RTI INTERNATIONAL METALS INC Form 10-Q November 02, 2007

UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

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QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE
 ACT OF 1934

FOR THE QUARTERLY PERIOD ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2007

OR

o TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from ______to _____

Commission File Number: 001-14437

RTI INTERNATIONAL METALS, INC.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Ohio

(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)

52-2115953

(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

1000 Warren Avenue, Niles, Ohio

(Address of principal executive offices)

44446

(Zip Code)

(330) 544-7700

Registrant s telephone number, including area code:

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.

Yes b No o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, or a non-accelerated filer. See definition of accelerated filer and large accelerated filer in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act (Check One):

Large accelerated filer b Accelerated filer o Non-accelerated filer o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act).

Yes o No b

Number of shares of the Corporation $\, s \, common \, stock \, (\, Common \, Stock \,) \, outstanding as of October 26, 2007 was 23,083,433.$

RTI INTERNATIONAL METALS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

As used in this report, the terms RTI, Company, Registrant, we, our, and us, mean RTI International Metals, predecessors, and consolidated subsidiaries, taken as a whole, unless the context indicates otherwise.

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PART I FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Financial Statements.

RTI INTERNATIONAL METALS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations (Unaudited)

(In thousands, except share and per share amounts)

	Three Months Ended September 30, 2007 2006					Nine Months Ended September 30, 2007 2006			
Net sales	\$	163,412	\$	128,855	\$	463,015	\$	361,601	
Cost and expenses:									
Cost of sales		109,716		81,112		310,448		242,442	
Selling, general, and administrative									
expenses		16,343		13,262		49,562		43,394	
Research, technical, and product		402		200		1.055		1 122	
development expenses		403		288		1,255		1,133	
Operating income		36,950		34,193		101,750		74,632	
Other income (expense)		(1,035)		(71)		(1,940)		182	
Interest income		1,179		816		3,626		1,940	
Interest expense		(386)		(125)		(898)		(347)	
Income before income taxes		36,708		34,813		102,538		76,407	
Provision for income taxes		12,016		11,766		34,823		27,491	
Net income	\$	24,692	\$	23,047	\$	67,715	\$	48,916	
Earnings per share:									
Basic	\$	1.08	\$	1.02	\$	2.96	\$	2.16	
Busic	Ψ	1.00	Ψ	1.02	Ψ	2.50	Ψ	2.10	
Diluted	\$	1.06	\$	1.00	\$	2.92	\$	2.12	
Weighted-average shares outstanding: Basic		22,953,981		22,689,413		22,913,824	,	22,628,874	
Diluted		23,198,387		23,017,546		23,167,023	,	23,036,645	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

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RTI INTERNATIONAL METALS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets (Unaudited)

(In thousands, except share and per share amounts)

	Sep	otember 30, 2007	De	cember 31, 2006
<u>ASSETS</u>				
Current assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	96,335	\$	40,026
Investments Receivables, less allowance for doubtful accounts of \$710 and \$1,548		100,371		85,035 92,517
Inventories, net		290,819		241,638
Deferred income taxes		7,019		2,120
Other current assets		3,589		5,818
Total current assets		498,133		467,154
Property, plant, and equipment, net		141,561		102,470
Goodwill Other intersible seeds not		50,474		48,622
Other intangible assets, net Deferred income taxes		17,367 9,119		15,581 9,076
Other noncurrent assets		1,605		1,010
Cine noneuron assets		1,000		1,010
Total assets	\$	718,259	\$	643,913
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS EQUITY				
Current liabilities:				
Accounts payable	\$	47,904	\$	34,055
Accrued wages and other employee costs		18,128		17,475
Billings in excess of costs and estimated earnings		10,990		21,147
Income taxes payable Deferred income taxes		1,653		5,253 10,255
Current portion of long-term debt		1,067		459
Current liability for post-retirement benefits		2,783		2,783
Current liability for pension benefits		580		580
Other accrued liabilities		16,208		9,436
Total current liabilities		99,313		101,443
Long-term debt		16,445		13,270
Noncurrent liability for post-retirement benefits		33,146		32,445
Noncurrent liability for pension benefits		12,922		22,285
Deferred income taxes		334		5,422

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Other noncurrent liabilities	7,001	6,867
Total liabilities	169,161	181,732
Shareholders equity: Common stock, \$0.01 par value; 50,000,000 shares authorized; 23,588,471 and		
23,440,127 shares issued; 23,083,433 and 22,967,284 shares outstanding	236	234
Additional paid-in capital	300,931	289,448
Treasury stock, at cost; 505,038 and 472,843 shares	(7,801)	(5,285)
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(20,993)	(31,226)
Retained earnings	276,725	209,010
Total shareholders equity	549,098	462,181
Total liabilities and shareholders equity	\$ 718,259	\$ 643,913

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

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RTI INTERNATIONAL METALS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows (Unaudited)

(In thousands)

	Nine Mont Septem 2007	
OPERATING ACTIVITIES: Net income	\$ 67,715	\$ 48,916
Adjustment for non-cash items included in net income: Depreciation and amortization	11,130	10,596
Deferred income taxes	(21,270)	10,570
Stock-based compensation	5,804	3,668
Excess tax benefits from stock-based compensation activity	(3,964)	(2,933)
Other	(826)	455
Changes in assets and liabilities:	()	
Receivables	(4,505)	(20,426)
Inventories	(45,859)	(13,903)
Accounts payable	14,311	2,198
Income taxes payable	(1,124)	6,122
Billings in excess of costs and estimated earnings	(10,157)	(1,695)
Other current liabilities	8,097	1,271
Other assets and liabilities	(5,677)	3,186
Cash provided by operating activities	13,675	37,455
INVESTING ACTIVITIES:		
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant, and equipment	523	102
Purchase of investments	(1,408)	
Proceeds from sale of investments	86,442	2,410
Capital expenditures	(45,176)	(20,935)
Cash provided by (used in) investing activities	40,381	(18,423)
FINANCING ACTIVITIES:		
Proceeds from exercise of employee stock options	1,533	2,124
Excess tax benefits from stock-based compensation activity	3,964	2,933
Financing fees	(845)	
Borrowings on long-term debt	1,577	
Repayments on long-term debt	(266)	
Purchase of common stock held in treasury	(2,516)	(896)
Cash provided by financing activities	3,447	4,161

Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents	(1,194)	(200)
Increase in cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	56,309 40,026	22,993 53,353
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$ 96,335	\$ 76,346

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

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RTI INTERNATIONAL METALS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

(In thousands, except share amounts)

	Shares of Common Stock Outstanding	Common Stock	Additional Paid-in Capital	Treasury Stock	Retained Earnings	Accum. Other Comp Income/ (Loss)	C Total	omprehensiv Income
Balance at								
December 31, 2006 Shares issued for	22,967,284	\$ 234	\$ 289,448	\$ (5,285)	\$ 209,010	\$ (31,226)	\$ 462,181	
directors compensation Shares issued for restricted stock award	5,279							
plans Stock-based compensation expense	54,946	1					1	
recognized Treasury stock			5,804				5,804	
purchased at cost Exercise of employee	(32,195))		(2,516)			(2,516)	
options Tax benefits from	88,119	1	1,532				1,533	
stock-based compensation activity			4,147				4,147	
Net income Benefit plan					67,715		67,715	\$ 67,715
amortization Foreign currency						1,996	1,996	1,996
translation						8,237	8,237	8,237
Comprehensive income								\$ 77,948
Balance at September 30, 2007	23,083,433	\$ 236	\$ 300,931	\$ (7,801)	\$ 276,725	\$ (20,993)	\$ 549,098	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

RTI INTERNATIONAL METALS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Condensed Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

(In thousands, except share and per share amounts, unless otherwise indicated)

Note 1 BASIS OF PRESENTATION:

The accompanying unaudited consolidated financial statements of RTI International Metals, Inc. and its subsidiaries (the Company or RTI) have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States for interim financial information and with the instructions to Form 10-Q and Article 10 of Regulation S-X. Accordingly, certain information and note disclosures normally included in annual financial statements prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles have been condensed or omitted pursuant to those rules and regulations, although the Company believes that the disclosures made are adequate to make the information not misleading. In the opinion of management, these financial statements contain all of the adjustments of a normal and recurring nature considered necessary to state fairly the results for the interim periods presented. The results for the interim periods are not necessarily indicative of the results to be expected for the year.

The balance sheet at December 31, 2006 has been derived from the audited financial statements at that date, but does not include all of the information and notes required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States for complete financial statements. Although the Company believes that the disclosures are adequate to make the information presented not misleading, it is suggested that these financial statements be read in conjunction with accounting policies and notes to consolidated financial statements included in the Company s 2006 Annual Report on Form 10-K.

Note 2 ORGANIZATION:

The Company is a leading U.S. producer of titanium mill products and fabricated metal components for the global market. RTI is a successor to entities that have been operating in the titanium industry since 1951. The Company first became publicly traded on the New York Stock Exchange in 1990 under the name RMI Titanium Co., and was reorganized into a holding company structure in 1998 under the symbol RTI. The Company conducts business in two segments: the Titanium Group and the Fabrication & Distribution Group (F&D Group). The Titanium Group melts and produces a complete range of titanium mill products, which are further processed by its customers for use in a variety of commercial aerospace, defense, and industrial applications. The titanium mill products consist of basic mill shapes including ingot, slab, bloom, billet, bar, plate, and sheet. The Titanium Group also produces ferro titanium alloys for steel-making customers and processes and distributes titanium powder. The F&D Group is comprised of companies that fabricate, machine, assemble, and distribute titanium and other specialty metal parts and components. Its products, many of which are engineered parts and assemblies, serve commercial aerospace, defense, oil and gas, power generation, and chemical process industries, as well as a number of other industrial and consumer markets.

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RTI INTERNATIONAL METALS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Condensed Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

(In thousands, except share and per share amounts, unless otherwise indicated)

Note 3 STOCK-BASED COMPENSATION:

Stock Options

A summary of the status of the Company s stock options as of September 30, 2007, and the activity during the nine months then ended, are presented below:

Stock Options	Shares
Outstanding at December 31, 2006	403,194
Granted	62,700
Forfeited	(3,836)
Expired	(2,901)
Exercised	(88,119)
Outstanding at September 30, 2007	371,038
Exercisable at September 30, 2007	236,792

The fair value of stock options granted was estimated at the date of grant using the Black-Scholes option-pricing model based upon the assumptions noted in the following table:

	2007
Risk-free interest rate	4.84%
Expected dividend yield	0.00%
Expected lives (in years)	5.0
Expected volatility	42.00%

Restricted Stock

A summary of the status of the Company s nonvested restricted stock as of September 30, 2007, and the activity during the nine months then ended, are presented below:

Nonvested Restricted Stock Awards	Shares
Nonvested at December 31, 2006	166.254

Granted 60,225 Vested (104,837)

Nonvested at September 30, 2007

121,642

Note 4 INCOME TAXES:

Management evaluates the estimated annual effective income tax rate on a quarterly basis based on current and forecasted business levels and activities, including the mix of domestic and foreign results and enacted tax laws. To the extent that management determines that the Company s estimated annual effective tax rate varies from the previous quarter s estimated annual effective rate, the income tax provision is adjusted in the current quarter. Items unrelated to current year ordinary income are recognized entirely in the period identified as a discrete item of tax.

For the nine months ended September 30, 2007, the estimated annual effective tax rate applied to ordinary income was 36.4%, compared to a rate of 37.4% for the nine months ended September 30, 2006. These rates differ from the federal statutory rate of 35% principally as a result of state taxes reduced by the benefit of the federal

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RTI INTERNATIONAL METALS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Condensed Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

(In thousands, except share and per share amounts, unless otherwise indicated)

manufacturing deduction. The rate for 2007 is less than the comparable rate in 2006 primarily due to an increase in the benefit derived from the federal manufacturing deduction.

Inclusive of discrete items, the Company recognized a provision for income taxes of \$12,016, or 32.7% of pretax income, and \$11,766, or 33.8% of pretax income for federal, state, and foreign income taxes for the three months ended September 30, 2007 and 2006, respectively. Discrete items reduced income tax expense for the three months ended September 30, 2007 and 2006 by \$1,806 and \$1,127, respectively, and were comprised primarily of normal adjustments made upon filing the 2006 and 2005 tax returns and favorable adjustments to prior years taxes based upon additional information that became available during each quarter.

Inclusive of discrete items, the Company recognized a provision for income taxes of \$34,823, or 34.0% of pretax income, and \$27,491, or 36.0% of pretax income for federal, state, and foreign income taxes for the nine months ended September 30, 2007 and 2006, respectively. Discrete items reduced income tax expense by \$2,501 and \$1,047 for the nine months ended September 30, 2007 and 2006, respectively, and were comprised primarily of normal adjustments made upon filing the 2006 and 2005 tax returns and favorable adjustments to prior years taxes based upon additional information that became available during each period.

Effective January 1, 2007, the Company adopted the provisions of Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Interpretation No. 48 (FIN 48), *Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes an interpretation of FASB Statement 109*. Based on the Company s analysis associated with the adoption of FIN 48, no cumulative effect adjustment was required. The total amount of unrecognized tax benefits as of January 1, 2007 and September 30, 2007 were \$2,013 and \$2,181, respectively, all of which would affect the effective tax rate if recognized. The change is attributable to the impact of tax positions taken during 2007 reduced by the effective settlement of the 2003 federal tax year and favorable adjustments resulting from additional information that became available during the third quarter.

The Company classifies interest and penalties as an element of tax expense. The amount of tax-related interest recognized in the Consolidated Statement of Operations for the nine months ended September 30, 2007 and September 30, 2006 and the total tax-related interest expense accrued in the Consolidated Balance Sheets at December 31, 2006 and September 30, 2007 were not material. The Company does not believe it is exposed to penalties related to any material uncertain tax positions and thus, none have been accrued in any period presented.

United States federal income tax returns for tax years 2004 and prior have been effectively settled or closed to examination. Tax benefits claimed in 2004 remain open to adjustment to the extent of the 2004 net operating loss carryforward that was utilized on the 2005 federal tax return. The principal state jurisdictions that remain open to examination are Ohio, Pennsylvania, California, Missouri, and Texas, generally for the tax years 2003 forward. The principal foreign jurisdictions remaining open to examination, and the earliest open year, are the United Kingdom (2005), France (2003), and Canada (2004).

The Company s unrecognized tax benefits principally relate to the price of products and services between the U.S. companies and their foreign affiliates. Such previously unrecognized tax benefits of approximately \$844 were recognized in the third quarter based upon additional data that became available in the public domain which permitted

an update of the Company s most recently completed transfer pricing study. It is reasonably possible that remaining unrecognized tax benefits could change significantly as additional data is published. It is not possible to estimate a range of change that may result from the future publication of this data.

Note 5 EARNINGS PER SHARE:

Earnings per share amounts for each period are presented in accordance with Statement of Financial Accounting Standards (SFAS) No. 128, *Earnings Per Share*, which requires the presentation of basic and

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RTI INTERNATIONAL METALS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Condensed Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

(In thousands, except share and per share amounts, unless otherwise indicated)

diluted earnings per share. Basic earnings per share was computed by dividing net income by the weighted-average number of shares of Common Stock outstanding for each respective period. Diluted earnings per share was calculated by dividing net income by the weighted-average of all potentially dilutive shares of Common Stock that were outstanding during the periods presented.

Actual weighted-average shares of Common Stock outstanding used in the calculation of basic and diluted earnings per share for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2007 and 2006 were as follows:

	Three Months Ended September 30,				Nine Months Ended September 30,			
	2007 2006		2007		2006			
Numerator:								
Net income	\$	24,692	\$	23,047	\$	67,715	\$	48,916
Denominator:								
Basic weighted-average shares outstanding		22,953,981		22,689,413		22,913,824		22,628,874
Effect of diluted securities		244,406		328,133		253,199		407,771
Diluted weighted-average shares								
outstanding		23,198,387		23,017,546		23,167,023		23,036,645
Earnings per share:								
Basic	\$	1.08	\$	1.02	\$	2.96	\$	2.16
Diluted	\$	1.06	\$	1.00	\$	2.92	\$	2.12

For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2007, options to purchase 62,050 and 55,070 shares of Common Stock, at an average price of \$77.91 and \$77.80 respectively, have been excluded from the calculation of diluted earnings per share because their effects were antidilutive. For the three months ended September 30, 2006, options to purchase 70,100 shares of Common Stock, at an average price of \$45.09, have been excluded from the calculation of diluted earnings per share because their effects were antidilutive. There were no options to purchase shares of Common Stock excluded from the calculation of earnings per share for the nine months ended September 30, 2006.

Note 6 INVENTORIES:

Inventories are valued at cost as determined by the last-in, first-out (LIFO) method for approximately 60% and 57% of the Company s inventories at September 30, 2007 and December 31, 2006, respectively. The remaining inventories are valued at cost determined by a combination of the first-in, first-out (FIFO) and weighted-average cost methods. Inventory costs generally include materials, labor, and manufacturing overhead (including depreciation). When market conditions indicate an excess of carrying cost over market value, a lower-of-cost-or-market provision is recorded. Inventories consisted of the following:

		Sept	tember 30, 2007	December 31, 2006		
Raw materials and supplies Work-in-process and finished goods LIFO reserve		\$	112,370 267,396 (88,947)	\$	70,662 210,629 (39,653)	
Total inventories		\$	290,819	\$	241,638	
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RTI INTERNATIONAL METALS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Condensed Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

(In thousands, except share and per share amounts, unless otherwise indicated)

As of September 30, 2007 and December 31, 2006, the current cost of inventories exceeded their carrying value by \$88,947 and \$39,653, respectively. The Company s FIFO inventory value is used to approximate current costs.

Note 7 GOODWILL AND OTHER INTANGIBLE ASSETS:

Under SFAS No. 142, *Goodwill and Intangible Assets*, goodwill is subject to at least an annual assessment for impairment by applying a fair value based test. Absent any events throughout the year which would indicate potential impairment, the Company performs annual impairment testing during the fourth quarter. There have been no impairments to date. In the case of goodwill and long-lived assets, if future product demand or market conditions reduce management s expectation of future cash flows from these assets, a write-down of the carrying value of goodwill or long-lived assets may be required.

Goodwill. The carrying amount of goodwill attributable to each segment at December 31, 2006 and September 30, 2007 was as follows:

				nslation ustment/			
	December 31, 2006			Other	September 30, 2007		
Titanium Group Fabrication & Distribution Group	\$	2,591 46,031	\$	(43) 1,895	\$	2,548 47,926	
Total goodwill	\$	48,622	\$	1,852	\$	50,474	

Intangibles. Intangible assets consist of customer relationships as a result of our acquisition of Claro Precision, Inc. (Claro) in 2004. These intangible assets, which were valued at fair value, are being amortized over 20 years. In the event that demand or market conditions change and the expected future cash flows associated with these assets is reduced, a write-down or acceleration of the amortization period may be required.

The carrying amount of intangible assets attributable to each segment at December 31, 2006 and September 30, 2007 was as follows:

			Translation			
	December 31, 2006	Amortization	Adjustment	September 30, 2007		
Titanium Group	\$	\$	\$	\$		

Fabrication & Distribution Group		15,581	15,581		2,475	2,475		
Total intangible assets	\$	15,581	\$	(689)	\$ 2,475	\$	17,367	

Note 8 BILLINGS IN EXCESS OF COSTS AND ESTIMATED EARNINGS:

The Company reported a liability for billings in excess of costs and estimated earnings of \$10,990 as of September 30, 2007 and \$21,147 as of December 31, 2006. These amounts primarily represent payments, received in advance from defense and energy market customers on long-term orders, which the Company has not recognized as revenues.

Note 9 OTHER INCOME (EXPENSE):

Other income (expense) for the three months ended September 30, 2007 and 2006 was \$(1,035) and \$(71), respectively. Other income (expense) for the nine months ended September 30, 2007 and 2006 was \$(1,940) and \$182, respectively. Other income (expense) consists primarily of foreign exchange gains and losses from

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RTI INTERNATIONAL METALS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Condensed Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

(In thousands, except share and per share amounts, unless otherwise indicated)

international operations which were primarily the result of the continued weakening of the U.S. Dollar against the Canadian Dollar, the Euro, and the British Pound.

Note 10 EMPLOYEE BENEFIT PLANS:

Components of net periodic pension and other post-retirement benefit cost for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2007 and 2006 for those salaried and hourly covered employees were as follows:

	Pension Benefits								Other Post-Retirement Benefits							
			Months ded aber 30.			Nine Months Ended September 30,			Three Months Ended September 30,				Nine Months Ended September 30,			
		2007		2006		2007		2006		2007		2006		2007		2006
Service cost Interest cost Expected return on	\$	503 1,728	\$	509 1,619	\$	1,509 5,184	\$	1,527 4,857	\$	121 508	\$	112 397	\$	363 1,523	\$	336 1,192
plan assets Amortization of		(2,019)		(2,014)		(6,057)		(6,043)								
prior service cost Amortization of unrealized gains and		173		208		520		624		303		44		910		131
losses		557		621		1,670		1,863				96				289
Net periodic benefit cost	\$	942	\$	943	\$	2,826	\$	2,828	\$	932	\$	649	\$	2,796	\$	1,948

During the third quarter of 2007, the Company made a \$10 million cash contribution to its company-sponsored pension plans. The Company does not expect to make any further contributions during the balance of the year.

Note 11 COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES:

From time to time, the Company is involved in litigation relating to claims arising out of its operations in the normal course of business. In our opinion, the ultimate liability, if any, resulting from these matters will have no significant impact on our Consolidated Financial Statements. Given the critical nature of many of the aerospace end uses for the Company s products, including specifically their use in critical rotating parts of gas turbine engines, the Company maintains aircraft products liability insurance of \$350 million, which includes grounding liability.

Environmental Matters

The Company is subject to environmental laws and regulations as well as various health and safety laws and regulations that are subject to frequent modifications and revisions. While the costs of compliance for these matters have not had a material adverse impact on the Company in the past, it is impossible to accurately predict the ultimate effect these changing laws and regulations may have on the Company in the future. The Company continues to evaluate its obligation for environmental-related costs on a quarterly basis and make adjustments in accordance with provisions of Statement of Position 96-1, *Environmental Remediation Liabilities* and SFAS No. 5, *Accounting for Contingencies*.

Given the status of the proceedings at certain of these sites and the evolving nature of environmental laws, regulations, and remediation techniques, the Company s ultimate obligation for investigative and remediation costs cannot be predicted. It is the Company s policy to recognize environmental costs in the financial statements when an obligation becomes probable and a reasonable estimate of exposure can be determined. When a single estimate cannot be reasonably made, but a range can be reasonably estimated, the Company accrues the amount it determines to be the most likely amount within that range.

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RTI INTERNATIONAL METALS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Condensed Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

(In thousands, except share and per share amounts, unless otherwise indicated)

Based on available information, RTI believes that its share of possible environmental-related costs is in a range from \$2,166 to \$3,271 in the aggregate. At September 30, 2007 and December 31, 2006, the amounts accrued for future environmental-related costs were \$2,877 and \$3,553, respectively. Of the total amount accrued at September 30, 2007, \$1,500 is expected to be paid out within one year and is included in the other accrued liabilities line of the balance sheet. The remaining \$1,377 is recorded in other noncurrent liabilities.

The Company has included \$439 and \$433 in its other current and noncurrent assets, respectively, for expected contributions from third parties. These third parties include prior owners of RTI property and prior customers of RTI that have agreed to partially reimburse the Company for certain environmental-related costs. The Company has been receiving contributions from such third parties for a number of years as partial reimbursement for costs incurred by the Company.

The following table summarizes the changes in the assets and liabilities for the nine months ended September 30, 2007:

	Environmental Environ Assets Liab						
Balance at December 31, 2006 Environmental-related income (expense) Cash paid (received)	\$	1,252 20 (400)	\$	(3,553) (1,035) 1,711			
Balance at September 30, 2007	\$	872	\$	(2,877)			

As these proceedings continue toward final resolution, amounts in excess of those already provided may be necessary to discharge the Company from its obligations for these sites which include the Ashtabula River, the former Ashtabula Extrusion Plant, and the Reserve Environmental Services Landfill.

Other Matters

The Company maintains a program through an authorized agent to recapture duty paid on imported titanium sponge as an offset against exports for products shipped outside the U.S. by its customers. The agent, who matches the Company s duty paid with the export shipments of its customers through filings with U.S. Customs and Border Protection (U.S. Customs), performs the recapture process.

The Company recognizes a credit to Cost of Sales when it receives notification from its agent that a claim has been filed and accepted by U.S. Customs. For the period, January 1, 2001 through March 31, 2007, the Company recognized a reduction to Cost of Sales totaling \$14.5 million associated with the recapture of duty paid. This amount represents the total of all claims filed by the agent on the Company s behalf.

During the second quarter of 2007, the Company received notice from U.S. Customs that it was under formal investigation for \$7.6 million of claims previously filed by the agent on its behalf. The investigation relates to discrepancies in, and lack of supporting documentation for claims filed through the Company s authorized agent. The Company has revoked the authorized agent s authority and intends to fully cooperate with U.S. Customs to determine to what extent any claims may be invalid or may not be supportable with adequate documentation. In response to the investigation noted above, the Company has suspended the filing of new duty drawback claims while the investigation is performed.

Concurrent with the U.S. Customs investigation, the Company is currently performing an internal review of the entire \$14.5 million of drawback claims filed with U.S. Customs to determine to what extent any claims may have been invalid or may not have been supported with adequate documentation. In those instances, the Company continues to provide additional or supplemental documentation to U.S. Customs to support claims previously filed.

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RTI INTERNATIONAL METALS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Condensed Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

(In thousands, except share and per share amounts, unless otherwise indicated)

As of the date of this filing, this review is not complete due to the extensive amount of documentation which must be examined. However, as a result of this review to date, the Company has recorded year-to-date charges of \$7.1 million to Cost of Sales, with \$3.4 million recorded during the three months ended June 30, 2007 and an additional \$3.7 million recorded during the three months ended September 30, 2007. These charges were determined in accordance with SFAS No. 5, *Accounting for Contingencies*, and represent the Company s current best estimate of probable loss. Of this amount, \$6.4 million was recorded as a contingent current liability and \$0.7 million was recorded as a reserve against an outstanding receivable representing claims filed which had not yet been accepted by U.S. Customs. While the ultimate outcome of the U.S. Customs investigation and the Company s internal review is not yet known, the Company believes there is additional, possible risk of loss between \$0 and \$4.0 million based on current facts, exclusive of any amounts imposed for interest and penalties which cannot be quantified at this time.

The Company is also the subject of, or a party to, a number of other pending or threatened legal actions involving a variety of matters incidental to its business. The Company is of the opinion that the ultimate resolution of these matters will not have a significant impact on the results of the operations, cash flows, or the financial position of the Company.

Note 12 LONG-TERM DEBT:

Long-term debt consisted of:

	Septen 20	December 31, 2006		
RTI Claro credit agreement Interest-free loan agreement	\$	15,796 1,716	\$	13,729
Total debt Less: Current portion		17,512 (1,067)		13,729 (459)
Long-term debt	\$	16,445	\$	13,270

On September 27, 2007, the Company executed a new \$240 million, five-year credit agreement (the Agreement) maturing on September 27, 2012. The Agreement replaces the Company s \$90 million credit agreement. Borrowings under the Agreement bear interest at the option of the Company at a rate equal to either an adjusted London Interbank Offered Rate (the LIBOR Rate) plus an applicable margin or the bank s base rate. In addition, the Company pays a facility fee in connection with the Agreement. Both the applicable margin and the facility fee vary based upon the Company s achievement of a financial ratio. The Agreement contains covenants, which, among other things, require compliance with certain financial ratios, including a leverage ratio and an interest coverage ratio. The Company may prepay the borrowings under the Agreement in whole or in parts, at any time, without a prepayment penalty. As of

September 30, 2007, the Company had no outstanding borrowings under the Agreement.

As of September 30, 2007, the Company s wholly-owned, Canadian subsidiary, Claro, maintained a Credit Agreement (the Claro Agreement) with National City Bank, Canada Branch that provided for an unsecured \$16,000 Canadian credit facility. At September 30, 2007 exchange rates, this agreement allows for borrowings of up to \$16,066 U.S. Dollars. The Claro Agreement operated as a revolving credit facility until July 1, 2007, at which time the outstanding principle and interest were converted to a ten-year term loan that will be repaid in 39 equal quarterly principle and interest payments (based on a 15-year amortization schedule) and a final balloon payment of outstanding principle and interest. On September 27, 2007, the Claro Agreement was amended to conform its covenants to the Company s new \$240 million, five-year credit agreement. As of September 30, 2007, outstanding borrowings totaled \$15,796 under this agreement.

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RTI INTERNATIONAL METALS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Condensed Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

(In thousands, except share and per share amounts, unless otherwise indicated)

As of September 30, 2007, the Company maintained an interest-free loan agreement which allows for borrowings of up to \$5,175 Canadian dollars. At September 30, 2007 exchange rates, this agreement allows for borrowings of up to \$5,196 U.S. dollars. This loan agreement was obtained through an affiliate of the Canadian government. Borrowings under this agreement are to be used for new equipment related to the capital expansion efforts at the Company s Montreal, Quebec facility. Under the terms of the loan, principal will be repaid in sixty equal, monthly and consecutive payments beginning in March of 2009. At September 30, 2007, outstanding borrowings totaled \$1,716 (U.S.) under this agreement. There were no borrowings outstanding under this agreement at December 31, 2006. The Company expects to utilize all availability associated with this credit facility by the end of 2008.

Note 13 SEGMENT REPORTING:

The Company s reportable segments are the Titanium Group and the F&D Group.

The Titanium Group manufactures and sells a wide range of titanium mill products to a customer base consisting primarily of manufacturing and fabrication companies in the commercial aerospace and nonaerospace markets. Titanium mill products are sold primarily to customers such as metal fabricators and forge shops in addition to the F&D Group. Titanium mill products are usually raw or starting material for these customers, who then form, fabricate, or further process mill products into finished or semi-finished components or parts.

The F&D Group is engaged primarily in the fabrication of titanium, specialty metals and steel products, including pipe and engineered tubular products, for use in the oil and gas and geo-thermal energy industries; hot and superplastically formed parts; and cut, forged, extruded, and rolled shapes for commercial aerospace and nonaerospace applications. This segment also provides warehousing, distribution, finishing, cut-to-size, and just-in-time delivery services of titanium, steel, and other metal products.

Intersegment sales are accounted for at prices which are generally established by reference to similar transactions with unaffiliated customers. Reportable segments are measured based on segment operating income after an allocation of certain corporate items such as general corporate overhead and expenses. Assets of general corporate activities include unallocated cash and deferred taxes.

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RTI INTERNATIONAL METALS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Condensed Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

(In thousands, except share and per share amounts, unless otherwise indicated)

A summary of financial information by reportable segment is as follows:

	Three Months Ended September 30, 2007 2006				nths Ended nber 30, 2006		
Net sales: Titanium Group Intersegment sales	\$ 68,603 41,808	\$	53,853 40,789	\$ 184,461 135,808	\$	154,040 105,647	
Total Titanium Group net sales Fabrication & Distribution Group Intersegment sales	110,411 94,809 1,441		94,642 75,002 1,290	320,269 278,554 5,226		259,687 207,561 4,600	
Total Fabrication & Distribution Group net sales Eliminations	96,250 43,249		76,292 42,079	283,780 141,034		212,161 110,247	
Total consolidated net sales	\$ 163,412	\$	128,855	\$ 463,015	\$	361,601	
Operating income: Titanium Group before corporate allocations Corporate allocations	\$ 28,691 (2,799)	\$	26,066 (1,657)	\$ 77,565 (8,716)	\$	59,714 (6,474)	
Total Titanium Group operating income Fabrication & Distribution Group before corporate allocations Corporate allocations	25,892 14,993 (3,935)		24,409 13,507 (3,723)	68,849 45,341 (12,440)		53,240 33,883 (12,491)	
Total Fabrication & Distribution Group operating income	11,058		9,784	32,901		21,392	
Total consolidated operating income	\$ 36,950	\$	34,193	\$ 101,750	\$	74,632	
Income before income taxes: Titanium Group Fabrication & Distribution Group	\$ 26,524 10,184	\$	24,809 10,004	\$ 70,992 31,546	\$	54,235 22,172	
Total consolidated income before income taxes	\$ 36,708	\$	34,813	\$ 102,538	\$	76,407	

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	Sept	tember 30, 2007	December 31, 2006		
Total assets:					
Titanium Group	\$	265,428	\$	228,305	
Fabrication & Distribution Group		354,035		294,436	
General corporate assets		98,796		121,172	
Total consolidated assets	\$	718,259	\$	643,913	
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RTI INTERNATIONAL METALS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Condensed Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

(In thousands, except share and per share amounts, unless otherwise indicated)

Note 14 NEW ACCOUNTING STANDARDS:

In July 2006, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued Interpretation No. 48 (FIN 48), *Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes* an interpretation of FASB Statement 109. FIN 48 prescribes a comprehensive model on how a company should recognize, measure, present, and disclose in its financial statements uncertain tax positions that it has taken or expects to take on a tax return. FIN 48 became effective as of January 1, 2007. Based on the Company s analysis performed in association with the adoption of FIN 48, no cumulative effect adjustment was required.

In September 2006, the FASB issued SFAS No. 157, *Fair Value Measurements* (SFAS 157). SFAS 157 defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and expands disclosures about fair value measurements. The provisions of SFAS 157 are effective as of January 1, 2008. The adoption of SFAS 157 is not expected to have a material effect on the Company s Consolidated Financial Statements.

In February 2007, the FASB issued SFAS No. 159, *The Fair Value Option for Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities-Including an amendment of FASB Statement No. 115* (SFAS 159). SFAS 159 permits entities to make an irrevocable election to measure certain financial instruments and other assets and liabilities at fair value on an instrument-by-instrument basis. Unrealized gains and losses on items for which the fair value option has been elected should be recognized into net earnings at each subsequent reporting date. SFAS 159 will become effective as of January 1, 2008. The adoption of SFAS 159 is not expected to have a material effect on the Company s Consolidated Financial Statements.

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Item 2. Management s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations.

Forward-Looking Statements

The following discussion should be read in connection with the information contained in the Consolidated Financial Statements and Condensed Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements. The following information contains forward-looking statements within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995, and is subject to the safe harbor created by that Act. Such forward-looking statements may be identified by their use of words like expects, anticipates, intends, projects, or other words of similar meaning. Forward-looking statements are based on expectations and assumptions regarding future events. In addition to factors discussed throughout this quarterly report, the following factors and risks should also be considered, including, without limitation:

statements regarding the future availability and prices of raw materials,

competition in the titanium industry,

demand for the Company s products,

the historic cyclicality of the titanium and commercial aerospace industries,

changes in defense spending,

the success of new market development,

long-term supply agreements,

waivers to and legislative challenges to the Specialty Metals Clause of the Berry Amendment,

global economic activities,

outcome of pending U.S. Customs investigation,

the successful completion of our expansion projects,

the Company s order backlog and the conversion of that backlog into revenue, and

other statements contained herein that are not historical facts.

Because such forward-looking statements involve risks and uncertainties, there are important factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from those expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements. These and other risk factors are set forth in this, as well as in other filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) over the last 12 months, copies of which are available from the SEC or may be obtained upon request from the Company.

Overview

RTI International Metals, Inc. (the Company, RTI, we, us, or our) is a leading U.S. producer of titanium mill produced and fabricated metal parts for the global market.

Net income for the three months ended September 30, 2007 totaled \$24.7 million, or \$1.06 per diluted share, on sales of \$163.4 million, compared with net income totaling \$23.0 million or \$1.00 per diluted share, on sales of \$128.9 million for the three months ended September 30, 2006. Net income for the nine months ended September 30, 2007 totaled \$67.7 million, or \$2.92 per diluted share, on sales of \$463.0 million, compared with net income totaling \$48.9 million, or \$2.12 per diluted share, on sales of \$361.6 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2006. Our increased sales and profitability, as compared to the same period in the prior year, were primarily the result of increased selling prices driven by continued strong demand from the commercial aerospace market for our titanium products across both of our operating segments.

We conduct our operations in two reportable segments: the Titanium Group and the Fabrication & Distribution Group (F&D Group). The Titanium Group melts and produces a complete range of titanium mill products which are further processed by its customers for use in a variety of commercial aerospace, defense, and industrial and

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consumer applications. The F&D Group is comprised of companies that fabricate, machine, assemble, and distribute titanium and other specialty metals parts and components. Its products, many of which are engineered parts and assemblies, serve commercial aerospace, defense, oil and gas, power generation, and chemical process industries, as well as a number of other industrial and consumer markets.

The Titanium Group, with operations in Niles, Ohio; Canton, Ohio; Salt Lake City, Utah; and Hermitage, Pennsylvania, has overall responsibility for the production of primary mill products including, but not limited to, bloom, billet, sheet, and plate. The Titanium Group also focuses on the research and development of evolving technologies relating to raw materials, melting, and other production processes, and the application of titanium to new markets. The F&D Group, with operations located throughout the U.S., Europe, and Canada, and representative offices in Germany, Italy, and China, concentrates its efforts on maximizing its profitability by offering value-added products and services such as engineered tubulars and extrusions, fabricated and machined components and sub-assemblies, as well as engineered systems for energy-related markets by accessing the Titanium Group as its primary source of mill products. For the three months ended September 30, 2007 and 2006, approximately 38% and 43%, respectively, of the Titanium Group s sales were to the F&D Group. For the nine months ended September 30, 2007 and 2006, approximately 42% and 41%, respectively, of the Titanium Group s sales were to the F&D Group.

Duty Drawback Investigation

We maintain a program through an authorized agent to recapture duty paid on imported titanium sponge as an offset against exports for products shipped outside the U.S. by our customers. The agent, who matches our duty paid with the export shipments of our customers through filings with U.S. Customs and Border Protection (U.S. Customs), performs the recapture process.

We recognize a credit to Cost of Sales when we receive notification from our agent that a claim has been filed and accepted by U.S. Customs. For the period, January 1, 2001 through March 31, 2007, we recognized a reduction to Cost of Sales totaling \$14.5 million associated with the recapture of duty paid. This amount represents the total of all claims filed by the agent on the Company s behalf.

During the second quarter of 2007, we received notice from U.S. Customs that we were under formal investigation for \$7.6 million of claims previously filed by the agent on our behalf. The investigation relates to discrepancies in, and lack of supporting documentation for claims filed through our authorized agent. We have revoked the authorized agent s authority and intend to fully cooperate with U.S. Customs to determine to what extent any claims may be invalid or may not be supportable with adequate documentation. In response to the investigation noted above, we have suspended the filing of new duty drawback claims while the investigation is performed. We are fully engaged and cooperating with U.S. Customs in an effort to complete the investigation in an expedient manner.

Concurrent with the U.S. Customs investigation, we are currently performing an internal review of the entire \$14.5 million of drawback claims filed with U.S. Customs to determine to what extent any claims may have been invalid or may not have been supported with adequate documentation. In those instances, we are attempting to provide additional or supplemental documentation to U.S. Customs to support claims previously filed. As of the date of this filing, this review is not complete due to the extensive amount of documentation which must be examined. However, as a result of this review to date, we have recorded a charge of \$7.1 million to Cost of Sales, with \$3.4 million being recorded during the three months ended June 30, 2007 and \$3.7 million recorded during the three months ended September 30, 2007. These charges were determined in accordance with Statement of Financial Accounting Standards (SFAS) No. 5, *Accounting for Contingencies*, and represent our current best estimate of probable loss. Of this amount, \$6.4 million was recorded as a contingent current liability and \$0.7 million was recorded as a reserve against an outstanding receivable representing claims filed which had not yet been paid by U.S. Customs. While the ultimate outcome of the U.S. Customs investigation and our own internal review is not yet known, we believe there is an

additional, possible risk of loss between \$0 and \$4.0 million based on current facts, exclusive of any amounts imposed for interest and penalties which cannot be quantified at this time.

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Three Months Ended September 30, 2007 Compared To Three Months Ended September 30, 2006

Net Sales. Net sales for our reportable segments, excluding intersegment sales, for the three months ended September 30, 2007 and 2006 are summarized in the following table:

		Three I End Septem	Inc	\$ crease/	% Increase/			
(In millions except percents)	20	007	7 200		2006 (Dec		(Decrease)	
Titanium Group Fabrication & Distribution Group	\$	68.6 94.8	\$	53.9 75.0	\$	14.7 19.8	27.3% 26.4%	
Total consolidated net sales		163.4	\$	128.9	\$	34.5	26.8%	

The Titanium Group s net sales increased by \$14.7 million due to an increase in average selling prices driven by continued strong demand from the commercial aerospace markets offset by a slight decrease in trade shipments. The increases in selling price led to improved prime product sales of \$19.3 million offset by a slight decrease in volume of 153 thousand pounds, representing \$3.2 million in trade sales. Although we have experienced a slight softening in demand compared to prior year, we believe it to be temporary within the context of a continuing strong long-term picture. The Titanium Group s net sales were also impacted by decreases in trade sales from non-prime products, representing a \$1.4 million decrease from the same period in the prior year.

The increase in the F&D Group s net sales of \$19.8 million was primarily the result of continued strong demand from customers in most of the Group s businesses and product lines as well as increased selling prices. Specifically, sales related to the Joint Strike Fighter (JSF), Airbus, and Boeing 787 programs have resulted in increased sales of \$11.6 million compared to the same period in the prior year. In addition, we completed significant projects for our energy customers during the quarter that resulted in an increase to net sales of \$6.3 million. The segment s increases in net sales were attributed to its North American operations and European outlets by \$10.7 million and \$9.1 million, respectively.

Gross Profit. Gross profit for our reportable segments, for the three months ended September 30, 2007 and 2006 are summarized in the following table:

	Three I End Septem	\$ Increase/		% Increase/	
(In millions except percents)	2007	2006	(Dec	rease)	(Decrease)
Titanium Group	\$ 30.6	\$ 28.1	\$	2.5	8.9%
Fabrication & Distribution Group	23.1	19.6		3.5	17.9%
Total consolidated gross profit	\$ 53.7	\$ 47.7	\$	6.0	12.6%

Excluding the \$3.7 million charge associated with the U.S. Customs investigation of our previously filed duty drawback claims, gross profit for the Titanium Group increased by \$6.2 million while the gross profit percentage decreased slightly to 50.0% from 52.1% in the same period in the prior year. Although the increase in gross profit is primarily attributable to the increase in average selling prices driven by strong demand in the commercial aerospace markets, as described above, the decrease in the gross profit percentage was primarily due to increased raw material prices and a reduction in high-margin spot market sales compared to the three months ended September 30, 2006.

The increase in gross profit for the F&D Group of \$3.5 million was primarily due to increased sales from domestic and international operations, as discussed above. The gross profit percentage for the F&D Group decreased slightly to 24.4% compared to 26.1% for the same period in the prior year. The decrease in the gross profit percentage was primarily due to current period start-up costs to support our capital expansion programs and expected growth opportunities.

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Selling, General, and Administrative Expenses. Selling, general, and administrative expenses (SG&A) for our reportable segments, for the three months ended September 30, 2007 and 2006 are summarized in the following table:

(In millions except percents) Titanium Group Fabrication & Distribution Group	Three Months Ended September 30,					\$ rease/	% Increase/
	2	2007	2	2006	(Dec	erease)	(Decrease)
	\$	4.3 12.0	\$	3.4 9.9	\$	0.9 2.1	26.5% 21.2%
Total consolidated SG&A expenses	\$	16.3	\$	13.3	\$	3.0	22.6%

The increase in SG&A expenses primarily reflects increases in compensation-related expenses of \$2.8 million. The increase largely reflects additional personnel to support business growth opportunities and one-time stock-based compensation and pension costs of \$0.8 million related to the retirement of key executives. Increases related to information system enhancements and other administrative expenses were offset by a decrease in audit and accounting fees of \$0.9 million primarily due to improved efficiencies made in our Sarbanes-Oxley compliance program.

Research, Technical, and Product Development Expenses. Research, technical, and product development expenses (R&D) were \$0.4 million for the three month period ended September 30, 2007 and \$0.3 million for the three months ended September 30, 2006.

Operating Income. Operating income for our reportable segments, for the three months ended September 30, 2007 and 2006 is summarized in the following table:

(In millions except percents) Titanium Group	Enc	Months ded aber 30,	\$ Increase/		% Increase/
	2007	2006	(Dec	rease)	(Decrease)
	\$ 25.9	\$ 24.4	\$	1.5	6.1%
Fabrication & Distribution Group	11.1	9.8		1.3	13.3%
Total operating income	\$ 37.0	\$ 34.2	\$	2.8	8.2%

Excluding the \$3.7 million charge associated with the U.S. Customs investigation of our previously filed duty drawback claims, operating income for the Titanium Group increased by \$5.2 million while the operating income percentage decreased slightly to 43.1% from 45.3% in the same period in the prior year. Although the increase in operating income is primarily attributable to the increase in average selling prices driven by strong demand in the commercial aerospace markets, the decrease in the operating income percentage was due to increased raw material prices and SG&A expenses.

The increase in operating income for the F&D Group of \$1.3 million was primarily due to increased sales from domestic and international operations. The operating income percentage for the F&D Group decreased slightly to

11.7% compared to 13.1% for the same period in the prior year. The decrease was primarily due to current period start-up costs to support our capital expansion programs and expected growth opportunities and increased compensation-related expenses due to newly added management positions. We believe the newly added leadership will lead to timely execution and completion of our capital projects and expect the operating income percentage to improve from current year levels in the long term.

Other Income (Expense). Other income (expense) for the three months ended September 30, 2007 and 2006 was \$(1.0) million and \$(0.1) million, respectively. Other income (expense) consists primarily of foreign exchange gains and losses from our international operations and was significantly impacted by the weakening of the U.S. Dollar compared to the Canadian Dollar, the Euro, and the British Pound during the three months ended September 30, 2007 compared to the same period in the prior year. Our foreign currency exposure primarily relates to the remeasurement of assets and liabilities of our international operations that are recorded in a currency other than the U.S. Dollar.

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Interest Income and Interest Expense. Interest income for the three months ended September 30, 2007 and 2006 was \$1.2 million and \$0.8 million, respectively. The increase was due to an improvement in the effective rate of return for invested cash balances coupled with higher cash balances as compared to the same period in the prior year. Interest expense of \$0.4 million for the three months ended September 30, 2007 increased from \$0.1 million in the prior year due to higher debt levels in the current year.

Provision for Income Taxes. We recognized income tax expense of \$12.0 million, or 32.7% of pretax income, and \$11.8 million, or 33.8% of pretax income for federal, state, and foreign income taxes for the three months ended September 30, 2007 and 2006, respectively. Tax expense as a percentage of pretax income decreased year over year as a result of an increased benefit from the federal manufacturing deduction and tax exempt investment income. Discrete items of \$1.8 million and \$1.1 million reduced the provision for income taxes in the three months ended September 30, 2007 and 2006, respectively, primarily as a result of adjusting estimated taxes to actual amounts reflected on tax returns filed during the respective periods and other adjustments to prior years taxes based upon additional information that became available during those periods.

Nine Months Ended September 30, 2007 Compared To Nine Months Ended September 30, 2006

Net Sales. Net sales for our reportable segments, excluding intersegment sales, for the nine months ended September 30, 2007 and 2006 are summarized in the following table:

(In millions except percents) Titanium Group Fabrication & Distribution Group	Nine Months Ended September 30,					\$ crease/	% Increase/
	2	2007		2006	(De	ecrease)	(Decrease)
	\$	184.5 278.5	\$	154.0 207.6	\$	30.5 70.9	19.8% 34.2%
Total consolidated net sales	\$	463.0	\$	361.6	\$	101.4	28.0%

The Titanium Group s net sales increased by \$30.5 million due to an increase in average selling prices driven by continued strong demand from the commercial aerospace markets offset by a slight decrease in trade shipments. The increases in selling price led to improved prime product sales of \$54.0 million offset by a slight decrease in volume of 595 thousand pounds, representing \$11.9 million in trade sales. Although we have experienced a slight softening in demand compared to prior year, we believe it to be temporary within the context of a continuing strong long-term picture. The Titanium Group s net sales were also impacted by decreases in trade sales from non-prime products, representing an \$11.6 million decrease from the same period in the prior year.

The increase in the F&D Group s net sales of \$70.9 million was primarily the result of continued strong demand from customers in most of the Group s businesses and product lines as well as increased selling prices. Specifically, sales related to the JSF, Airbus, and Boeing 787 programs have resulted in increased sales of \$41.0 million compared to the same period in the prior year. In addition, we have completed significant projects for our energy customers during 2007 that have resulted in an increase to net sales of \$11.8 million. The segment s increases in net sales were attributed to its North American operations and European outlets by \$34.1 million and \$36.8 million, respectively.

Gross Profit. Gross profit for our reportable segments, for the nine months ended September 30, 2007 and 2006 are summarized in the following table:

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(In millions except percents)	Nine Months Ended September 30, 2007 2006					\$ crease/ crease)	% Increase/ (Decrease)
Titanium Group Fabrication & Distribution Group	\$	83.4 69.2	\$	65.8 53.4	\$	17.6 15.8	26.7% 29.6%
Total consolidated gross profit	\$	152.6	\$	119.2	\$	33.4	28.0%
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Excluding the \$7.1 million charge associated with the U.S. Customs investigation of our previously filed duty drawback claims, gross profit for the Titanium Group increased by \$24.7 million and the gross profit percentage increased to 49.1% from 42.7% in the same period in the prior year. The increases in gross profit and the gross profit percentage were primarily attributable to the increase in average selling prices driven by strong demand in the commercial aerospace markets.

The increase in gross profit for the F&D Group of \$15.8 million was primarily due to increased sales from domestic and international operations, as discussed above. The gross profit percentage for the F&D Group decreased slightly to 24.8% compared to 25.7% for the same period in the prior year. The decrease in the gross profit percentage was primarily due to current period start-up costs to support our capital expansion projects and expected growth opportunities.

Selling, General, and Administrative Expenses. Selling, general, and administrative expenses (SG&A) for our reportable segments, for the nine months ended September 30, 2007 and 2006 are summarized in the following table:

(In millions except percents) Titanium Group Fabrication & Distribution Group	Enc	Months ded aber 30,	\$ Increase/	% Increase/ (Decrease)
	2007	2006	(Decrease)	
	\$ 13.4 36.2	\$ 11.4 32.0	\$ 2.0 4.2	17.5% 13.1%
Total consolidated SG&A expenses	\$ 49.6	\$ 43.4	\$ 6.2	14.3%

The increase in SG&A expenses primarily reflects increases in compensation-related expenses of \$7.0 million. The increase largely reflects additional personnel to support business growth opportunities and one-time stock-based compensation and pension costs of \$1.7 million related to the retirement of key executives. Increases related to information system enhancements and other administrative expenses were offset by a decrease in audit and accounting fees of \$1.2 million primarily due to improved efficiencies made in our Sarbanes-Oxley compliance program and a decrease in bad debt expense.

Research, Technical, and Product Development Expenses. Research, technical, and product development expenses (R&D) for the nine months ended September 30, 2007 and 2006 were \$1.3 million and \$1.1 million, respectively.

Operating Income. Operating income for our reportable segments, for the nine months ended September 30, 2007 and 2006 is summarized in the following table:

	Ended				\$	%	
(In millions except percents) Titanium Group		ber 30,	Increase/		Increase/		
	2	2007	2006	(Decrease)		(Decrease)	
	\$	68.9	\$ 53.2	\$	15.7	29.5%	
Fabrication & Distribution Group		32.9	21.4		11.5	53.7%	

Total operating income

\$ 101.8

\$ 74.6

27.2

36.5%

Excluding the \$7.1 million charge associated with the U.S. Customs investigation of our previously filed duty drawback claims, operating income for the Titanium Group increased by \$22.8 million and the operating income percentage increased to 41.1% from 34.5% in the same period in the prior year. The increases in operating income and the operating income percentage were primarily attributable to the increase in average selling prices driven by strong demand in the commercial aerospace markets slightly offset by increased SG&A expenses.

The increase in operating income for the F&D Group of \$11.5 million was primarily due to increased sales from domestic and international operations. The operating income percentage for the F&D Group increased to 11.8% compared to 10.3% for the same period in the prior year as we were able to leverage our SG&A expenses in relation to our increase in gross profit.

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Other Income (Expense). Other income (expense) for the nine months ended September 30, 2007 and 2006 was \$(1.9) million and \$0.2 million, respectively. Other income (expense) consists primarily of foreign exchange gains and losses from our international operations and was significantly impacted by the weakening of the U.S. Dollar compared to the Canadian Dollar, the Euro, and the British Pound during the nine months ended September 30, 2007 compared to the same period in the prior year. Our foreign currency exposure primarily relates to the remeasurement of assets and liabilities of our international operations that are recorded in a currency other than the U.S. Dollar.

Interest Income and Interest Expense. Interest income for the nine months ended September 30, 2007 and 2006 was \$3.6 million and \$1.9 million, respectively. The increase was due to an improvement in the effective rate of return for invested cash balances coupled with higher cash balances as compared to the same period in the prior year. Interest expense of \$0.9 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2007 increased from \$0.3 million in the prior year due to higher debt levels in the current year.

Provision for Income Taxes. We recognized income tax expense of \$34.8 million, or 34.0% of pretax income, and \$27.5 million, or 36.0% of pretax income for federal, state, and foreign income taxes for the nine months ended September 30, 2007 and 2006, respectively. Tax expense as a percentage of pre-tax income decreased year over year as a result of an increased benefit from the federal manufacturing deduction and tax exempt investment income. Discrete items totaling \$2.5 million and \$1.0 million reduced the provision for income taxes for the nine months ended September 30, 2007 and 2006, respectively, and related principally to adjusting estimated taxes to actual amounts reflected on tax returns that were filed and other adjustments to prior years taxes based upon additional information that became available during the periods.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

In connection with our recently announced long-term supply agreement for the Joint Strike Fighter (JSF) program and our new long-term supply agreement for the Airbus family of commercial aircraft including the A380 and A350XWB programs, we are undertaking certain capital expansions. We have begun a \$100 million facilities expansion program associated with the production of mill products and expect the majority of the capital expenditures related to this expansion to occur in 2008 and 2009. In addition, we recently announced plans to construct a premium-grade titanium sponge facility with anticipated capital spending of up to \$300 million. We expect the majority of the capital expenditures related to the sponge plant to occur in 2008 and 2009 and that the new plant will become operational during 2010. We anticipate funding these capital commitments through a combination of cash on hand, cash generated by operations, and borrowings against our new \$240 million credit facility.

Cash provided by operating activities. Cash provided by operating activities for the nine months ended September 30, 2007 and 2006, was \$13.7 million and \$37.5 million, respectively. The decrease in net cash flows from operating activities for the nine months ended September 30, 2007 compared to the nine months ended September 30, 2006 primarily reflects increased levels of working capital, primarily driven by increased inventory levels and accounts receivable, as well as a \$10 million cash contribution to our Company-sponsored pension plan. These uses of cash were partially offset by our increased profitability.

Cash provided by (used in) investing activities. Cash provided by (used in) investing activities, for the nine months ended September 30, 2007 and 2006, was \$40.4 million and \$(18.4) million, respectively. During the three months ended September 30, 2007, we liquidated our Variable Rate Demand Notes due to the current credit market uncertainties and invested the proceeds in highly liquid Money Market Funds that are classified as cash equivalents. This increase in cash provided by investing activities was partially offset by increased spending on our on-going capital expansion programs in support of the JSF, Airbus, and Boeing 787 programs.

Cash provided by financing activities. Cash provided by financing activities, for the nine months ended September 30, 2007 and 2006, was \$3.4 million and \$4.2 million, respectively. The decrease in cash provided by financing activities for the nine months ended September 30, 2007, compared to the nine months ended September 30, 2006, was primarily due to financing fees paid in connection with our new \$240 million credit facility and increased treasury stock repurchases due to the retirement of several key executives, partially offset by borrowings under our Claro interest-free loan agreement.

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Credit Agreement

On September 27, 2007, we executed a new \$240 million, five-year credit agreement (the Agreement) maturing on September 27, 2012. The Agreement replaces our \$90 million credit agreement. Borrowings under the Agreement bear interest at our option at a rate equal to either an adjusted London Interbank Offered Rate (the LIBOR Rate) plus an applicable margin or the bank s base rate. In addition, we pay a facility fee in connection with the Agreement. Both the applicable margin and the facility fee vary based upon our achievement of a financial ratio. The Agreement contains covenants, which, among other things, require compliance with certain financial ratios, including a leverage ratio and an interest coverage ratio. We may prepay the borrowings under the Agreement in whole or in parts, at any time, without a prepayment penalty. As of September 30, 2007, we had no outstanding borrowings under the Agreement.

As of September 30, 2007, the Company s wholly-owned, Canadian subsidiary, Claro, maintained a Credit Agreement (the Claro Agreement) with National City Bank, Canada Branch that provided for an unsecured \$16.0 million Canadian credit facility. At September 30, 2007 exchange rates, this agreement allows for borrowings of up to \$16.1 million U.S. Dollars. The Claro Agreement operated as a revolving credit facility until July 1, 2007, at which time the outstanding principle and interest were converted to a ten-year term loan that will be repaid in 39 equal quarterly principle and interest payments (based on a 15-year amortization schedule) and a final balloon payment of outstanding principle and interest. On September 27, 2007, the Claro Agreement was amended to conform its covenants to the Company s new \$240 million, five-year credit agreement. As of September 30, 2007, outstanding borrowings totaled \$15.8 million under this agreement.

As of September 30, 2007, we maintained an interest-free loan agreement which allows for borrowings of up to \$5.2 million Canadian dollars. At September 30, 2007 exchange rates, this agreement allows for borrowings of up to \$5.2 million U.S. dollars. This loan agreement was obtained through an affiliate of the Canadian government. Borrowings under this agreement are to be used for new equipment related to the capital expansion efforts at our Montreal, Quebec facility. Under the terms of the loan, principal will be repaid in sixty equal, monthly and consecutive payments beginning in March of 2009. At September 30, 2007, we had borrowings totaling \$1.7 million (U.S.) under this agreement. We anticipate utilizing all availability associated with this credit facility by the end of 2008.

Backlog

Our order backlog for all markets decreased to approximately \$559 million as of September 30, 2007, as compared to \$606 million at December 31, 2006. Of the backlog at September 30, 2007, approximately \$155 million is likely to be realized over the remainder of 2007. We define backlog as firm business scheduled for release into our production process for a specific delivery date. We have numerous requirement contracts that extend multiple years for a variety of programs that are not included in backlog until a specific release into production or a firm delivery date has been established.

Environmental Matters

We are subject to environmental laws and regulations as well as various health and safety laws and regulations that are subject to frequent modifications and revisions. While the costs of compliance for these matters have not had a material adverse impact on the Company in the past, it is impossible to predict accurately the ultimate effect these changing laws and regulations may have on the Company in the future. We continue to evaluate our obligation for environmental related costs on a quarterly basis and make adjustments in accordance with provisions of Statement of Position 96-1, *Environmental Remediation Liabilities* and SFAS No. 5, *Accounting for Contingencies*.

Given the status of the proceedings at certain of these sites, and the evolving nature of environmental laws, regulations, and remediation techniques, our ultimate obligation for investigative and remediation costs cannot be predicted. It is our policy to recognize environmental costs in the financial statements when an obligation becomes probable and a reasonable estimate of exposure can be determined. When a single estimate cannot be reasonably made, but a range can be reasonably estimated, we accrue the amount we determine to be the most likely amount within that range.

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Based on available information, we believe that our share of possible environmental-related costs is in a range from \$2.2 million to \$3.3 million in the aggregate. At both September 30, 2007 and December 31, 2006, the amount accrued for future environmental-related costs was \$2.9 million and \$3.6 million, respectively. Of the total amount accrued at September 30, 2007, approximately \$1.5 million is expected to be paid out within one year and is included in the other accrued liabilities line on the balance sheet. The remaining \$1.4 million is recorded in other noncurrent liabilities.

We have included \$0.4 million in both our other current and noncurrent assets for expected contributions from third parties. These third parties include prior owners of RTI property and prior customers of RTI, that have agreed to partially reimburse us for certain environmental-related costs. We have been receiving contributions from such third parties for a number of years as partial reimbursement for costs incurred by the Company.

As these proceedings continue toward final resolution, amounts in excess of those already provided may be necessary to discharge us from our obligations for these sites, which include the Ashtabula River, the former Ashtabula Extrusion Plant, and the Reserve Environmental Services Landfill.

New Accounting Standards

In July 2006, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued Interpretation No. 48 (FIN 48), *Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes* an interpretation of FASB Statement 109. FIN 48 prescribes a comprehensive model on how a company should recognize, measure, present, and disclose in its financial statements uncertain tax positions that it has taken or expects to take on a tax return. FIN 48 became effective as of January 1, 2007. Based on our analysis performed in association with the adoption of FIN 48, no cumulative effect adjustment was required.

In September 2006, the FASB issued SFAS 157, *Fair Value Measurements* (SFAS 157). SFAS 157 defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and expands disclosures about fair value measurements. The provisions of SFAS 157 are effective as of January 1, 2008. We do not expect the adoption of SFAS 157 to have a material effect on our Consolidated Financial Statements.

In February 2007, the FASB issued SFAS No. 159, *The Fair Value Option for Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities-Including an amendment of FASB Statement No. 115* (SFAS 159). SFAS 159 permits entities to make an irrevocable election to measure certain financial instruments and other assets and liabilities at fair value on an instrument-by-instrument basis. Unrealized gains and losses on items for which the fair value option has been elected should be recognized into net earnings at each subsequent reporting date. SFAS 159 will become effective as of January 1, 2008. We do not expect the adoption of SFAS 159 will have a material effect on our Consolidated Financial Statements.

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Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk.

There have been no significant changes in our exposure to market risk from the information provided in Item 7A. Quantitative Disclosures About Market Risk on our Form 10-K filed with the SEC on February 28, 2007.

Item 4. Controls and Procedures.

As of September 30, 2007, an evaluation was performed under the supervision and with the participation of the Company s management, including the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, of the effectiveness of the design and operation of the Company s disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the Exchange Act)). Based on that evaluation, the Company s management concluded that the Company s disclosure controls and procedures were effective as of September 30, 2007.

There were no changes in the Company s internal control over financial reporting during the quarter ended September 30, 2007 that materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the Company s internal control over financial reporting.

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PART II OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1. Legal Proceedings

As discussed in Note 11 Commitments and Contingencies, of the Condensed Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements, and in Part I, Item 2 under the caption Duty Drawback Investigation, each of which is incorporated herein by reference, we received a notice from U.S. Customs during the second quarter of 2007 that we are under formal investigation for \$7.6 million of duty drawback claims previously filed on our behalf by a licensed broker acting as our authorized agent. We have revoked the authorized agent s authority and intend to fully cooperate with U.S. Customs to determine to what extent any claims may be invalid or may not be supportable with adequate documentation.

Concurrent with the U.S. Customs investigation, we are currently conducting an internal review of all our drawback claims filed with U.S. Customs to determine to what extent any claims may be invalid or may not have been supportable with adequate documentation. As detailed in Note 11, we have recorded year-to-date charges of \$7.1 million to Cost of Sales, with \$3.4 million recorded during the three months ended June 30, 2007, and \$3.7 million recorded during the three months ended September 30, 2007. These charges were determined in accordance with Statement of Financial Accounting Standards (SFAS) No. 5, Accounting for Contingencies, and represent our best estimate of probable loss. While the ultimate outcome of the U.S. Customs investigation and our own internal review is not yet known, we believe there is an additional possible risk of loss between \$0 and \$4.0 million based on current facts, exclusive of any amounts imposed for interest and penalties which may be assessed but cannot be quantified at this time.

Item 1A. Risk Factors.

The Company has evaluated its risk factors and determined that, other than those set forth below, there have been no material changes to the Company s risk factors set forth in Part I, Item 1A, in the Form 10-K since the Company filed its Annual Report on Form 10-K, on February 28, 2007 except for the additional risk factor identified below.

The outcome of the U.S. Customs investigation of our previously filed duty drawback claims.

The Company has received notice from U.S. Customs indicating that certain duty drawback claims previously filed by the Company s agent, on behalf of the Company, are under formal investigation. The investigation relates to discrepancies in, and lack of supporting documentation for, claims filed through the Company s authorized agent. The ultimate outcome of the U.S. Customs investigation cannot be determined, however, the outcome of this investigation could have an adverse impact on our financial performance.

Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds.

While the Company repurchases shares of Common Stock from time to time, it did not repurchase any shares of Common Stock during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2007 or 2006 under the RTI International Metals, Inc. share repurchase program. The share repurchase program was approved by the Company s Board of Directors on April 30, 1999, and authorizes the repurchase of up to \$15 million of RTI Common Stock. At September 30, 2007, approximately \$12 million of the \$15 million remained available for repurchase. There is no expiration date specified for the share repurchase program.

In addition to the share repurchase program, employees may surrender shares to the Company to pay tax liabilities associated with the vesting of restricted stock awards under the 2004 stock plan. Shares of Common Stock

surrendered to satisfy tax liabilities during the three months ended September 30, 2007 were 12,077. There were no shares of Common Stock surrendered to satisfy tax liabilities during the three months ended September 30, 2006.

Item 6. Exhibits.

The exhibits listed on the Index to Exhibits are filed herewith and incorporated herein by reference.

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SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

RTI INTERNATIONAL METALS, INC.

Dated: November 2, 2007

By /s/ William T. Hull William T. Hull Senior Vice President and Chief Financial Officer

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INDEX TO EXHIBITS

Exhibit No. **Description** 10.1 Supplemental Long-Term Supply Agreement, dated September 17, 2007, between the Company and EADS Deutschland GmbH as Lead Buyer for the European Aeronautic Defense Space group of companies, filed herewith. 10.2 Credit Agreement dated September 27, 2007, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Company s Current Report on Form 8-K for the event dated September 27, 2007. 10.3 Credit Amending Agreement dated September 27, 2007, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.2 to the Company s Current Report on Form 8-K for the event dated September 27, 2007. Certification of Chief Executive Officer required by Item 307 of Regulation S-K as promulgated by the 31.1 Securities and Exchange Commission and pursuant to Section 302 of Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, filed herewith. 31.2 Certification of Principal Financial Officer required by Item 307 of Regulation S-K as promulgated by the Securities and Exchange Commission and pursuant to Section 302 of Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, filed herewith. 32.1 Certification of Chief Executive Officer Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as Adopted Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, filed herewith. Certification of Principal Financial Officer Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as Adopted Pursuant to 32.2 Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, filed herewith.