	Unreali	zed	$\mathbf{E}$	<b>Estimated</b>		Unrealized		<b>Estimated</b>		Unrealized		<b>Estimated</b>	
	Losse	S	Fa	air Value	I	osses	Fa	ir Value	I	Losses	Fa	ir Value	
Fixed maturity securities													
Bonds held-to-maturity													
States of the U.S. and													
political subdivisions of the													
states	\$	55	\$	5,307	\$	6	\$	153	\$	61	\$	5,460	
Corporate debt securities	22,6	07		710,530		3,742		52,982		26,349		763,512	
Residential mortgage-backed													
securities	1	63		12,712		3,293		38,497		3,456		51,209	
Commercial													
mortgage-backed securities						14,693		16,647		14,693		16,647	
Collateralized debt securities						1,013		4,511		1,013		4,511	
Total bonds													
held-to-maturity	22,8	25		728,549		22,747		112,790		45,572		841,339	
Bonds available-for-sale													
		1		3,304						1		3,304	

U.S. treasury and other U.S.						
government corporations and						
agencies						
States of the U.S. and						
political subdivisions of the						
states	123	3,617		214	123	3,831
Corporate debt securities	12,730	336,983	20,485	110,058	33,215	447,041
Residential mortgage-backed						
securities	108	33,105	717	13,656	825	46,761
Collateralized debt securities			228	3,399	228	3,399
Total bonds						
available-for-sale	12,962	377,009	21,430	127,327	34,392	504,336
Total fixed maturity						
securities	35,787	1,105,558	44,177	240,117	79,964	1,345,675
Equity sognities						
Equity securities Common stock	31,322	178,166	146	1,171	31,468	179,337
Preferred stock	· ·	· ·	140	1,1/1		11,031
	1,420	11,031	1.1.6	1 171	1,420	·
Total equity securities	32,742	189,197	146	1,171	32,888	190,368
<b>Total investments in</b>						
securities	\$ 68,529	\$ 1,294,755	\$ 44,323	\$ 241,288	\$ 112,852	\$ 1,536,043

14

	Less than 12 months		12 Mont	er 31, 2010 hs or more	Total Unrealized Estimated			
	Unrealized Losses	Estimated Fair Value	Unrealized Losses	Estimated Fair Value	Unrealized Losses	Estimated Fair Value		
Fixed maturity securities Bonds held-to-maturity States of the U.S. and political subdivisions of the	Lusses	ran value	Lusses	ran value	Lusses	ran value		
states Corporate debt securities	\$ 6,898 22,493	\$ 195,634 912,554	\$ 22 10,584	\$ 878 128,721	\$ 6,920 33,077	\$ 196,512 1,041,275		
Residential mortgage-backed securities Commercial mortgage-backed	579	57,160	2,819	64,798	3,398	121,958		
securities Collateralized debt securities			17,758 327	13,583 5,465	17,758 327	13,583 5,465		
Total bonds held-to-maturity	29,970	1,165,348	31,510	213,445	61,480	1,378,793		
Bonds available-for-sale U.S. treasury and other U.S. government corporations and								
agencies States of the U.S. and political subdivisions of the	4	7,040			4	7,040		
states Corporate debt securities	4,193 8,378	151,860 249,240	18,209	159,227	4,193 26,587	151,860 408,467		
Residential mortgage-backed securities Collateralized debt securities	81	26,909	1,336 218	29,393 4,664	1,417 218	56,302 4,664		
Total bonds available-for-sale	12,656	435,049	19,763	193,284	32,419	628,333		
Total fixed maturity securities	42,626	1,600,397	51,273	406,729	93,899	2,007,126		
Equity securities Common stock	2 202	57 701	2,103	27.470	5 405	05 260		
Preferred stock	3,302 231	57,781 6,133	2,103	37,479 4,464	5,405 267	95,260 10,597		
Total equity securities	3,533	63,914	2,139	41,943	5,672	105,857		
Total investments in securities	\$ 46,159	\$ 1,664,311	\$ 53,412	\$ 448,672	\$ 99,571	\$ 2,112,983		

For all investment securities with an unrealized loss, including those in an unrealized loss position for 12 months or more, American National performs a quarterly analysis to determine if an OTTI loss should be recorded. As of September 30, 2011, the securities with unrealized losses were not deemed to be other-than-temporarily impaired. Even though the duration of the unrealized losses on some of the securities exceeds one year, American National has no intent to sell and it is not more-likely-than-not that American National will be required to sell these securities prior to recovery, and recovery is expected in a reasonable period of time.

15

## **Table of Contents**

## Net investment income and realized investments gains (losses)

Net investment income and realized investments gains (losses) before federal income taxes are shown below (in thousands):

	Net Investment Income									
		Three months ended September 30,				Nine months ended Septemb 30,				
		2011		2010		2011		2010		
Bonds	\$	175,183	\$	164,026	\$	519,582	\$	489,325		
Equity securities		6,357		5,603		19,764		17,731		
Mortgage loans		49,471		42,901		152,178		124,743		
Real estate		32,490		39,243		87,065		100,842		
Options		(23,449)		10,231		(18,152)		(1,658)		
Other invested assets		12,022		10,263		32,336		30,975		
		252,074		272,267		792,773		761,958		
Investment expenses		(26,132)		(34,186)		(77,587)		(93,994)		
Total	\$	225,942	\$	238,081	\$	715,186	\$	667,964		

	Realized Investment Gains (Losses)									
		Three mor	ths (	ended	Nine months ended Septembe					
		Septem	ber (	30,		3	0,			
		2011		2010		2011		2010		
Bonds	\$	788	\$	7,631	\$	13,895	\$	24,183		
Equity securities		11,975		3,869		30,789		13,888		
Mortgage loans		4,968				4,968				
Real estate		(338)		8,814		12,775		10,816		
Other invested assets		(412)		(1,024)		(489)		(1,078)		
		16,981		19,290		61,938		47,809		
Change in allowances		550		851		550		6,893		
Total	\$	17,531	\$	20,141	\$	62,488	\$	54,702		

The other-than-temporary impairments which are not included in the realized investments gains (losses) above are shown below (in thousands):

		ree months en	_	eptember	Nine months ended September 30,				
		2011		2010		2011	2010		
Equity securities	\$	(4,851)	\$	(1,515)	\$	(4,851)	\$	(4,265)	

16

### 5. VARIABLE INTEREST ENTITIES

In the normal course of investment activities, American National and its wholly-owned subsidiaries enter into various real estate partnership agreements. Generally, real estate partnership opportunities are presented to American National by a sponsor, with the significant activities being conducted on behalf of the sponsor. American National participates in the design of these entities, but in most cases, American National s involvement is limited to financing. Through analysis performed by American National, some of these partnerships have been determined to be variable interest entities (VIEs). In certain instances, in addition to an economic interest in the entity, American National holds the power to direct the most significant activities of the entity and is deemed the primary beneficiary or consolidator of the entity. The assets of the consolidated VIEs are restricted and must be used first to settle the liabilities of the VIE. Creditors or beneficial interest holders of these VIEs have no recourse to the general credit of American National, as American National s obligation is limited to the amount of its committed investment. The total assets and liabilities relating to VIEs in which American National is the primary beneficiary and which are consolidated in its financial statements for the periods indicated are as follows (in thousands):

	$\mathbf{S}$	eptember		
		30,	Dec	cember 31,
		2011		2010
Investment real estate	\$	154,751	\$	156,441
Short-term investments		3,364		1,991
Cash and cash equivalents		1,463		1,164
Accrued investment income		2,047		2,035
Other receivables		14,191		16,524
Other assets		4,384		3,884
Total assets of consolidated VIEs	\$	180,200	\$	182,039
Notes payable	\$	58,481	\$	60,140
Other liabilities		2,553		3,499
Total liabilities of consolidated VIEs	\$	61,034	\$	63,639

For other real estate partnerships in which American National is a partner, the major decisions that most significantly impact the economic activities of the partnership require unanimous consent of all partners. American National is not the primary beneficiary and these entities were not consolidated. The following table presents the carrying amount and maximum exposure to loss relating to VIEs for which American National holds significant variable interests but is not the primary beneficiary and which have not been consolidated (in thousands):

	September 30, 2011			<b>December 31, 2010</b>				
		arrying Amount	Maximum Exposure to Loss		Carrying Amount		Maximum Exposure to Loss	
Investment in unconsolidated affiliates	\$	76,297	\$	76,297	\$	36,226	\$	36,226

Financial or other support was not provided to investees designated as VIEs in the form of liquidity arrangements, guarantees, or other commitments by third parties that may affect the fair value or risk of American National s variable interest in the investees designated as VIEs as of September 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010.

17

### 6. CREDIT LOSSES

A financing receivable is a contractual right to receive money on demand or on fixed or determinable dates that is recognized as an asset in a company s statement of financial position. Commercial mortgage loans on real estate are the only financing receivables reported by American National.

## Nonaccrual and Past Due Mortgage Loans

Interest ceases to be accrued for loans on which interest is more than 90 days past due, when the collection of interest is not considered probable, or when a loan is in foreclosure. Interest received on non-accrual status mortgage loans is included in net investment income in the period received. Once a loan becomes current, it is placed back into accrual status.

The amounts of commercial mortgage loans placed on nonaccrual status are shown in the table below (in thousands):

	September 30, 2011			
Office Retail	\$ 8,436 10,857	\$	3,685	
Total	\$ 19,293	\$	3,685	

The age analysis of past due commercial mortgage loans is shown in the table below (in thousands):

				Septer	nbei	r <mark>30, 2011</mark>				
	30-59	60-89	Gr	eater		Total				
	Days Past	Days Past	Т	han		Past			I	Total Mortgage
	Due	Due	90	Days		Due	(	Current		Loans
Office	\$	\$	\$	8,436	\$	8,436	\$	881,852	\$	890,288
Industrial Retail				10,857		10,857		703,019 542,167		703,019 553,024
Other								680,855		680,855
Total	\$	\$	\$	19,293	\$	19,293	\$ 2	2,807,893	\$	2,827,186

			Dec	ember 31, 2010			
	30-59	60-89	Greater	Total			
	Days		Than	Past			Total
	Past Due	Past Due	90 Days	Due	Current	Mortgage Loans	
Office Industrial	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$ 798,651 858,241	\$	798,651 858,241
Retail Other	8,579		3,685	12,264	456,983 596,763		469,247 596,763
Total	\$ 8,579	\$	\$ 3,685	s \$ 12,264	\$ 2,710,638	\$	2,722,902

18

#### **Allowance for Credit Losses**

Each loan is evaluated quarterly and placed in a watchlist if events occur or circumstances exist that could indicate that American National will be unable to collect all amounts due according to the contractual terms of the loan. If, in evaluating loans for inclusion in the watchlist, sufficient analysis is performed to conclude that a loan is fully collectible, no allowance is required. All loans in the watchlist are then analyzed individually for impairment. Fair value is determined by estimating the present value of future cash flows or the fair value of the underlying collateral. Estimation techniques vary depending on the quality of available data, the type of collateral, and other factors. When the fair value analysis shows that not all of the amount due is collectible, the difference between the estimated fair value and the loan balance is recorded as an allowance (a loss). The allowance is reviewed quarterly to determine whether further allowance is required, or whether recovery of the asset is assured and the allowance can be reduced. Loans not evaluated individually for collectibility are segregated by collateral property-type and location and allowance factors are applied. These factors are developed annually, and reviewed quarterly based on our historical loss experience adjusted for the expected trend in the rate of foreclosure losses. Allowance factors are higher for loans of certain property types and in certain regions based on loss experience or a blended historical loss factor. The allowance for credit losses and unpaid principal balance in commercial mortgage loans are shown in the table below (in thousands):

	Collectively Evaluated for Impairment			dividually valuated for apairment	Total		
Allowance for credit losses December 31, 2010	\$	11,395	\$	2,393	\$	13,788	
Write down	Ψ	11,393	φ	(1,900)	Ψ	(1,900)	
Change in allowance		(567)				(567)	
September 30, 2011	\$	10,828	\$	493	\$	11,321	
Unpaid principal balance September 30, 2011	\$	2,697,148	\$	130,038	\$ 2	,827,186	
December 31, 2010	\$	2,481,997	\$	240,905	\$ 2	,722,902	

## **Impaired loans**

Mortgage loans on real estate are considered impaired when, based on current information and events, it is probable that American National will be unable to collect all amounts due according to the contractual terms of the loan agreement. American National closely monitors its commercial mortgage loan portfolio on a loan-by-loan basis. Loans with an estimated collateral value less than the loan balance, as well as loans with other characteristics indicative of higher than normal credit risks are reviewed quarterly for purposes of establishing an allowance for credit losses and placing loans on non-accrual status as necessary. The allowance account for mortgage loans on real estate is maintained at a level believed adequate by management and reflects management s best estimate of probable credit losses, including losses incurred at the reporting date but not yet identified by specific loan. Management s periodic evaluation of the adequacy of the allowance for credit losses is based on past loan loss experience, known and inherent risks in the portfolio, adverse situations that may affect the borrower s ability to repay, the estimated value of the underlying collateral, composition of the loan portfolio, current economic conditions and other relevant factors. Loans are charged off as uncollectible only when the loan is forgiven by a legal agreement. Prior to charging off the loan, an allowance is recorded based on the estimated recoverable amount. Upon forgiveness, the allowance is reduced which results in no further gain or loss.

### **Table of Contents**

The detail of loans individually evaluated for impairment with and without an allowance recorded by collateral property-type is shown in the tables below (in thousands):

		ecorded vestment	P	Nine month Unpaid rincipal Balance	R	ed Septem elated owance	A R	0, 2011 Everage ecorded vestment	Iı	nterest ncome ognized
With an allowance recorded Retail	\$		\$	493	\$	493	\$		\$	
Without an allowance recorded										
Office	\$	15,442	\$	15,442	\$		\$	11,939	\$	871
Industrial								59,630		
Retail		15,676		15,676				13,706		1,099
Other		98,427		98,427				95,415		4,818
Total without an allowance recorded	\$	129,545	\$	129,545	\$		\$	180,690	\$	6,788
			Twelve months ended December 31, 2010							
					ths end	ded Decen		•		
		ecorded vestment	P	Unpaid rincipal	R	elated	A R	verage ecorded	Iı	nterest ncome
With an allowance recorded		ecorded vestment	P	Unpaid	R		A R	verage	Iı	
With an allowance recorded Retail			P	Unpaid rincipal	R	elated	A R	verage ecorded	Iı	ncome
	In	vestment	P I	Unpaid rincipal Balance	R All	elated owance	A R In	ecorded vestment	Iı Rec	ncome ognized
Retail	In	vestment	P I	Unpaid rincipal Balance	R All	elated owance	A R In	ecorded vestment	Iı Rec	ncome ognized
Retail  Without an allowance recorded	<b>In</b> \$	<b>6,679</b>	P 1	Unpaid rincipal Balance 9,072	R All	elated owance	R R In	ecorded vestment 7,573	In Rec	ncome ognized
Retail  Without an allowance recorded Office	<b>In</b> \$	8,436 119,260 11,735	P 1	9,072 8,436 119,260 11,735	R All	elated owance	R R In	xverage ecorded vestment 7,573 8,436 119,285 13,011	In Rec	ncome ognized 406
Retail  Without an allowance recorded Office Industrial	<b>In</b> \$	8,436 119,260	P 1	Unpaid Principal Balance 9,072 8,436 119,260	R All	elated owance	R R In	2,573 8,436 119,285	In Rec	acome ognized 406
Retail  Without an allowance recorded Office Industrial Retail	<b>In</b> \$	8,436 119,260 11,735	P 1	9,072 8,436 119,260 11,735	R All	elated owance	R R In	xverage ecorded vestment 7,573 8,436 119,285 13,011	In Rec	406 5,333 1,220

### **Credit Quality Indicators**

The credit quality of the mortgage loan portfolio is assessed monthly to determine the credit risk of each borrower. A loan is classified as performing or non-performing based on whether all of the contractual terms of the loan have been met. Retail loans classified as non-performing amounted to \$10,857,000 and \$3,685,000 as of September 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010, respectively. Office loans classified as non-performing amounted to \$8,436,000 and \$0 at September 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010, respectively. All other loans were classified as performing. During the nine months ended September 30, 2011, American National sold one industrial loan with a recorded investment of \$27,532,000 and realized a gain of \$4,968,000.

There were no troubled debt restructurings during the nine months ended September 30, 2011.

# **Table of Contents**

# 7. CREDIT RISK MANAGEMENT

American National employs a strategy to invest funds at the highest return possible commensurate with sound and prudent underwriting practices to ensure a well-diversified investment portfolio.

#### **Bonds**

Management believes American National s bond portfolio is diversified and of investment grade. The bond portfolio distributed by credit quality rating, using both S&P and Moody s ratings, is shown below:

AAA	September 30, 2011	December 31, 2010
	8.5%	10.0%
AA	12.2	10.2
A	38.5	37.0
BBB	36.6	37.2
BB and below	4.2	5.6
Total	100.0%	100.0%

# **Equity Securities**

American National s equity securities by market sector distribution are shown below:

	September 30, 2011	December 31, 2010
Consumer goods	20.9%	20.7%
Energy and utilities	17.9	18.5
Financials	17.6	16.6
Information technology	16.1	16.3
Healthcare	11.2	10.4
Industrials	8.8	10.3
Communications	4.5	4.2
Materials	2.8	3.0
Other	0.2	
Total	100.0%	100.0%

#### Mortgage loans and investment real estate

American National makes mortgage loans and invests in real estate primarily in the commercial sector in areas that offer the potential for property value appreciation. Generally, mortgage loans are secured by first liens on income-producing real estate. American National attempts to maintain a diversified portfolio of mortgage loans and real estate properties by considering the property-type as well as the geographic distribution of the property, which is the underlying mortgage collateral or investment property.

Mortgage loans and investment real estate by property-type distribution are as follows:

	Mortga	ge Loans	<b>Investment Real Estate</b>			
	September 30, 2011	December 31, 2010	September 30, 2011	December 31, 2010		
Office buildings	31.4%	29.3%	22.5%	20.8%		
Industrial	24.9	31.5	16.8	24.1		
Shopping centers	19.6	17.3	39.6	35.6		
Hotels and motels	11.9	12.5	2.1	2.0		
Other	12.2	9.4	19.0	17.5		
Total	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%		

Mortgage loans and investment real estate by geographic distribution are as follows:

	Mortgag	ge Loans	<b>Investment Real Estate</b>			
	September 30, 2011	December 31, 2010	September 30, 2011	December 31, 2010		
West South Central	24.8%	23.0%	67.6%	61.2%		
South Atlantic	21.3	19.3	11.4	18.4		
East North Central	18.6	20.4	5.4	5.6		
Pacific	10.3	9.4	2.4	2.2		
Mountain	7.0	7.4	7.1	1.3		
Middle Atlantic	5.8	6.2				
East South Central	5.7	6.5	5.2	10.1		
West North Central	3.1	4.1	0.9	1.2		
New England	2.8	3.1				
Other	0.6	0.6				
Total	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%		

22

# 8. FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The carrying amount and estimated fair value of financial instruments are shown below (in thousands):

	Septembe	er 30, 2011	December 31, 2010			
	Carrying	Estimated	Carrying	Estimated		
	Amount	Fair Value	Amount	Fair Value		
Financial assets:						
Fixed maturity securities						
Bonds held-to-maturity						
U.S. treasury and other U.S. government						
corporations and agencies	\$ 22,277	\$ 22,508	\$ 23,117	\$ 23,405		
States of the U.S. and political subdivisions of						
the states	411,656	441,375	422,249	422,446		
Foreign governments	29,038	33,736	29,020	33,930		
Corporate debt securities	8,041,927	8,591,331	7,293,501	7,738,777		
Residential mortgage-backed securities	740,757	795,469	661,516	691,820		
Commercial mortgage-backed securities	31,340	16,647	31,340	13,582		
Collateralized debt securities	7,142	6,174	8,562	8,315		
Other debt securities	38,657	42,446	44,245	47,559		
Total bonds held-to-maturity	9,322,794	9,949,686	8,513,550	8,979,834		
Bonds available-for-sale						
U.S. treasury and other U.S. government						
corporations and agencies	11,092	11,092	13,907	13,907		
States of the U.S. and political subdivisions of						
the states	614,682	614,682	594,112	594,112		
Foreign governments	7,437	7,437	6,967	6,967		
Corporate debt securities	3,417,199	3,417,199	3,201,569	3,201,569		
Residential mortgage-backed securities	224,704	224,704	271,393	271,393		
Collateralized debt securities	19,361	19,361	20,709	20,709		
Other debt securities	15,168	15,168	14,956	14,956		
Total bonds available-for-sale	4,309,643	4,309,643	4,123,613	4,123,613		
<b>Total fixed maturity securities</b>	13,632,437	14,259,329	12,637,163	13,103,447		
Equity securities						
Common stock	907,888	907,888	1,045,888	1,045,888		
Preferred stock	37,606	37,606	36,867	36,867		
Total equity securities	945,494	945,494	1,082,755	1,082,755		
Options	49,707	49,707	66,716	66,716		
Mortgage loans on real estate, net of allowance	2,793,656	2,913,882	2,679,909	2,703,674		
Policy loans	389,844	389,844	380,505	380,505		
Short-term investments	350,430	350,430	486,206	486,206		
Separate account assets	711,135	711,135	780,563	780,563		

Edgar Filing: AMERICAN NATIONAL INSURANCE CO /TX/ - Form 10-Q

Total financial assets	\$18,872,703	\$ 19,619,821	\$18,113,817	\$ 18,603,866
Financial liabilities: Investment contracts Liability for embedded derivatives of	\$ 9,458,567	9,458,567	\$ 8,586,041	\$ 8,586,041
equity-indexed annuities	42,898	42,898	59,644	59,644
Notes payable	58,481	58,481	60,140	60,140
Separate account liabilities	711,135	711,135	780,563	780,563
<b>Total financial liabilities</b>	\$10,271,081	\$ 10,271,081	\$ 9,486,388	\$ 9,486,388

Fair value is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability. A fair value hierarchy is used to determine fair value based on a hypothetical transaction at the measurement date from the perspective of a market participant. An asset or liability s classification within the fair value hierarchy is based on the lowest level of significant input to its valuation. The input levels are defined as follows:

Level 1 Unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities. American National defines active markets based on average trading volume for equity securities. The size of the bid/ask spread is used as an indicator of market activity for equity securities.

23

#### **Table of Contents**

Level 2

Quoted prices in markets that are not active or inputs that are observable directly or indirectly. Level 2 inputs include quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities other than quoted prices in Level 1; quoted prices in markets that are not active; or other inputs that are observable or can be derived principally from or corroborated by observable market data for substantially the full term of the assets or liabilities.

Level 3

Unobservable inputs that are supported by little or no market activity and are significant to the fair value of the assets or liabilities. Unobservable inputs reflect American National s own assumptions about the assumptions that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability. Level 3 assets and liabilities include financial instruments whose values are determined using pricing models and third-party evaluation, as well as instruments for which the determination of fair value requires significant management judgment or estimation.

American National has evaluated the types of securities in its investment portfolio to determine an appropriate fair value hierarchy level based upon trading activity and the observability of market inputs. Based on the results of this evaluation and investment class analysis, each price was classified into Level 1, 2, or 3.

American National utilizes a pricing service to estimate fair value measurements for approximately 99.0% of fixed maturity securities. The pricing service utilizes market quotations for fixed maturity securities that have quoted prices in active markets. Since fixed maturity securities generally do not trade on a daily basis, the pricing service prepares estimates of fair value measurements for these securities using its proprietary pricing applications, which include available relevant market information, benchmark curves, benchmarking of like securities, sector groupings and matrix pricing. Additionally, the pricing service uses an option adjusted spread model to develop prepayment and interest rate scenarios.

The pricing service evaluates each asset class based on relevant market information, relevant credit information, perceived market movements and sector news. The market inputs utilized in the pricing evaluation, listed in the approximate order of priority, include: benchmark yields, reported trades, broker/dealer quotes, issuer spreads, two-sided markets, benchmark securities, bids, offers, reference data, and economic events. The extent of the use of each market input depends on the asset class and the market conditions. Depending on the security, the priority of the use of inputs may change or some market inputs may not be relevant. For some securities, additional inputs may be necessary.

American National has reviewed the inputs and methodology used by the pricing service and the techniques applied by the pricing service to produce quotes that represent the fair value of a specific security. The review of the pricing service s methodology confirms the service is utilizing information from organized transactions or a technique that represents a market participant s assumptions. American National does not adjust quotes received by the pricing service.

The pricing service utilized by American National has indicated that they will only produce an estimate of fair value if there is objectively verifiable information available. If the pricing service discontinues pricing an investment, American National would be required to produce an estimate of fair value using some of the same methodologies as the pricing service, but would have to make assumptions for market-based inputs that are unavailable due to market conditions.

The fair value estimates of most fixed maturity securities including municipal bonds are based on observable market information rather than market quotes. Accordingly, the estimates of fair value for such fixed maturity securities provided by the pricing service are included in the amount disclosed in Level 2 of the hierarchy.

# **Table of Contents**

Additionally, American National holds a small amount of fixed maturity securities that have characteristics that make them unsuitable for matrix pricing. For these fixed maturity securities, a quote from a broker (typically a market maker) is obtained. Due to the disclaimers on the quotes that indicate that the price is indicative only, American National includes these fair value estimates in Level 3. The pricing of certain private placement debt also includes significant non-observable inputs, the internally determined credit rating of the security, and an externally provided credit spread, and these securities are classified as Level 3 measurements.

For public common and preferred stocks, American National receives prices from a nationally recognized pricing service that are based on observable market transactions and these securities are disclosed in Level 1. For certain preferred stock, current market quotes in active markets are unavailable. In these instances, American National receives an estimate of fair value from the pricing service that provides fair value estimates for the fixed maturity securities. The service utilizes some of the same methodologies to price the preferred stocks as it does for the fixed maturity securities. These estimates for equity securities are classified as Level 2 measurements.

Some assets and liabilities do not fit the hierarchical model for determining fair value. For policy loans, the carrying amount approximates their fair value, because the policy loans cannot be separated from the policy contract. The fair value of investment contract liabilities is determined in accordance with GAAP rules on insurance products and is estimated using a discounted cash flow model using American National s current interest rates on new products. The carrying value for these contracts approximates their fair value. The carrying amount for notes payable approximates their fair value.

25

# **Table of Contents**

The quantitative disclosures regarding fair value hierarchy measurements of the financial instruments are shown below (in thousands):

	Fair Value Measurement as of September 30, 2011 Usi Quoted Prices							
		in Active Markets for	Significant Other	Significant Unobservable				
	Total		Observable					
	<b>Estimated</b>	<b>Identical Assets</b>	Inputs	Inputs				
	Fair Value	(Level 1)	(Level 2)	(Level 3)				
Financial assets:								
Fixed maturity securities								
Bonds held-to-maturity								
U.S. treasury and other U.S. government	ф <b>22</b> 500	¢	¢ 22.500	¢.				
corporations and agencies	\$ 22,508	\$	\$ 22,508	\$				
States of the U.S. and political	441 275		441 227	120				
subdivisions of the states	441,375		441,237	138				
Foreign governments	33,736		33,736	50 020				
Corporate debt securities	8,591,331		8,532,503	58,828				
Residential mortgage-backed securities	795,469		793,644	1,825				
Commercial mortgage-backed securities	16,647		16,647	C 174				
Collateralized debt securities	6,174		10.116	6,174				
Other debt securities	42,446		42,446					
Total bonds held-to-maturity	9,949,686		9,882,721	66,965				
Bonds available-for-sale								
U.S. treasury and other U.S. government								
corporations and agencies	11,092		11,092					
States of the U.S. and political	,		,					
subdivisions of the states	614,682		612,157	2,525				
Foreign governments	7,437		7,437	,				
Corporate debt securities	3,417,199		3,408,842	8,357				
Residential mortgage-backed securities	224,704		224,697	7				
Collateralized debt securities	19,361		19,102	259				
Other debt securities	15,168		15,168					
Total bonds available-for-sale	4,309,643		4,298,495	11,148				
<b>Total fixed maturity securities</b>	14,259,329		14,181,216	78,113				
Equity securities								
Common stock	907,888	907,888						
Preferred stock	37,606	37,606						
Total equity securities	945,494	945,494						
Options	49,707			49,707				

Edgar Filing: AMERICAN NATIONAL INSURANCE CO /TX/ - Form 10-Q

Mortgage loans on real estate Short-term investments Separate account assets		2,913,882 350,430 711,135		2,913,882 350,430 711,135	
Total financial assets	\$1	9,229,977	\$ 945,494	\$ 18,156,663	\$ 127,820
Financial liabilities: Liability for embedded derivatives of equity-indexed annuities Separate account liabilities	\$	42,898 711,135	\$	\$ 711,135	\$ 42,898
Total financial liabilities	\$	754,033	\$	\$ 711,135	\$ 42,898

26

	Fair Value Measurement as of December 31, 2010 Using:							
		Quoted Prices in Active Markets for	Significant Other	Significant Unobservable				
	Total Estimated Fair Value	Identical Assets (Level 1)	Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Inputs (Level 3)				
Financial assets:								
Fixed maturity securities Bonds held-to-maturity U.S. treasury and other U.S. government								
corporations and agencies States of the U.S. and political	\$ 23,405	\$	\$ 23,405	\$				
subdivisions of the states	422,446		422,308	138				
Foreign governments	33,930		33,930	130				
Corporate debt securities	7,738,777		7,680,834	57,943				
Residential mortgage-backed securities	691,820		689,487	2,333				
Commercial mortgage-backed securities	13,582		13,582	_,,,,,				
Collateralized debt securities	8,315		10,002	8,315				
Other debt securities	47,559		47,559	-,-				
Total bonds held-to-maturity	8,979,834		8,911,105	68,729				
Bonds available-for-sale								
U.S. treasury and other U.S. government								
corporations and agencies	13,907		13,907					
States of the U.S. and political								
subdivisions of the states	594,112		591,587	2,525				
Foreign governments	6,967		6,967					
Corporate debt securities	3,201,569		3,182,625	18,944				
Residential mortgage-backed securities	271,393		271,376	17				
Collateralized debt securities	20,709		20,447	262				
Other debt securities	14,956		14,956					
Total bonds available-for-sale	4,123,613		4,101,865	21,748				
<b>Total fixed maturity securities</b>	13,103,447		13,012,970	90,477				
Equity securities								
Common stock	1,045,888	1,045,888						
Preferred stock	36,867	36,867						
<b>Total equity securities</b>	1,082,755	1,082,755						
Options	66,716			66,716				
Mortgage loans on real estate	2,703,674		2,703,674					
Short-term investments	486,206		486,206					
Separate account assets	780,563		780,563					

Edgar Filing: AMERICAN NATIONAL INSURANCE CO /TX/ - Form 10-Q

Total financial assets	\$1	8,223,361	\$ 1,082,755	\$ 16,983,413	\$ 157,193
Financial liabilities: Liability for embedded derivatives of equity-indexed annuities Separate account liabilities	\$	59,644 780,563	\$	\$ 780,563	\$ 59,644
Total financial liabilities	\$	840,207	\$	\$ 780,563	\$ 59,644

# **Table of Contents**

For financial instruments measured at fair value on a recurring basis using significant unobservable inputs (Level 3) during the period, a reconciliation of the beginning and ending balances is shown below at estimated fair value (in thousands)

		estment curities	Iı	Equity- ndexed Options	Er	ability for nbedded erivatives		Total
Three Months Ended September 30, 2011 Balance, beginning of period	\$	76,886	\$	71,525	\$	(65,025)	\$	83,386
Total realized and unrealized investment	Ψ	70,000	Ψ	71,525	Ψ	(03,023)	Ψ	05,500
gains/losses Included in other comprehensive income Net fair value change included in realized gains/losses		1,606						1,606
Net gain for derivatives included in net investment income  Net change included in interest credited				(23,449)		22,127		(23,449) 22,127
Purchases, sales and settlements or maturities Purchases Sales		1 (257)		5,350				5,351
Settlements or maturities		(257) (123)		(3,719)				(257) (3,842)
Balance, end of period	\$	78,113	\$	49,707	\$	(42,898)	\$	84,922
Three Months Ended September 30, 2010	ф	01 000	Ф	41 244	ф	(22.241)	ф	00 002
Balance, beginning of period Total realized and unrealized investment gains/losses	\$	81,900	\$	41,344	\$	(23,341)	\$	99,903
Included in other comprehensive income Net fair value change included in realized		(174)						(174)
gains/losses Net loss for derivatives included in net investment		7						7
income Net change included in interest credited				10,231		(25,662)		10,231 (25,662)
Purchases, sales and settlements or maturities Purchases Sales		14,895 (418)		7,676				22,571 (418)
Settlements or maturities Gross transfers out of Level 3		(1,874)		(3,892)				(3,892) (1,874)
Balance, end of period	\$	94,336	\$	55,359	\$	(49,003)	\$	100,692
Nine Months Ended Sentember 30, 2011		estment curities	Iı	Equity- ndexed Options	Er	ability for mbedded rivatives		Total
Nine Months Ended September 30, 2011 Balance, beginning of period	\$	90,477	\$	66,716	\$	(59,644)	\$	97,549

Edgar Filing: AMERICAN NATIONAL INSURANCE CO /TX/ - Form 10-Q

Total realized and unrealized investment				
gains/losses Included in other comprehensive income	1,348			1,348
Net fair value change included in realized	1,0 .0			1,0 .0
gains/losses	168			168
Net gain for derivatives included in net investment				
income		(18,152)		(18,152)
Net change included in interest credited			16,746	16,746
Purchases, sales and settlements or maturities	12	14.006		14 220
Purchases	13	14,226		14,239
Sales Settlements or maturities	(10,438) (3,455)	(12 002)		(10,438)
Settlements or maturities	(3,433)	(13,083)		(16,538)
Balance, end of period	\$ 78,113	\$ 49,707	\$ (42,898)	\$ 84,922
Nine Months Ended September 30, 2010				
Balance, beginning of period	\$ 36,966	\$ 32,801	\$ (22,487)	\$ 47,280
Total realized and unrealized investment				
gains/losses				
Included in other comprehensive income	1,004			1,004
Net fair value change included in realized				
gains/losses	(10)			(10)
Net loss for derivatives included in net investment				
income		(1,658)		(1,658)
Net change included in interest credited			(26,516)	(26,516)
Purchases, sales and settlements or maturities	6 <b></b> 0 <b></b> 6	24.44		064
Purchases	65,036	31,141		96,177
Settlements or maturities	(1,472)	(6,925)		(8,397)
Gross transfers into Level 3	5,913			5,913
Gross transfers out of Level 3	(13,101)			(13,101)
Balance, end of period	\$ 94,336	\$ 55,359	\$ (49,003)	\$ 100,692

The transfers into Level 3 were the result of existing securities no longer being priced by the third-party pricing service at the end of the period. In accordance with American National s pricing methodology, these securities are being valued using similar techniques as the pricing service; however, the service-developed data is used in the process, which results in unobservable inputs and a corresponding transfer into Level 3.

The transfers out of Level 3 were securities being priced by a third-party service at the end of the period, using inputs that are observable or derived from market data, which resulted in classification of these assets as Level 2. There were no transfers between Level 1 and Level 2 fair value hierarchies.

# 9. DEFERRED POLICY ACQUISITION COSTS

Deferred policy acquisition costs and premiums are shown below (in thousands):

	Life	A	Annuity	ccident Health	operty & Casualty	Total
Balance at December 31, 2010	\$ 661,377	\$	446,996	\$ 64,967	\$ 145,086	\$ 1,318,426
Additions Amortization Effect of change in unrealized gains/losses on available-for-sale	59,672 (55,848)		98,345 (67,840)	9,599 (16,011)	209,542 (194,925)	377,158 (334,624)
securities	3,005		(10,625)			(7,620)
Net change	6,829		19,880	(6,412)	14,617	34,914
Balance at September 30, 2011	\$ 668,206	\$	466,876	\$ 58,555	\$ 159,703	\$ 1,353,340
Premiums for the nine months ended: September 30, 2011	\$ 207,786	\$	73,304	\$ 174,736	\$ 856,958	\$ 1,312,784
September 30, 2010	\$ 209,670	\$	132,140	\$ 200,553	\$ 871,672	\$ 1,414,035

Commissions comprise the majority of the additions to deferred policy acquisition costs for each year. All amounts for the present value of future profits resulting from the acquisition of life insurance portfolios have been accounted for in accordance with the relevant accounting literature and are immaterial in all periods presented.

# 10. LIABILITY FOR UNPAID CLAIMS AND CLAIM ADJUSTMENT EXPENSES

The liability for unpaid claims and claim adjustment expenses for accident and health, and property and casualty insurance is included in the liability for policy and contract claims in the consolidated statements of financial position and represents the amount estimated for claims that have been reported but not settled and claims incurred but not reported. Liability for unpaid claims and claim adjustment expenses are estimated based upon American National s historical experience and other actuarial assumptions that consider the effects of current developments, anticipated trends and risk management programs, reduced for anticipated salvage and subrogation. The effects of changes in such estimated liability are included in the consolidated results of operations in the period in which the changes occur. Activities in the liability for unpaid claims and claim adjustment expenses ( claims ) are shown below (in thousands):

	2011	2010
Unpaid claims balance at January 1	\$ 1,210,126	\$ 1,214,996
Less reinsurance recoverables	222,635	252,502
Net beginning balance	987,491	962,494
Incurred claims related to:		
Current	857,660	919,021
Prior years	(47,864)	(70,174)
Total incurred claims	809,796	848,847

Unpaid claims balance at September 30	\$ 1,223,352	\$ 1,215,724
Plus reinsurance recoverables	253,178	230,077
Net balance	970,174	985,647
Total paid claims	827,113	825,694
Paid claims related to: Current Prior years	536,834 290,279	552,163 273,531
Current	•	*
Paid claims related to:		

# **Table of Contents**

The potential uncertainty caused by volatility in loss development profiles is adjusted through the selection of loss development factor patterns for each line of insurance. The net and gross reserve calculations have shown favorable development for the last several years as a result of favorable loss emergence compared to what was implied by the loss development patterns used in the original estimation of losses in prior years. Estimates for ultimate incurred claims and claims adjustment expenses attributable to insured events of prior years decreased by approximately \$47,864,000 during the first nine months of 2011 and \$70,174,000 during the same period in 2010.

#### 11. NOTES PAYABLE

American National s real estate holding subsidiaries are partners in certain ventures determined to be VIEs, and are consolidated in American National s consolidated financial statements. At September 30, 2011, the current portion and the long-term portion of the notes payable to third-party lenders associated with these consolidated VIEs were \$0 and \$58,481,000, respectively. At December 31, 2010, the current portion and long-term portion of the notes payable to third-party lenders associated with these consolidated VIEs were \$47,632,000 and \$12,508,000, respectively. The long-term notes payable have interest rates equivalent to adjusted LIBOR plus 1.00% and 2.50%. The average interest rate on the long-term notes payable was 4.33% and 6.38% during the first nine months of 2011 and 2010, respectively, and will mature in 2012, 2016 and 2049. The real estate owned through the respective venture entity secures each of these notes, and American National s liability for these notes is limited to the amount of its investment in the respective venture, which totaled \$21,505,000 at September 30, 2011 and \$21,224,000 at December 31, 2010.

# 12. FEDERAL INCOME TAXES

The federal income tax provisions vary from the amounts computed when applying the statutory federal income tax rate. A reconciliation of the effective tax rate to the statutory federal income tax rate is shown below (in thousands, except percentages):

	Three Months Ended September 30,				Nine Months Ended September 30,			
	201	1	2010		2011		2010	
	Amount	Rate	Amount	Rate	Amount	Rate	Amount	Rate
Income tax expense	<b></b>	<b>2</b>	<b>* 27</b> 2 <b>7</b> 2	<b>3 7</b> 0 00	<b>.</b>	<b></b>	<b>* ***</b> ***	<b>2</b>
on pre-tax income	\$ 26,283	35.0%	\$ 27,872	35.0%	\$61,586	35.0%	\$ 52,435	35.0%
Tax-exempt								
investment income	(1,968)	(2.6)	(2,211)	(2.8)	(6,035)	(3.4)	(6,771)	(4.5)
Dividend exclusion	(1,342)	(1.8)	(636)	(0.8)	(4,046)	(2.3)	(3,485)	(2.3)
Miscellaneous tax								
credits, net	(1,515)	(2.0)	(1,766)	(2.2)	(5,644)	(3.2)	(5,344)	(3.6)
Other items, net	(2,404)	(3.2)	7,998	10.0	(5,078)	(2.9)	7,745	5.2
Total	\$ 19,054	25.4%	\$ 31,257	39.2%	\$40,783	23.2%	\$ 44,580	29.8%

30

# **Table of Contents**

The tax effects of temporary differences that gave rise to the deferred tax assets and liabilities are shown below (in thousands):

	Sep	otember 30, 2011	Dec	cember 31, 2010
DEFERRED TAX ASSETS:				
Investments, principally due to impairment losses	\$	96,535	\$	106,445
Investment in real estate and other invested assets principally due to investment				
valuation allowances		8,631		9,237
Policyholder funds, principally due to policy reserve discount		231,301		230,496
Policyholder funds, principally due to unearned premium reserve		33,381		31,840
Non-qualified pension		28,841		29,345
Participating policyholders surplus		34,403		31,180
Pension		37,589		37,759
Commissions and other expenses		14,470		13,870
Tax carryforwards		30,408		26,599
Other assets		11,577		
Gross deferred tax assets		527,136		516,771
DEFERRED TAX LIABILITIES:				
Available-for-sale securities, principally due to net unrealized gains		(164,848)		(195,840)
Investment in bonds, principally due to accrual of discount on bonds		(11,033)		(16,639)
Deferred policy acquisition costs, due to difference between GAAP and tax		(= - 1		( <b></b>
amortization methods		(361,428)		(350,981)
Property, plant and equipment, principally due to difference between				(=)
GAAP and tax depreciation methods		(10,248)		(5,668)
Other liabilities				(1,380)
Gross deferred tax liabilities		(547,557)		(570,508)
Total net deferred tax asset (liability)	\$	(20,421)	\$	(53,737)

Management believes that a sufficient level of taxable income will be achieved to utilize the deferred tax assets of the companies in the consolidated federal tax return; therefore, no valuation allowance was recorded as of September 30, 2011 or December 31, 2010. However, if not utilized beforehand, approximately \$30,408,000 in ordinary loss tax carryforwards will expire at the end of tax year 2030.

American National recognizes interest expense and penalties related to uncertain tax positions. Interest expense and penalties are included in the Other operating expenses—line in the consolidated statements of operations. No interest or penalties were recognized or accrued for the nine months ended September 30, 2011 or year ended December 31, 2010. Management does not believe that there are any uncertain tax benefits that could be recognized within the next twelve months that would affect American National—s effective tax rate.

The statute of limitations for the examination of federal income tax returns by the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) for years 2006 to 2010 either has been extended or has not expired. In the opinion of management, all prior year deficiencies have been paid or adequate provisions have been made for any tax deficiencies that may be upheld. Approximately \$34,441,000 and \$35,893,000 in net federal income taxes were paid to the IRS during the nine months ended September 30, 2011 and 2010, respectively.

# 13. COMPONENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)

The details on the unrealized gains and losses included in comprehensive income (loss), and the related tax effects thereon, are shown below (in thousands):

	I	Before Federal come Tax	Federal Income Tax	Net of Federal come Tax
September 30, 2011 Unrealized holding gains (losses) during the period Reclassification adjustment for net (gains) losses realized in	\$	(61,422)	\$ (21,498)	\$ (39,924)
net income		(27,387)	(9,494)	(17,893)
Unrealized gains (losses) on available-for-sale securities		(88,809)	(30,992)	(57,817)
Adjustment to deferred policy acquisition costs Unrealized (gains) losses on investments attributable to		(7,620)	(2,725)	(4,895)
participating policyholders interest		1,718	601	1,117
Net unrealized gain (loss)	\$	(94,711)	\$ (33,116)	\$ (61,595)
September 30, 2010				
Unrealized holding gains (losses) during the period Reclassification adjustment for net (gains) losses realized in	\$	271,202	\$ 94,897	\$ 176,305
net income		(28,902)	(10,116)	(18,786)
Unrealized gains (losses) on available-for-sale securities		242,300	84,781	157,519
Adjustment to deferred policy acquisition costs Unrealized (gains) losses on investments attributable to		(80,063)	(28,021)	(52,042)
participating policyholders interest		(9,023)	(3,158)	(5,865)
Net unrealized gain (loss)	\$	153,214	\$ 53,602	\$ 99,612

# 14. STOCKHOLDERS EQUITY AND NONCONTROLLING INTERESTS

#### **Common stock**

American National has only one class of common stock with a par value of \$1.00 per share and 50,000,000 authorized shares. The amounts outstanding at the dates indicated are shown below:

	September 30, 2011	December 31, 2010
Common stock		
Shares issued	30,832,449	30,832,449
Treasury shares	(4,011,165)	(4,011,472)
Restricted shares	(261,334)	(261,334)
Unrestricted outstanding shares	26,559,950	26,559,643

# **Stock-based compensation**

American National has one stock-based compensation plan which allows for grants of Non-Qualified Stock Options, Stock Appreciation Rights ( SAR ), Restricted Stock ( RS ) Awards, Restricted Stock Units ( RSU ), Performance

Awards, Incentive Awards or any combination of these. The number of shares available for grants under the plan cannot exceed 2,900,000 shares, and no more than 200,000 shares may be granted to any one individual in any calendar year.

RS Awards entitle the participant to full dividend and voting rights. Unvested shares are restricted as to disposition, and are subject to forfeiture under certain circumstances. Compensation expense is recognized over the vesting period. The restrictions on these awards lapse after 10 years, and feature a graded vesting schedule in the case of the retirement of an award holder. Restricted stock has been granted, with a total of 340,334 shares granted at an exercise price of zero, of which 261,334 shares are unvested. The compensation expense recorded for the three months and nine months ended September 30, 2011 was \$678,000 and \$2,011,000, respectively. The compensation expense recorded for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2010 was \$630,000 and \$1,970,000, respectively.

32

#### **Table of Contents**

Table of Contents

The SARs give the holder the right to cash compensation based on the difference between the price of a share of stock on the grant date and the price on the exercise date. The SARs vest at a rate of 20% per year for 5 years and expire 5 years after the vesting period. American National uses the Black-Scholes option pricing model to calculate the fair value and compensation expense for SARs. The fair value of the SARs was \$4,000 and \$17,000 at September 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010, respectively. Compensation income was recorded totaling \$9,000 and \$13,000 for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2011, respectively. Compensation income was recorded totaling \$23,000 and \$1,606,000 for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2010, respectively.

RSUs are awarded as part of American National s incentive compensation plan. In 2011, RSUs were also awarded as part of the Board of Directors compensation. The RSUs are converted to American National s common stock on a one-for-one basis subject to a two-year cliff or three-year graded vesting requirement, depending on the grant date. These awards result in compensation expense to American National over the vesting period. Compensation expense was \$530,000 and \$1,343,000 for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2011, respectively. Compensation expense was \$130,000 and \$390,000 for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2010, respectively. SAR, RS and RSU information for the period indicated is shown below:

	SAR Shares	A D	SAR eighted- verage Grant ate Fair Value	RS Shares	RS Weighted- Average Grant Date Fair Value		RS Units	A D	RSU eighted- verage Grant ate Fair Value
Outstanding at December 31, 2010	144,727	\$	109.40	261,334	\$	102.98	9,419	\$	109.29
December 31, 2010	177,727	Ψ	107.40	201,334	Ψ	102.70	7,717	Ψ	107.27
Granted							61,481		79.63
Exercised	(133)		66.76				(480)		79.63
Forfeited	(4,358)		115.63				(854)		86.47
Expired	(12,800)		101.11						
Outstanding at									
<b>September 30, 2011</b>	127,436	\$	110.06	261,334	\$	102.98	69,566	\$	83.56

The weighted-average contractual remaining life for the outstanding SAR shares as of September 30, 2011, is 3.8 years. The weighted-average exercise price, which is the same with the weighted-average grant date fair value above, for these shares is \$110.06 per share. Of the shares outstanding, 92,407 are exercisable at a weighted-average exercise price of \$108.96 per share.

The weighted-average contractual remaining life for the outstanding RS shares as of September 30, 2011, is 5.3 years. The weighted-average price at the date of grant for these shares is \$102.98 per share. None of the shares outstanding were exercisable.

The weighted-average contractual remaining life for the outstanding RSUs as of September 30, 2011, is 2.3 years. The weighted-average price at the date of grant for these units is \$83.56 per share. None of the outstanding units were exercisable.

57

#### **Table of Contents**

#### Earnings (losses) per share

Basic earnings (losses) per share was calculated using a weighted-average number of shares outstanding of 26,559,865 and 26,558,832 at September 30, 2011 and 2010, respectively. The Restricted Stock resulted in diluted earnings per share as follows:

	T	hree months	ended 30,	September	Nine months ended September 30,			
		2011 2010				2011	,	2010
Weighted average shares outstanding		26,559,950		26,558,832		26,559,865		26,558,832
Incremental shares from restricted stock		158,514		119,562		146,933		119,562
Total shares for diluted calculations		26,718,464		26,678,394		26,706,798		26,678,394
Total Shares for anated carealations		20,710,101		20,070,051		20,700,750		20,070,271
Net income (loss) from continuing operations attributable to American National Insurance Company and								
Subsidiaries	\$	57,569,000	\$	47,569,000	\$	136,109,000	\$	106,968,000
Net income (loss) from discontinued								
operations			(513,000)					1,488,000
Net income (loss) attributable to American National Insurance Company and Subsidiaries	\$	57,569,000	\$	47,056,000	\$	136,109,000	\$	108,456,000
Basic earnings (loss) per share from	ф	2.15	ф	1.50	ф	5.10	ф	4.02
continued operations	\$	2.17	\$	1.79	\$	5.12	\$	4.02
Basic earnings (loss) per share from			\$	(0.02)			\$	0.06
discontinued operations			Ф	(0.02)			Ф	0.06
Basic earnings (loss) per share	\$	2.17	\$	1.77	\$	5.12	\$	4.08
Diluted earnings (loss) per share from continued operations Diluted earnings (loss) per share from	\$	2.15	\$	1.78	\$	5.10	\$	4.01
discontinued operations				(0.02)				0.06
Diluted earnings (loss) per share	\$	2.15	\$	1.76	\$	5.10	\$	4.07

# **Dividends**

American National Insurance Company s payment of dividends to stockholders is restricted by statutory regulations. The restrictions require life insurance companies to maintain minimum amounts of capital and surplus, and in the absence of special approval, limit the payment of dividends to the greater of statutory net gain from operations on an annual non-cumulative basis, or 10% of statutory surplus. Additionally, insurance companies are not permitted to distribute the excess of stockholders equity determined on a GAAP basis over that determined on a statutory basis. American National Insurance Company s statutory capital and surplus was \$2,008,626,000 at September 30, 2011 and

\$1,954,149,000 at December 31, 2010.

The same restrictions on amounts that can transfer in the form of dividends, loans, or advances to the parent company apply to American National s insurance subsidiaries. Dividends received by the parent company from its non-insurance subsidiaries was zero for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2011 and \$2,000,000 and \$6,000,000 for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2010, respectively.

At September 30, 2011, approximately \$1,383,199,000 of American National s consolidated stockholders equity represents net assets of its insurance subsidiaries, compared to approximately \$1,396,736,000 at December 31, 2010. Any transfer of these net assets to American National Insurance Company would be subject to statutory restrictions or approval.

# **Noncontrolling interests**

American National County Mutual Insurance Company ( County Mutual ) is a mutual insurance company that is owned by its policyholders. County Mutual has a management agreement, which effectively gives complete control of County Mutual to American National. As a result, County Mutual is included in the consolidated financial statements of American National. The interests that the policyholders of County Mutual have in the financial position of County Mutual is reflected as noncontrolling interest totaling \$6,750,000 at September 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010. American National s wholly-owned subsidiary, ANTAC, Inc., is a partner in various joint ventures. ANTAC exercises significant control or ownership to certain of these joint ventures, resulting in their consolidation into the American National consolidated financial statements. As a result of the consolidation, the interest of the other partners of the joint ventures is shown as noncontrolling interests. Noncontrolling interests were a deficit of \$16,051,000 and \$2,708,000 at September 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010, respectively.

34

#### **Table of Contents**

#### 15. SEGMENT INFORMATION

American National and its subsidiaries are engaged principally in the insurance business. Management organizes the business into five operating segments:

The Life segment markets whole, term, universal and variable life insurance on a national basis primarily through employee and multiple-line agents, direct marketing channels and independent third-party marketing organizations.

The Annuity segment develops, sells and supports fixed, equity-indexed, and variable annuity products. These products are primarily sold through independent agents and brokers, but are also sold through financial institutions, multiple-line agents and employee agents.

The Health segment s primary lines of business are Medicare Supplement, stop loss, other supplemental health products and credit disability insurance. Health products are typically distributed through independent agents and managing general underwriters.

The Property and Casualty segment writes personal, commercial and credit-related property insurance. These products are primarily sold through multiple-line agents and independent agents.

The Corporate and Other business segment consists of net investment income on the investments not allocated to the insurance segments and the operations of non-insurance lines of business.

The accounting policies of the segments are the same as those referred to in Note 2, Summary of Significant Accounting Policies and Practices, of the Notes to the Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements. Many of the principal factors that drive the profitability of each operating segment are separate and distinct. All income and expense amounts specifically attributable to policy transactions are recorded directly to the appropriate operating segment. Income and expenses not specifically attributable to policy transactions are allocated to each segment as follows:

Recurring income from bonds and mortgage loans is allocated based on the funds accumulated by each line of business at the average yield available from these assets.

Net investment income from all other assets is allocated to the insurance segments in accordance with the amount of equity allocated to each segment, with the remainder recorded in the Corporate and Other business segment.

Expenses are allocated based upon various factors, including premium and commission ratios within the respective operating segments.

Realized gains or losses on investments and equity in earnings of unconsolidated affiliates are allocated to the Corporate and Other business segment.

Federal income taxes have been applied to the net earnings of each insurance segment based on a fixed tax rate. Any difference between the amount allocated to the insurance segments and the total federal income tax is allocated to the Corporate and Other business segment.

Beginning in 2011, American National discontinued the allocation of a default charge to its segments to improve the comparability for measuring business results between segments and between periods. This default charge represented compensation to the Corporate and Other business segment for the risk it assumed for realized investment losses through a charge to the insurance segments. Allocation of such charge was reducing the amount of net investment income allocated to those insurance segments. Net investment income of each business segment in the prior year was reclassified to be comparable with the current year s measurement basis.

# **Table of Contents**

The following tables summarize results of operations by operating segments (in thousands):

	Three months ended September 30, 2011								
				Property &	Corporate &				
	Life	Annuity	Health	Casualty	Other	TOTAL			
Premiums and other		J			0 02202				
revenues:									
Premiums	\$ 71,926	\$ 21,704	\$ 57,708	\$ 289,796	\$	\$441,134			
Other policy revenues	42,831	3,519				46,350			
Net investment income	59,496	121,359	3,331	17,852	23,904	225,942			
Other income	808	64	3,354	2,504	508	7,238			
<b>Total operating revenues</b> Realized gains (losses)on	175,061	146,646	64,393	310,152	24,412	720,664			
investments					12,680	12,680			
Total premium and other									
revenues	175,061	146,646	64,393	310,152	37,092	733,344			
Benefits, losses and									
expenses:		• • • • •							
Policyholder benefits	75,472	29,960	20.601	215.226		105,432			
Claims incurred			38,691	215,226		253,917			
Interest credited to									
policyholders account balances	15,476	67,337				82,813			
Commissions for acquiring	13,470	07,557				62,613			
and servicing policies	22,897	21,093	6,636	59,354		109,980			
Other operating expenses	43,178	16,260	11,089	30,150	10,990	111,667			
Change in deferred policy	12,210	,	,	20,200	,	,			
acquisition costs	1,012	(2,285)	2,717	(7,002)		(5,558)			
Total benefits, losses and									
expenses	158,035	132,365	59,133	297,728	10,990	658,251			
Income (loss) from continuing operations before federal income taxes, and equity in									
earnings/losses of unconsolidated affiliates	<b>\$ 17,026</b>	<b>\$ 14,281</b>	\$ 5,260	\$ 12,424	\$ 26,102	\$ 75,093			

Three months ended September 30, 2010
Property Corporate & &

Edgar Filing: AMERICAN NATIONAL INSURANCE CO /TX/ - Form 10-Q

	Life	Annuity	Health	Casualty	Other	TOTAL
Premiums and other						
revenues:						
Premiums	\$ 71,352	\$ 51,180	\$ 64,288	\$ 297,703	\$	\$ 484,523
Other policy revenues	42,837	3,505	2.752	17.751	14.007	46,342
Net investment income Other income	58,426 996	143,154 121	3,753 2,364	17,751 2,226	14,997 437	238,081 6,144
Other income	990	121	2,304	2,220	437	0,144
<b>Total operating revenues</b>	173,611	197,960	70,405	317,680	15,434	775,090
Realized gains (losses) on						
investments					18,626	18,626
Total premiums and other						
revenues	173,611	197,960	70,405	317,680	34,060	793,716
10,01000	2.0,022	25.9500	7 0, 100	217,000	2 1,000	770,120
Benefits, losses and						
expenses:	72.402	56.062				120 265
Policyholder benefits Claims incurred	73,402	56,963	43,140	208,917		130,365 252,057
Interest credited to			43,140	200,917		232,037
policyholders account						
balances	16,283	94,564				110,847
Commissions for acquiring	10,200	<i>y</i> .,e o .				110,017
and servicing policies	23,851	24,795	8,150	63,612		120,408
Other operating expenses	45,229	18,572	10,694	30,758	8,958	114,211
Change in deferred policy						
acquisition costs	(1,759)	(11,644)	891	(1,294)		(13,806)
Total benefits, losses and						
expenses	157,006	183,250	62,875	301,993	8,958	714,082
•	,	,	,	,	,	,
7 (2 ) 0						
Income (loss) from						
continuing operations						
before federal income						
taxes, and equity in earnings/losses of						
unconsolidated affiliates	\$ 16,605	\$ 14,710	\$ 7,530	\$ 15,687	\$ 25,102	\$ 79,634
anconsolidated allillates	Ψ 10,000	Ψ 179/10	Ψ 1,550	Ψ 15,007	Ψ 25,102	Ψ 17,037

	Life	Annuity	Health	& Casualty	& Other	TOTAL
Premiums and other		•				
revenues:	<b>***</b>	<b>* =2 20.</b>	<b>4.7.4.7</b> 0.6	<b>.</b>	•	<b>0.1.0.10.5</b> 0.1
Premiums	\$ 207,786	\$ 73,304	\$ 174,736	\$ 856,958	\$	\$1,312,784
Other policy revenues Net investment income	129,742 178,989	12,118 413,683	10,172	54 220	58,112	141,860 715,186
Other income	2,506	185	9,874	54,230 6,004	2,183	20,752
Other meome	2,300	103	7,074	0,004	2,103	20,732
<b>Total operating revenues</b> Realized gains (losses) on	519,023	499,290	194,782	917,192	60,295	2,190,582
investments					57,637	57,637
Total premium and other						
revenues	519,023	499,290	194,782	917,192	117,932	2,248,219
	,	,	,	,	,	_,,,
Benefits, losses and						
expenses:	222.012	100 770				224 702
Policyholder benefits	232,013	102,770	110.764	605 160		334,783
Claims incurred Interest credited to			119,764	685,168		804,932
policyholders account						
balances	45,612	242,731				288,343
Commissions for acquiring	13,012	212,731				200,513
and servicing policies	66,680	80,642	20,202	172,079		339,603
Other operating expenses	129,860	57,296	35,085	92,042	32,850	347,133
Change in deferred policy						
acquisition costs	(3,824)	(30,505)	6,412	(14,617)		(42,534)
Total benefits, losses and expenses	470,341	452,934	181,463	934,672	32,850	2,072,260
Income (loss) from continuing operations before federal income						
taxes, and equity in						
earnings/losses of unconsolidated affiliates	\$ 48,682	\$ 46,356	\$ 13,319	\$ (17,480)	\$ 85,082	\$ 175,959
		Nin	e months en	ded September	•	
				Property &	Corporate &	
	Life	Annuity	Health	<b>C</b> asualty	Other	TOTAL

Edgar Filing: AMERICAN NATIONAL INSURANCE CO /TX/ - Form 10-Q

Premiums and other						
revenues:						
Premiums	\$ 209,670	\$ 132,140	\$ 200,553	\$ 871,672	\$	\$ 1,414,035
Other policy revenues	126,613	11,453				138,066
Net investment income	175,732	387,439	11,770	55,096	37,927	667,964
Other income	2,786	282	7,654	6,121	2,727	19,570
<b>Total operating revenues</b> Realized gains (losses) on	514,801	531,314	219,977	932,889	40,654	2,239,635
investments					50,437	50,437
Total premium and other						
revenues	514,801	531,314	219,977	932,889	91,091	2,290,072
Benefits, losses and expenses:						
Policyholder benefits	220,408	155,100				375,508
Claims incurred	220,400	133,100	141,330	702,134		843,464
Interest credited to			141,550	702,134		073,707
policyholders account						
balances	44,277	240,456				284,733
Commissions for acquiring	,	-,				,,,,,,
and servicing policies	67,513	75,944	27,265	172,460		343,182
Other operating expenses	131,604	52,456	35,806	94,028	26,293	340,187
Change in deferred policy						
acquisition costs	(5,903)	(40,584)	3,784	(4,112)		(46,815)
Total benefits, losses and						
expenses	457,899	483,372	208,185	964,510	26,293	2,140,259
Income (loss) from continuing operations before federal income taxes, and equity in						
earnings/losses of unconsolidated affiliates	\$ 56,902	\$ 47,942	\$ 11,792	\$ (31,621)	\$ 64,798	\$ 149,813

#### 16. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

#### **Commitments**

In the ordinary course of operations, American National and its subsidiaries had commitments outstanding at September 30, 2011, to purchase, expand or improve real estate, to fund mortgage loans, and to purchase other invested assets aggregating \$274,457,000, of which \$173,999,000 is expected to be funded in 2011. The remaining balance of \$100,458,000 will be funded in 2012 and beyond. As of September 30, 2011, all of the mortgage loan commitments have fixed interest rates.

In September 2011, American National renewed a previous \$100,000,000 short-term variable rate borrowing facility containing a \$55,000,000 subfeature for the issuance of letters of credit. The renewal contained a slight modification to duration from a mid-month to quarter-end expiration. Borrowings under the facility are at the discretion of the lender and would be used only for funding American National s working capital requirements. The combination of borrowings and outstanding letters of credit cannot exceed \$100,000,000 at any time. As of September 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010, the outstanding letters of credit were \$33,823,000 and \$37,452,000, respectively, and there were no borrowings on this facility to meet liquidity requirements. This facility expires on September 30, 2012. American National expects it will be renewed on substantially equivalent terms upon expiration.

#### Guarantees

In the normal course of business, American National has guaranteed bank loans for customers of a third-party marketing operation. The bank loans are used to fund premium payments on life insurance policies issued by American National. The loans are secured by the cash values of the life insurance policies. If the customer were to default on the bank loan, American National would be obligated to pay off the loans. As the cash values of the life insurance policies always equal or exceed the balance of the loans, management does not foresee any loss on these guarantees. The total amount of the guarantees outstanding as of September 30, 2011, was approximately \$206,513,000 while the total cash value of the related life insurance policies was approximately \$209,109,000.

#### Litigation

As previously disclosed, American National negotiated a settlement agreement with Plaintiff in a putative class action lawsuit, Rand v. American National Insurance Company (U.S. District Court for the Northern District of California, filed February 12, 2009). During the quarter ended March 31, 2011, American National reserved \$12,000,000 for this settlement agreement. In September of 2011, the Court entered an Order approving the Settlement and entered Final Judgment on the case. American National is in the process of completing administration of the settlement pursuant to the terms of the settlement agreement and anticipates finalizing administration at the beginning of 2012. American National and certain subsidiaries are defendants in other lawsuits concerning alleged failure to honor certain loan commitments, alleged breach of certain agency and real estate contracts, various employment matters, allegedly deceptive insurance sales and marketing practices, and other litigation arising in the ordinary course of operations. Certain of these lawsuits include claims for compensatory and punitive damages. We have provided accruals for these items to the extent we deem the losses probable and reasonably estimable. After reviewing these matters with legal counsel, management is of the opinion that the ultimate resultant liability, if any, would not have a material adverse effect on American National s consolidated financial position or results of operations. However, these lawsuits are in various stages of development, and future facts and circumstances could result in management s changing its conclusions.

In addition, it should be noted that the frequency of large damage awards, which bear little or no relation to the economic damages incurred by plaintiffs in some jurisdictions, continue to create the potential for an unpredictable judgment in any given lawsuit. It is possible that, if the defenses in these lawsuits are not successful, and the judgments are greater than management can anticipate, the resulting liability could have a material impact on the consolidated financial results.

38

#### 17. DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS

On December 31, 2010, American National sold its wholly-owned broker-dealer subsidiary, Securities Management & Research, Inc. (SM&R), to a third-party financial services corporation. The sale qualified for discontinued operations accounting and accordingly, the results of operations for this subsidiary are presented as discontinued operations in American National s consolidated statements of operations for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2010. SM&R had previously been a component of the Corporate and Other business segment. The following table summarizes income (loss) from discontinued operations (in thousands):

Three months ended September 30, 2010		ne months ended otember 30, 2010
\$	\$	145
		3,521
1,997		8,504
2,588		12,170
		0.000
2,378		8,928
2,378		8,928
210		3,242
(1,000)		(1,000)
(790)		2,242
(277)		754
\$ (513)	\$	1,488
	ended September 30, 2010  \$ 591	ended September 30, 2010  \$ \$ 591

Cash flows related to discontinued operations have been combined with cash flows from continuing operations within each category of the consolidated statements of cash flows, the effect of which is immaterial to all periods presented.

#### 18. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

American National has entered into recurring transactions and agreements with certain related parties as a part of its ongoing operations. These include mortgage loans, management contracts, agency commission contracts, marketing agreements, accident and health insurance contracts and legal services. The impact on the consolidated financial statements of the significant related party transactions for the periods indicated is shown below (in thousands):

						Amou to/(1		
Related Party	Financial Statement Line Impacted	N	Dollar A Transa ine mon Septem	actior ths en ber 3	ns nded	America September 30, 2011	n N	ational
Gal-Tex Hotel	Mortgage loans on real estate							
Corporation		\$	738	\$	687	\$ 10,212	\$	10,951
Gal-Tex Hotel	Net investment income							
Corporation			578		629	62		66
Gal-Tex Hotel	Other operating expenses							
Corporation			199		196	20		21
Gal-Tex Hotel	Accident and health premiums							
Corporation			32		56	32		56
Moody Insurance	Commissions for acquiring and servicing							
Group, Inc.	policies		2,409		2,249	(346)		(7,173)
Moody Insurance	Other operating expenses							
Group, Inc.			97		103			
National Western	Accident and health premiums							
Life Ins. Co.			152		116	17		14
National Western	Other operating expenses							
Life Ins. Co.			1,031		925	(76)		(71)
Moody Foundation	Accident and health premiums		234		206	24		7
Greer, Herz and	Other operating expenses							
Adams, LLP			5,830		8,387	348		251
T.C: D. 1:	D 1 ( 1D (' 1T) ('							

# <u>Information Regarding Related Parties and Transactions</u>

Mortgage Loans to Gal-Tex Hotel Corporation (Gal-Tex): The Moody Foundation and the Libbie Shearn Moody Trust own 34.0% and 50.2%, respectively, of Gal-Tex Hotel Corporation (Gal-Tex). The Moody Foundation and the Libbie Shearn Moody Trust also own approximately 22.9% and 37.1%, respectively, of American National. American National held a first mortgage loan issued to Gal-Tex secured by hotel property in San Antonio, Texas. This loan was originated in 1999, had a balance of \$10,212,000 as of September 30, 2011, has a current interest rate of 7.30%, and has a final maturity date of April 1, 2019. This loan is current as to principal and interest payments.

Management Contracts with Gal-Tex: American National entered into management contracts with a subsidiary of Gal-Tex for the management of a hotel and adjacent fitness center owned by American National. Such contracts can be terminated upon thirty days prior written notice.

Transactions with Moody Insurance Group, Inc.: Robert L. Moody, Jr. (RLM Jr.) is the son of American National s Chairman and Chief Executive Officer, brother of two of American National s directors, and he is one of American National s advisory directors. RLM Jr., mainly through his wholly-owned insurance agency, Moody Insurance Group, Inc. (MIG), has entered into a number of agency agreements with American National and some of its subsidiaries in connection with the marketing of insurance products.

MIG and American National are also parties to a Consulting and Special Marketing Agreement concerning development and marketing of new products. In addition to consulting fees paid under such agreement, compensation also includes dividends on shares of American National s Restricted Stock granted to MIG as a consultant.

40

#### **Table of Contents**

Health Insurance Contracts with Certain Affiliates: American National s Merit Plan is insured by National Western Life Insurance Company (National Western). Robert L. Moody, Sr., American National s Chairman of the Board and Chief Executive Officer, is also the Chairman of the Board, Chief Executive Officer, and controlling stockholder of National Western. The Merit Plan is an insured medical plan that supplements American National s core medical insurance plan for certain officers by providing coverage for co-pays, deductibles, and other out-of-pocket expenses that are not covered by the core medical insurance plan, limited to medical expenses that could be deducted by the recipient for federal income tax purposes.

In addition, American National insures substantially similar plans offered by National Western, Gal-Tex, and The Moody Foundation to certain of their officers. American National also insures The Moody Foundation s basic health insurance plan.

*Transactions with Greer, Herz & Adams, L.L.P.*: Irwin M. Herz, Jr. is one of American National s advisory directors and a Partner with Greer, Herz & Adams, L.L.P. which serves as American National s General Counsel.

41

# **Table of Contents**

# ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Set forth on the following pages is management s discussion and analysis (MD&A) of financial condition and results of operations for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2011 and 2010 of American National Insurance Company and its subsidiaries (referred to in this document as we, our, us, or the Company). Such information should be read in conjunction with our unaudited consolidated financial statements included in Item 1, Financial Statements, of this Form 10-Q.

# **INDEX**

Forward-Looking Statements	43
<u>Overview</u>	44
General Trends	44
Critical Accounting Estimates	44
Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements	44
Consolidated Results of Operations	45
<u>Life</u>	46
<u>Annuity</u>	48
<u>Health</u>	52
Property and Casualty	54
Corporate and Other	59
<u>Investments</u>	59
Liquidity	62
Capital Resources	63
Contractual Obligations	64
Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements	64
Related Party Transactions	64
42	

#### **Table of Contents**

#### **Forward-Looking Statements**

Certain statements contained herein are forward-looking statements. The forward-looking statements are made pursuant to the safe harbor provisions of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995, and include estimates and assumptions related to economic, competitive and legislative developments. Forward looking statements may be will or words of simila identified by words such as expects, intends, anticipates, plans, believes, estimates, and include, but are not limited to, statements regarding the outlook of our business and financial performance. These forward-looking statements are subject to change and uncertainty, which are, in many instances, beyond our control and have been made based upon our expectations and beliefs concerning future developments and their potential effect upon us. There can be no assurance that future developments will be in accordance with our expectations, or that the effect of future developments on us will be as anticipated. These forward-looking statements are not a guarantee of future performance and involve risks and uncertainties. There are certain important risks and uncertainties that could cause actual results to differ, possibly materially, from expectations or estimates reflected in such forward-looking statements. These factors include among others:

domestic and international economic and financial factors, including the performance and fluctuations of fixed income, equity, real estate, credit capital and other financial markets;

differences between actual experience regarding mortality, morbidity, persistency, surrender experience, interest rates or market returns, and the assumptions we use in pricing our products, establishing liabilities and reserves or for other purposes;

the effect of increased claims activity from natural or man-made catastrophes, pandemic disease, or other events resulting in catastrophic loss of life or property;

adverse determinations in litigation or regulatory matters and our exposure to contingent liabilities, including and in connection with our divestiture or winding down of businesses;

inherent uncertainties in the determination of investment allowances and impairments and in

the determination of the valuation allowance on the deferred income tax asset;

investment losses and defaults;

competition in our product lines;

attraction and retention of qualified employees and agents;

ineffectiveness of risk management policies and procedures in identifying, monitoring and managing risks:

the availability, affordability and adequacy of reinsurance protection;

the effects of emerging claim and coverage issues;

the cyclical nature of the insurance business;

the effects of inflation on claim payments in our property and casualty and health lines;

interest rate fluctuations;

changes in our experiences related to deferred policy acquisition costs;

the ability and willingness of counterparties to our reinsurance arrangements and derivative instruments to pay balances due to us;

changes in our financial strength ratings;

domestic or international military actions;

the effects of extensive government regulation of the insurance industry;

changes in tax and securities law;

changes in statutory or U.S. generally accepted accounting principles ( GAAP ), practices or policies; regulatory or legislative changes or developments;

the effects of unanticipated events on our disaster recovery and business continuity planning;

failures or limitations of our computer, data security and administration systems;

risks of employee error or misconduct;

the introduction of alternative healthcare solutions; and

changes in assumptions for retirement expense.

#### **Table of Contents**

We describe these risks and uncertainties in detail in Item IA, Risk Factors, in our 2010 Annual Report on Form 10-K filed with the SEC on March 2, 2011, as supplemented by our discussion in Part II Item 1A, Risk Factors, to this Form 10Q. It has never been a matter of corporate policy for us to make specific projections relating to future earnings, and we do not endorse any projections regarding future performance made by others. Additionally, we do not publicly update or revise forward-looking statements based on the outcome of various foreseeable or unforeseeable events.

#### Overview

We are a diversified insurance and financial services company, offering a broad spectrum of life, annuity, health, and property and casualty insurance products. Chartered in 1905, we are headquartered in Galveston, Texas. We operate in all 50 states, the District of Columbia, Guam, American Samoa and Puerto Rico.

#### **General Trends**

There were no material changes to the general trends we are experiencing, as discussed in the MD&A included in our 2010 Annual Report on Form 10-K filed with the SEC on March 2, 2011.

# **Critical Accounting Estimates**

The unaudited interim consolidated financial statements have been prepared in conformity with GAAP. In addition to GAAP, insurance companies apply specific SEC regulations when preparing the consolidated financial statements. The preparation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with GAAP requires us to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the consolidated financial statements and notes. Actual results could differ from results reported using those estimates.

Our accounting policies inherently require the use of judgments relating to a variety of assumptions and estimates, particularly expectations of current and future mortality, morbidity, persistency, expenses, interest rates, and property and casualty frequency, severity, claim reporting and settlement patterns. Due to the inherent uncertainty when using the assumptions and estimates, the effect of certain accounting policies under different conditions or assumptions could be different from those reported in the consolidated financial statements.

For a discussion of our critical accounting estimates, see the MD&A in our 2010 Annual Report on Form 10-K filed with the SEC on March 2, 2011. There were no material changes in accounting policies from December 31, 2010.

# **Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements**

Refer to Note 3, Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements, of the Notes to the Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements.

44

# **Table of Contents**

# **Consolidated Results of Operations**

The following is a discussion of our consolidated results of operations. For discussions of our segment results, see the *Results of Operations and Related Information by Segment* section. The following table sets forth the consolidated results of operations (in thousands):

	Three mont	ths ended Sep 2010	otember 30, Change	Nine mont	ember 30, Change	
Premiums and other	2011	2010	Change	2011	2010	change
revenues:						
Premiums	\$441,134	\$ 484,523	\$ (43,389)	\$1,312,784	\$ 1,414,035	\$ (101,251)
Other policy revenues	46,350	46,342	8	141,860	138,066	3,794
Net investment income	225,942	238,081	(12,139)	715,186	667,964	47,222
Realized investments gains,						
net	12,680	18,626	(5,946)	57,637	50,437	7,200
Other income	7,238	6,144	1,094	20,752	19,570	1,182
Total premiums and other						
revenues	733,344	793,716	(60,372)	2,248,219	2,290,072	(41,853)
Benefits, losses and						
expenses:						
Policyholder benefits	105,432	130,365	(24,933)	334,783	375,508	(40,725)
Claims incurred	253,917	252,057	1,860	804,932	843,464	(38,532)
Interest credited to						
policyholders account	02.012	110.047	(20,024)	200.242	204.722	2.610
balances	82,813	110,847	(28,034)	288,343	284,733	3,610
Commissions for acquiring	100.000	120 409	(10.420)	220,602	242 192	(2.570)
and servicing policies Other operating expenses	109,980 111,667	120,408 114,211	(10,428)	339,603	343,182 340,187	(3,579) 6,946
Change in deferred policy	111,007	114,211	(2,544)	347,133	340,187	0,940
acquisition costs (1)	(5,558)	(13,806)	8,248	(42,534)	(46,815)	4,281
acquisition costs V	(3,336)	(13,000)	0,240	(42,334)	(40,013)	7,201
<b>Total benefits and expenses</b>	658,251	714,082	(55,831)	2,072,260	2,140,259	(67,999)
Income before other items						
and federal income taxes	\$ 75,093	\$ 79,634	\$ (4,541)	\$ 175,959	\$ 149,813	\$ 26,146

<sup>(1)</sup> A negative amount of net change indicates more expense was deferred than amortized and represents a decrease to expenses in the periods indicated.

Consolidated earnings decreased during the three months ended September 30, 2011 compared to 2010 primarily as a result of:

a decrease in our property and casualty segment earnings due to weather-related events,

a decrease in health segment earnings, as a result of discontinued products and

decreases in net investment income and realized investment gains due to negative market value adjustments for option investments, which support our equity-indexed annuity products.

The decrease was partially offset by decreases in interest credited to policyholders account balances (interest credited). Consolidated earnings increased during the nine months ended September 30, 2011 compared to 2010 primarily as a result of:

improved property and casualty segment results and

an increase in net investment income primarily due to an increase in invested assets.

In the Consolidated Results of Operations above and in the segment discussions that follow, certain amounts in the prior year have been reclassified to conform to the current year presentation. See Note 15, Segment Information, of the Notes to the Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements.

45

# Results of Operations and Related Information by Segment

The Life segment markets traditional life insurance products such as whole and term life, and interest-sensitive life insurance products such as universal life and variable universal life as well as indexed universal life. These products are marketed on a nationwide basis through employee agents, multiple-line agents, independent agents, brokers and direct marketing channels. Life segment financial results for the periods indicated were as follows (in thousands):

	Three mon	hree months ended September 30,		Nine months ended September 30,		
	2011	2010	Change	2011	2010	Change
Premiums and other						
revenues:						
Premiums	\$ 71,926	\$ 71,352	\$ 574	\$ 207,786	\$ 209,670	\$ (1,884)
Other policy revenues	42,831	42,837	(6)	129,742	126,613	3,129
Net investment income	59,496	58,426	1,070	178,989	175,732	3,257
Other income	808	996	(188)	2,506	2,786	(280)
Total premiums and other						
revenues	175,061	173,611	1,450	519,023	514,801	4,222
Benefits, losses and expenses:						
Policyholder benefits	75,472	73,402	2,070	232,013	220,408	11,605
Interest credited to						
policyholders account balances	15,476	16,283	(807)	45,612	44,277	1,335
Commissions for acquiring and						
servicing policies	22,897	23,851	(954)	66,680	67,513	(833)
Other operating expenses	43,178	45,229	(2,051)	129,860	131,604	(1,744)
Change in deferred policy						
acquisition costs (1)	1,012	(1,759)	2,771	(3,824)	(5,903)	2,079
<b>Total benefits and expenses</b>	158,035	157,006	1,029	470,341	457,899	12,442
Income before other items and federal income taxes	<b>\$ 17,026</b>	\$ 16,605	<b>\$</b> 421	\$ 48,682	\$ 56,902	\$ (8,220)

<sup>(1)</sup> A negative amount of net change indicates more expense was deferred than amortized and represents a decrease to expenses in the periods indicated.

Earnings for the three months ended September 30, 2011 were relatively flat compared to the same period for 2010. For the nine months ended September 30, 2011, earnings decreased compared to the same periods in 2010, primarily attributable to an increase in policyholder benefits.

# Premiums and other revenues

Changes in premiums are primarily driven by new sales during the period and the persistency of in-force policies. Premiums were relatively flat in the three and nine months ended September 30, 2011.

Other policy revenues include mortality charges, earned policy service fees and surrender charges on interest-sensitive life insurance policies. The increase during the nine-month period was primarily driven by growth in total mortality charges, as well as an increase in terminations during the first quarter, resulting in additional surrender charges and related fees.

# Benefits, losses and expenses

Policyholder benefits increased for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2011 compared to 2010. The increases were the result of higher mortality costs net of reinsurance, primarily due to an increase in claims, most notably on larger face-value policies.

46

# **Table of Contents**

The following table presents the components of the change in DAC (in thousands):

	Three mon 2011	ths ended Sep 2010	tember 30, Change	Nine mont 2011	hs ended Sept 2010	tember 30, Change
Acquisition cost capitalized Amortization of DAC	\$ 20,153 (21,165)	\$ 21,474 (19,715)	\$ (1,321) (1,450)	\$ 59,672 (55,848)	\$ 59,622 (53,719)	\$ 50 (2,129)
Change in deferred policy acquisition costs (1)	<b>\$</b> (1,012)	<b>\$ 1,759</b>	\$ (2,771)	\$ 3,824	\$ 5,903	<b>\$</b> (2,079)

(1) A positive amount of net change indicates more expense was deferred than amortized and represents a decrease to expenses in the periods indicated.

The increase in the amortization of DAC was the result of the previously described increase in policy terminations.

# Regulatory Matters

On July 5, 2011, the State of New York Insurance Department issued a directive requiring life insurers doing business in the State of New York to utilize data available in the U. S. Social Security Death Master File (SSA Master File) to identify situations where death benefits under life insurance contracts, annuities and retained assets accounts could be due, to locate and pay beneficiaries under such contracts, and to report the results of the use of the data. We are reviewing our claims settlement procedures and utilizing information in the SSA Master File to determine when insureds have died. American National is evaluating the impact of the previously mentioned regulatory directive, if any, on its consolidated financial statements.

# Policy In-Force Information

The following table summarizes changes in the Life segment s in-force amounts (in thousands):

	September 30,				
	2011 2010		Change		
Life insurance in-force					
Traditional life	\$46,562,702	\$45,751,640	\$ 811,062		
Interest-sensitive life	23,640,651	23,999,398	(358,747)		
Total life insurance in-force	\$70,203,353	\$ 69,751,038	\$ 452,315		

The following table summarizes changes in the Life segment s number of policies in-force:

	September 30,			
	2011	2010	Change	
Number of policies in-force				
Traditional life	2,220,085	2,298,203	(78,118)	
Interest-sensitive life	177,734	175,873	1,861	
Total number of policies	2,397,819	2,474,076	(76,257)	

There was an increase in total life insurance in-force in 2011 compared to 2010. The increase to our traditional life products is believed to be the result of consumers seeking contract guarantees due to the economic environment in recent years. This increase was partially offset by a decrease in our interest-sensitive life policies as the result of lower

prevailing interest rates.

The decrease in our policy count is attributable to surrenders and lapses, as well as new business activity generally being comprised of fewer but larger face-value policies.

47

# **Annuity**

We develop, sell and support a variety of immediate and deferred annuities, including fixed, equity-indexed and variable products. We sell these products through independent agents, brokers, financial institutions, multiple-line and employee agents. Annuity segment financial results for the periods indicated were as follows (in thousands):

	Three mon	ths ended Sep	tember 30,	Nine mont	Nine months ended September 30,		
	2011	2010	Change	2011	2010	Change	
Premiums and other							
revenues:							
Premiums	\$ 21,704	\$ 51,180	\$ (29,476)	\$ 73,304	\$ 132,140	\$ (58,836)	
Other policy revenues	3,519	3,505	14	12,118	11,453	665	
Net investment income	121,359	143,154	(21,795)	413,683	387,439	26,244	
Other income	64	121	(57)	185	282	(97)	
Total premiums and other							
revenues	146,646	197,960	(51,314)	499,290	531,314	(32,024)	
Benefits, losses and expenses:							
Policyholder benefits	29,960	56,963	(27,003)	102,770	155,100	(52,330)	
Interest credited to							
policyholders account balances	67,337	94,564	(27,227)	242,731	240,456	2,275	
Commissions for acquiring and							
servicing policies	21,093	24,795	(3,702)	80,642	75,944	4,698	
Other operating expenses	16,260	18,572	(2,312)	57,296	52,456	4,840	
Change in deferred policy							
acquisition costs (1)	(2,285)	(11,644)	9,359	(30,505)	(40,584)	10,079	
<b>Total benefits and expenses</b>	132,365	183,250	(50,885)	452,934	483,372	(30,438)	
Income before other items							
and federal income taxes	\$ 14,281	\$ 14,710	\$ (429)	\$ 46,356	\$ 47,942	<b>\$</b> (1,586)	

<sup>(1)</sup> A negative amount of net change indicates more expense was deferred than amortized and represents a decrease to expenses in the periods indicated.

Earnings remained relatively flat for the three months ended September 30, 2011 compared to 2010. The significant decreases in net investment income and offset to interest credited was primarily the result of benchmark interest rates declining during the period compared to the increases during the same period in 2010.

Earnings decreased slightly for the nine months ended September 30, 2011 compared to 2010 primarily as the result of a decrease in premiums offset by the related decrease in policyholders—benefits, as well as growth in net investment income outpacing the growth in interest credited. The increase in other operating expenses was primarily the result of an accrual for a previously disclosed litigation matter resolved in the first quarter. For additional information, see Note 16, Commitments and Contingencies, of the Notes to the Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements. Without this accrual, earnings would have increased \$10.4 million compared to the first nine months of 2010.

# Premiums and other revenues

Annuity premium and deposit amounts received are shown in the table below (in thousands):

Nine months ended September 30,

Edgar Filing: AMERICAN NATIONAL INSURANCE CO /TX/ - Form 10-Q

	2011	2010	Change	2011	2010	Change
Fixed deferred annuity	\$ 265,606	\$ 334,649	\$ (69,043)	\$1,297,211	\$ 781,041	\$ 516,170
Single premium immediate annuity	38,067	61,692	(23,625)	120,674	310,647	(189,973)
Equity-indexed deferred						
annuity	41,147	52,478	(11,331)	117,800	135,253	(17,453)
Variable deferred annuity	29,367	18,864	10,503	75,481	67,168	8,313
Total	374,187	467,683	(93,496)	1,611,166	1,294,109	317,057
Less: policy deposits	352,483	416,503	(64,020)	1,537,862	1,161,969	375,893
Total earned premiums	\$ 21,704	\$ 51,180	\$ (29,476)	\$ 73,304	\$ 132,140	\$ (58,836)

Market interest rates reached and remained at record lows during the first nine months of 2011, keeping sales of our fixed annuity products strong as consumers sought the protection of these investments, though market volatility slowed sales during the third quarter. Fixed deferred annuity deposits decreased for the three months ended September 30, 2011 compared to 2010. We believe the decrease was driven primarily by consumer uncertainty during the third quarter as compared to the first half of the year and compared to the more optimistic environment in 2010. The financial market s volatility and analysts predictions of increased chances of a double-dip recession may have impacted consumer intent to enter the market during the quarter.

#### **Table of Contents**

Fixed deferred annuity deposits increased significantly for the nine months ended September 30, 2011 compared to 2010. The increase was primarily a result of our marketing efforts to expand bank distribution through new accounts. In addition, continued depressed interest rates assisted in making our fixed deferred annuity rates more attractive relative to other competing financial products.

Single premium immediate annuities (SPIA) decreased for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2011 compared to 2010. Premiums for this product decreased primarily as a result of lower investment yields, restraining demand for this product in anticipation of increased income payments in the future.

Equity-indexed annuities allow policyholders to participate in equity returns while also having certain downside protection resulting from guaranteed minimum crediting rates. Deposits for this product decreased during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2011 compared to the same period in 2010. We believe this decrease was primarily due to lower fixed investment yields resulting in lower declared indexed crediting terms.

Net investment income, a key component of the annuity segment profitability, decreased for the three months ended September 30, 2011 compared to 2010 as a result of negative returns from option investments which support our equity-indexed annuity products. Refer to the Options and Derivatives discussion for further analysis of these results. Net investment income increased for the nine months ended September 30, 2011 compared to 2010. The increase was mainly attributed to a 9.9% increase in the average assets backing the in-force fixed deferred annuity account balances. The increase was partially offset by our option losses.

# Benefits, losses and expenses

Policyholder benefits consist primarily of reserve increases and benefit payments on single premium immediate annuity contracts. The changes in this expense are consistent with the changes in total earned premiums in the current and comparable periods.

The decrease in the interest credited during the three months ended September 30, 2011 compared to 2010, as well as the increase in the nine months ended compared to 2010, were a direct result of the fluctuations in net investment income. Refer to the Options and Derivatives discussion for further analysis of these results.

Commissions decreased and increased for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2011, respectively, compared to 2010. These fluctuations were primarily due to the changes in premiums and annuity deposits. Other operating expenses increased during the nine months ended September 30, 2011 compared to 2010 primarily as the result of an accrual related to the previously disclosed litigation matter. Without this accrual, other operating expenses would have decreased \$7.2 million.

49

#### **Table of Contents**

The change in DAC represents acquisition costs capitalized, net of amortization of existing DAC. The amortization of DAC is calculated in proportion to gross profits. The following table presents the components of the change in DAC (in thousands):

	Three mont 2011	ths ended Sep 2010	tember 30, Change	Nine mont 2011	hs ended Sept 2010	tember 30, Change
Acquisition cost capitalized Amortization of DAC	\$ 27,321 (25,036)	\$ 28,633 (16,989)	\$ (1,312) (8,047)	\$ 98,345 \$ (67,840)	\$ 92,038 (51,454)	\$ 6,307 (16,386)
Change in deferred policy acquisition costs (1)	\$ 2,285	\$ 11,644	\$ (9,359)	\$ 30,505	\$ 40,584	\$ (10,079)

(1) A positive amount of net change indicates more expense was deferred than amortized and is a decrease to expense in the periods indicated.

The decrease in acquisition costs capitalized during the three months ended September 30, 2011 compared to the same period in 2010 was the result of lower premium and deposit inflows and related commissions. Conversely, the increase in acquisition costs capitalized during the nine months ended September 30, 2011 compared to the same period in 2010 were the result of higher premium and deposit inflows and related commissions.

The increase in amortization during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2011 compared to 2010 was the result of increased surrenders and withdrawals.

An important measure of the Annuity segment is the amortization o